

SUBSCRIBER LINE INTERFACE IC

The Fujitsu MB4752A is designed for PBX (Private Branch Exchange), it has battery feed, supervision and 4-wire to 2-wire conversion functions. Battery Feed mode can be established to $200\Omega \times 2$, $440\Omega \times 2$ constant feeding resistor, just changing the terminal connection. It is used the subscriber line interface circuit for digital PBX and CO. We can get much high longitudinal balance and 4W to 2W-gain and characteristics just adjusting external resistor. So it can use not only domestic use but also overseas use.

- $440\Omega \times 2 / 200\Omega \times 2$ feeding resistance
- Loop detection function
- Line fault protection
- Hybrid function (4-wire to 2-wire conversion function)
- Ring trip comparator
Balancing impedance is selected by an external parts
- Digital output terminal has open-collector output with a pull up resistor
- 28-pad LCC package: (Suffix:-TV)

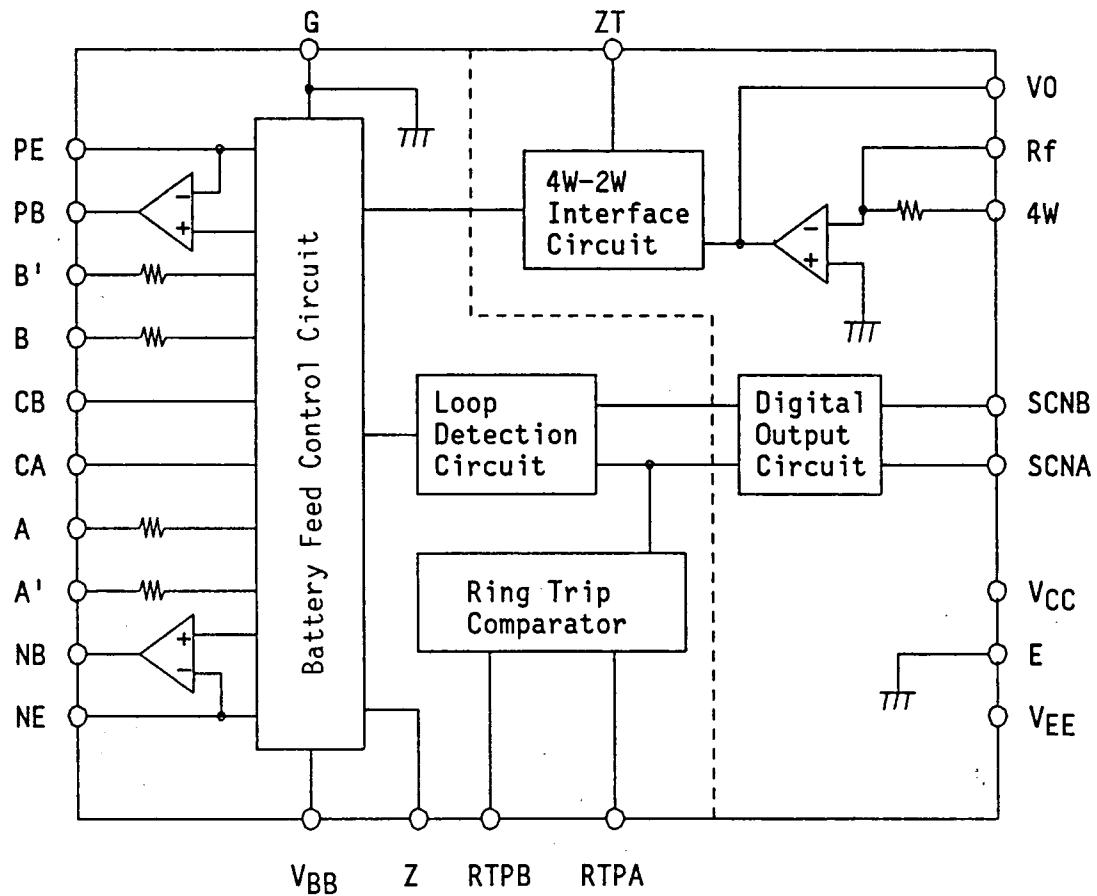
Absolute Maximum Rating (See Note)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V_{BB}	-60 to +0.5	V	Referenced to GND
	V_{CC}	-0.5 to +7	V	Referenced to E
	V_{EE}	-7 to +0.5	V	
	V_{EG}	-7.5 to +0.5	V	Referenced to GND
Input Voltage	V_A	$V_{BB}-0.5$ to +0.5	V	Referenced to GND
	V_B	$V_{BB}-0.5$ to +0.5	V	
	RTPA	$V_{BB}-0.5$ to $V_{BB}+30$	V	
	RTPB	-30 to +0.5	V	
	V_{4W}	$V_{EE}-0.5$ to $V_{CC}+0.5$	V	Referenced to E
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-55 to +150	°C	

