

8-bit Proprietary Microcontroller

CMOS

F²MC-8L MB89630 Series**MB89635/T635/636/637/T637/P637/W637/PV630****■ DESCRIPTION**

The MB89630 series has been developed as a general-purpose version of the F²MC*-8L family consisting of proprietary 8-bit, single-chip microcontrollers.

In addition to a compact instruction set, the microcontrollers contain a variety of peripheral functions such as dual-clock control system, five operating speed control stages, a UART, timers, a PWM timer, a serial interface, an A/D converter, an external interrupt, and a watch prescaler.

*: F²MC stands for FUJITSU Flexible Microcontroller.

■ FEATURES

- High-speed operating capability at low voltage
- Minimum execution time: 0.4 µs/3.5 V, 0.8 µs/2.7 V
- F²MC-8L family CPU core

Instruction set optimized for controllers

{	Multiplication and division instructions 16-bit arithmetic operations Test and branch instructions Bit manipulation instructions, etc.
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- Five types of timers
 - 8-bit PWM timer: 2 channels (Also usable as a reload timer)
 - 8-bit pulse-width count timer (Continuous measurement capable, applicable to remote control, etc.)
 - 16-bit timer/counter
 - 21-bit time-base timer
- UART
 - CLK-synchronous/CLK-asynchronous data transfer capable (6, 7, and 8 bits)
- Serial interface
 - Switchable transfer direction to allows communication with various equipment.
- 10-bit A/D converter
 - Activation by an external input capable

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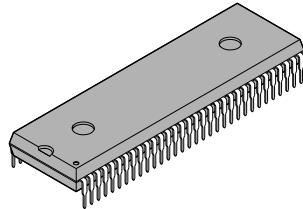
MB89630 Series

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- External interrupt: 4 channels
Four channels are independent and capable of wake-up from low-power consumption modes (with an edge detection function).
- Low-power consumption modes
Stop mode (Oscillation stops to minimize the current consumption.)
Sleep mode (The CPU stops to reduce the current consumption to approx. 1/3 of normal.)
Subclock mode
Watch mode
- Bus interface function
With hold and ready function

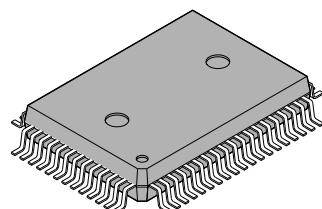
■ PACKAGE

64-pin Plastic SH-DIP



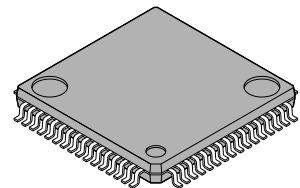
(DIP-64P-M01)

64-pin Plastic QFP



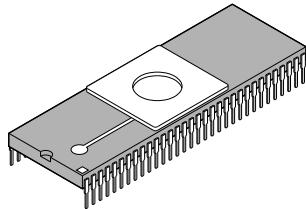
(FPT-64P-M06)

64-pin Plastic QFP



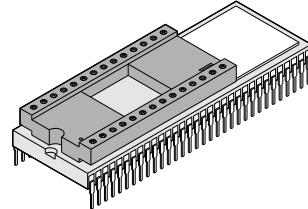
(FPT-64P-M09)

64-pin Ceramic SH-DIP



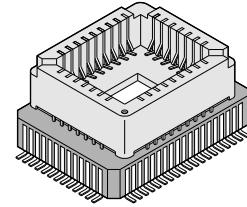
(DIP-64C-A06)

64-pin Ceramic MDIP



(MDP-64C-P02)

64-pin Ceramic MQFP



(MQP-64C-P01)

■ PRODUCT LINEUP

Part number Parameter	MB89635	MB89636	MB89637	MB89T635	MB89T637	MB89P637	MB89W637	MB89PV630						
Classification	Mass production products (mask ROM products)			External ROM products		One-time PROM product	EPROM product	Piggyback/ evaluation product (for evaluation and development)						
ROM size	16 K × 8 bits (internal mask ROM)	24 K × 8 bits (internal mask ROM)	32 K × 8 bits (internal mask ROM)	Fixed to external ROM		32 K × 8 bits (Internal PROM, programming with general-purpose EPROM programmer)		32 K × 8 bits (external ROM)						
RAM size	512 × 8 bits	768 × 8 bits	1024 × 8 bits	512 × 8 bits	1024 × 8 bits									
CPU functions	Number of instructions: 136 Instruction bit length: 8 bits Instruction length: 1 to 3 bytes Data bit length: 1, 8, 16 bits Minimum execution time: 0.4 to 6.4 µs/10 MHz, 61 µs/32.768 kHz Interrupt processing time: 3.6 to 57.6 µs/10 MHz, 562.5 µs/32.768 kHz													
Ports	Input ports: 5 (All also serve as peripherals.) Output ports (N-ch open-drain): 8 (All also serve as peripherals.) I/O ports (N-ch open-drain): 4 (All also serve as peripherals.) Output ports (CMOS): 8 (All also serve as bus control.) I/O ports (CMOS): 28 (27 ports also serve as bus pins and peripherals.) Total: 53													
Clock timer	21 bits × 1 (in main clock)/15 bits × 1 (at 32.768 kHz)													
8-bit PWM timer	8-bit reload timer operation (toggled output capable, operating clock cycle: 0.4 µs to 3.3 ms) × 2 channels 7/8-bit resolution PWM operation (conversion cycle: 51.2 µs to 839 ms) × 2 channels													
8-bit pulse width count timer	8-bit timer operation (overflow output capable, operating clock cycle: 0.4 to 12.8 µs) 8-bit reload timer operation (toggled output capable, operating clock cycle: 0.4 to 12.8 µs) 8-bit pulse width measurement operation (continuous measurement capable, measurement of "H" pulse width/ "L" pulse width/ from ↑ to ↑/from ↓ to ↓ capable)													
16-bit timer/counter	16-bit timer operation (operating clock cycle: 0.4 µs) 16-bit event counter operation (rising edge/falling edge/both edge selectability)													
8-bit serial I/O	8 bits LSB first/MSB first selectability One clock selectable from four transfer clocks (one external shift clock, three internal shift clocks: 0.8 µs, 3.2 µs, 12.8 µs)													
UART	Switching two I/O systems by software capable Transfer data length (6, 7, and 8 bits) Transfer rate (300 to 62500 bps. at 10 MHz oscillation)													
10-bit A/D converter	10-bit resolution × 8 channels A/D conversion mode (conversion time: 13.2 µs) Sense mode (conversion time: 7.2 µs) Continuous activation by an external activation or an internal timer capable													

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MB89630 Series

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Part number Parameter	MB89635	MB89636	MB89637	MB89T635	MB89T637	MB89P637	MB89W637	MB89PV630	
External interrupt input	4 independent channels (edge selection, interrupt vector, source flag). Rising edge/falling edge selectability Used also for wake-up from stop/sleep mode. (Edge detection is also permitted in stop mode.)								
Standby mode	Sleep mode, stop mode, watch mode, and subclock mode								
Process	CMOS								
Operating voltage* ¹	2.2 V to 6.0 V			2.7 V to 6.0 V					
EPROM for use									MBM27C256A-20

*1: Varies with conditions such as the operating frequency. (See section "■ Electrical Characteristics.")
 In the case of the MB89PV630, the voltage varies with the restrictions of the EPROM for use.

■ PACKAGE AND CORRESPONDING PRODUCTS

Package	MB89635 MB89T635	MB89636 MB89637 MB89T637	MB89P637	MB89W637	MB89PV630
DIP-64P-M01	○	○	○	×	×
DIP-64C-A06	×	×	×	○	×
FPT-64P-M06	○	○	○	×	×
FPT-64P-M09	○	○	×*	×*	×*
MDP-64C-P02	×	×	×	×	○
MQP-64C-P01	×	×	×	×	○

○ : Available ×: Not available

* : To convert pin pitches, an adapter socket (manufacturer: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.) is available.
 64SD-64QF2-8L: For conversion from (DIP-64P-M01, DIP-64C-A06, or MDP-64C-P02) to FPT-64P-M09
 Inquiry: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.: TEL 81-3-3802-5760

Note: For more information about each package, see section "■ Package Dimensions."

■ DIFFERENCES AMONG PRODUCTS

1. Memory Size

Before evaluating using the piggyback product, verify its differences from the product that will actually be used. Take particular care on the following points:

On the MB89P637/W637, the program area starts from address 8007_H but on the MB89PV630 and MB89637 starts from 8000_H.

(On the MB89P637/W637, addresses 8000_H to 8006_H comprise the option setting area, option settings can be read by reading these addresses. On the MB89PV630/MB89637, addresses 8000_H to 8006_H could also be used as a program ROM. However, do not use these addresses in order to maintain compatibility of the MB89P637/W637.)

- The stack area, etc., is set at the upper limit of the RAM.
- The external area is used.

2. Current Consumption

- In the case of the MB89PV630, add the current consumed by the EPROM which connected to the top socket.
- When operated at low speed, the product with an OTPROM (one-time PROM) or an EPROM will consume more current than the product with a mask ROM.

However, the current consumption in sleep/stop modes is the same. (For more information, see sections “■ Electrical Characteristics” and “■ Example Characteristics.”)

3. Mask Options

Functions that can be selected as options and how to designate these options vary by the product.

Before using options check section “■ Mask Options.”

Take particular care on the following points:

- A pull-up resistor cannot be set for P50 to P53 on the MB89P637 and MB89W637.
- Options are fixed on the MB89PV630, MB89T635, and MB89T637.

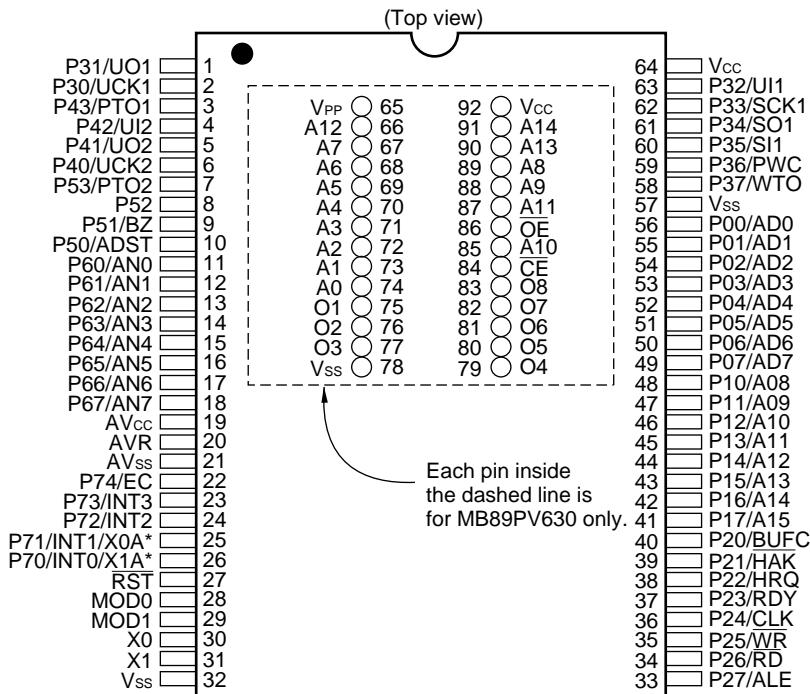
■ CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE MB89630 AND MB89630R SERIES

- The MB89630R series is the reduction version of the MB89630 series. For their differences, refer to the MB89630R series data sheet.
- The MB89630 and MB89630R series consist of the following products:

MB89630 series	MB89635	MB89T635	MB89636	MB89637	MB89P637	MB89W637	MB89PV630
MB89630R series	MB89635R	MB89T635R	MB89636R	MB89T637R			

MB89630 Series

■ PIN ASSIGNMENT

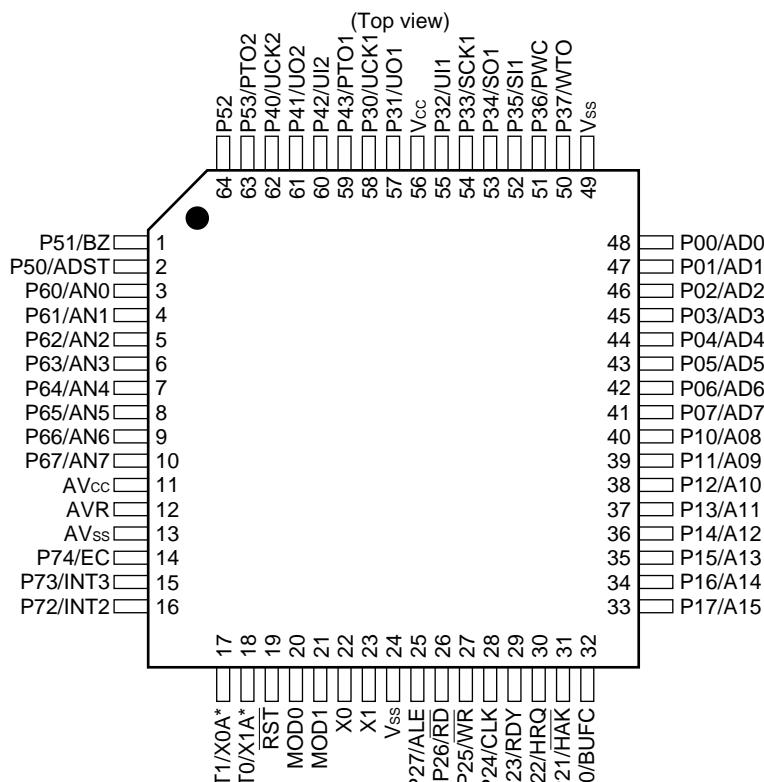


(DIP-64P-M01)

(DIP-64C-A06)

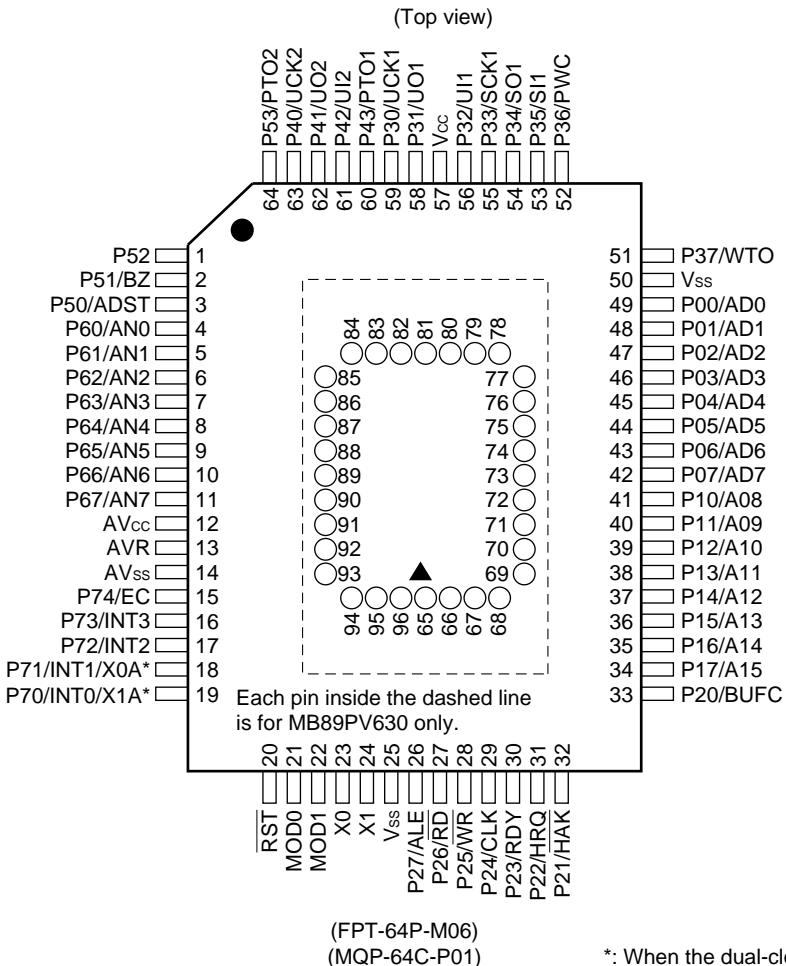
(MDP-64C-P02)

*: When the dual-clock system is selected.



(FPT-64P-M09)

*: When the dual-clock system is selected.



*: When the dual-clock system is selected.

- Pin assignment on package top (MB89PV630 only)

Pin no.	Pin name	Pin no.	Pin name	Pin no.	Pin name	Pin no.	Pin name
65	N.C.	73	A2	81	N.C.	89	OE
66	V _{PP}	74	A1	82	O4	90	N.C.
67	A12	75	A0	83	O5	91	A11
68	A7	76	N.C.	84	O6	92	A9
69	A6	77	O1	85	O7	93	A8
70	A5	78	O2	86	O8	94	A13
71	A4	79	O3	87	CE	95	A14
72	A3	80	V _{ss}	88	A10	96	V _{cc}

N.C.: Internally connected. Do not use.

MB89630 Series

■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin no.			Pin name	Circuit type	Function
SH-DIP ^{*1} MDIP ^{*2}	QFP2 ^{*3}	QFP1 ^{*4} MQFP ^{*5}			
30	22	23	X0	A	Main clock crystal oscillator pins
31	23	24	X1		
28	20	21	MOD0	D	Operating mode selection pins Connect directly to V _{cc} or V _{ss}
29	21	22	MOD1		
27	19	20	RST	C	Reset I/O pin This pin is an N-ch open-drain output type with a pull-up resistor, and a hysteresis input type. "L" is output from this pin by an internal reset source. The internal circuit is initialized by the input of "L".
56 to 49	48 to 41	49 to 42	P00/AD0 to P07/AD7	F	General-purpose I/O ports When an external bus is used, these ports function as the multiplex pins of the lower address output and the data I/O.
48 to 41	40 to 33	41 to 34	P10/A08 to P17/A157	F	General-purpose I/O ports When an external bus is used, these ports function as an upper address output.
40	32	33	P20/BUFC	H	General-purpose output-only port When an external bus is used, this port can also be used as a buffer control output by setting the BCTR.
39	31	32	P21/HAK	H	General-purpose output-only port When an external bus is used, this port can also be used as a hold acknowledge by setting the BCTR.
38	30	31	P22/HRQ	F	General-purpose output-only port When an external bus is used, this port can also be used as a hold request input by setting the BCTR.
37	29	30	P23/RDY	F	General-purpose output-only port When an external bus is used, this port functions as a ready input.
36	28	29	P24/CLK	H	General-purpose output-only port When an external bus is used, this port functions as a clock output.
35	27	28	P25/WR	H	General-purpose output-only port When an external bus is used, this port functions as a write signal output.
34	26	27	P26/RD	H	General-purpose output-only port When an external bus is used, this port functions as a read signal output.

*1: DIP-64P-M01, DIP-64C-A06

*4: FPT-64P-M06

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*2: MDP-64C-P02

*5: MQP-M64C-P01

*3: FPT-64P-M09

(Continued)

Pin no.			Pin name	Circuit type	Function
SH-DIP ^{*1} MDIP ^{*2}	QFP2 ^{*3}	QFP1 ^{*4} MQFP ^{*5}			
33	25	26	P27/ALE	H	General-purpose output-only port When an external bus is used, this port functions as an address latch signal output.
2	58	59	P30/UCK1	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the clock I/O 1 for the UART. This port is a hysteresis input type.
1	57	58	P31/UO1	F	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data output 1 for the UART.
63	55	56	P32/UI1	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data input 1 for the UART. This port is a hysteresis input type.
62	54	55	P33/SCK1	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data input for the 8-bit serial I/O. This port is a hysteresis input type.
61	53	54	P34/SO1	F	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data output for the 8-bit serial I/O.
60	52	53	P35/SI1	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data input for the 8-bit serial I/O. This port is a hysteresis input type.
59	51	52	P36/PWC	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the measured pulse input for the 8-bit pulse width counter. This port is a hysteresis input type.
58	50	51	P37/WTO	F	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the toggle output for the 8-bit pulse width counter.
6	62	63	P40/UCK2	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the clock I/O 2 for the UART. This port is a hysteresis input type.
5	61	62	P41/UO2	F	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data output 2 for the UART.
4	60	61	P42/UI2	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data input 2 for the UART. This port is a hysteresis input type.
3	59	60	P43/PTO1	F	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the toggle output for the 8-bit PWM timer.
10	2	3	P50/ADST	K	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as an A/D converter external activation. This port is a hysteresis input type.
9	1	2	P51/BZ	J	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as a buzzer output.

