



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AOD4102

N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor



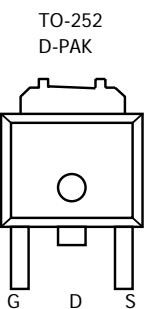
General Description

The AOD4102 uses advanced trench technology and design to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ with low gate charge. This device is suitable for use in PWM, load switching and general purpose applications. Standard product *AOD4102* is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).

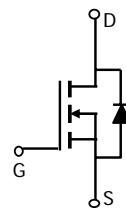
Features

$V_{DS} (V) = 30V$
 $I_D = 12 A (V_{GS} = 10V)$
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 37 m\Omega (V_{GS} = 10V)$
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 64 m\Omega (V_{GS} = 4.5V)$

UIS Tested
 $R_g, C_{iss}, C_{oss}, C_{rss}$ Tested



Top View
Drain Connected to Tab



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^G	I_D	12	A
$T_C=100^\circ C$		12	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	30	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AR}	9	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.3mH$ ^C	E_{AR}	12	mJ
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	21	W
$T_C=100^\circ C$		10	
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	4.2	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		2.7	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 175	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	20	30	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A		50	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case ^B	$R_{\theta JC}$	4.5	7	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		1		μA
			$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			10	
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1	1.8	3	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	30			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$	30	37		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		46		
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=7\text{A}$		53	64	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$		12		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.77	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				12	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		360		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			45		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			30		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1	1.5	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$		6.6		nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			3.2		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			1.5		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			2.2		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=1.2\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		4.3		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			10		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			12.8		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			3.2		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		14		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		6		nC

A: The value of R_{DSM} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in ² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on R_{DSM} and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175°C may be used if the PCB allows it.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{JJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{JJC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

