

FEATURES

- 12-bit resolution
- No missing codes
- 1MHz minimum sampling rate
- Functionally complete
- Small 24-pin DDIP
- Low-power, 1.3 Watts
- Three-state output buffers
- Samples to Nyquist frequencies



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DATEL's ADS-112 is a 12-bit, functionally complete, sampling A/D converter that is packaged in a space-saving 24-pin DDIP. Requiring $\pm 15V$ and $+5V$ supplies, a minimum sampling rate of 1MHz is achieved while only dissipating 1.3 Watts. The ADS-112 digitizes signals up to Nyquist frequencies. Models are available for use in either commercial (0 to $+70^{\circ}C$) or military (-55 to $+125^{\circ}C$) operating temperature ranges.

Typical applications include spectrum, transient, vibration and waveform analysis. This device is also ideally suited for radar, sonar, video digitization, medical instrumentation and high-speed data acquisition systems.

INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS

PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	BIT 12 (LSB)	24	-15V SUPPLY
2	BIT 11	23	ANALOG GROUND
3	BIT 10	22	+15V SUPPLY
4	BIT 9	21	+10V REFERENCE
5	BIT 8	20	BIPOLAR
6	BIT 7	19	ANALOG INPUT
7	BIT 6	18	COMP BIN
8	BIT 5	17	ENABLE (1-12)
9	BIT 4	16	START CONVERT
10	BIT 3	15	EOC
11	BIT 2	14	DIGITAL GROUND
12	BIT 1 (MSB)	13	+5V SUPPLY

