

# BUK9006-55A

TrenchMOS™ logic level FET

Rev. 01 — 1 August 2003

Preliminary data

## 1. Product profile

### 1.1 Description

N-channel enhancement mode field-effect power transistor available as a bare die using Philips General Purpose Automotive (GPA) TrenchMOS™ technology.

Product availability:

BUK9006-55A distributed as individual die on reel.

### 1.2 Features

- 25 A testing of individual die
- Inductive energy testing of individual die
- Life-tested to Q101 at 175 °C
- Automatic visual inspection.

### 1.3 Applications

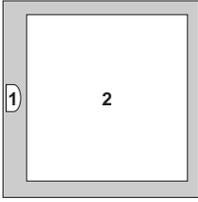
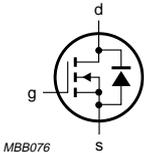
- Automotive systems
- Motors, lamps and solenoids
- 12 V and 24 V loads
- General purpose power switching.

### 1.4 Quick reference data

- $E_{DS(AL)S} \leq 1.1$  J
- $V_{(BR)DSS} \leq 55$  V
- Die size =  $4.30 \times 4.30$  mm (typ)
- $R_{DSon(die)} = 5$  m $\Omega$  (typ)
- $V_{GS(th)} = 1.5$  V (typ)
- Die thickness = 240  $\mu$ m (typ).

## 2. Pinning information

Table 1: Pinning - Bare die simplified outline and symbol

| Pin | Description                          | Simplified outline  | Symbol  |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1   | gate                                 | <br>03nn81 | <br>MBB076 |
| 2   | source                               |   |   |
| -   | drain; connected to underside of die |   |   |

### 3. Limiting values

**Table 2: Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

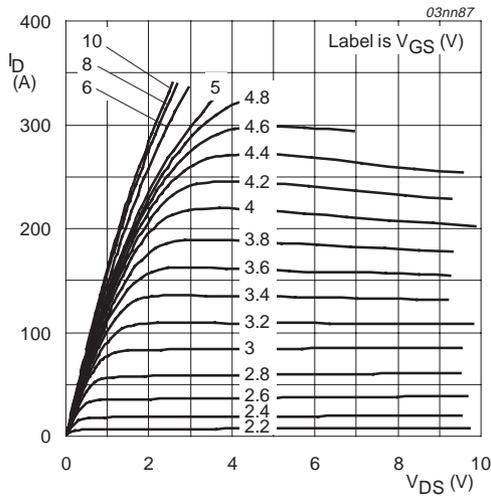
| Symbol                      | Parameter                                    | Conditions  | Min   | Max      | Unit             |
|-----------------------------|--|---|-------|----------|------------------|
| $V_{DS}$                    | drain-source voltage (DC)                    |   | -     | 55       | V                |
| $V_{DGR}$                   | drain-gate voltage (DC)                      | $R_{GS} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$   | -     | 55       | V                |
| $V_{GS}$                    | gate-source voltage (DC)                     |   | -     | $\pm 15$ | V                |
| $I_D$                       | drain current (DC)                           | $T_{mb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$  | [1] - | 125      | A                |
|                             |  | $T_{mb} = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$   | [1] - | 88       | A                |
| $I_{DM}$                    | peak drain current                           | $T_{mb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; \text{pulsed}; t_p \leq 10 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$  | -     | 503      | A                |
| $T_{stg}$                   | storage temperature                          |   | -55   | +175     | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $T_j$                       | junction temperature                         |   | -55   | +175     | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| <b>Source-drain diode</b>   |  |   |       |          |                  |
| $I_{DR}$                    | reverse drain current (DC)                   | $T_{mb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  | [1] - | 125      | A                |
| $I_{DRM}$                   | peak reverse drain current                   | $T_{mb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; \text{pulsed}; t_p \leq 10 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$  | -     | 503      | A                |
| <b>Avalanche ruggedness</b> |  |   |       |          |                  |
| $E_{DS(AL)S}$               | non-repetitive drain-source avalanche energy | unclamped inductive load; $I_D = 25 \text{ A}; V_{DS} \leq 55 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}; R_{GS} = 50 \text{ }\Omega;$<br>starting $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | -     | 1.1      | J                |

[1] Calculated with  $R_{th(j-mb)} = 0.59 \text{ K/W}$ .

