



# AKD4359-SC

## Evaluation board Rev.0 for AK4359

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The AKD4359-SC is an evaluation board for AK4359, the 24bit 8ch D/A converter. The AKD4359-SC also has the digital audio interface and can achieve the interface with digital audio systems via opt-connector or BNC connector.

■ **Ordering guide**

AKD4359-SC --- Evaluation board for AK4359  
 (Cable for connecting with printer port of IBM-AT compatible PC and control software are packed with this. This control software does not operate on Windows NT)

**FUNCTION**

- Compatible with 2 types of interface**  
     **DIR with optical input and BNC input**  
     **Direct interface with AC3 decoder by 10pin header**
- 10pin header for serial control interface**

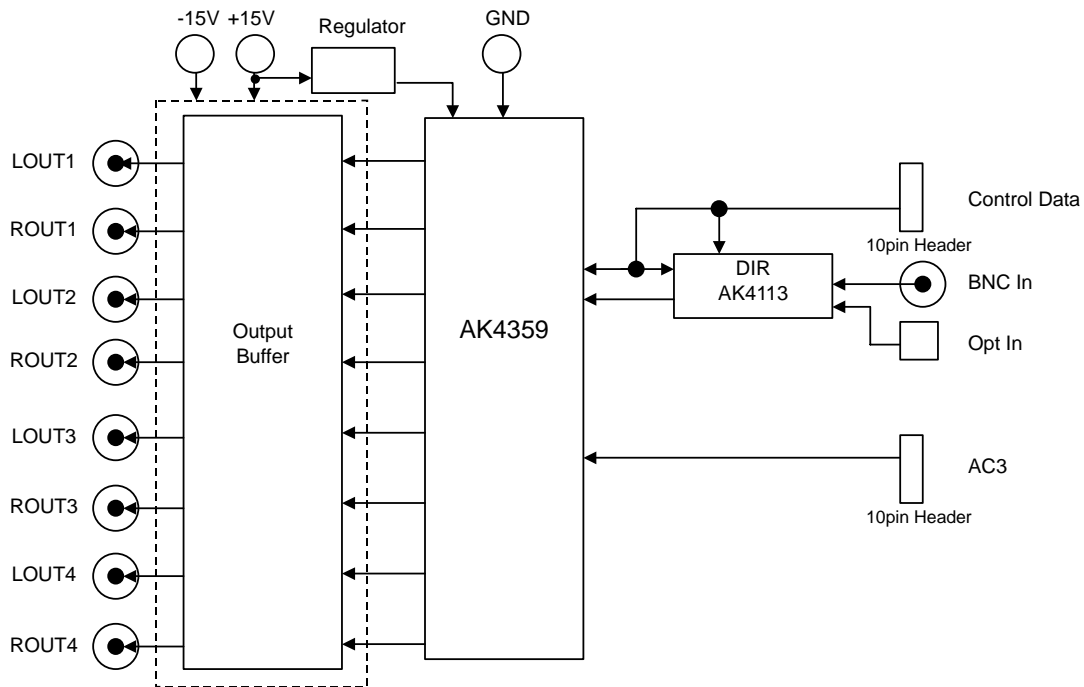


Figure 1. AKD4359-SC Block Diagram

\*Circuit diagram and PCB layout are attached at the end of this manual.

■ Operation sequence

1) Set up the power supply lines. (See “Other jumpers set-up”.)

Name	Color	Voltage	Comments	Attention
+15V	Red	+12~+15V	Regulator, Power supply for Op-amp.	This jack is always needed. Power line
-15V	Blue	-12~-15V	Power supply for Op-amp.	This jack is always needed. Power line
AGND	Black	0V	GND	This jack is always needed.

Table 1. Set up of power supply lines

Each supply line should be distributed from the power supply unit.

2) Set-up the jumper pins

3) Set-up the DIP switches. (See the followings.)

4) Power on

The AK4359 should be reset once bringing SW1 (PDN) “L” upon power-up.

■ Evaluation mode

1. DIR(COAX) (default)

J1 is used for the evaluation using such as CD test disk. The DIR generates MCLK, BICK and LRCK SDATA from the received data through BNC connector (J9). Setting of jumper is shown below.

COAX is recommended for an evaluation of the Sound quality.

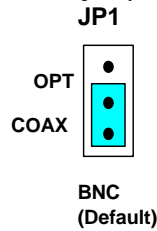


Figure 2. Jumper setting, when using DIR

2. DIR(Optical Link)

PORT1 is used for the evaluation using such as CD test disk. The DIR generates MCLK, BICK and LRCK SDATA from the received data through optical connector (PORT4: TORX176). Setting of jumper is shown below.

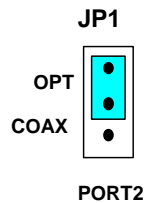


Figure 3. Jumper setting, when using DIR

■ **DIP Switch setting**

[SW2]: AK4113 setting

No.	Pin	OFF	ON	Default
1	OCKS1	AK4113 Master Clock setting		ON
2	OCKS0	Refer to Table4		OFF

Table 2. SW2 setting

[SW3]: AK4359 setting

No.	Pin	OFF	ON	Default
1	SMUTE	AK4359 setting		OFF
2	P/S			OFF
3	ACKS			ON

Note : When using the serial mode, R5 and R17 should be removed.

Table 3. SW3 setting

The frequency of the master clock output is set by OCKS0 and OCKS1 as shown in Table 4.

OCKS1	OCKS0	MCLK Frequency	Default
0	0	256fs @fs=88.2/96kHz	
1	0	512fs @32/44.1/48kHz	
1	1	128fs @176.4/192kHz	

Table 4. MCLK Clock

■ **SW1 setting**

[SW1](PDN): Reset of AK4359. Select “H” during operation.

■ External analog circuit

The 2nd order LPF (fc=111.8kHz, Q=0.714) which adds differential outputs of the AK4359 is implemented on the board. When the further attenuation of the out-band noise is needed, some additional LPF is required. Analog signal is output through BNC connectors on the board. And the output level of the AK4359 is 5.68Vpp@5V.

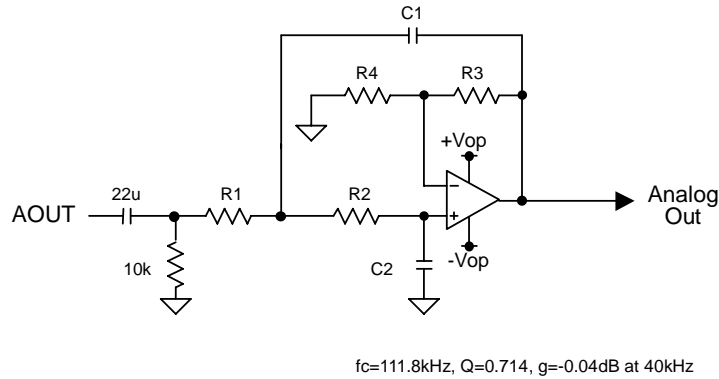


Figure 4. On-board analog filter

R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>
1.5k	1.8k	2.2k	3.3k	820p	820p

Table 5. The value of R,C on this board

f <sub>in</sub>	20kHz	40kHz	80kHz
Frequency Response	0.00dB	-0.04dB	-0.76dB

Table 6. Frequency Response of LPF

<Calculation>

$$\text{Amplitude} = 20 \log \frac{K}{\sqrt{[1-(f/f_c)^2]^2 + [(1/Q)(f/f_c)]^2}} \text{ [dB]},$$

$$K = \frac{R_3 + R_4}{R_4},$$

$$f_c = \frac{\omega_0}{2\pi},$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2C_1C_2R_1R_2}},$$

$$Q = 2\pi f_c \frac{1}{\frac{1}{C_1R_1} + \frac{1}{C_1R_2} + \frac{1-k}{C_2R_2}}$$

## Control Software Manual

### ■ Set-up of evaluation board and control software

1. Set up the AKD4359-SC according to previous term.
2. Connect IBM-AT compatible PC with AKD4359-SC by 10-line type flat cable (packed with AKD4359-SC). Take care of the direction of 10pin header. (Please install the driver in the CD-ROM when this control software is used on Windows 2000/XP. Please refer "Installation Manual of Control Software Driver by AKM device control software". In case of Windows95/98/ME, this installation is not needed. This control software does not operate on Windows NT.)
3. Insert the CD-ROM labeled "AKD4359-SC Evaluation Kit" into the CD-ROM drive.
4. Access the CD-ROM drive and double-click the icon of "akd4396.exe" to set up the control program.
5. Then please evaluate according to the follows.

### ■ Operation flow

Keep the following flow.

1. Set up the control program according to explanation above.
2. Click "Port Reset" button.

### ■ Explanation of each buttons

1. [Port Reset] : Set up the USB interface board (AKDUSBIF-A) .
2. [Write default] : Initialize the register of AK4359.
3. [All Write] : Write all registers that is currently displayed.
4. [Function1] : Dialog to write data by keyboard operation.
5. [Function2] : Dialog to write data by keyboard operation.
6. [Function3] : The sequence of register setting can be set and executed.
7. [Function4] : The sequence that is created on [Function3] can be assigned to buttons and executed.
8. [Function5]: The register setting that is created by [SAVE] function on main window can be assigned to buttons and executed.
9. [SAVE] : Save the current register setting.
10. [OPEN] : Write the saved values to all register.
11. [Write] : Dialog to write data by mouse operation.

### ■ Indication of data

Input data is indicated on the register map. Red letter indicates "H" or "1" and blue one indicates "L" or "0". Blank is the part that is not defined in the datasheet.

## ■ Explanation of each dialog

### 1. [Write Dialog]: Dialog to write data by mouse operation

There are dialogs corresponding to each register.

Click the [Write] button corresponding to each register to set up the dialog. If you check the check box, data becomes “H” or “1”. If not, “L” or “0”.

If you want to write the input data to AK4359, click [OK] button. If not, click [Cancel] button.

### 2. [Function1 Dialog] : Dialog to write data by keyboard operation

Address Box: Input registers address in 2 figures of hexadecimal.

Data Box: Input registers data in 2 figures of hexadecimal.

If you want to write the input data to AK4359, click [OK] button. If not, click [Cancel] button.

### 3. [Function2 Dialog] : Dialog to evaluate ATT

Address Box: Input registers address in 2 figures of hexadecimal.

Start Data Box: Input starts data in 2 figures of hexadecimal.

End Data Box: Input end data in 2 figures of hexadecimal.

Interval Box: Data is written to AK4642 by this interval.

Step Box: Data changes by this step.

Mode Select Box:

If you check this check box, data reaches end data, and returns to start data.

[Example] Start Data = 00, End Data = 09

Data flow: 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 09 08 07 06 05 04 03 02 01 00

If you do not check this check box, data reaches end data, but does not return to start data.

[Example] Start Data = 00, End Data = 09

Data flow: 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09

If you want to write the input data to AK4359, click [OK] button. If not, click [Cancel] button.

#### 4. [Save] and [Open]

##### 4-1. [Save]

Save the current register setting data. The extension of file name is “akr”.

(Operation flow)

- (1) Click [Save] Button.
- (2) Set the file name and push [Save] Button. The extension of file name is “akr”.

##### 4-2. [Open]

The register setting data saved by [Save] is written to AK4359. The file type is the same as [Save].

(Operation flow)

- (1) Click [Open] Button.
- (2) Select the file (\*.akr) and Click [Open] Button.

**5. [Function3 Dialog]**

The sequence of register setting can be set and executed.

- (1) Click [F3] Button.
- (2) Set the control sequence.  
Set the address, Data and Interval time. Set “-1” to the address of the step where the sequence should be paused.
- (3) Click [Start] button. Then this sequence is executed.

The sequence is paused at the step of Interval="-1". Click [START] button, the sequence restarts from the paused step.

This sequence can be saved and opened by [Save] and [Open] button on the Function3 window. The extension of file name is “aks”.

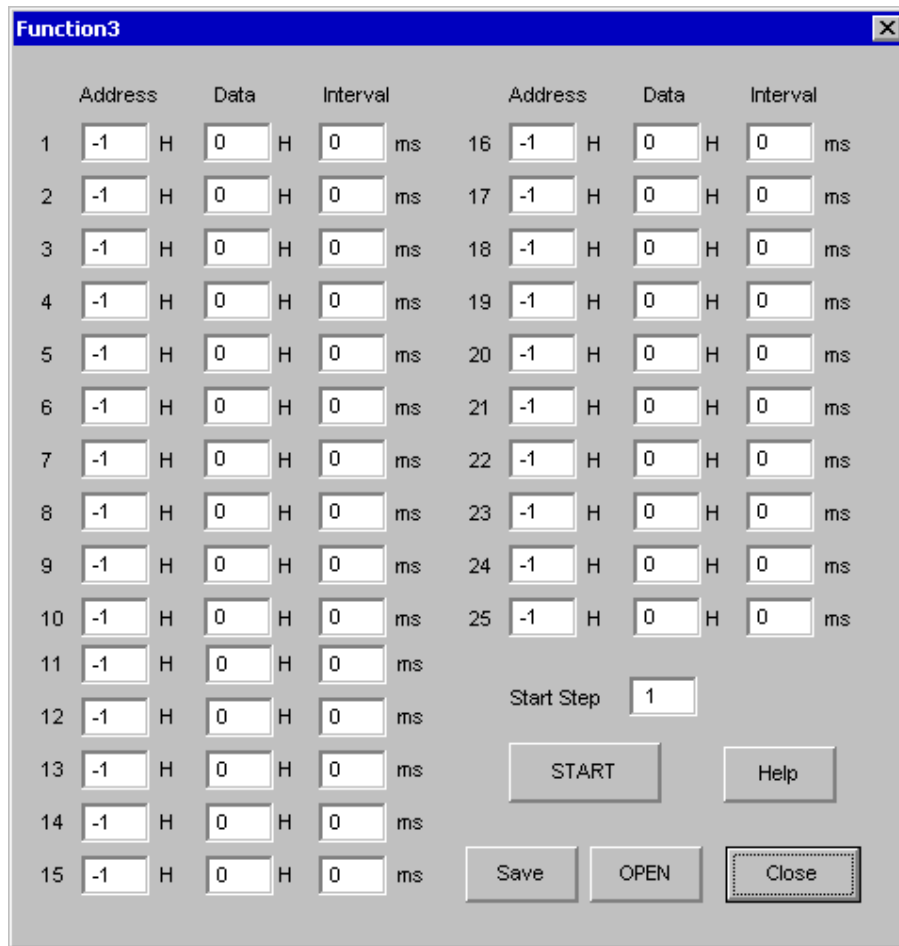


Figure 5. Window of [F3]



6. [Function4 Dialog]

The sequence that is created on [Function3] can be assigned to buttons and executed. When [F4] button is clicked, the window as shown in Figure 6 opens.

