ASSP

Fractional-N PLL Frequency Synthesizer

MB15F86UL

■ DESCRIPTION

The Fujitsu MB15F86UL is Fractional-N Phase Locked Loop (PLL) frequency synthesizer with fast lock up function.

The Fractional-N PLL operating up to 2500* MHz and the integer PLL operating up to 600 MHz are integrated on one chip.

The MB15F86UL is used, as charge pump which is well-balanced output current with 1.5 mA and 6 mA selectable by serial data, direct power save control and digital lock detector. In addition, the MB15F86UL adopts a new architecture to achieve fast lock.

The new package (Thin Bump Chip Carrier20) decreases a mount area of MB15F86UL more than 30% comparing with the former B.C.C.16 (for dual PLL, MB15F03SL).

The MB15F86UL is ideally suited for wireless mobile communications, such as TDMA or CDMA.

■ FEATURES

• High frequency operation : RF synthesizer : 2500* MHz Max

: IF synthesizer : 600 MHz Max

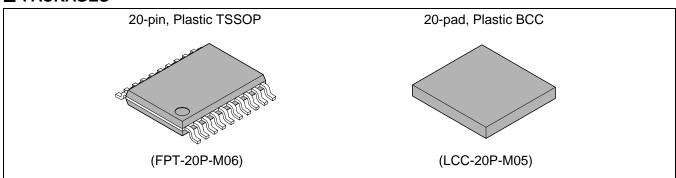
Low power supply voltage : Vcc = 2.7 V to 3.6 V

• Ultra Low power supply current : Icc = 5.8 mA Typ (Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V, Ta = +25 °C, SW = 0 in IF and RF locking

state)

(Continued)

■ PACKAGES





(Continued)

- Direct power saving function : Power supply current in power saving mode Typ 0.1 μ A (Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V, Ta = +25 °C) , Max 10 μ A (Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V)
- Fractional function: modulo 3 to 16 programmable (implemented in RF-PLL)
- Dual modulus prescaler: 2500* MHz prescaler (16/17 or 32/33) /600 MHz prescaler (8/9 or 16/17)
- Serial input 14-bit programmable reference divider : R = (RF section 8 bit) 3 to 255, (IF section 14 bit) 3 to 16, 383
- Serial input programmable divider consisting of :

RF section - Binary 5-bit swallow counter: 0 to 31

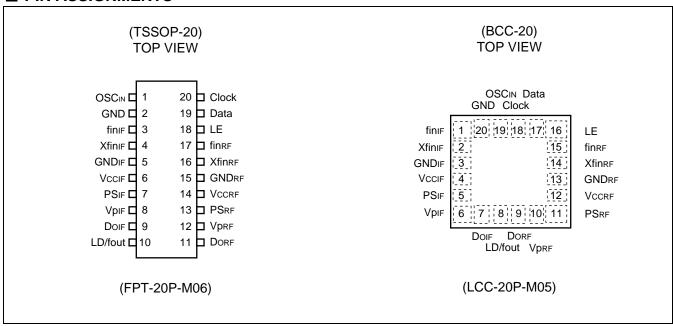
- Binary 10-bit programmable counter: 18 to 1,023
- Binary 4-bit fractional counter numerator: 0 to 15

IF section - Binary 4-bit swallow counter: 0 to 15

- Binary 11-bit programmable counter: 3 to 2,047
- On-chip phase comparator for fast lock and low noise
- Operating temperature : Ta = −40 °C to +85 °C
- Small package Bump Chip Carrier.0 (3.4 mm × 3.6 mm × 0.6 mm)
- *: In case of fmax = 2500 MHz, the following conditions must be fulfilled. Except for it, fmax is up to 2000 MHz. Prescaler ratio = 32 (N > P) at all divide ratio of used operating frequency.

