M52390FP

REJ03F0080-0100Z Rev.1.0 Sep.22.2003

Description

The M52390FP is a semiconductor integrated circuit that has a function for converting R, G and B signals into NTSC/PAL composite video signals, as well as a superimpose function, on a single chip.

Features

- RGB encoder-related
 - Built-in LPF for color discrimination. An external resistor enables cutoff frequency control.
 - An internal VCA circuit enables gain control of the chroma unit.
 - A high-precision modulation circuit and clamping circuit realize low carrier leaks.
 - Burst and synch signals are generated in the IC.
- Superimpose-related
 - Y_S IN (control input) enables switching between two input signals, VIDEO IN and RGB IN.
 - An internal high-speed analog switch makes it possible to insert fine text.
 - An internal APC circuit automatically adjusts the color phases of new screen (VIDEO IN) and RGB encoder signals.
- Overall
 - --- The VIDEO OUT signal is output at 2 V_{P-P} , making it possible to configure a 75 Ω drive circuit with a single transistor.
 - Both NTSC and PAL are supported.

Application

• TVs, VCRs, monitors and other audio/video devices

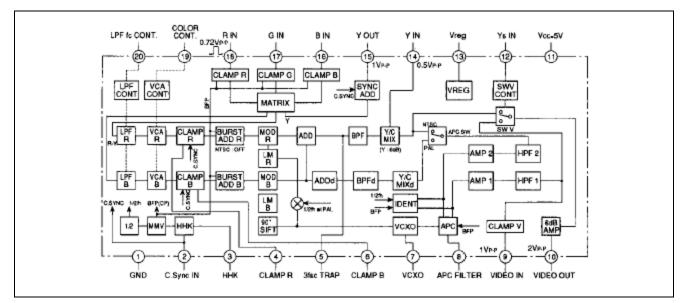
Recommended Operating Conditions

- Power supply voltage range: 4.7 to 5.3 V
- Recommended power supply voltage: 5.0 V

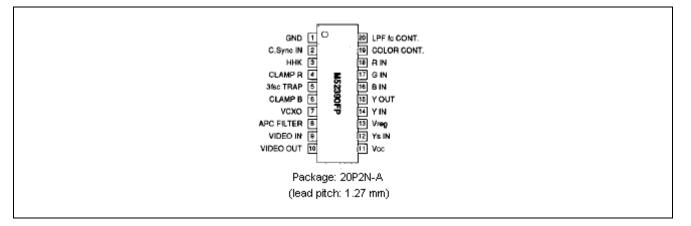


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Block Diagram



Pin Configuration





Description of Pin

Pin no.	Pin name	Pin peripheral circuit	Pin voltage	Notes
1	GND			
2	C.SYVC IN		AC: Sync input	V _{TH} = 2.5 V ± 0.3 V
3	ННК		AC av	The HHK pulse width can be varied using the external resistor. Recommended value: HHK: 3/4H R = 91 k C = 270 p
4	OFFSET R		DC = 3.1 V	External recommended value. C = 0.1 μ
5	TRAP		AC: Chroma	External recommended value. L C NTSC : 15μ 12P PAL : 10μ 12P [5] 5 V: Test mode setting [15] Pulse output

Description of Pin (cont)

Pin no.	Pin name	Pin peripheral circuit	Pin voltage	Notes
6	OFFSET B		DC: 3.1 V	External recommended value $C = 0.1 \ \mu$
7	VCXO IN		DC: 3.2 V	The free run frequency is set using the trimmer capacitor. [7] 0 V: Carrier OFF
8	APC FILTER		DC: 3.3 V In Free Run mode: DC: 2.7 V	β characteristic Frequency APC voltage External recommended values R = 1.5 k C1 = 0.01 μ C2 = 1 μ
9	VIDEO IN		AC: VIDEO 1 V _{P-P} Pedestal: 2.9 V	Clamping input (burst timing) External recommended value $C = 4.7 \mu$ [9] 0 V: Free Run mode setting



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Description of Pin (cont)