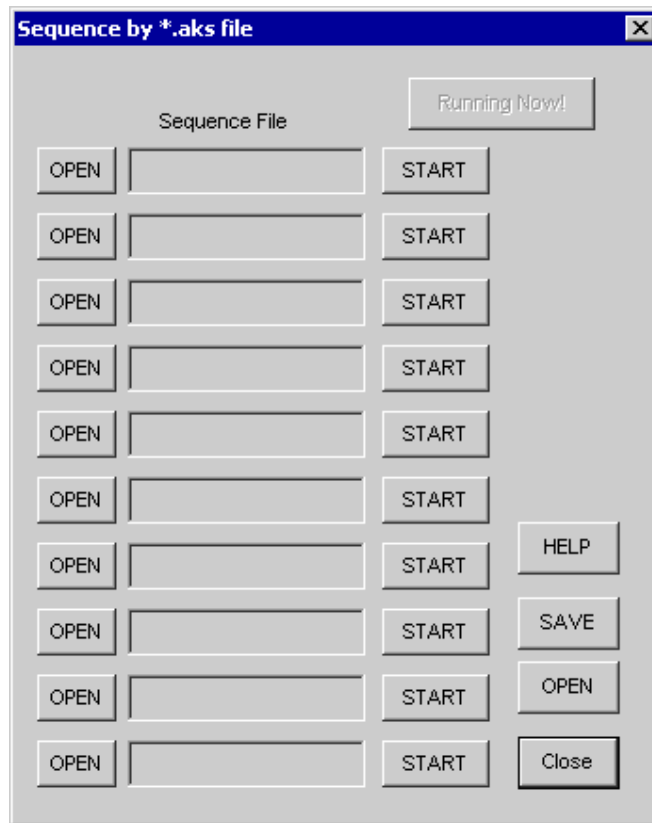


Figure 6. [F4] window

6-1. [OPEN] buttons on left side and [START] buttons

(1) Click [OPEN] button and select the sequence file (\*.aks).

The sequence file name is displayed as shown in Figure 7.

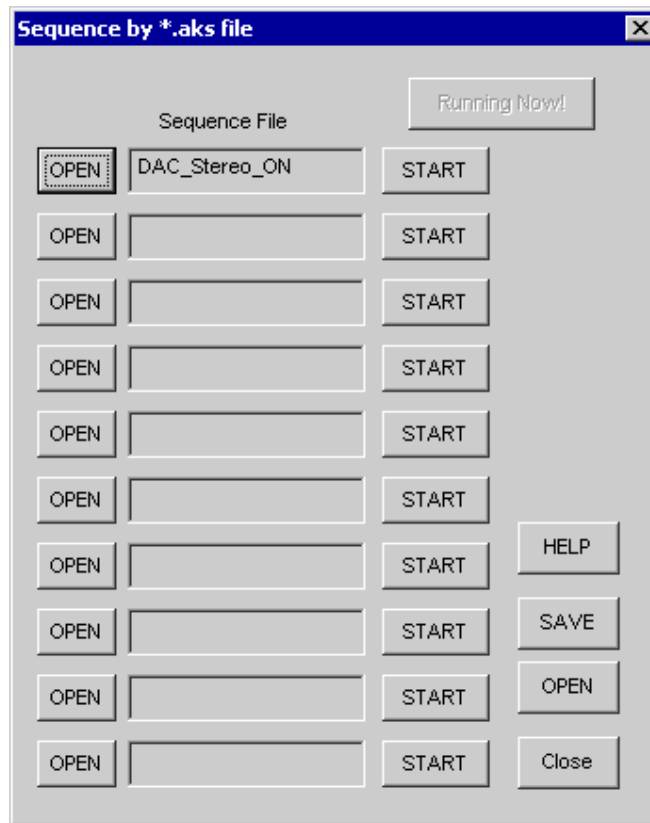


Figure 7. [F4] window(2)

(2) Click [START] button, then the sequence is executed.

3-2. [SAVE] and [OPEN] buttons on right side

[SAVE] : The sequence file names can assign be saved. The file name is \*.ak4.

[OPEN] : The sequence file names assign that are saved in \*.ak4 are loaded.

3-3. Note

(1) This function doesn't support the pause function of sequence function.

(2) All files need to be in same folder used by [SAVE] and [OPEN] function on right side.

(3) When the sequence is changed in [Function3], the file should be loaded again in order to reflect the change.

## 7. [Function5 Dialog]

The register setting that is created by [SAVE] function on main window can be assigned to buttons and executed. When [F5] button is clicked, the following window as shown in Figure 8 opens.

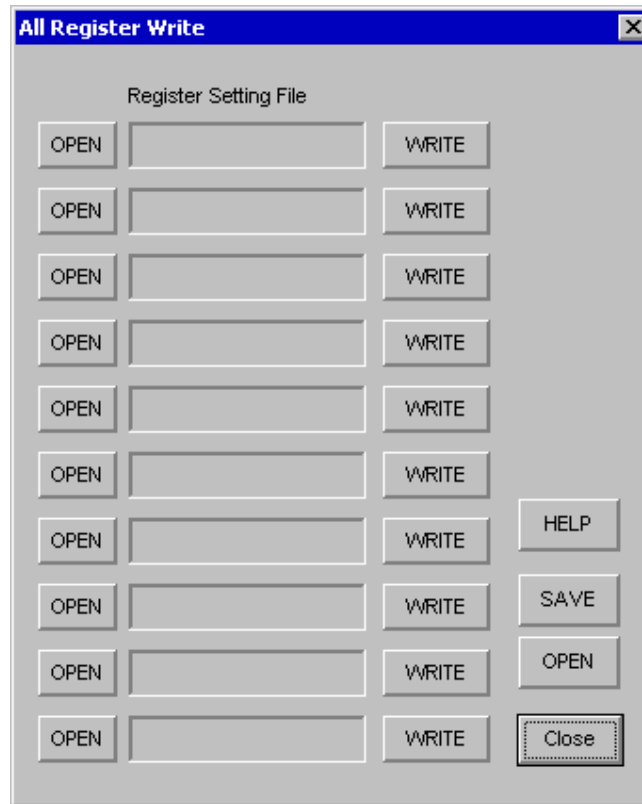


Figure 8. [F5] window

### 7-1. [OPEN] buttons on left side and [WRITE] button

- (1) Click [OPEN] button and select the register setting file (\*.akr).
- (2) Click [WRITE] button, then the register setting is executed.

### 7-2. [SAVE] and [OPEN] buttons on right side

[SAVE] : The register setting file names assign can be saved. The file name is \*.ak5.

[OPEN] : The register setting file names assign that are saved in \*.ak5 are loaded.

### 7-3. Note

- (1) All files need to be in same folder used by [SAVE] and [OPEN] function on right side.
- (2) When the register setting is changed by [Save] Button in main window, the file should be loaded again in order to reflect the change.

<b>MEASUREMENT RESULTS</b>
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## [Measurement condition]

- Measurement unit : Audio Precision, System two, Cascade
- MCLK : 512fs, 256fs, 128fs
- BICK : 64fs
- fs : 44.1kHz, 96kHz, 192kHz
- BW : 10Hz~20kHz (fs=44.1kHz), 10Hz~40kHz (fs=96kHz), 10Hz~40kHz (fs=192kHz)
- Bit : 24bit
- Power Supply : AVDD=DVDD=5V
- Interface : DIR (AK4113)
- Temperature : Room

fs=44.1kHz

Parameter	Input signal	Measurement filter	Lch	Rch
S/(N+D)	1kHz, 0dB	20kLPF	98.4dB	98.4dB
DR	1kHz, -60dB	20kLPF	102.8dB	102.8dB
		22kLPF, A-weighted	106.5dB	106.5dB
S/N	no signal	20kLPF	102.8dB	102.8dB
		22kLPF, A-weighted	106.2dB	106.2dB

fs=96kHz

Parameter	Input signal	Measurement filter	Lch	Rch
S/(N+D)	1kHz, 0dB	40kLPF	97.0dB	97.0dB
DR	1kHz, -60dB	40kLPF	101.0dB	101.0dB
		22kLPF, A-weighted	105.9dB	106.0dB
S/N	no signal	40kLPF	101.0dB	101.0dB
		22kLPF, A-weighted	106.0dB	106.0dB

fs=192kHz

Parameter	Input signal	Measurement filter	Lch	Rch
S/(N+D)	1kHz, 0dB	40kLPF	97.5dB	97.5dB
DR	1kHz, -60dB	40kLPF	101.5dB	101.5dB
		22kLPF, A-weighted	106.0dB	106.0dB
S/N	no signal	40kLPF	101.5dB	101.5dB
		22kLPF, A-weighted	106.0dB	106.0dB

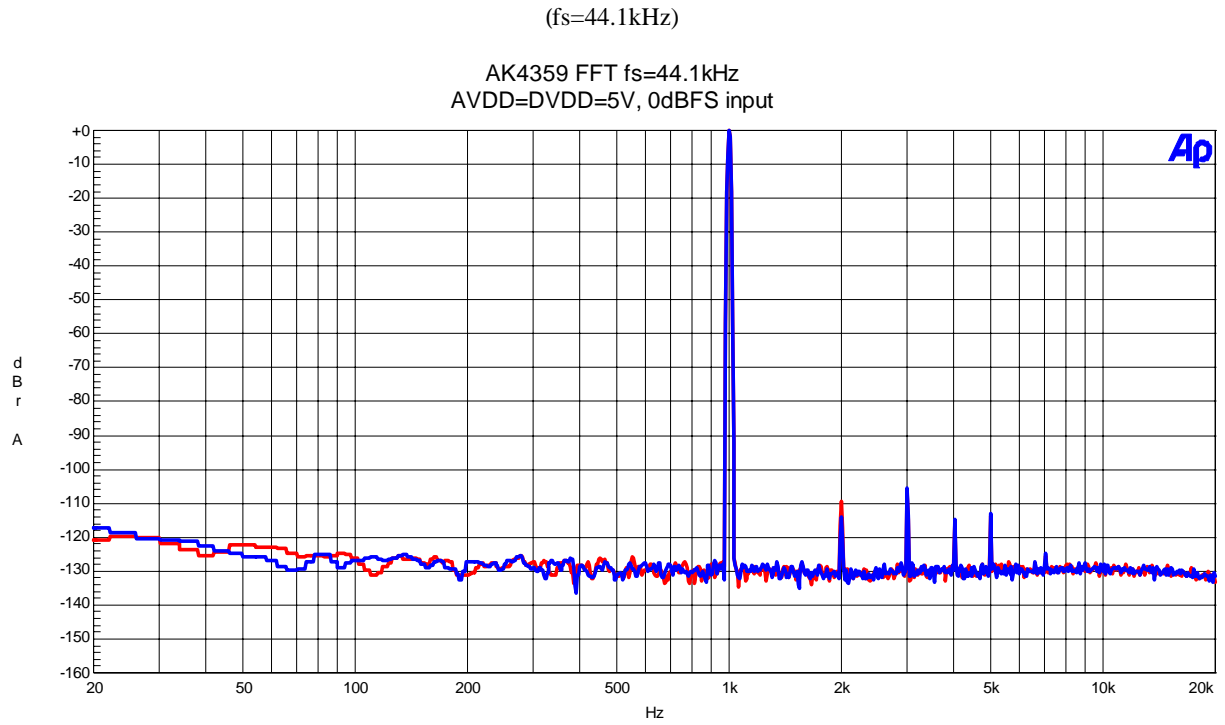


Figure 9. FFT (1kHz, 0dBFS input)

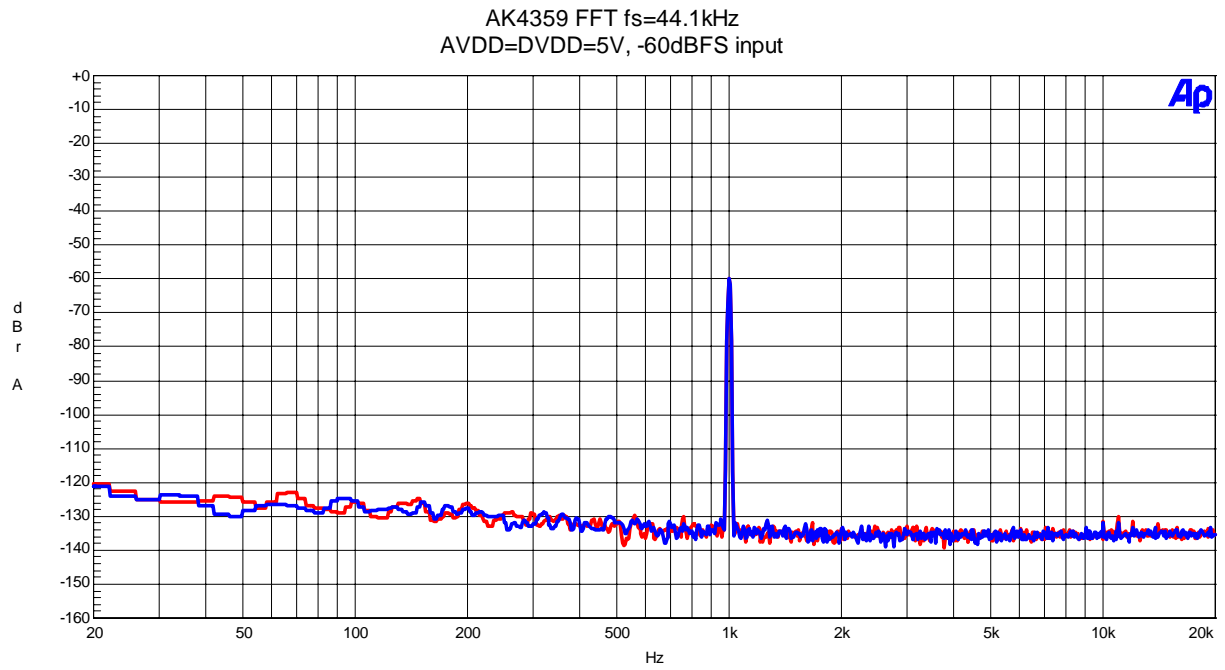


Figure 10. FFT (1kHz, -60dBFS input)

(fs=44.1kHz)

