

# MIL-STD-461 EMI INPUT FILTER FGDS-2A-50V up to 2A CURRENT



## 2A EMI Filter Module 9 to 50 VDC Input Range MIL-STD-461C/D/E Compliant

#### • To comply with MIL-STD-461D/E power leads :

• CE 102: Emission requirement over 10KHz to 10MHz

• CS 101 : Susceptibility requirement over 30Hz to 150KHz

• CS 114 : Susceptibility requirement over 10KHz to 400MHz

• CS 115: Susceptibility requirement for spikes

## • To comply with MIL-STD-461C power leads :

• CE 03: Emission requirement over 15KHz to 50MHz

• CS 01 : Susceptibility requirement over 30Hz to 50KHz

• CS 02 : Susceptibility requirement over 15 KHz to 400MHz

• CS 06: Susceptibility requirement for spikes

#### • To comply with DO-160C/D/E power lines :

- · Conducted emission requirement over 15KHz to 30MHz
- Conducted susceptibility requirement over 10KHz to 400MHz
- · Susceptibility requirement for induced transients

## • Temperature range :

 $\bullet$  operating temperature : -40°C/+105°C case

 $\bullet$  storage temperature : -55°C/+125°C

## 1-General

The GAIA Converter filter module FGDS-2A-50V provides a state-of-the-art product to fulfill Electromagnetic Interferences (EMI) requirements for Aerospace/Defence applications.

The FGDS-2A-50V complies with major standards including:

- the US MIL-STD-461 rev C, rev D and rev E
- the international DO-160 rev C, rev D and rev E

In particular, the filter module is compliant with the following requirements of MIL-STD-461C/D/E standards :

#### • MIL-STD-461C Part 2. & 3. requirements :

- Conducted Emission (CE)
  - CE03, power leads, emission over
     15KHz to 50MHz, narrowband, Class A1
  - CE03, power leads, emission over 15KHz, broadband, Class A1 curve# 1 & 2

#### • Conducted Susceptibility (CS)

- CS01, power leads, frequency over 30Hz to 50KHz, class A1, consult factory for criteria
- CS02, power leads, frequency 15KHz to 400MHz, class A1
- CS06, power leads, spike #1

#### • MIL-STD-461D/E Part 2. & 3. requirements :

- Conducted Emission (CE)
  - CE102, power leads, emission over 10KHz to 10MHz, basic curve
- Conducted Susceptibility (CS)
  - CS101, power leads, frequency 30Hz to 150KHz, curve #1
  - CS114, bulk cable injection, frequency 10KHz to 400MHz,
- CS115, spikes, bulk cable injection, calibrated spike

#### • DO-160-C/D/E requirements :

- Conducted Emission (CE)
  - Section 21 power lines, emission over 15KHz to 30MHz, category B, AZ & LMH
- Conducted Susceptibility (CS)
- Section 20 power lines, frequency 10KHz to 400MHz

In addition, this filter withstands in a transparent state without dammage the transient and spike requirements of :

- MIL-STD-704A with 80V/100ms & 600V/10µs
- MIL-STD-1275B with 100V/50ms & 250V/70µs

The FGDS-2A-50V is suitable for all GAIA Converter DC/DC converters and architecture

- from 4W up to 50W power
- up to 2A input current
- up to 50V permanent input voltage.

## 2-Product Selection

FGDS-2A-50V (/T) and/or (/S)

(/T) : option for -55°C start up operating temperature.