Pin no.	Pin name	Pin peripheral circuit	Pin voltage	Notes
10	VIDEO OUT		AC: VIDEO 2 V _{P-P} Pedestal: 1.8 V	
11	V _{cc}		DC: 5 V	Icc: 50 mA
12	Ys		Switching signal input when using Superimpose vm Hi: Insertion screen (RGB IN output)	$V_{TH} = 1.5 V \pm 0.3 V$ Hi: RGB IN output Lo: VIDEO IN output [15 Output setting when using 5 V [5] Output [12] [5]output Hi R-Y Lo B-Y
13	VRE G		DC: 2.1 V	External recommended value C = 4.7 µ
14	Y IN	\$258x \$16x \$1x \$250x \$12x 77 77 77 77 92x \$150x \$12x 77 92x \$150x \$12x 77 92x \$150x \$12x \$12x \$150x \$150x \$10x \$10x	AC: Y 0.5 V _{P-P} Pedestal: 2.1 V	
15	YOUT		AC: Y 1 V _{P-P} Pedestal: 2.1 V (5) Test mode output at 5 V Pulse output	[12] 5 V: Test mode setting [12] [5]output Hi R-Y Lo B-Y



Description of Pin (cont)

Pin no.	Pin name	Pin peripheral circuit	Pin voltage	Notes
16	BIN		AC: B 0.71 V _{P-P} Sync: 2.9 V	Clamping input (burst timing) External recommended value C = 4.7 μ
17	G IN		AC: G 0.71 V _{P-P} Sync: 2.9 V	Clamping input (burst timing) External recommended value C = 4.7 µ
18	R IN		AC: R 0.71 V _{P.P} Sync: 2.9 V	Clamping input (burst timing) External recommended value C = 4.7 µ
19	COLOR CONT.		DC: 2.5 V	Color control for RGB encoder output 5 V: Chroma unit +2 dB 2.5 V: Typ. 0 V: Chroma unit –3 dB
20	fc. CONT.	20k \$ 20k \$ 10k \$ 16k	DC: 3.3 V	fc of LPF can be adjusted using external resistor. External recommended value R = 30 k

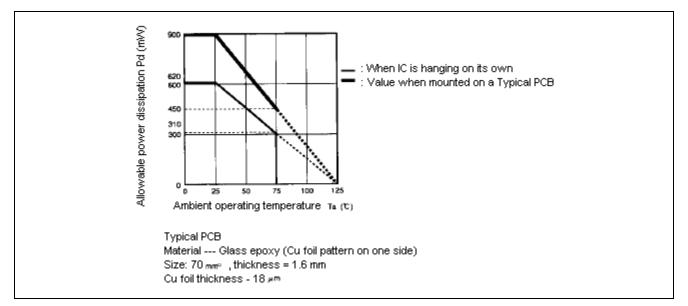


Absolute Maximum Rating

			(Unless otherwise noted, $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$)
Symbol	ltem	Ratings	Units
Vcc	Power supply voltage	7	V
Pd	Internal current consumption	620	mW
		(900)	
Topr	Ambient operating temperature	-20 to 75	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature	-40 to 125	°C
kθ	Thermal derating (Ta = 25°C)	6.2	mW/°C
		(9.0)	

Note: Values in parentheses are the values when mounted on a typical PCB.

Thermal Derating (Maximum Rating)



