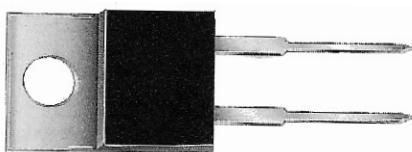


# SSF81 thru SSF84

SUPER FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER



CHENG-YI  
ELECTRONIC



## FEATURE

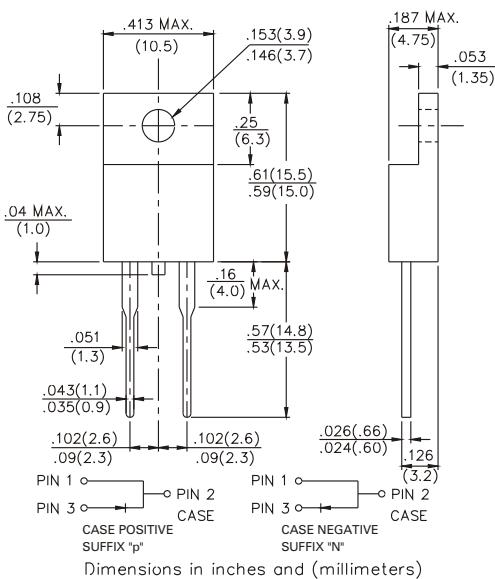
- Low switching noise
- Low forward voltage drop
- Low leakage current
- High current capability
- Super fast switching speed
- High reliability
- Good for switching mode circuit

## MECHANICAL DATA

- Case:TO-220A molded plastic
- Epoxy:UL 94V-0 rate retardant
- Lead:MIL-STD-202 method 208 guaranteed
- Mounting position:any

VOLTAGE RANGE 50 TO 200 Volts  
CURRENT 8.0 Amperes

## TO-220AC



## MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.

For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

	SSF81	SSF82	SSF83	SSF84	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	50	100	150	200	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	35	70	105	140	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	50	100	150	200	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current, at $T_C=100^\circ C$			8.0		A
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)			125		A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 8.0A DC			0.975		V
Maximum DC Reverse Current at Rated DC Blocking Voltage	@ $T_C=25^\circ C$		10		$\mu A$
	@ $T_C=100^\circ C$		150		$\mu A$
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time (Note 1)			35		nS
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 2)			65		pF
Operating and Storage Temperature Range			-65 to +150		$^\circ C$

Notes : 1. Test Conditions :  $I_F=0.5A$ ,  $I_R=1.0A$ ,  $I_{RR}=0.25A$

2. Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 Volts

# SSF81 thru SSF84

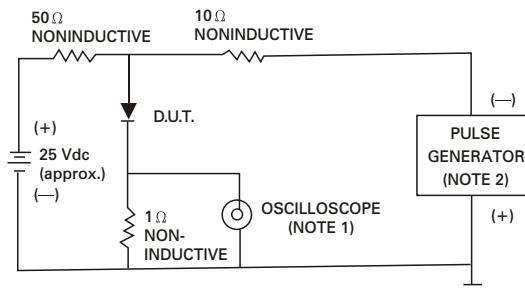
## SUPER FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER



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### RATING AND CHARACTERISTICS CURVES SSF81 THRU SSF84

Fig. 1 - REVERSE RECOVERY TIME CHARACTERISTIC AND TEST CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



NOTES : 1. Rise Time=7ns max., Input Impedance= 1 megohm, 22pF.  
2. Rise Time=10ns max., Source Impedance= 50 ohms.

Fig. 2 - FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

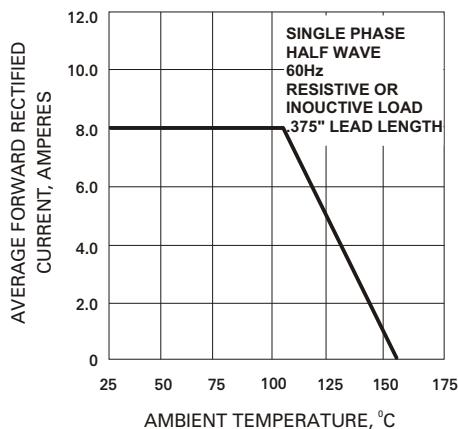


Fig. 4 - TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

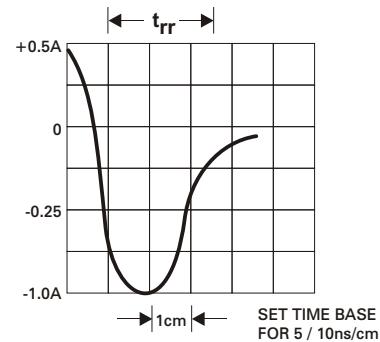
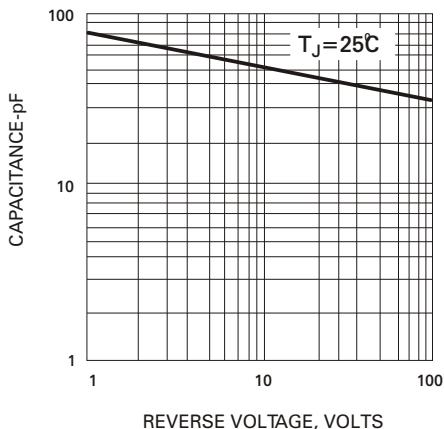


Fig. 3 - TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

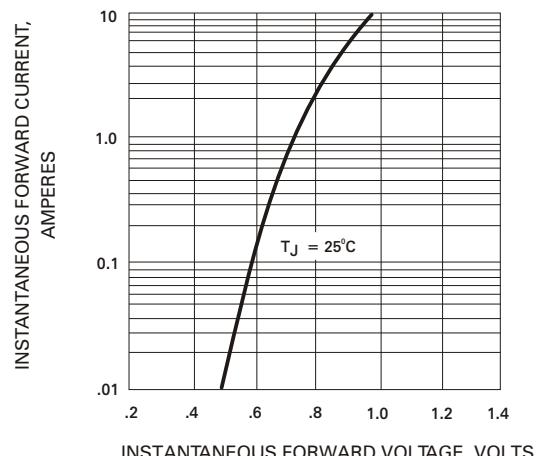


Fig. 5 - PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