 Refer to a calculation formula of divide ratio. fvcorf = (P×N+A+F/Q) ×fosc/R

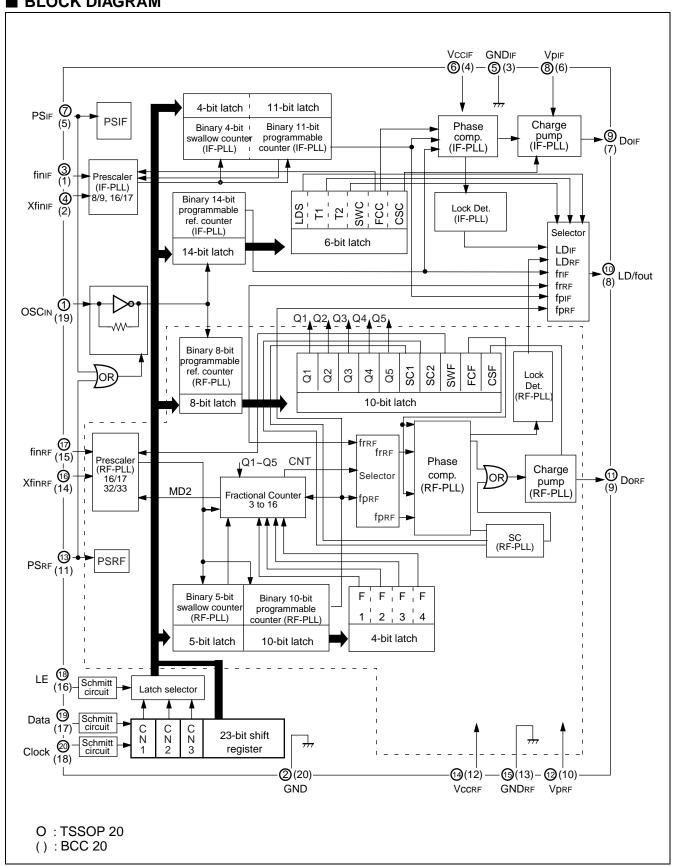
■ PIN ASSIGNMENTS



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin r	10.	Pin	1/2	December 1 and a	
TSSOP	всс	name	1/0	Descriptions	
1	19	OSCIN	I	The programmable reference divider input pin. TCXO should be connected with an AC coupling capacitor.	
2	20	GND		Ground pin for OSC input buffer and the shift register circuit.	
3	1	fin⊫	I	Prescaler input pin for the IF-PLL. Connection to an external VCO should be AC coupling.	
4	2	XfinıF	I	Prescaler complimentary input pin for the IF-PLL section. This pin should be grounded via a capacitor.	
5	3	GND _{IF}	_	Ground pin for the IF-PLL section.	
6	4	Vccif		Power supply voltage input pin for the IF-PLL section (except for the charge pump circuit), the shift register and the oscillator input buffer. When power is OFF, latched data of IF-PLL is lost.	
7	5	PSıF	I	Power saving mode control signal pin for the IF-PLL section. This pin must be set at "L" when the power supply is started up. (Open is prohibited.) $PS_{IF} = "H"$; Normal mode / $PS_{IF} = "L"$; Power saving mode	
8	6	Vpif	_	Power supply voltage input pin for the IF-PLL charge pump.	
9	7	Doif	0	Charge pump output pin for the IF-PLL section. Phase characteristics of the phase detector can be reversed by FC-bit.	
10	8	LD/fout	0	Look detect signal output (LD) /phase comparator monitoring output (fout) pins. The output signal is selected by an LDS bit in a serial data. LDS bit = "H"; outputs fout signal / LDS bit = "L"; outputs LD signal	
11	9	Dorf	0	Charge pump output pin for the RF-PLL section. Phase characteristics of the phase detector can be reversed by FC-bit.	
12	10	Vprf	_	Power supply voltage input pin for the RF-PLL charge pump.	
13	11	PSRF	I	Power saving mode control pin for the RF-PLL section. This pin must be set at "L" when the power supply is started up. (Open is prohibited.) $PS_{RF} = "H"$; Normal mode / $PS_{RF} = "L"$; Power saving mode	
14	12	Vccrf		Power supply voltage input pin for the RF-PLL section (except for the charge pump circuit) .	
15	13	GND _{RF}		Ground pin for the RF-PLL section.	
16	14	Xfinrf	I	Prescaler complimentary input pin for the RF-PLL section. This pin should be grounded via a capacitor.	
17	15	fin _{RF}	I	Prescaler input pin for the RF-PLL. Connection to an external VCO should be AC coupling.	
18	16	LE	I	Load enable signal input pin (with the schmitt trigger circuit) . On a rising edge of load enable, data in the shift register is transferred to the corresponding latch according to the control bit in a serial data.	
19	17	Data	I	Serial data input pin (with the schmitt trigger circuit) . A data is transferred to the corresponding latch (IF-ref counter, IF-prog. counter, RF-ref. counter, RF-prog. counter) according to the control bit in a serial data.	
20	18 Clock I Clock input pin for the 23-bit shift register (with the schmitt trigger circuit). One bit data is shifted into the shift register on a rising edge of the clock.				

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Paramet		Symbol	Rat	ting	Unit
Paramet	31	Symbol	Min	Max	Onit
Power supply voltage		Vcc	-0.5	+4.0	V
Fower supply voltage		Vp	Vcc	+4.0	V
Input voltage		Vı	-0.5	Vcc + 0.5	V
Output voltage	LD / fout	Vo	GND	Vcc	V
Output voltage	Do	VDO	GND	Vp	V
Storage temperature	•	Tstg	-55	+125	°C

Note: Permanent device damage may occur if the above **Absolute Maximum Ratings** are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Remark	
raiailletei	Syllibol	Min	Тур	Max	Onn	Remark
Power cupply veltage	Vcc	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	Vccrf = Vccif
Power supply voltage	Vp	Vcc	3.0	3.6	V	
Input voltage	Vı	GND	_	Vcc	V	
Operating temperature	Та	-40	_	+85	°C	

Handling Precautions

- (1) VCCRF, VPRF, VCCIF and VPIF must supply equal voltage.
 - Even if either RF-PLL or IF PLL is not used, power must be supplied to Vccrf, Vprf, Vccif and Vpif to keep them equal. It is recommended that the non-use PLL is controlled by power saving function.
- (2) To protect against damage by electrostatic discharge, note the following handling precautions:
 - -Store and transport devices in conductive containers.
 - -Use properly grounded workstations, tools, and equipment.
 - -Turn off power before inserting or removing this device into or from a socket.
 - -Protect leads with conductive sheet, when transporting a board mounted device.

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representatives beforehand.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(Vcc = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}, \text{ Ta} = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$