(/S) : option for screening and serialization

REDEFINING THE SOURCE OF POWER





## 3- Electrical Specifications

Data are valid at +25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter  | Conditions  | Limit or<br>typical  | Units  | FGDS-2A-50V  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Input  |   |  |  |  |
| Nominal input voltage                            | Full temperature range  | Nominal  | VDC  | 28   |
| Permanent input<br>voltage range (Ui)            | Full temperature range  | Min Max.   | VDC  | 9 - 50   |
| Transient input voltage                          | Full load   | Maximum<br>Maximum   | VDC/ms<br>VDC/ms   | 80/100<br>100/50   |
| Output   |   |  |  |  |
| Output power                                     | Full temperature range<br>Ui min. to max.   | Maximum  | W  | 50   |
| Permanent output current                         | Full temperature range<br>Ui min. to max.   | Min Max.   | А  | 0 - 2  |
| Power dissipation                                | Maximum output current  | Maximum  | W  | 1  |
| DC resistance                                    | Maximum output current  | Min Max.   | m0hm   | 120 - 140  |
| General  |   |  |  |  |
| Electrical strengh test voltage                  | Case to any pin<br>Gnd pin to any other pin   | Minimum<br>Minimum   | VDC<br>VDC   | 500<br>500   |
| Reliability data MTBF<br>according MIL-HDBK-217F | Conditions Gf Conditions AIC  | @40°C<br>@85°C<br>@40°C<br>@85°C   | Hours<br>Hours<br>Hours<br>Hours   | 23 000 000<br>6 000 000<br>12 300 000<br>3 300 000                         |
| EMI compliance                                   |   |  |  |  |
| Conducted emission                               | Power leads<br>Power leads<br>Power lines<br>Power lines  | MIL-STD-461C<br>MIL-STD-461D/E<br>DO-160C catA, B & Z<br>DO-160D/E cat B & LMH               | CE03<br>CE102<br>Section 21<br>Section 21  | See section 6<br>See section 6<br>/  |
| Spikes & surges<br>withstands                    | 50 Ohm impedance<br>0.1 Ohm impedance<br>50 Ohm impedance<br>15 mJ energy content<br>50 Ohm impedance | MIL-STD-461C<br>MIL-STD-461C<br>MIL-STD-461D/E<br>MIL-STD-1275B<br>DO-160C/D/E<br>DEF STANAG | CS06: 600V/10µs<br>CS06: 200V/150ns<br>CS115<br>Level 250V/70µs<br>Section 22: 600V/10µs | Compliant<br>Compliant<br>Compliant<br>Compliant<br>Compliant<br>Compliant |





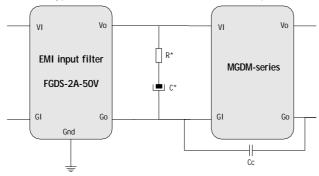
## 4- EMI Filter Electrical Schematics

The GAIA Converter FGDS-2A-50V is suitable for all GAIA Converter DC/DC converters and combinations :

- from 4W up to 50W total input power and up to 2A input current
- up to 50V permanent input voltage and up to 100V transient input voltage during 50ms

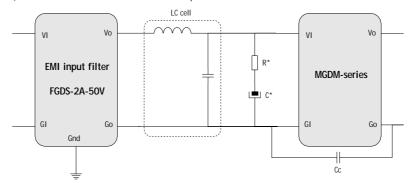
## 4-1 EMI Filter Electrical Schematics in Front of MGDM-04/10/18/20/26 & CGDM Series

The GAIA Converter FGDS-2A-50V can be used directly in front of any DC/DC converter and combinations using of MGDM-04, MGDM-10, MGDM-18, MGDM-20, MGDM-26 and CGDM series. For better EMI performance and stability purpose, GAIA Converter recommends to use a RC cell (see section 4-4) together with a common mode noise capacitance Cc (10nF typical) connected between Gin and Gout pins of each DC/DC converter.



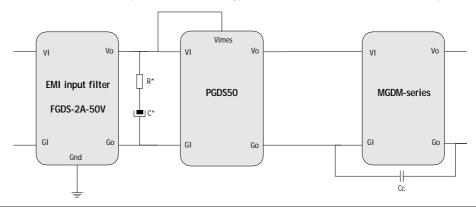
## 4-2 EMI Filter Electrical Schematics in front of MGDM-25, MGDM-35 Series

The GAIA Converter FGDS-2A-50V can be used by adding an LC cell in front of any DC/DC converter and combinations of MGDM-25, MGDM-35 series. For better EMI performance and stability purpose, GAIA Converter recommends to use a RC cell (see section 4-4) and a LC cell ( $L=4.7\mu$ H,  $L=4.7\mu$ H,  $L=4.7\mu$ H) together with a common mode noise capacitance Cc (10nF typical) connected between Gin and Gout pins of each DC/DC converter.