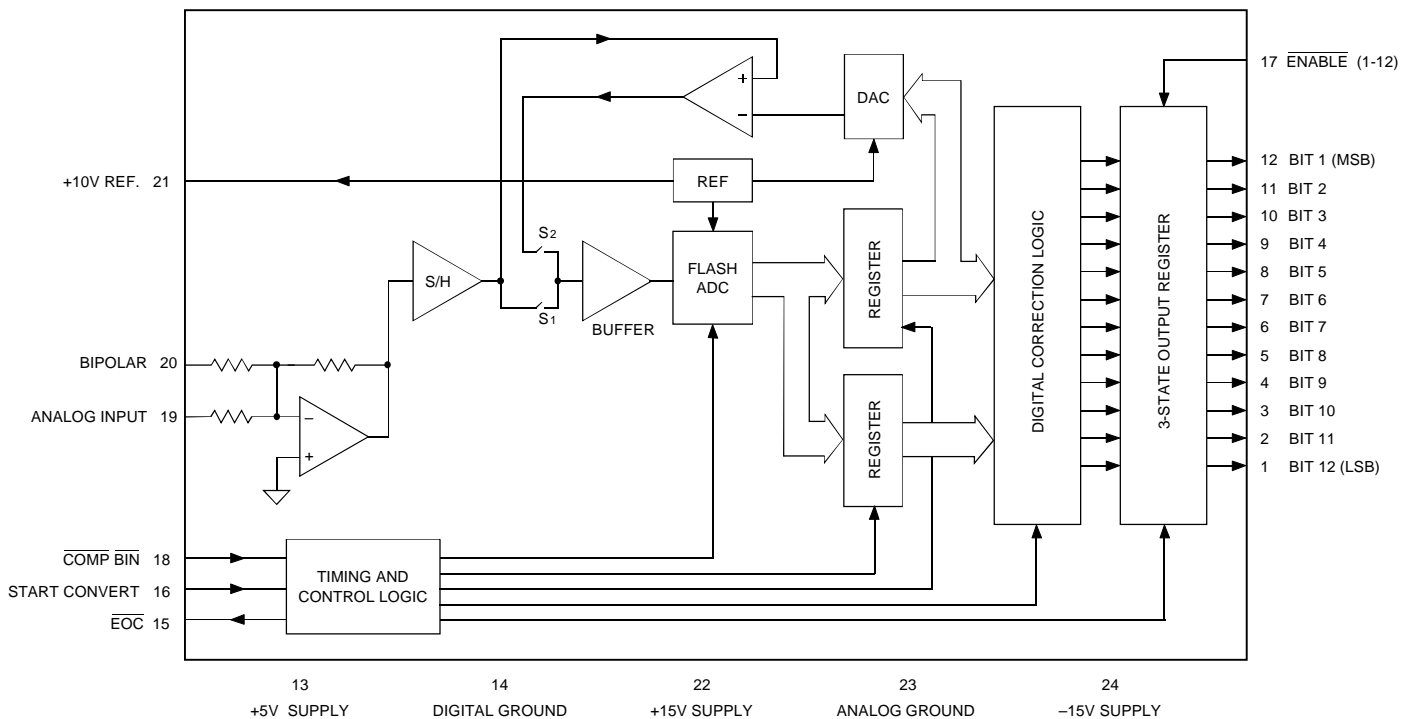


Figure 1. ADS-112 Functional Block Diagram

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETERS	LIMITS	UNITS
+15V Supply (Pin 22)	0 to +18	Volts
-15V Supply (Pin 24)	0 to -18	Volts
+5V Supply (Pin 13)	0 to +6	Volts
Digital Inputs (Pin 16, 17, 18)	-0.3 to +VDD +0.3	Volts
Analog Input (Pin 19)	-9 to +15	Volts
Lead Temp. (10 seconds)	+300	°C

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

(TA = +25°C, ±VCC = ±15V, +VDD = +5V, 1MHz sampling rate, and a minimum 1 minute warmup unless otherwise specified.)

ANALOG INPUTS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Input Voltage Range ①				
Bipolar	—	±5	—	Volts
Unipolar	—	0 to +10	—	Volts
Input Impedance	4.5	5	—	kΩ
Input Capacitance	—	6	15	pF
DIGITAL INPUTS				
Logic Levels				
Logic "1"	+2.0	—	—	Volts
Logic "0"	—	—	+0.8	Volts
Logic Loading "1"	—	—	+10	µA
Logic Loading "0"	—	—	-600	µA
PERFORMANCE				
Resolution	12 Bits			
No Missing Codes (12 Bits; fin = 1MHz)	Over the operating temperature range			
Integral Non-Linearity				
+25°C	—	±1/4	±3/4	LSB
0°C to +70°C	—	±1/4	±3/4	LSB
-55°C to +125°C	—	±1/2	±1.5	LSB
Differential Non-Linearity				
+25°C	—	±1/4	±3/4	LSB
0°C to +70°C	—	±1/4	±3/4	LSB
-55°C to +125°C	—	±1/2	±1	LSB
Full Scale Absolute Accuracy				
+25°C	—	±0.13	±0.25	%FSR
0°C to +70°C	—	±0.15	±0.44	%FSR
-55°C to +125°C	—	±0.25	±0.78	%FSR
Unipolar Zero Error †				
0°C to +70°C	—	±0.074	±0.265	%FSR
-55°C to +125°C	—	±0.224	±0.43	%FSR
Bipolar Zero Error †				
0°C to +70°C	—	±0.074	±0.166	%FSR
-55°C to +125°C	—	±0.124	±0.210	%FSR
Bipolar Offset Error †				
0°C to +70°C	—	±0.1	±0.38	%FSR
-55°C to +125°C	—	±0.3	±0.60	%FSR
Gain Error †				
0°C to +70°C	—	±0.1	±0.38	%
-55°C to +125°C	—	±0.3	±0.60	%
Internal Reference Voltage, +25°C	+9.98	+10.0	+10.02	Volts
Drift	—	±5	±30	ppm/°C
External Current	—	—	1.5	mA
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE				
In-Band Harmonics (-0.5dB)				
dc to 100kHz	—	-81	-75	dB
100kHz to 500kHz	—	-75	-70	dB
Total Harm. Distort. (-0.5dB)				
dc to 100kHz	—	-78	-75	dB
100kHz to 500kHz	—	-73	-68	dB