AK4359 FFT fs=44.1kHz  
AVDD=DVDD=5V, No input

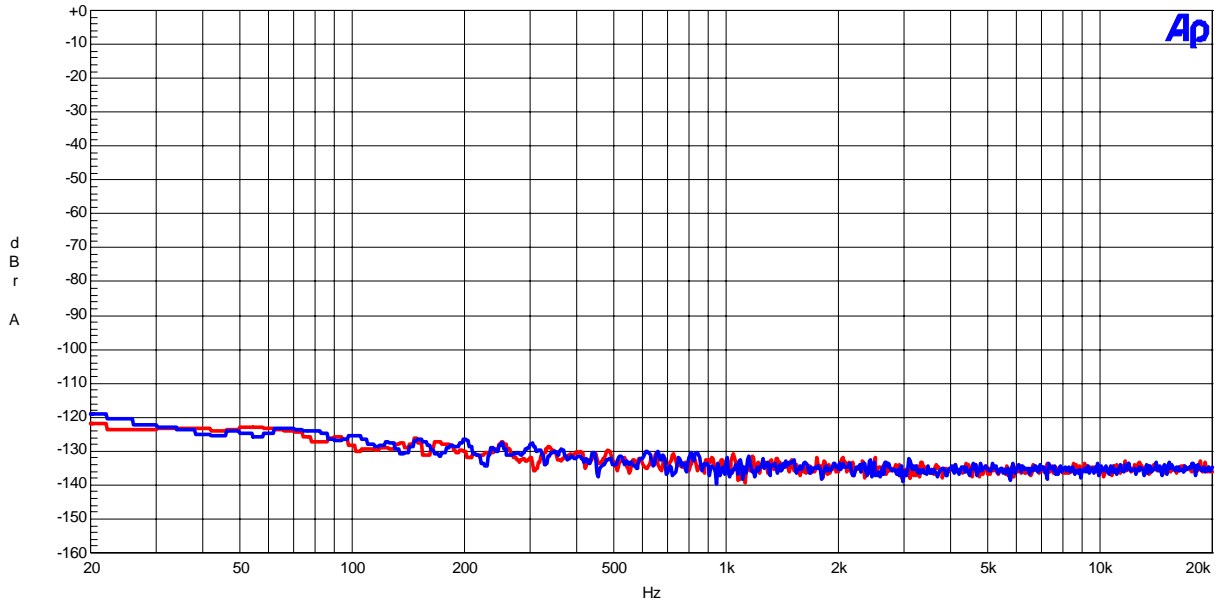


Figure 11. FFT (noise floor)

AK4359 FFT fs=44.1kHz  
AVDD=DVDD=5V, Out of band noise

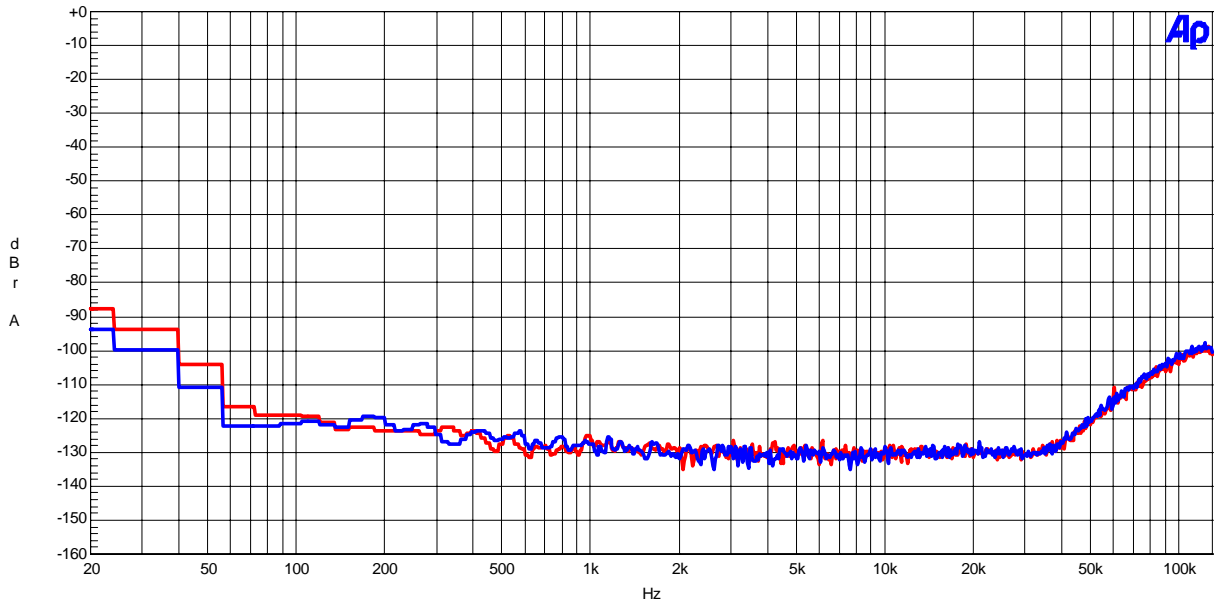


Figure 12. FFT (out-of-band noise)

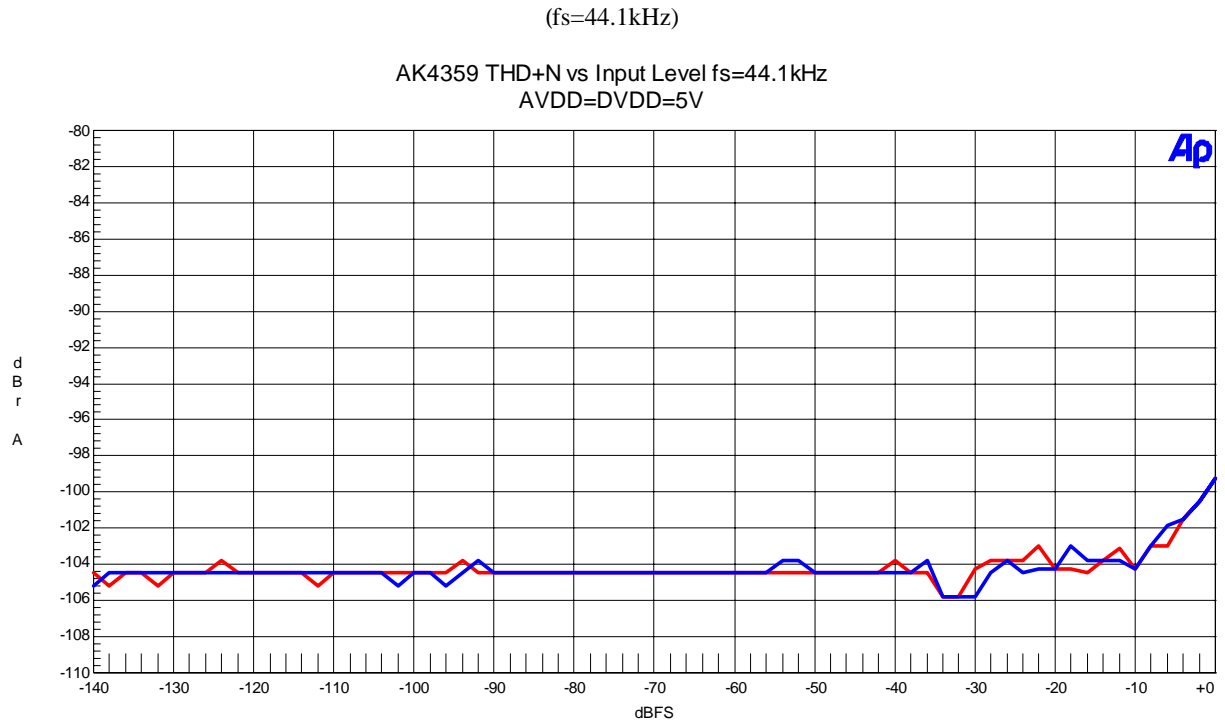


Figure 13. THD+N vs Input Level (fin=1kHz)

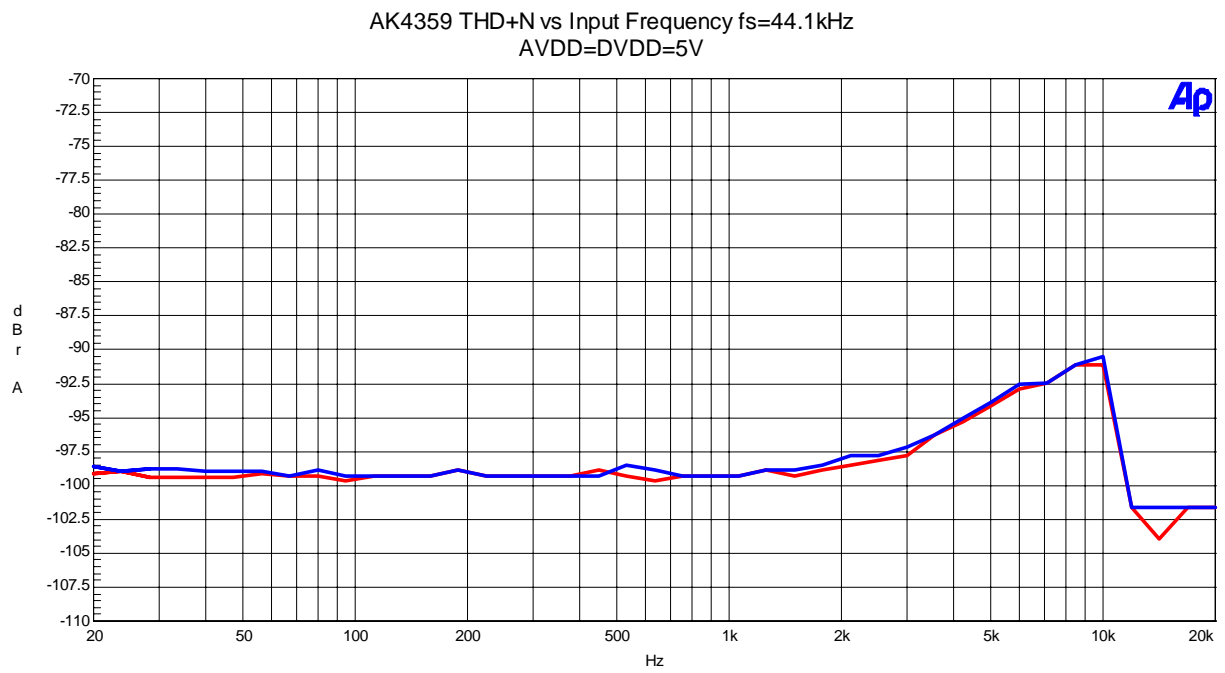


Figure 14. THD+N vs fin (Input level=0dBFS)

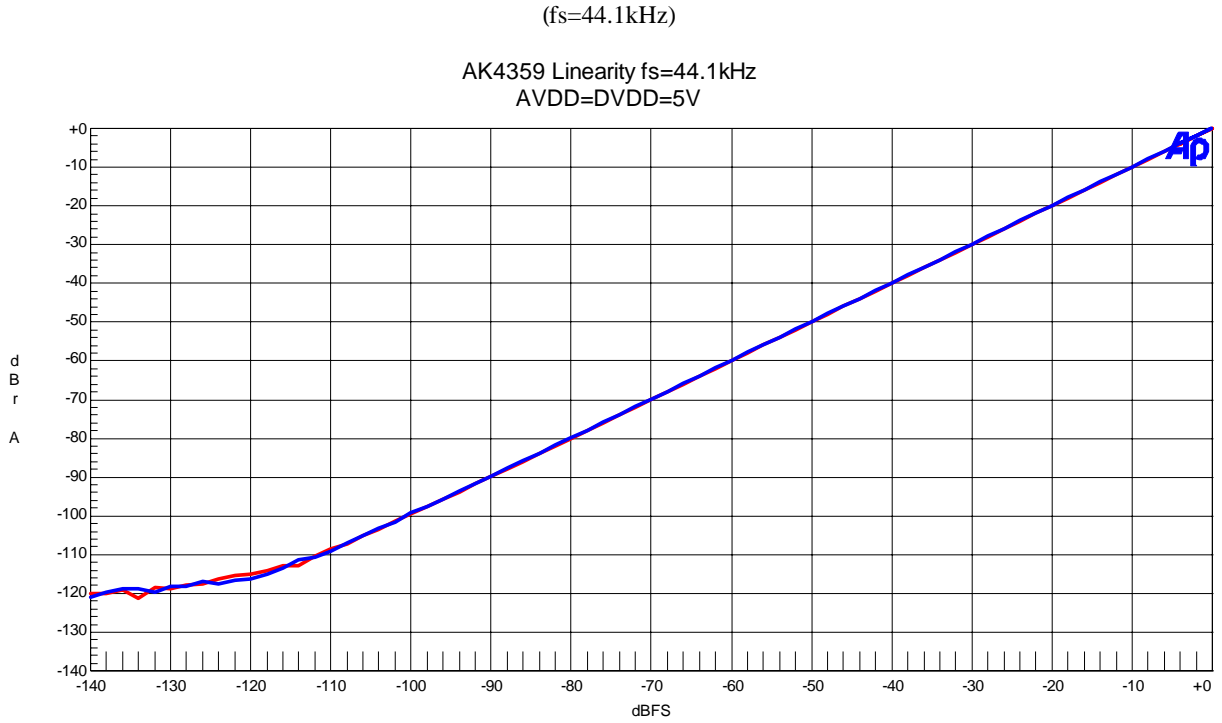


Figure 15. Linearity (fin=1kHz)