Electrical Characteristics

No.	Symbol	Item	Measurement conditions	Mea- sure-	Limits			Unit
				ment point	Min.	Тур.	Max.	-
1	I _{cc} 1	Circuit current 1	NTSC MODE, [12] 5 V	[11]	35	50	65	mΑ
2	I _{CC} 2	Circuit current 2	NTSC MODE, [12] 5 V	[11]	37	52	67	mA
RGB	IN → Y OL	Л						
3	ER	Matrix ratio R	SG18: 1 Vp-p	[15]	0.27	0.30	0.33	Vp-p
4	EG	Matrix ratio G	SG17: 1 Vp-p	[15]	0.53	0.59	0.65	Vp-p
5	EB	Matrix ratio B	SG16: 1 Vp-p	[15]	0.09	0.11	0.13	Vp-p
6	EY	At RGB 100% Y level	SG16, SG17, SG18: 0.71 Vp-p	[15]	0.63	0.71	0.79	Vp-p
7	FR	R IN → Y OUT	SG18: 500 kHz/5 MHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW,	[15]	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
		frequency characteristic	SW16, 17, 18:ON	[10]	1.0	Ũ		üD
			[2] 0 V (SG2: OFF)					
8	FG	G IN → Y OUT	SG17: 500 kHz/5 MHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW,	[15]	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
-		frequency characteristic	SW16, 17, 18:ON	[]		-		
		, ,	[2] 0 V (SG2: OFF)					
9	FB	B IN → Y OUT	SG16: 500 kHz/5 MHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW,	[15]	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
		frequency characteristic	SW16, 17, 18:ON	L - 1				
			[2] 0 V (SG2: OFF)					
10	VS1	Sync level 1	NTSC MODE	[15]	257	286	315	Vp-p
11	VS2	Sync level 2	PAL MODE (SW13: ON)	[15]	270	300	330	Vp-p
		•		[.0]				• • •
12	G _Y		SG14: 500 kHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW, [12] 5 V	[10]	10.5	12	13.5	dB
13	F _Y	Y IN → VIDEO OUT	SG14: 500 kHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW,	[10]	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
10	I Y	frequency characteristic	[12] 5 V	[10]	1.0	0	1.0	uв
RGR	IN → TRA		[.2]01					
14	D _{L(R-Y)}	Delay (R-Y)	SG18: 1 Vp-p	[5]	210	310	410	ns
14	DL(R-Y)	Delay (ICT)	[15] 5 V, [12] 5 V, [7] 0 V	[0]	210	010	410	115
15	D _{L(B-Y)}	Delay (B-Y)	SG16: 1 Vp-p	[5]	210	310	410	ns
10	DL(B-Y)		[15] 5 V, [12] 0 V, [7] 0 V	[0]	210	510	410	113
16	Guran	Gain (R-Y) VCA: Hi	SG18: 500 kHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW,	[5]	1	2	3.5	dB
10	G _{H(R-Y)}		SW4, 6, 17, 18: ON	[5]	I	2	5.5	uВ
			[15] 5 V, [12] 5 V, [7] 0 V,					
			[19] 5 V/2.5 V, [2] 0V (SG2: OFF)					
17	G _{H(B-Y)}	Gain (B-Y) VCA: Hi	SG16: 500 kHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW,	[5]	1	2	3.5	dB
.,	OH(B-Y)		SW4, 6, 17, 18: ON	[0]	I	2	0.0	uВ
			[15] 5 V, [12] 0 V, [7] 0 V,					
			[19] 5 V/2.5 V, [2] 0V (SG2: OFF)					
18	G _{L(R-Y)}	Gain (R-Y) VCA: Lo	SG18: 500 kHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW,	[5]	-4.5	-3	-2	dB
. •	•L(R-T)		SW4, 6, 17, 18: ON	[~]		0	-	
			[15] 5 V, [12] 5 V, [7] 0 V,					
			[19] 0 V/2.5 V, [2] 0V (SG2: OFF)					
19	G _{L(B-Y)}	Gain (B-Y) VCA: Lo	SG18: 500 kHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW,	[5]	-4.5	-3	-2	dB
.0	℃ L(B-Y)		SW4, 6, 17, 18: ON	[9]	4.0	0	4	
			[15] 5 V, [12] 5 V, [7] 0 V,					

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Elec	ctrical Cl	naracteristics (cont)						
No.	Symbol	ltem	Measurement conditions	Mea- Limits sure-			Unit	
				ment point	Min.	Тур.	Max.	-
RGB	$IN \rightarrow VIDE$	EO OUT						
20	V_{B1}	NTSC burst level	NTSC MODE [12] 5 V	[10B]	243	286	329	mVp-p
21	V_{B2}	PAL burst level	PAL MODE (SW13: ON) [12] 5 V	[10B]	255	300	345	mVp-p
22	V_{B3}	PAL burst level differential	PAL MODE (SW13: ON) [12] 5 V	[10B]	-30	0	30	mVp-p
23	P _{PB}	PAL burst phase differential	PAL MODE (SW13: ON) [12] 5 V	[10B]	82	90	98	deg
24	V _{R/B}	R/burst level ratio	SG18: 0.71 Vp-p [12] 5 V	[10B]	2.68	3.15	3.62	
25	$V_{G/B}$	G/burst level ratio	SG17: 0.71 Vp-p [12] 5 V	[10B]	2.51	2.95	3.39	
26	$V_{B/B}$	B/burst level ratio	SG16: 0.71 Vp-p [12] 5 V	[10B]	1.91	2.25	2.59	
27	V _{C/B}	NTSC MODE carrier leak	NTSC MODE [12] 5 V	[10B]	_	-40	-28	dB
28	P _{R/B}	R/burst phase differential	SG18: 0.71 Vp-p [12] 5 V	[10B]	96	104	112	deg
29	$P_{G/B}$	G/burst phase differential	SG17: 0.71 Vp-p [12] 5 V	[10B]	233	241	249	deg
30	$P_{B/B}$	B/burst phase differential	SG16: 0.71 Vp-p [12] 5 V	[10B]	339	347	355	deg
VIDE		DEO OUT						
31	GVIO	VIDEO IN → VIDEO OUT gain	SG9: 500 kHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW, SW9: ON [12] 0 V, [2] 0 V (SG2: OFF)	[10]	5	6	7	dB
32	FVIO	VIDEO IN → VIDEO OUT frequency characteristic	SG9: 5 MHz, 0.5 Vp-p CW, SW9: ON [12] 0 V, [2] 0 V (SG2: OFF)	[10]	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
SUP	er imposi	E						
33	PDI	RGB/VIDEO IN burst phase differential	SG9: 3.85 MHz, 286 mVp-p CW, SG12: 1 Vp-p	[10B]	-5	0	5	deg
34	VOS	DC offset	SG9: burst, 286 mVp-p CW, SG12: 1 Vp-p	[10]	-20	0	20	mV
MMV					-	-	-	-
35	HHK	HHK width	PAL MODE (SW13: ON) [5] 5V	[2] [15]	40	47	54	μs
36	BFPP	BFP position (burst position)	[5] 5V	[2] [15]	4.5	5.6	6.7	μs
37	BFPW	BFP width (burst width)	[5] 5V	[15]	2.0	2.5	3.0	μs

