

# SI-3000KM Series Surface Mount, Low Current Consumption, Low Dropout Voltage Linear Regulator ICs

## Features

- Compact surface mount package (TO252-5)
- Output current: 1.0 A
- Low dropout voltage:  $V_{DIF} \leq 0.6 \text{ V}$  (at  $I_o = 1.0 \text{ A}$ )
- Low current consumption:  $I_q \leq 350 \mu\text{A}$  (600  $\mu\text{A}$  for SI-3010KM/SI-3050KM/SI-3090KM/SI-3120KM)
- Low circuit current at output OFF:  $I_q (\text{OFF}) \leq 1 \mu\text{A}$
- Built-in overcurrent and thermal protection circuits
- Output ON/OFF control function
- Compatible with low ESR capacitors (SI-3012KM/SI-3025KM/SI-3033KM)

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings		Unit
		SI-3012KM/ 3025KM/3033KM	SI-3010KM/3050KM/ 3090KM/3120KM	
DC Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	17	35 <sup>*1</sup>	V
Output Control Terminal Voltage	$V_c$	$V_{IN}$		V
DC Output Current	$I_o$	1.0		A
Power Dissipation	$P_D$ <sup>*2</sup>	1		W
Junction Temperature	$T_j$	-30 to +125		$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-30 to +125		$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient Air)	$\theta_{j-a}$	95		$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Thermal Resistance (Junction to case)	$\theta_{j-c}$	6		$^\circ\text{C/W}$

\*1: A built-in input-overvoltage-protection circuit shuts down the output voltage at the Input Overvoltage Shutdown Voltage of the electrical characteristics.

\*2: When mounted on glass-epoxy board of 900mm<sup>2</sup> (copper laminate area 4.3%).

## Applications

- Secondary stabilized power supply (local power supply)

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings						Unit	
		SI-3012KM	SI-3025KM	SI-3033KM	SI-3010KM	SI-3050KM	SI-3090KM		SI-3120KM
Input Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	2.4 <sup>*2</sup> to 6.0 <sup>*1</sup>	2.4 <sup>*2</sup> to 5 <sup>*1</sup>	<sup>*2</sup> to 6 <sup>*1</sup>	2.4 <sup>*2</sup> to 27 <sup>*1</sup>	2.4 <sup>*2</sup> to 17 <sup>*1</sup>	<sup>*2</sup> to 20 <sup>*1</sup>	<sup>*2</sup> to 25 <sup>*1</sup>	V
Output Current Range	$I_o$	0 to 1.0						A	
Operating Ambient Temperature	$T_{op}$	-30 to +85						$^\circ\text{C}$	
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_j$	-20 to +100						$^\circ\text{C}$	

\*1:  $V_{IN} (\text{max})$  and  $I_o (\text{max})$  are restricted according to operating conditions due to the relation  $P_D = (V_{IN} - V_o) \times I_o$ . Please calculate these values referring to the Copper Laminate Area vs. Power Dissipation data as shown hereinafter.

\*2: Refer to the Dropout Voltage parameter.