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

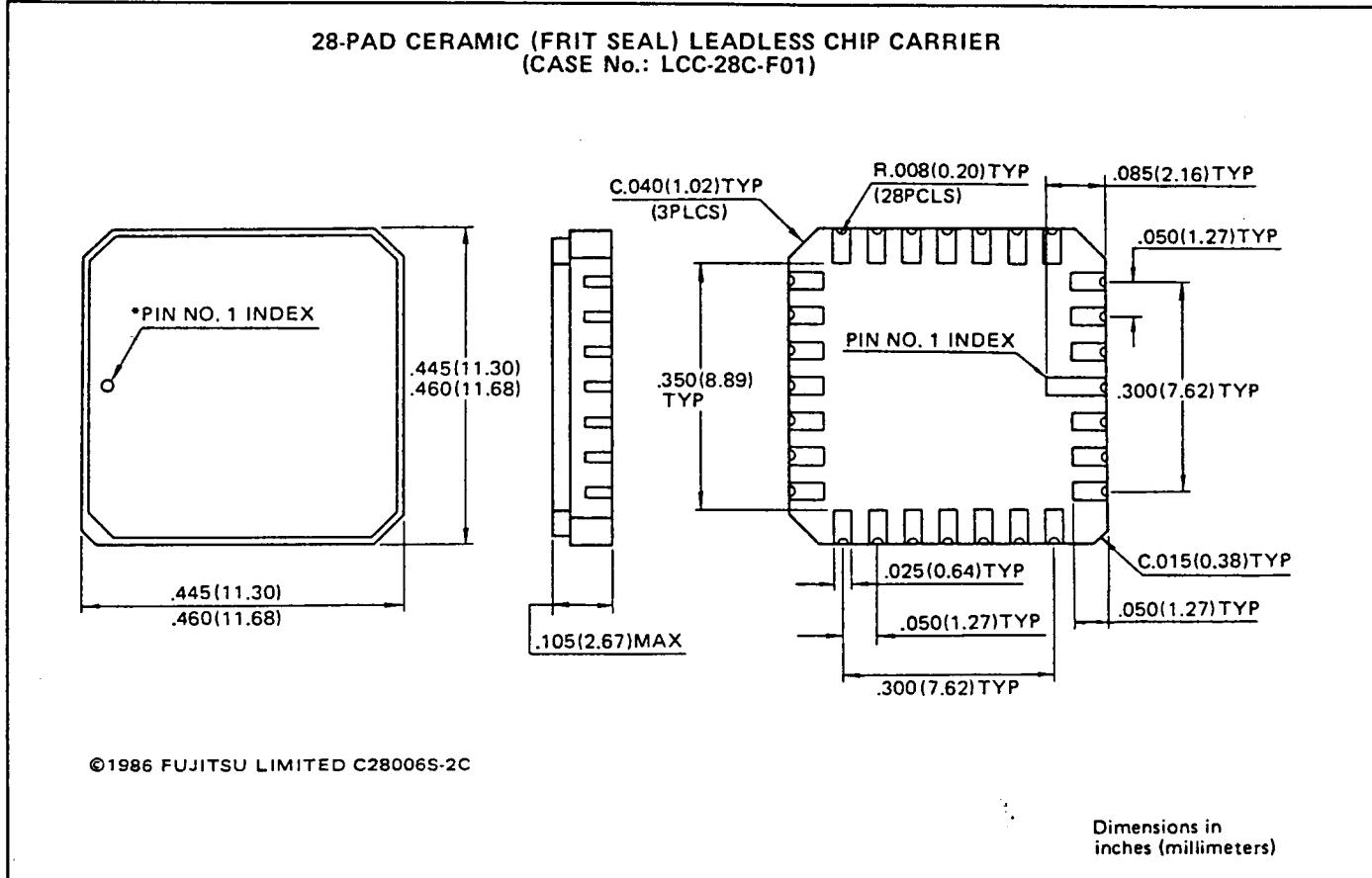
This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit.