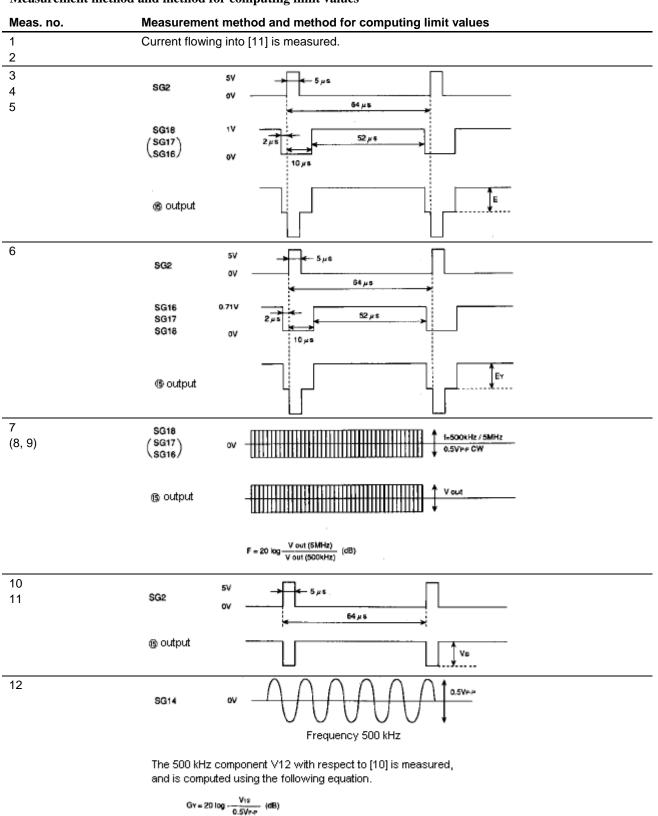
M52390FP

Electrical Characteristics Measurement Method

Mode	Setting condition	Function
FREE RUN MODE	® ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	VCXO FREE RUN
PAL MODE	[®]	Carrier phase for MOD R reversed at each 1H
SUPER IMPOSE MODE	[®] HI:2~5V	[10] VIDEO OUT RGB ENCODE signal out VIDEO IN signal out
TEST MODE MR TEST MODE MB TEST MODE DR TEST MODE DB	Image: Weight of the second	[5] Color difference output MOD R-Y out MOD B-Y out DIFF R-Y out DIFF B-Y out
TEST MODE P	⑤	[10] PULSE output PAL MODE: BFP, HHK mix NTSC MODE: BFP
V4, V6, V9, V16, V17, V18	Various pin voltages when SYNC is inp (for clamping)	out to [2] (C. SYNC IN)

Tables for the various modes (common to all tests)





Measurement method and method for computing limit values



Measurement method and method for computing limit values (cont)



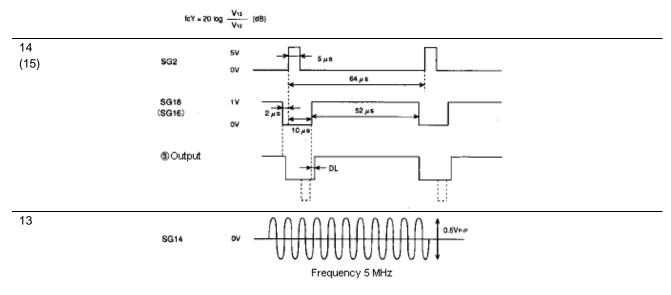
Measurement method and method for computing limit values

