

### MICROCIRCUIT DATA SHEET

Original Creation Date: 02/09/99 Last Update Date: 07/30/99 Last Major Revision Date:

## 3V LVDS Quad CMOS Differential Line Driver

### General Description

MNDS90LV031A-X REV 0A0

The DS90LV031A is a quad CMOS differential line driver utilizing Low Voltage Differentional Signaling (LVDS) technology. It is designed for applications requiring low power dissipation and high data rates.

The DS90LV031A accepts TTL/CMOS input levels and translates them to low voltage (350 mV) differential output siginals. In addition the driver supports a TRI-STATE function that may be used to disable the output stage, disabling the load current, and thus dropping the device to a low idle power state.

The EN and EN\* inputs allow active Low or active High control of the TRI-STATE outputs. The enables are common to all four drivers. The DS90LV031A and companion line receiver (DS90LV032A) provide a new alternative to high power pseudo-ECL devices for high speed point-to-point interface applications.

### Industry Part Number

NS Part Numbers

DS90LV031AW-QML

DS90LV031A

#### Prime Die

DS90LV031A

### Controlling Document

5962-9865101QFA

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Pro	cess	lnq

MIL-STD-883, Method 5004

### Quality Conformance Inspection

MIL-STD-883, Method 5005

1Static tests at+252Static tests at+1253Static tests at-554Dynamic tests at+255Dynamic tests at+1256Dynamic tests at-55
7 Functional tests at +25 8A Functional tests at +125 8B Functional tests at -55 9 Switching tests at +25
9 Switching tests at +25 10 Switching tests at +125
7 Functional tests at +25

Subgrp Description

Temp (°C)

### Features

- 3.3V power supply design
- +/- 350mV differential signaling
- Low power dissipation.
- Low differential skew.
- Low propagation delay
- Interoperable with existing 5V LVDS devices
- Military operating temprature range
- Pin compatible with DS26C31.
- Compatible with IEEE 1596.3 SCI LVDS standard
- Compatible with proposed TIA/EIA-644 LVDS standard
- Typical Rise/Fall times of 800pS.
- Typical Tri-State Enable/Disable Delays of less than 5nS.

# (Absolute Maximum Ratings)

Supply Voltage (Vcc)	-0.3 to +4V
	-0.3 20 140
Input Voltage (Din)	-0.3 to (Vcc+0.3V)
Enable Input Voltage (EN, EN*)	
Enable input Voltage (EN, EN")	-0.3 to (Vcc+0.3V)
Output Voltage (Dout+, Dout-)	
	-0.3 to +3.9V
Storage Temperature Range	
	-65C to +150C
Lead Temperature Soldering (4 sec)	
	260C
ESD Rating.	
	6000 Volts.
Maximum Junction Temperature	
	+150C
Maximum Power Dissipation @ +25C	
(Note 2)	845mW
	045111
Thermal Resistance (Theta Ja)	148C/W
(Theta Jc)	22C/W

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the device should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" provides conditions for actual device operation.

Note 2: Derate at 6.8mW/C for temperatures above +25C.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Supply Voltage	3 0	to	3.6V	
Operating Free Air Temperature			+125	С

# Electrical Characteristics

### DC PARAMETERS

(The following conditions apply to all the following parameters, unless otherwise specified.) DC: Vcc = 3.0/3.6V unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL PARAMETER		CONDITIONS		PIN- NAME	MIN	MAX	UNIT	SUB- GROUPS
Vodl	1 Differential RL = 100 Ohms Ouput Voltage			Dout-, Dout+	250	450	mV	1, 2, 3
DVod1	odl Change in RL = 100 Ohms Magnitude of Vodl for complementary output States			Dout-, Dout+		50	mV	1, 2, 3
Vos	Offset Voltage	RL = 100 Ohms		Dout-, Dout+	1.125	1.625	V	1, 2, 3
DVos	DVos Change in RL = 100 Ohms for Complementary Output States			Dout-, Dout+		50	mV	1, 2, 3
Voh	Output Voltage High	RL = 100 Ohms		Dout-, Dout+		1.85	V	1, 2, 3
Vol	Output Voltage Low	RL = 100 Ohms		Dout-, Dout+	.9		V	1, 2, 3
Vih	Input Voltage High		1	Din, EN, EN*	2.0	Vcc	V	1, 2, 3
Vil	Input Voltage Low		1	Din, EN, EN*	Gnd	0.8	V	1, 2, 3
IIH	Input Current	Vin = Vcc or 2.5V, Vcc = 3.6V		Din, EN, EN*		<u>+</u> 10	uA	1, 2, 3
IIL	Input Current	Vin = Gnd or $0.4V$ , Vcc = $3.6V$		Din, EN, EN*		<u>+</u> 10	uA	1, 2, 3
Vcl Input Clamp Icl = -8mA, Vcc = 3.0V Voltage		Icl = -8mA, Vcc = 3.0V		Din, EN, EN*		-1.5	V	1, 2, 3
Ios Output Short ENABLED Din = Vcc, Dout + = 0 Circuit Current Din = Gnd, Dout- = 0V				Dout-, Dout+		-9.0	mA	1, 2, 3
Ioff			Dout-, Dout+		<u>+</u> 20	uA	1, 2, 3	
IozOutput TRI-STATE CurrentEN = 0.8V and EN* = 2.0V VOUT = 0V or VCC, VCC = 3.6V				Dout-, Dout+		<u>+</u> 10	uA	1, 2, 3
Icc	No Load Drivers     Din = Vcc or Gnd     Vcc       Enabled     Supply     Current			18	mA	1, 2, 3		
Iccl	ccl Loaded Drivers Rl = 100 ohms All Channels, Enabled Supply Din = Vcc or Gnd (all inputs)			Vcc		35	mA	1, 2, 3
Iccz	ccz Loaded or No Load Din = Vcc or Gnd, En = Gnd, En* = Vcc Drivers Disabled Supply Current			Vcc		12	mA	1, 2, 3