Figure-1 MB4752A Block Diagram



Package Dimensions

(Suffix:-TV)



Pin Assignment

	PB	PE	G	Z	RTPB	NC	V _{CC}	
B'	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18
B	26							SCNB
CB	27							SCNA
NC	28							NC
CA	1							E
A	2							4W
A'	3							V _{EE}
	4							Rf
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
NB		NE	V _{BB}	RTPA	NC	ZT	V _O	

TOP VIEW

Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	NC	No connection
2	CA	High-impedance capacitor pin. A capacitor is connected between this terminal and CB terminal. AC impedance of Battey Feed circuit is made up to high impedance by this external capacitor.
3	A	440Ω battery feed for line A
4	A'	200Ω battery feed for line A
5	NB	Base drive output for the NPN power transistor
6	NE	Emitter current sensing input for the NPN power transistor
7	V _{BB}	Most Negative Voltage Supply, -48V
8	RTPA	Ring-trip input for line A
9	NC	No connection
10	ZT	4W to 2W Transformation impedance
11	V _O	4W to 2W Gain setting resistor input
12	R _f	4W to 2W Gain setting resistor input
13	V _{EE}	Negative Voltage Supply, -5V
14	4W	4-wire input
15	E	Ground
16	NC	No connection
17	SCNA	SCN detecting output for line A
18	SCNB	SCN detecting output for line B
19	V _{CC}	Positive Voltage Supply, +5V
20	NC	No connection

Pin Description (Continued)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
21	RTPB	Ring trip input for line B
22	Z	Compensation capacitor input
23	G	Ground
24	PE	Emitter current sensing input for the PNP power transistor
25	PB	Base drive output for the PNP power transistor
26	B'	200Ω battery feed for line B
27	B	440Ω battery feed for line B
28	CB	High-impedance capacitor pin. A capacitor is connected between this terminal and CB terminal. AC impedance of Battery Feed circuit is made up to high impedance by this external capacitor.

Functional Description

Battery feed

By selecting connection A,B or A',B', balanced feeding resistance of 440Ω for PBX or 200Ω for CO application is selected.

Loop detection

The digital signal outputs indicate the condition of handset being hung on, both terminals of SCNA and SCNB simultaneously, detecting the current which is generated when the handset is hung on.

Line fault protection

It outputs the signals when line A or B is short circuited to SCNA, SCNB respectively.

When excess current flow, arrester provides system protection, DC feeding resistance becomes six times as large as normal value. As a result, current would decrease.

Hybrid (Four-to-two wire conversion)

As for the communication channel, telephone switching system has four-wire-line internally, telephone set system has two-wire-line. This device have also a built-in four-wire to two-wire converter. Two-wire to four-wire converter is comprised by external common industrial operational amplifier.

Ring trip comparator

It is necessary for electrical telephone switching system to detect receiver is hung up during a calling signal.

Ring trip detection is performed by connecting external low pass filter to input terminal RTPA or RTPB. Output signal is superimposed on trip supervise output SCA, when the handset is hung up.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V_{BB}	-48 ± 5	V	Referenced to GND
	V_{CC}	5.0 ± 0.25	V	Referenced to E
	V_{EE}	-5.0 ± 0.25	V	
	V_{EG}	-0.5 to $+0.5$	V	Referenced to GND
2W	440Ω Feeding Loop Resistor	R_L	0 to 1200	Ω
	200Ω Feeding Loop Resistor	R_L	0 to 1900	Ω
	Low Frequency Inductive Current	I_{AC}	0 to 6.4	mArms Single line current $f=50/60Hz$
4W	Input Offset Voltage	V_{RCS}	-0.2 to 0.2	V
	Input Voltage	S_{4W}	~ 7.0	dBm
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	5 to 70	$^{\circ}C$	

