

# SN2A - SN2M

**PRV : 50 - 1000 Volts**  
**Io : 2.0 Amperes**

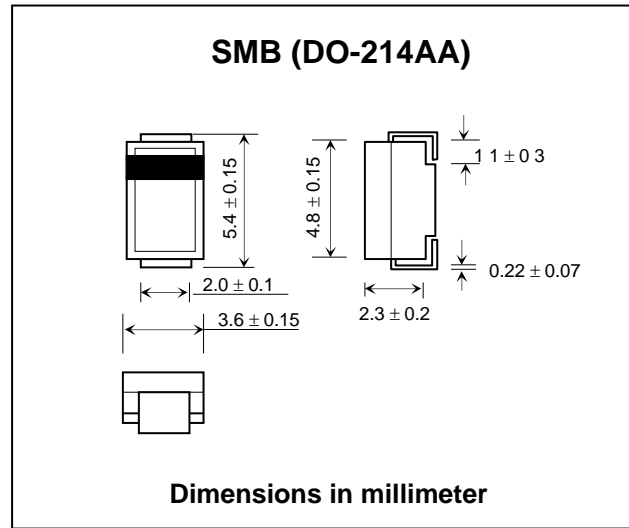
**FEATURES :**

- \* High current capability
- \* High surge current capability
- \* High reliability
- \* Low reverse current
- \* Low forward voltage drop
- \* Pb / RoHS Free

**MECHANICAL DATA :**

- \* Case : SMB Molded plastic
- \* Epoxy : UL94V-O rate flame retardant
- \* Lead : Lead Formed for Surface Mount
- \* Polarity : Color band denotes cathode end
- \* Mounting position : Any
- \* Weight : 0.1097 gram

## SURFACE MOUNT RECTIFIERS



### MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

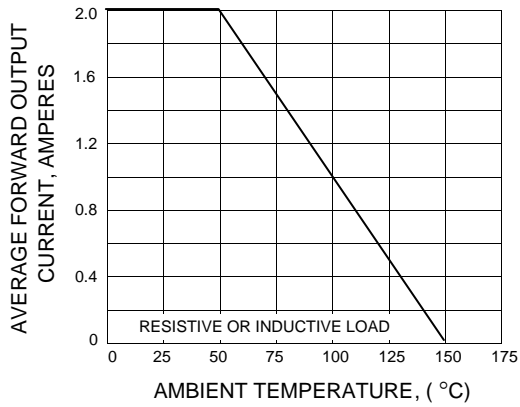
Rating at 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specific.  
 Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.  
 For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

RATING	SYMBOL	SN2A	SN2B	SN2D	SN2G	SN2J	SN2K	SN2M	UNIT
Maximum Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V <sub>RRM</sub>	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum RMS Voltage	V <sub>RMS</sub>	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	Volts
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V <sub>DC</sub>	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum Average Forward Current 0.375"(9.5mm) Lead Length Ta = 50 °C	I <sub>F</sub>	2.0							Amps.
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single half sine wave Superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	I <sub>FSM</sub>	75							Amps.
Maximum Forward Voltage at I <sub>F</sub> = 2.0 Amps.	V <sub>F</sub>	1.0							Volts
Maximum DC Reverse Current Ta = 25 °C at rated DC Blocking Voltage Ta = 100 °C	I <sub>R</sub>	5.0							μA
	I <sub>R(H)</sub>	50							μA
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note1)	C <sub>J</sub>	75							pF
Junction Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub>	- 65 to + 150							°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	- 65 to + 150							°C

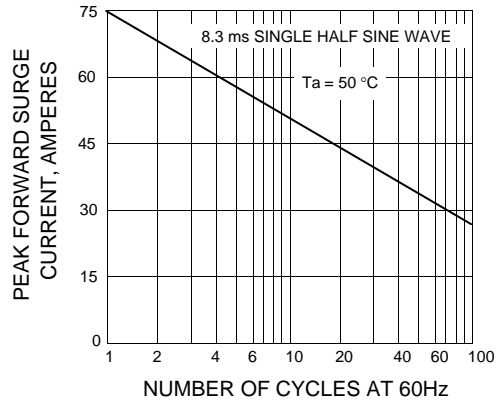
**Note :**  
 (1) Measured at 1.0 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0VDC

**RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (SN2A - SN2M)**

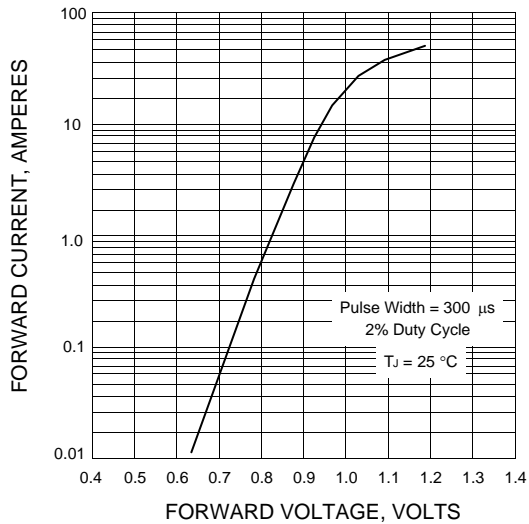
**FIG.1 - DERATING CURVE FOR OUTPUT RECTIFIED CURRENT**



**FIG.2 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT**



**FIG.3 - TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS**



**FIG.4 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS**

