

## Features

- Operating voltage: 2.4V~12V
- Low power and high noise immunity CMOS technology
- Low standby current
- Capable of decoding 18 bits of information
- Pairs with HOLTEK's 3<sup>18</sup> series of encoders
- 8~18 address pins
- 0~8 data pins
- Trinary address setting
- Two times of receiving check
- Built-in oscillator needs only a 5% resistor
- Valid transmission indicator
- Easily interface with an RF or an infrared transmission medium
- Minimal external components

## Applications

- Burglar alarm system
- Smoke and fire alarm system
- Garage door controllers
- Car door controllers
- Car alarm system
- Security system
- Cordless telephones
- Other remote control systems

## General Description

The 3<sup>18</sup> decoders are a series of CMOS LSIs for remote control system applications. They are paired with the 3<sup>18</sup> series of encoders. For proper operation a pair of encoder/decoder pair with the same number of address and data format should be selected (refer to the encoder/decoder cross reference tables).

The 3<sup>18</sup> series of decoders receives serial address and data from that series of encoders that are transmitted by a carrier using an RF or an IR transmission medium. It then compares the serial input data twice continuously with its local address. If no errors or unmatched codes

are encountered, the input data codes are decoded and then transferred to the output pins. The VT pin also goes high to indicate a valid transmission.

The 3<sup>18</sup> decoders are capable of decoding 18 bits of information that consists of N bits of address and 18-N bits of data. To meet various applications they are arranged to provide a number of data pins whose range is from 0 to 8 and an address pin whose range is from 8 to 18. In addition, the 3<sup>18</sup> decoders provide various combinations of address/data number in different packages.

## Selection Table

| Function<br>Item | Address<br>No. | Data |      | VT | Oscillator    | Trigger         | Package       |
|------------------|----------------|------|------|----|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
|                  |                | No.  | Type |    |               |                 |               |
| HT602L           | 12             | 2    | L    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 20 DIP/20 SOP |
| HT604L           | 10             | 4    | L    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 20 DIP/20 SOP |
| HT605L           | 9              | 5    | L    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 20 DIP/20 SOP |
| HT611            | 14             | 0    | —    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 20 DIP/20 SOP |

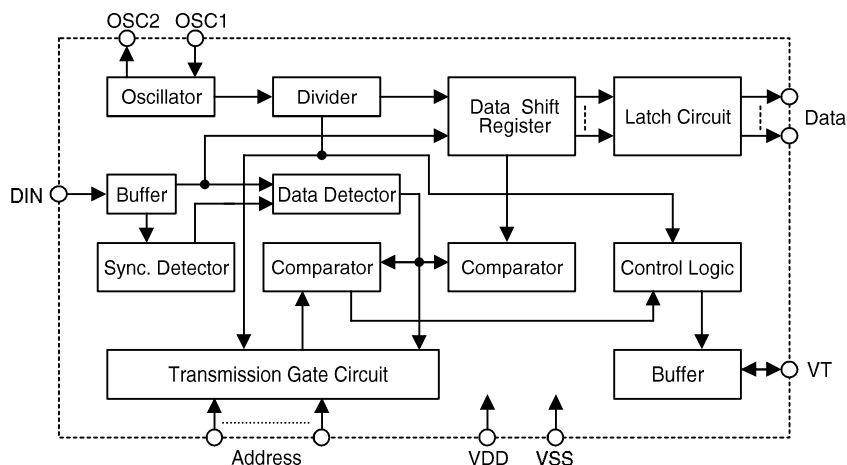
| Function<br>Item | Address<br>No. | Data |      | VT | Oscillator    | Trigger         | Package        |
|------------------|----------------|------|------|----|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
|                  |                | No.  | Type |    |               |                 |                |
| HT612            | 12             | 2    | M    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 20 DIP/20 SOP  |
| HT614            | 10             | 4    | M    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 20 DIP/20 SOP  |
| HT615            | 9              | 5    | M    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 20 DIP/20 SOP  |
| HT644L           | 14             | 4    | L    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 24 SOP/24 SDIP |
| HT646L           | 12             | 6    | L    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 24 SOP/24 SDIP |
| HT648L           | 10             | 8    | L    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 24 SOP/24 SDIP |
| HT651            | 18             | 0    | —    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 24 SOP/24 SDIP |
| HT654            | 14             | 4    | M    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 24 SOP/24 SDIP |
| HT656            | 12             | 6    | M    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 24 SOP/24 SDIP |
| HT658            | 10             | 8    | M    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 24 SOP/24 SDIP |
| HT682L           | 10             | 2    | L    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 18 DIP         |
| HT683L           | 9              | 3    | L    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 18 DIP         |
| HT684L           | 8              | 4    | L    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 18 DIP         |
| HT691            | 12             | 0    | —    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 18 DIP         |
| HT692            | 10             | 2    | M    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 18 DIP         |
| HT693            | 9              | 3    | M    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 18 DIP         |
| HT694            | 8              | 4    | M    | √  | RC oscillator | DIN active "Hi" | 18 DIP         |

