

Non-Volatile SRAM MODULE 8Mbit (1,024K X 8-Bit), 36Pin-DIP, 5V Part No. HMN1M8D

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The HMN1M8D Nonvolatile SRAM is a 8,388,608-bit static RAM organized as 1,048,576 bytes by 8 bits. The HMN1M8D has a self-contained lithium energy source provide reliable non-volatility coupled with the unlimited write cycles of standard SRAM and integral control circuitry which constantly monitors the single 5V supply for an out-oftolerance condition. When such a condition occurs, the lithium energy source is automatically switched on to sustain the memory until after V_{CC} returns valid and write protection is unconditionally enabled to prevent garbled data. In addition the SRAM is unconditionally write-protected to prevent an inadvertent write operation. At this time the integral energy source is switched on to sustain the memory until after V_{CC} returns valid.

The HMN1M8D uses extremely low standby current CMOS SRAM's, coupled with small lithium coin cells to provide nonvolatility without long write-cycle times and the write-cycle limitations associated with EEPROM.

FEATURES

- Access time : 70, 85, 120, 150 ns
- High-density design : 8Mbit Design
- · Battery internally isolated until power is applied
- Industry-standard 36-pin 1,024K x 8 pinout
- Unlimited write cycles

OPTIONS

70 ns

85 ns

120 ns

150 ns

Timing

- Data retention in the absence of V_{CC}
- 10-years minimum data retention in absence of power
- Automatic write-protection during power-up/power-down cycles

MARKING

- 70

- 85

-100

-150

· Data is automatically protected during power loss

NC C 1 36 Vcc NC 2 35 A19 3 34 A18 1 33 4 A15 A16 5 32 A14 A17 6 31 /WF A12 7 30 A13 A₇ 8 29 A₈ A₆ 9 28 A9 A₅ 10 27 A11 A₄ 11 26 /OE Аз 12 25 A10 A_2 13 24 /CE A1 23 14 DQ7 A₀ 22 15 DQ₆ DQ1 16 21 DQ₅ 17 20 $\Box DQ_4$

36-pin Encapsulated Package

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⊐ DQ₃

Vss 🗆

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PIN ASSIGNMENT

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

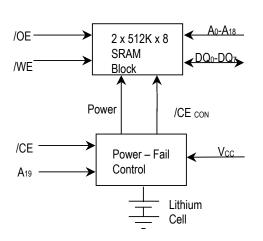
The HMN1M8D executes a read cycle whenever /WE is inactive(high) and /CE is active(low). The address specified by the address inputs(A_0 - A_{19}) defines which of the 1,048,576 bytes of data is accessed. Valid data will be available to the eight data output drivers within t_{ACC} (access time) after the last address input signal is stable.

When power is valid, the HMN1M8D operates as a standard CMOS SRAM. During power-down and power-up cycles, the HMN1M8D acts as a nonvolatile memory, automatically protecting and preserving the memory contents.

The HMN1M8D is in the write mode whenever the /WE and /CE signals are in the active (low) state after address inputs are stable. The later occurring falling edge of /CE or /WE will determine the start of the write cycle. The write cycle is terminated by the earlier rising edge of /CE or /WE. All address inputs must be kept valid throughout the write cycle. /WE must return to the high state for a minimum recovery time (t_{WR}) before another cycle can be initiated. The /OE control signal should be kept inactive (high) during write cycles to avoid bus contention. However, if the output bus been enabled (/CE and /OE active) then /WE will disable the outputs in t_{ODW} from its falling edge.