*1: DIP-64P-M01, DIP-64C-A06

*2: MDP-64C-P02

*3: FPT-64P-M09

*4: FPT-64P-M06

*5: MQP-M64C-P01

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MB89630 Series

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Pin no.			Pin name	Circuit type	Function
SH-DIP ^{*1} MDIP ^{*2}	QFP2 ^{*3}	QFP1 ^{*4} MQFP ^{*5}			
8	64	1	P52	J	General-purpose I/O port
7	63	64	P53/PTO2	J	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the toggle output for the 8-bit PWM timer.
11 to 18	3 to 10	4 to 11	P60/AN0 to P67/AN7	I	N-ch open-drain output-only ports Also serve as an A/D converter analog input.
26, 25	18, 17	19, 18	P70/INT0/X1A, P71/INT1/X0A	B/E	Input-only ports These ports are a hysteresis input type. Also serve as an external interrupt input (at single-clock operation). Subclock crystal oscillator pins (at dual-clock operation)
24, 23	16, 15	17, 16	P72/INT2, P73/INT3	E	Input-only ports Also serve as an external interrupt input. These ports are a hysteresis input type.
22	14	15	P74/EC	E	General-purpose input port Also serves as the external clock input for the 16-bit timer/counter. This port is a hysteresis input type.
64	56	57	V _{cc}	—	Power supply pin
32, 57	24,49	25, 50	V _{ss}	—	Power supply (GND) pin
19	11	12	A _{Vcc}	—	A/D converter power supply pin
20	12	13	A _{VR}	—	A/D converter reference voltage input pin
21	13	14	A _{Vss}	—	A/D converter power supply pin Use this pin at the same voltage as V _{ss} .

*1: DIP-64P-M01, DIP-64C-A06

*4: FPT-64P-M06

*2: MDP-64C-P02

*5: MQP-M64C-P01

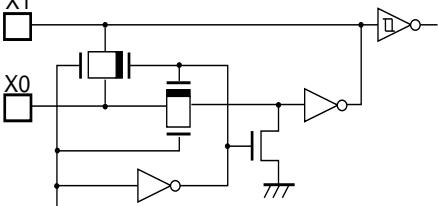
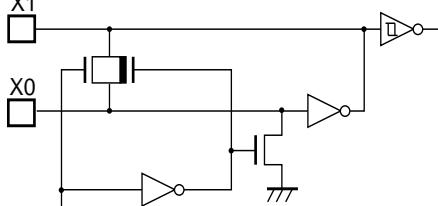
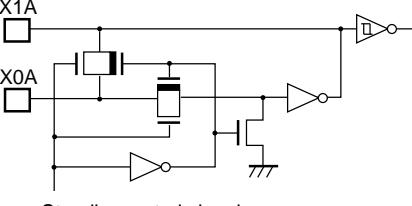
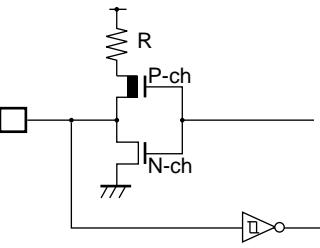
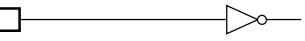
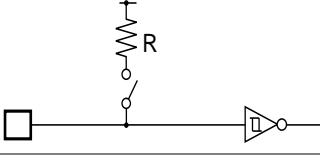
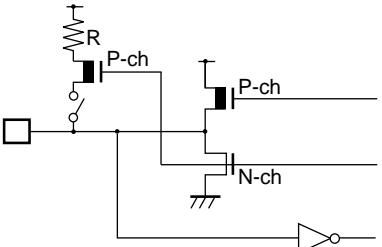
*3: FPT-64P-M09

- External EPROM pins (MB89PV630 only)

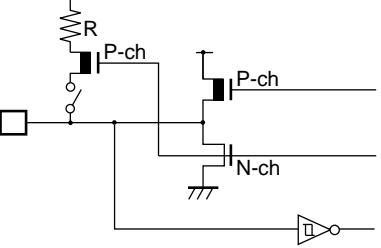
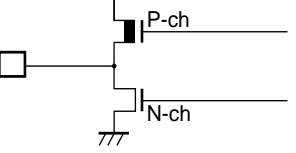
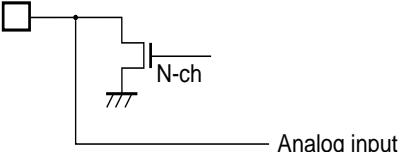
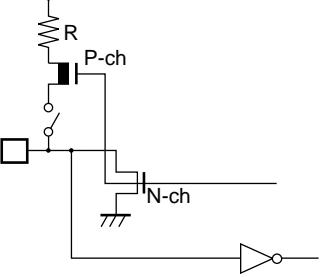
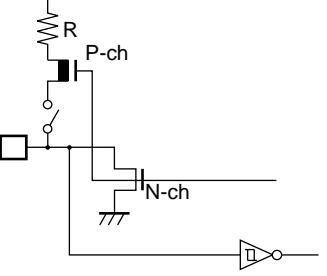
Pin no.		Pin name	I/O	Function
MDIP	MQFP			
65	66	V _{PP}	O	"H" level output pin
66	67	A12	O	Address output pins
67	68	A7		
68	69	A6		
69	70	A5		
70	71	A4		
71	72	A3		
72	73	A2		
73	74	A1		
74	75	A0		
75	77	O1	I	Data input pins
76	78	O2		
77	79	O3		
78	80	V _{ss}	O	Power supply (GND) pin
79	82	O4	I	Data input pins
80	83	O5		
81	84	O6		
82	85	O7		
83	86	O8		
84	87	CE	O	ROM chip enable pin Outputs "H" during standby.
85	88	A10	O	Address output pin
86	89	OE	O	ROM output enable pin Outputs "L" at all times.
87	91	A11	O	Address output pins
88	92	A9		
89	93	A8		
90	94	A13	O	
91	95	A14	O	
92	96	V _{cc}	O	EPROM power supply pin
—	65 76 81 90	N.C.	—	Internally connected pins Be sure to leave them open.

MB89630 Series

■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE

Type	Circuit	Remarks
A	 <p>Standby control signal</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crystal or ceramic oscillation type (main clock) External clock input selection versions of MB89PV630, MB89P637, MB89W637, MB89635, MB89T635, MB89636, MB89637, and MB89T637 At an oscillation feedback resistor of approximately 1 MΩ/5 V
	 <p>Standby control signal</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crystal or ceramic oscillation type (main clock) Oscillation selection versions of MB89PV630, MB89P637, MB89W637, MB89635, MB89T635, MB89636, MB89637, and MB89T637 At an oscillation feedback resistor of approximately 1 MΩ/5 V
B	 <p>Standby control signal</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crystal or ceramic oscillation type (subclock) MB89PV630, MB89P637, MB89W637, MB89635, MB89636, and MB89637 with dual-clock system At an oscillation feedback resistor of approximately 4.5 MΩ/5 V
C		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At an output pull-up resistor (P-ch) of approximately 50 kΩ/5 V • Hysteresis input
D		
E		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hysteresis input • Pull-up resistor optional (except P70 and P71)
F		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMOS output • CMOS input • Pull-up resistor optional (except P22 and P23)

(Continued)

Type	Circuit	Remarks
G		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMOS output • Hysteresis input <p>• Pull-up resistor optional</p>
H		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMOS output
I		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analog input
J		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMOS input <p>• Pull-up resistor optional</p>
K		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hysteresis input <p>• Pull-up resistor optional</p>

MB89630 Series

■ HANDLING DEVICES

1. Preventing Latchup

Latchup may occur on CMOS ICs if voltage higher than V_{CC} or lower than V_{SS} is applied to input and output pins other than medium- to high-voltage pins or if higher than the voltage which shows on "1. Absolute Maximum Ratings" in section "■ Electrical Characteristics" is applied between V_{CC} and V_{SS} .

When latchup occurs, power supply current increases rapidly and might thermally damage elements. When using, take great care not to exceed the absolute maximum ratings.

Also, take care to prevent the analog power supply (AV_{CC} and AV_R) and analog input from exceeding the digital power supply (V_{CC}) when the analog system power supply is turned on and off.

2. Treatment of Unused Input Pins

Leaving unused input pins open could cause malfunctions. They should be connected to a pull-up or pull-down resistor.

3. Treatment of Power Supply Pins on Microcontrollers with A/D and D/A Converters

Connect to be $AV_{CC} = DAV_C = V_{CC}$ and $AV_{SS} = AVR = V_{SS}$ even if the A/D and D/A converters are not in use.

4. Treatment of N.C. Pins

Be sure to leave (internally connected) N.C. pins open.

5. Power Supply Voltage Fluctuations

Although V_{CC} power supply voltage is assured to operate within the rated range, a rapid fluctuation of the voltage could cause malfunctions, even if it occurs within the rated range. Stabilizing voltage supplied to the IC is therefore important. As stabilization guidelines, it is recommended to control power so that V_{CC} ripple fluctuations (P-P value) will be less than 10% of the standard V_{CC} value at the commercial frequency (50 to 60 Hz) and the transient fluctuation rate will be less than 0.1 V/ms at the time of a momentary fluctuation such as when power is switched.

6. Precautions when Using an External Clock

Even when an external clock is used, oscillation stabilization time is required for power-on reset (option selection) and wake-up from stop mode.

■ PROGRAMMING TO THE EPROM ON THE MB89P637

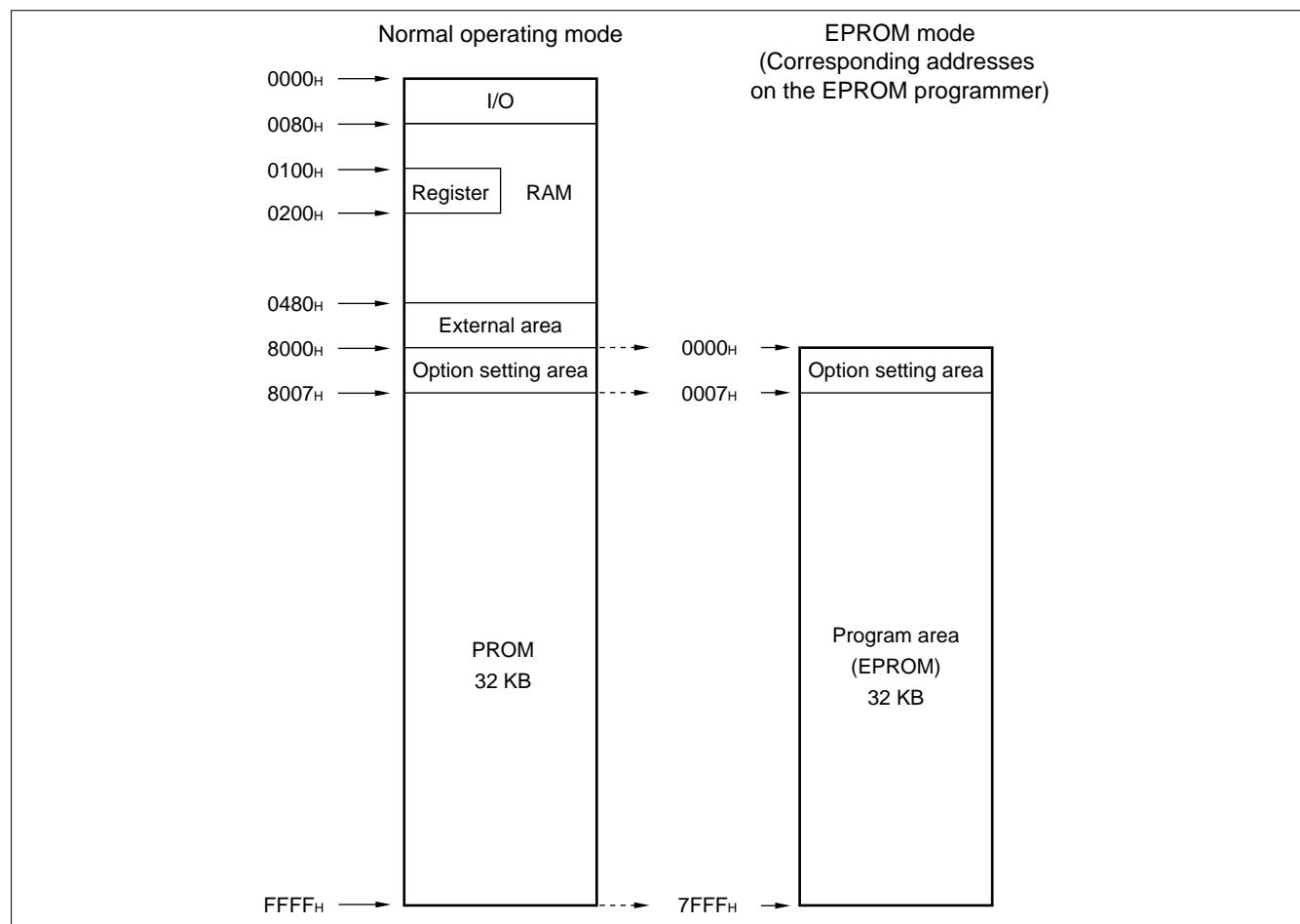
The MB89P637 is an OTPROM version of the MB89630 series.

1. Features

- 32-Kbytes PROM on chip
- Options can be set using the EPROM programmer.
- Equivalency to the MBM27C256A in EPROM mode (when programmed with the EPROM programmer)

2. Memory Space

Memory space in each mode is illustrated below.



3. Programming to the EPPROM

In EPROM mode, the MB89P637 functions equivalent to the MBM27C256A. This allows the PROM to be programmed with a general-purpose EPROM programmer by using the dedicated socket adapter.

However, the electronic signature mode cannot be used.

When the operating ROM area for a single chip is 32 Kbytes (8007_H to FFFF_H) the EPROM can be programmed as follows:

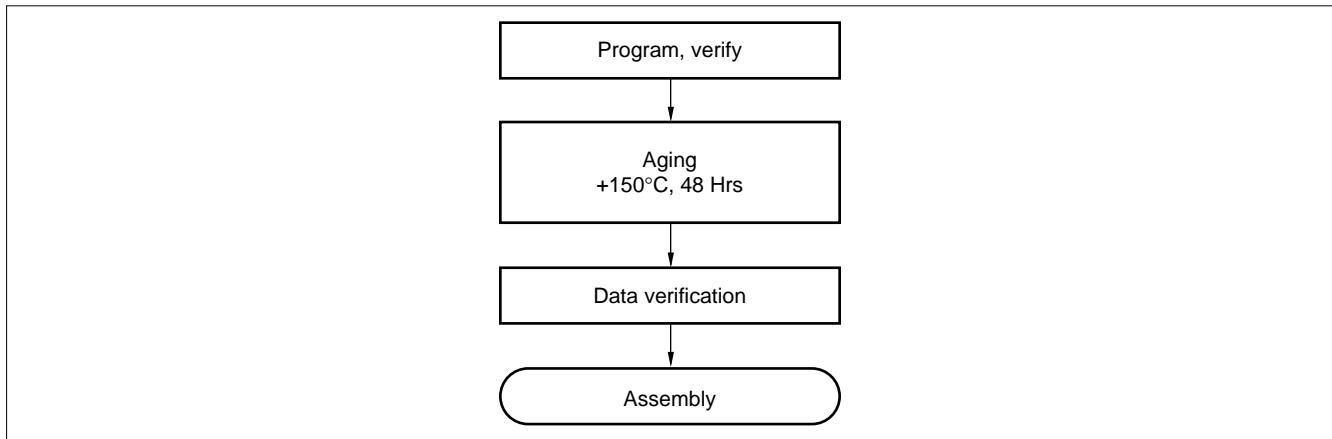
MB89630 Series

- **Programming procedure**

- (1) Set the EPROM programmer to the MBM27C256A.
- (2) Load program data into the EPROM programmer at 0007_{H} to $7FFF_{\text{H}}$.
(Note that addresses 8000_{H} to $FFFF_{\text{H}}$ in the operating mode assign to 0000_{H} to $7FFF_{\text{H}}$ in EPROM mode).
- (3) Load option data into addresses 0000_{H} to 0006_{H} of the EPROM programmer.
(For information about each corresponding option, see "8. OTPROM Option Bit Map.").
- (4) Program with the EPROM programmer.

4. Recommended Screening Conditions

High-temperature aging is recommended as the pre-assembly screening procedure for a product with a blanked OTPROM microcomputer program.



5. Programming Yield

All bits cannot be programmed at Fujitsu shipping test to a blanked OTPROM microcomputer, due to its nature. For this reason, a programming yield of 100% cannot be assured at all times.

6. Erasure

In order to clear all locations of their programmed contents, it is necessary to expose the internal EPROM to an ultraviolet light source. A dosage of $10 \text{ W-seconds/cm}^2$ is required to completely erase an internal EPROM. This dosage can be obtained by exposure to an ultraviolet lamp (wavelength of 2537 Angstroms (\AA)) with intensity of $12000 \mu\text{W/cm}^2$ for 15 to 21 minutes. The internal EPROM should be about one inch from the source and all filters should be removed from the UV light source prior to erasure.

It is important to note that the internal EPROM and similar devices, will erase with light sources having wavelengths shorter than 4000 \AA . Although erasure time will be much longer than with UV source at 2537 \AA , nevertheless the exposure to fluorescent light and sunlight will eventually erase the internal EPROM, and exposure to them should be prevented to realize maximum system reliability. If used in such an environment, the package windows should be covered by an opaque label or substance.

7. EPROM Programmer Socket Adapter

Package	Compatible socket adapter
DIP-64C-M01	ROM-64SD-28DP-8L
FPT-64P-M06	ROM-64QF-28DP-8L
FPT-64P-M09	ROM-64QF2-28DP-8L

Inquiry: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.: TEL 81-3-3802-5760

8. OTPROM Option Bit Map

	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0000 _H	Vacancy	Vacancy	Vacancy	Single/dual-clock system 1: Dual clock 0: Single clock	Reset pin output 1: Yes 0: No	Power-on reset 1: Yes 0: No	Oscillation stabilization (F _{CH})	
	Readable and writable	Readable and writable	Readable and writable				11:2 ¹⁸ 10:2 ¹⁴	01:2 ¹⁷ 00:2 ⁴
0001 _H	P07 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P06 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P05 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P04 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P03 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P02 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P01 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P00 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes
0002 _H	P17 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P16 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P15 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P14 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P13 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P12 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P11 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P10 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes
0003 _H	P37 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P36 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P35 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P34 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P33 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P32 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P31 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P30 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes
0004 _H	Vacancy	Vacancy	Vacancy	Vacancy	P43 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P42 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P41 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P40 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes
0005 _H	Readable and writable	Readable and writable	Readable and writable	Readable and writable	P74 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P73 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable
0006 _H	Vacancy	Vacancy	Vacancy	Vacancy	Vacancy	Vacancy	Vacancy	Reserved bit Readable and writable
	Readable and writable	Readable and writable	Readable and writable	Readable and writable	Readable and writable	Readable and writable	Readable and writable	Readable and writable

Notes:

- Set each bit to 1 to erase.

- Do not write 0 to the blank bit.

The read value of the vacant bit is 1, unless 0 is written to it.

- Always write 1 to the reserved bit.

MB89630 Series

■ PROGRAMMING TO THE EPROM WITH PIGGYBACK/EVALUATION DEVICE

1. EPROM for Use

MBM27C256A-20TV, MBM27C256A-20CZ

2. Programming Socket Adapter

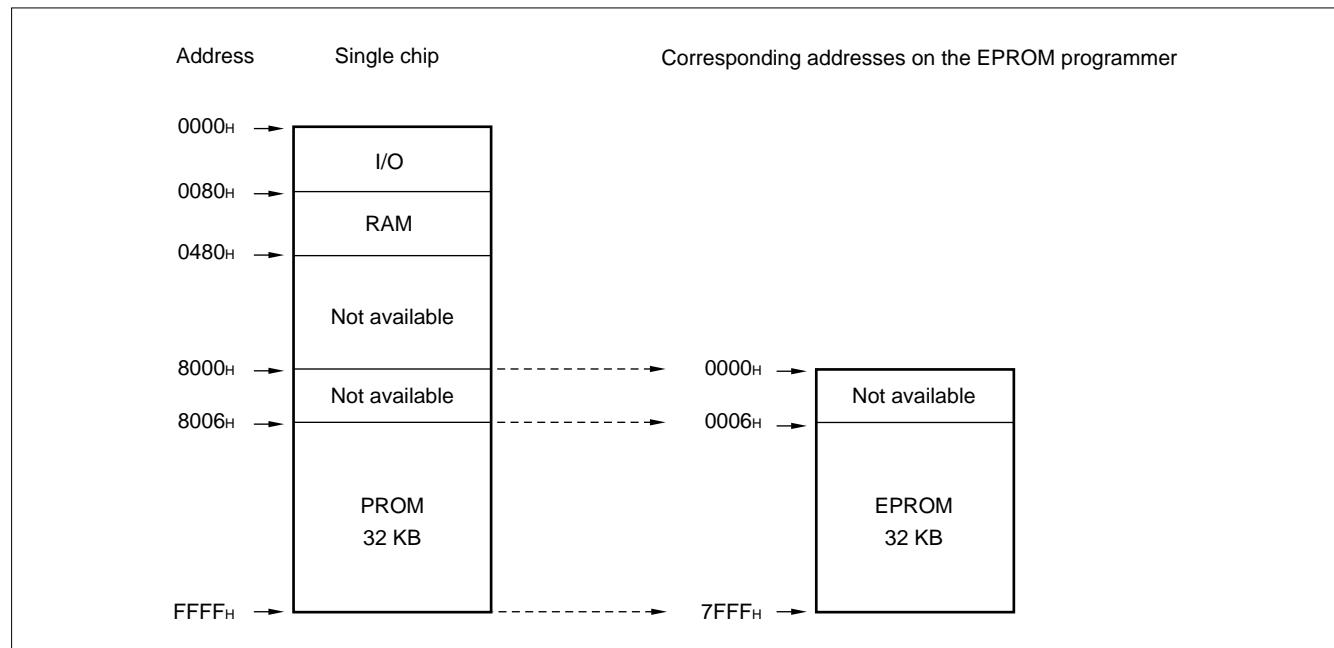
To program to the PROM using an EPROM programmer, use the socket adapter (manufacturer: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.) listed below.