13

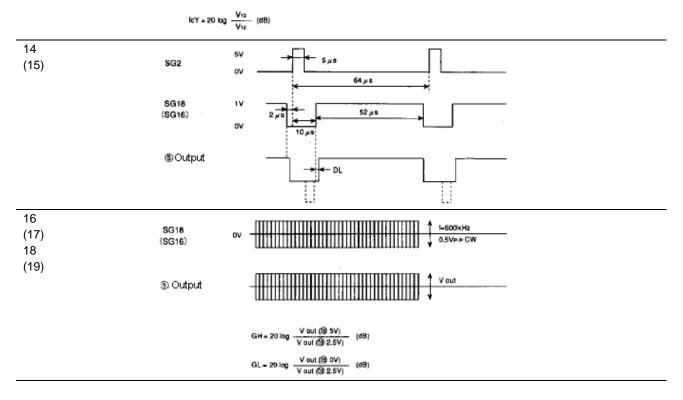
5G14 OV ______

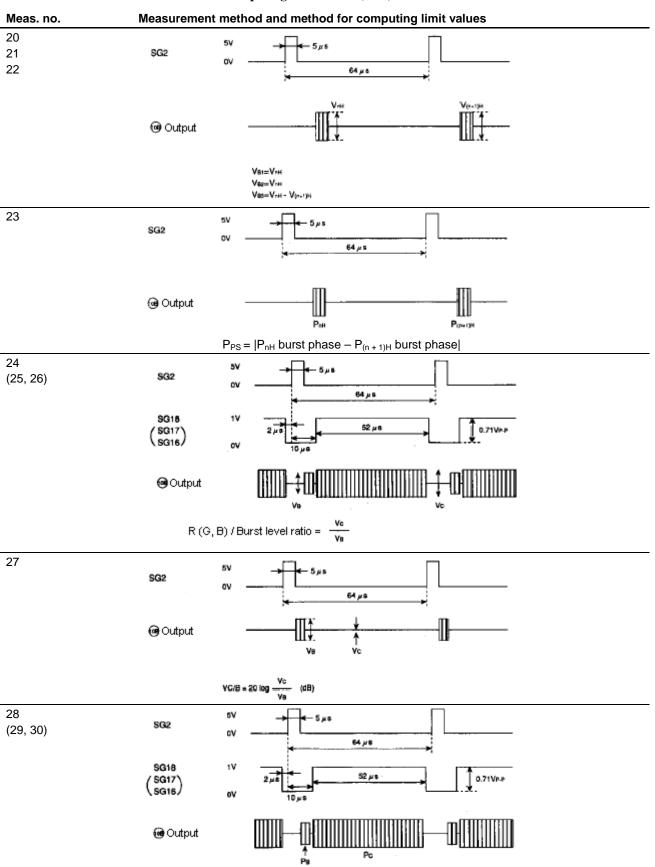
ov ______Frequency 5 MHz

The 500 MHz component V13 with respect to (10) is measured, and is computed using the following equation.

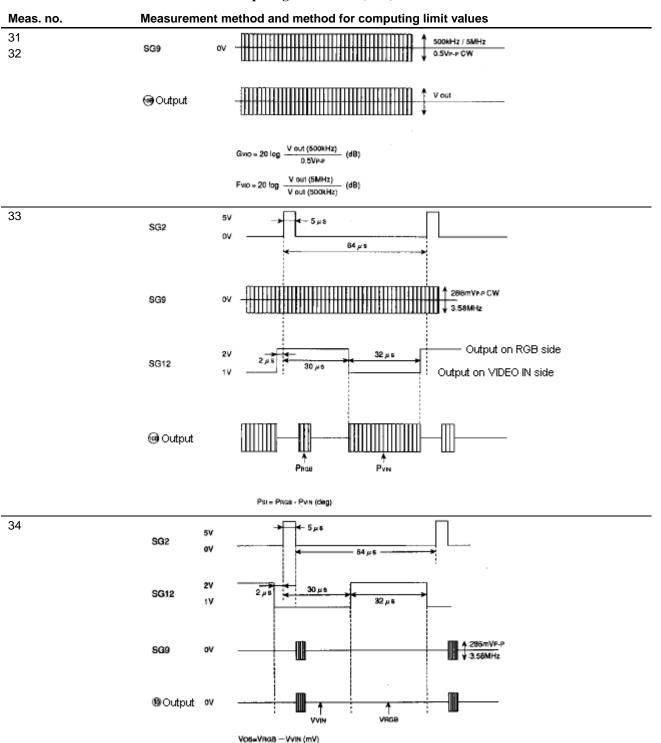


The 500 MHz component V13 with respect to (10) is measured, and is computed using the following equation.