↔ See Tech Note 1

DYNAMIC PERF. (cont)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Signal-to-Noise Ratio (wo/distort., -0.5dB)				
dc to 100kHz	68	72	—	dB
100kHz to 500kHz	67	71	—	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio ② (& distort., -0.5dB)				
dc to 100kHz	66	70	—	dB
100kHz to 500kHz	66	70	—	dB
Two-tone Intermodulation Distortion (fin = 75kHz, 105kHz, fs = 1MHz, -0.7dB)	—	-88	-80	dB
Two-tone Intermodulation Distortion (fin = 480kHz, 490kHz, fs = 1MHz, -0.7dB)	—	-68	-65	dB
Input Bandwidth (-3dB)				
Small Signal (-20dB input)	8	10	—	MHz
Large Signal (-0.5dB input)	6	8	—	MHz
Slew Rate	—	±150	—	V/µs
Aperture Delay Time	—	—	20	ns
Effect. Aperture Delay Time	—	—	16	ns
Aperture Uncertainty (Jitter)				
RMS	—	—	15	ps
Peak	—	—	±50	ps
Overvoltage Recovery Time	—	—	1000	ns
S/H Acquisition Time	160	250	280	ns
Conversion Rate (Changing Inputs)				
+25°C	1	—	—	MHz
0°C to +70°C	1	—	—	MHz
-55°C to +125°C	1	—	—	MHz
DIGITAL OUTPUTS				
Output Coding	Straight binary/Offset binary Complementary binary Complementary offset binary			
Pin 18 High				
Pin 18 Low				
Logic Level				
Logic "1"	+2.4	—	—	Volts
Logic "0"	—	—	+0.4	Volts
Logic Loading "1"	—	—	-160	µA
Logic Loading "0"	—	—	+6.4	mA
POWER REQUIREMENTS				
Power Supply Ranges ③				
+15V Supply	+14.25	+15.0	+15.75	Volts
-15V Supply	-14.25	-15.0	-15.75	Volts
+5V Supply	+4.75	+5.0	+5.25	Volts
Power Supply Current				
+15V Supply	—	+24	+35	mA
-15V Supply	—	-40	-48	mA
+5V Supply	—	+80	+95	mA
Power Dissipation	—	1.3	1.7	Watts
Power Supply Rejection	—	—	±0.07	%FSR%V
PHYSICAL/ENVIRONMENTAL				
Operating Temp. Range, Case				
ADS-112MC	0	—	+70	°C
ADS-112MM, 883	-55	—	+125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65	—	+150	°C
Package Type	24-pin, metal-sealed, ceramic DDIP			
Weight	0.42 ounces (12 grams)			

① See Table 3 also

② Effective bits is equal to:

$$(SNR + Distortion) - 1.76 + \left[20 \log \frac{\text{Full Scale Amplitude}}{\text{Actual Input Amplitude}} \right]$$