DC Characteristics

(Recommended operating condition unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Power Supply Current 440 Ω Feeding Mode	I_{BB1}	$V_B=0V$ $V_A=V_{BB}$	-6.4	-3.8		mA
	I_{CC1}			2.5	6.6	mA
	I_{EE1}		-2.2	-1.1		mA
	I_{BB2}	$V_B=-26.5V$ $V_A=V_{BB}$ $+26.5V$	-13	-8		mA
	I_{CC2}			2.5	6.4	mA
	I_{EE2}		-2.2	-1.2		mA
Power Supply Current 200 Ω Feeding Mode	I_{BB3}	$V_B=0V$ $V_A=V_{BB}$	-7.5	-4		mA
	I_{CC3}			2.5	6.6	mA
	I_{EE3}		-2.2	-1.1		mA
	I_{BB4}	$V_B=-26.5V$ $V_A=V_{BB}$ $+26.5V$	-15.6	-9.5		mA
	I_{CC4}			2.5	6.4	mA
	I_{EE4}		-2.2	-1.2		mA

DC Characteristics (Continued)
 (Recommended operating condition unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Min	Typ	Max	Unit		
Loop Supply Current 440Ω Feeding Mode	I _{A1}	$V_B = -24V$ $V_A = V_{BB} + 24V$	$V_{BB} = -48V$ $V_{CC} = 5.0V$ $V_{EE} = -5.0V$ $V_{EG} = 0V$	47.5	54	65	mA		
	I _{B1}			-65	-54	-47.5	mA		
	I _{A2}	$V_B = -10V$ $V_A = V_{BB} + 10V$		16.8	21	26.5	mA		
	I _{B2}			-26.5	-21	-16.8	mA		
Loop Supply Current 200Ω Feeding Mode	I _{A3}	$V_B = -24V$ $V_A = V_{BB} + 24V$	$V_{BB} = -53V$ $V_{CC} = 5.0V$ $V_{EE} = -5.0V$ $V_{EG} = 0V$	72.5	83	91.4	mA		
	I _{B3}			-91.4	-83	-72.5	mA		
	I _{A4}	$V_B = -10V$ $V_A = V_{BB} + 10V$		35.7	45	58	mA		
	I _{B4}			-58	-45	-35.7	mA		
Line-Fault Drooping Current 440Ω Feeding Mode	I _{PG1}	$V_A = GND$	$V_{BB} = -53V$ $V_{CC} = 5.0V$ $V_{EE} = -5.0V$ $V_{EG} = 0V$		22	28	mA		
	I _{PB1}	$V_B = V_{BB}$		-28	-22		mA		
Line-Fault Drooping Current 200Ω Feeding Mode	I _{PG2}	$V_A = GND$			29	36	mA		
	I _{PB2}	$V_B = V_{BB}$		-36	-29		mA		
Loop Detection Current	Detec-tion	I _{ON1}	$V_{BB} = -43V$	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$ $V_{EE} = -5.0V$ $V_{EG} = 0V$	11.1	12.4	14.2	mA	
	Rele-ase	I _{OFF1}			10.4	11.5	13.4	mA	
	Detec-tion	I _{ON2}	$V_{BB} = -53V$		14.4	16.0	18.1	mA	
	Rele-ase	I _{OFF2}			13.4	14.8	16.6	mA	
Ring Trip Detection Voltage	RTPA	V _{RD1}	On-Hook	$V_{BB} = -48V$ $V_{CC} = 5.0V$ $V_{EE} = -5.0V$ $V_{EG} = 0V$	-44	-43.3	-42.5	V	
	RTPB	V _{RD2}	On-Hook		-5	-4.4	-4	V	
Line-Fault Detection Volt. 200Ω Feeding Mode	Line A to GND	V _{GD1}	$V_B = OPEN$		24	26.5	30	V	
	Line B to V _{BB}		$V_A = OPEN$		24	26.5	30	V	
Line Fault Detection Volt. 400Ω Feeding Mode	Line A to GND	V _{GD2}	$V_B = OPEN$		11	15.5	21	V	
	Line B to V _{BB}		$V_A = OPEN$		11	15.5	21	V	
Line-Fault SCN Mask Current	SCNA	I _{MA}	$V_B = V_{BB}$		3.3	4.4	5.9	mA	
	SCNB	I _{MB}	$V_A = 0V$		-5.9	-4.4	-3.3	mA	
SCN Ouput Low Voltage	SCNA	V _{O LA}	$I = 1.2mA$ $V_{CC} = 5.25V$ On-Hook	$V_{BB} = -48V$ $V_{EE} = -5.0V$ $V_{EG} = 0V$ Reference to E		0.02	0.4	V	
	SCNB	V _{O LB}				0.02	0.4	V	
SCN Output High Voltage	SCNA	V _{O HA}	$I = -50\mu A$ $V_{CC} = 4.75V$ Off-Hook		2.4	3.8		V	
	SCNB	V _{O HB}			2.4	3.8		V	

Note : Unless RTPA terminal is in use, it must be connected to V_{BB}.