Package	Adapter socket part number
LCC-32 (Rectangle)	ROM-32LC-28DP-YG
LCC-32(Square)	ROM-32LC-28DP-S

Inquiry: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.: TEL 81-3-3802-5760

3. Memory Space

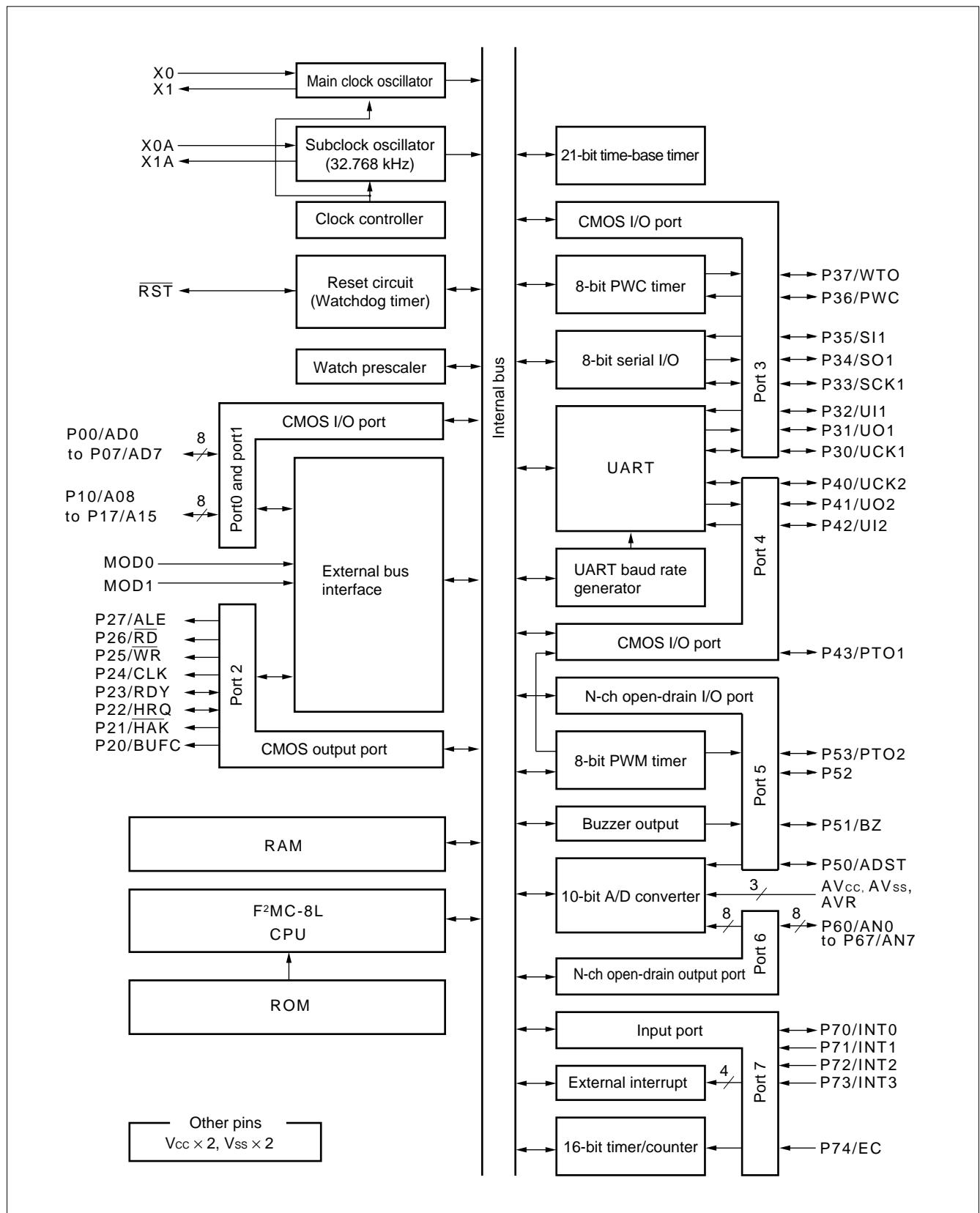
Memory space in each mode, such as 32-Kbyte PROM, option area is diagrammed below.



4. Programming to the EPROM

- (1) Set the EPROM programmer to the MBM27C256A.
- (2) Load program data into the EPROM programmer at 0006H to 7FFFH.
- (3) Program to 0000H to 7FFFH with the EPROM programmer.

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



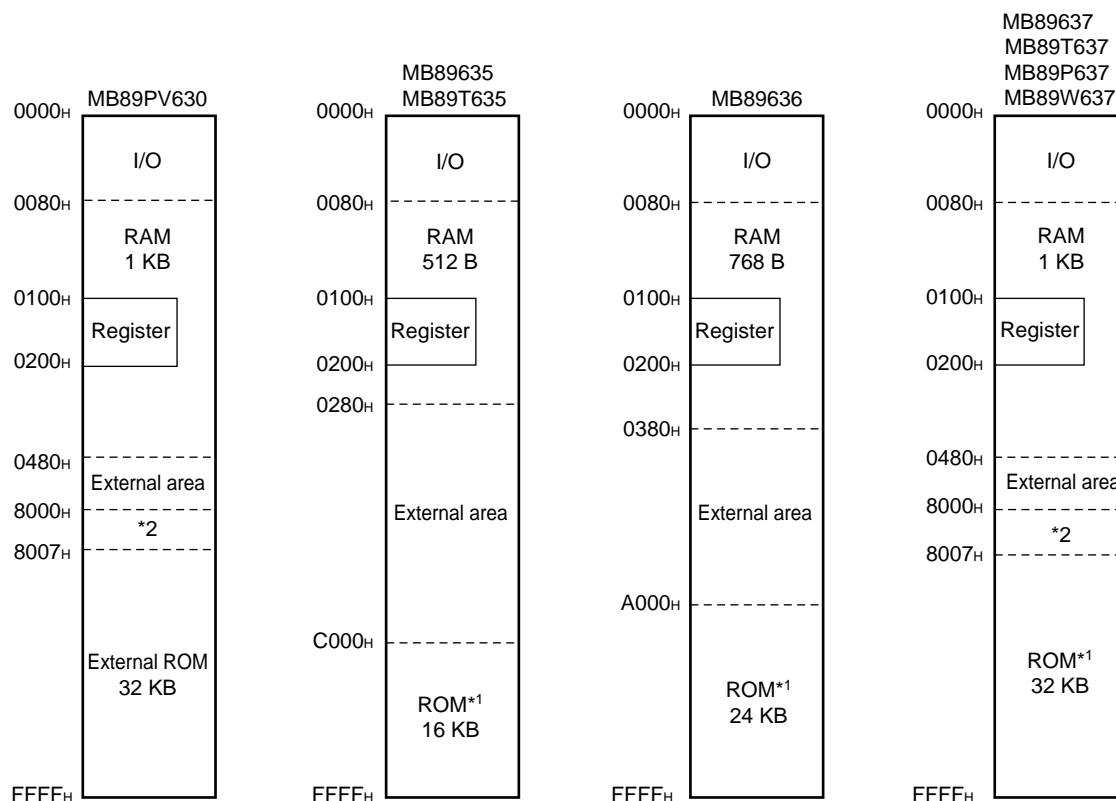
MB89630 Series

■ CPU CORE

1. Memory Space

The microcontrollers of the MB89630 series offer a memory space of 64 Kbytes for storing all of I/O, data, and program areas. The I/O area is located at the lowest address. The data area is provided immediately above the I/O area. The data area can be divided into register, stack, and direct areas according to the application. The program area is located at exactly the opposite end, that is, near the highest address. Provide the tables of interrupt reset vectors and vector call instructions toward the highest address within the program area. The memory space of the MB89630 series is structured as illustrated below.

Memory Space



2. Registers

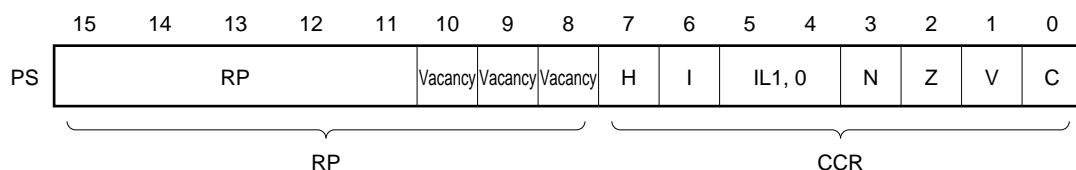
The F²MC-8L family has two types of registers; dedicated registers in the CPU and general-purpose registers in the memory. The following dedicated registers are provided:

- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Program counter (PC): | A 16-bit register for indicating instruction storage positions |
| Accumulator (A): | A 16-bit temporary register for storing arithmetic operations, etc. When the instruction is an 8-bit data processing instruction, the lower byte is used. |
| Temporary accumulator (T): | A 16-bit register which performs arithmetic operations with the accumulator
When the instruction is an 8-bit data processing instruction, the lower byte is used. |
| Index register (IX): | A 16-bit register for index modification |
| Extra pointer (EP): | A 16-bit pointer for indicating a memory address |
| Stack pointer (SP): | A 16-bit register for indicating a stack area |
| Program status (PS): | A 16-bit register for storing a register bank pointer, a condition code |

Initial value	
PC	: Program counter FFFD _H
A	: Accumulator Undefined
T	: Temporary accumulator Undefined
IX	: Index register Undefined
EP	: Extra pointer Undefined
SP	: Stack pointer Undefined
PS	: Program status I-flag = 0, IL1, 0 = 11 Other bits are undefined.

The PS can further be divided into higher 8 bits for use as a register bank pointer (RP) and the lower 8 bits for use as a condition code register (CCR). (See the diagram below.)

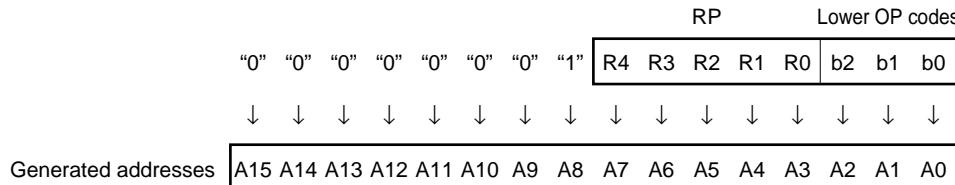
Structure of the Program Status Register



MB89630 Series

The RP indicates the address of the register bank currently in use. The relationship between the pointer contents and the actual address is based on the conversion rule illustrated below.

Rule for Conversion of Actual Addresses of the General-purpose Register Area



The CCR consists of bits indicating the results of arithmetic operations and the contents of transfer data and bits for control of CPU operations at the time of an interrupt.

- H-flag: Set when a carry or a borrow from bit 3 to bit 4 occurs as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared otherwise. This flag is for decimal adjustment instructions.
- I-flag: Interrupt is allowed when this flag is set to 1. Interrupt is prohibited when the flag is set to 0. Set to 0 when reset.
- IL1, 0: Indicates the level of the interrupt currently allowed. Processes an interrupt only if its request level is higher than the value indicated by this bit.

IL1	IL0	Interrupt level	High-low
0	0	1	High
0	1		
1	0	2	
1	1	3	

↓
Low = no interrupt

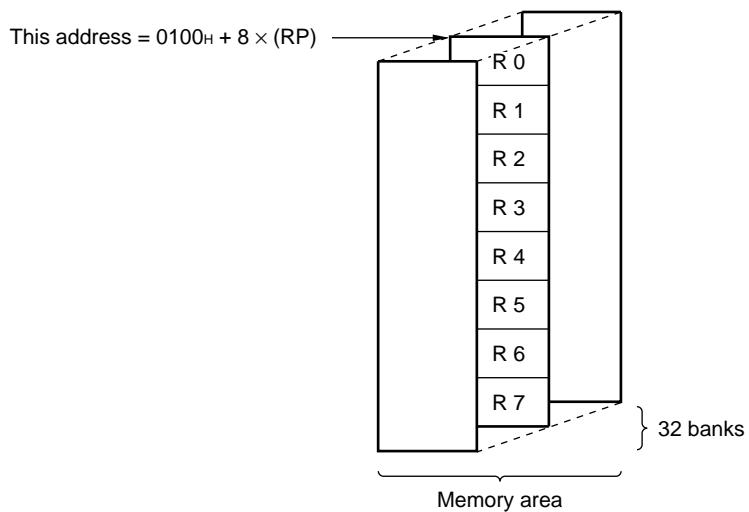
- N-flag: Set if the MSB is set to 1 as the result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared when the bit is set to 0.
- Z-flag: Set when an arithmetic operation results in 0. Cleared otherwise.
- V-flag: Set if the complement on 2 overflows as a result of an arithmetic operation. Reset if the overflow does not occur.
- C-flag: Set when a carry or a borrow from bit 7 occurs as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared otherwise. Set to the shift-out value in the case of a shift instruction.

The following general-purpose registers are provided:

General-purpose registers: An 8-bit register for storing data

The general-purpose registers are 8 bits and located in the register banks of the memory. One bank contains eight registers and up to a total of 32 banks can be used on the MB89653A (RAM 512×8 bits). The bank currently in use is indicated by the register bank pointer (RP).

Register Bank Configuration



MB89630 Series

■ I/O MAP

Address	Read/ write	Register name	Register description	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
00H	(R/W)	PDR0	Port 0 data register	PD07	PD06	PD05	PD04	PD03	PD02	PD01	PD00
01H	(W)	DDR0	Port 0 data direction register	DD07	DD06	DD05	DD04	DD03	DD02	DD01	DD00
02H	(R/W)	PDR1	Port 1 data register	PD17	PD16	PD15	PD14	PD13	PD12	PD11	PD10
03H	(W)	DDR1	Port 1 data direction register	DD17	DD16	DD15	DD14	DD13	DD12	DD11	DD10
04H	(R/W)	PDR2	Port 2 data register	PD27	PD26	PD25	PD24	PD23	PD22	PD21	PD20
05H	(W)	BCTR	External bus pin control register	—	—	—	—	—	—	HLD	BUF
06H	Vacancy										
07H	(R/W)	SYCC	System clock control register	SMC	—	—	WT1	WT0	SCS	CS1	CS0
08H	(R/W)	STBC	System clock control register	STP	SLP	SPL	RST	TMD	—	—	—
09H	(R/W)	WDTE	Watchdog timer control register	CS	—	—	—	WTE3	WTE2	WTE1	WTE0
0AH	(R/W)	TBCR	Time-base timer control register	TBOF	TBIE	—	—	—	TBC1	TBC0	TBR
0BH	(R/W)	WPCR	Watch prescaler control register	WIF	WIE	—	—	—	WS1	WS0	WCLR
0CH	(R/W)	CHG3	Port 3 switching register	—	—	CG35	CG34	CG33	—	—	—
0DH	(R/W)	PDR3	Port 3 data register	PD37	PD36	PD35	PD34	PD33	PD32	PD31	PD30
0EH	(W)	DDR3	Port 3 data direction register	DD37	DD36	DD35	DD34	DD33	DD32	DD31	DD30
0FH	(R/W)	PDR4	Port 4 data register	—	—	—	—	PD43	PD42	PD41	PD40
10H	(W)	DDR4	Port 4 data direction register	—	—	—	—	DD43	DD42	DD41	DD40
11H	(R/W)	BUZR	Buzzer register	—	—	—	—	—	—	BUZ1	BUZ0
12H	(R/W)	PDR5	Port 5 data register	—	—	—	—	PD53	PD52	PD51	PD50
13H	(R/W)	PDR6	Port 6 data register	PD67	PD66	PD65	PD64	PD63	PD62	PD61	PD60
14H	(R)	PDR7	Port 7 data register	—	—	—	PD74	PD73	PD72	PD71	PD70
15H	(R/W)	PCR1	PWC pulse width control register 1	EN	TOE	IE	—	—	UF	IR	BF
16H	(R/W)	PCR2	PWC pulse width control register 2	FC	RM	TO	—	C1	C0	W1	W0
17H	(R/W)	RLBR	PWC reload buffer register	RLB7	RLB6	RLB5	RLB4	RLB3	RLB2	RLB1	RLB0
18H	(R/W)	TMCR	16-bit timer control register	—	—	TCR	TCS1	TCS0	TCEF	TCIE	TCS
19H	(R/W)	TCHR	16-bit timer count register (H)	TC15	TC14	TC13	TC12	TC11	TC10	TC09	TC08
1AH	(R/W))	TCLR	16-bit timer count register (L)	TC07	TC06	TC05	TC04	TC03	TC02	TC01	TC00
1BH	Vacancy										
1CH	(R/W)	SMR1	Serial mode register	SIOF	SIOE	SCKE	SOE	CKS1	CKS0	BDS	SST
1DH	(R/W)	SDR1	Serial data register	SD07	SD06	SD05	SD04	SD03	SD02	SD01	SD00
1EH	Vacancy										
1FH	Vacancy										

(Continued)

(Continued)

Address	Read/ write	Register name	Register description	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
20 _H	(R/W)	ADC1	A/D converter control register 1	ANS3	ANS2	ANS1	ANS0	ADI	ADMV	SIFM	AD
21 _H	(R/W)	ADC2	A/D converter control register 2	—	TIM1	TIM0	ADCK	ADIE	ADMID	EXT	TEST
22 _H	(R/W)	ADDH	A/D converter data register (H)	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADD9	ADD8
23 _H	(R/W)	ADDL	A/D converter data register (L)	ADD7	ADD6	ADD5	ADD4	ADD3	ADD2	ADD1	ADD0
24 _H	(R/W)	EIC1	External interrupt control register 1	EIR1		SEL1	EIE1	EIR0	INTE	SEL0	EIE0
25 _H	(R/W)	EIC2	External interrupt control register 2	EIR3	—	SEL3	EIE3	EIR2	—	SEL2	EIE2
26 _H			Vacancy								
27 _H			Vacancy								
28 _H	(R/W)	CNTR1	PWM timer control register 1	PTX1	PTX2	P7M1	P7M2	SC11	SC10	SC21	SC20
29 _H	(R/W)	CNTR2	PWM timer control register 2	TPE1	TPE2	CK12	—	TIR1	TIR2	TIE1	TIE2
2A _H	(R/W)	CNTR3	PWM timer control register 3	—	OE2	OE3	CH12	—	—	—	—
2B _H	(W)	COMR1	PWM timer compare register 1	CM17	CM16	CM15	CM14	CM13	CM12	CM11	CM10
2C _H	(W)	COMR2	PWM timer compare register 2	CM27	CM26	CM25	CM24	CM23	CM22	CM21	CM20
2D _H	(R/W)	SMC	UART serial mode control register	PEN	SBL	MC1	MC0	SMDE	—	UCKE	UOE
2E _H	(R/W)	SRC	UART serial rate control register	—	—	CR	SCS1	SCS0	RC2	RC1	RC0
2F _H	(R/W)	SSD	UART serial status and data register	RDRF	ORFE	TDRE	TIE	RIE	PSEL	TD8/TP	RD8/RP
30 _H	(R) (W)	SIDR SODR	UART serial input data register UART serial output data register	SID7 SOD7	SID6 SOD6	SID5 SOD5	SID4 SOD4	SID3 SOD3	SID2 SOD2	SID1 SOD1	SID0 SOD0
31 _H to 7B _H			Vacancy								
7C _H	(W)	ILR1	Interrupt level setting register 1	L31	L30	L21	L20	L11	L10	L01	L00
7D _H	(W)	ILR2	Interrupt level setting register 2	L71	L70	L61	L60	L51	L50	L41	L40
7E _H	(W)	ILR3	Interrupt level setting register 3	LB1	LB0	LA1	LA0	L91	L90	L81	L80
7F _H			Vacancy								

Notes: • Do not use vacancies.
• — represents a vacant bit.

