### MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA

### **Prototype Information**

## Automotive Dual High Side TMOS Driver

The MC33285 is a dual high side TMOS driver designed for use in the harsh automotive switching applications.

The purpose of the MC33285 is to drive two power n-channel FETs in a high side application with an inductive load. The application in an automotive environment requires the capability of withstanding high voltages and load dump transients. The MC33285 is able to withstand reverse battery conditions at selected pins.

It protects the n-channel power FET on OUT1 under over current condition. This device has one input to control both stages on or off.

- Temperature Range from -40°C to +125°C
- PWM Capability
- Power TMOS # 1 Over-Current and Short-Circuit Protection
- Voltage Range 7V to 40V
- Reverse Battery Conditions at Selected Pins
- Extended Temperature Range from -40°C to 125°C
- Load Dump Protected
- Over Voltage Detection and Activation of OUT2 during Overvoltage
- Single Input Control for both Output Stages
- Capacitor Value of 100nF Connected to Pin CP





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# MAXIMUM RATING ELECTRICAL RATINGS

ELECTING/LETI/MINOO	-				
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit		
Maximum voltage at pins OUT1 OUT2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>VCC</sub> + 20	V		
Maximum voltage at pin CP	V <sub>CP</sub>	60	V		
Input voltage V <sub>i</sub> at DRN and SCR	Vi	-25 to 40	V		
Input voltage at pin VCC	V <sub>VCC</sub>	-2 to 40	V		
Input Voltage at pin IN condition : -2V <v<sub>VCC&lt;40v</v<sub>	V <sub>IN</sub>	-2 to V <sub>VCC</sub>	V		
Operatinnal voltage V <sub>VCC</sub> at pin VCC	V <sub>VCC</sub>	7 to V <sub>i</sub>	V		
THERMAL RATINGS					
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit		
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +150	°C		
Operating ambient temperature	Ta	-40 to +125	°C		
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS. (T <sub>A</sub> from -	40°C to +125°C, Vc	c from 7V to 20V, unles	s otherwise note	ed)	
SRC pin 1	_				
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Leakage Current	I <sub>leak_src</sub>	-10		10	μA
OUT 1 pin 2	-				
Operating Current (7V <v<sub>DRN&gt;20V)</v<sub>	I <sub>DRN</sub>			1	mA
Leakage current (0V <v_drn<20v ,="" td="" v_vcc<4v)<=""><td>I<sub>leak_DRN</sub></td><td></td><td></td><td>10</td><td>μΑ</td></v_drn<20v>	I <sub>leak_DRN</sub>			10	μΑ
DRN pin 3					
Output On Voltage. Charge Pump ON	Von			Vcc+15	V
Output Off Voltage. Charge Pump OFF	Voff			0.9	V
Turn off current - with NO Over Vds Condition, and Vout >0.5V - with Over Vds Condition, and Vout >0.5V	loutn loutw	70 5	110 10	150 15	μΑ
Turn On Time - CI = 25nF, 7V < Vcc < 10V, Vout > Vcc+7 - CI = 25nF, 10V < Vcc < 20V, Vout > Vcc+10	ton			1	ms
OUT2 pin 4					
Supply Voltage Range	Vcc	7		20	V
Quiescent Supply Current - at Vcc = 7V - at Vcc = 20V	Icc		1.8 2.8	5 5	mA
	N/-1				N
	VOI			1.5	V
	1/3			4 5	
			_	1.5	V
Input High Voltage	Vih	3.5	_		V
	Vhys	0.8			V
Input Pull Down Resistor. Vin>11V	Rin	20	36	100	kΩ
Open Input Voltage	Viop			1	V
	14:000	7.0	10	10.0	
		Γ.δ Ε.Ο	10 E F	12.2 E 0	μΑ
	i vntn	5.2	5.5	5.8	I V

Off Threshold	Vlth	2.47	2.75	3.03	V
Discharge Current @ Vtime = 5V	ldisch	2		10	mA
Saturation Voltage @ Itime = 1mA	Vsat			0.4	V

#### **Turn On Characteristics**

The power FETs are turned on by charging their gate capacities with a current flowing out of pin OUT1 and OUT2. The values of table 10.2-1 are guaranteed. For these values it is not necessary to switch OUT1 and OUT2 at the same time.

They are measured with the test circuit and load conditions specified in Chapter 10.1.

- test condition : V<sub>IN</sub> : ramp 0V to 2.5V or 2.5V to 5V.