6.02

③ For ±12V, +5V operation, contact DATEL

TECHNICAL NOTES

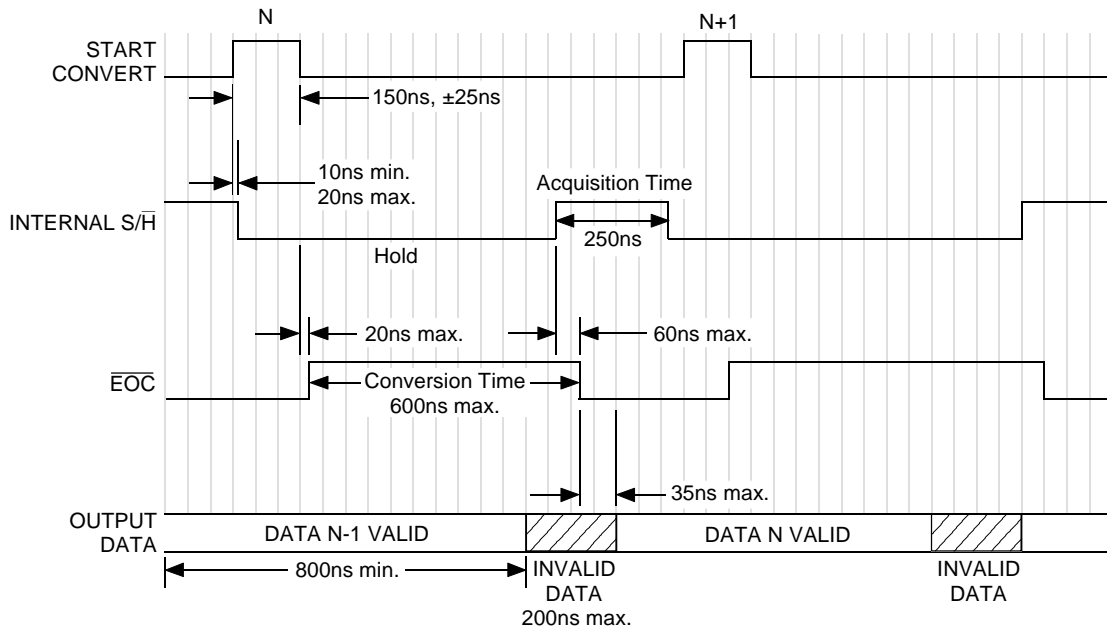
1. Applications which are unaffected by endpoint errors or remove them through software will use the typical connections shown in Figure 3. Remove system errors or adjust the small initial errors of the ADS-112 to zero using the optional external circuitry shown in Figure 4. The external adjustment circuit has no effect on the throughput rate.
2. For best performance, always connect the analog and digital ground pins to a ground plane beneath the converter. The analog and digital grounds are not connected to each other internally.
3. Bypass the analog and digital supplies and the +10V reference (pin 21) to ground with 4.7µF, 25V tantalum electrolytic capacitors in parallel with 0.1µF ceramic capacitors. Bypass the +10V reference (pin 21) to analog ground (pin 23).
4. Obtain straight binary/offset binary output coding by tying COMP BIN (pin 18) to +5V or leaving it open. The device

has an internal pull-up resistor on this pin. To obtain complementary binary or complementary offset binary output coding, tie pin 18 to ground. The pin 18 signal is compatible with CMOS/TTL logic levels for those users desiring dynamic control of this function.

5. To enable the three-state outputs, connect $\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ (pin 17) to a logic "0" (low). To disable, connect pin 17 to a logic "1" (high).
6. Do not change the status of pin 18 when $\overline{\text{EOC}}$ is high.
7. Re-initiating the START CONVERT (pin 16) while $\overline{\text{EOC}}$ is a logic "1" (high) will result in a new conversion sequence.

TIMING

Figure 2 shows the relationship between the various input signals. The timing shown applies over the operating temperature range and over the operating power supply range. These times are guaranteed by design.



Note: Scale is approximately 50ns per division.

Figure 2. ADS-112 Timing Diagram

CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

1. Connect the converter per Figures 3 and 4 and Tables 1 and 3 for the appropriate input range. Apply a pulse of 150 nanoseconds to the START CONVERT input (pin 16) at a rate of 250kHz. This rate is chosen to reduce the flicker if LED's are used on the outputs for calibration purposes.

2. Zero Adjustments

Apply a precision voltage reference source between the amplifier's analog input and ground. Adjust the output of the reference source per Table 2. For unipolar, adjust the zero trimming potentiometer so that the output code flickers equally between 0000 0000 0000 and 0000 0000 0001 with COMP BIN (pin 18) tied high (straight binary) or between 1111 1111 1111 and 1111 1111 1110 with pin 18 tied low (complementary binary).

For bipolar operation, adjust the potentiometer such that the code flickers equally between 1000 0000 0000 and 1000 0000 0001 with pin 18 tied high (offset binary) or between 0111 1111 1111 and 0111 1111 1110 with pin 18 tied low (complementary offset binary).

