### DATA SHEET



# PHOTOCOUPLER PS9711

# HIGH NOISE REDUCTION/HIGH-SPEED 10 Mbps, TOTEM-POLE OUTPUT TYPE 5-PIN SOP TOM PHOTOCOUPLER -NEPOC™ Series-

### **DESCRIPTION**

The PS9711 is an optically coupled high-speed, totem-pole output isolator containing a GaAlAs LED on light emitting diode (input) and a photodiode and a signal processing circuit on light receiving side (output side) on one chip.

#### **FEATURES**

- High common mode transient immunity (CMH, CML =  $\pm 10$  kV/ $\mu$ s TYP.)
- Small package (5-pin SOP)
- ★ High-speed response (tphL = 30 ns, tpLh = 35 ns TYP.)
  - Pulse width distortion ( | tphl tplh | = 7 ns TYP.)
  - Totem-pole output (No pull-up resistor required)
  - · Ordering number of taping product: PS9711-E3, E4: 900 pcs/reel,

PS9711-F3, F4 (Recommended): 3 500 pcs/reel

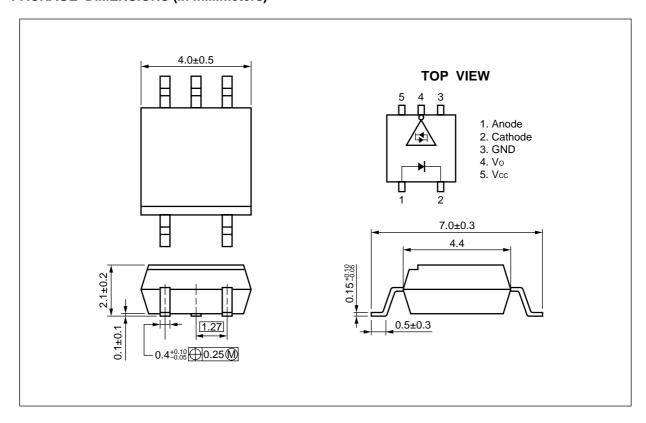
### **APPLICATIONS**

- · Computer and peripheral manufactures
- Measurement equipment
- PDP

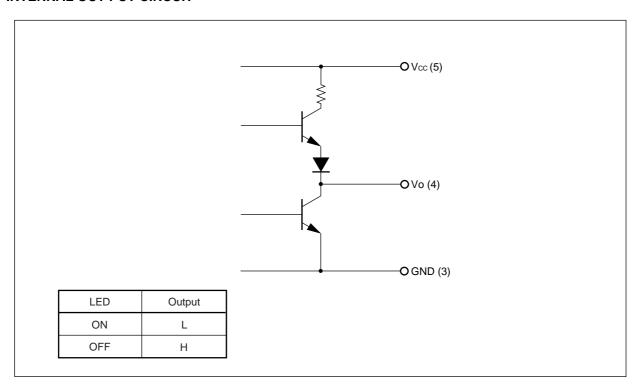
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Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (in millimeters)



### **★ INTERNAL OUT PUT CIRCUIT**





### ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Packing Style	Application Part Number*1
PS9711	5-pin SOP	Magazine case 100 pcs	PS9711
PS9711-E3		Embossed Tape 900 pcs/reel	
PS9711-E4			
PS9711-F3		Embossed Tape 3 500 pcs/reel	
PS9711-F4			

<sup>\*1</sup> For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Diode	Forward Current	lF	30	mA
	Reverse Voltage	VR	3.0	V
Detector	Detector Supply Voltage		7	V
	Output Voltage	Vo	7	V
	High Level Output Current 1	Іон	-5	mA
	Low Level Output Current <sup>™</sup>	loL	13	mA
	Power Dissipation <sup>™</sup>	Pc	130	mW
Isolation Voltage*2		BV	2 500	Vr.m.s.
Operating Ambient Temperature		TA	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +125	°C

<sup>\*1</sup> T<sub>A</sub> = -40 to +85 °C

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High Level Input Current	lғн	7.5		12.5	mA
Low Level Input Current	IFL	0		250	μΑ
Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
TTL (loads)	N			3	

3

<sup>\*2</sup> AC voltage for 1 minute at  $T_A = 25$  °C, RH = 60 % between input and output.