## 4-3 EMI Filter Electrical Schematics in Front of Pre-regulator PGDS Series:

The GAIA Converter FGDS-2A-50V can be used directly in front of pre-regulators PGDS series with any DC/DC converter and combinations of MGDM-04, MGDM-10, MGDM-18, MGDM-20, MGDM-26 and CGDM series. For better EMI performance and stability purposes, GAIA Converter recommends to use a RC cell (see section 4-4) together with a common mode noise capacitance Cc (10nF typical) connected between Gin and Gout pins of each converter.







## 4- EMI Filter Electrical Schematics (continued)

#### 4-4 R\*C\* Network Discussion

The RC damping network is a network used for stability purposes in negative input impedance systems such as DC/DC

R and C is a network whose function is to lower the filter's output impedance.

The value of the capacitor C strongly depends on the application's conditions (input voltage range and total power drawn from the source) as well as the standards that the equipment has to meet MIL-STD-461C, or D/E, ... this because measurements method (LISN) differs from one standard to another affecting the C value.

DC/DC converters are negative input impedance systems whereas a filter composed of passive elements displays a positive output impedance to the converter. To ensure the stability of the whole system "LISN + input Filter + DC/DC converters", the filter output impedance must be kept below the converter's input impedance, which is given by the following formula:

$$Zin = \frac{Vin^2}{Pin} = \frac{Vin^2 x h}{Po}$$

where:

Vin is the converter input voltage,

Pin is the converter input power,

Po is the converter output power

h is the efficiency of the converter.

As it can be seen from the preceding equation, the worst case for system's stability is at Vinmin, so this is the condition which should be considered for the filter design.

As the filter is made of low ESR inductors and ceramic capacitors, it has an important Q which causes a sharp increase of the filter's output impedance at the resonant frequency and leads to a violation of the stability criteria, causing the system to break into oscillations.

Consequently, the values of C and R have to be adjusted to dampen sufficiently the filter's resonance and make its output impedance lower than the converter's input impedance (a 10dB margin between both values is recommended). The following formula can be used to determine the capacitor value:

$$C > \frac{(L_{LISN} + 4.10^{-6}) \times Po \times k}{Vin^{2} \times (R + R_{L})}$$

Where:

L<sub>LISN</sub> is the LISN inductor value Po is the filter output power

R is the capacitor esr (equivalent serial resistor) of C

R<sub>I</sub> is the input bus equivalent resistor. It is the sum of the line + LISN network + input connector resistors k is the stability margin factor.

This factor is given by the following formula: Stability margin (dB) = 20 log (k)

Vin is the converter input voltage





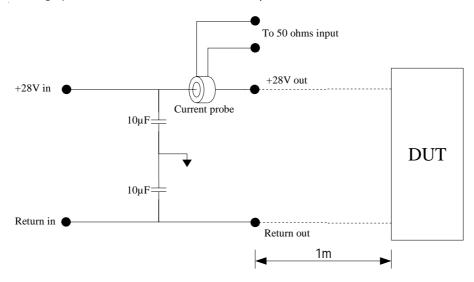
## 5- MIL-STD-461C/D/E Conducted Emission Tests Set-Up

### 5-1 MIL-STD-461C Measurement Method

The conducted noise emission measurement method of MIL-STD-461C is described in MIL-STD-462C standard.

The «DUT» (Device Under Test) is powered thru a 1 meter lengh parallel wire.

One end is terminated with the DUT and the other end is terminated with 10 $\mu$ F capacitors to the ground plane. The measurements are made with a current probe, the unit of measurement being dB $\mu$ A.



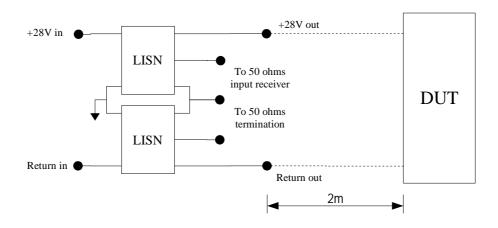
### 5-2 MIL-STD-461D/E Measurement Method

The conducted noise emission measurement method is described in the MIL-STD-461D/E standards.