The HMN1M8D provides full functional capability for Vcc greater than 4.5 V and write protects by 4.37 V nominal. Powerdown/power-up control circuitry constantly monitors the Vcc supply for a power-fail-detect threshold V_{PFD} . When V_{CC} falls below the V_{PFD} threshold, the SRAM automatically write-protects the data. All inputs to the RAM become "don't care" and all outputs are high impedance. As Vcc falls below approximately 3 V, the power switching circuit connects the lithium energy soure to RAM to retain data. During power-up, when Vcc rises above approximately 3.0 volts, the power switching circuit connects external Vcc to the RAM and disconnects the lithium energy source. Normal RAM operation can resume after Vcc exceeds 4.5 volts.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

TRUTH TABLE

MODE	/OE	/CE	/WE	I/O OPERATION	POWER
Not selected	Х	Н	Х	High Z	Standby
Output disable	Н	L	Н	High Z	Active
Read	L	L	Н	D _{OUT}	Active
Write	Х	L	L	D _{IN}	Active

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	CONDITIONS
DC voltage applied on V_{CC} relative to V_{SS}	V _{cc}	-0.3V to 7.0V	
DC Voltage applied on any pin excluding V_{CC} relative to V_{SS}	V _T	-0.3V to 7.0V	$V_T \leq V_{CC}$ +0.3
	_	0 to 70°C	Commercial Temp.
Operating temperature	T _{OPR}	-40 to 85°C	Industrial Temp.
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-40°C to 70°C	
Temperature under bias	T _{BIAS}	-10°C to 70°C	
Soldering temperature	T _{SOLDER}	260°C	For 10 second

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if Absolute Maximum Ratings are exceeded.

Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended DC Operating Conditions detailed in this data sheet. Exposure to higher than recommended voltage for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS (T_A= T_{OPR})

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYPICAL	MAX
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	4.5V	5.0V	5.5V
Ground	V _{SS}	0	0	0
Input high voltage	V _{IH}	2.2	-	V _{CC} +0.3V
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	-0.3	-	0.8V

NOTE: Typical values indicate operation at T_A = 25 $^\circ\!\!\!\mathrm{C}$

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	МАХ	UNIT
Input Leakage Current	V_{IN} = V_{SS} to V_{CC}	I _{LI}	-	-	±2	μA
Output Leakage Current	/CE=V _{IH} or /OE=V _{IH} or /WE=V _{IL}	I _{LO}	-	-	±2	μA
Output high voltage	I _{OH} =-1.0mA	V _{OH}	2.4	-	-	V
Output low voltage	I _{OL} = 2.1mA	V _{OL}	-	-	0.4	V
Standby supply current	/CE=V _{IH}	I _{SB}	-	5	6	mA
Standby supply current	/CE \geq V _{CC} -0.2V, $0V \leq$ V _{IN} \leq 0.2V, or V _{IN} \geq V _{CC} -0.2V	I _{SB1}	-	2.5	200	μA
Operating supply current	Min.cycle,duty=100%, /CE=V _{IL} , I _{I/O} =0mA, A ₁₉ <v<sub>IL or A₁₉>V_{IH}</v<sub>	I _{CC}	-	75	180	mA
Power-fail-detect voltage		V _{PFD}	4.30	4.37	4.50	V
Supply switch-over voltage		V _{so}	-	3	-	V

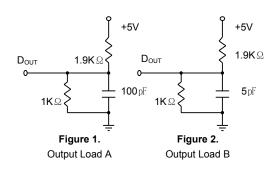
DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = T_{OPR}, V_{CCmin} \le V_{CC} \le V_{CCmax}$)
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CAPACITANCE (T_A=25°C, f=1MHz, V_{CC}=5.0V)

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MAX	MIN	UNIT
Input Capacitance	Input voltage = 0V	C _{IN}	20	-	рF
Input/Output Capacitance	Output voltage = 0V	C _{I/O}	20	-	pF

CHARACTERISTICS (Test Conditions)

PARAMETER	VALUE			
Input pulse levels	0 to 3V			
Input rise and fall times	5 ns			
Input and output timing	1.5V			
reference levels	(unless otherwise specified)			
Output load	Can Figures 1and 2			
(including scope and jig)	See Figures 1and 2			