Note: Data type: M represents momentary type of data output.

L represents latch type of data output.

VT can be used as a momentary data output.

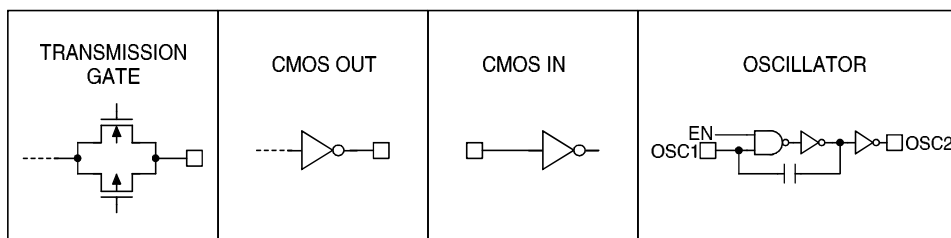
## Block Diagram



Note: The address/data pins are available in various combinations (refer to the address/data table).

## Pin Description

| Pin Name | I/O | Internal Connection | Description                                                                                    |
|----------|-----|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A0~A17   | I   | TRANSMISSION GATE   | Input pins for address A0~A17 setting<br>They can be externally set to VDD, VSS, or left open. |
| D10~D17  | O   | CMOS OUT            | Output data pins                                                                               |
| DIN      | I   | CMOS IN             | Serial data input pin                                                                          |
| VT       | O   | CMOS OUT            | Valid transmission, active high                                                                |
| OSC1     | I   | OSCILLATOR          | Oscillator input pin                                                                           |
| OSC2     | O   | OSCILLATOR          | Oscillator output pin                                                                          |
| VSS      | I   | —                   | Negative power supply (GND)                                                                    |
| VDD      | I   | —                   | Positive power supply                                                                          |

**Approximate internal connection circuits**

**Absolute Maximum Ratings\***

|                      |                                                |                            |                |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| Supply Voltage ..... | -0.3V to 13V                                   | Storage Temperature.....   | -50°C to 125°C |
| Input Voltage.....   | V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3V to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V | Operating Temperature..... | -20°C to 75°C  |

\*Note: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied and exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Electrical Characteristics**

(Ta=25°C)

| Symbol           | Parameter                            | Test Conditions |                                     | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
|                  |                                      | V <sub>DD</sub> | Conditions                          |      |      |      |      |
| V <sub>DD</sub>  | Operating Voltage                    | —               | —                                   | 3    | —    | 12   | V    |
| I <sub>STB</sub> | Standby Current                      | 5V              | Oscillator stops                    | —    | 0.1  | 1    | μA   |
|                  |                                      | 12V             |                                     | —    | 2    | 4    | μA   |
| I <sub>DD</sub>  | Operating Current                    | 5V              | No load<br>F <sub>OSC</sub> =100kHz | —    | 0.2  | 1    | mA   |
| I <sub>O</sub>   | Data Output Source Current (D10~D17) | 5V              | V <sub>OH</sub> =4.5V               | -0.5 | -1   | —    | mA   |
|                  | Data Output Sink Current (D10~D17)   |                 | V <sub>OL</sub> =0.5V               | 0.5  | 1    | —    | mA   |
| I <sub>VT</sub>  | VT Output Source Current             | 5V              | V <sub>OH</sub> =4.5V               | -2   | -4   | —    | mA   |
|                  | VT Output Sink Current               |                 | V <sub>OL</sub> =0.5V               | 1    | 2    | —    | mA   |
| V <sub>IH</sub>  | “H” Input Voltage                    | 5V              | —                                   | 3.5  | —    | 5    | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>  | “L” Input Voltage                    | 5V              | —                                   | 0    | —    | 1    | V    |
| F <sub>OSC</sub> | Oscillator Frequency                 | 10V             | R <sub>OSC</sub> =330kΩ             | —    | 100  | —    | kHz  |