The «DUT» (Device Under Test) is powered thru a 2 meters length parallel wire.

One end is terminated with the DUT and the other end is terminated with LISN networks.

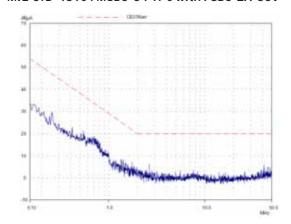
The measurements are made with a measurement receiver, the unit being dBµV



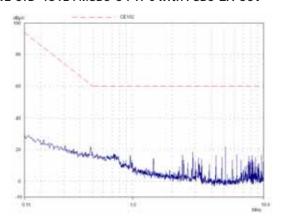


## 6- MIL-STD-461C & MIL-STD-461E Conducted Emission Level Results

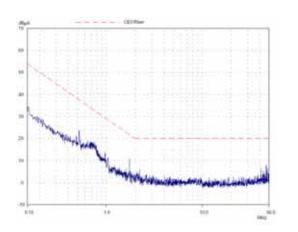
MIL-STD-461C: MGDS-04-H-C with FGDS-2A-50V



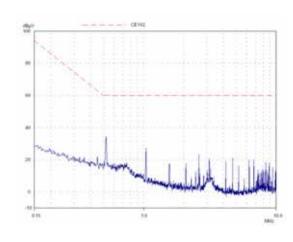
MIL-STD-461E: MGDS-04-H-C with FGDS-2A-50V



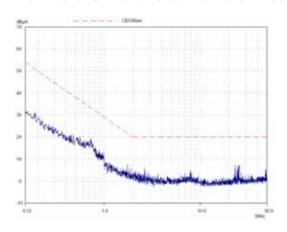
MIL-STD-461C: MGDS-10-J-C with FGDS-2A-50V



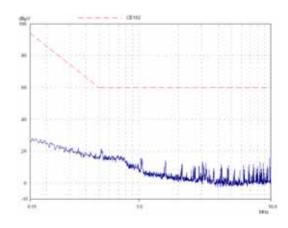
MIL-STD-461E: MGDS-10-J-C with FGDS-2A-50V



MIL-STD-461C: 3 x MGDS-10-J-C with FGDS-2A-50V



MIL-STD-461E: 3 x MGDS-10-J-C with FGDS-2A-50V

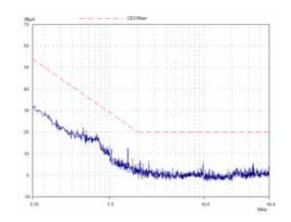




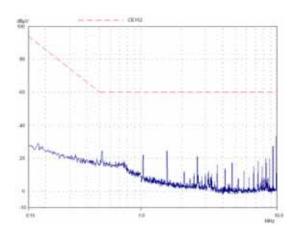
# OV Hi-Rel Grade

## 6- MIL-STD-461C & MIL-STD-461E Conducted Emission Level Results

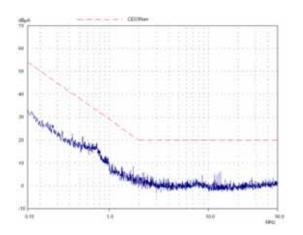
MIL-STD-461C: MGDS-26-H-C with FGDS-2A-50V



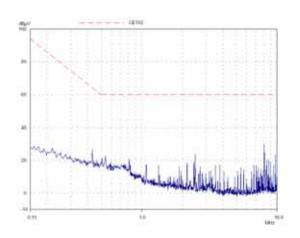
MIL-STD-461E: MGDS-26-H-C with FGDS-2A-50V



MIL-STD-461C: MGDS-35-H-C with FGDS-2A-50V



MIL-STD-461E: MGDS-35-H-C with FGDS-2A-50V







## 7- Environmental Qualifications

The modules have been subjected to the following environmental qualifications.