MB89630 Series

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

(AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	Remarks
		Min.	Max.		
Power supply voltage	V _{CC}	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 7.0	V	*
	AV _{CC}	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 7.0	V	*
A/D converter reference input voltage	AVR	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 7.0	V	AVR must not exceed AV _{CC} + 0.3.
Input voltage	V _I	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	Except P50 to P53
	V _{I2}	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 7.0	V	P50 to P53
Output voltage	V _O	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	Except P50 to P53
	V _{O2}	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 7.0	V	P50 to P53
"L" level maximum output current	I _{OL}	—	20	mA	
"L" level average output current	I _{OLAV}	—	4	mA	Average value (operating current × operating rate)
"L" level total maximum output current	ΣI _{OL}	—	100	mA	
"L" level total average output current	ΣI _{OLAV}	—	40	mA	Average value (operating current × operating rate)
"H" level maximum output current	I _{OH}	—	-20	mA	
"H" level average output current	I _{OHAV}	—	-4	mA	Average value (operating current × operating rate)
"H" level total maximum output current	ΣI _{OH}	—	-50	mA	
"H" level total average output current	ΣI _{OHAV}	—	-20	mA	Average value (operating current × operating rate)
Power consumption	P _D	—	500	mW	
Operating temperature	T _A	-40	+85	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-55	+150	°C	

*: Use AV_{CC} and V_{CC} set at the same voltage.Take care so that AV_{CC} does not exceed V_{CC}, such as when power is turned on.

Precautions: Permanent device damage may occur if the above "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are exceeded.

Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	Remarks
		Min.	Max		
Power supply voltage	V _{CC}	2.2*	6.0*	V	Normal operation assurance range* MB89635/637
		2.7*	6.0*	V	Normal operation assurance range* MB89PV630/P637/W637/T635/T637
	AV _{CC}	1.5	6.0	V	Retains the RAM state in stop mode
A/D converter reference input voltage	AVR	3.0	AV _{CC}	V	
Operating temperature	T _A	-40	+85	°C	

* : These values vary with the operating frequency, instruction cycle, and analog assurance range. See Figure 1 and "5. A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics."

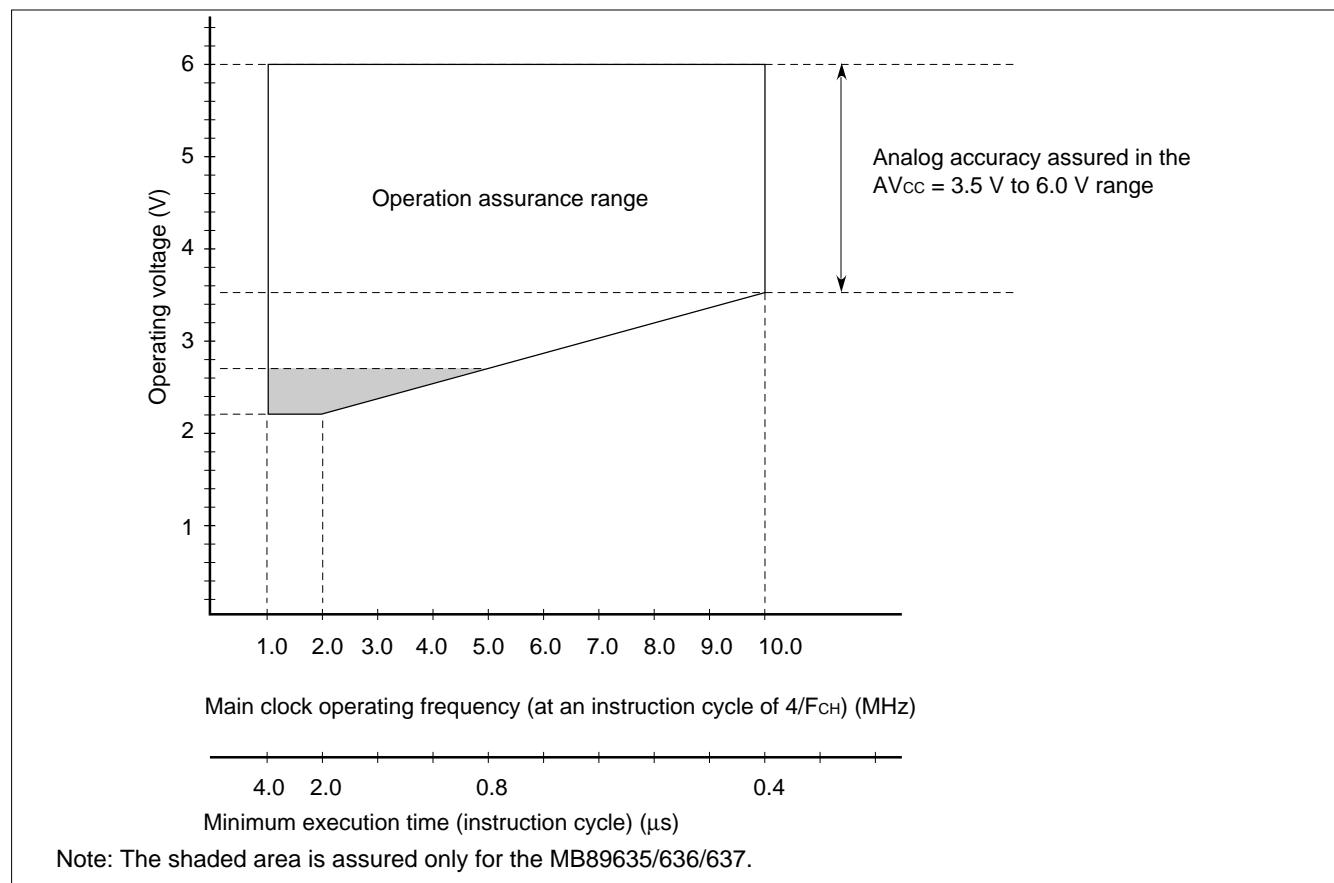


Figure 1 Operating Voltage vs. Main Clock Operating Frequency

Figure 1 indicates the operating frequency of the external oscillator at an instruction cycle of $4/F_{CH}$. Since the operating voltage range is dependent on the instruction cycle, see minimum execution time if the operating speed is switched using a gear.

MB89630 Series

3. DC Characteristics

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
“H” level input voltage	V _{IH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22, P23, P31, P34, P37, P41, P43, P51 to P53	—	0.7 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	P51 to P53 with pull-up resistor
	V _{IH2}	P51 to P53		0.7 V _{CC}	—	V _{SS} + 6.0	V	Without pull-up resistor
	V _{IHS}	RST, MOD0, MOD1, P30, P32, P33, P35, P36, P40, P42, P50, P72 to P74		0.8 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	P50 with pull-up resistor
	V _{IHS2}	P50, P70, P71		0.8 V _{CC}	—	V _{SS} + 6.0	V	Without pull-up resistor
“L” level input voltage	V _{IL}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22, P23, P31, P34, P37, P41, P43	—	V _{SS} - 0.3	—	0.3 V _{CC}	V	
	V _{ILS}	P30, P32, P33, P35, P36, P40, P42, P50 to P53, P70 to P74, RST, MOD0, MOD1		V _{SS} - 0.3	—	0.2 V _{CC}	V	
Open-drain output pin application voltage	V _D	P50 to P53	—	V _{SS} - 0.3	—	V _{SS} + 6.0	V	
“H” level output voltage	V _{OH}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P37, P40 to P43	I _{OH} = -2.0 mA	4.0	—	—	V	
“L” level output voltage	V _{OL}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P50 to P53, P60 to P67, RST	I _{OL} = 4.0 mA	—	—	0.4	V	
Input leakage current (Hi-z output leakage current)	I _{LI}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P23, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P50 to P53, P70 to P74, MOD0, MOD1	0.0 V < V _I < V _{CC}	—	—	±5	µA	Without pull-up resistor

(Continued)

(Continued)

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Pull-up resistance	R _{PULL}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P50 to P53, P72 to P74	V _I = 0.0 V	25	50	100	kΩ	With pull-up resistor
Power supply current ^{*1}	I _{CC1}	V _{CC}	F _{CH} = 10 MHz V _{CC} = 5.0 V t _{inst} ^{*2} = 0.4 μs	—	12	20	mA	
	I _{CC2}		F _{CH} = 10 MHz V _{CC} = 3.0 V t _{inst} ^{*2} = 6.4 μs	—	1.0	2	mA	MB89635/T635/ 636/637/T637/ PV630
	I _{CCS1}		Sleep mode F _{CH} = 10 MHz V _{CC} = 5.0 V t _{inst} ^{*2} = 0.4 μs	—	3	7	mA	
	I _{CCS2}		Sleep mode F _{CH} = 10 MHz V _{CC} = 3.0 V t _{inst} ^{*2} = 6.4 μs	—	0.5	1.5	mA	
	I _{CCL}		F _{CL} = 32.768 kHz, V _{CC} = 3.0 V Subclock mode	—	50	100	μA	MB89635/T635/ 636/637/T637/ PV630
	I _{CCLS}		F _{CL} = 32.768 kHz, V _{CC} = 3.0 V Subclock sleep mode	—	500	700	μA	MB89P637/W637
	I _{CCCT}		F _{CL} = 32.768 kHz, V _{CC} = 3.0 V • Watch mode • Main clock stop mode at dual-clock system	—	25	50	μA	
	I _{CCCH}		T _A = +25°C • Subclock stop mode • Main clock stop mode at single-clock system	—	—	1	μA	

(Continued)

MB89630 Series

(Continued)

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power supply current ^{*1}	I _A	AV _{CC}	F _{CH} = 10 MHz, when A/D conversion is activated	—	6	—	mA	
	I _{AH}		F _{CH} = 10 MHz, T _A = +25°C, when A/D conversion is stopped	—	—	1	μA	
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	Other than AV _{CC} , AV _{SS} , V _{CC} , and V _{SS}	f = 1 MHz	—	10	—	pF	

*1: The power supply current is measured at the external clock.

In the case of the MB89PV630, the current consumed by the connected EPROM and ICE is not included.

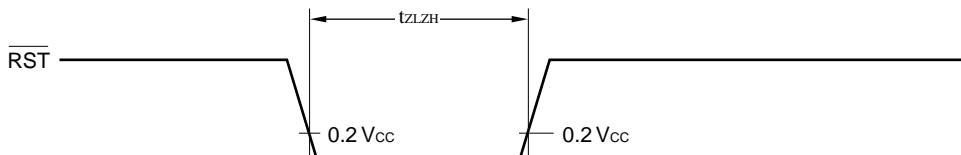
*2: For information on t_{inst}, see "(4) Instruction Cycle" in "4. AC Characteristics."

4. AC Characteristics

(1) Reset Timing

(V_{CC} = +5.0 V ± 10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min.	Max.		
RST "L" pulse width	t _{ZLZH}	—	48 t _{HCYL}	—	ns	



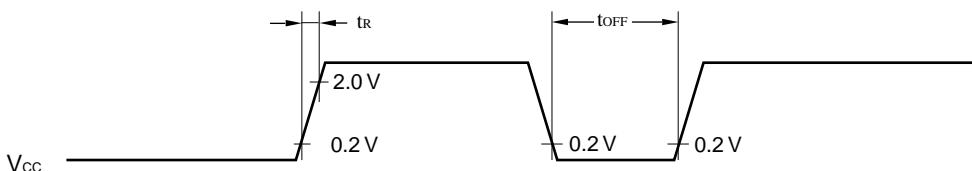
(2) Power-on Reset

(AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min.	Max.		
Power supply rising time	t _R	—	—	50	ms	Power-on reset function only
Power supply cut-off time	t _{OFF}	—	1	—	ms	Due to repeated operations

Note: Make sure that power supply rises within the selected oscillation stabilization time.

If power supply voltage needs to be varied in the course of operation, a smooth voltage rise is recommended.



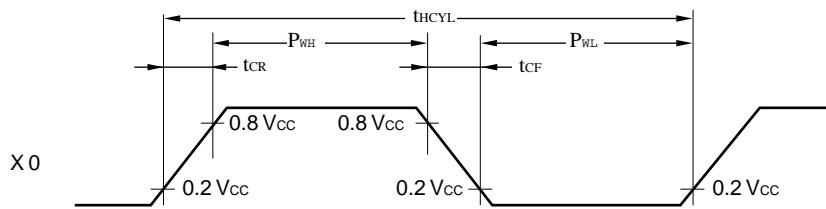
(3) Clock Timing

(AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

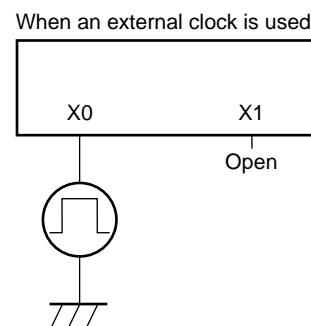
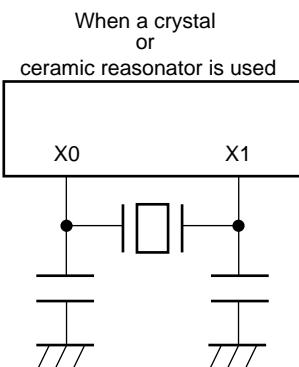
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Clock frequency	F _{CH}	X0, X1	—	1	—	10	MHz	
	F _{CL}	X0A, X1A		—	32.768	—	kHz	
Clock cycle time	t _{HCYL}	X0, X1	—	100	—	1000	ns	
	t _{LCYL}	X0A, X1A		—	30.5	—	μs	
Input clock pulse width	P _{WH} P _{WL}	X0	—	20	—	—	ns	External clock
	P _{WLH} P _{WLL}	X0A		—	15.2	—	μs	External clock
Input clock rising/falling time	t _{CR} t _{CF}	X0	—	—	—	10	ns	External clock

MB89630 Series

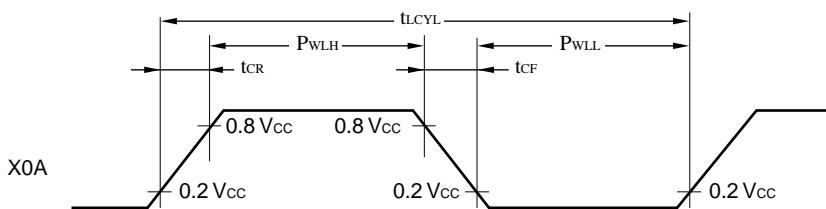
X0 and X1 Timing and Conditions



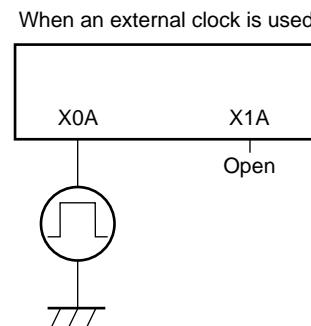
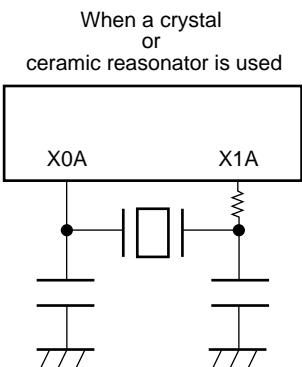
Main Clock Conditions



X0A and X1A Timing and Conditions



Subclock Conditions



(4) Instruction Cycle

Parameter	Symbol	Value (typical)	Unit	Remarks
Instruction cycle (minimum execution time)	t_{inst}	$4/F_{CH}$, $8/F_{CH}$, $16/F_{CH}$, $64/F_{CH}$	μs	$(4/F_{CH}) t_{inst} = 0.4 \mu s$ when operating at $F_{CH} = 10$ MHz
		$2/F_{CL}$	μs	$t_{inst} = 61.036 \mu s$ when operating at $F_{CL} = 32.768$ kHz

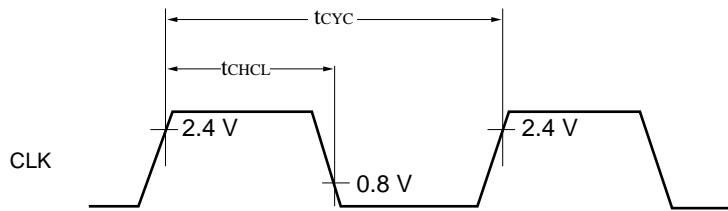
Note: When operating at 10 MHz, the cycle varies with the set execution time.

(5) Clock Output Timing

($V_{CC} = +5.0$ V $\pm 10\%$, $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0$ V, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Max.		
Clock time	t_{CYC}	CLK	—	$1/2 t_{inst}^*$	—	μs	
$CLK \uparrow \rightarrow CLK \downarrow$	t_{CHCL}	CLK	—	$1/4 t_{inst}^* - 70$ ns	$1/4 t_{inst}^*$	μs	

* : For information on t_{inst} , see "(4) Instruction Cycle."



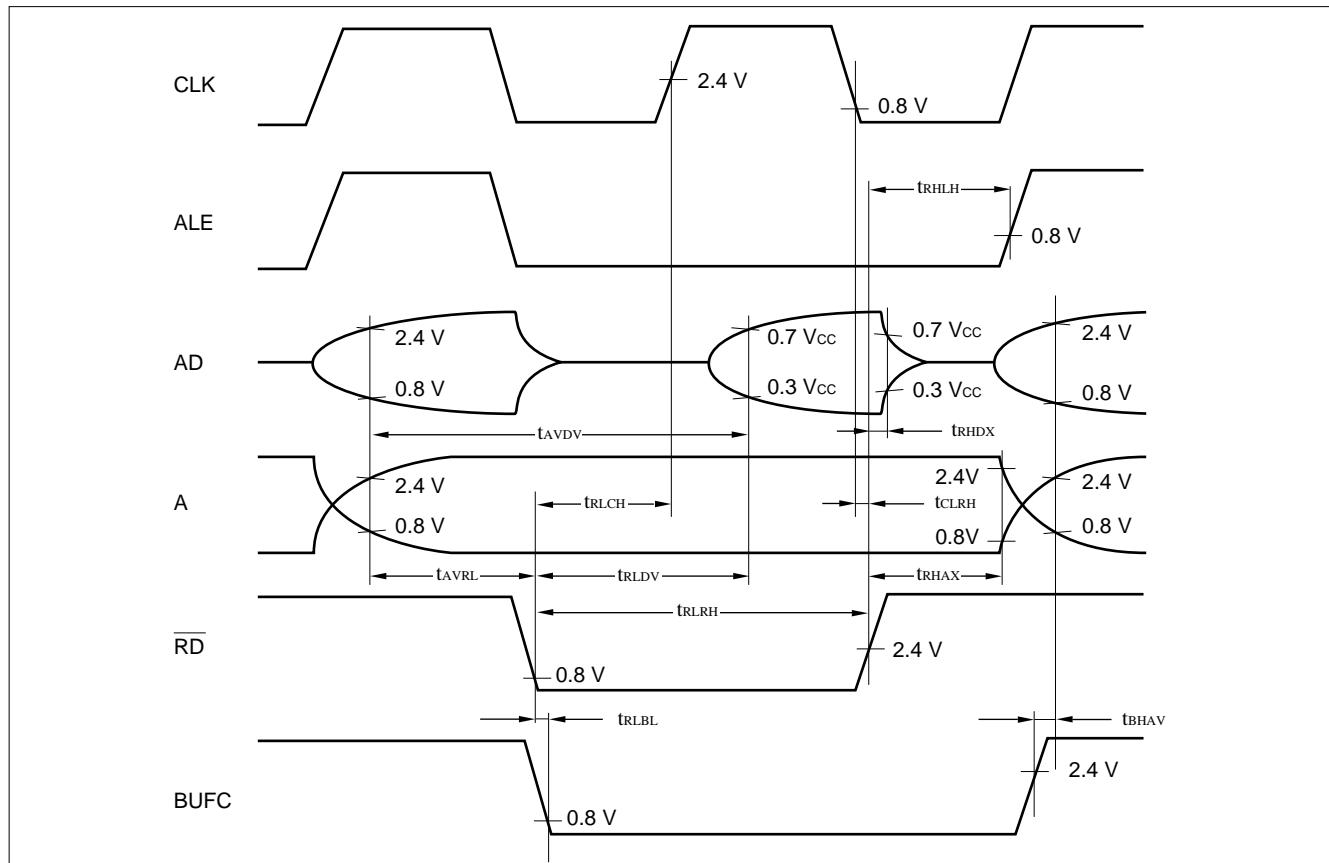
MB89630 Series

(6) Bus Read Timing

($V_{CC} = +5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, 10 MHz, $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks	
				Min.	Max.			
Valid address $\rightarrow \overline{\text{RD}} \downarrow$ time	t_{AVRL}	$\overline{\text{RD}}$, A15 to 08, AD7 to 0	—	1/4 t_{inst}^* – 64 ns	—	μs		
$\overline{\text{RD}}$ pulse width	t_{RLRH}	$\overline{\text{RD}}$		1/2 t_{inst}^* – 20 ns	—	μs		
Valid address \rightarrow data read time	t_{AVDV}	AD7 to 0, A15 to 08		1/2 t_{inst}^*	200	μs	No wait	
$\overline{\text{RD}} \downarrow \rightarrow$ data read time	t_{RLDV}	$\overline{\text{RD}}$, AD7 to 0		1/2 t_{inst}^* – 80 ns	120	μs	No wait	
$\overline{\text{RD}} \uparrow \rightarrow$ data hold time	t_{RHDX}	AD7 to 0, $\overline{\text{RD}}$		0	—	μs		
$\overline{\text{RD}} \uparrow \rightarrow \text{ALE} \uparrow$ time	t_{RHLH}	$\overline{\text{RD}}$, ALE		1/4 t_{inst}^* – 40 ns	—	μs		
$\overline{\text{RD}} \uparrow \rightarrow$ address loss time	t_{RHAX}	$\overline{\text{RD}}$, A15 to 08		1/4 t_{inst}^* – 40 ns	—	μs		
$\overline{\text{RD}} \downarrow \rightarrow \text{CLK} \uparrow$ time	t_{RLCH}	$\overline{\text{RD}}$, CLK		1/4 t_{inst}^* – 40 ns	—	μs		
$\text{CLK} \downarrow \rightarrow \overline{\text{RD}} \uparrow$ time	t_{CLRH}			0	—	ns		
$\overline{\text{RD}} \downarrow \rightarrow \text{BUFC} \downarrow$ time	t_{RLBL}	$\overline{\text{RD}}$, BUFC		-5	—	ns		
BUFC $\uparrow \rightarrow$ valid address time	t_{BHAV}	A15 to 08, AD7 to 0, BUFC		5	—	ns		

* : For information on t_{inst} , see "(4) Instruction Cycle."