## Functional Description

### Operation

The 3<sup>18</sup> series of decoders provides various combinations of address and data pins in different packages. It is paired with the 3<sup>18</sup> series of encoders. The decoders receive data transmitted by the encoders and interpret the first N bits of the code period as address and the last 18-N bits as data (where N is the address code number). A signal on the DIN pin then activates the oscillator which in turns decodes the incoming address and data. The decoders will check the received address twice continuously. If all the received address codes match the contents of the decoder's local address, the 18-N bits of data are decoded to activate the output pins, and the VT pin is set high to indicate a valid transmission. That will last until the address code is incorrect or no signal has been received. The output of the VT pin is high only when the transmission is valid. Otherwise it is low always.

### Output type

There are 2 types of output to select from:

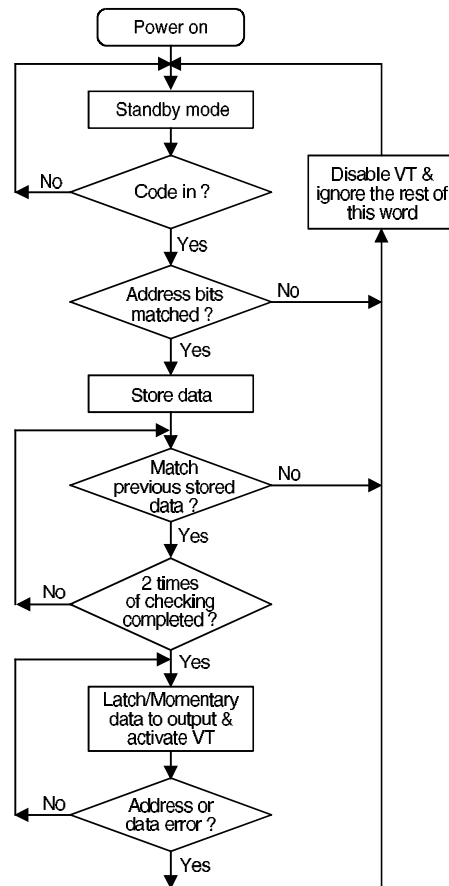
- **Momentary type**

The data outputs follow the encoder during a valid transmission and then reset.

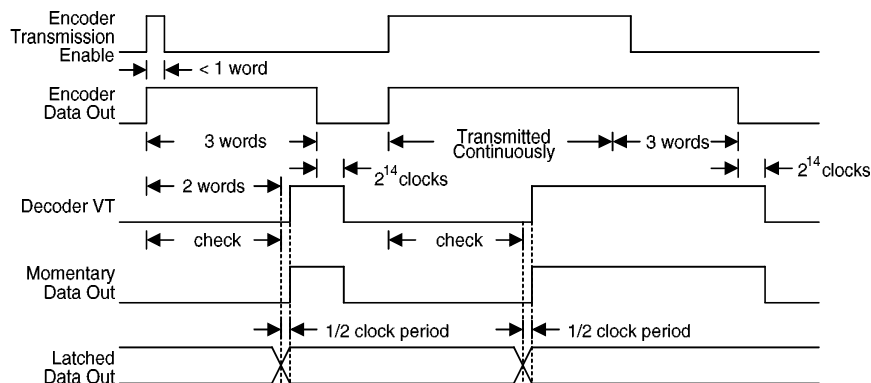
- **Latch type**

The data outputs follow the encoder during a valid transmission, and are then latched in this state until the next valid transmission occurs.

### Flowchart



Note: The oscillator is disabled in the standby state and activated as long as a logic "high" signal is applied to the DIN pin. i.e., the DIN should be kept "low" if there is no signal input.

