

NXP 50-MHz, 32-bit Cortex-M0™ microcontrollers LPC1100

Cortex-M0 based microcontrollers with industry-leading power and efficiency

Built around the new Cortex-M0 architecture, the smallest, lowest power, and most energy-efficient ARM core ever developed, these MCUs are ideally equipped for use in many traditional 8/16-bit applications.

Key features

- ▶ ARM Cortex-M0 processor
 - 50 MHz operation
 - Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller for fast deterministic interrupts
 - Wakeup Interrupt Controller allows automatic wake from a priority interrupt
 - Three reduced-power modes: Sleep, Deep-sleep, and Deep power-down
- Memories
 - Up to 128 KB Flash memory
 - Up to 16 KB SRAM
- ▶ Serial peripherals
 - UART with fractional baud rate generation, internal FIFO, and RS-485 support
 - Up to 2 SPI controllers with FIFO and multi-protocol capabilities
 - I²C-bus interface supporting full I²C-bus specification and Fast mode plus with a data rate of 1 Mbit/s with multiple address recognition and monitor mode

- ▶ Analog peripheral
 - 10-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter with eight channels and conversion rates up to 400 K samples per second
- ▶ Other:
 - Up to 42 general-purpose I/O (GPIO) pins with configurable pull-up/down resistors and a new, configurable open-drain operating mode
 - Four general-purpose counter/timers, with a total of four capture inputs and 13 match outputs
 - Programmable Watchdog Timer (WDT) with lock-out feature
 - System tick timer
 - Each peripheral has its own clock divider for power savings

Applications

- ▶ White goods
- e-Metering
- ▶ Consumer peripherals
- ▶ Remote sensors
- ▶ 8/16-bit applications
- Industrial networking
- ▶ System supervisors

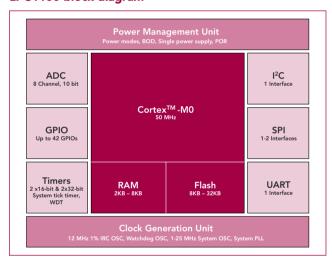


NXP's LPC1100 is the lowest-priced 32-bit MCU solution in the market. It offers greater value than existing 8/16-bit microcontroller by delivering unprecedented performance, simplicity, low power, and dramatic reductions in code size for every application.

With over 45 DMIPS of performance compared to the sub-DMIP performance typical of 8-bit MCUs and 3 to 5 DMIPS for 16-bit MCUs, the LPC1100 not only execute basic control tasks but sophisticated algorithms as well, making even the most complex tasks within reach. Using less time to do more tasks translates directly into lower energy consumption. This level of performance is delivered at 50 MHz, with extensive power optimization, at less than 10 mA.

Challenging the belief that 8/16-bit microcontrollers use less code, industry-standard Coremark benchmarks show that the LPC1100 requires 40-50% less code for most common microcontroller tasks.

LPC1100 block diagram



Development tools

The LPC1100 family is supported by the LPCXpresso, an easy to use, comprehensive development tool platform for under US\$30, as well as development tools from IAR, Keil, Hitex, Code Red, and many others. For the most current listing, please visit www.nxp.com/microcontrollers.

Additional features

- ▶ Serial Wire Debug (4 breakpoints)
- ▶ High-current output driver (20 mA) on one pin
- ▶ High-current sink drivers (20 mA) on two pins
- ▶ Integrated PMU (Power Management Unit) to minimize power consumption during Sleep, Deep-sleep, and Deep power-down modes
- ▶ Single 3.3 V power supply (1.8 to 3.6 V)
- ▶ Over 5 kV ESD for rugged applications
- ▶ 13 GPIO pins can be used as edge and level sensitive interrupt sources
- ▶ Clock generation unit with divider that can reflect the main oscillator clock, IRC clock, CPU clock, and Watchdog clock.
- Processor wake-up from Deep-sleep mode via interrupts from various peripherals
- ▶ Brownout detect with four separate thresholds for interrupt and forced reset
- ▶ Power-On Reset (POR)
- ▶ Crystal oscillator with an operating range of 1 MHz to 25 MHz
- ▶ 12 MHz internal RC oscillator trimmed to 1% accuracy that can also be used as a system clock
- ▶ PLL allows CPU operation up to the maximum CPU rate without the need for a high-frequency crystal. Can be run run from the main oscillator, the internal RC oscillator, or the Watchdog oscillator.
- ▶ Available in 48-pin LQFP, 33-pin HVQFN, or 44-pin PLCC package

LPC111x ordering options

| Type number | Flash | Total SRAM | UART RS-485 | I ² C / Fast+ | SPI | ADC Channels | Package |
|------------------|-------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-----|--------------|---------|
| LPC1111 | | | | | | | |
| LPC1111FHN33/101 | 8 KB | 2 KB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | HVQFN33 |
| LPC1111FHN33/201 | 8 KB | 4 KB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | HVQFN33 |
| LPC1112 | | | | | | | |
| LPC1112FHN33/101 | 16 KB | 2 KB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | HVQFN33 |
| LPC1112FHN33/201 | 16 KB | 4 KB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | HVQFN33 |
| LPC1113 | | | | | | | |
| LPC1113FHN33/201 | 24 KB | 4 KB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | HVQFN33 |
| LPC1113FHN33/301 | 24 KB | 8 KB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | HVQFN33 |
| LPC1113FBD48/301 | 24 KB | 8 KB | 1 | 1 | 2 | 8 | LQFP48 |
| LPC1114 | | | | | | | |
| LPC1114FHN33/201 | 32 KB | 4 KB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | HVQFN33 |
| LPC1114FHN33/301 | 32 KB | 8 KB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | HVQFN33 |
| LPC1114FBD48/301 | 32 KB | 8 KB | 1 | 1 | 2 | 8 | LQFP48 |
| LPC1114FA44/301 | 32 KB | 8 KB | 1 | 1 | 2 | 8 | PLCC44 |