## 4. Characteristics

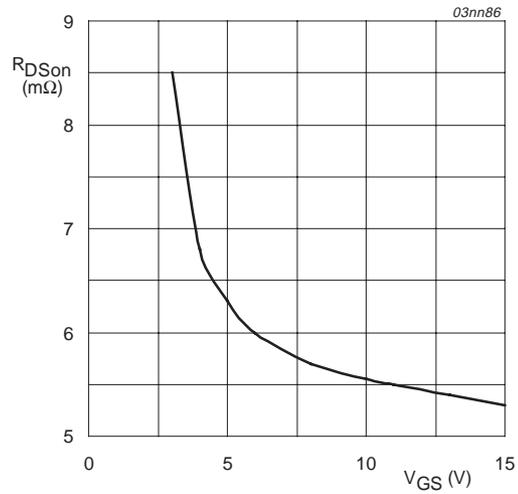
**Table 3: Characteristics**
 $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$  unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol                         | Parameter                            | Conditions  | Min | Typ  | Max  | Unit          |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----|------|------|---------------|
| <b>Static characteristics</b>  |                                      |   |     |      |      |               |
| $V_{(BR)DSS}$                  | drain-source breakdown voltage       | $I_D = 0.25\text{ mA}; V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$   |     |      |      |               |
|                                |                                      | $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$  | 55  | -    | -    | V             |
|                                |                                      | $T_j = -55\text{ °C}$   | 50  | -    | -    | V             |
| $V_{GS(th)}$                   | gate-source threshold voltage        | $I_D = 1\text{ mA}; V_{DS} = V_{GS};$<br><b>Figure 5</b>                              |     |      |      |               |
|                                |                                      | $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$  | 1   | 1.5  | 2    | V             |
|                                |                                      | $T_j = 175\text{ °C}$   | 0.5 | -    | -    | V             |
|                                |                                      | $T_j = -55\text{ °C}$   | -   | -    | 2.3  | V             |
| $I_{DSS}$                      | drain-source leakage current         | $V_{DS} = 55\text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$   |     |      |      |               |
|                                |                                      | $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$  | -   | 0.05 | 10   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                                |                                      | $T_j = 175\text{ °C}$   | -   | -    | 500  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{GSS}$                      | gate-source leakage current          | $V_{GS} = \pm 15\text{ V}; V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$                                       | -   | 2    | 100  | nA            |
| $R_{DS(on)(die)}$              | die drain-source on-state resistance | $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}; I_D = 25\text{ A};$<br><b>Figure 4</b>                          |     |      |      |               |
|                                |                                      | $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$  | -   | 5    | 6    | m $\Omega$    |
|                                |                                      | $T_j = 175\text{ °C}$   | -   | -    | 12   | m $\Omega$    |
| <b>Dynamic characteristics</b> |                                      |   |     |      |      |               |
| $Q_{g(tot)}$                   | total gate charge                    | $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}; V_{DS} = 44\text{ V};$<br>$I_D = 25\text{ A};$ <b>Figure 10</b> | -   | 92   | -    | nC            |
| $Q_{gs}$                       | gate-source charge                   |   | -   | 11   | -    | nC            |
| $Q_{gd}$                       | gate-drain (Miller) charge           |   | -   | 43   | -    | nC            |
| $C_{iss}$                      | input capacitance                    | $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}; V_{DS} = 25\text{ V};$<br>$f = 1\text{ MHz};$ <b>Figure 8</b>   | -   | 4550 | 6020 | pF            |
| $C_{oss}$                      | output capacitance                   |   | -   | 760  | 900  | pF            |
| $C_{rss}$                      | reverse transfer capacitance         |   | -   | 500  | 690  | pF            |
| $t_{d(on)}$                    | turn-on delay time                   | $V_{DS} = 30\text{ V}; R_L = 1.2\text{ }\Omega;$                                      | -   | 40   | -    | nS            |
| $t_r$                          | rise time                            | $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}; R_G = 10\text{ }\Omega$   | -   | 175  | -    | nS            |
| $t_{d(off)}$                   | turn-off delay time                  |   | -   | 280  | -    | nS            |
| $t_f$                          | fall time                            |   | -   | 167  | -    | nS            |
| <b>Source-drain diode</b>      |                                      |   |     |      |      |               |
| $V_{SD}$                       | source-drain (diode forward) voltage | $I_S = 25\text{ A}; V_{GS} = 0\text{ V};$<br><b>Figure 11</b>                         | -   | 0.85 | 1.2  | V             |
| $t_{rr}$                       | reverse recovery time                | $I_S = 20\text{ A}; dI_S/dt = -100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$                              | -   | 70   | -    | ns            |
| $Q_r$                          | recovered charge                     | $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}; V_{DS} = 30\text{ V}$   | -   | 160  | -    | nC            |