Davamatar		Cumbal	Condition		Value		I Imit
Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power supply current*1		Iccif *1		1.0	1.6	2.3	mA
Fower supply current		Iccrf *1	finrf = 2000 MHz VCCRF = Vprf = 3.0 V, SWf = 1	2.8	4.2	5.8	mA
Power saving current		I PSIF	PS = "L"		0.1 *2	10	μΑ
Tower saving current		PSRF	PS = "L"	_	0.1 *2	10	μΑ
	fin _{IF} *3	fin⊫	IF PLL	100		600	MHz
	fin _{RF} *3	fin _{RF}	RF PLL	400	_	2000	MHz
Operating frequency fings *3, *8		fin _{RF}	RF PLL	400	_	2500	MHz
	OSCIN	fosc	_	3	_	40	MHz
	fin⊩	Pfin⊫	IF PLL, 50 Ω system	-15	_	+2	dBm
Input sensitivity	finrf	Pfinre	RF PLL, 50 Ω system	-15	_	+2	dBm
	OSCIN	Vosc	_	0.5	_	Vcc	Vp-p
"H" level input voltage	Data,	VIH	Schmitt triger input	Vcc× 0.7 + 0.4	_	_	V
"L" level input voltage	Clock, LE	VIL	Schmitt triger input	_	_	Vcc× 0.3 - 0.4	V
"H" level input voltage	PS _{IF} ,	ViH	_	Vcc×0.7	_	_	V
"L" level input voltage	PSRF	VIL	_	_	_	Vcc×0.3	V
"H" level input current	Data, Clock, LE,	I _{IH} *4	_	-1.0	_	+1.0	μА
"L" level input current	PS _{IF} , PS _{RF}	I I∟* ⁴	_	-1.0	_	+1.0	μΑ
"H" level input current	OSCIN	Іін	_	0		+100	μΑ
"L" level input current	OSCIN	l ı∟* ⁴	_	-100	_	0	μΑ
"H" level output voltage	LD/	Vон	Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V, IoH = -1 mA	Vcc - 0.4			V
"L" level output voltage	fout	Vol	Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V, IoL = 1 mA	_		0.4	\ \
"H" level output voltage	Doir	V _{DOH}	Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V, Idoh = -0.5 mA	Vp - 0.4		_	V
"L" level output voltage	Dorf	V _{DOL}	Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V, Idol = 0.5 mA	_	_	0.4]
High impedance cutoff current	Doif Dorf	loff	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Vcc} = \text{Vp} = 3.0 \text{ V} \\ &\text{Voff} = 0.5 \text{ V to Vp} - 0.5 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$	_		2.5	nA
"H" level output current	LD/	І он *4	Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V	_		-1.0	m^
"L" level output current	fout	lo _L *4	Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V	1.0		_	mA

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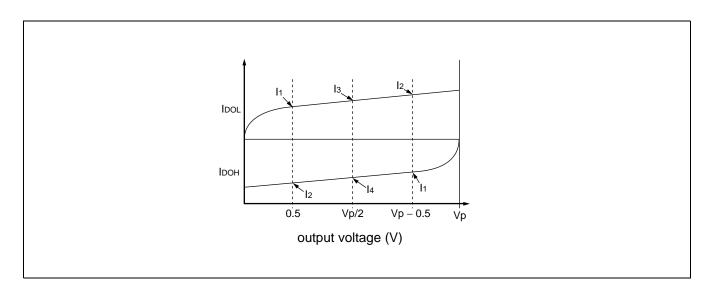
 $(Vcc = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}, Ta = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C})$

Paramete	r	Symbol	Condition	on			Unit	
Faramete	:1	Syllibol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Oiiit	
"H" level output		I DOH *4	$V_{CC} = Vp = 3.0 V$ $V_{DOH} = Vp / 2$	CS bit = "H"	-8.2	-6.0	-4.1	mA
current	Doif	IDOH	Ta = +25 °C	CS bit = "L"	-2.2	-1.5	-0.8	mA
"L" level output	Dorf	IDOL	Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V $V_{DOL} = Vp / 2$	CS bit = "H"	4.1	6.0	8.2	mA
current			Ta = +25 °C	CS bit = "L"	0.8	1.5	2.2	mA
	IDOL/IDOH	I DOMТ *5	V _{DO} = Vp / 2			3		%
0 ' '		IDOVD *6	$0.5 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DO}} \le \text{Vp} - 0.5 \text{ V}$			10	_	%
current rate	vs Ta	Idota *7	$-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{\text{DO}} = Vp / 2$	C,	_	5	_	%

^{*1 :} Conditions ; fosc = 13 MHz, Ta = +25 °C in locking state.

^{*8 :} In case of *fmax = 2500 MHz, the following conditions must be fulfilled. Except for it, fmax is up to 2000 MHz. Prescaler ratio = 32 (N > P) at all divide ratio of used operating frequency.

Refer to a calculation formula of divide ratio. fvcore = (P×N+A+F/Q) ×fosc/R



^{*2 :} $V_{CCIF} = V_{PIF} = V_{CCRF} = V_{PRF} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, fosc = 13 MHz, Ta = +25 °C, in power saving mode.

^{*3 :} AC coupling. 1000 pF capacitor is connected.

^{*4:} The symbol "-" (minus) means direction of current flow.

^{*5 :} Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V, $Ta = +25 °C (||I_3| - |I_4||) / [(|I_3| + |I_4|) / 2] × 100 (%)$

^{*7 :} Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V, $[(||Ido(85c)| - |Ido(-40c)||) / 2] / [(|Ido(85c)| + |Ido(-40c)|) / 2] \times 100 (%)$ (Applied to each IdoL and IdoH)

■ FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Serial Data Input

Serial data is entered using three pins, Data pin, Clock pin, and LE pin. Programmable dividers of IF/RF-PLL sections and programmable reference dividers of IF/RF-PLL sections are controlled individually. Serial data of binary code is entered through Data pin.

On a rising edge of clock, one bit of serial data is transferred into the shift register. On a rising edge of load enable signal, the data stored in the shift register is transferred to one of latches depending upon the control bit data setting.

Control Bit

	The programmable reference counter for the IF-PLL	The programmable counter and the swallow counter for the IF-PLL	The programmable reference counter for the RF-PLL	The prgrammable counter and the swallow counter for the RF-PLL
CN1	0	1	0	1
CN2	0	0	1	1
CN3	0	0	0	0

Note: CN3 = 1 is prohibited

(1) Serial data format

•	1) 36	zı ıaı	uata	10111	ıaı																		
	LS	В		Direction of data shift —													MS	SB					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	0	0	0	R _{C1}	Rc2	Rсз	Rc4	R _{C5}	Rc6	R _{C7}	Rc8	Rc9	R C10	R C11	R C12	R C13	R C14	LDS	T1	T2	SWc	FC c	CSc
	1	0	0	A _{C1}	Ac2	Асз	A _{C4}	0	0	0	N _{C1}	N _{C2}	Nсз	N _{C4}	N _{C5}	N _{C6}	N _{C7}	N _{C8}	N _{C9}	N C10	N C11	Х	Χ
	0	1	0	R _{F1}	R _{F2}	R _{F3}	R _{F4}	R _{F5}	R _{F6}	R _{F7}	R _{F8}	0	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	0	SC1	SC2	SWF	FC₅	CS₅
	1	1	0	A _{F1}	A _{F2}	A _{F3}	A _{F4}	A _{F5}	N _{F1}	N _{F2}	N _{F3}	N _{F4}	N _{F5}	N _{F6}	N _{F7}	N _{F8}	N _{F9}	N _{F10}	F1	F2	F3	F4	0