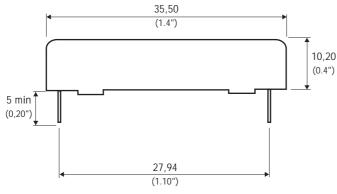
| Characteristics             | Conditions  | Severity  | Test procedure               |
|-----------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|
| Climatic Qualification      | ns  |   |                              |
| Life at high<br>temperature | Duration<br>Temperature / status of unit  | Test D: 1.000 Hrs @ 105°C case, unit operating @ 125°C ambient, unit not operating                                  | MIL-STD-202G<br>Method 108A  |
| Altitude                    | Altitude level C<br>Duration<br>Climb up<br>Stabilization<br>Status of unit                                 | 40.000 ft@-55°C<br>30 min.<br>1.000 ft/min to 70.000 f@-55°C,<br>30 min.<br>unit operating                          | MIL-STD-810E<br>Method 500.3 |
| Humidity cyclic             | Number of cycle<br>Cycle duration<br>Relative humidity variation<br>Temperature variation<br>Status of unit | 10<br>Cycle I : 24 Hrs<br>60 % to 88 %<br>31°C to 41°C<br>unit not operating  | MIL-STD-810E<br>Method 507.3 |
| Humidity steady             | Damp heat<br>Temperature<br>Duration<br>Status of unit  | 93 % relative humidity<br>40°C<br>56 days<br>unit not operating   | MIL-STD-202G<br>Method 103B  |
| Salt atmosphere             | Temperature<br>Concentration NaCl<br>Duration<br>Status of unit   | 35°C<br>5 %<br>48 Hrs<br>unit not operating   | MIL-STD-810E<br>Method 509.3 |
| Temperature<br>cycling      | Number of cycles Temperature change Transfert time Steady state time Status of unit                         | 200<br>-40°C / +85°C<br>40 min.<br>20 min.<br>unit operating  | MIL-STD-202A<br>Method 102A  |
| Temperature shock           | Number of shocks Temperature change Transfert time Steady state time Status of unit                         | 100<br>-55°C / +105°C<br>10 sec.<br>20 min.<br>unit not operating   | MIL-STD-202G<br>Method 107G  |
| Mechanical Qualifica        | tions   |   |                              |
| Vibration<br>(Sinusoidal)   | Number of cycles<br>Frequency / amplitude<br>Frequency / acceleration<br>Duration<br>Status of unit         | 10 cycles in each axis<br>10 to 60 Hz / 0.7 mm<br>60 to 2000 Hz / 10 g<br>2h 30 min. per axis<br>unit not operating | MIL-STD-810D<br>Method 514.3 |
| Shock<br>(Half sinus)       | Number of shocks Peak acceleration Duration Shock form Status of unit                                       | 3 shocks in each axis<br>100 g<br>6 ms<br>1/2 sinusoidal<br>unit not operating                                      | MIL-STD-810D<br>Method 516.3 |
| Bump<br>(Half sinus)        | Number of bumps<br>Peak acceleration<br>Duration<br>Status of unit  | 2000 bumps in each axis 40 g 6 ms unit not operating  | MIL-STD-810D<br>Method 516.3 |

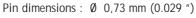


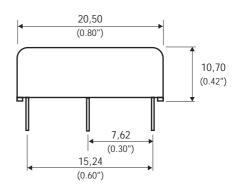


## 8- Dimensions

Dimension are given in mm (inches). Tolerance: +/- 0.2 mm (+/- 0.01 ") unless otherwise indicated. Weight: 10 grams (0.3 Ozs) max.







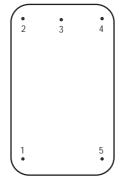
plastic case black solder plated pin

## 9- Product Marking

Upper face: Company logo, location of manufacturing.

Side face: Module reference, option, date code: year and week of manufacturing.

## 10- Connections



Bottom view

| Pin | Single        |  |  |
|-----|---------------|--|--|
| 1   | + Input (Vi)  |  |  |
| 2   | + Output (Vo) |  |  |
| 3   | Ground (Gnd)  |  |  |
| 4   | - Output (Go) |  |  |
| 5   | - Input (Gi)  |  |  |





For more detailed specifications and applications information, contact:

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