## Electrical Characteristics

### AC PARAMETERS

(The following conditions apply to all the following parameters, unless otherwise specified.) AC: VCC = 3.0/3.3/3.6V, RL = 100 Ohms, CL = 20pF

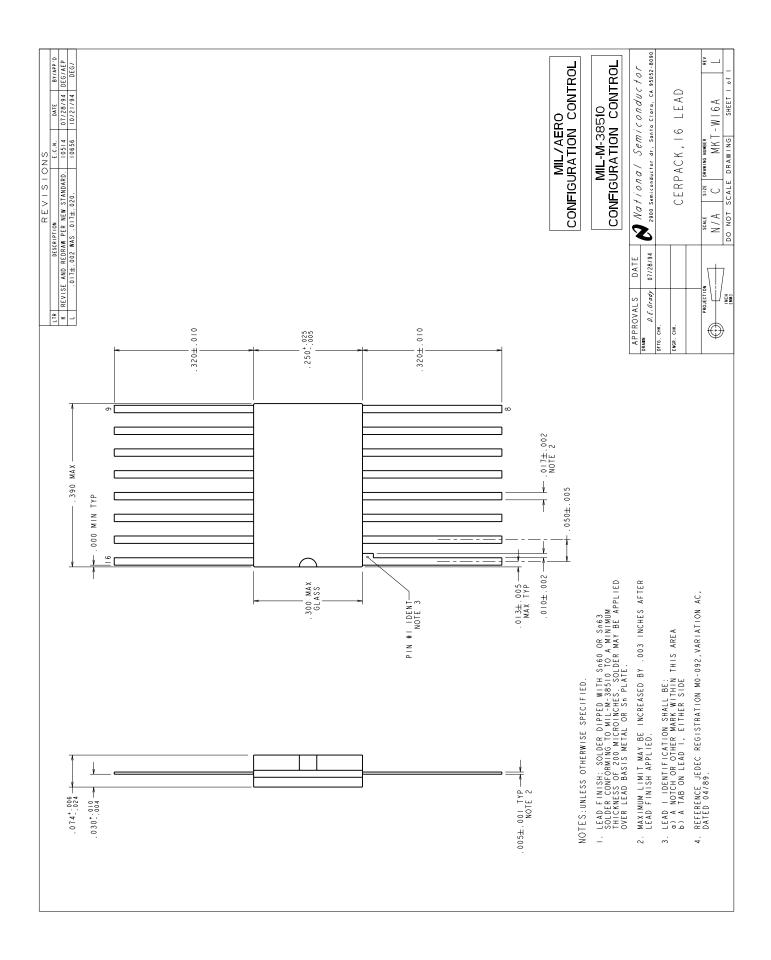
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	NOTES	PIN- NAME	MIN	MAX	UNIT	SUB- GROUPS
tPHLD	Differential Propagation Delay High to Low				0.3	3.5	ns	9, 10, 11
tPLHD	Differential Propagation Delay Low to High				0.3	3.5	ns	9, 10, 11
tSKD	Differential Skew tPHLD-tPLHD					1.5	ns	9, 10, 11
tSK1	Channel to Channel Skew		2			1.75	ns	9, 10, 11
tSK2	Chip to Chip Skew		3			3.2	ns	9, 10, 11

Note 1: Tested during VOH/VOL tests.
Note 2: Channel to Channel Skew is defined as the difference between the propagation delay of one channel and that of the others on the same chip with any event on the inputs.
Note 3: Chip to Chip Skew is defined as the difference between the minimum and maximum specified differential propagation delays.

# Graphics and Diagrams

GRAPHICS#	DESCRIPTION
W16ARL	CERPACK (W), 16 LEAD (P/P DWG)

See attached graphics following this page.



# Revision History

Rev	ECN #	Rel Date	Originator	Changes
0A0	M0003265	07/30/99	Mike Fitzgerald	Initial MDS Release