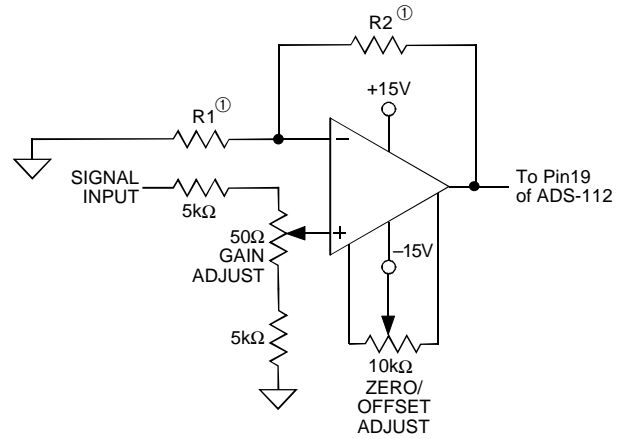
3. Full-Scale Adjustment

Set the output of the voltage reference used in step 2 to the value shown in Table 2. Adjust the gain trimming potentiometer so that the output code flickers equally between 1111 1111 1110 and 1111 1111 1111 for pin 18 tied high or between 0000 0000 0001 and 0000 0000 0000 for pin 18 tied low.

To confirm proper operation of the device, vary the precision reference voltage source to obtain the output coding listed in Table 4.

Table 1. Input Range Selection

INPUT RANGE	INPUT PIN	TIE TOGETHER
±5v	Pin 19	Pin 20 to Pin 21
0 to +10V	Pin 19	Pin 20 to Ground



① For values of R1 and R2 refer to Table 3.

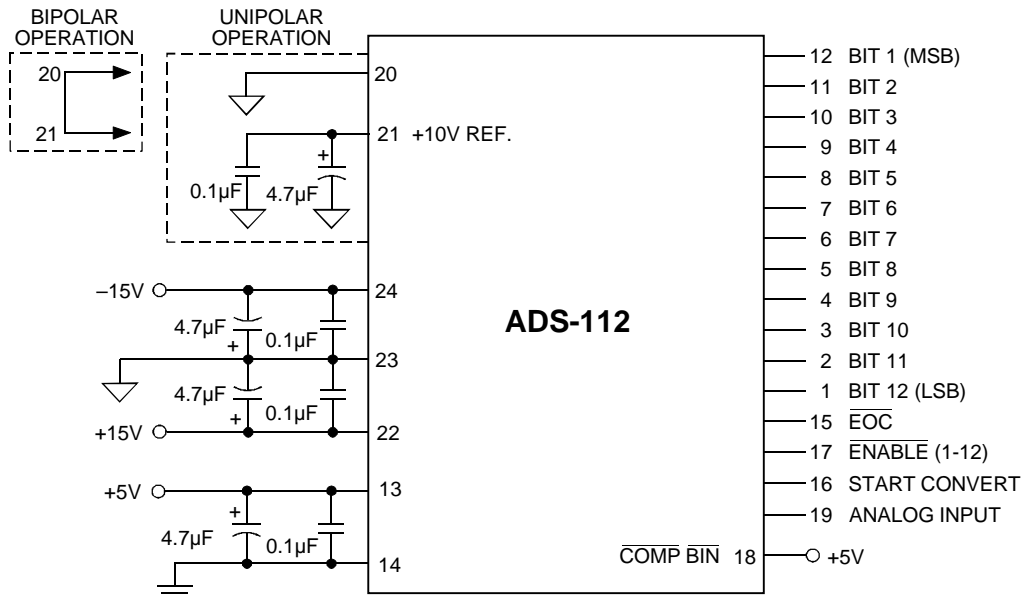
Figure 4. Optional Calibration Circuit

Table 2. Zero and Gain Adjust

Input Range	Zero Adjust +1/2 LSB	Gain Adjust +FS - 1 1/2 LSB
0 to +10V ±5V	+1.22mV +1.22mV	+9.9963V +4.9963V

Table 3. Input Range (using external calibration)

INPUT RANGE	R1	R2	UNIT
0 to 10V, ±5	2	2	kΩ
0 to 5V, ±2.5V	2	6	kΩ
0 to +2.5V, ±1.25V	2	14	kΩ