#### Figure 1. Turn-on Behaviour of the MC33285



#### Figure D.Turn on behaviour

Voltage V <sub>VCC</sub>	Minimum V <sub>OUT1,OUT2</sub>	Minimum V <sub>OUT1,OUT2</sub>	Minimum V <sub>OUT1,OUT2</sub>
	after t <sub>on1</sub> = 100µsec	after t <sub>on1</sub> = 1.0msec	after t <sub>on1</sub> = 1.5msec
$7V < V_{VCC} < 10V$ $10V < V_{VCC} < 20V$ $20V < V_{VCC} < 40V$	V <sub>VCC</sub> - 0.7V V <sub>VCC</sub> - 0.7V V <sub>VCC</sub> - 0.7V	V <sub>VCC</sub> + 5.95V V <sub>VCC</sub> + 9.35V	V <sub>VCC</sub> + 7V V <sub>VCC</sub> + 11V

The output voltages at OUT1 and OUT2 are limited by controlling the current sources  $I_{on1}$ ,  $I_{on2}$  to avoid current flowing through the external or the internal zener diode. If the threshold voltage is reached, the current sources are turned off.

- threshold  $V_{TH1}$  for OUT1 output voltage control :

 $14V < V_{TH1} < 16V$  condition : ( $V_{OUT1} - V_{SRC}$ )  $< V_{TH1}$ 

- threshold VTH2 for OUT2 output voltage control :

 $13V < V_{TH2} < 15V$  condition :  $(V_{OUT2} - V_{DRN}) < V_{TH2}$ 

#### Turn off characteristics

The power FETs on OUT1 and OUT2 are turned off by discharging the gate capacity with the constant discharge current  $I_{OUToff}$ .

- discharge current  $I_{OUTxoff}$  : IOUTxoff = 110 $\mu A$ 

condition :  $V_{OUT}x > 0.5V (V_{IN} < V_{THRxIN})$ 

Test conditions for switching off the power FETs :

- 1. IN open
- 2. Stages disabled via pin IN
- 3. Stage OUT1 disabled by an over current error

#### MC33285

#### FUNCTIONNAL DESCRIPTION

#### Introduction

The MC33285 contains only one charge pump for two outputs. The outputs OUT1 and OUT2 are switched on and off by the input IN .There are three ways to control the outputs: OUt1 can be switched alone, they can be switched together or OUT2 can be switched when OUT1 is already on .In the last case, the voltage drop on OUT1 when charging OUT2 is limited.

The external capacitor  $C_{CP}$  connected to pin CP is used to store the charge continuously delivered by the charge pump . The voltage on this pin is limited to a maximum value  $V_{CPmax}$ . Both outputs are sourced with a constant current from  $C_{CP}$  to switch them on . In addition , the gates of the power FETs are precharged from VCC to prevent  $C_{CP}$  from being discharged by a voltage on OUT1 or OUT2 which is still lower than  $V_{VCC}$ .The values of the output voltages are limited to  $V_{OUT1max}$  and  $V_{OUT2max}$ 

The power FET on OUT1 is protected againts an exceeded gate-source voltage by an internal zener diode , which also provides protection against reverse battery conditions .

Channel 1 allows to protect the n-channel power FET on OUT1 under over current condition. The drain-source voltage of the FET on OUT1 will be checked, if the channel 1 is switched on. The internal error voltage threshold determines the maximum drain-source voltage that allows the power FET to stay in the on state. If the measured drain-source voltage exceeds the internal error voltage threshold, the output of the Over Current Protection Comparator (OCPC) is enabled. If the output of the OCPC is active longer than  $t_{OCdet}$ , the output OUT1 is switched off.

After switching off the power FET on OUT1 by an over current condition, the power FET can only be turned on again by the input IN. For more details see Figure 6-1. When switching off the power FETs their gate capacities are discharged by a constant currennt  $I_{OUToff}$ 

IF the input IN is diconnected , the MC33285 outputs  $\mbox{OUT1}$  and  $\mbox{OUT2}$  is in the off state.

If overvoltage occurs on pin DRN for a time period longer than  $t_{LDdet}$ , then OUT2 is switched on for the time  $t_{OUT2act}$ . In overvoltage condition OUT1 is off if IN is below THR1

#### **Internal Zener Diode**

An on-chip zener diode is placed between OUT1 and SRC. Design guarantee that  $V_Z\!>\!V_{TH1}$ 

- zener clamping voltage between OUT1 and SRC :  $V_{TH1}\!<\!V_{7}\!<\!20V$ 

#### **PWM capability**

The CPIC2 is PWM capable on OUT2. The loss of charge on Ccp when switching on OUT2 is refreshed until the start on the next PWM cycle to a value which is sufficient to guarantee the specified turn on behaviour.

The PWM capability is measured with a test circuit and load conditions

- PWM cycle : period T = 20ms ; OUT2 is switched on from 10% to 90% of T .

- Test condition :  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$  : ramps 2.5V to 5V according to PWM cycle defined above.

#### Crosstalk between OUT1 and OUT2

If output OUT2 is switched on while OUT1 is already on, the voltage drop that occurs on OUT1 is limited.  $\rm C_{CP}$  is not allowed to be sourced by OUT1.

- Voltage drop on OUT1 :

 $10V < V_{VCC} < 20V$ : OUT1 not below  $V_{VCC} + 9V$ 

 $7V < V_{VCC} < 20V$  : OUT1 not below  $V_{VCC} + 5V$ 

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