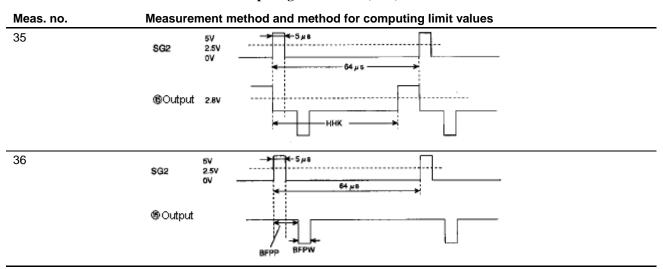






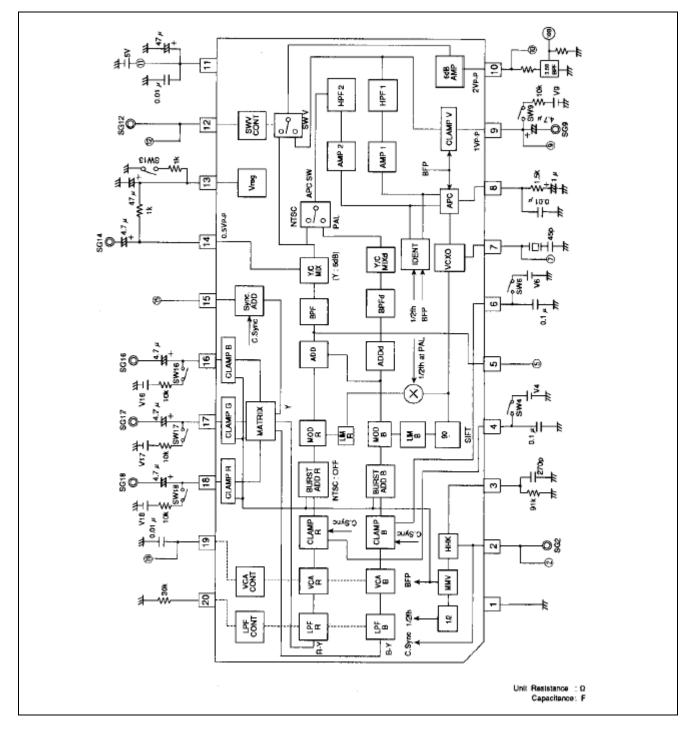


Measurement method and method for computing limit values (cont)



Measurement method and method for computing limit values (cont)

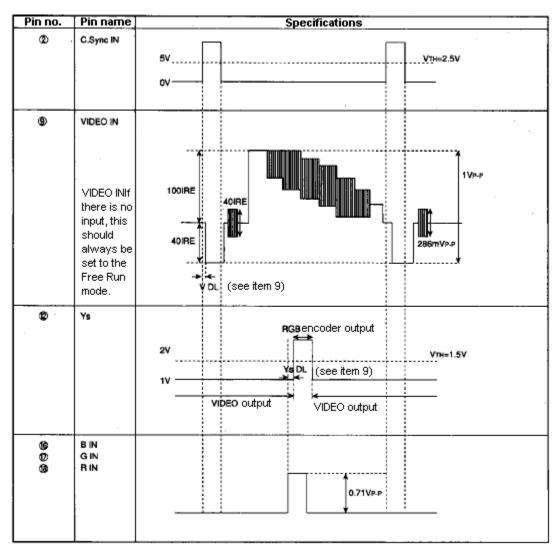
Test Circuit



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Usage Precautions

(1) Typical values for input signals



(2) Setting the Free Run frequency

This IC generates the fsc by means of the VCXO circuit.

Consequently, the VCXO oscillation frequency must always be set to fsc before the IC is used, by following the procedure outlined below.

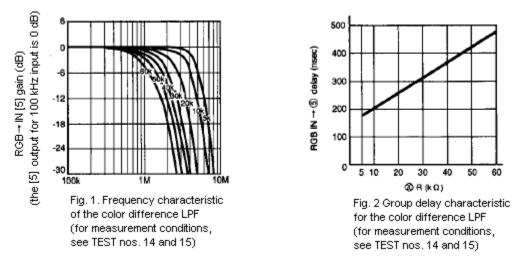
- 1. Connect [9] (VIDEO IN) to GND, and set the Free Run mode.
- 2. Set the [2] (OFFSET R) voltage when SYNC was input to [4] (C. SYNC IN) to V_4 , and apply a voltage of $V_4 = 0.5$ V to [4] (OFFSET R).
- 3. Fix C.[2] (SYNC IN) in the High state. (5 V applied)
- 4. Adjust the output frequency of [5] (TRAP) to the trimmer capacitor of [7] (VCXO IN), and set it to fsc.