Control bit (CN3)
Control bit (CN2)
Control bit (CN1)

Rc1 to Rc14 : Divide ratio setting bits for the reference counter of the IF (3 to 16383)

Ac1 to Ac4 : Divide ratio setting bits for the swallow counter of the IF (0 to 15, A < N)

Nc1 to Nc11 : Divide ratio setting bits for the programmable counter of the IF (3 to 2047)

LDS, T1, T2 : Select bits for the lock detect output or a monitoring phase comparison frequency

SWc : Divide ratio setting for the prescaler of the IF FCc : Phase control bit for the phase detector of the IF

CSc : Charge pump current select bit of the IF

R_{F1} to R_{F8} : Divide ratio setting bits for the reference counter of the RF (3 to 255)

Q1 to Q5 : Fractional-N increment setting bit (3 to 16)

A_{F1} to A_{F5} : Divide ratio setting bits for the swallow counter of the RF (0 to 31, A < N - 2) N_{F1} to N_{F10} : Divide ratio setting bits for the programmable counter of the RF (18 to 1023) F1 to F4 : Fractional-N increment setting bit for the fractional accumulator (0 to 15, F < Q)

SC1, SC2 : Spurious cancel set bit of the RF.

SW_F: Divide ratio setting for the prescaler of the RF FC_F: Phase control bit for the phase detector of the RF.

CS_F : Charge pump current select bit of the RF

X : Dummy bit (Set "0" or "1")

Note: Data input with MSB first.

(2) Data Setting

• RF synthesizer Data Setting (Fractional-N)

The divide ratio can be calculated using the following equation:

 $f_{\text{VCORF}} = N_{\text{TOTAL}} \times fosc \div R$

 $N_{TOTAL} = P \times N + A + F / Q \leftarrow (A < N - 2, F < Q)$

fvcorf : Output frequency of external voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)

Ntotal : Total division ratio from prescaler input to the phase detector input

fosc : Output frequency of the reference frequency oscillator

R : Preset divide ratio of binary 8 bit reference counter (3 to 255)

P : Preset divide ratio of modulus prescaler (16 or 32)

N : Preset divide ratio of binary 10 bit programmable counter (18 to 1023)

A : Preset divide ratio of binary 5 bit swallow counter (0 to 31)

F : A numerator of fractional-N (0 to 15)

Q : A denominator of fractional-N, modulo 3 to 16

Note: When Q is set more than 10, a prescaler ratio should be set 32.

• Binary 8-bit Programmable Reference Counter Data Setting (RF1 to RF8)

Divide ratio (R)	R _{F8}	R _{F7}	R _{F6}	R _{F5}	R _{F4}	R _{F3}	R _{F2}	R _{F1}
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
52	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note: Divide ratio less than 3 is prohibited.

• Fractional-N numerator of the fractional accumulator Data Setting (F1 to F4)

Setting value(F)	F4	F3	F2	F1
0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	1	0
_	_	_	_	_
15	1	1	1	1

Note: F < Q

• Fractional-N denominator of the fractional accumulator Data Setting (Q1 to Q5)

Setting value(Q)	Q5	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
3	0	0	0	1	1
4	0	0	1	0	0
5	0	0	1	0	1
	_	_		_	
16	1	0	0	0	0

Note: F < Q

• Binary 10-bit Programable Counter Data Setting (NF1 to NF10)

Divide ratio (N)	N F10	N _{F9}	N _{F8}	N _{F7}	N _{F6}	N _{F5}	N _{F4}	N _{F3}	N _{F2}	N F1
18	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
_										
32	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
_										
1023	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note: Divide ratio less than 18 is prohibited.

• Binary 5-bit Swallow Counter Data Setting (AF1 to AF5)

Divide ratio (A)	A F5	A F4	A F3	A F2	A F1
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	0	1	0
_	_		_		_
31	1	1	1	1	1

Note : A < N - 2

Charge pump current select Bit Setting

CSF	Current value
1	±6.0 mA
0	±1.5 mA

Spurious cancel Bit Setting

Spurious cancel amount	SC1	SC2
Large	0	0
Midium	0	1
Small	1	0

Note: The bits set how much the amount of spurious cancel.

If the Large is selected, a spurious is tended to become small.

• Prescaler Data Setting (SW_F)

SWF	Prescaler divide ratio
1	16/17
0	32/33

• IF synthesizer Data Setting (Integer)

The divide ratio can be calculated using the following equation:

$$f_{VCOIF} = [(P \times N) + A] \times fosc \div R \quad (A < N)$$

fvcoif : Output frequency of external voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)

P : Preset divide ratio of modulus prescaler (8 or 16)

N : Preset divide ratio of binary 11 bit programmable counter (3 to 2047)

A : Preset divide ratio of binary 4 bit swallow counter (0 to 15) fosc : Output frequency of the reference frequency oscillator

R : Preset divide ratio of binary 14 bit reference counter (3 to 16383)

• Binary 14-bit Programmable Reference Counter Data Setting (Rc1 to Rc14)

Divide ratio (R)	Rc14	Rc13	Rc12	Rc11	Rc10	Rc9	Rc8	Rc7	Rc6	Rc5	Rc4	Rсз	Rc2	R _{C1}
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	_						_		_		_	_	_	_
16383	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note: Divide ratio less than 3 is prohibited.