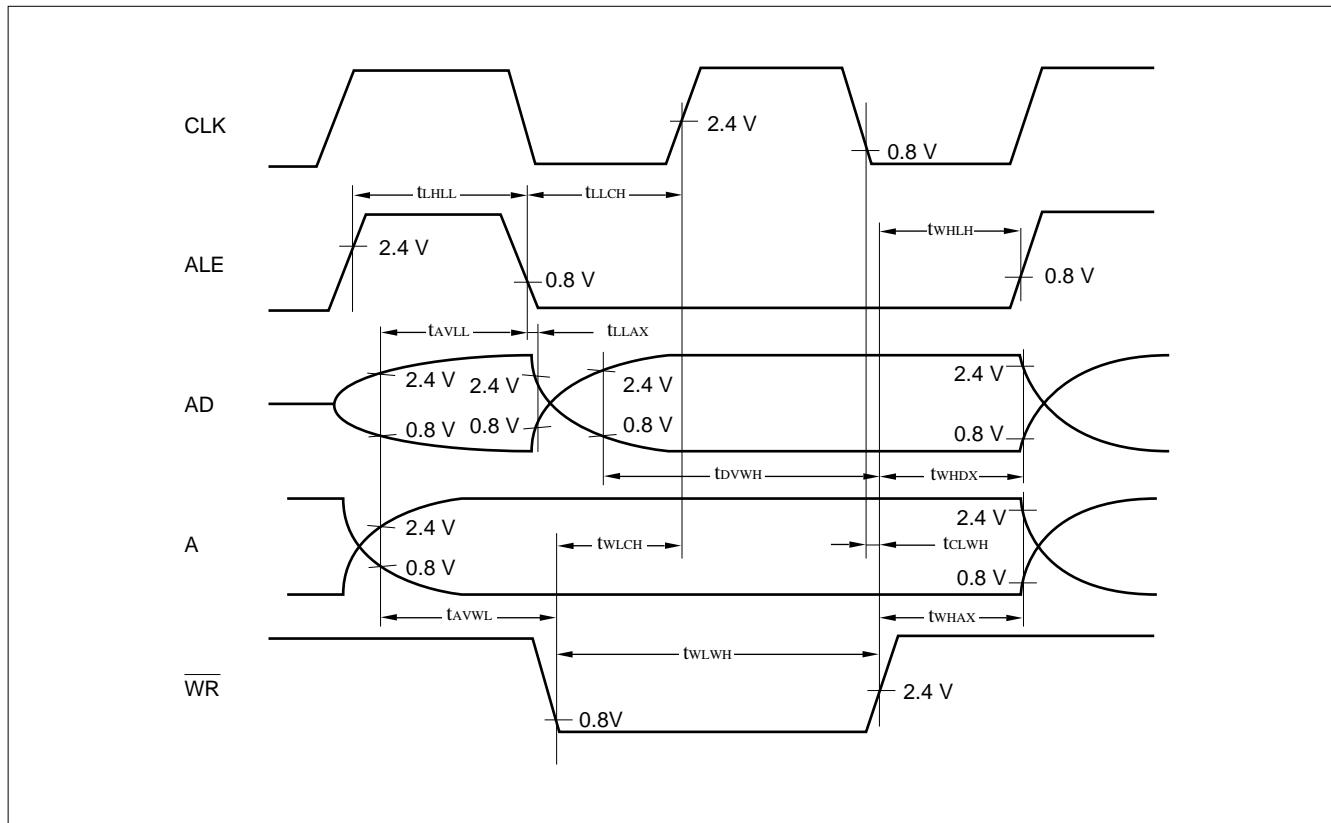
(7) Bus Write Timing

($V_{CC} = +5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $F_{CH} = 10\text{ MHz}$, $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks	
				Min.	Max.			
Valid address \rightarrow ALE \downarrow time	t_{AVLL}	AD7 to 0, ALE A15 to 08	—	1/4 t_{inst}^{*1} – 64 ns	—	μs		
ALE \downarrow time \rightarrow address loss time	t_{LLAX}	AD7 to 0, ALE A15 to 08		5	—	ns		
Valid address \rightarrow \overline{WR} \downarrow time	t_{AVWL}	\overline{WR} , ALE		1/4 t_{inst}^{*1} – 60 ns	—	μs		
\overline{WR} pulse width	t_{WLWH}	\overline{WR}		1/2 t_{inst}^{*1} – 20 ns	—	μs		
Write data \rightarrow \overline{WR} \uparrow time	t_{DVWH}	AD7 to 0, \overline{WR}		1/2 t_{inst}^{*1} – 60 ns	—	μs		
\overline{WR} \uparrow \rightarrow address loss time	t_{WHAX}	\overline{WR} , A15 to 08		1/4 t_{inst}^{*1} – 40 ns	—	μs		
\overline{WR} \uparrow \rightarrow data hold time	t_{WHDX}	AD7 to 0, \overline{WR}		1/4 t_{inst}^{*1} – 40 ns	—	μs		
\overline{WR} \uparrow \rightarrow ALE \uparrow time	t_{WHLH}	\overline{WR} , ALE		1/4 t_{inst}^{*1} – 40 ns	—	μs		
\overline{WR} \downarrow \rightarrow CLK \uparrow time	t_{WLCH}	\overline{WR} , CLK		1/4 t_{inst}^{*1} – 40 ns	—	μs		
CLK \downarrow \rightarrow \overline{WR} \uparrow time	t_{CLWH}			0	—	ns		
ALE pulse width	t_{LHLL}	ALE		1/4 t_{inst}^{*1} – 35 ns	—	μs		
ALE \downarrow \rightarrow CLK \uparrow time	t_{LLCH}	ALE, CLK		1/4 t_{inst}^{*1} – 30 ns	—	μs		

*1: For information on t_{inst} , see "(4) Instruction Cycle."

*2: This characteristics are also applicable to the bus read timing.



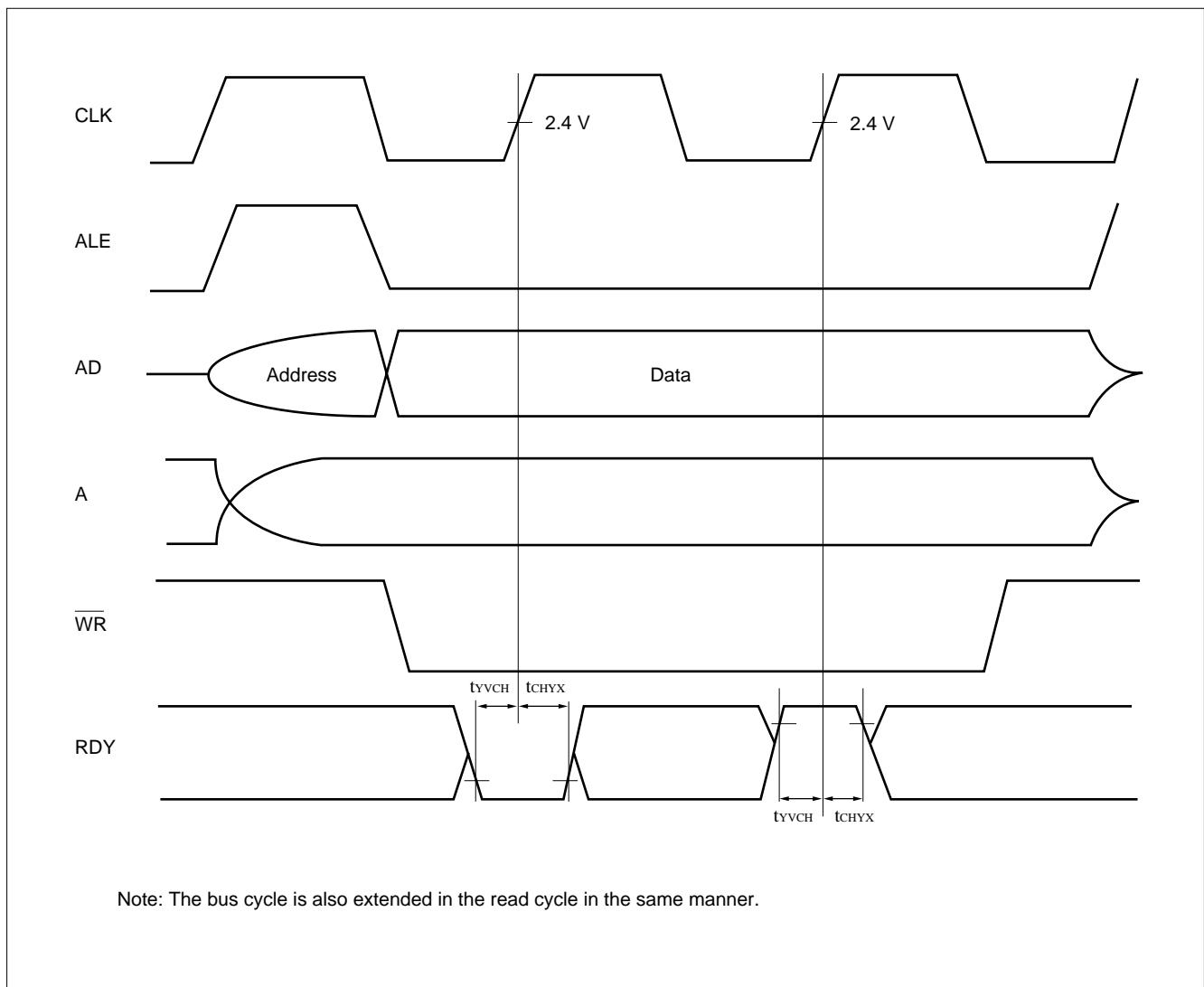
MB89630 Series

(8) Ready Input Timing

($V_{CC} = +5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $F_{CH} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Max.		
RDY valid → CLK ↑ time	t_{VCH}	RDY, CLK	—	60	—	ns	*
CLK ↑ → RDY loss time	t_{HYX}			0	—	ns	*

* : This characteristics are also applicable to the read cycle.



(9) Serial I/O Timing

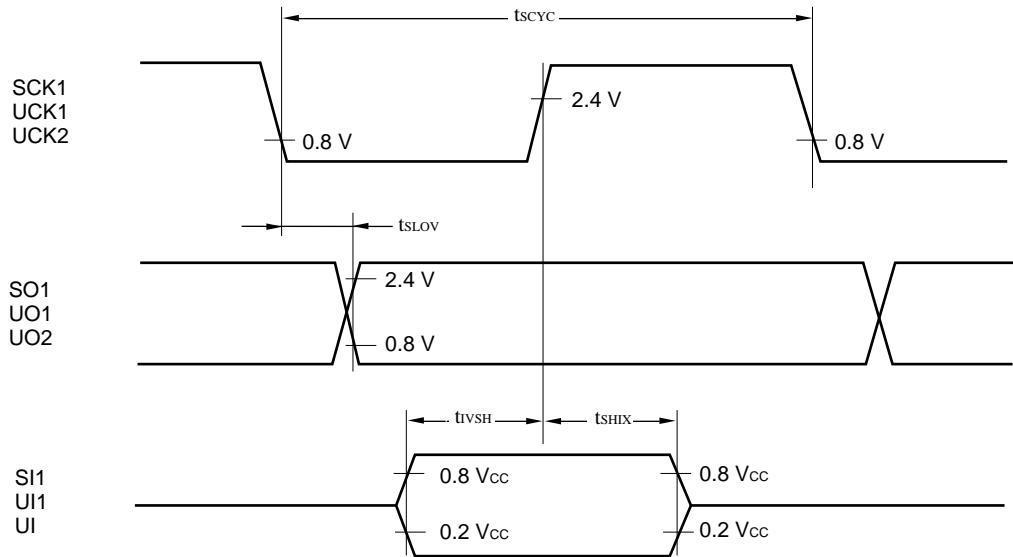
($V_{CC} = +5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $F_{CH} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Max.		
Serial clock cycle time	t _{SCYC}	SCK1, UCK1, UCK2	Internal shift clock mode	2 t _{inst} *	—	μs	
SCK1 ↓ → SO1 time UCK1 ↓ → UO1 time UCK2 ↓ → UO2 time	t _{SLOV}	SCK1, SO1 UCK1, UO1 UCK2, UO2		-200	200	ns	
Valid SI1 → SCK1 ↑ Valid UI1 → UCK1 ↑ Valid UI2 → UCK2 ↑	t _{IVSH}	SI1, SCK1 UI1, UCK1 UI2, UCK2		1/2 t _{inst} *	—	μs	
SCK1 ↑ → valid SI1 hold time UCK1 ↑ → valid UI1 hold time UCK2 ↑ → valid UI2 hold time	t _{SHIX}	SCK1, SI1 UCK1, UI1 UCK2, UI2		1/2 t _{inst} *	—	μs	
Serial clock "H" pulse width	t _{SHSL}	SCK1, UCK1, UCK2	External shift clock mode	1 t _{inst} *	—	μs	
Serial clock "L" pulse width	t _{SLSH}	SCK1, UCK1, UCK2		1 t _{inst} *	—	μs	
SCK1 ↓ → SO1 time UCK1 ↓ → UO1 time UCK2 ↓ → UO2 time	t _{SLOV}	SCK1, SO1 UCK1, UO1 UCK2, UO2		0	200	ns	
Valid SI1 → SCK1 ↑ Valid UI1 → UCK1 ↑ Valid UI2 → UCK2 ↑	t _{IVSH}	SI1, SCK1 UI1, UCK1 UI2, UCK2		1/2 t _{inst} *	—	μs	
SCK1 ↓ → valid SI1 hold time UCK1 ↓ → valid UI1 hold time UCK2 ↓ → valid UI2 hold time	t _{SHIX}	SCK1, SI1 UCK1, UI1 UCK2, UI2		1/2 t _{inst} *	—	μs	

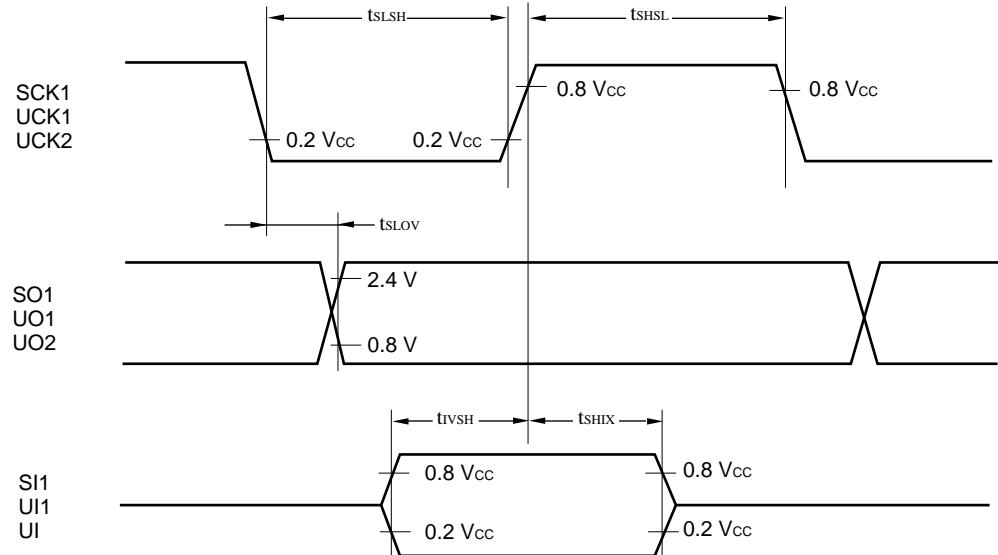
* : For information on t_{inst}, see "(4) Instruction Cycle."

MB89630 Series

Internal Shift Clock Mode



External Shift Clock Mode

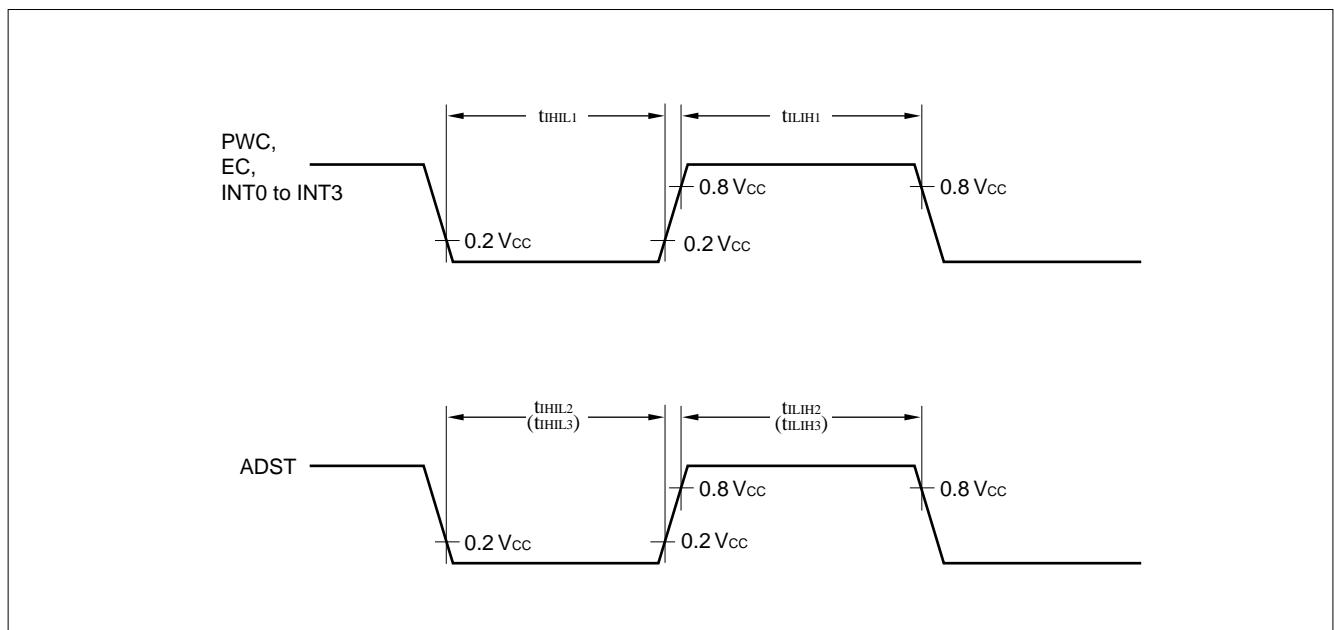


(10) Peripheral Input Timing

($V_{CC} = +5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min.	Max.		
Peripheral input "H" pulse width 1	t_{ILIH1}	PWC, INT0 to INT3,EC	$2 t_{inst}^*$	—	μs	
Peripheral input "L" pulse width 1	t_{IHIL1}		$2 t_{inst}^*$	—	μs	
Peripheral input "H" pulse width 2	t_{ILIH2}	ADST	$2^8 t_{inst}^*$	—	μs	A/D mode
Peripheral input "L" pulse width 2	t_{IHIL2}		$2^8 t_{inst}^*$	—	μs	A/D mode
Peripheral input "H" pulse width 3	t_{ILIH3}	ADST	$2^8 t_{inst}^*$	—	μs	Sense mode
Peripheral input "L" pulse width 3	t_{IHIL3}		$2^8 t_{inst}^*$	—	μs	Sense mode

* : For information on t_{inst} , see "(4) Instruction Cycle."