**Decoder timing**

**Encoder/Decoder selection tables**
**• Latch type of data output**

| Part No. | Data Pins | Address Pins | VT | Pair Encoder | Package |     |      |         |     |      |
|----------|-----------|--------------|----|--------------|---------|-----|------|---------|-----|------|
|          |           |              |    |              | Encoder |     |      | Decoder |     |      |
|          |           |              |    |              | DIP     | SOP | SDIP | DIP     | SOP | SDIP |
| HT682L   | 2         | 10           | √  | HT680        | 18      | —   | —    | 18      | —   | —    |
| HT683L   | 3         | 9            | √  | HT680        | 18      | —   | —    | 18      | —   | —    |
|          |           |              |    | HT6187       | 18      | —   |      |         |     |      |
| HT684L   | 4         | 8            | √  | HT680        | 18      | —   | —    | 18      | —   | —    |
| HT602L   | 2         | 12           | √  | HT600        | 20      | 20  | —    | 20      | 20  | —    |
| HT604L   | 4         | 10           | √  | HT600        | 20      | 20  | —    | 20      | 20  | —    |
|          |           |              |    | HT6207       | 20      | —   |      |         |     |      |
| HT605L   | 5         | 9            | √  | HT600        | 20      | 20  | —    | 20      | 20  | —    |
| HT644L   | 4         | 14           | √  | HT640        | 24      | 24  | 24   | —       | 24  | 24   |
| HT646L   | 6         | 12           | √  | HT640        | 24      | 24  | 24   | —       | 24  | 24   |
|          |           |              |    | HT6247       | 24      | —   |      |         |     |      |
| HT648L   | 8         | 10           | √  | HT640        | 24      | 24  | 24   | —       | 24  | 24   |

- Momentary type of data output

| Part No. | Data Pins | Address Pins | VT | Pair Encoder | Package |     |      |         |     |      |
|----------|-----------|--------------|----|--------------|---------|-----|------|---------|-----|------|
|          |           |              |    |              | Encoder |     |      | Decoder |     |      |
|          |           |              |    |              | DIP     | SOP | SDIP | DIP     | SOP | SDIP |
| HT691    | 0         | 12           | √  | HT680        | 18      | —   | —    | 18      | —   | —    |
| HT692    | 2         | 10           | √  | HT680        | 18      | —   | —    | 18      | —   | —    |
| HT693    | 3         | 9            | √  | HT680        | 18      | —   | —    | 18      | —   | —    |
|          |           |              |    | HT6187       | 18      | —   |      |         |     |      |
| HT694    | 4         | 8            | √  | HT680        | 18      | —   | —    | 18      | —   | —    |
| HT611    | 0         | 14           | √  | HT600        | 20      | 20  | —    | 20      | 20  | —    |
| HT612    | 2         | 12           | √  | HT600        | 20      | 20  | —    | 20      | 20  | —    |
| HT614    | 4         | 10           | √  | HT600        | 20      | 20  | —    | 20      | 20  | —    |
|          |           |              |    | HT6207       | 20      | —   |      |         |     |      |
| HT615    | 5         | 9            | √  | HT600        | 20      | 20  | —    | 20      | 20  | —    |
| HT651    | 0         | 18           | √  | HT640        | 24      | 24  | 24   | —       | 24  | 24   |
| HT654    | 4         | 14           | √  | HT640        | 24      | 24  | 24   | —       | 24  | 24   |
| HT656    | 6         | 12           | √  | HT640        | 24      | 24  | 24   | —       | 24  | 24   |
|          |           |              |    | HT6247       | 24      | —   |      |         |     |      |
| HT658    | 8         | 10           | √  | HT640        | 24      | 24  | 24   | —       | 24  | 24   |