Note: Always bypass pin 21 to ground

Figure 3. Typical ADS-112 Connection Diagram

Table 4. Output Coding

UNIPOLAR SCALE	INPUT RANGE 0 to +10V	STRAIGHT BIN.			COMP. BINARY			INPUT RANGE ±5V	BIPOLAR SCALE
		MSB	LSB	LSB	MSB	LSB	LSB		
+FS - 1 LSB	+9.9976	1111	1111	1111	0000	0000	0000	+4.9976	+FS -1 LSB
+7/8 FS	+8.7500	1110	0000	0000	0001	1111	1111	+3.7500	+3/4FS
+3/4 FS	+7.5000	1100	0000	0000	0011	1111	1111	+2.5000	+1/2FS
+1/2 FS	+5.0000	1000	0000	0000	0111	1111	1111	0.0000	0
+1/4 FS	+2.5000	0100	0000	0000	1011	1111	1111	-2.5000	-1/2FS
+1/8 FS	+1.2500	0010	0000	0000	1101	1111	1111	-3.7500	-3/4FS
+1 LSB	+0.0024	0000	0000	0001	1111	1111	1110	-4.9976	-FS+1LSB
0	0.0000	0000	0000	0000	1111	1111	1111	-5.0000	-FS

OFF. BINARY COMP. OFF. BIN.