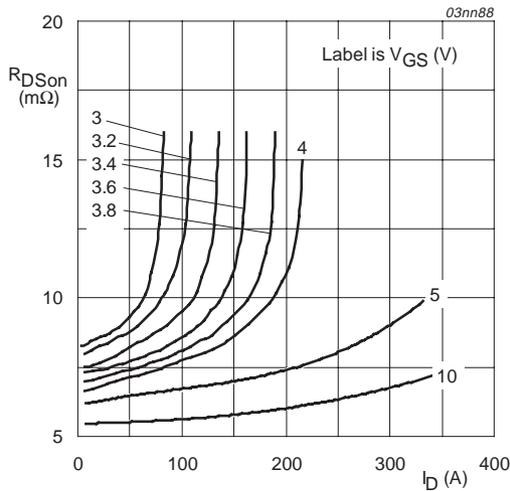
$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$

**Fig 1. Output characteristics: drain current as a function of drain-source voltage; typical values.**



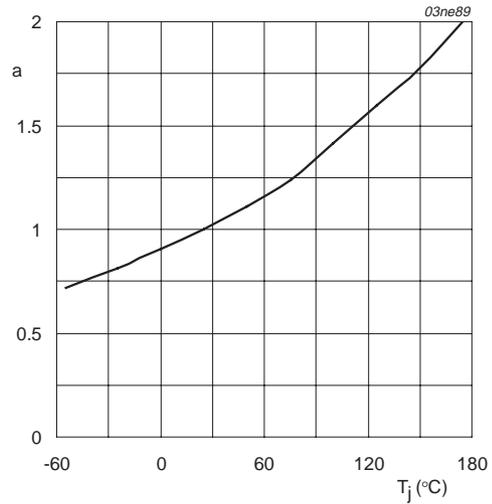
$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $I_D = 25\text{ A}$

**Fig 2. Drain-source on-state resistance as a function of gate-source voltage; typical values.**



$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$

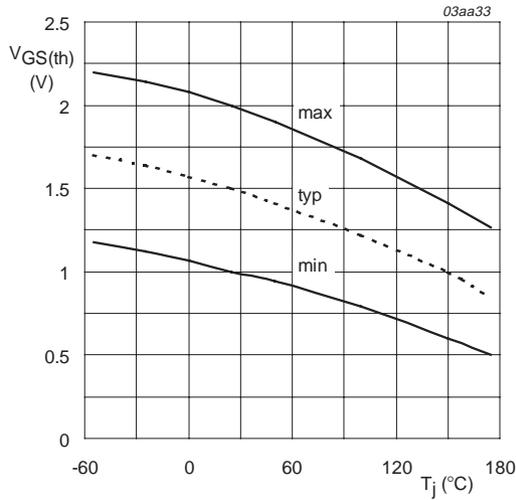
**Fig 3. Drain-source on-state resistance as a function of drain current; typical values.**



$$a = \frac{R_{DSon}}{R_{DSon(25^\circ\text{C})}}$$

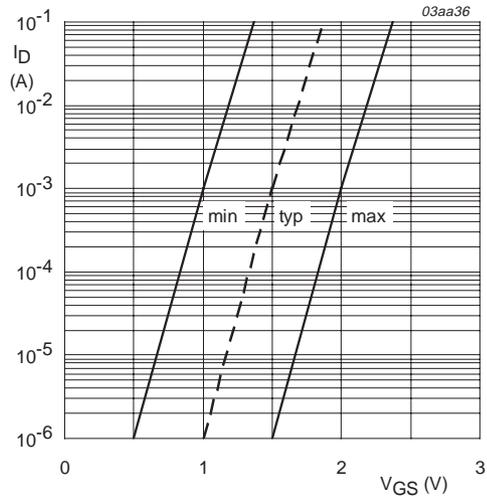
**Fig 4. Normalized drain-source on-state resistance factor as a function of junction temperature.**

**Remark:** Figures 1, 2, and 3 measured on die assembled in SOT78 with 3 x 350  $\mu\text{m}$  source bond wires.



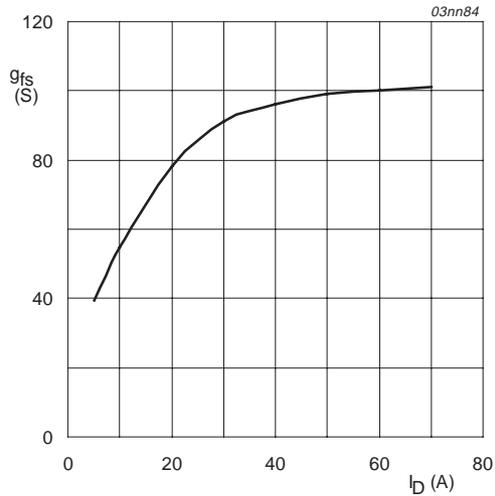
$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{DS} = V_{GS}$