			-70		-85		-120		-150		
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	МАХ	MIN	МАХ	MIN	MAX	MIN	МАХ	UNIT
Read Cycle Time	t _{RC}		70	-	85	-	120	-	150	-	ns
Address Access Time	t _{ACC}	Output load A	-	70	-	85	-	120	-	150	ns
Chip enable access time	t _{ACE}	Output load A	-	70	-	85	-	120	-	150	ns
Output enable to Output valid	t _{OE}	Output load A	-	35	-	45	-	60	-	70	ns
Chip enable to output in low Z	t _{CLZ}	Output load B	5	-	5	-	5	-	10	-	ns
Output enable to output in low Z	t _{oLZ}	Output load B	5	-	0	-	0	-	5	-	ns
Chip disable to output in high Z	t _{снz}	Output load B	0	25	0	35	0	45	0	60	ns
Output disable to output high Z	t _{онz}	Output load B	0	25	0	25	0	35	0	50	ns
Output hold from address change	t _{он}	Output load A	10	-	10	-	10	-	10	-	ns

READ CYCLE (T_A = T_{OPR} , $V_{CCmin} \leq V_{CC} \leq V_{CCmax}$)

WRITE CYCLE (T_A = T_{OPR} , $V_{ccmin} \leq V_{cc} \leq V_{ccmax}$)

			-7	70	-8	35	-1	20	-1	50	UNI
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Min	Max	т
Write Cycle Time	t _{wc}		70	-	85	-	120	-	150	1	ns
Chip enable to end of write	t _{cw}	Note 1	65	-	75	-	100	-	100	-	ns
Address setup time	t _{AS}	Note 2	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Address valid to end of write	t _{AW}	Note 1	65	-	75	-	100	-	90	1	ns
Write pulse width	t _{WP}	Note 1	55	-	65	-	85	-	90	-	ns
Write recovery time (write cycle 1)	t _{WR1}	Note 3	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	ns
Write recovery time (write cycle 2)	t _{WR2}	Note 3	15	-	15	-	15	-	15	-	ns
Data valid to end of write	t _{DW}		30	-	35	-	45	-	50	-	ns
Data hold time (write cycle 1)	t _{DH1}	Note 4	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Data hold time (write cycle 2)	t _{DH2}	Note 4	10	-	10	-	10	-	0	-	ns
Write enabled to output in high Z	t _{wz}	Note 5	0	25	0	30	0	40	0	50	ns
Output active from end of write	t _{ow}	Note 5	5	-	0	-	0	-	5	-	ns

NOTE: 1. A write ends at the earlier transition of /CE going high and /WE going high.

2. A write occurs during the overlap of allow /CE and a low /WE. A write begins at the later transition of /CE going low and /WE going low.

3. Either t_{WR1} or t_{WR2} must be met.

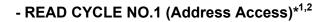
4. Either t_{DH1} or t_{DH2} must be met.

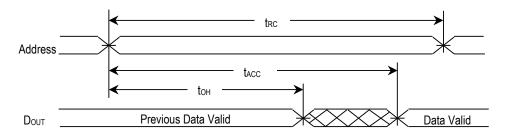
5. If /CE goes low simultaneously with /WE going low or after /WE going low, the outputs remain in high-impedance state.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC} slew, 4.75 to 4.25V	t _{PF}		300	-	-	μs
V_{CC} slew, 4.75 to V_{SO}	t _{FS}		10	-	-	μs
V_{CC} slew, V_{SO} to V_{PFD} (max)	t _{PU}		0	-	-	μs
Chip enable recovery time	t _{CER}	Time during which SRAM is write-protected after V_{CC} passes V_{PFD} on power-up.	40	80	120	ms
Data-retention time in Absence of V_{CC}	t _{DR}	T _A = 25 °C	5	-	-	years
Write-protect time	t _{WPT}	Delay after Vcc slews down past V _{PFD} before SRAM is Write-protected.	40	100	150	μs

