TOSHIBA **TLP818**

TOSHIBA PHOTOINTERRUPTER INFRARED LED + PHOTOTRANSISTOR

BURNER MOTOR ROTATING DETECTOR FOR THE OIL FAN **HEATER**

COIN PASSING DETECTOR FOR THE VENDING MACHINE PAPER PASSING DETECTOR FOR THE TICKET VENDING **MACHINE**

PAPER DETECTOR FOR THE PRINTER AND FACSIMILE

The TLP818 is a phohointerrupter with a dustproof cover. It is not greatly influency by dust because there is no powdered dust accumulation at detecting slit part.

Built-in dustproof cover

Snap-in monting type (1.6mm thickness of PCB)

Gap : 5mm

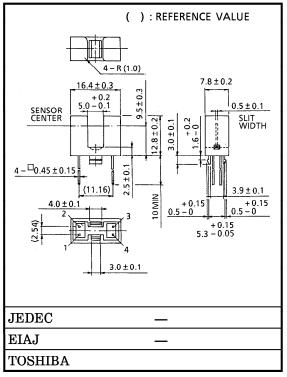
Resulution : Slit width 0.5mm

High current transfer ratio : IC/IF=2.5% (Min.)

Fast response speed : t_r , $t_f = 6 \mu s$ (Typ.)

It is not greatly influenced by disturbance beams of indoor lighting because detector has visible light cut resin.

: Polycarbonate Material of the package



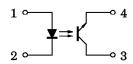
Unit in mm

Weight: 1.29g (Typ.)

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT	
LED	Forward Current	${ m I_F}$	50	mA	
	Forward Current Derating (Ta>25°C)	ΔI _F /°C	-0.33	mA/°C	
	Reverse Voltage	$v_{ m R}$	5	V	
DETECTOR	Collector-Emitter Voltage	v_{CEO}	35	V	
	Emitter Collector Voltage	v_{ECO}	5	V	
	Collector Power Dissipation	$P_{\mathbf{C}}$	75	mW	
	Collector Power Dissipation Derating (Ta>25°C)	△P _C /°C	-1	mW/°C	
	Collector Current	$I_{\mathbf{C}}$	50	mA	
Operating Temperature Range		$T_{ m opr}$	-25~85	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	
Storage Temperature		$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{stg}}$	-40~100	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	

PIN CONNECTION



- 1. ANODE
- 2. CATHODE
- 3. COLLECTOR
- 4. EMITTER

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 Gallium arsenide (GaAs) is a substance used in the products described in this document. GaAs dust and fumes are toxic. Do not break, cut or pulverize the product, or use chemicals to dissolve them. When disposing of the products, follow the appropriate regulations. Do not dispose of the products with other industrial waste or with domestic garbage.

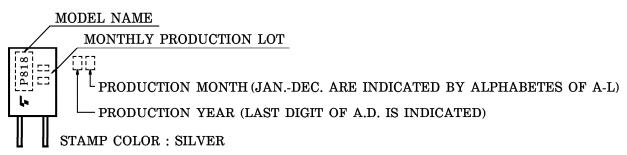
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 The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA CORPORATION for any infringements of intellectual property or other rights of TOSHIBA CORPORATION or others.

OPTO-ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
	Forward Voltage	$v_{\mathbf{F}}$	$I_{\mathbf{F}} = 10 \text{mA}$	1.00	1.15	1.30	V
LED	Reverse Current	$I_{\mathbf{R}}$	$V_R = 5V$	_	_	10	μA
LED	Peak Light Emitting Wavelength	$\lambda_{\mathbf{P}}$	$I_{ m F} = 10 { m mA}$	_	940	_	nm
	Dark Current	I _D (I _{CEO})	$V_{CE} = 24V, I_{F} = 0$	_	_	0.1	μ A
DETECTOR	Peak Sensitivity Wavelength	$\lambda_{\mathbf{P}}$		1	870		nm
	Current Transfer Ratio	I_C/I_F	$V_{CE}=5V, I_F=20mA$	2.5	_	32	%
	Reakage Current	I _{LEAK}	$V_{ m CE}$ = 5V, $I_{ m F}$ = 50mA Shutter in	_	_	10	μ A
COUPLED	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE} (sat)	$I_{F}=20mA,\ I_{C}=0.25mA$	_	0.15	0.4	V
	Rise Time	t_r	$V_{CC}=5V, I_C=2mA$		6	_	μs
	Fall Time	t_f	$R_L = 100\Omega$	_	6		μs

PRODUCT INDICATION



PRECAUTION

Please be careful of the followings.

- 1. Soldering temperature: 260°C MAX. Soldering time: 5s MAX. (Soldering portion of lead: above 1.5mm form the body of the device)
- 2. Be careful that no solder is attached to the case body.
- 3. If the chemical are used for cleaning, the soldered surface only shall be cleaned with chemicals avoiding the whole cleaning of the package.
- 4. The container is made of polycarbonate. Polycarbonate is usually stable with acid, alcohol, and aliphatic hydrocarbons however, with pertochemicals (such as benzene, toluene, and acetone), alkali, aromatic hydrocarbons, or chloric hydrocarbons, polycarbonate becomes cracked, swollen, or melted. Please take care when chosing a packaging material by referencing the table below.