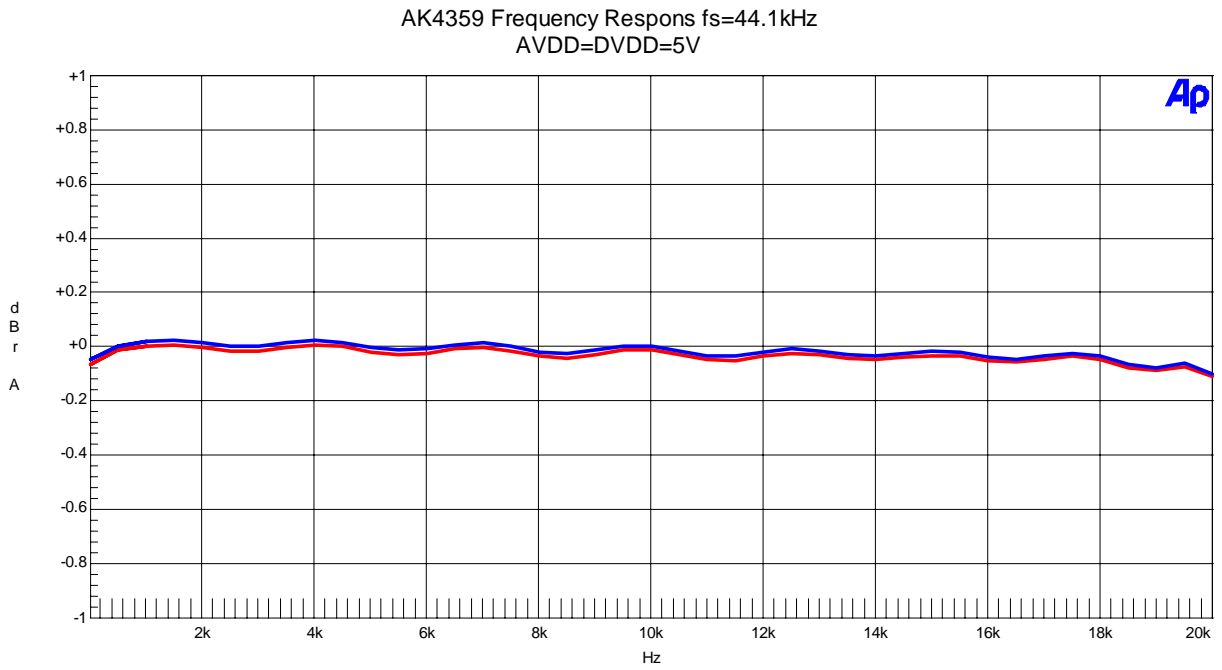


Figure 16. Frequency Response (Input level=0dBFS)



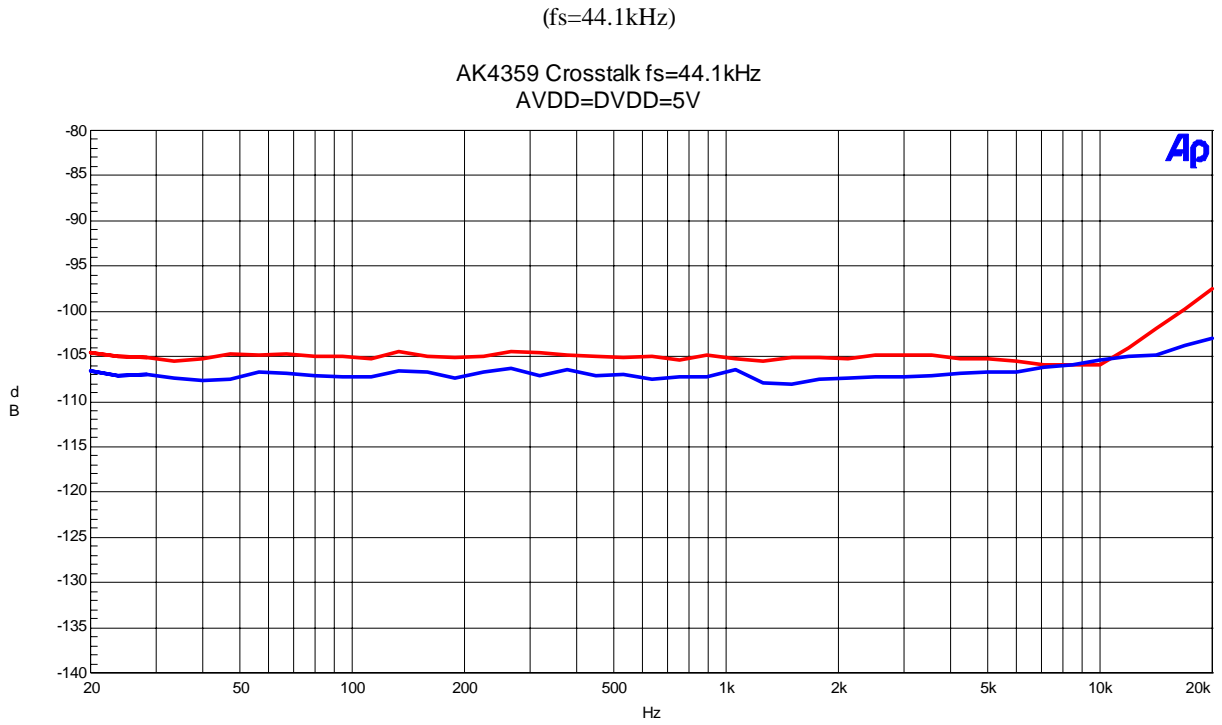


Figure 17. Cross-talk (Input level=0dBFS)

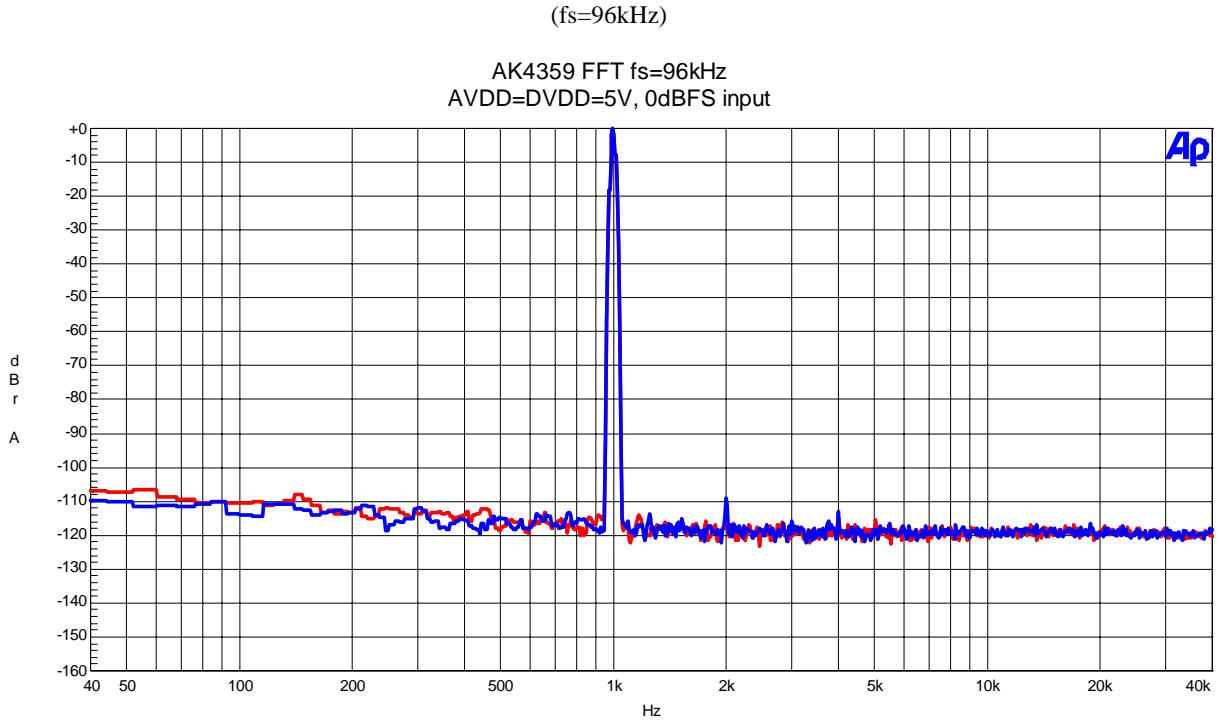


Figure 18. FFT (1kHz, 0dBFS input)

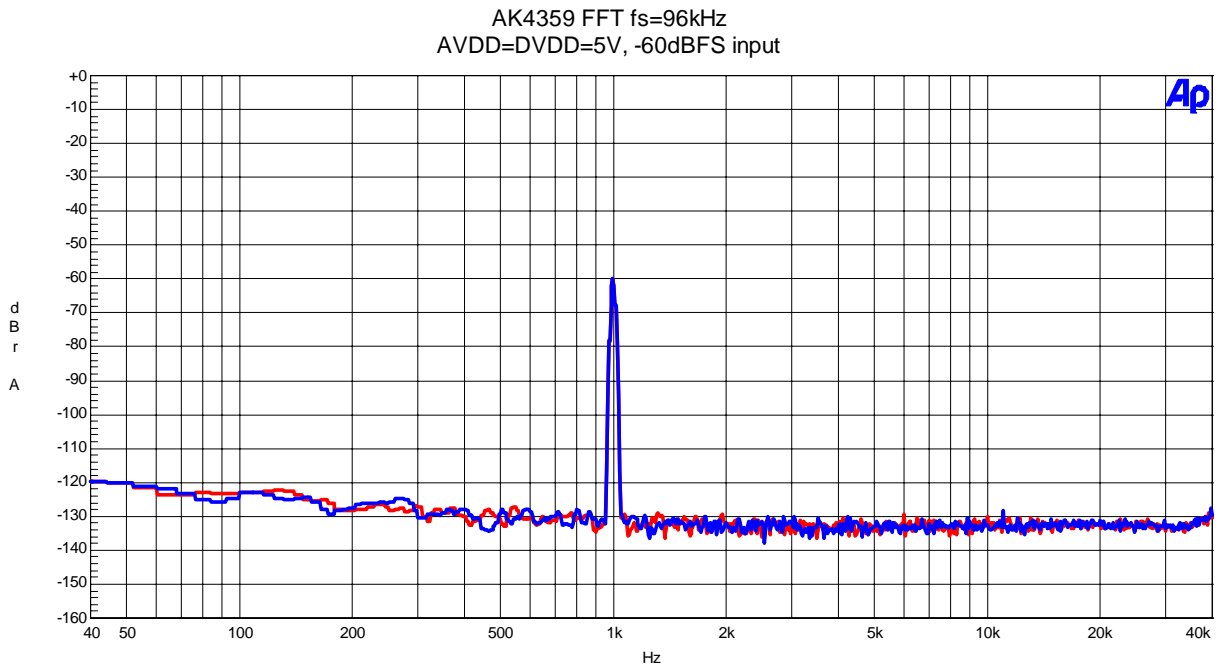


Figure 19. FFT (1kHz, -60dBFS input)

(fs=96kHz)

AK4359 FFT fs=96kHz  
AVDD=DVDD=5V, No input

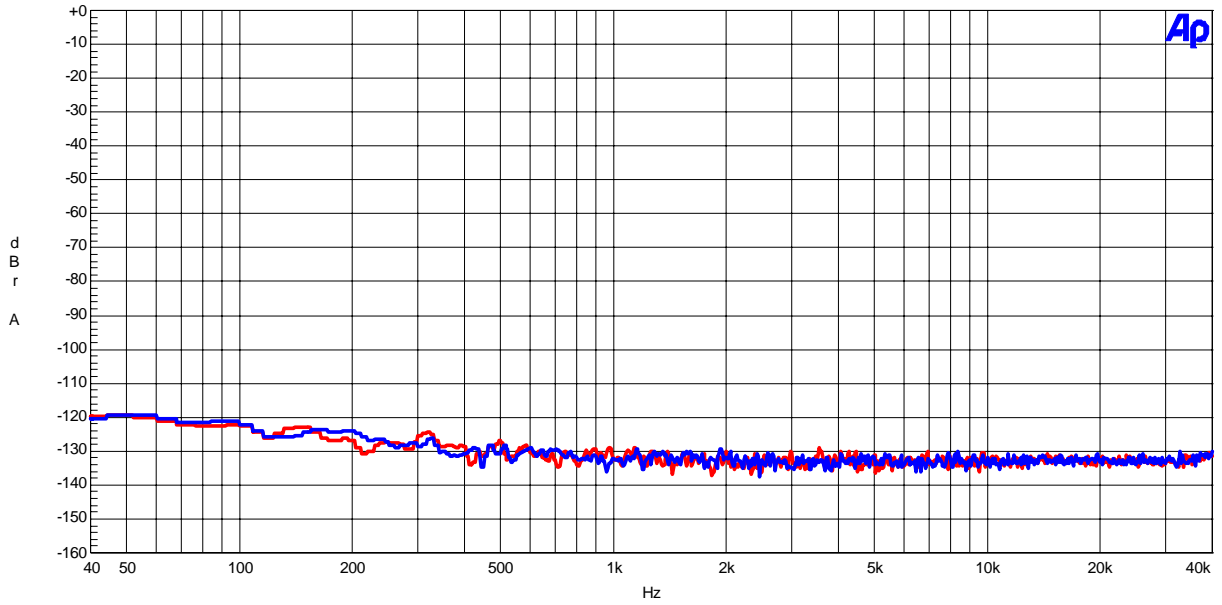


Figure 20. FFT (noise floor)

AK4359 FFT fs=96kHz, Notch  
AVDD=DVDD=5V, 0dBFS input

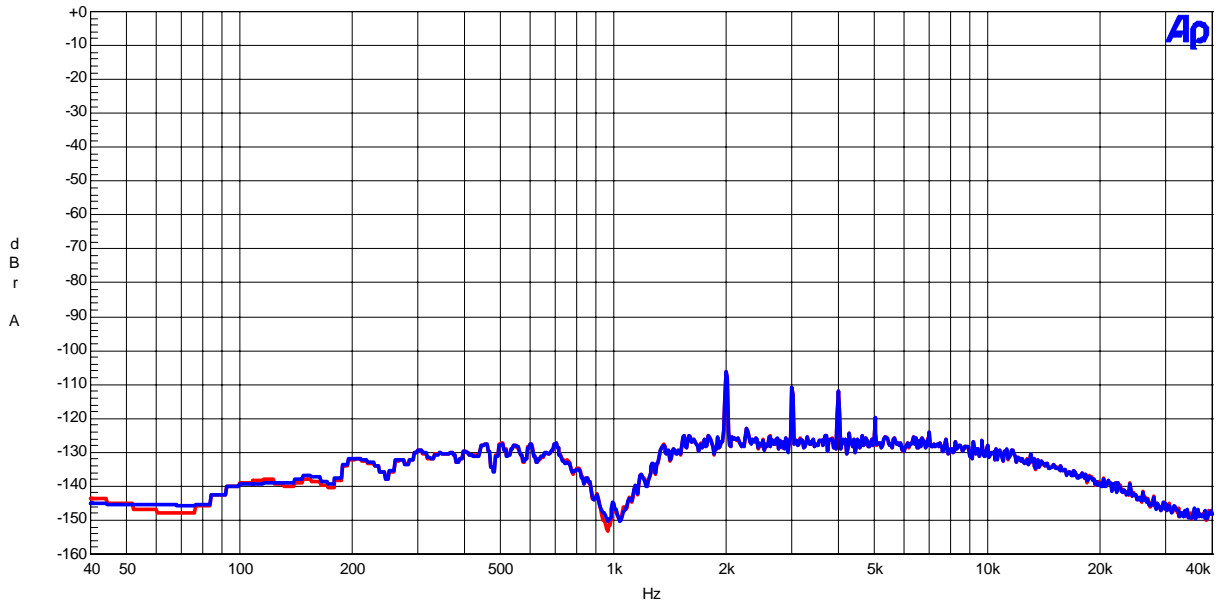


Figure 21. FFT (Notch)