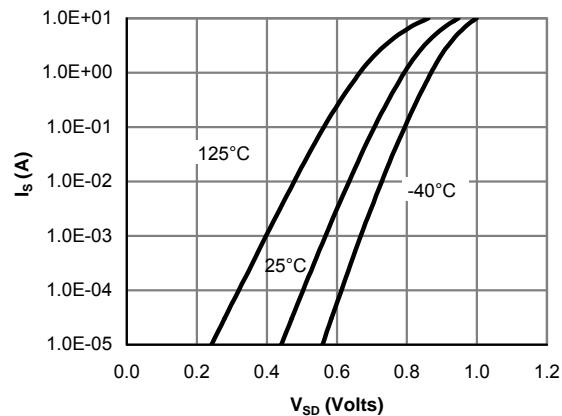
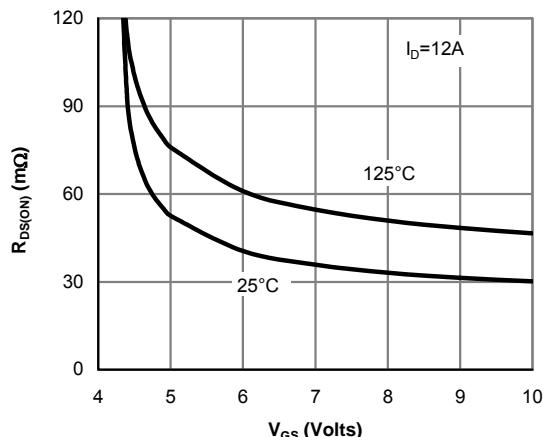
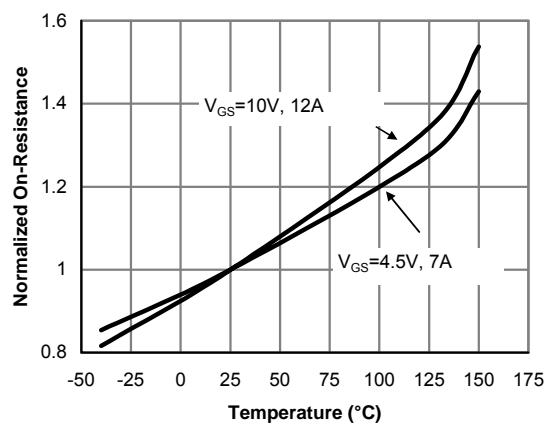
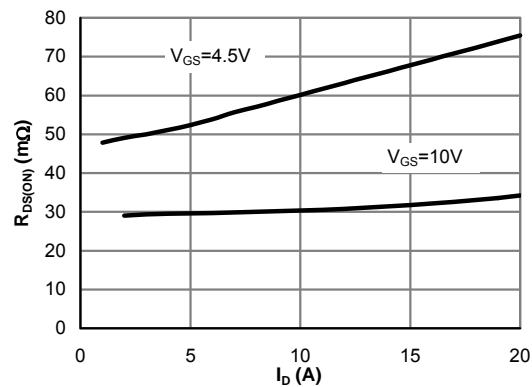
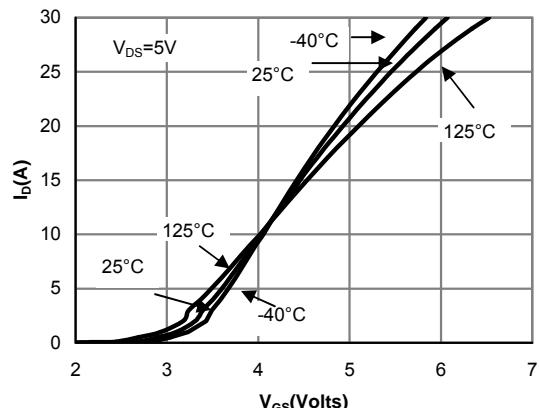
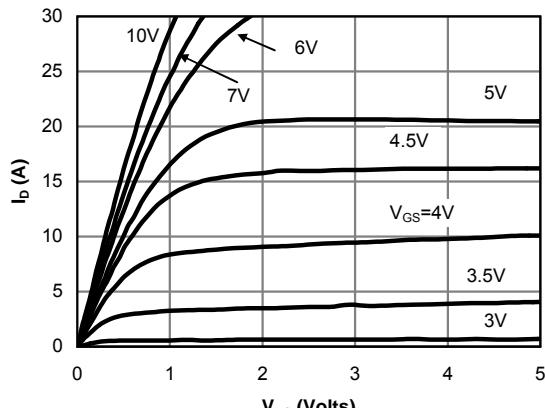
G. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in ² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev0: Oct 2006

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



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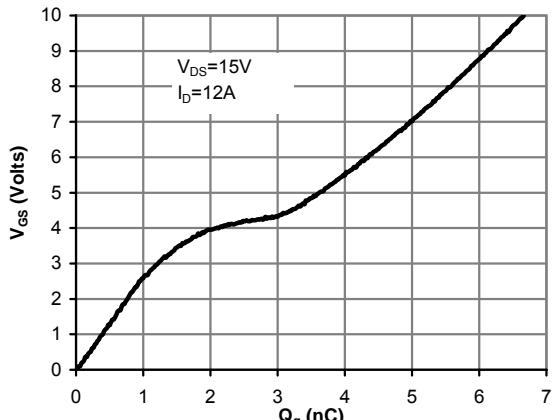