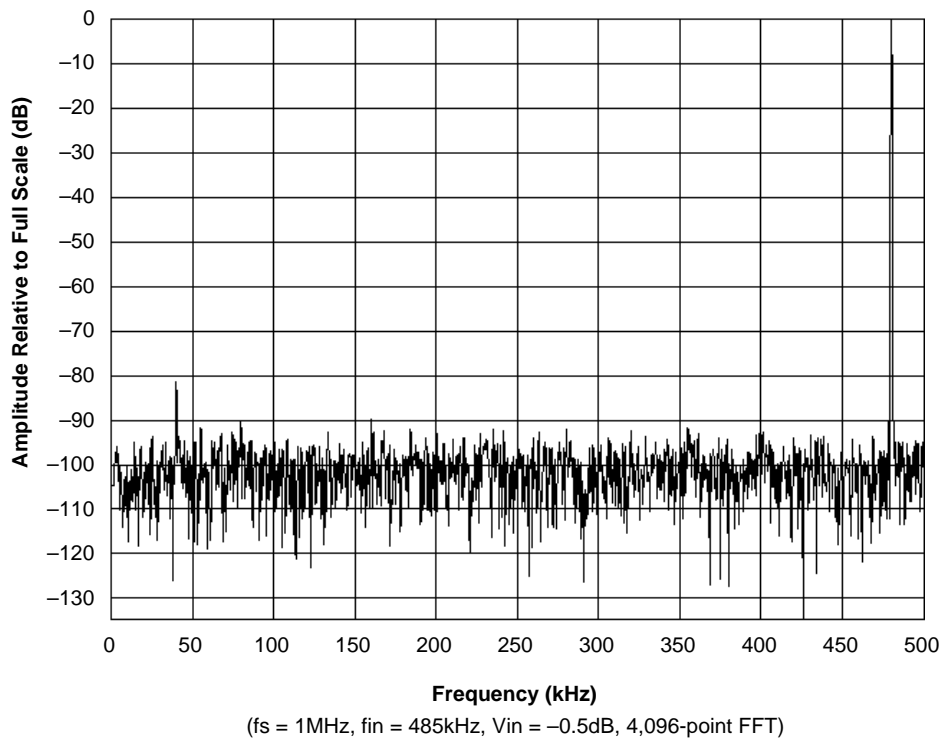
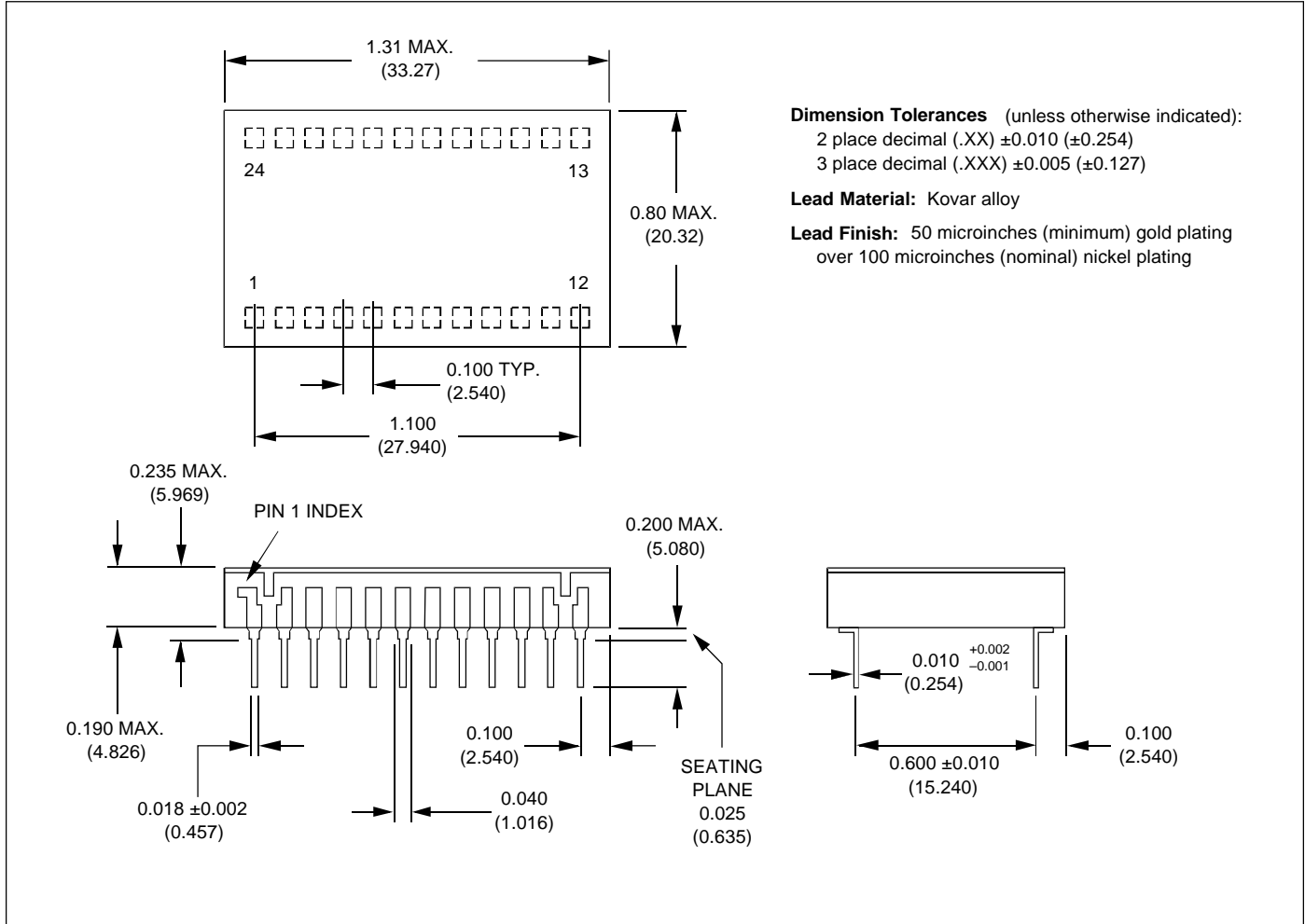


Figure 5. FFT Analysis of ADS-112

MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS INCHES (mm)



ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL NUMBER	OPERATING TEMP. RANGE	ACCESSORIES
ADS-112MC	0 to +70°C	ADS-EVAL4 Evaluation Board (without ADS-112)
ADS-112MM	-55 to +125°C	HS-32 Heat Sink for all ADS-112 models
ADS-112/883	-55 to +125°C	

For MIL-STD-883 product specification or availability of surface-mount packaging, contact DATEL. Receptacles for PC mounting can be ordered through AMP Inc., Part # 3-331272-8 (Component Lead Socket), 24 required.