AC Characteristics

(Recommended operating condition unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
4W to 2W Gain	G42	L=+4dBm, f=1kHz		-5.4	-4.4	-3.4	dB
4W to 2W Gain Frequency Response	Gf42	f=0.2kHz	Referenced to output at f=1kHz L=-10dBm	-0.1	+0.07		dB
		f=0.3kHz		-0.1	+0.04	+0.2	dB
		f=0.4kHz		-0.1	+0.02	+0.2	dB
		f=0.6kHz		-0.1	0	+0.2	dB
		f=2.4kHz		-0.1	-0.01	+0.2	dB
		f=3.0kHz		-0.1	-0.01	+0.2	dB
		f=3.4kHz		-0.1	-0.01	+0.2	dB
4W to 2W Gain Level Linearity	GL42	L=+3dBm	Referenced to output at L=-10dBm f=1kHz	-0.1	0	+0.1	dB
		L=-40dBm		-0.1	0	+0.1	dB
		L=-50dBm		-0.2	0	+0.2	dB
Idle Channel Noise	N12				-94	-76	dBmP
4W to 2W Signal / Noise Ratio	SN42	L=0dBm	f=1KHz	50	57		dB
		L=-30dBm		46	61		dB
		L=-40dBm		36	52		dB
		L=-45dBm		31	47		dB
Longitudinal Balance	LB2W	f=0.3kHz	Adjust REA 48 to 53Ω	43	60		dB
		f=1.0kHz		43	60		dB
		f=3.4kHz		43	60		dB
Power Supply Noise Rejection	VBB to 2W	PSRB	L=0.245Vrms, f=1kHz	20	39		dB
	VCC to 2W	PSRC		20	41		dB
	VEE to 2W	PSRE		20	55		dB
	VEG to 2W	PSRR		20	43		dB

Note : Unless RTPA terminal is in use, it must be connected to V_{BB}.

SCN Logical Table

Input Condition		SCNA	SCNB	Note
Loop Detection (OFF-Hook to ON-Hook)	$I_L < I_{ON}$	L	L	I_L : Loop Current I_{ON} : I_{ON1} , I_{ON2} I_{OFF} : I_{OFF1} , I_{OFF2} See DC Char.
	$I_L > I_{ON}$	H	H	
	$I_L > I_{OFF}$	H	H	
		L	L	
Ring Trip Detection	RTPA input	$V_{RTPA} < V_{RD1}$	L	V_{RTPA} : RTPA Input Voltage
		$V_{RTPA} > V_{RD1}$	H	V_{RTPB} : RTPB input Voltage
	RTPB input	$V_{RTPB} > V_{RD2}$	L	V_{RD1} : See DC Char.
		$V_{RTPB} < V_{RD2}$	H	V_{RD2} :
Line-Fault Detection	Line A to Ground	$IA + IB < I_{ON} * 2$	L	IA : Line A Current
		$IA + IB > I_{ON} * 2$ and $IB < IMB$	H	IB : Line B Current
		$IA + IB > I_{ON} * 2$ and $IB > IMB$	H	IMA See DC Char.
	Line B to Ground	$IA + IB < I_{ON} * 2$	L	IMB
		$IA + IB > I_{ON} * 2$ and $IA < IMA$	L	
		$IA + IB > I_{ON} * 2$ and $IA > IMA$	H	
			H	