**Address/Data sequence**

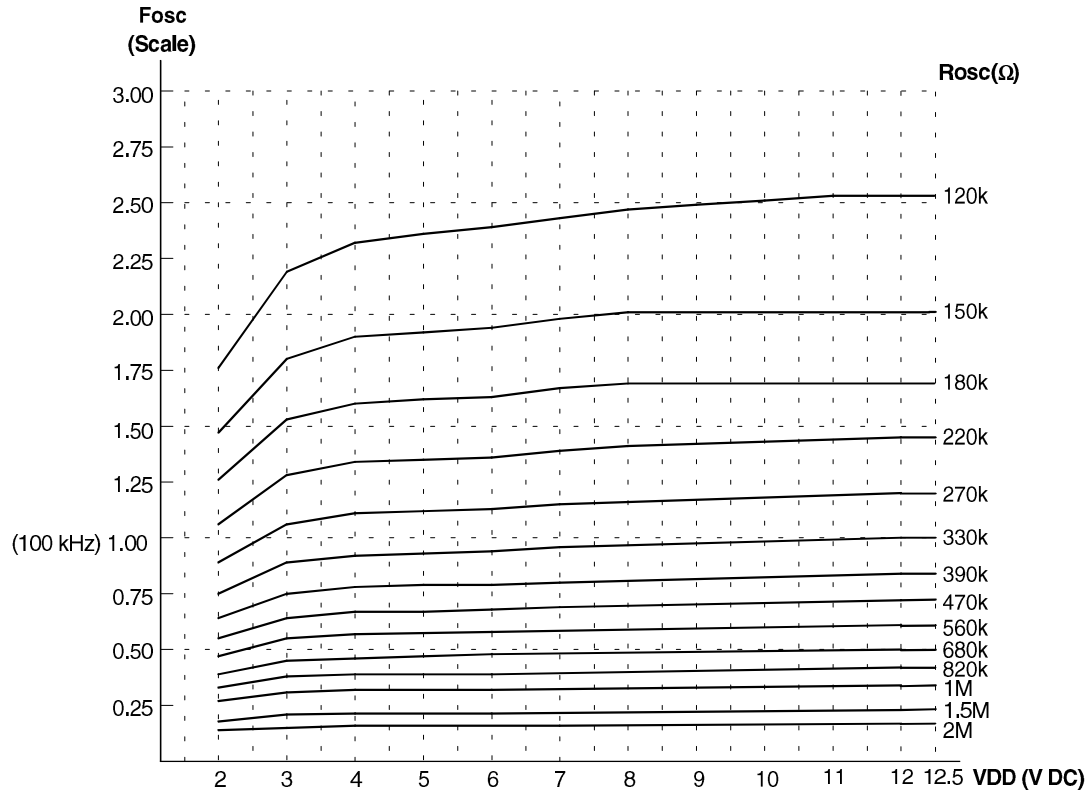
The following provides a table of address/data sequence for various models of the 3<sup>18</sup> series decoders. A correct device should be selected according to the requirements of individual address and data.

| Part No. | Address/Data Bits |    |    |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|----------|-------------------|----|----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|          | 0~3               | 4  | 5  | 6~9   | 10  | 11  | 12  | 13  | 14  | 15  | 16  | 17  |
| HT602L   | A0~A3             | A4 | —  | A6~A9 | —   | A11 | A12 | A13 | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT604L   | A0~A3             | A4 | —  | A6~A9 | —   | A11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT605L   | A0~A3             | A4 | —  | A6~A9 | —   | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT611    | A0~A3             | A4 | —  | A6~A9 | —   | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | —   | —   |
| HT612    | A0~A3             | A4 | —  | A6~A9 | —   | A11 | A12 | A13 | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT614    | A0~A3             | A4 | —  | A6~A9 | —   | A11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT615    | A0~A3             | A4 | —  | A6~A9 | —   | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT644L   | A0~A3             | A4 | A5 | A6~A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | D14 | D15 | D16 | D17 |
| HT646L   | A0~A3             | A4 | A5 | A6~A9 | A10 | A11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | D16 | D17 |
| HT648L   | A0~A3             | A4 | A5 | A6~A9 | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | D16 | D17 |
| HT651    | A0~A3             | A4 | A5 | A6~A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 |
| HT654    | A0~A3             | A4 | A5 | A6~A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | D14 | D15 | D16 | D17 |
| HT656    | A0~A3             | A4 | A5 | A6~A9 | A10 | A11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | D16 | D17 |
| HT658    | A0~A3             | A4 | A5 | A6~A9 | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | D16 | D17 |
| HT682L   | A0~A3             | —  | —  | A6~A9 | —   | A11 | A12 | —   | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT683L   | A0~A3             | —  | —  | A6~A9 | —   | A11 | D12 | —   | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT684L   | A0~A3             | —  | —  | A6~A9 | —   | D11 | D12 | —   | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT691    | A0~A3             | —  | —  | A6~A9 | —   | A11 | A12 | —   | A14 | A15 | —   | —   |
| HT692    | A0~A3             | —  | —  | A6~A9 | —   | A11 | A12 | —   | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT693    | A0~A3             | —  | —  | A6~A9 | —   | A11 | D12 | —   | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |
| HT694    | A0~A3             | —  | —  | A6~A9 | —   | D11 | D12 | —   | D14 | D15 | —   | —   |