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

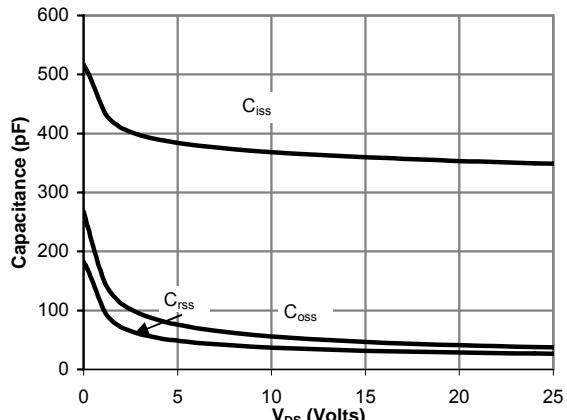


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

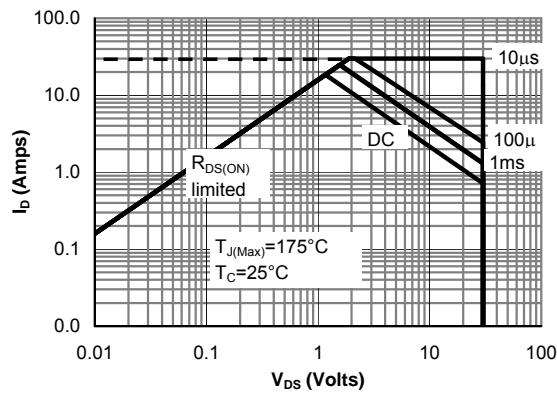


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

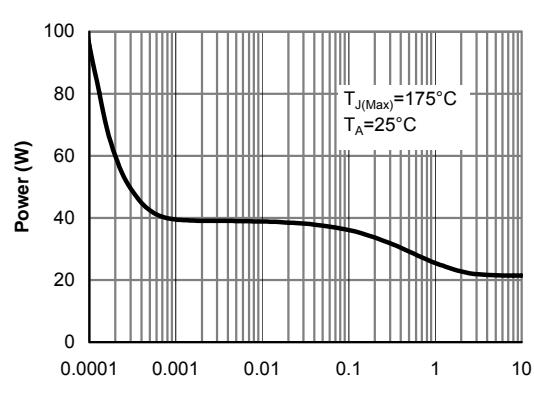


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

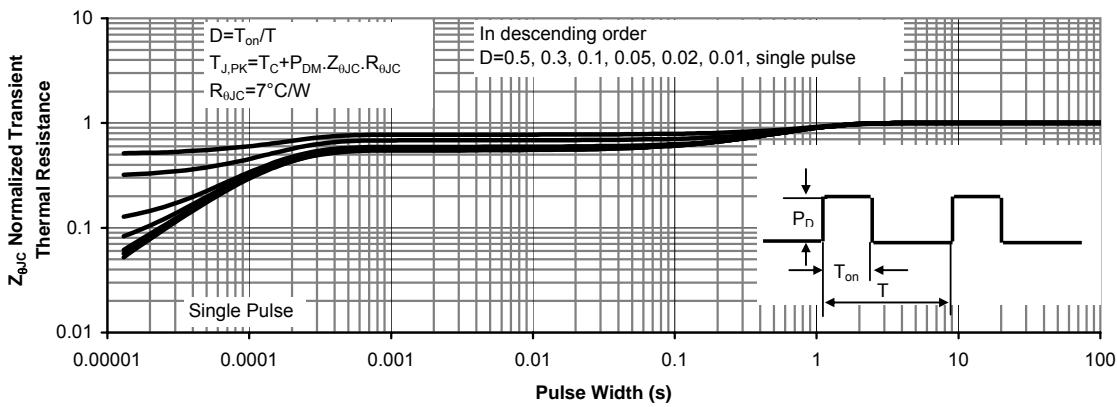


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

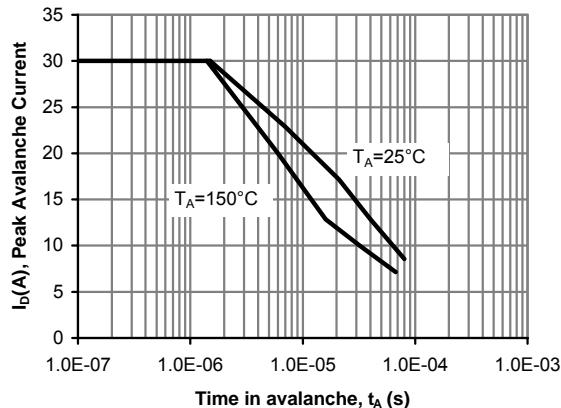