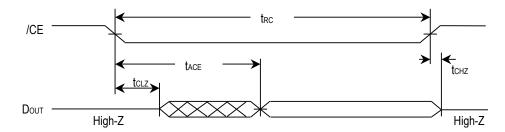
POWER-DOWN/POWER-UP CYCLE ($T_A = T_{OPR}, V_{CC} = 5V$)

TIMING WAVEFORM

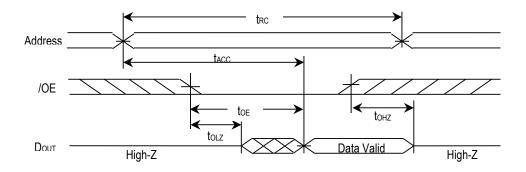




- READ CYCLE NO.2 (/CE Access)^{*1,3,4}



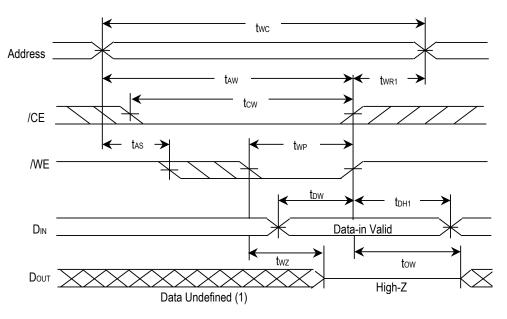
- READ CYCLE NO.3 (/OE Access) $^{^{\star\!1,5}}$



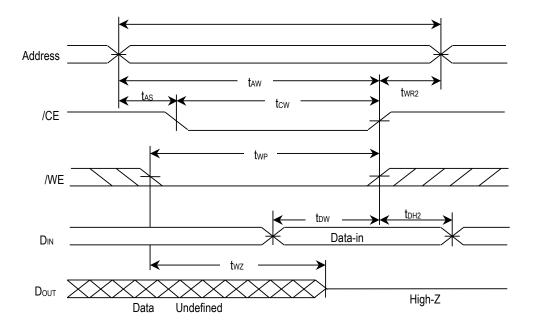
NOTES: 1. /WE is held high for a read cycle.

- 2. Device is continuously selected: /CE = /OE =V_{IL}.
- 3. Address is valid prior to or coincident with /CE transition low.
- 4. /OE = V_{IL} .
- 5. Device is continuously selected: /CE = V_{IL}

- WRITE CYCLE NO.1 (/WE-Controlled)*1,2,3

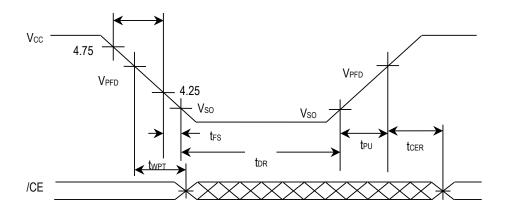


- WRITE CYCLE NO.2 (/CE-Controlled)*1,2,3,4,5



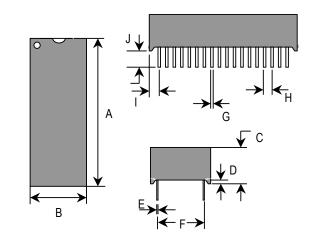
- **NOTE:** 1. /CE or /WE must be high during address transition.
 - 2. Because I/O may be active (/OE low) during this period, data input signals of opposite polarity to the outputs must not be applied.
 - 3. If $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is high, the I/O pins remain in a state of high impedance.
 - 4. Either t_{WR1} or t_{WR2} must be met.
 - 5. Either t_{DH1} or t_{DH2} must be met.

POWER-DOWN/POWER-UP TIMING



PACKAGE DIMENSION

Dimension	Min	Max
А	2.070	2.100
В	0.710	0.740
С	0.365	0.375
D	0.015	-
Е	0.008	0.013
F	0.590	0.630
G	0.017	0.023
Н	0.090	0.110
I	0.080	0.110
J	0.120	0.150



All dimensions are in inches.

ODERING INFORMATION