Note: “—” is a dummy code which is left “open” and not bonded out.



**Oscillator frequency vs supply voltage**

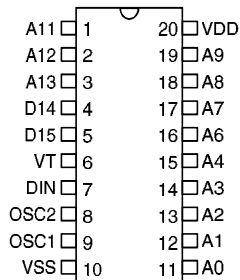


The recommended oscillator frequency is  $F_{OSCD}$  (decoder)  $\cong$   $F_{OSCE}$  (encoder).

## Package Information

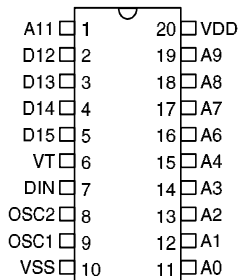
### Latch series

#### 12-Address 2-Data



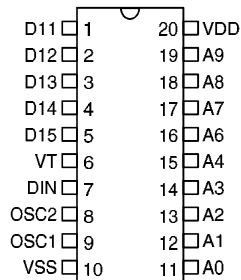
**HT602L**  
– 20 DIP/SOP

#### 10-Address 4-Data



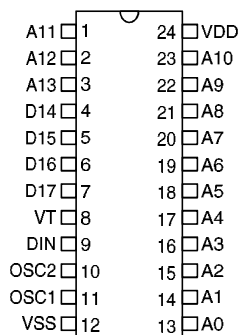
**HT604L**  
– 20 DIP/SOP

#### 9-Address 5-Data



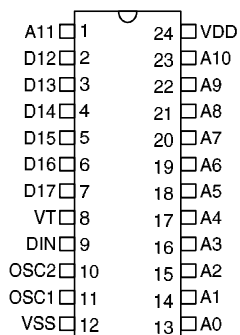
**HT605L**  
– 20 DIP/SOP

#### 14-Address 4-Data



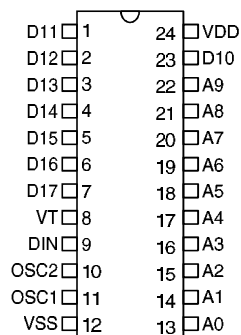
**HT644L**  
– 24 SOP/SDIP

#### 12-Address 6-Data



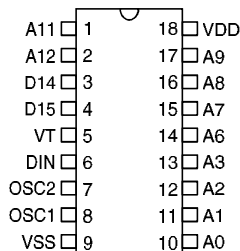
**HT646L**  
– 24 SOP/SDIP

#### 10-Address 8-Data



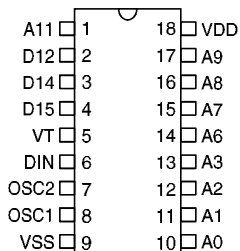
**HT648L**  
– 24 SOP/SDIP