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability

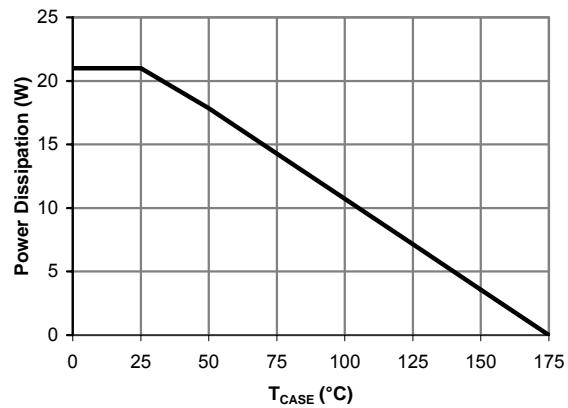


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note B)

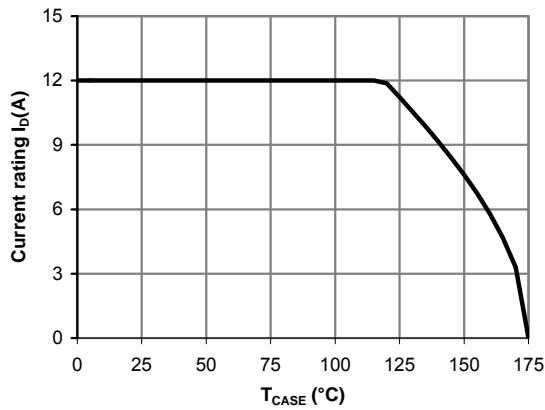


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note B)

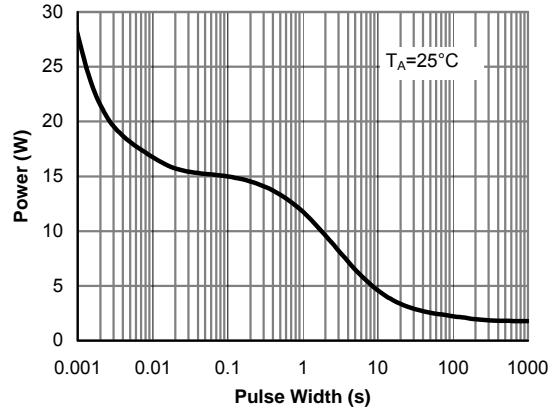


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

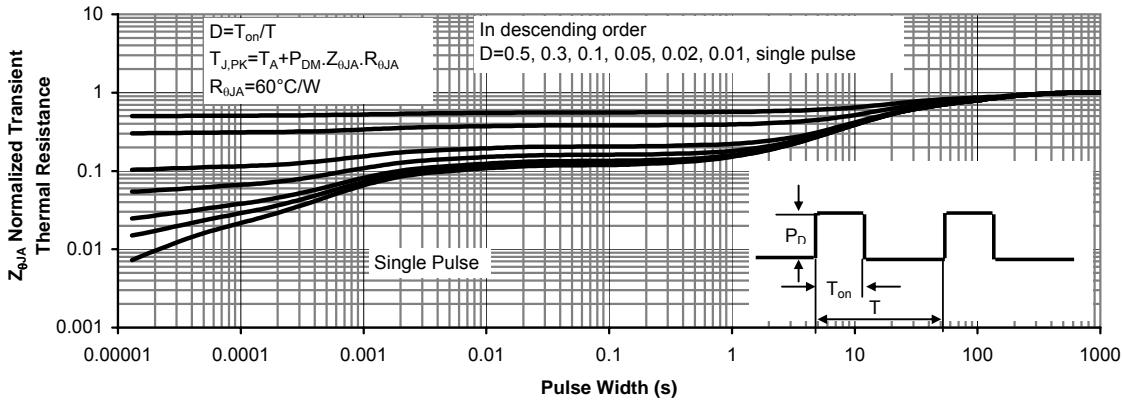


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)