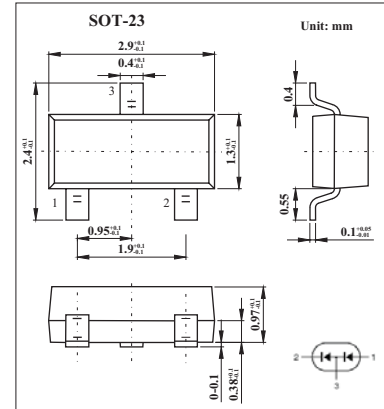


High-Speed Double Diode

KAV99(BAV99)

■ Features

- Small plastic SMD package.
- High switching speed: max.4 ns.
- Repetitive peak forward current: max.450 mA.



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	VRRM	85	V
Continuous reverse voltage	VR	75	V
Continuous forward current(single diode loaded *) (double diode loaded *)	IF	215 125	mA
Repetitive peak forward current	IFRM	450	mA
Non-repetitive peak forward current Tj=25 °C t=1 μs	IFSM	4	A
t=1ms		1	
t=1s		0.5	
power dissipation *	PD	250	mW
Thermal resistance from junction to tie-point	Rth j-tp	360	K/W
Thermal resistance from junction to ambient *	Rth j-a	500	K/W
Junction Temperature	Tj	150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-65 to +150	°C

* Device mounted on an FR4 printed-circuit board.

■ Electrical Characteristics Ta = 25°C

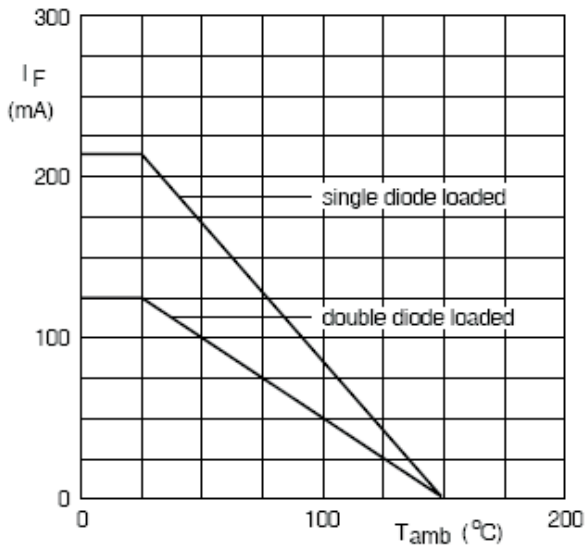
Parameter	Symbol	Testconditons	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	VF	IF = 1 mA	715	mV
		IF = 10 mA	855	mV
		IF = 50 mA	1	V
		IF = 150 mA	1.25	V
Reverse current	IR	VR = 25 V	30	nA
		VR = 75 V	1	μA
		VR = 25 V; Tj = 150 °C	30	μA
		VR = 75 V; Tj = 150 °C	50	μA
Diode capacitance	Cd	VR = 0 V, f = 1 MHz	1.5	pF
Reverse recovery time	trr	when switched from IF = 10 mA to IR = 10 mA; RL = 100 Ω; measured at IR = 1 mA	4	nS
Forward recovery voltage	Vfr	IF = 10 mA, tr = 20 ns	1.75	V

■ Marking

Marking	A7
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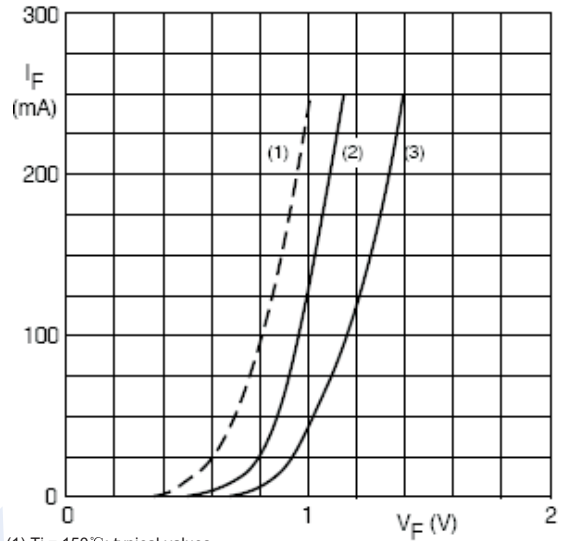
KAV99(BAV99)