• Binary 11-bit Programmable Counter Data Setting (Nc1 to Nc11)

Divide ratio (N)	N C11	N C10	N _{C9}	Nc8	N _{C7}	N _{C6}	Nc5	N _{C4}	Ncз	Nc2	N _{C1}
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
		_	_	_		_					_
2047	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note: Divide ratio less than 3 is prohibited.

Binary 4-bit Swallow Counter Data Setting (Ac1 to Ac4)

Divide ratio (A)	Ac4	Асз	Ac2	A cı
0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	1	0
	_	_	_	_
15	1	1	1	1

Note : A < N

Prescaler Data Setting (SWc)

SW c	Prescaler divide ratio
1	8/9
0	16/17

• Charge pump current select Data Setting (CSc)

CSc	Do current
1	± 6.0 mA
0	± 1.5 mA

• Common setting

• LD/fout Output Select Data Setting

LD/fout		LDS T1		T2
LD output		0	_	_
	frı⊧	1	0	0
fout	fr _{RF}	1	1	0
output	fpıғ	1	0	1
	fpref	1	1	1

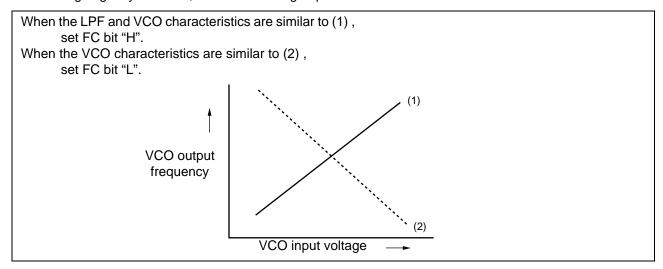
• Phase Comparator Phase Switching Data Setting

	FC _{F/C} = High	FC _{F/C} = Low				
	Doif, RF					
fr > fp	Н	L				
fr = fp	Z	Z				
fr < fp	L	Н				
VCO polarity	1	2				

Notes : \bullet Z = High-Z

• Depending upon the VCO and LPF polarity, FC bit should be set.

When designing a synthesizer, the FC bit setting depends on the VCO and LPF characteristics.



Power Saving Mode (Intermittent Mode Control)

PS Pin Setting

PS pin	Status
Н	Normal mode
L	Power saving mode

The intermittent mode control circuit reduces the PLL power consumption.

By setting the PS pin low, the device enters the power saving mode, reducing the current consumption. See "■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS" for the specific value.

The phase detector output, Do, becomes high impedance.

For the dual PLL, the lock detector, LD, is shown in the LD Output Logic table.

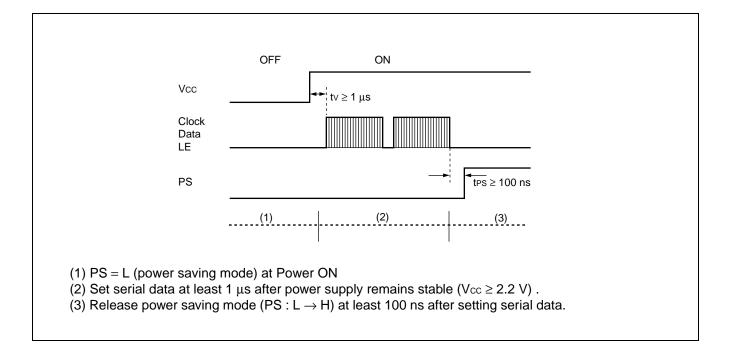
Setting the PS pin high releases the power saving mode, and the device works normally.

The intermittent mode control circuit also ensures a smooth start-up when the device returns to normal operation. When the PLL is returned to normal operation, the phase comparator output signal is unpredictable. This is because of the unknown relationship between the comparison frequency (fp) and the reference frequency (fr) which can cause a major change in the comparator output, resulting in a VCO frequency jump and an increase in lockup time.

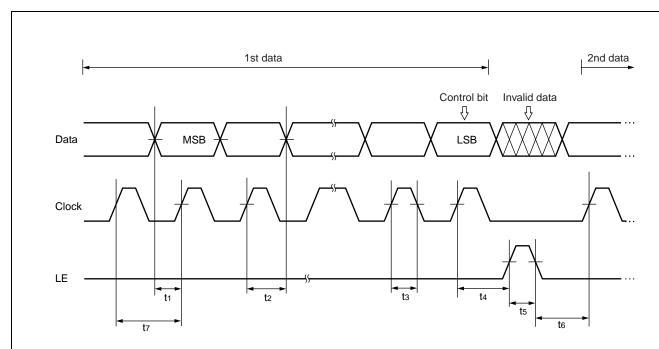
To prevent a major VCO frequency jump, the intermittent mode control circuit limits the magnitude of the error signal from the phase detector when it returns to normal operation.

Notes: •When power (Vcc) is first applied, the device must be in standby mode and PS = Low, for at least 1 μ s.

•PS pin must be set "L" for Power ON and then the PS mode should be removed after input serial data.



■ SERIAL DATA INPUT TIMING



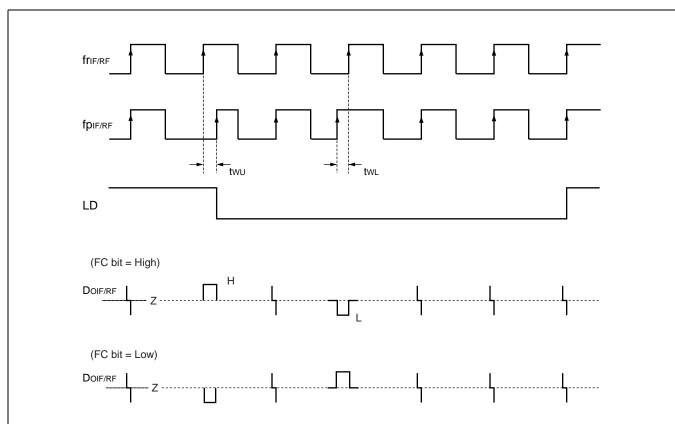
On the rising edge of the clock, one bit of data is transferred into shift register.