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = -40 to +85 °C, unless otherwise specified)

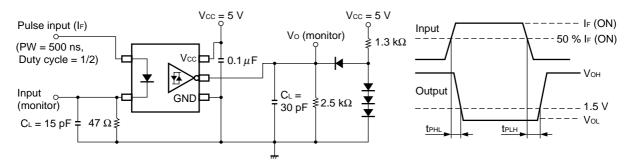
Parameter		Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.*1	MAX.	Unit
Diode	Forward Voltage	VF	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		1.4	1.65	1.9	V
	Reverse Current	<b>I</b> R	VR = 3 V, TA = 25 °C				10	μА
	Terminal Capacitance	Ct	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C			30		pF
Detector	High Level Output Current	Іон	Vcc = Vo = 5.5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 250 μA			1	200	μА
	High Level Output Voltage	Vон	Vcc = 4.5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 250 $\mu$ A, I <sub>OH</sub> = -2 mA		2.4	3.0		V
	Low Level Output Voltage	Vol	Vcc = 4.5 V, IF = 7 mA, Io = 8 mA			0.38	0.6	V
	High Level Supply Current	Іссн	Vcc = 5.5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA			11	17	mA
	Low Level Supply Current	Iccl	Vcc = 5.5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA			12	18	mA
	High Level Output Short Circuit Current	Іоѕн	Vcc = 5.5 V, Vo = GND, I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, 10 ms or less			-26		mA
	Low Level Output Short Circuit Current	losı	Vcc = Vo = 5.5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 8 mA, 10 ms or less			34		mA
Coupled	Threshold Input Current	IFHL	Vcc = 5 V TA = 25 °	C.		2.0	5	mA
	$(H \rightarrow L)$						6	
	Threshold Input Current	IFLH	Vcc = 5 V T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °	°C	0.5			mA
	$(L \rightarrow H)$				0.35			
	Isolation Resistance	R <sub>I</sub> -o	V <sub>I-O</sub> = 1 kV <sub>DC</sub> , RH = 40 to 60 %, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		10¹¹			Ω
	Isolation Capacitance	C <sub>I-O</sub>	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C			0.4		pF
	Propagation Delay Time	<b>t</b> PHL	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °	C	15	30	65	ns
	$(H \rightarrow L)^{^{*2}}$		Vcc = 5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 7.5 mA		10		85	
	Propagation Delay Time	<b>t</b> PLH	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °	C	15	35	65	ns
	$(L \rightarrow H)^{*2}$		Vcc = 5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 7.5 mA		10		85	
	Pulse Width Distortion (PWD) *2	tphl-tplh	Vcc = 5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 7.5 mA			7	35	ns
	Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Level Output <sup>3</sup>	СМн	$Vcc = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ TA} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ IF} = 0 \text{ mA}, \\ Vo \text{ (MIN.)} = 2 \text{ V}, \text{ VcM} = 100 \text{ V}$		1	10		kV/μs
	Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Level Output <sup>3</sup>	CML	Vcc = 5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, I <sub>F</sub> = 7.5 mA, Vo (MAX.) = 0.8 V, VcM = 100 V		1	10		kV/μs

\*

 $\star$ 

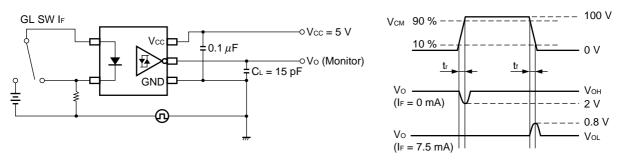


- \*1 Typical values at  $T_A = 25$  °C
- \*2 Test circuit for propagation delay time