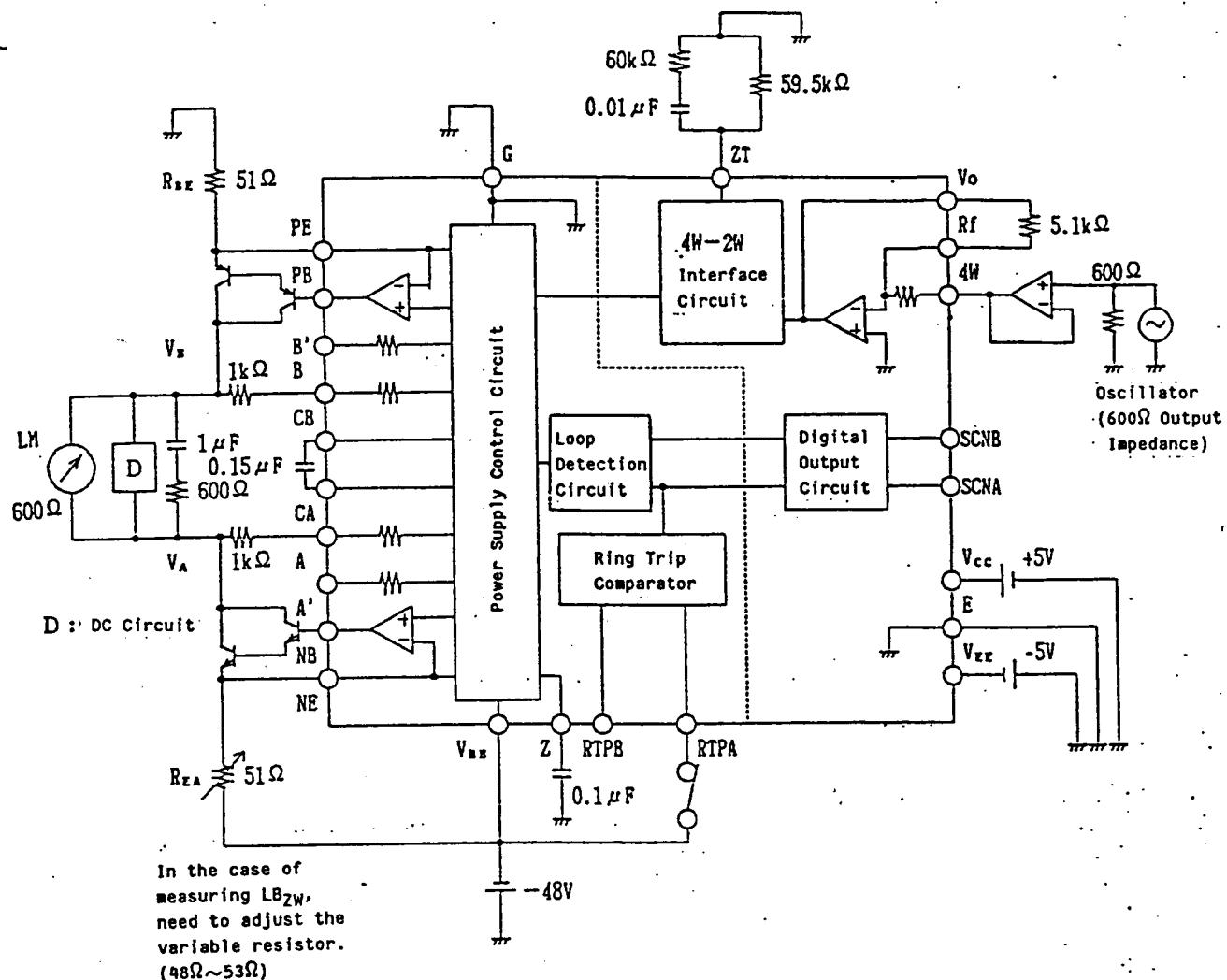
Note : Unless RTPA terminal is in use, it terminal must be connected to V_{BB} .

Line Fault Protection

2W State		Feed Mode	Note
Line to Ground/ V_{BB}	$ VB + (VA - V_{BB}) < VGD$	Normal Feeding (No Protection)	VA : Line A Voltage VB : Line B Voltage VGD , $VGD1$, $VGD2$: See DC Char.
	$ VB + (VA - V_{BB}) > VGD$	Feeding resistor (6 times of normal value)	

◇ Measurement Circuit

◆ Power Supply Mode (44Ω)



◆ Power Supply Mode (200Ω)

Change $A \rightarrow A'$ and $B \rightarrow B'$ with connecting C_A and C_B , as shown in the below diagram.