#### 10-Address 2-Data



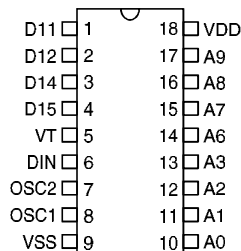
**HT682L**  
– 18 DIP

#### 9-Address 3-Data



**HT683L**  
– 18 DIP

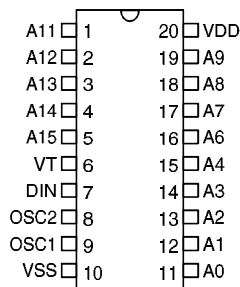
#### 8-Address 4-Data



**HT684L**  
– 18 DIP

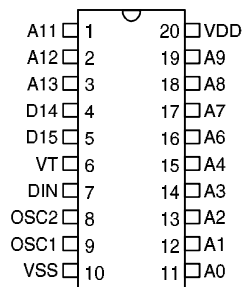
**Momentary series**

**14-Address  
0-Data**



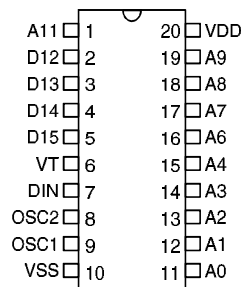
**HT611**  
– 20 DIP/SOP

**12-Address  
2-Data**



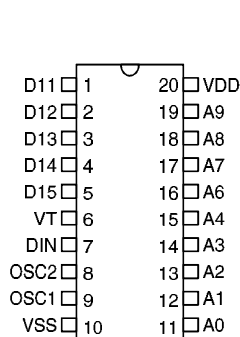
**HT612**  
– 20 DIP/SOP

**10-Address  
4-Data**



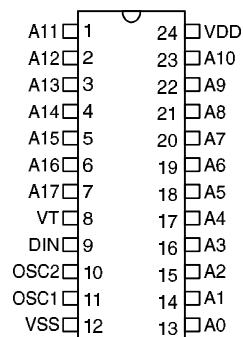
**HT614**  
– 20 DIP/SOP

**9-Address  
5-Data**



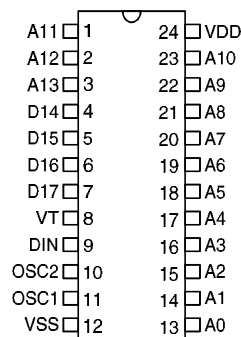
**HT615**  
– 20 DIP/SOP

**18-Address  
0-Data**



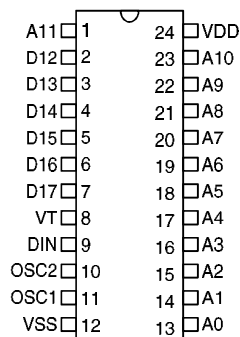
**HT651**  
– 24 SOP/SDIP

**14-Address  
4-Data**



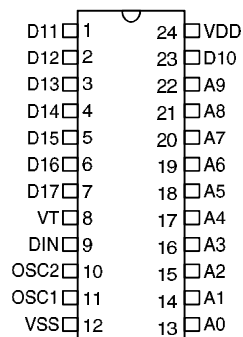
**HT654**  
– 24 SOP/SDIP

**12-Address  
6-Data**