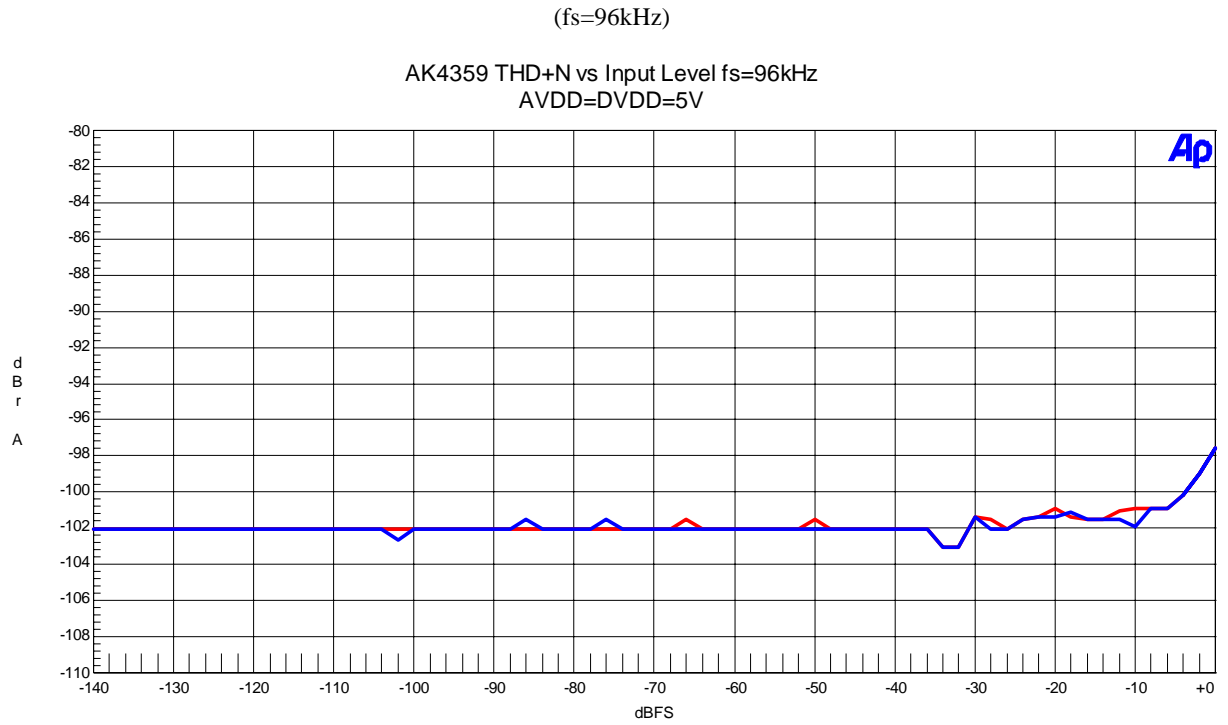


Figure 22. THD+N vs Input Level (fin=1kHz)

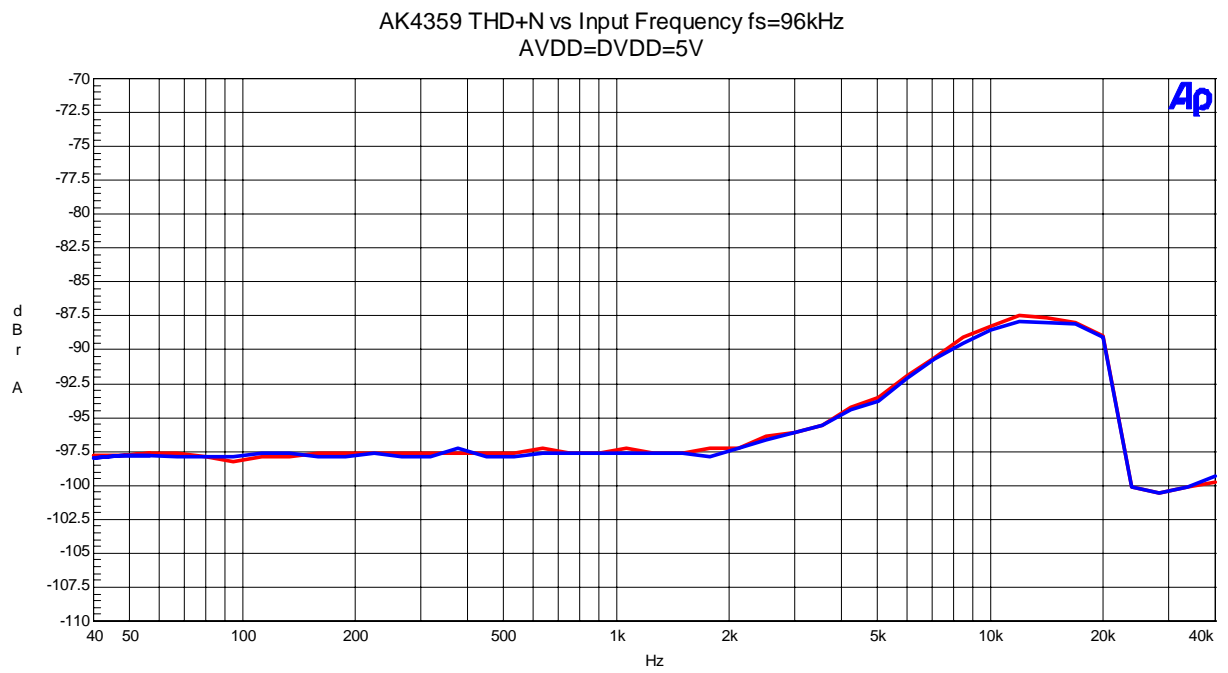


Figure 23. THD+N vs fin (Input level=0dBFS)

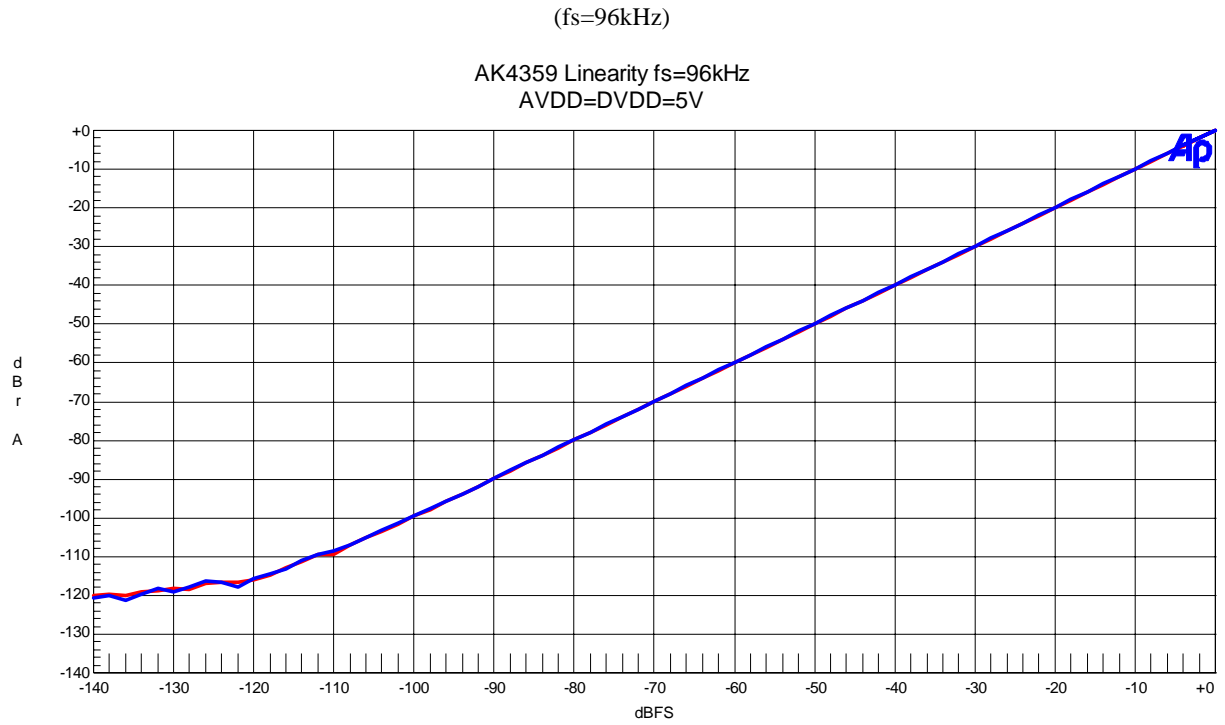


Figure 24. Linearity (fin=1kHz)

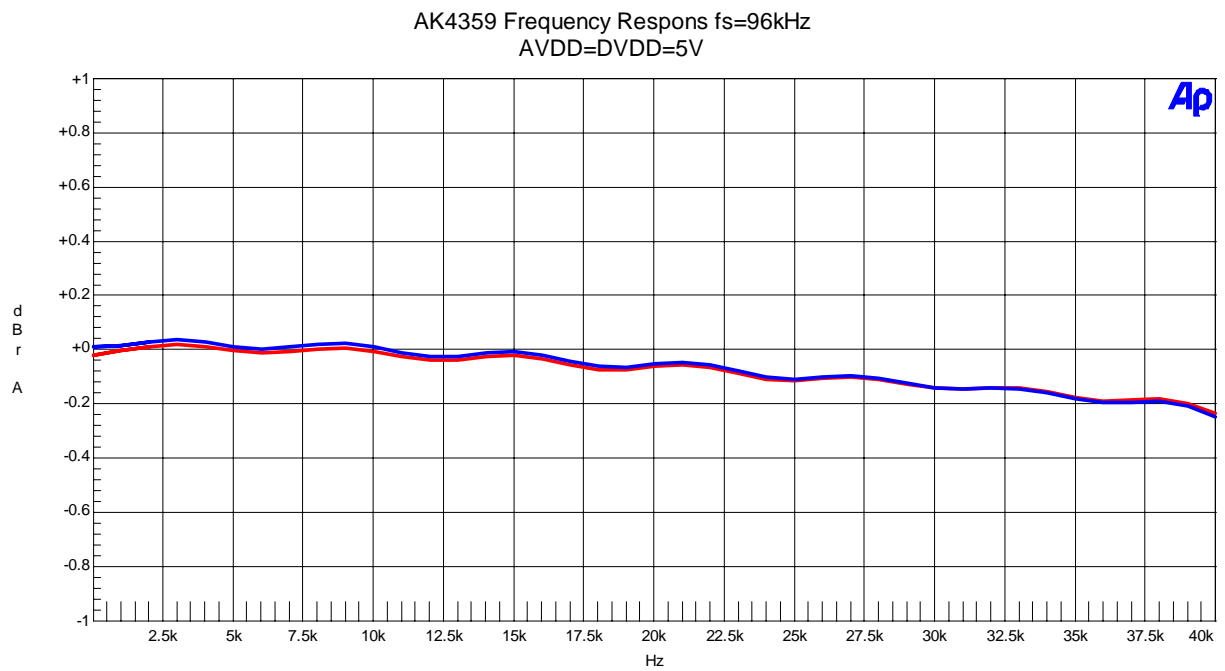


Figure 25. Frequency Response (Input level=0dBFS)

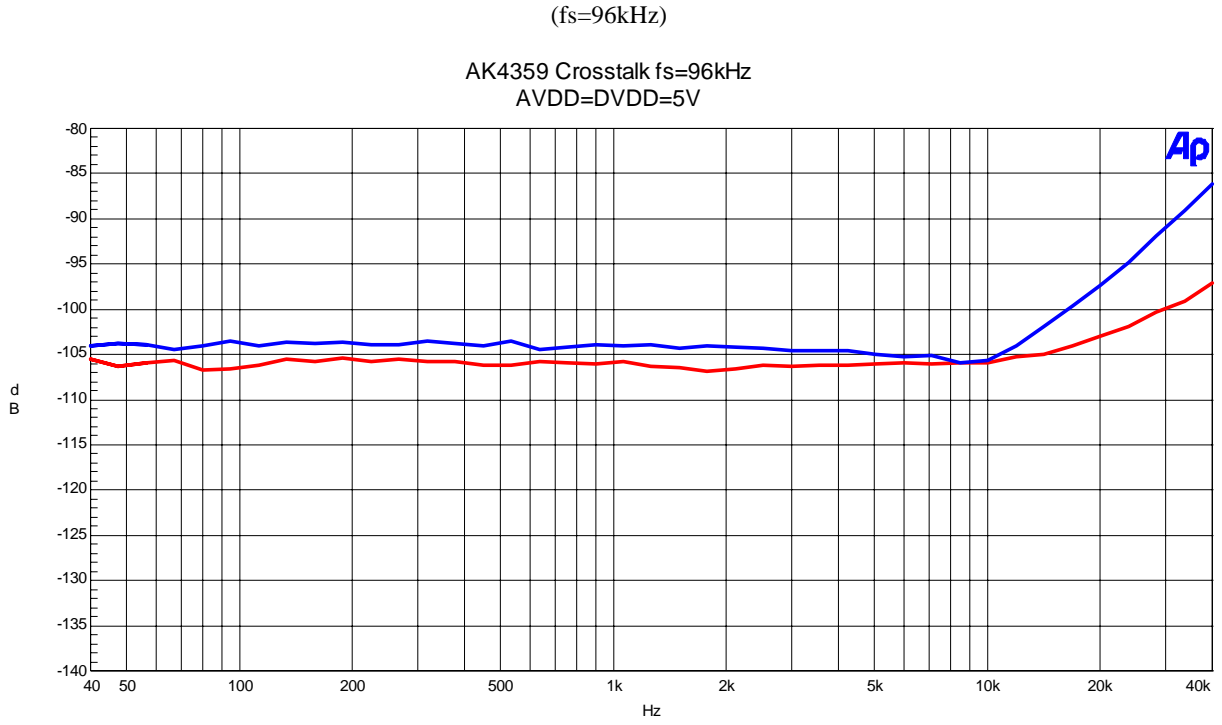


Figure 26. Cross-talk (Input level=0dBFS)