**Fig 5. Gate-source threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature.**



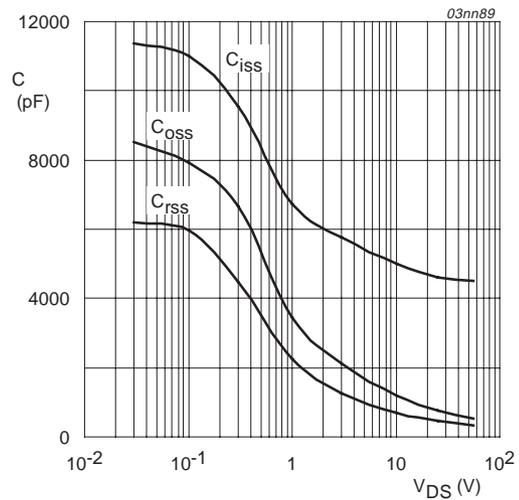
$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; V_{DS} = V_{GS}$

**Fig 6. Sub-threshold drain current as a function of gate-source voltage.**



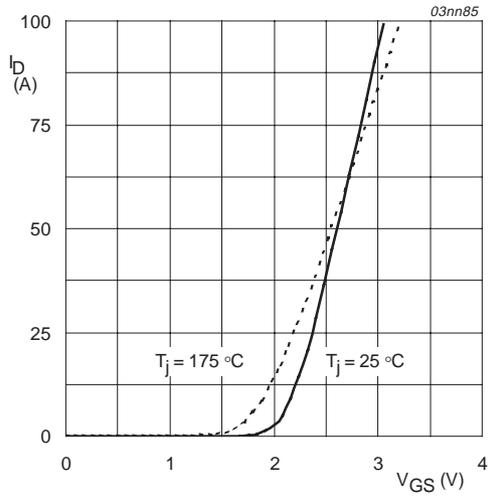
$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$

**Fig 7. Forward transconductance as a function of drain current; typical values.**



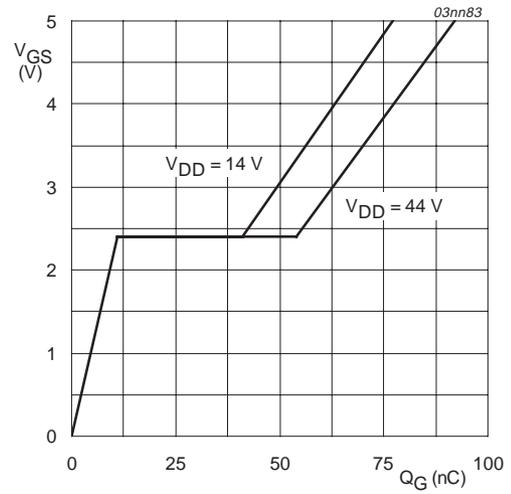
$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

**Fig 8. Input, output and reverse transfer capacitances as a function of drain-source voltage; typical values.**



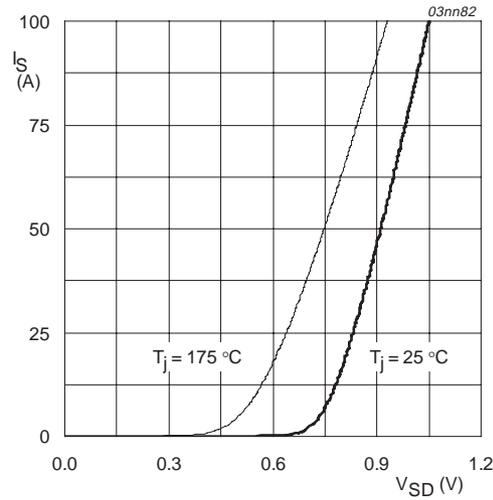
$V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$