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t ₁	20		_	ns
t 2	20		_	ns
tз	30		_	ns
t ₄	30		_	ns

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t 5	100			ns
t 6	20		_	ns
t 7	100	_	_	ns

Note: LE should be "L" when the data is transferred into the shift register.

■ PHASE DETECTOR OUTPUT WAVEFORM



LD Output Logic Table

IF-PLL section	RF-PLL section	LD output
Locking state/Power saving state	Locking state/Power saving state	Н
Locking state/Power saving state	Unlocking state	L
Unlocking state	Locking state/Power saving state	L
Unlocking state	Unlocking state	L

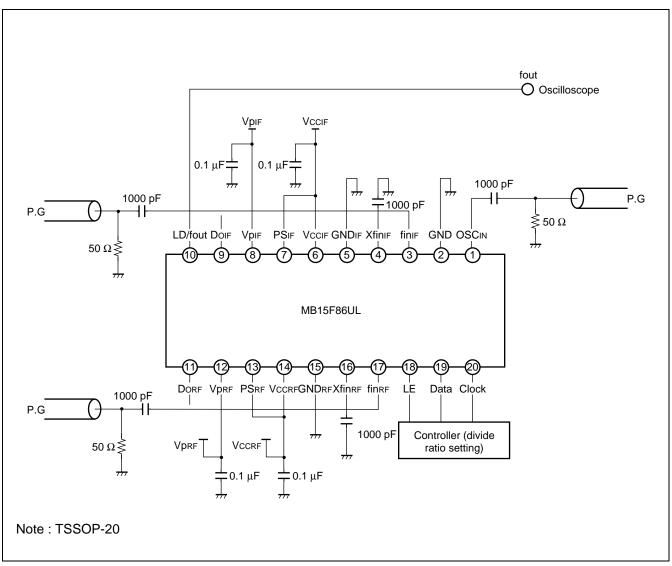
Notes: • Phase error detection range = -2π to $+2 \pi$

- Pulses on DoiF/RF signals are output to prevent dead zone.
- LD output becomes low when phase error is two or more.
- LD output becomes high when phase error is twl or less and continues to be so for three cycles or more.
- two and twL depend on OSCIN input frequency as follows.

 $t_{WU} \geq 2/fosc~[s]: i.e.~t_{WU} \geq 153.8~ns$ when fosc = 13.0~MHz

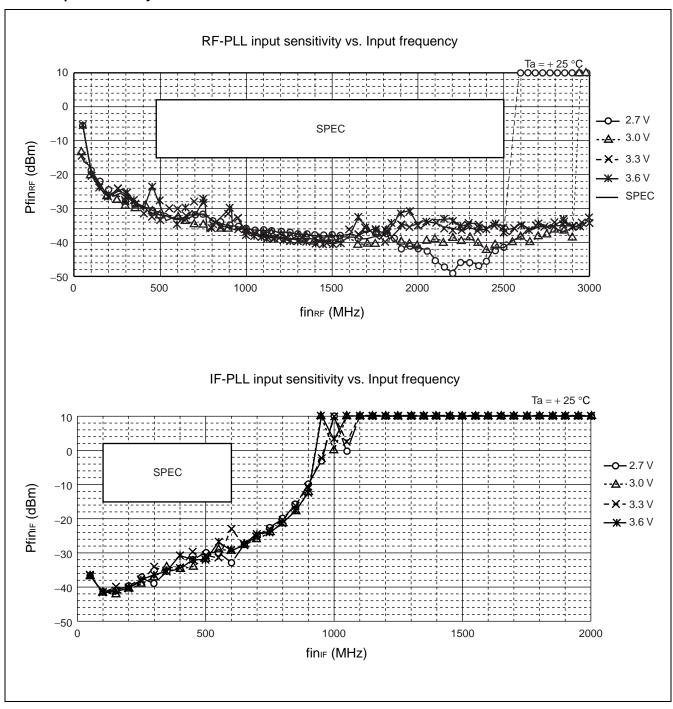
 $t_{WU} \leq 4/fosc~[s]$: i.e. $t_{WL} \leq 307.7~ns$ when fosc = 13.0~MHz

■ TEST CIRCUIT (for Measuring Input Sensitivity fin/OSC_{IN})

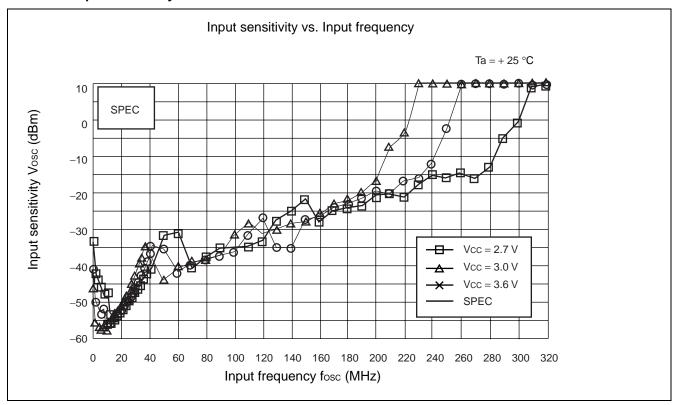


■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. fin input sensitivity



2. OSC_{IN} input sensitivity



3. RF-PLL Do output current

• 1.5 mA mode

 I_{DO} - V_{DO}

Charge pump output current loo (mA)

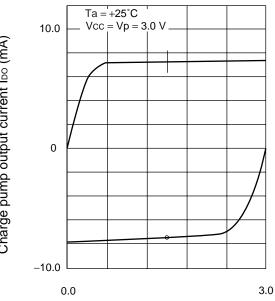
Ta = +25 °C 10.0 Vcc = Vp = 3.0 V =0 -10.03.0 0.0