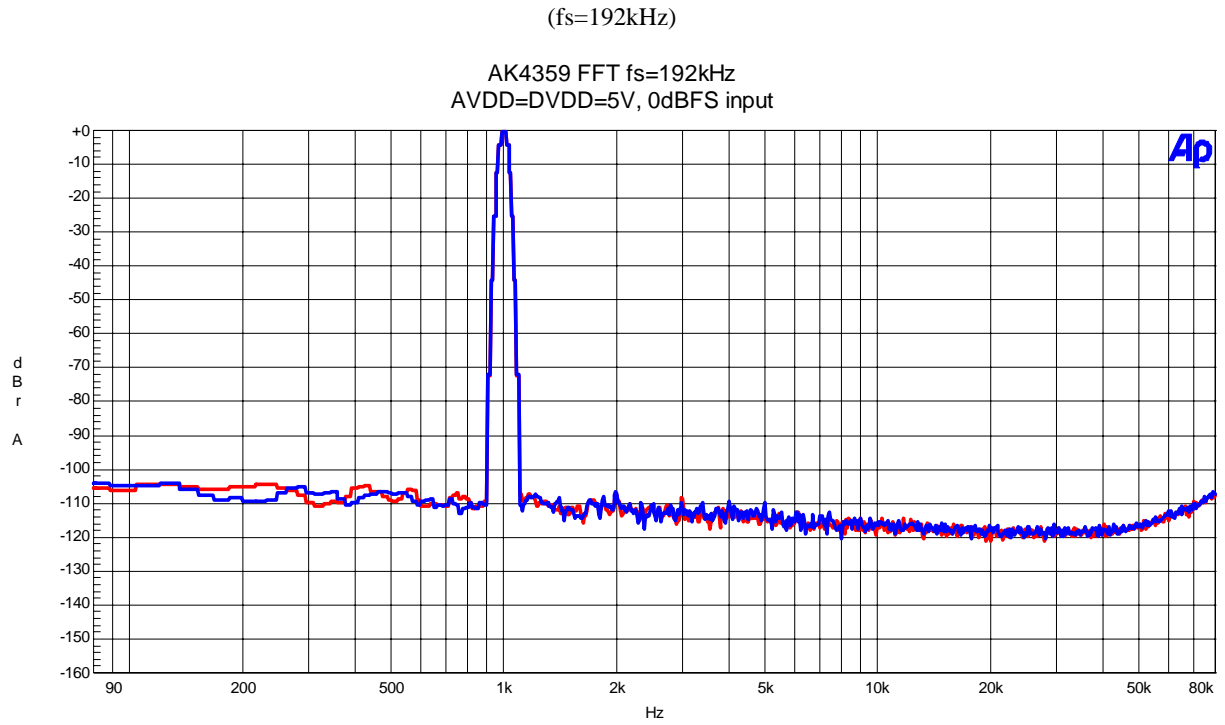


Figure 27. FFT (1kHz, 0dBFS input)

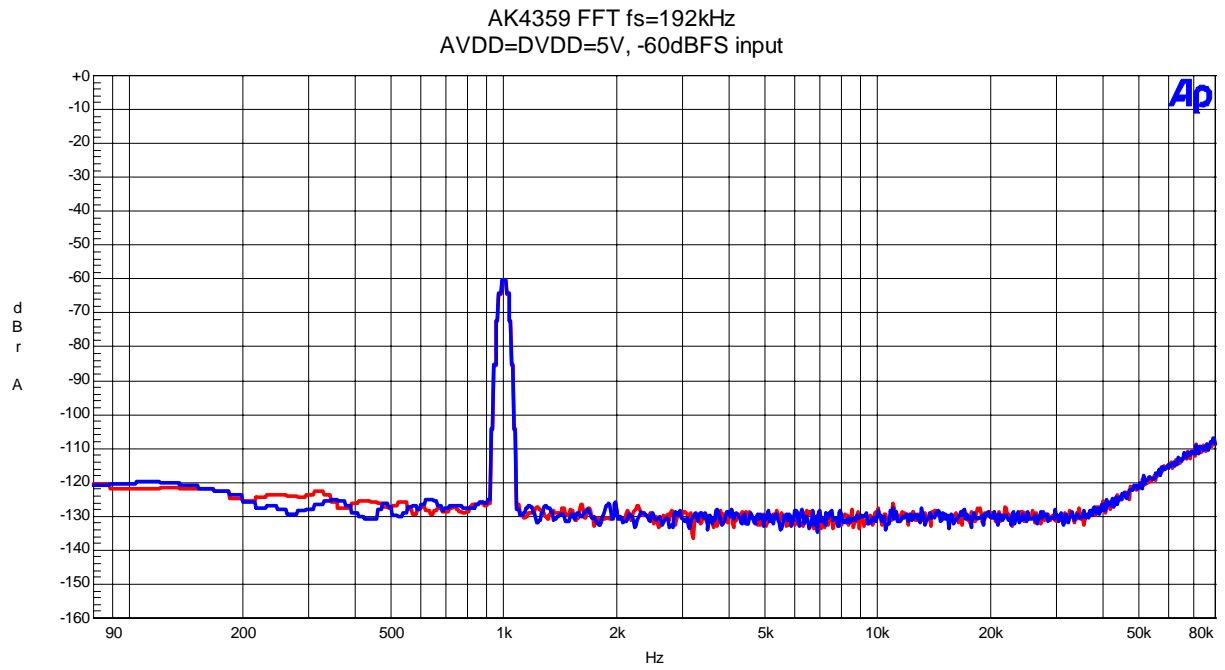


Figure 28. FFT (1kHz, -60dBFS input)

(fs=192kHz)

AK4359 FFT fs=192kHz  
AVDD=DVDD=5V, No input

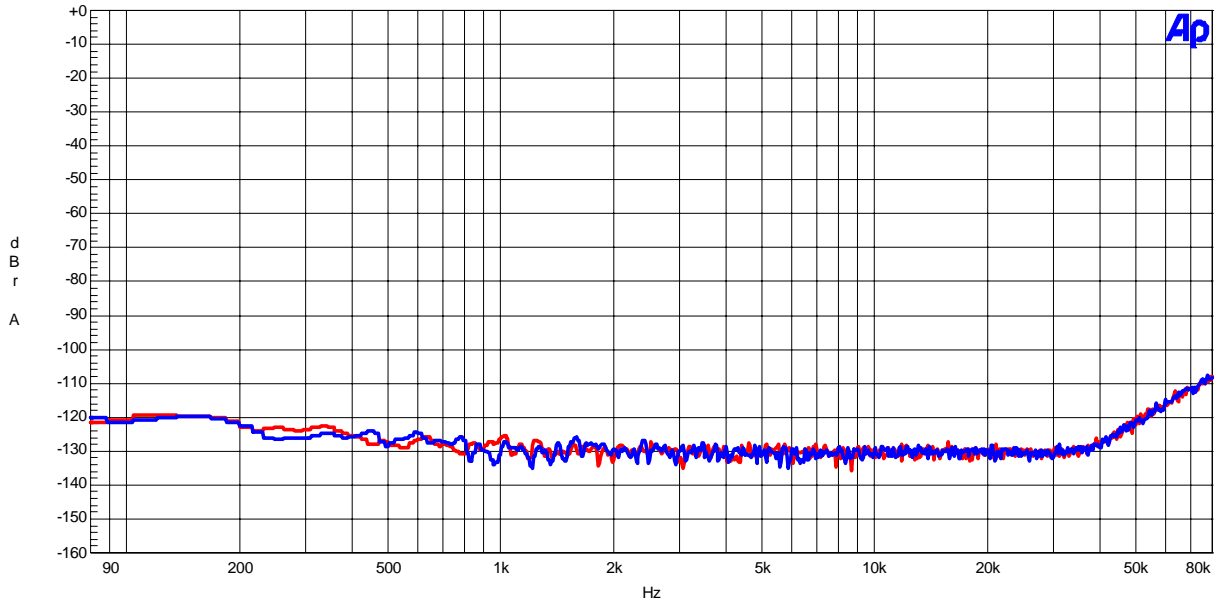


Figure 29. FFT (noise floor)

AK4359 FFT fs=192kHz, Notch  
AVDD=DVDD=5V, 0dBFS input

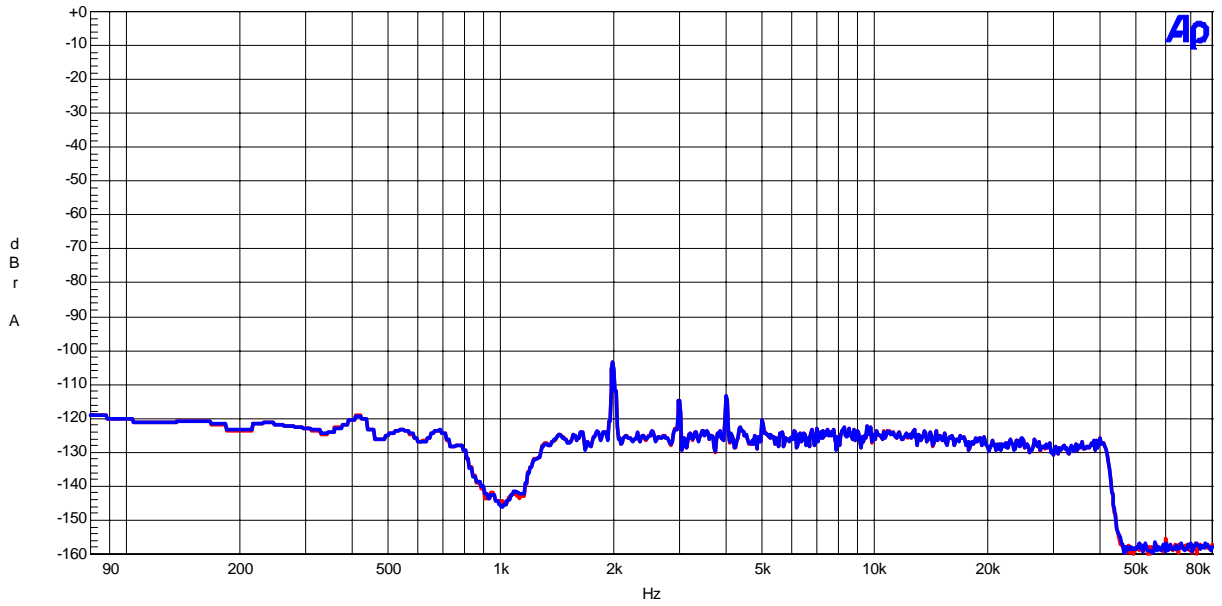


Figure 30. FFT (Notch)



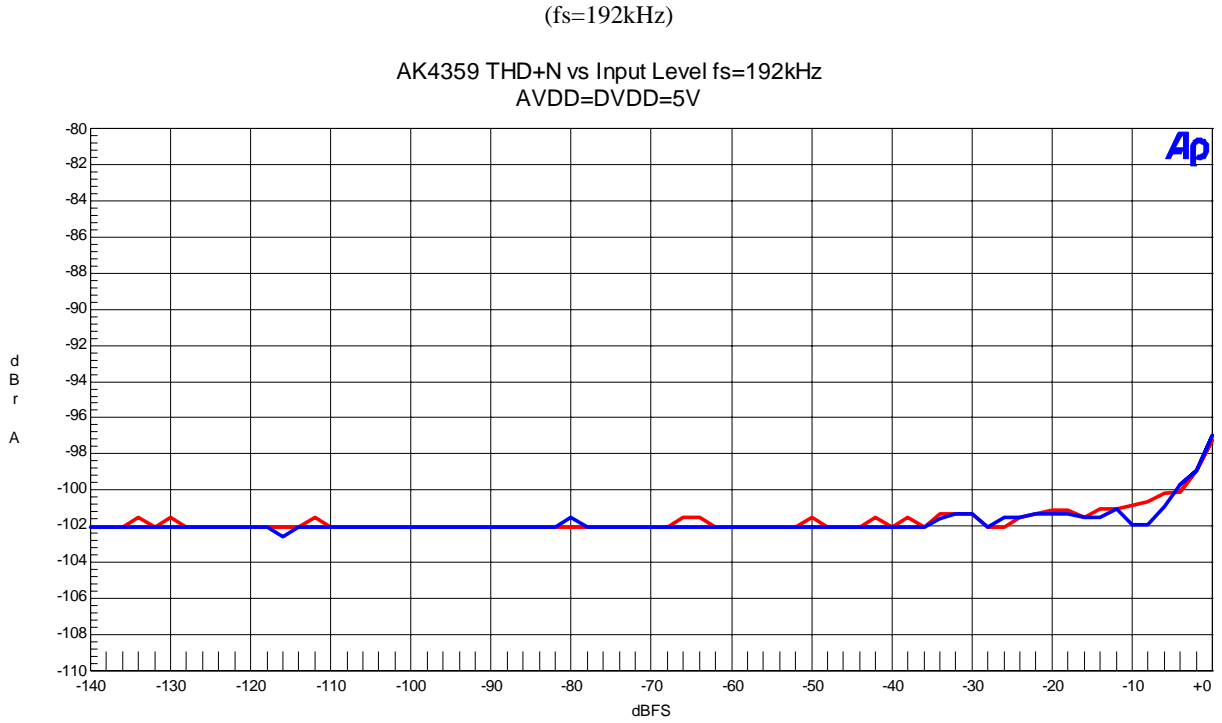


Figure 31. THD+N vs Input Level (fin=1kHz)

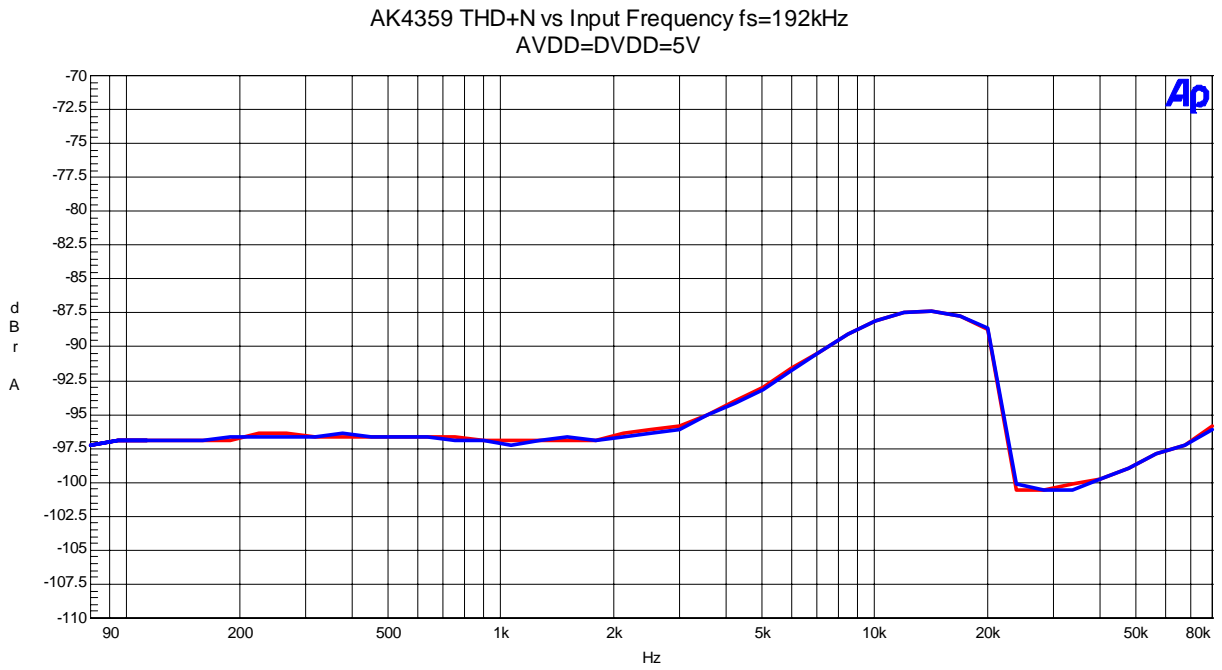


Figure 32. THD+N vs fin (Input level=0dBFS)