(3) Setting the color difference LPF

The frequency characteristic of the color difference LPF built into this IC can be set as shown in Fig. 1, using the [20] (fc CONT.) external resistor.

When doing this, the group delay characteristic also changes, as shown in Fig. 2.



(4) Setting Y DL

The group delay characteristic of the color signal of the RGB encoder output changes in response to the [20] (fc CONT) external resistor, so Y DL should be set in such a way that the group delay characteristic is the amount of group delay obtained from the group delay characteristic of Fig. 2, with 40 ns added.

Also, if the [6] (TRAP) circuit is being added, a further delay of +5 to +10 ns should be taken into consideration.

(5) COLOR CONT characteristic

The gain of the chroma unit can be set as shown in Fig. 3, using the [19] (COLOR CONT) applied voltage. (The burst amplitude is constant.)

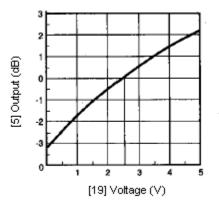
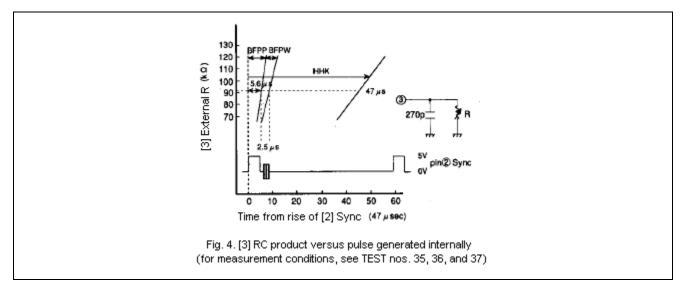


Fig. 3. COLOR CONT. characteristic (for measurement conditions, see TEST nos. 16, 17, 18, and 19)



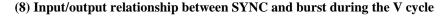
(6) The relationship between BFP and HHK

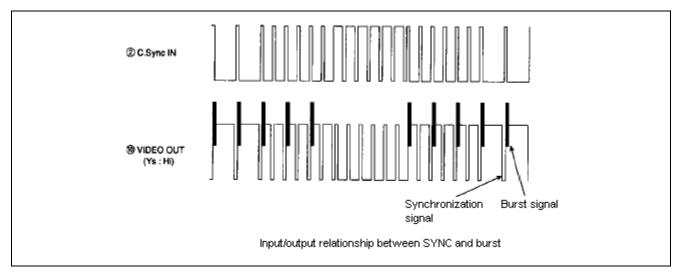
The pulse width of BFP and HHK can be set as shown in Fig. 4, using the [3] (HHK) external CR.



(7) Input pin drive

Input pins [9], [16], [17], and [18] use clamp input, so they should always be driven with a low impedance.





(9) V DL and Y_S DL settings when the SUPERIMPOSE mode is being used

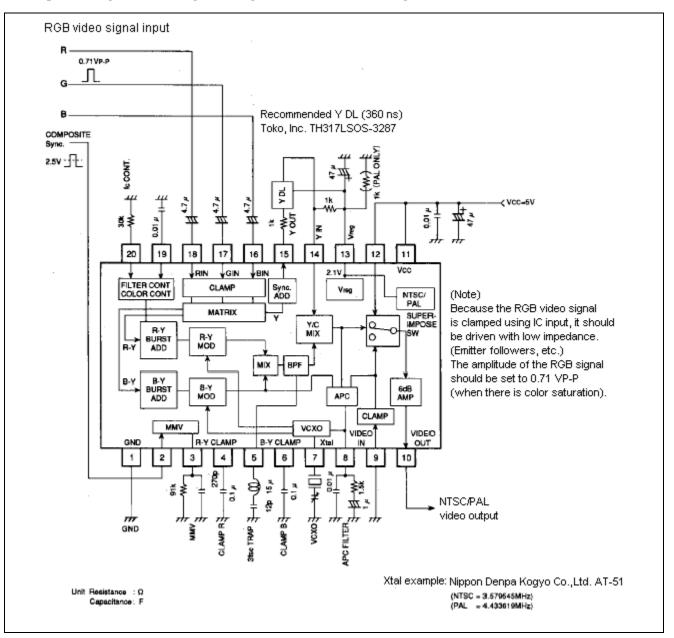
- 1) V DL is used to adjust the timing of the RGB encoder signal and the VIDEO IN signal.
- 2) Y_s DL is used to adjust the timing of the RGB encoder signal and the Y_s IN signal.
- 3) When the timing is the same for C. SYNC IN, RGB IN, VIDEO IN and Y_s IN, V DL and Y_s DL should be set using the amount of delay shown below as a guide.