**Fig 9. Transfer characteristics: drain current as a function of gate-source voltage; typical values.**



$T_j = 25 \text{ °C}; I_D = 25 \text{ A}$

**Fig 10. Gate-source voltage as a function of gate charge; typical values.**

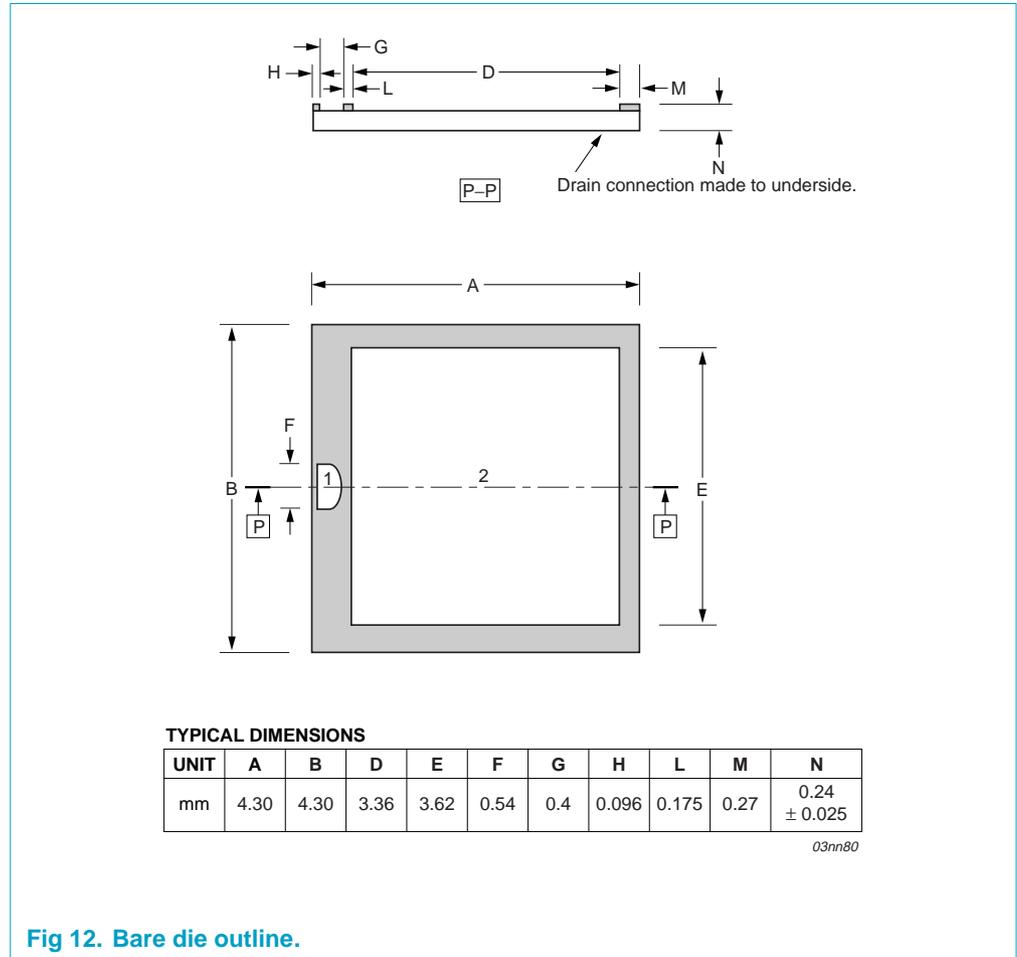


$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$

**Fig 11. Source (diode forward) current as a function of source-drain (diode forward) voltage; typical values.**

**Remark:** Figures 9, 10, and 11 measured on die assembled in SOT78 with 3 x 350  $\mu\text{m}$  source bond wires.

**5. Bare die outline**



**Fig 12. Bare die outline.**

**Table 4: Bare die information**

| Parameter  | Description                                    |
|--|--|
| Top-side metallization (gate and source bond pads) | 5 μm Al + 1 % Si (sputtered)                   |
| Back-side metallization (drain contact)            | 0.1 μm Ti / 0.3 μm Ni / 0.1 μm Ag (evaporated) |
| Passivation layer                                  | 1 μm Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub>            |

## 6. Revision history

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Table 5: Revision history

| Rev | Date     | CPCN | Description                       |
|-----|----------|------|-----------------------------------|
| 01  | 20030801 | -    | Preliminary data (9397 750 11571) |

## 7. Data sheet status

| Level | Data sheet status <sup>[1]</sup> | Product status <sup>[2][3]</sup> | Definition   |
|-------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| I     | Objective data                   | Development                      | This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.  |
| II    | Preliminary data                 | Qualification                    | This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product.             |
| III   | Product data                     | Production                       | This data sheet contains data from the product specification. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve the design, manufacturing and supply. Relevant changes will be communicated via a Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN). |

[1] Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>.

[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

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**Short-form specification** — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

**Limiting values definition** — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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