MB89630 Series

5. A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 3.5 V to 6.0 V, F_{CH} = 10 MHz, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

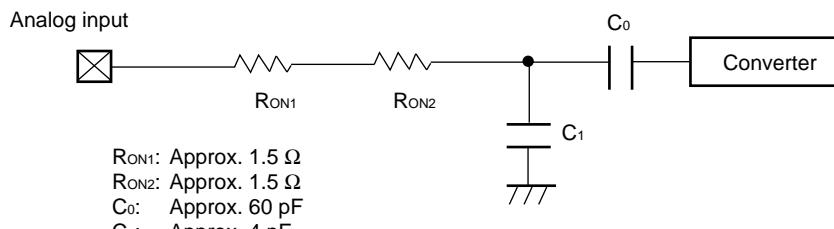
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Value			Unit	Remarks
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Resolution	—	—	—	—	10	bit	At AV _{CC} = V _{CC}
Linearity error			—	—	±2.0	LSB	
Differential linearity error			—	—	±1.5	LSB	
Total error			—	—	±3.0	LSB	
Zero transition voltage	V _{OT}	AN0 to AN7	AV _{SS} - 1.5 LSB	AV _{SS} + 0.5 LSB	AV _{SS} + 2.5 LSB	mV	At 10 MHz oscillation
Full-scale transition voltage	V _{FST}		AVR - 3.5 LSB	AVR - 1.5 LSB	AVR + 0.5 LSB	mV	
Interchannel disparity	—	—	—	—	4	LSB	
A/D mode conversion time			—	13.2	—	μs	
Analog port input current	I _{AIN}	AN0 to AN7	—	—	10	μA	AVR = 5.0 V
Analog input voltage	—		0.0	—	AVR	V	
Reference voltage	AVR	0.0	—	AV _{CC}	V		
Reference voltage supply current		I _R	—	200	—	μA	

Precautions:

- The smaller the | AVR - AV_{SS} |, the greater the error would become relatively.

- The output impedance of the external circuit for the analog input must satisfy the following conditions:
Output impedance of the external circuit < Approx. 10 kΩ
If the output impedance of the external circuit is too high, an analog voltage sampling time might be insufficient (sampling time = 6 μs at 10MHz oscillation.)

Analog Input Circuit Model



R_{ON1}: Approx. 1.5 Ω
 R_{ON2}: Approx. 1.5 Ω
 C₀: Approx. 60 pF
 C₁: Approx. 4 pF

Note: The values mentioned here should be used as a guideline.

6. A/D Converter Glossary

- Resolution

Analog changes that are identifiable with the A/D converter.

- Linearity error

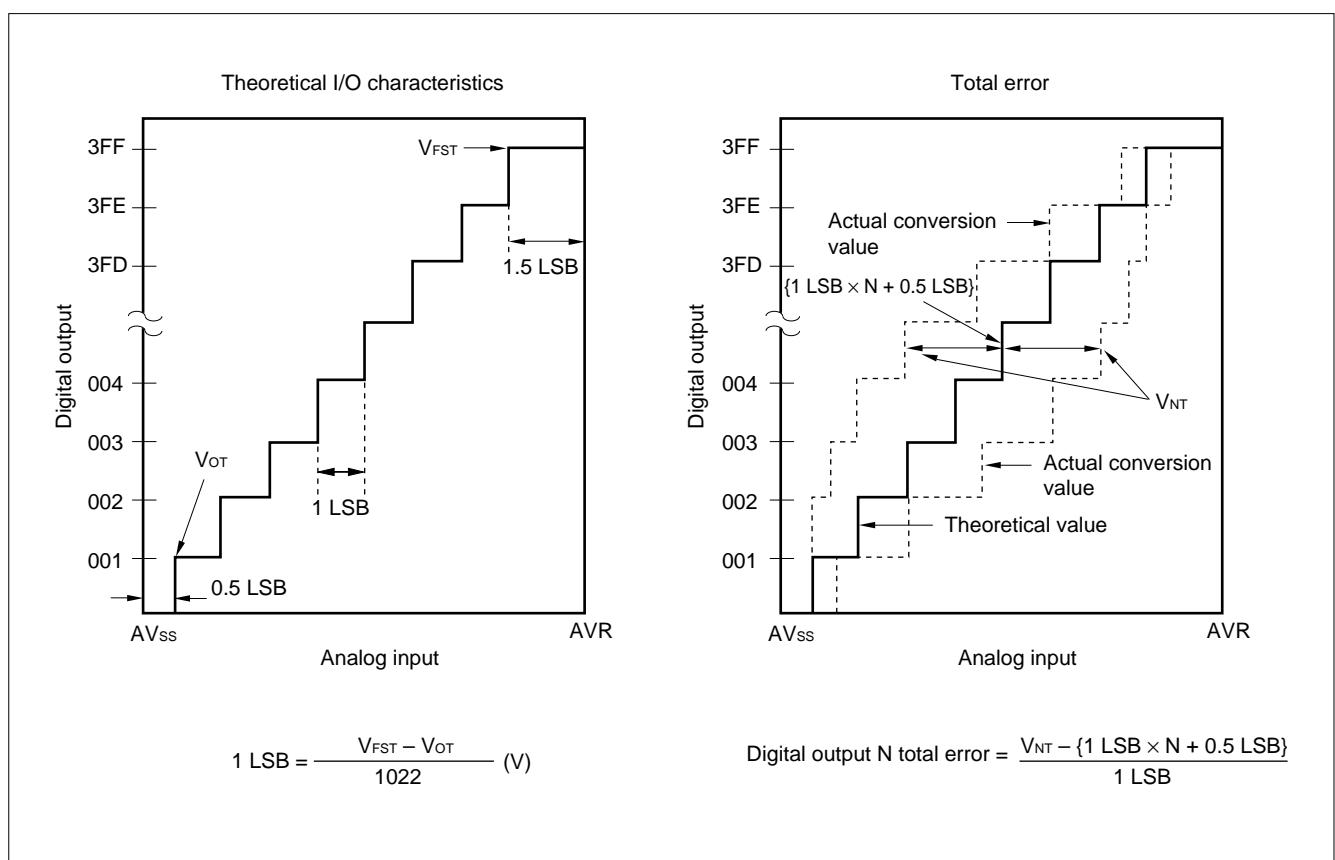
The deviation of the straight line connecting the zero transition point ("00 0000 0000" ↔ "00 0000 0001") with the full-scale transition point ("11 1111 1110" ↔ "11 1111 1111") from actual conversion characteristics

- Differential linearity error

The deviation of input voltage needed to change the output code by 1 LSB from the theoretical value

- Total error (unit: LSB)

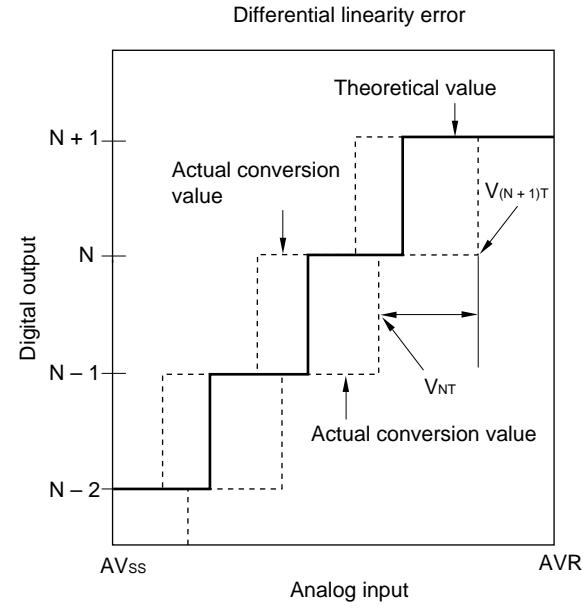
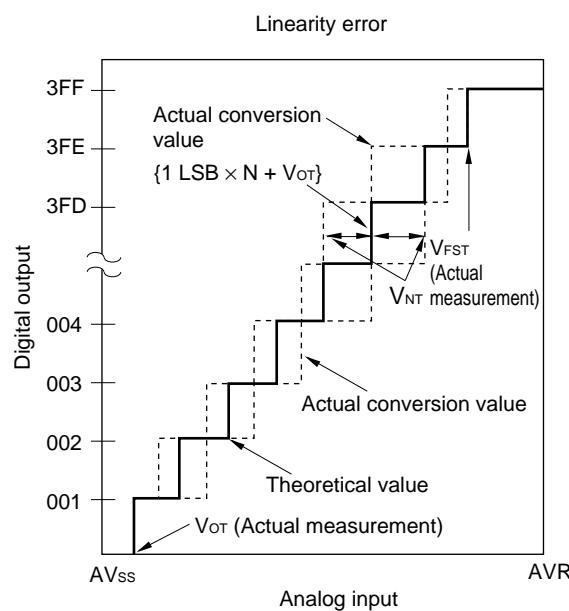
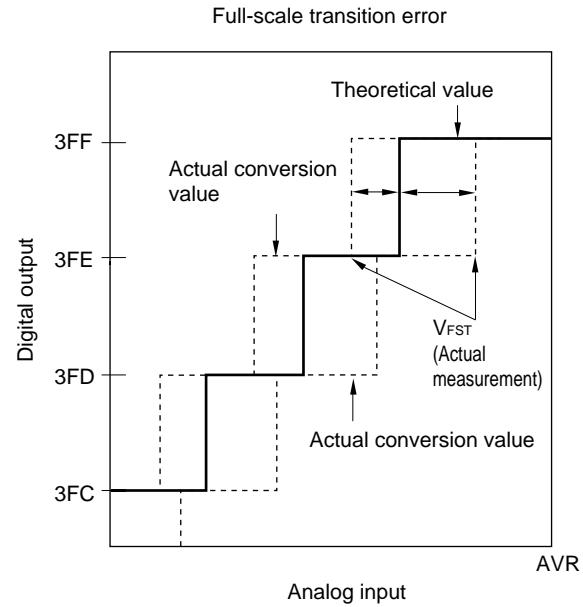
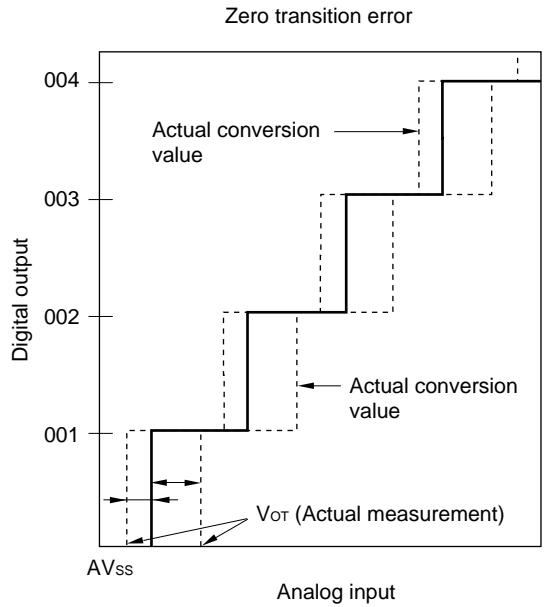
The difference between theoretical and actual conversion values caused by the zero transition error, full-scale transition error, linearity error, quantization error, and noise



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MB89630 Series

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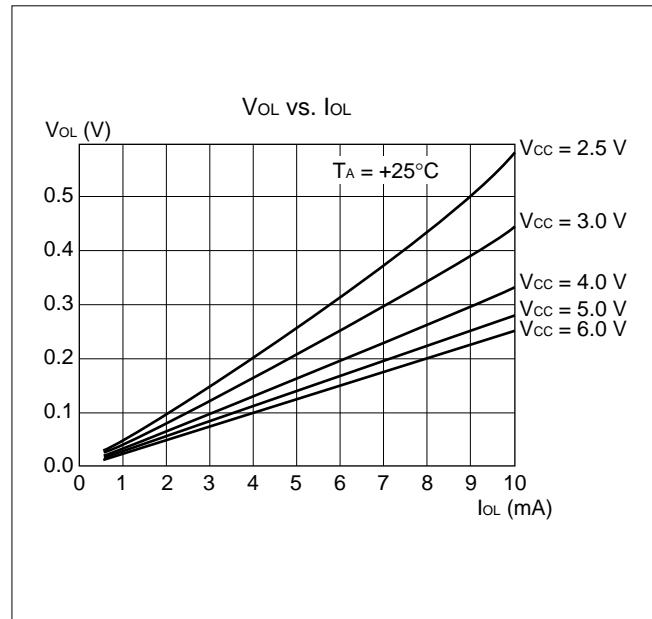


$$\text{Digital output } N \text{ linearity error} = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1 \text{ LSB} \times N + V_{OT}\}}{1 \text{ LSB}}$$

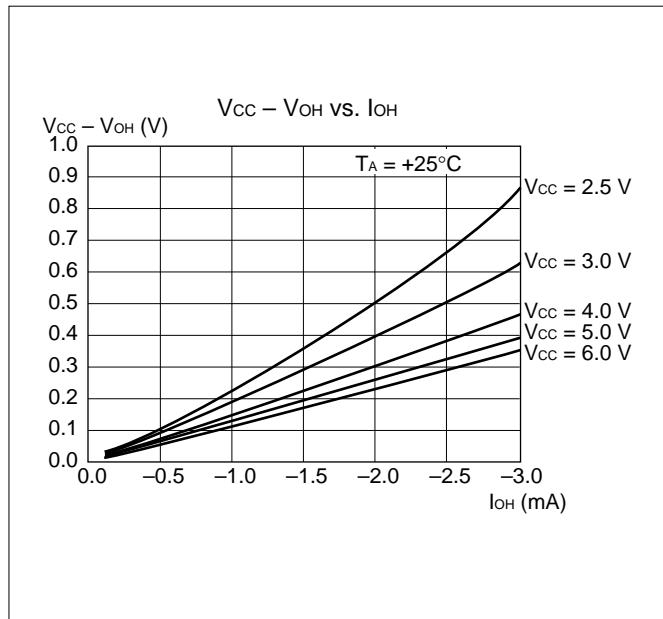
$$\text{Digital output } N \text{ differential linearity error} = \frac{V_{(N+1)T} - V_{NT}}{1 \text{ LSB}} - 1$$

■ EXAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS

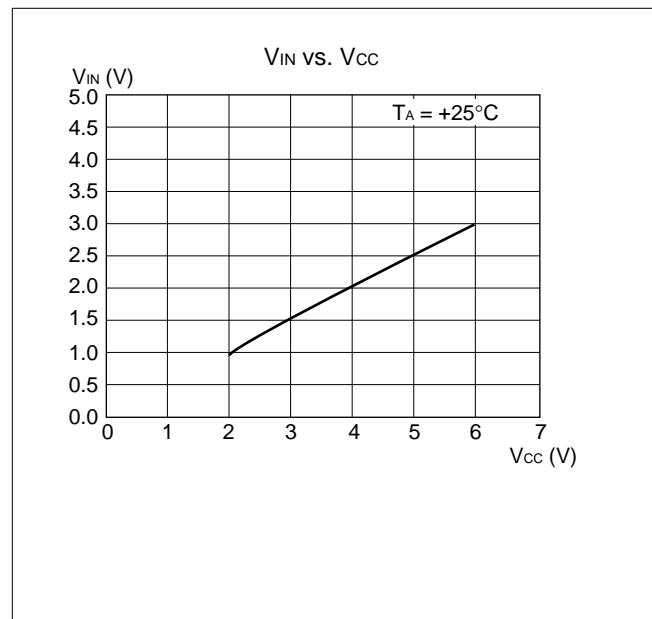
(1) "L" Level Output Voltage



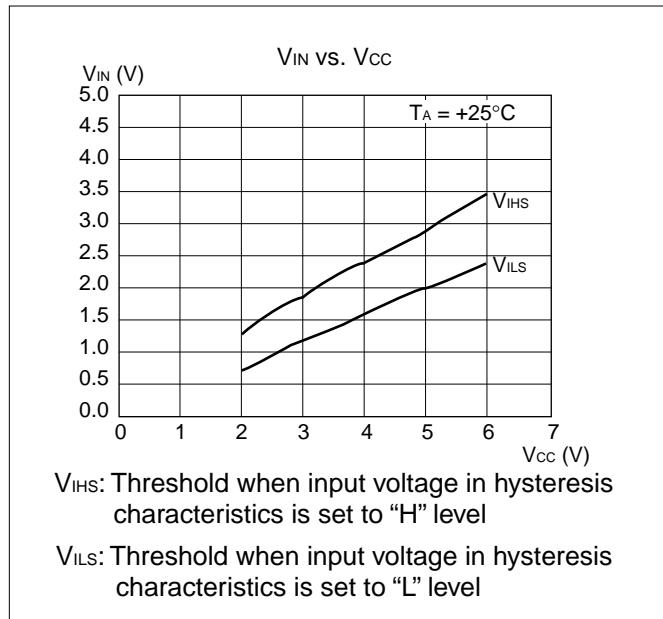
(2) "H" Level Output Voltage



(3) "H" Level Input Voltage/"L" Level Input Voltage (CMOS Input)

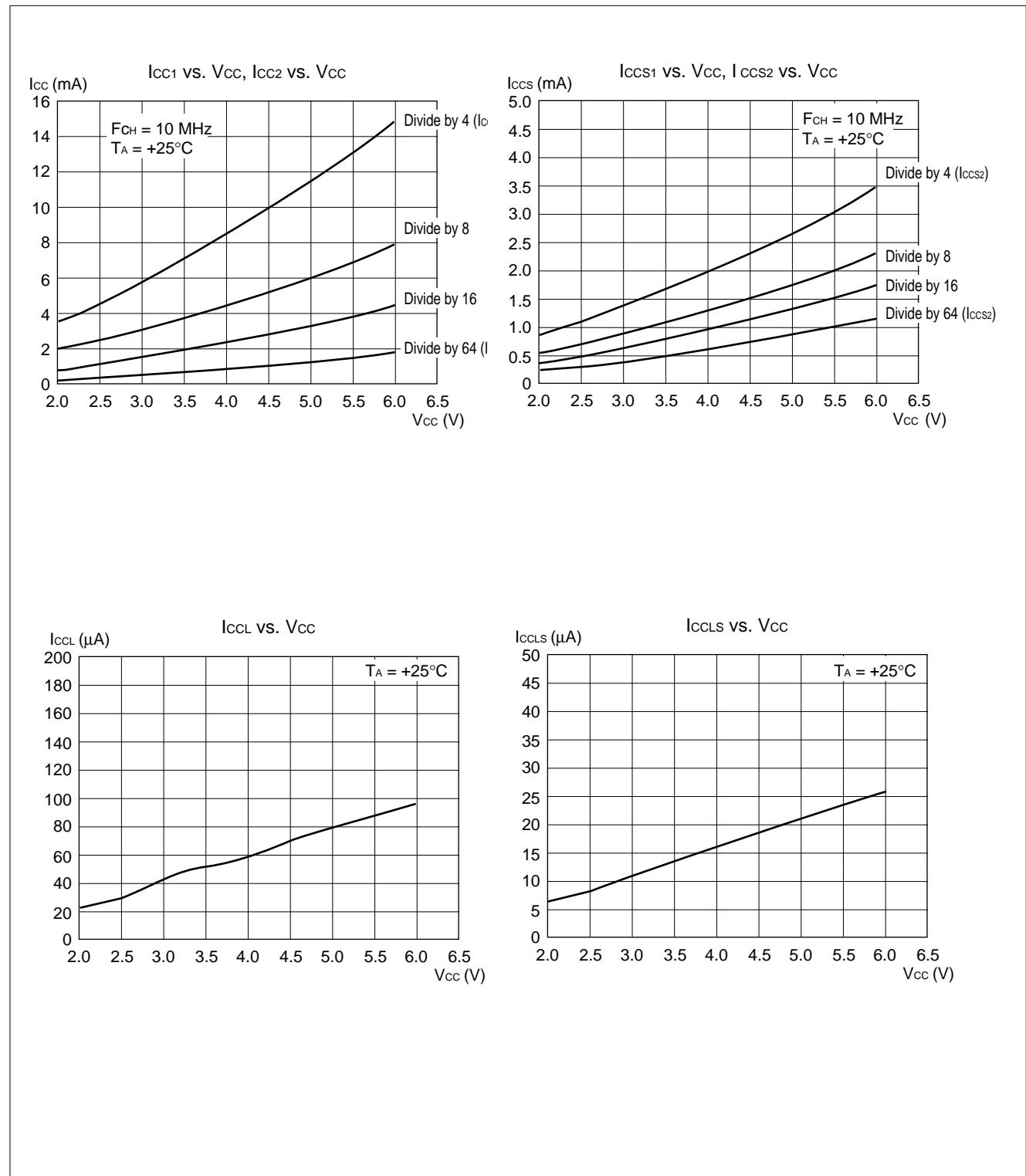


(4) "H" Level Input Voltage/"L" Level Input Voltage (Hysteresis Input)