Charge pump output voltage V_{DO} (V)

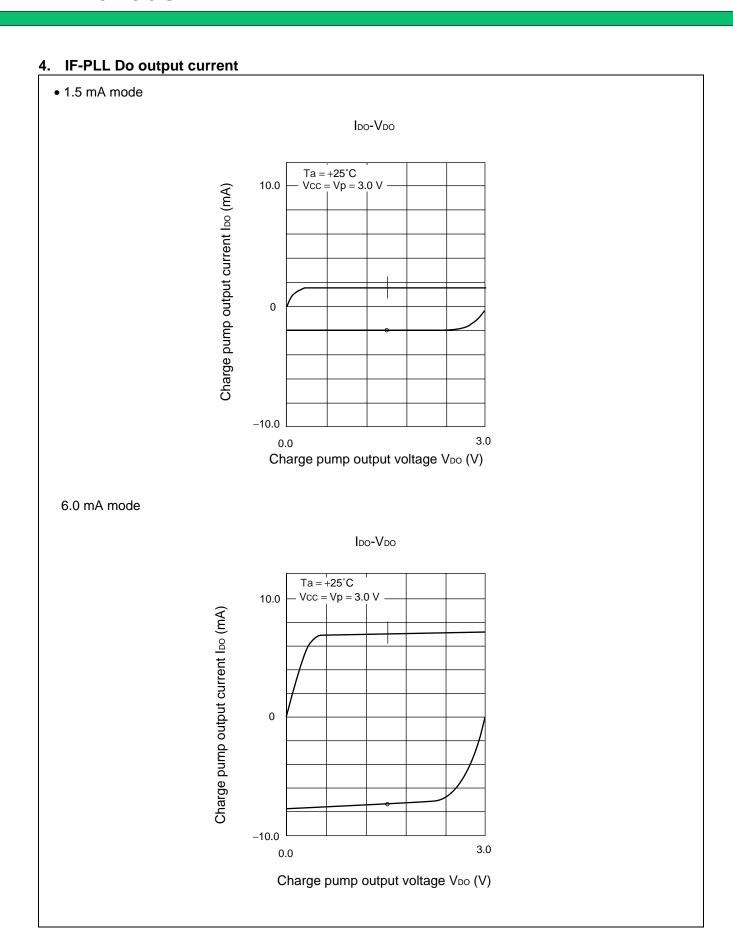
• 6.0 mA mode

 I_{DO} - V_{DO}

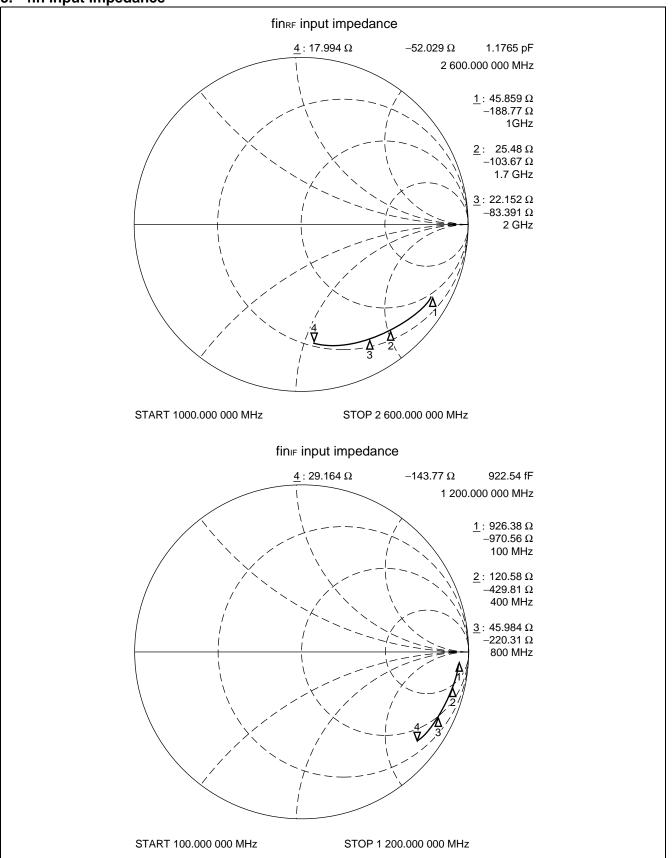


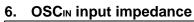


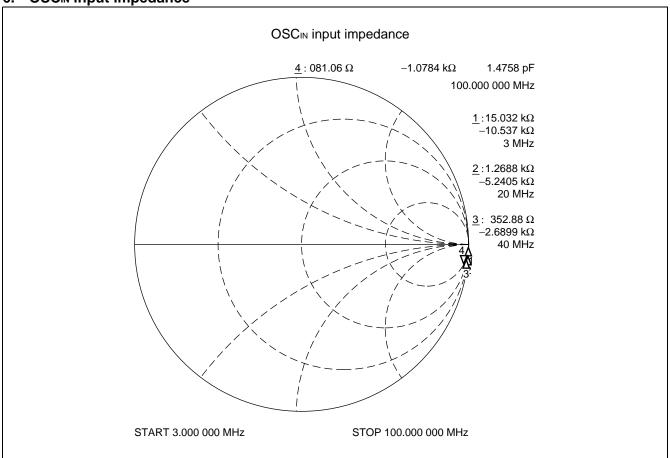
Charge pump output voltage V_{DO} (V)