V DL = Y DL (item 4) + 10 (ns) Y_S DL = Y DL - 10 (ns)



Application Example (1)

Example showing RGB video signals being encoded in NTSC/PAL signal



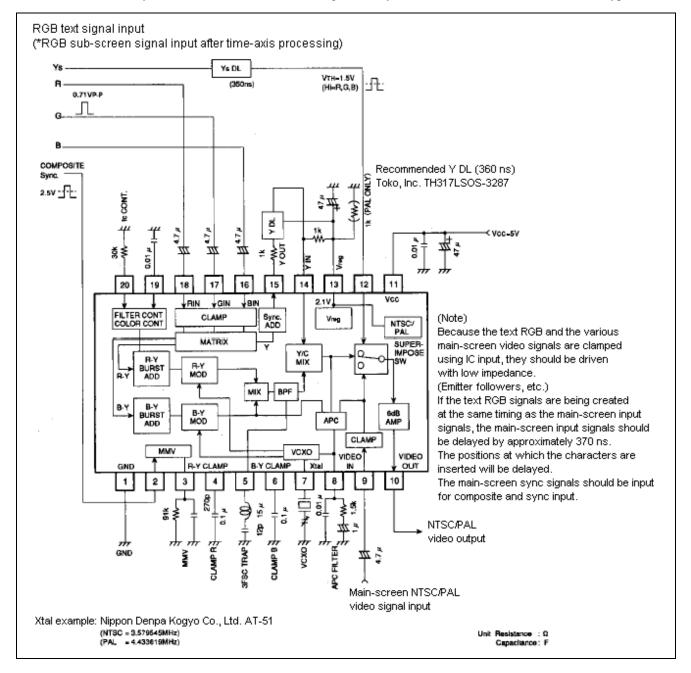


Application Example (2)

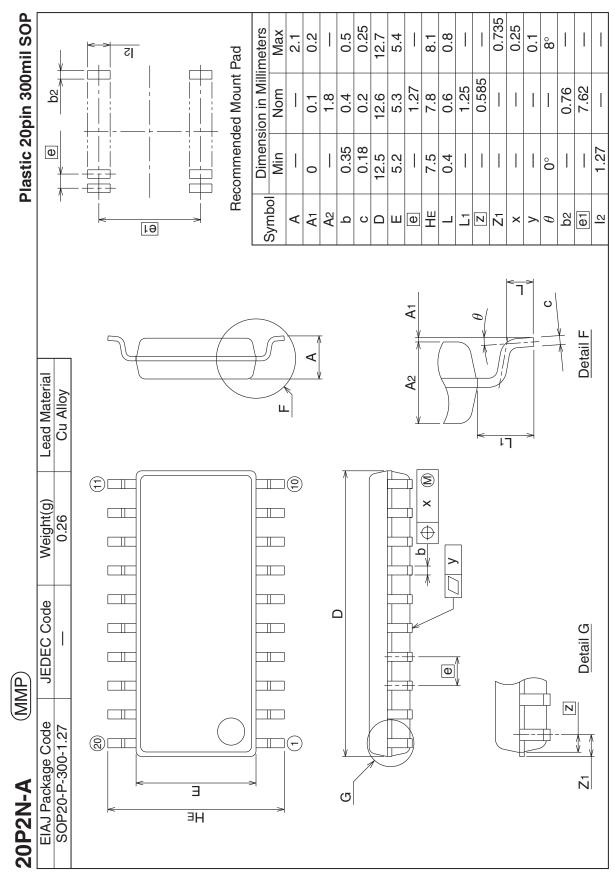
Example showing RGB text signals superimposed on NTSC/PAL signals

(*The values in brackets show what takes place when the RGB signals of a personal computer or other device are superimposed on NTSC/PAL signals as a sub-screen.)

If signals delayed by approximately 350 nm after the text (*sub-screen) RGB signals are created directly, as Ys signals, Ys DL is not necessary. If RGB and Ys are at same timing, the delay time of Ys DL should be set to 350 ns (typical).



Package Dimensions





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