■ Typical Characteristics



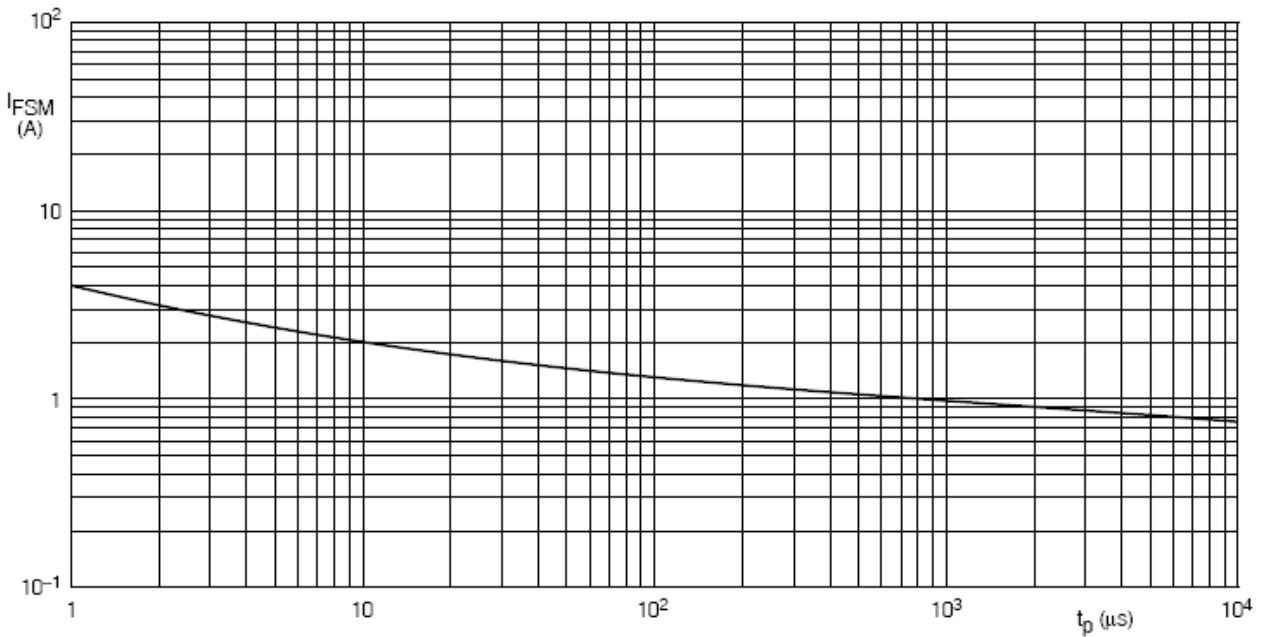
Device mounted on an FR4 printed-circuit board.

Fig.1 Maximum permissible continuous forward current as a function of ambient temperature.



(1) $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$; typical values.
 (2) $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$; typical values.
 (3) $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$; maximum values.

Fig.2 Forward current as a function of forward voltage.



Based on square wave currents.
 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ prior to surge.

Fig.3 Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse duration.

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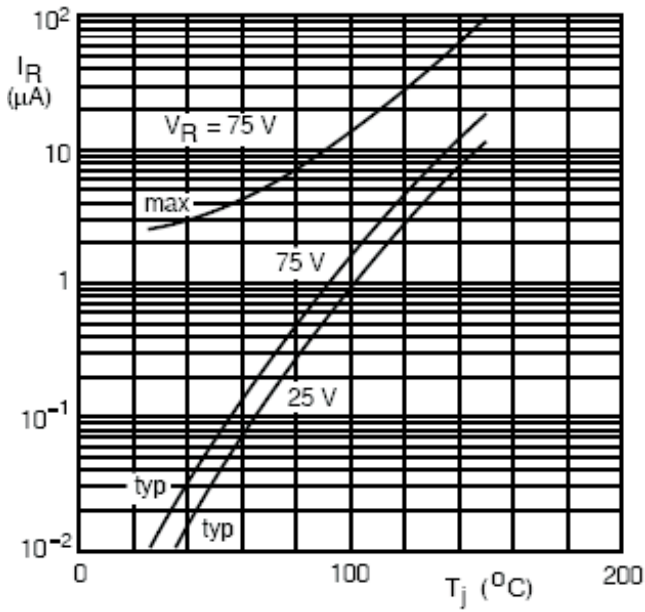


Fig.4 Reverse current as a function of junction temperature.

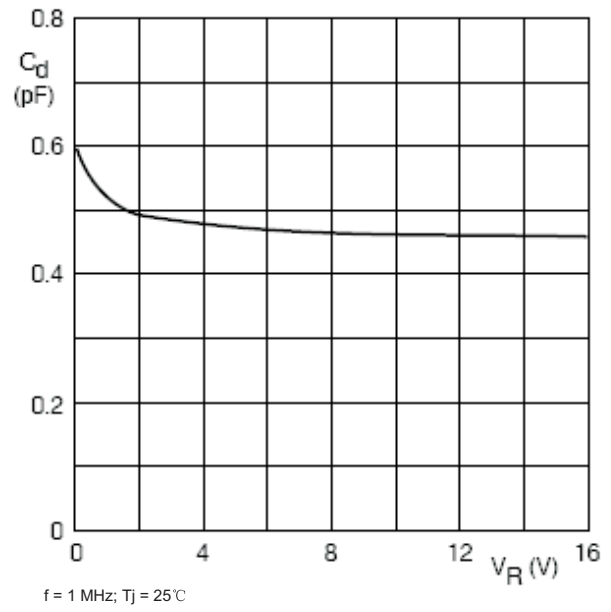


Fig.5 Diode capacitance as a function of reverse voltage; typical values.