5. fin input impedance

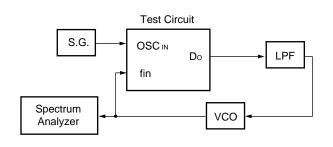




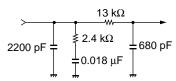


■ REFERENCE INFORMATION

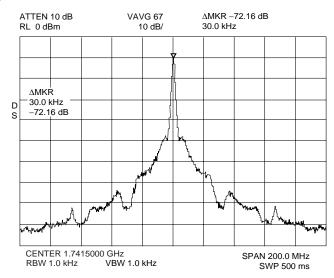
(for Lock-up Time, Phase Noise and Reference Leakage)



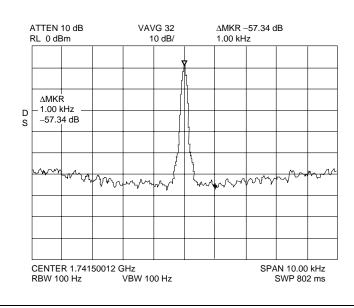
$$\begin{split} &\text{fvco} = 1741.5 \text{ MHz} & \text{Vcc} = 3.0 \text{ V} \\ &\text{Kv} = 44 \text{ MHz/V} & \text{Vvco} = 3.5 \text{ V} \\ &\text{fr} = 30 \text{ kHz} & \text{Ta} = +25 \text{ °C} \\ &\text{fosc} = 19.44 \text{ MHz} & \text{CP}: 6 \text{ mA mode} \\ &\text{LPF} \end{split}$$







• PLL Phase Noise

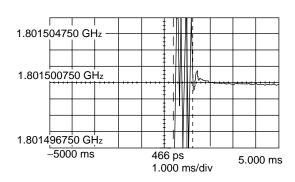


(Continued)



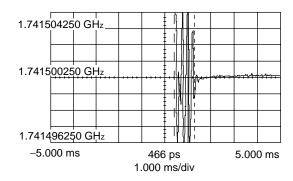
• PLL Lock Up time

1741.5 MHz \rightarrow 1801.5 MHz within \pm 1 kHz Lch \rightarrow Hch 844 μs

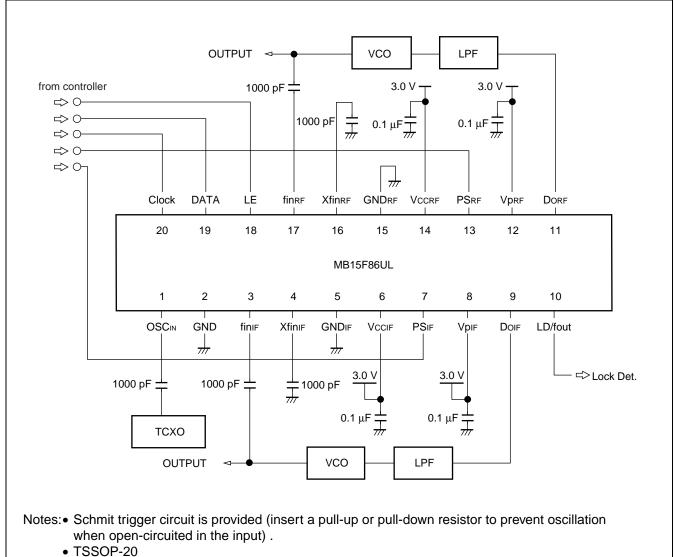


• PLL Lock Up time

1801.5 MHz \rightarrow 1741.5 MHz within \pm 1 kHz Hch \rightarrow Lch 889 μ s



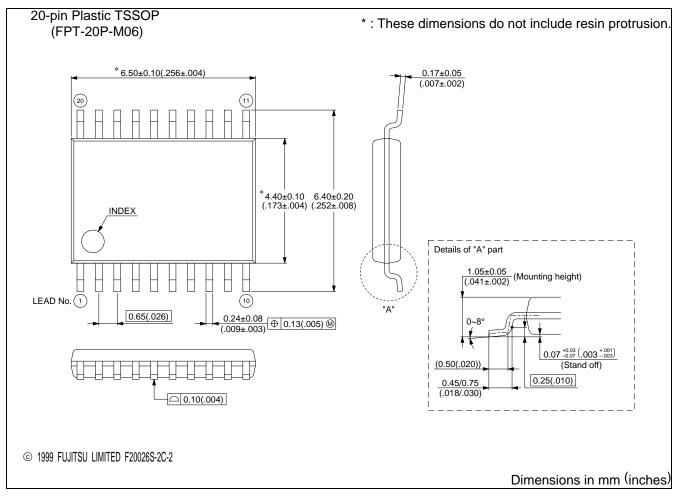
■ APPLICATION EXAMPLE



■ ORDERING INFORMATION

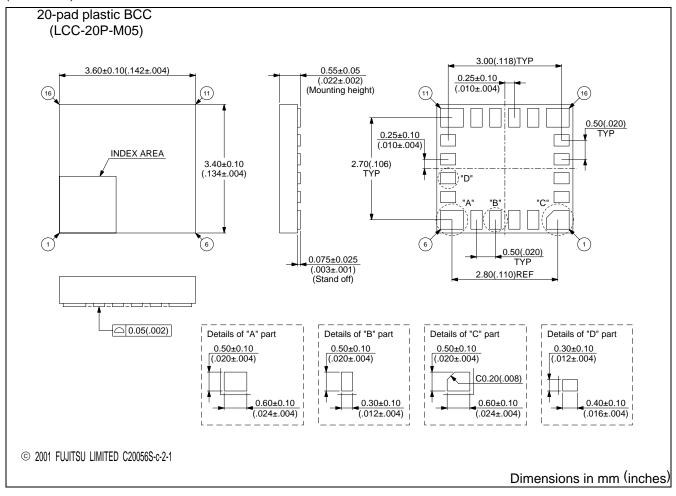
Part Number	Package	Remark
MB15F86ULPFT	20-pin plastic TSSOP (FPT-20P-M06)	
MB15F86ULPVA	20-pad plastic BCC (LCC-20P-M05)	

■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



(Continued)

(Continued)



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