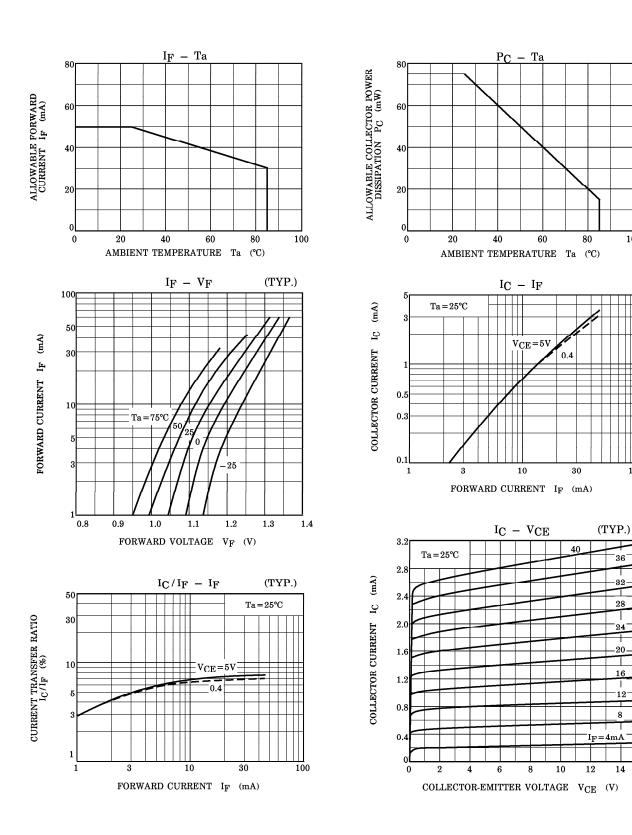
<Chemicals to avoid with polycarbonate>

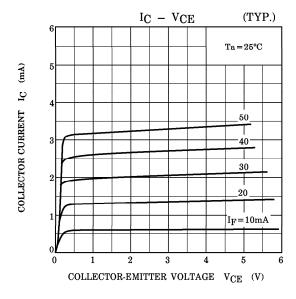
	PHENOMENON	CHEMICALS
Α	Little deterioration but staining	• nitric acid (low concentration), hydrogen peroxide, chlorine
В	Cracked, crazed, or swollen	 acetic acid (70% or more) gasoline methyl ethyl ketone, ehtyl acetate, butyl acetate ethyl methacrylate, ethyl ether, MEK acetone, m-amino alcohol, carbon tetrachloride carbon disulfide, trichloroethylene, cresol thinners, oil of turpentine triethanolamine, TCP, TBP
С	Melted { }: Used as solvent.	 concentrated sulfuric acid benzene styrene, acrylonitrile, vinyl acetate ethylenediamine, diethylenediamine [chloroform, methyl chloride, tetrachloromethane, dioxane,] 1, 2-dichloroethane
D	Decomposed	ammonia water other alkali

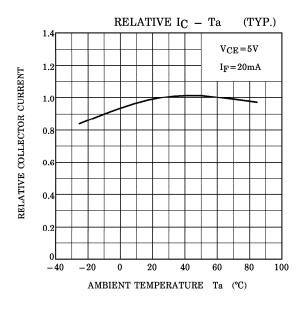
- 5. TLP818 shall be mounted on an unwarped surface.
- 6. This product contains dustproof cover at detecting slit part but does not contain at back surface.

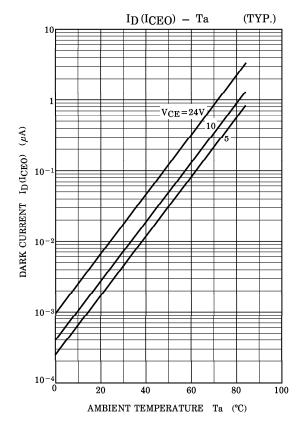
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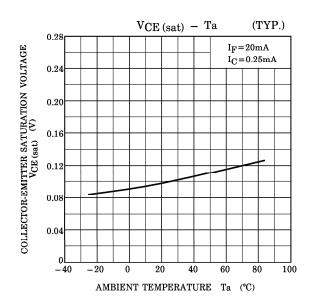
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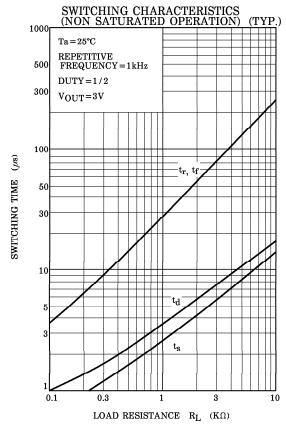


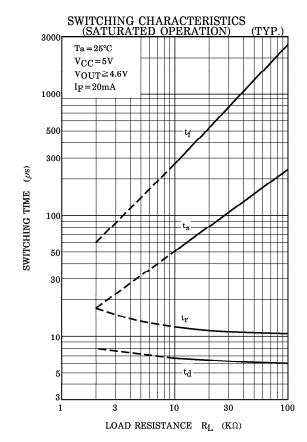


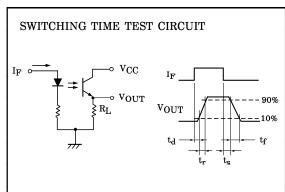












Unit in mm

MOUNTING AWAY DEVICE BODY 4.2 3.2 11.16 above or blow 4.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 4.2 ADDEVICE BODY ADDEVICE BODY 4.2 4.2 ADDEVICE BODY 4.2 4.2 4.2

RECOMMENDED MOUNTING HOLE

POSITIONING OF SHUTTER AND DEVICE

To operate correctly, make sure that the shutter and the device are positioned as shown in the figure below.

The shit pitch of the shutter must be set wider than the slit width of the device. Determine the width taking the switching time into consideration.