C<sub>L</sub> is approximately which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

\*3 Test circuit for common mode transient immunity



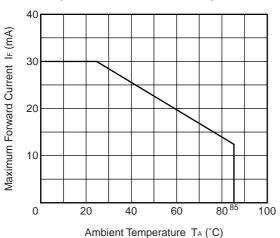
 $C_{\mathsf{L}}$  is approximately which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

### **USAGE CAUTIONS**

- 1. This product is weak for static electricity by designed with high-speed integrated circuit so protect against static electricity when handling.
- 2. By-pass capacitor of more than 0.1  $\mu$ F is used between Vcc and GND near device.

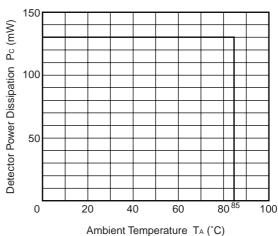
### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)



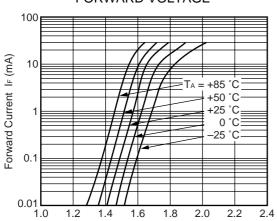


# vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

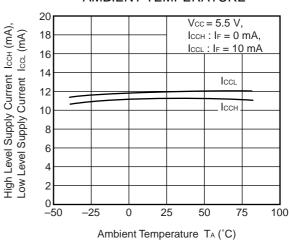
**DETECTOR POWER DISSIPATION** 



FORWARD CURRENT vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

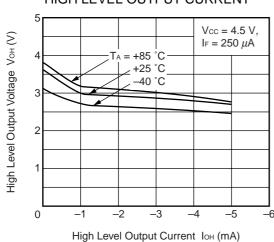


SUPPLY CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

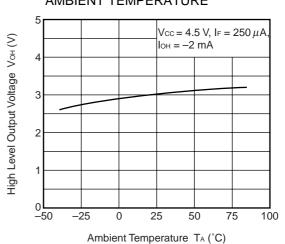


HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

Forward Voltage V<sub>F</sub> (V)

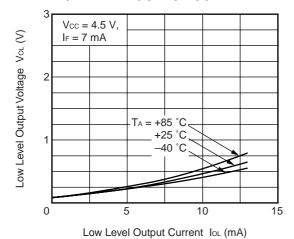


HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

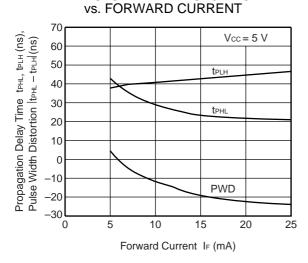




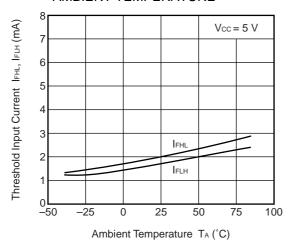
## LOW LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. LOW LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT



PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, PULSE WIDTH DISTORTION

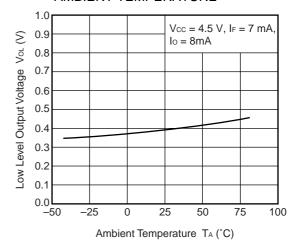


THRESHOLD INPUT CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

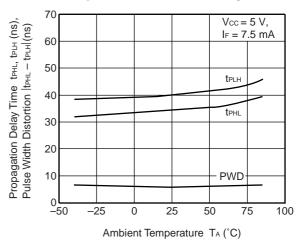


Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

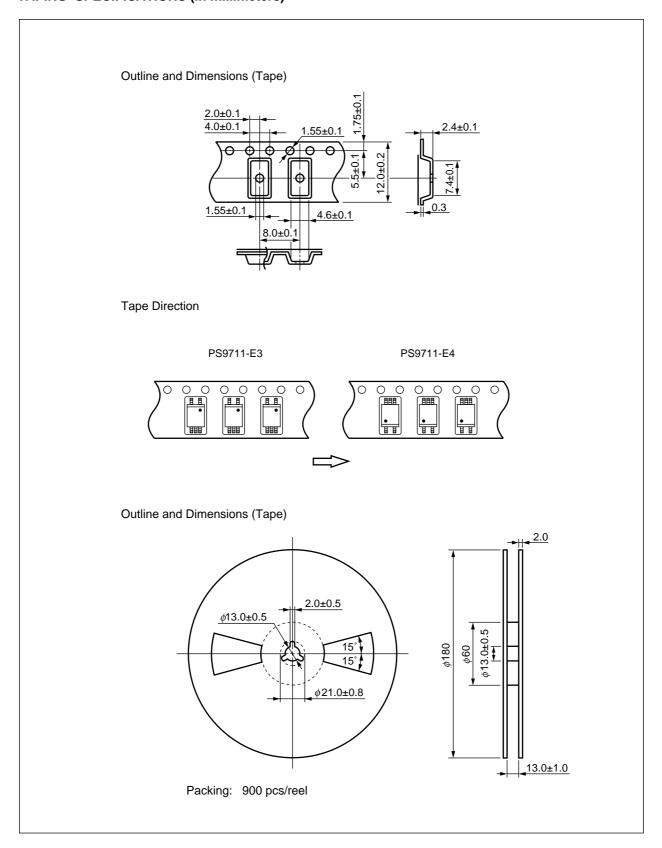
## LOW LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, PULSE WIDTH DISTORTION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

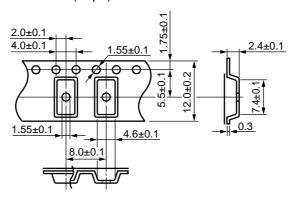


### **★ TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (in millimeters)**

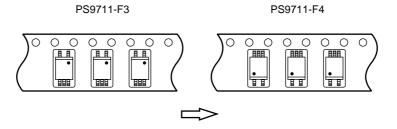




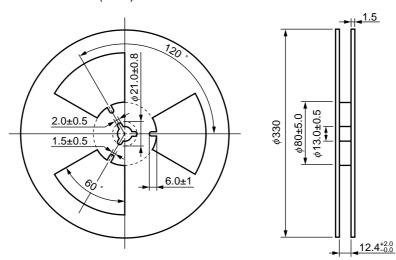
### Outline and Dimensions (Tape)



### Tape Direction



### Outline and Dimensions (Reel)



Packing: 3 500 pcs/reel



### RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

### (1) Infrared reflow soldering

• Peak reflow temperature 235 °C or below (package surface temperature)

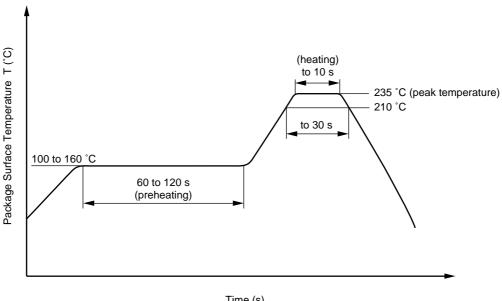
30 seconds or less  $\bullet$  Time of temperature higher than 210  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

· Number of reflows Three

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a

maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt % is recommended.)

Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



Time (s)

### (2) Dip soldering

260 °C or below (molten solder temperature) Temperature

• Time 10 seconds or less

One (Allowed to be dipped in solder including plastic mold portion.) • Number of times

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of

0.2 Wt % is recommended.)

### (3) Cautions

Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

[MEMO]

#### CAUTION

Within this device there exists GaAs (Gallium Arsenide) material which is a harmful substance if ingested. Please do not under any circumstances break the hermetic seal.

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