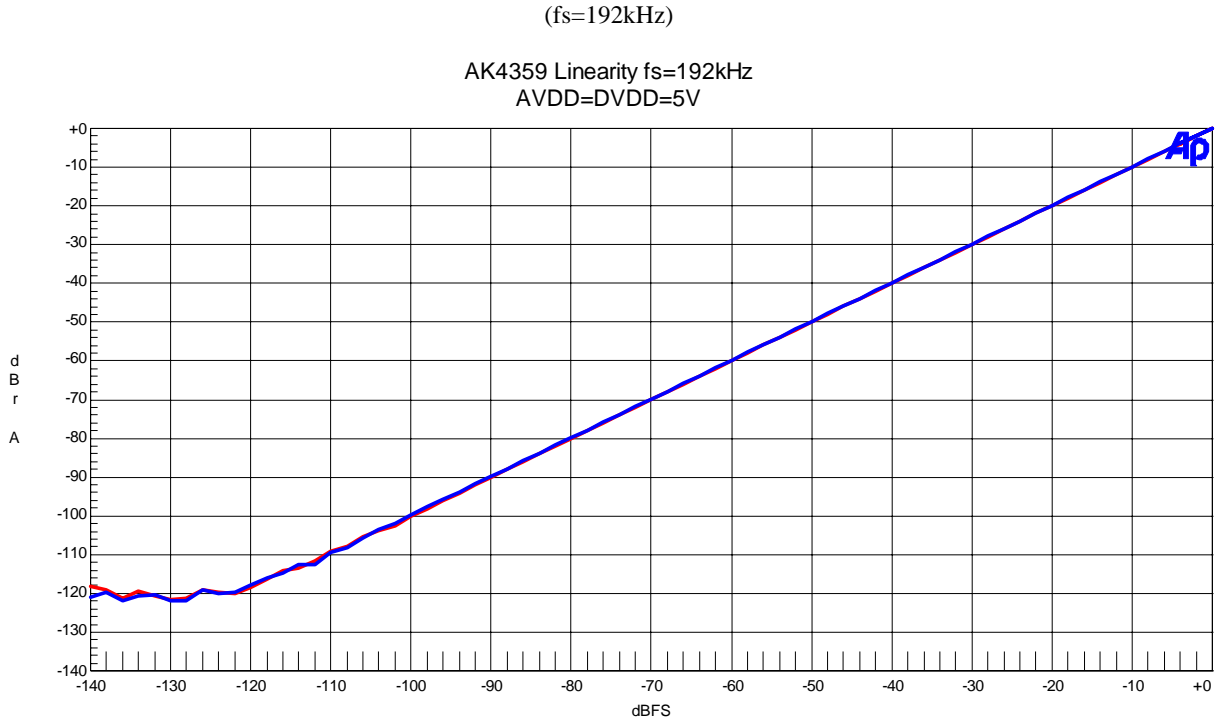


Figure 33. Linearity (fin=1kHz)

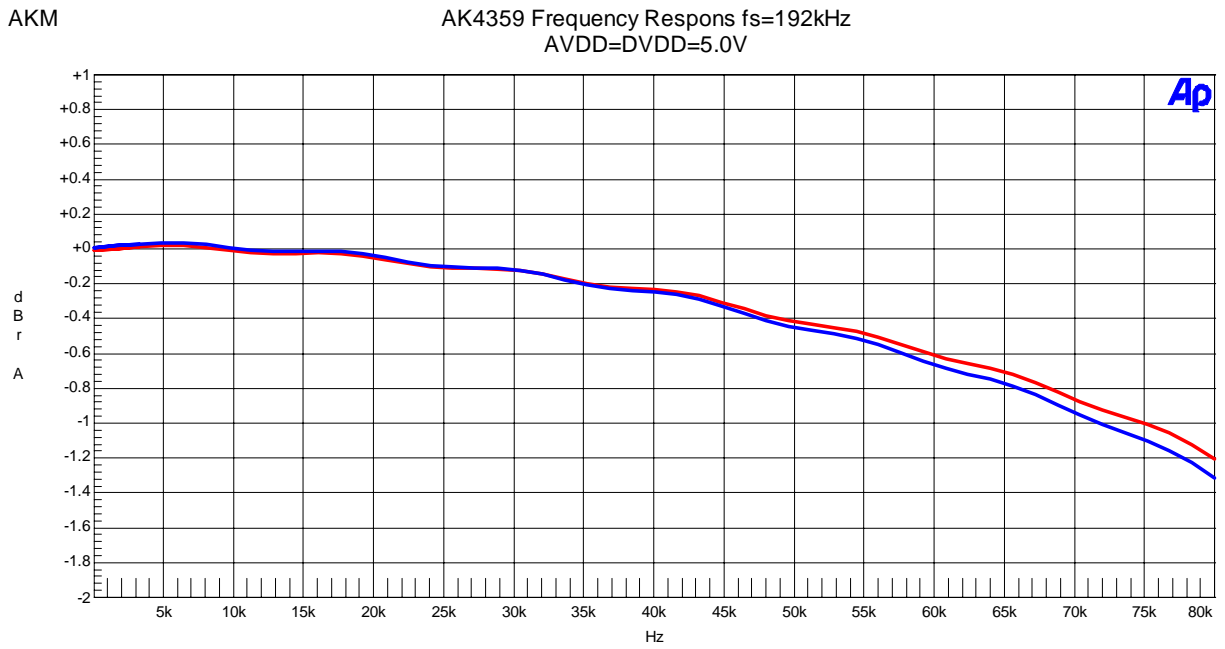


Figure 34. Frequency Response (Input level=0dBFS)

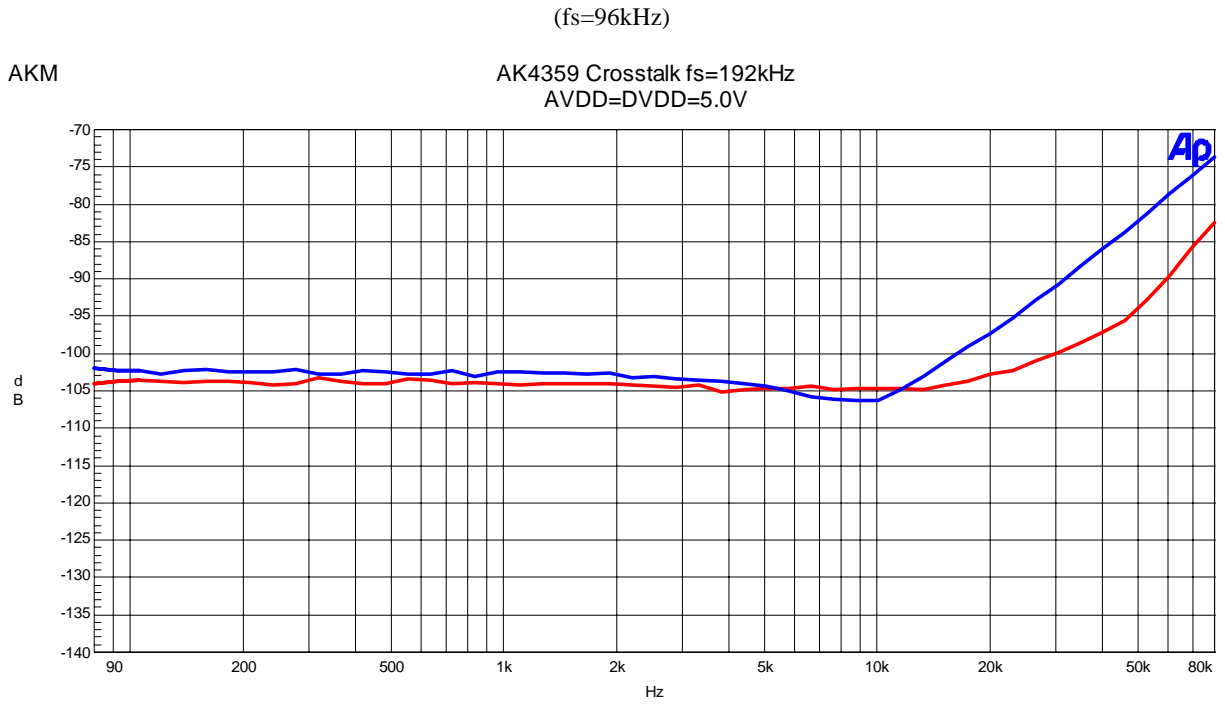


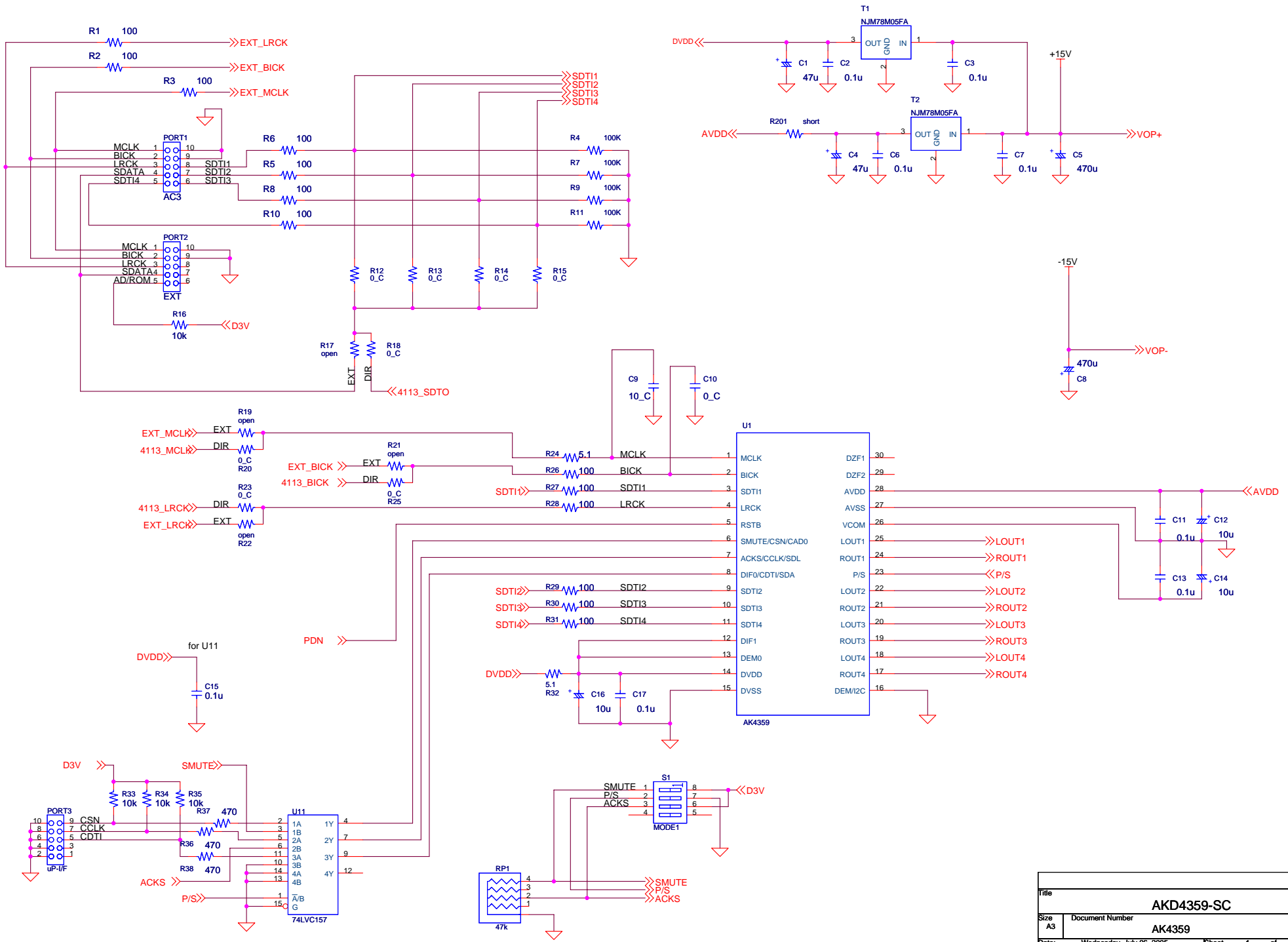
Figure 35. Cross-talk (Input level=0dBFS)