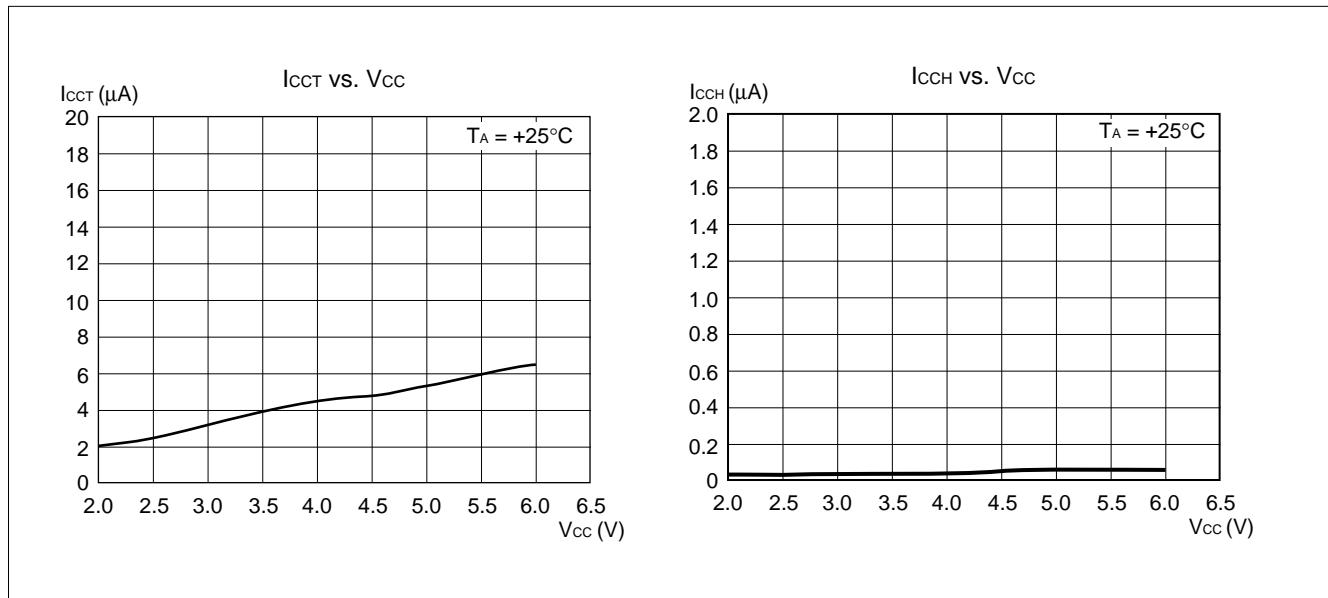
MB89630 Series

(5) Power Supply Current (External Clock)

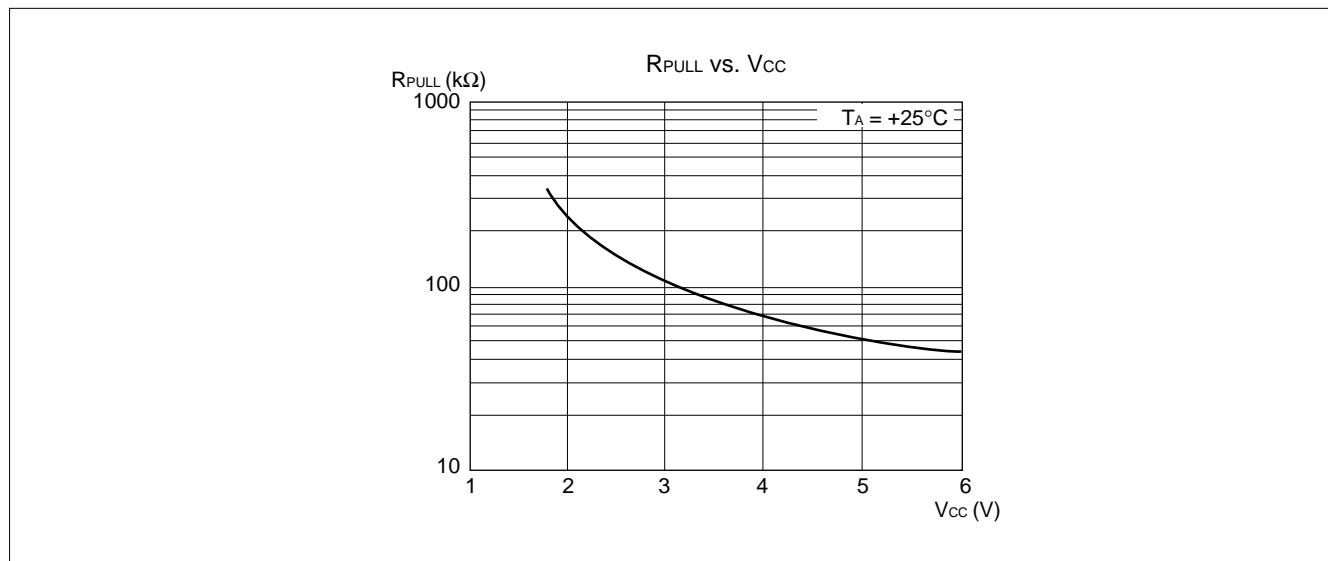


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(6) Pull-up Resistance



MB89630 Series

■ INSTRUCTIONS

Execution instructions can be divided into the following four groups:

- Transfer
- Arithmetic operation
- Branch
- Others

Table 1 lists symbols used for notation of instructions.

Table 1 Instruction Symbols

Symbol	Meaning
dir	Direct address (8 bits)
off	Offset (8 bits)
ext	Extended address (16 bits)
#vct	Vector table number (3 bits)
#d8	Immediate data (8 bits)
#d16	Immediate data (16 bits)
dir: b	Bit direct address (8:3 bits)
rel	Branch relative address (8 bits)
@	Register indirect (Example: @A, @IX, @EP)
A	Accumulator A (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.)
AH	Upper 8 bits of accumulator A (8 bits)
AL	Lower 8 bits of accumulator A (8 bits)
T	Temporary accumulator T (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.)
TH	Upper 8 bits of temporary accumulator T (8 bits)
TL	Lower 8 bits of temporary accumulator T (8 bits)
IX	Index register IX (16 bits)

(Continued)

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Symbol	Meaning
EP	Extra pointer EP (16 bits)
PC	Program counter PC (16 bits)
SP	Stack pointer SP (16 bits)
PS	Program status PS (16 bits)
dr	Accumulator A or index register IX (16 bits)
CCR	Condition code register CCR (8 bits)
RP	Register bank pointer RP (5 bits)
Ri	General-purpose register Ri (8 bits, i = 0 to 7)
×	Indicates that the very × is the immediate data. (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.)
(×)	Indicates that the contents of × is the target of accessing. (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.)
((×))	The address indicated by the contents of × is the target of accessing. (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.)

Columns indicate the following:

- Mnemonic: Assembler notation of an instruction
- ~: Number of instructions
- #: Number of bytes
- Operation: Operation of an instruction
- TL, TH, AH: A content change when each of the TL, TH, and AH instructions is executed. Symbols in the column indicate the following:
 - “_” indicates no change.
 - dH is the 8 upper bits of operation description data.
 - AL and AH must become the contents of AL and AH immediately before the instruction is executed.
 - 00 becomes 00.
- N, Z, V, C: An instruction of which the corresponding flag will change. If + is written in this column, the relevant instruction will change its corresponding flag.
- OP code: Code of an instruction. If an instruction is more than one code, it is written according to the following rule:
Example: 48 to 4F ← This indicates 48, 49, ... 4F.

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Table 2 Transfer Instructions (48 instructions)

Mnemonic	~	#	Operation	TL	TH	AH	NZVC	OP code
MOV dir,A	3	2	(dir) \leftarrow (A)	—	—	—	-----	45
MOV @IX +off,A	4	2	((IX) +off) \leftarrow (A)	—	—	—	-----	46
MOV ext,A	4	3	(ext) \leftarrow (A)	—	—	—	-----	61
MOV @EP,A	3	1	((EP)) \leftarrow (A)	—	—	—	-----	47
MOV Ri,A	3	1	(Ri) \leftarrow (A)	—	—	—	-----	48 to 4F
MOV A,#d8	2	2	(A) \leftarrow d8	AL	—	—	++--	04
MOV A,dir	3	2	(A) \leftarrow (dir)	AL	—	—	++--	05
MOV A,@IX +off	4	2	(A) \leftarrow ((IX) +off)	AL	—	—	++--	06
MOV A,ext	4	3	(A) \leftarrow (ext)	AL	—	—	++--	60
MOV A,@A	3	1	(A) \leftarrow ((A))	AL	—	—	++--	92
MOV A,@EP	3	1	(A) \leftarrow ((EP))	AL	—	—	++--	07
MOV A,Ri	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (Ri)	AL	—	—	++--	08 to 0F
MOV dir,#d8	4	3	(dir) \leftarrow d8	—	—	—	-----	85
MOV @IX +off,#d8	5	3	((IX) +off) \leftarrow d8	—	—	—	-----	86
MOV @EP,#d8	4	2	((EP)) \leftarrow d8	—	—	—	-----	87
MOV Ri,#d8	4	2	(Ri) \leftarrow d8	—	—	—	-----	88 to 8F
MOVW dir,A	4	2	(dir) \leftarrow (AH), (dir + 1) \leftarrow (AL)	—	—	—	-----	D5
MOVW @IX +off,A	5	2	((IX) +off) \leftarrow (AH), ((IX) +off + 1) \leftarrow (AL)	—	—	—	-----	D6
MOVW ext,A	5	3	(ext) \leftarrow (AH), (ext + 1) \leftarrow (AL)	—	—	—	-----	D4
MOVW @EP,A	4	1	((EP)) \leftarrow (AH), ((EP) + 1) \leftarrow (AL)	—	—	—	-----	D7
MOVW EP,A	2	1	(EP) \leftarrow (A)	—	—	—	-----	E3
MOVW A,#d16	3	3	(A) \leftarrow d16	AL	AH	dH	++--	E4
MOVW A,dir	4	2	(AH) \leftarrow (dir), (AL) \leftarrow (dir + 1)	AL	AH	dH	++--	C5
MOVW A,@IX +off	5	2	(AH) \leftarrow ((IX) +off), (AL) \leftarrow ((IX) +off + 1)	AL	AH	dH	++--	C6
MOVW A,ext	5	3	(AH) \leftarrow (ext), (AL) \leftarrow (ext + 1)	AL	AH	dH	++--	C4
MOVW A,@A	4	1	(AH) \leftarrow ((A)), (AL) \leftarrow ((A) + 1)	AL	AH	dH	++--	93
MOVW A,@EP	4	1	(AH) \leftarrow ((EP)), (AL) \leftarrow ((EP) + 1)	AL	AH	dH	++--	C7
MOVW A,EP	2	1	(A) \leftarrow (EP)	—	—	dH	-----	F3
MOVW EP,#d16	3	3	(EP) \leftarrow d16	—	—	—	-----	E7
MOVW IX,A	2	1	(IX) \leftarrow (A)	—	—	—	-----	E2
MOVW A,IX	2	1	(A) \leftarrow (IX)	—	—	dH	-----	F2
MOVW SP,A	2	1	(SP) \leftarrow (A)	—	—	—	-----	E1
MOVW A,SP	2	1	(A) \leftarrow (SP)	—	—	dH	-----	F1
MOV @A,T	3	1	((A)) \leftarrow (T)	—	—	—	-----	82
MOVW @A,T	4	1	((A)) \leftarrow (TH), ((A) + 1) \leftarrow (TL)	—	—	—	-----	83
MOVW IX,#d16	3	3	(IX) \leftarrow d16	—	—	—	-----	E6
MOVW A,PS	2	1	(A) \leftarrow (PS)	—	—	dH	-----	70
MOVW PS,A	2	1	(PS) \leftarrow (A)	—	—	—	++++	71
MOVW SP,#d16	3	3	(SP) \leftarrow d16	—	—	—	-----	E5
SWAP	2	1	(AH) \leftrightarrow (AL)	—	—	AL	-----	10
SETB dir: b	4	2	(dir): b \leftarrow 1	—	—	—	-----	A8 to AF
CLRB dir: b	4	2	(dir): b \leftarrow 0	—	—	—	-----	
XCH A,T	2	1	(AL) \leftrightarrow (TL)	AL	—	—	-----	42
XCHW A,T	3	1	(A) \leftrightarrow (T)	AL	AH	dH	-----	43
XCHW A,EP	3	1	(A) \leftrightarrow (EP)	—	—	dH	-----	F7
XCHW A,IX	3	1	(A) \leftrightarrow (IX)	—	—	dH	-----	F6
XCHW A,SP	3	1	(A) \leftrightarrow (SP)	—	—	dH	-----	F5
MOVW A,PC	2	1	(A) \leftarrow (PC)	—	—	dH	-----	F0

Notes: • During byte transfer to A, T \leftarrow A is restricted to low bytes.

- Operands in more than one operand instruction must be stored in the order in which their mnemonics are written. (Reverse arrangement of F²MC-8 family)

Table 3 Arithmetic Operation Instructions (62 instructions)

Mnemonic	~	#	Operation	TL	TH	AH	NZVC	OP code
ADDC A,Ri	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (A) + (Ri) + C	-	-	-	++++	28 to 2F
ADDC A,#d8	2	2	(A) \leftarrow (A) + d8 + C	-	-	-	++++	24
ADDC A,dir	3	2	(A) \leftarrow (A) + (dir) + C	-	-	-	++++	25
ADDC A,@IX +off	4	2	(A) \leftarrow (A) + ((IX) +off) + C	-	-	-	++++	26
ADDC A,@EP	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (A) + ((EP)) + C	-	-	-	++++	27
ADDCW A	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (A) + (T) + C	-	-	dH	++++	23
ADDC A	2	1	(AL) \leftarrow (AL) + (TL) + C	-	-	-	++++	22
SUBC A,Ri	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (A) - (Ri) - C	-	-	-	++++	38 to 3F
SUBC A,#d8	2	2	(A) \leftarrow (A) - d8 - C	-	-	-	++++	34
SUBC A,dir	3	2	(A) \leftarrow (A) - (dir) - C	-	-	-	++++	35
SUBC A,@IX +off	4	2	(A) \leftarrow (A) - ((IX) +off) - C	-	-	-	++++	36
SUBC A,@EP	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (A) - ((EP)) - C	-	-	-	++++	37
SUBCW A	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (T) - (A) - C	-	-	dH	++++	33
SUBC A	2	1	(AL) \leftarrow (TL) - (AL) - C	-	-	-	++++	32
INC Ri	4	1	(Ri) \leftarrow (Ri) + 1	-	-	-	+++-	C8 to CF
INCW EP	3	1	(EP) \leftarrow (EP) + 1	-	-	-	-----	C3
INCW IX	3	1	(IX) \leftarrow (IX) + 1	-	-	-	-----	C2
INCW A	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (A) + 1	-	-	dH	++--	C0
DEC Ri	4	1	(Ri) \leftarrow (Ri) - 1	-	-	-	+++-	D8 to DF
DECW EP	3	1	(EP) \leftarrow (EP) - 1	-	-	-	-----	D3
DECW IX	3	1	(IX) \leftarrow (IX) - 1	-	-	-	-----	D2
DECW A	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (A) - 1	-	-	dH	++--	D0
MULU A	19	1	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \times (TL)	-	-	dH	-----	01
DIVU A	21	1	(A) \leftarrow (T) / (AL), MOD \rightarrow (T)	dL	00	00	-----	11
ANDW A	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (A) \wedge (T)	-	-	dH	++ R-	63
ORW A	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (A) \vee (T)	-	-	dH	++ R-	73
XORW A	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (A) $\vee\vee$ (T)	-	-	dH	++ R-	53
CMP A	2	1	(TL) - (AL)	-	-	-	++++	12
CMPW A	3	1	(T) - (A)	-	-	-	++++	13
RORC A	2	1	\rightarrow C \rightarrow A	-	-	-	++-+	03
ROLC A	2	1	C \leftarrow A	-	-	-	++-+	02
CMP A,#d8	2	2	(A) - d8	-	-	-	++++	14
CMP A,dir	3	2	(A) - (dir)	-	-	-	++++	15
CMP A,@EP	3	1	(A) - ((EP))	-	-	-	++++	17
CMP A,@IX +off	4	2	(A) - ((IX) +off)	-	-	-	++++	16
CMP A,Ri	3	1	(A) - (Ri)	-	-	-	++++	18 to 1F
DAA	2	1	Decimal adjust for addition	-	-	-	++++	84
DAS	2	1	Decimal adjust for subtraction	-	-	-	++++	94
XOR A	2	1	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee (TL)	-	-	-	++ R-	52
XOR A,#d8	2	2	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee d8	-	-	-	++ R-	54
XOR A,dir	3	2	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee (dir)	-	-	-	++ R-	55
XOR A,@EP	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee ((EP))	-	-	-	++ R-	57
XOR A,@IX +off	4	2	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee ((IX) +off)	-	-	-	++ R-	56
XOR A,Ri	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee (Ri)	-	-	-	++ R-	58 to 5F
AND A	2	1	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \wedge (TL)	-	-	-	++ R-	62
AND A,#d8	2	2	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \wedge d8	-	-	-	++ R-	64
AND A,dir	3	2	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \wedge (dir)	-	-	-	++ R-	65

(Continued)

MB89630 Series

(Continued)

Mnemonic	~	#	Operation	TL	TH	AH	NZVC	OP code
AND A,@EP	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \wedge ((EP))	-	-	-	++ R -	67
AND A,@IX +off	4	2	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \wedge ((IX) +off)	-	-	-	++ R -	66
AND A,Ri	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \wedge (Ri)	-	-	-	++ R -	68 to 6F
OR A	2	1	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee (TL)	-	-	-	++ R -	72
OR A,#d8	2	2	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee d8	-	-	-	++ R -	74
OR A,dir	3	2	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee (dir)	-	-	-	++ R -	75
OR A,@EP	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee ((EP))	-	-	-	++ R -	77
OR A,@IX +off	4	2	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee ((IX) +off)	-	-	-	++ R -	76
OR A,Ri	3	1	(A) \leftarrow (AL) \vee (Ri)	-	-	-	++ R -	78 to 7F
CMP dir,#d8	5	3	(dir) - d8	-	-	-	+++ +	95
CMP @EP,#d8	4	2	((EP)) - d8	-	-	-	+++ +	97
CMP @IX +off,#d8	5	3	((IX) + off) - d8	-	-	-	+++ +	96
CMP Ri,#d8	4	2	(Ri) - d8	-	-	-	+++ +	98 to 9F
INCW SP	3	1	(SP) \leftarrow (SP) + 1	-	-	-	-----	C1
DECW SP	3	1	(SP) \leftarrow (SP) - 1	-	-	-	-----	D1

Table 4 Branch Instructions (17 instructions)

Mnemonic	~	#	Operation	TL	TH	AH	NZVC	OP code
BZ/BEQ rel	3	2	If Z = 1 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel	-	-	-	-----	FD
BNZ/BNE rel	3	2	If Z = 0 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel	-	-	-	-----	FC
BC/BLO rel	3	2	If C = 1 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel	-	-	-	-----	F9
BNC/BHS rel	3	2	If C = 0 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel	-	-	-	-----	F8
BN rel	3	2	If N = 1 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel	-	-	-	-----	FB
BP rel	3	2	If N = 0 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel	-	-	-	-----	FA
BLT rel	3	2	If V \forall N = 1 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel	-	-	-	-----	FF
BGE rel	3	2	If V \forall N = 0 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel	-	-	-	-----	FE
BBC dir: b,rel	5	3	If (dir: b) = 0 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel	-	-	-	-+--	B0 to B7
BBS dir: b,rel	5	3	If (dir: b) = 1 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel	-	-	-	-+--	B8 to BF
JMP @A	2	1	(PC) \leftarrow (A)	-	-	-	-----	E0
JMP ext	3	3	(PC) \leftarrow ext	-	-	-	-----	21
CALLV #vct	6	1	Vector call	-	-	-	-----	E8 to EF
CALL ext	6	3	Subroutine call	-	-	-	-----	31
XCHW A,PC	3	1	(PC) \leftarrow (A), (A) \leftarrow (PC) + 1	-	-	dH	-----	F4
RET	4	1	Return from subroutine	-	-	-	-----	20
RETI	6	1	Return form interrupt	-	-	-	Restore	30

