

HB868.3

868.3MHz TWO-Port SAW Resonator



Approved by:
Checked by:
Issued by:

SPECIFICATION

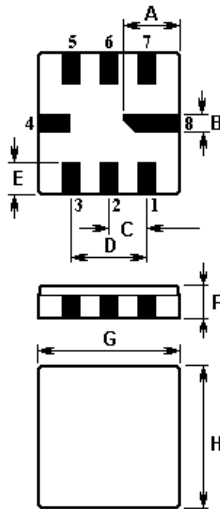
PRODUCT: SAW RESONATOR

MODEL: HB868.3 QCC8C

HOPE MICROELECTRONICS CO., LIMITED

The HB868.3 is a two-port, 180° surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount ceramic QCC8C case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization i.e. in transmitters or local oscillators operating at 868.300 MHz.

1.Package Dimension (QCC8C)



Pin	Configuration
2	Terminal1
6	Terminal2
4,8	Case Ground
1,3,5,7	Empty

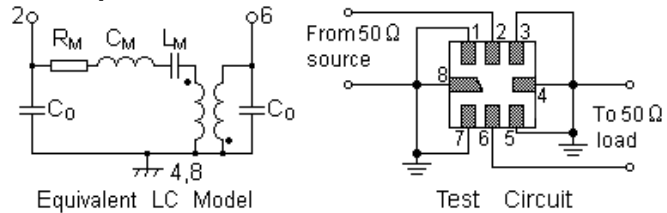
Sign	Data (unit: mm)	Sign	Data (unit: mm)
A	2.08	E	1.2
B	0.6	F	1.35
C	1.27	G	5.0
D	2.54	H	5.0

2.Marking

HB868.3

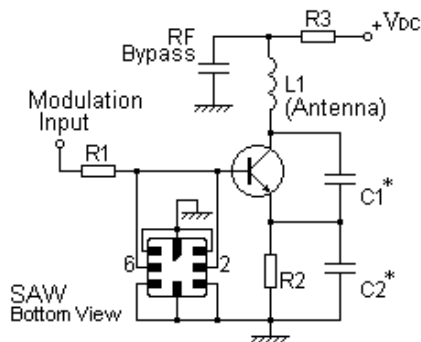
Laser Marking

3.Equivalent LC Model and Test Circuit

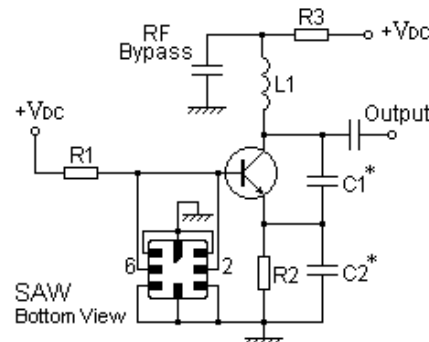


4.Typical Application Circuits

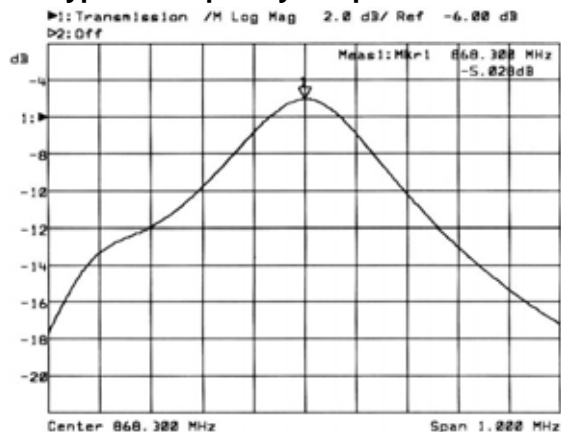
1) Low-Power Transmitter Application



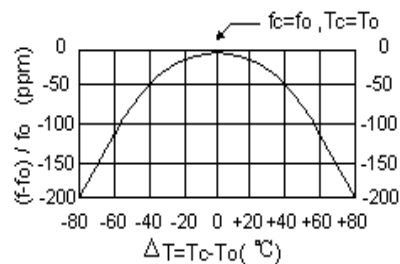
2) Local Oscillator Application



5.Typical Frequency Response



6.Temperature Characteristics



The curve shown above accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature characteristics.

7.Performance

7-1.Maximum Ratings

Rating		Value	Unit
CW RF Power Dissipation	P	10	dBm
DC Voltage Between Terminals	V_{DC}	± 30	V
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-40 to +85	
Operating Temperature Range	T_A	-10 to +60	

7-2.Electronic Characteristics

Characteristics		Sym	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Center Frequency (+25 °C)	Absolute Frequency	f_c	868.150		868.450	MHz
	Tolerance from 868.300 MHz	Δf_c		± 150		kHz
Insertion Loss		IL		5.5	8.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q_U		6,820		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q_L		3,200		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T_0	25		55	
	Turnover Frequency	f_0		f_c		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC		0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	$ f_A $		10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance Between Any Two Terminals			1.0			M Ω
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_M		88.365	151	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L_M		110.5403		μ H
	Motional Capacitance	C_M		0.3042		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	C_0	1.20	1.45	1.70	pF

ⓘ CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling!

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- The frequency f_c is the frequency of minimum IL with the resonator in the specified test fixture in a 50 Ω test system with VSWR $\leq 1.2:1$.
- Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$.
- Frequency aging is the change in f_c with time and is specified at $+65^\circ\text{C}$ or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above $+65^\circ\text{C}$. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- Turnover temperature, T_0 , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_0 . The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C , may be calculated from: $f = f_0 [1 - \text{FTC} (T_0 - T_C)^2]$.
- This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_0 is the measured static (nonmotional) capacitance between input terminal and ground or output terminal and ground. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.
- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_c , IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_c versus T_C , and C_0 .
- The specifications of this device are based on the test circuit shown above and subject to change or obsolescence without notice.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- Our liability is only assumed for the Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) component(s) per se, not for applications, processes and circuits implemented within components or assemblies.
- For questions on technology, prices and delivery, please contact our sales offices or e-mail sales@hoperf.com.