<b>Revision History</b>
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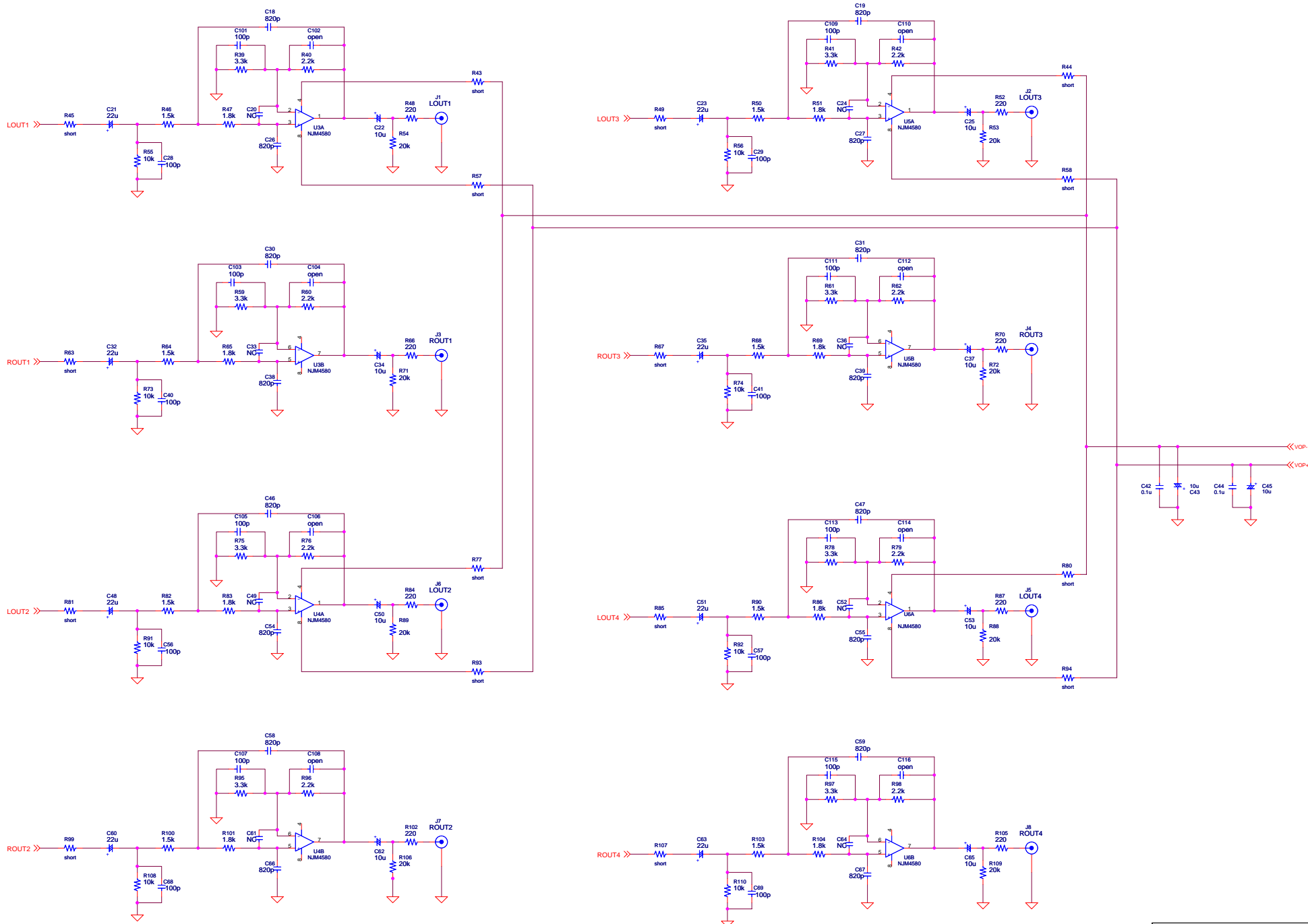
Date (YY/MM/DD)	Manual Revision	Board Revision	Reason	Contents
05/06/30	KM079600	0	First edition	

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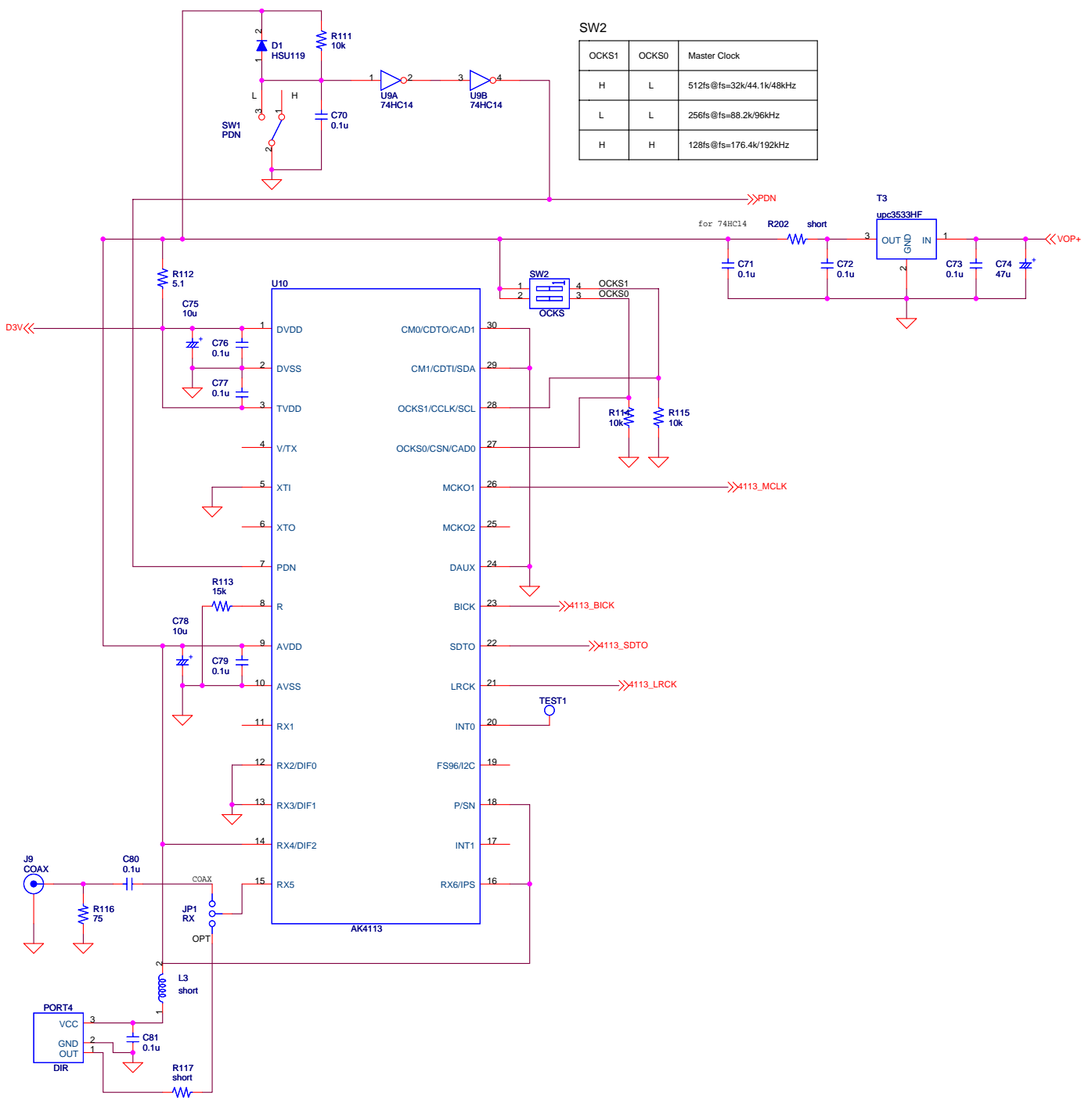
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Size	Document Number	Rev
A3	AK4359	0
Date:	Wednesday, July 06, 2005	Sheet 1 of 3



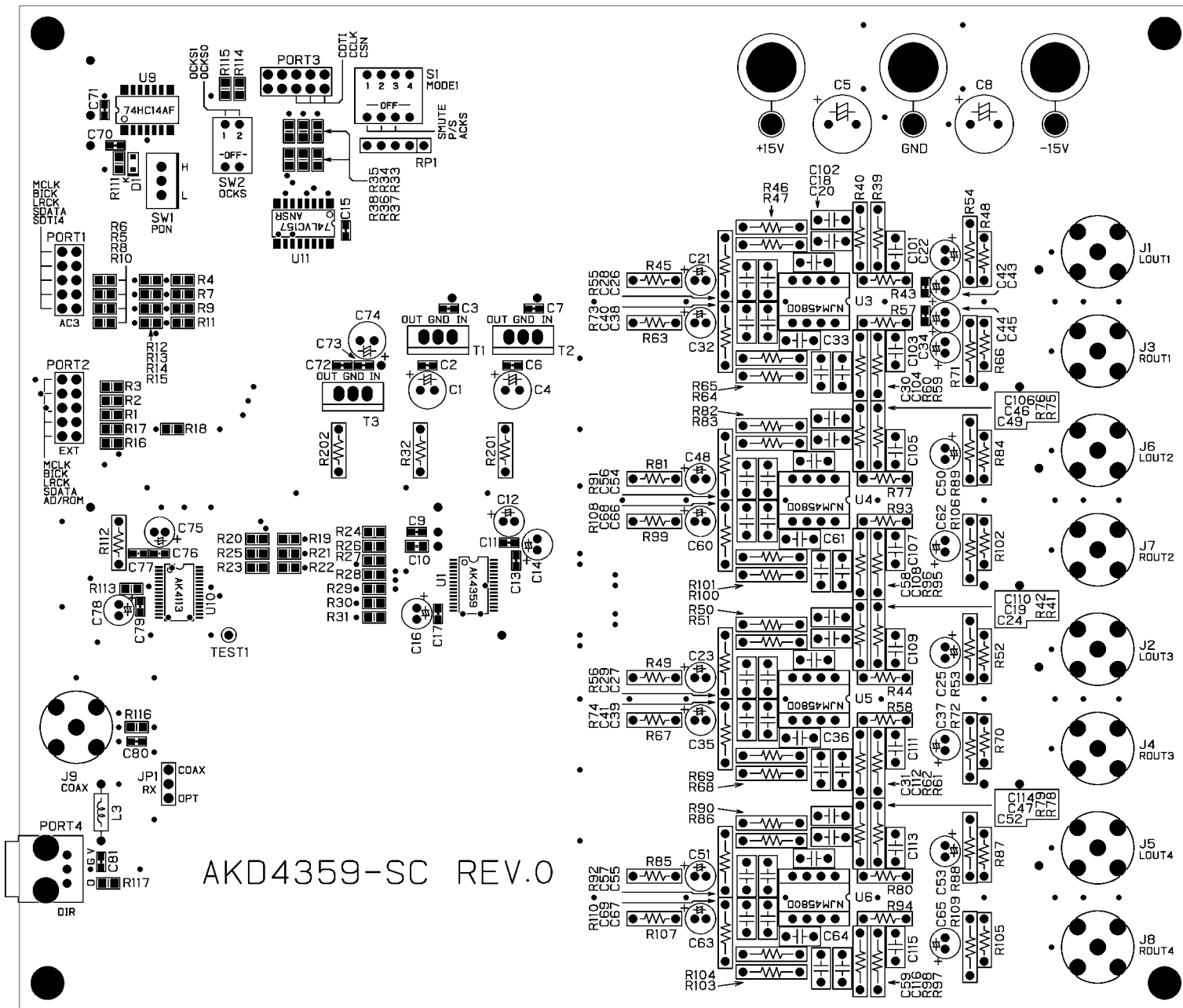
File			AKD4359-SC		
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A2					0
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SW2

OCKS1	OCKS0	Master Clock
H	L	512fs@fs=32k/44.1k/48kHz
L	L	256fs@fs=88.2k/96kHz
H	H	128fs@fs=176.4k/192kHz

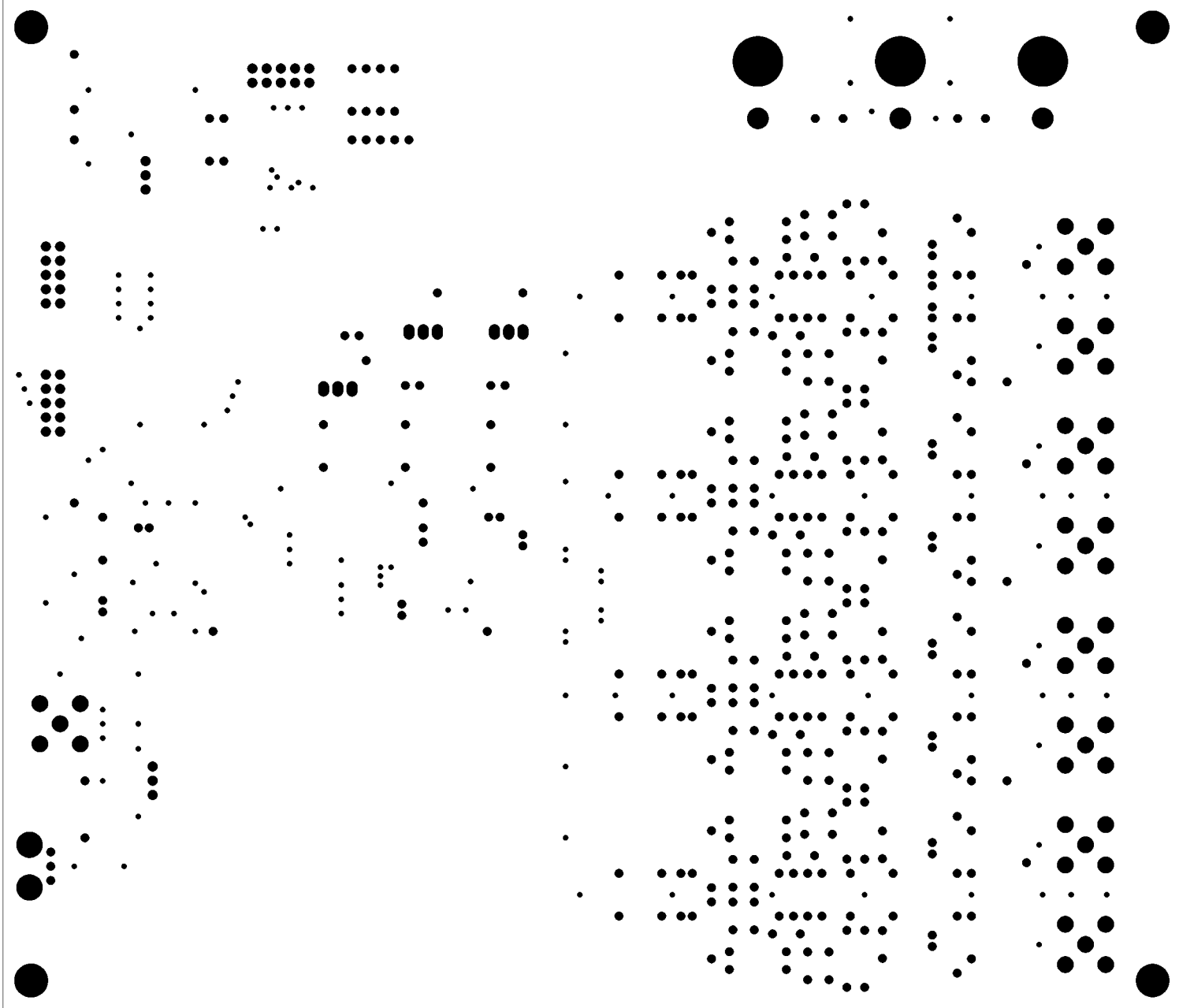


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