Table 5 Other Instructions (9 instructions)

Mnemonic	~	#	Operation	TL	TH	AH	NZVC	OP code
PUSHW A	4	1		-	-	-	-----	40
POPW A	4	1		-	-	dH	-----	50
PUSHW IX	4	1		-	-	-	-----	41
POPW IX	4	1		-	-	-	-----	51
NOP	1	1		-	-	-	-----	00
CLRC	1	1		-	-	-	--- R	81
SETC	1	1		-	-	-	--- S	91
CLRI	1	1		-	-	-	-----	80
SETI	1	1		-	-	-	-----	90

■ INSTRUCTION MAP

L	H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	NOP	SWAP	RET	PUSHW	A	MOV	A,ext	MOVW	A,PS	CLRI	SETI	CLRB	BBC	INCW	A	JMP	MOVW A,PC
1	MULL	DIVU	JMP	CALL	addr16	PUSHW	I _X	POPW	I _X	CLRC	SETC	CLRB	BBC	INCW	SP	DECW SP	MOVW A,SP
2	ROL	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A	XCH	A,T	XOR	A	AND	OR	MOV	A,@A	CLRB	dir:1	DECW IX	MOVW A,I _X
3	RORC	CMPW	ADDCW	SUBCW	A	XCHW	A,T	XORW	A	ANDW	ORW	MOVW	A,@A	CLRB	dir:2	DECW IX	MOVW A,EP
4	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,#d8	XOR	A,#d8	AND	OR	DAA	DAS	CLRB	BBC	INCW	SP	DECW EP	MOVW A,EP
5	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,dir	MOV	dir,A	XOR	A,dir	AND	OR	MOV	dir:#d8	CMP	dir:5	CLRB BBC	MOVW SP,d16
6	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,@X+d	MOV	@X+d,A	XOR	A,@X+d	AND	OR	MOV	@X+d#d8	CMP	dir:6	CLRB BBC	MOVW A,dir
7	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,@EP	MOV	@EP,A	XOR	A,@EP	AND	OR	MOV	@EP#d8	CMP	dir:7	CLRB BBC	MOVW A,dir:5,rel
8	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,R0	MOV	R0,A	XOR	A,R0	AND	OR	MOV	R0#d8	SETB	dir:0	CLRB BBC	MOVW A,dir:6,rel
9	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,R1	MOV	R1,A	XOR	A,R1	AND	OR	MOV	R1#d8	SETB	dir:1	CLRB BBC	MOVW A,dir:7,rel
A	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,R2	MOV	R2,A	XOR	A,R2	AND	OR	MOV	R2#d8	SETB	dir:2	CLRB BBC	MOVW A,dir:8,rel
B	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,R3	MOV	R3,A	XOR	A,R3	AND	OR	MOV	R3#d8	SETB	dir:3	CLRB BBC	MOVW A,dir:9,rel
C	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,R4	MOV	R4,A	XOR	A,R4	AND	OR	MOV	R4#d8	SETB	dir:4	CLRB BBC	MOVW A,BN
D	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,R5	MOV	R5,A	XOR	A,R5	AND	OR	MOV	R5#d8	SETB	dir:5	CLRB BBC	MOVW A,BZ
E	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,R6	MOV	R6,A	XOR	A,R6	AND	OR	MOV	R6#d8	SETB	dir:6	CLRB BBC	MOVW A,BGE
F	MOV	CMP	ADD	SUBC	A,R7	MOV	R7,A	XOR	A,R7	AND	OR	MOV	R7#d8	SETB	dir:7	CLRB BBC	MOVW A,BLT

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■ MASK OPTIONS

No.	Part number	MB89635 MB89636 MB89637	MB89P637 MB89W637	MB89PV630 MB89T635 MB89T637
	Specifying procedure	Specify when ordering masking	Set with EPROM programmer	Setting not possible
1	Pull-up resistors └ P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P50 to P53, P72 to P74	Selectable by pin	Can be set per pin*	Fixed to without pull-up resistor
2	Power-on reset selection └ With power-on reset └ Without power-on reset	Selectable	Setting possible	Fixed to with power-on reset
3	Selection of the main clock oscillation stabilization time (at 10 MHz) └ Approx. $2^{18}/F_{CH}$ (Approx. 26.2 ms) └ Approx. $2^{17}/F_{CH}$ (Approx. 13.1 ms) └ Approx. $2^{14}/F_{CH}$ (Approx. 1.6 ms) └ Approx. $2^4/F_{CH}$ (Approx. 0 ms) F_{CH} : Main clock frequency	Selectable	Setting possible	Fixed to $2^{18}/F_{CH}$ (Approx. 26.2 ms)
4	Reset pin output └ Reset output provided └ No reset output	Selectable	Setting possible	Fixed to with reset output
5	Single/dual-clock system └ Single clock └ Dual clock	Selectable	Setting possible	MB89PV630-101 Single-clock system MB89T635-101 Single-clock system MB89T637-101 Single-clock system <hr/> MB89PV630-102 Dual-clock systems MB89T635-102 Dual-clock systems MB89T637-101 Dual-clock systems

* : Pull-up resistors cannot be set for P50 to P53.

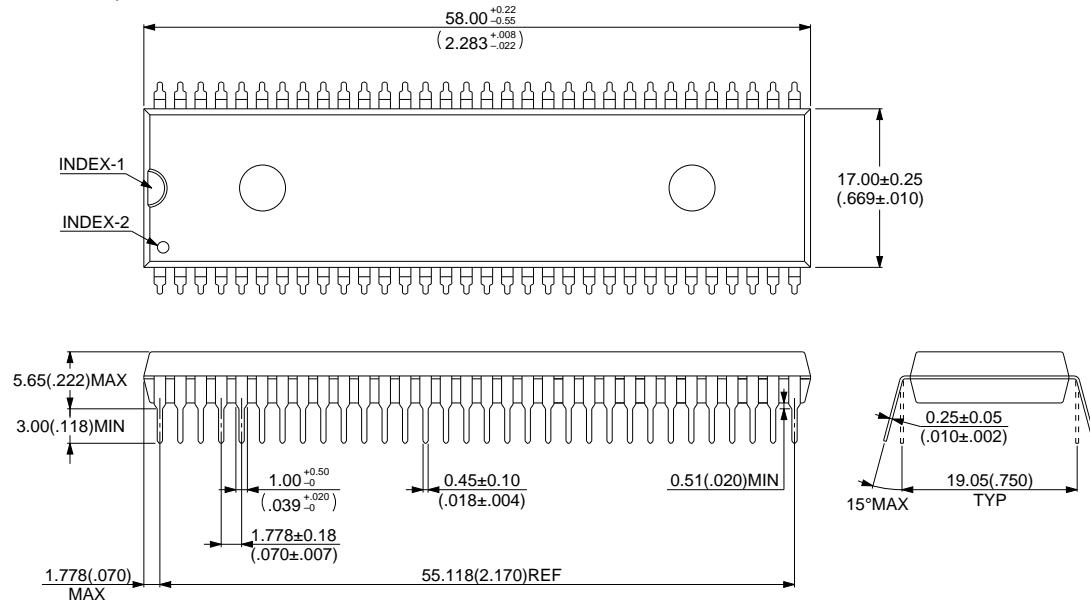
■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB89635P-SH MB89636P-SH MB89637P-SH MB89P637-SH MB89T635P-SH	64-pin Plastic SH-DIP (DIP-64P-M01)	
MB89635PF MB89636PF MB89637PF MB89P637PF MB89T635PF	64-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-64P-M06)	
MB89635PFM MB89636PFM MB89637PFM MB89T635PFM	64-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-64P-M09)	
MB89W637C-SH	64-pin Ceramic SH-DIP (DIP-64C-A06)	
MB89PV630C-SH	64-pin Ceramic MDIP (MDP-64C-P02)	
MB89PV630CF	64-pin Ceramic MQFP (MQP-64C-P01)	

MB89630 Series

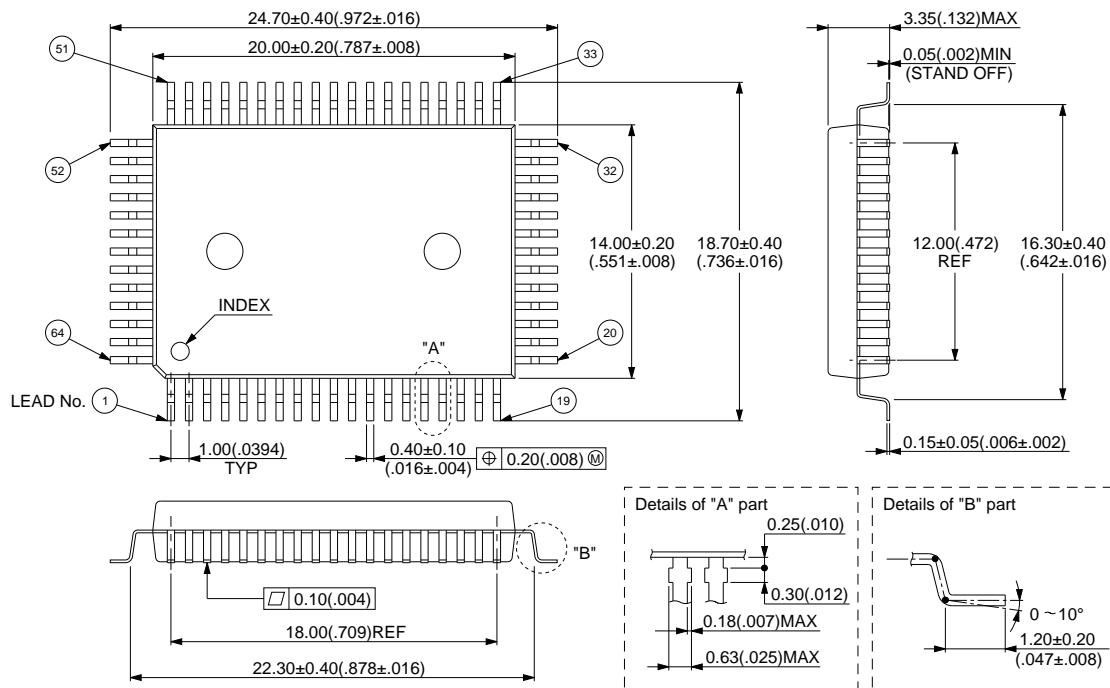
■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

64-pin Plastic SH-DIP
(DIP-64P-M01)



Dimensions in mm (inches)

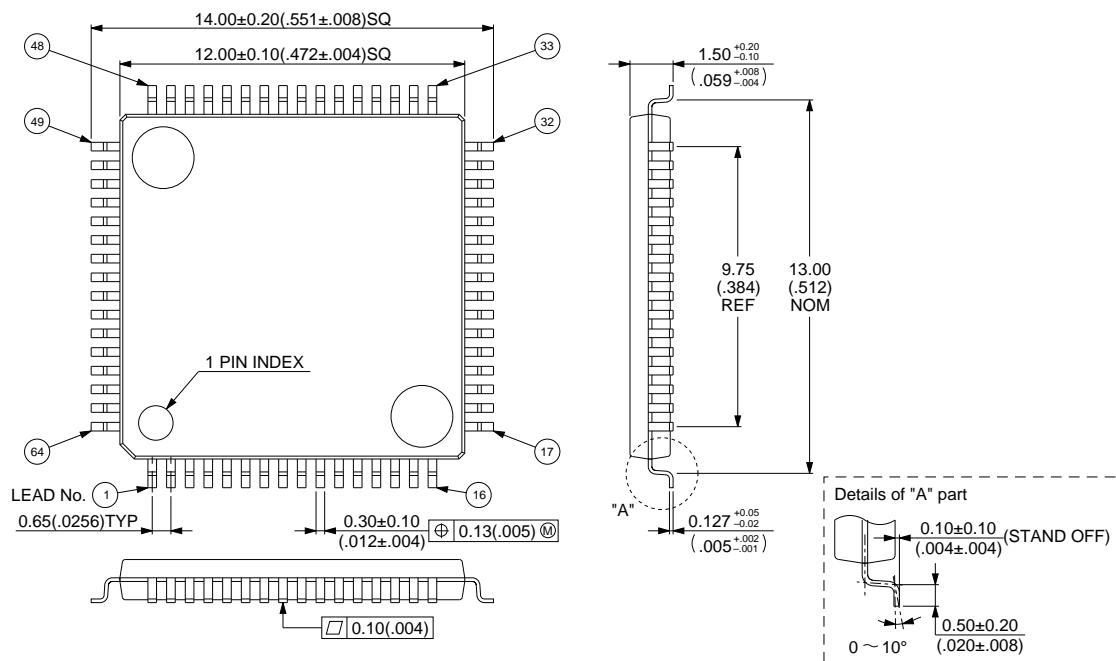
64-pin Plastic QFP
(FPT-64P-M06)



Dimensions in mm (inches)

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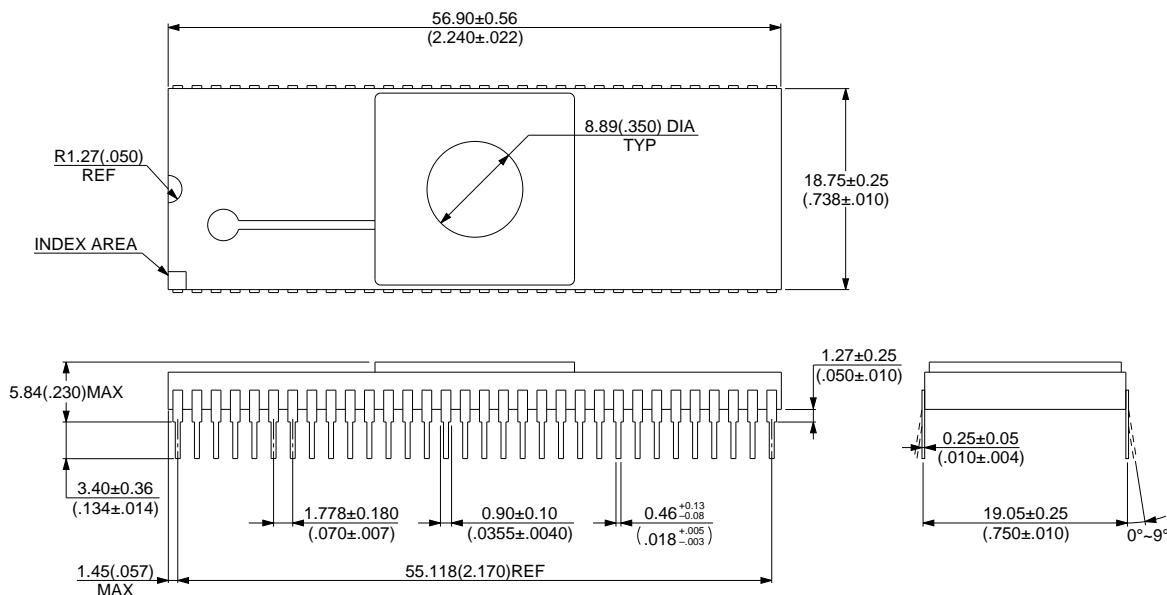
64-pin Plastic QFP
(FPT-64P-M09)



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Dimensions in mm (inches)

64-pin Ceramic SH-DIP
(DIP-64C-A06)

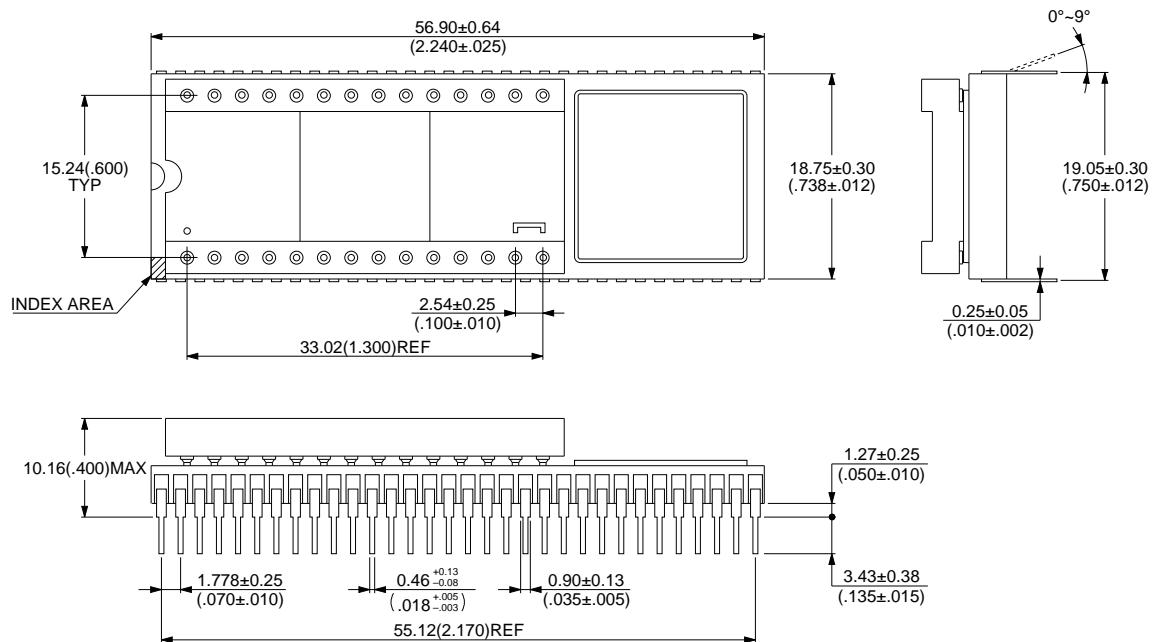


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Dimensions in mm (inches)

MB89630 Series

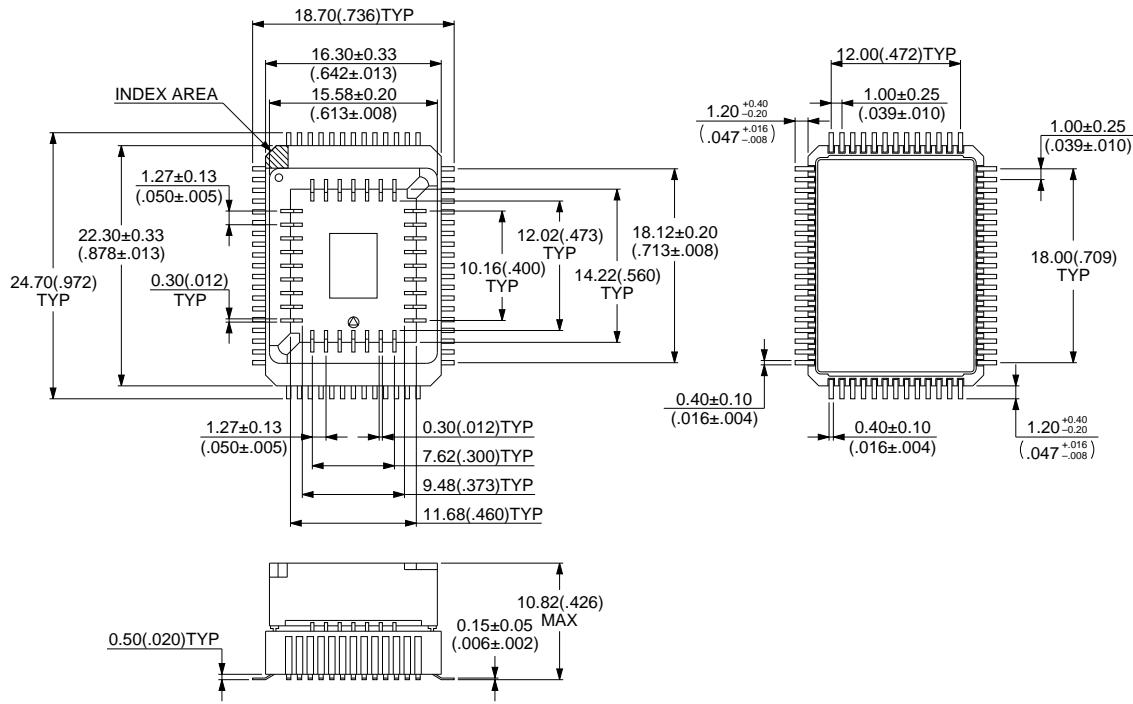
64-pin Ceramic MDIP
(MDP-64C-P02)



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Dimensions in mm (inches)

64-pin Ceramic MQFP
(MQP-64C-P01)



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Dimensions in mm (inches)

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