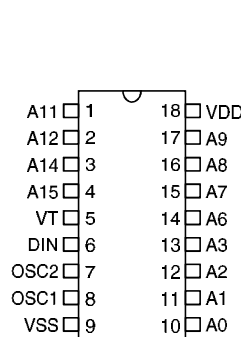
**HT656**  
– 24 SOP/SDIP

**10-Address  
8-Data**



**HT658**  
– 24 SOP/SDIP

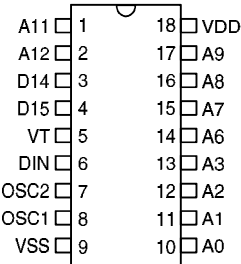
**12-Address  
0-Data**



**HT691**  
– 18 DIP

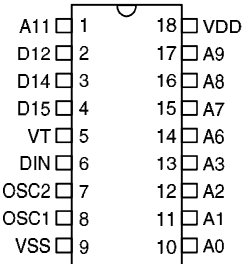
**Momentary series**

**10-Address  
2-Data**



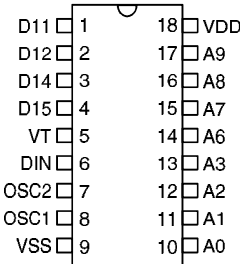
**HT692  
– 18 DIP**

**9-Address  
3-Data**



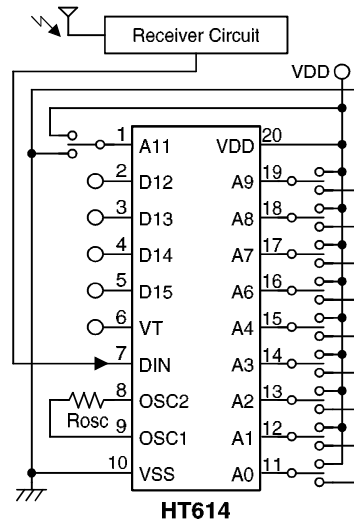
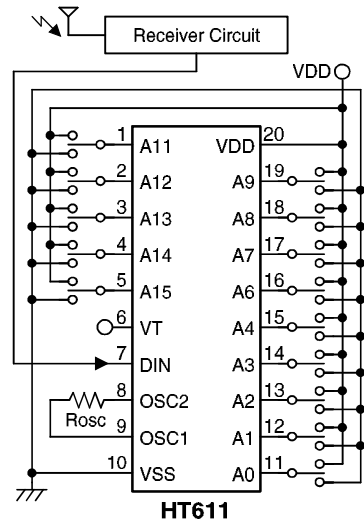
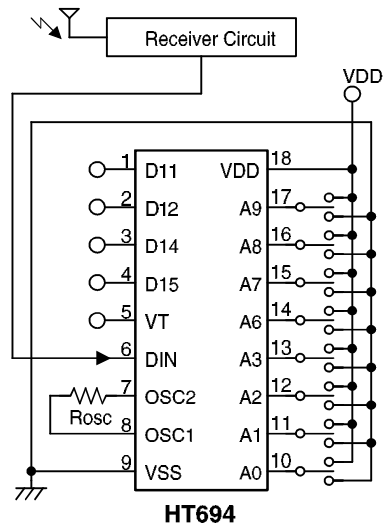
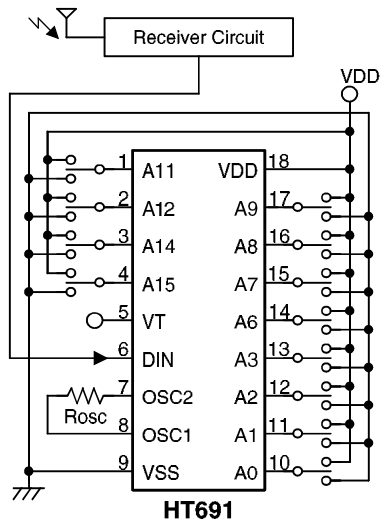
**HT693  
– 18 DIP**

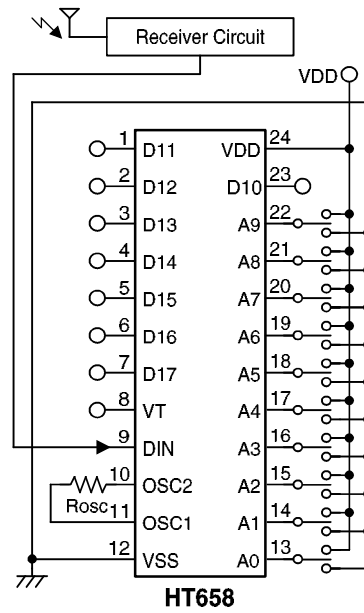
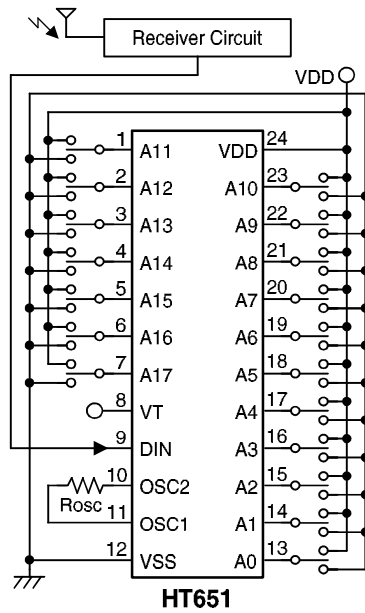
**8-Address  
4-Data**



**HT694  
– 18 DIP**

## Application Circuits





Note: Typical infrared receiver: PIC-12043T/PIC-12043C (KODENSHI CORP.)  
or LTM9052 (LITEON CORP.)  
Typical RF receiver: JR-200 (JUWA CORP.)  
RE-99 (MING MICROSYSTEM, U.S.A.)