## Electrical Characteristics 1 (Low Input Voltage type compatible with low ESR output capacitor)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings									Unit
		SI-3012KM (Variable type)			SI-3025KM			SI-3033KM			
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	2.4 <sup>*1</sup>			<sup>*1</sup>			<sup>*1</sup>			V
Output Voltage (Reference voltage $V_{ADJ}$ for SI-3012KM)	$V_o (V_{ADJ})$	1.24	1.28	1.32	2.45	2.50	2.55	3.234	3.300	3.366	V
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{OLINE}$	15			15			15			$\text{mV}$
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}, I_o=10 \text{ mA}$			$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}, I_o=10 \text{ mA}$			$V_{IN}=5 \text{ V}, I_o=10 \text{ mA}$			
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	40			40			50			$\text{mV}$
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}, I_o=0 \text{ to } 1 \text{ A} (V_o=2.5 \text{ V})$			$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}, I_o=0 \text{ to } 1 \text{ A}$			$V_{IN}=5 \text{ V}, I_o=0 \text{ to } 1 \text{ A}$			
Dropout Voltage	$V_{DIF}$	0.4			0.4			0.4			V
	Conditions	$I_o=0.5 \text{ A} (V_o=2.5 \text{ V})$			$I_o=0.5 \text{ A}$			$I_o=0.5 \text{ A}$			
	Conditions	$I_o=1 \text{ A} (V_o=2.5 \text{ V})$			$I_o=1 \text{ A}$			$I_o=1 \text{ A}$			
Quiescent Circuit Current	$I_q$	350			350			350			$\mu\text{A}$
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}, I_o=0 \text{ A}, V_c=2 \text{ V}, R_2=24 \text{ k}\Omega$			$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}, I_o=0 \text{ A}, V_c=2 \text{ V}$			$V_{IN}=5 \text{ V}, I_o=0 \text{ A}, V_c=2 \text{ V}$			
Circuit Current at Output OFF	$I_q (\text{OFF})$	1			1			1			$\mu\text{A}$
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}, V_c=0 \text{ V}$			$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}, V_c=0 \text{ V}$			$V_{IN}=5 \text{ V}, V_c=0 \text{ V}$			
Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	$\Delta V_o / \Delta T_a$	$\pm 0.3$			$\pm 0.3$			$\pm 0.3$			$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
	Conditions	$T_j=0 \text{ to } 100^\circ\text{C} (V_c=2.5 \text{ V})$			$T_j=0 \text{ to } 100^\circ\text{C}$			$T_j=0 \text{ to } 100^\circ\text{C}$			
Ripple Rejection	$R_{REJ}$	55			55			55			dB
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}, f=100 \text{ to } 120 \text{ Hz} (V_o=2.5 \text{ V})$			$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}, f=100 \text{ to } 120 \text{ Hz}$			$V_{IN}=5 \text{ V}, f=100 \text{ to } 120 \text{ Hz}$			
Overcurrent Protection Starting Current <sup>*2</sup>	$I_{S1}$	1.1			1.1			1.1			A
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}$			$V_{IN}=3.3 \text{ V}$			$V_{IN}=5 \text{ V}$			
Vc Terminal	Control Voltage (Output ON) <sup>*3</sup>	$V_c, I_H$	2.0		2.0		2.0				V
	Control Voltage (Output OFF)	$V_c, I_L$	0.8		0.8		0.8		0.8		
	Control Current (Output ON)	$I_c, I_H$	40		40		40		40		$\mu\text{A}$
	Conditions	$V_c=2 \text{ V}$		$V_c=2 \text{ V}$		$V_c=2 \text{ V}$		$V_c=2 \text{ V}$			
	Control Current (Output OFF)	$I_c, I_L$	-5	0		-5	0		-5	0	$\mu\text{A}$
Conditions	$V_c=0 \text{ V}$		$V_c=0 \text{ V}$		$V_c=0 \text{ V}$		$V_c=0 \text{ V}$		$V_c=0 \text{ V}$		

\*1: Refer to the Dropout Voltage parameter.

\*2:  $I_{S1}$  is specified at the 5% drop point of output voltage  $V_o$  on the condition that  $V_{IN}$ =overcurrent protection starting current,  $I_o = 10 \text{ mA}$ .

\*3: Output is OFF when output control terminal ( $V_c$  terminal) is open. Each input level is equivalent to LS-TTL level. Therefore, the device can be driven directly by LS-TTLs.

## Electrical Characteristics 2 (High Input Voltage type)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings											Unit	
		SI-3010KM (Variable type)			SI-3050KM			SI-3090KM			SI-3120KM			
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.		max.
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	2.4 <sup>*1</sup>			1			1			1			V
Output Voltage (Reference voltage $V_{ADJ}$ for SI-3010KM)	$V_O$ ( $V_{ADJ}$ )	0.98	1.00	1.02	4.90	5.00	5.10	8.82	9.00	9.18	11.76	12.00	12.24	V
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{OLINE}$			30			30			54			72	mV
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=6$ to 11V, $I_O=10$ mA ( $V_O=5$ V)			$V_{IN}=6$ to 11V, $I_O=10$ mA			$V_{IN}=10$ to 15V, $I_O=10$ mA			$V_{IN}=13$ to 18V, $I_O=10$ mA			
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OLOAD}$			75			75			135			180	mV
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=7$ V, $I_O=0$ to 1A ( $V_O=5$ V)			$V_{IN}=7$ V, $I_O=0$ to 1A			$V_{IN}=11$ V, $I_O=0$ to 1A			$V_{IN}=14$ V, $I_O=0$ to 1A			
Dropout Voltage	$V_{DIF}$			0.3			0.3			0.3			0.3	V
	Conditions	$I_O=0.5$ A ( $V_O=5$ V)			$I_O=0.5$ A			$I_O=0.5$ A			$I_O=0.5$ A			
	Conditions	$I_O=1$ A ( $V_O=5$ V)			$I_O=1$ A			$I_O=1$ A			$I_O=1$ A			
Quiescent Circuit Current	$I_q$			600			600			600			600	$\mu$ A
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=7$ V, $I_O=0$ A, $V_C=2$ V $R_2=10$ k $\Omega$			$V_{IN}=7$ V, $I_O=0$ A, $V_C=2$ V			$V_{IN}=11$ V, $I_O=0$ A, $V_C=2$ V			$V_{IN}=14$ V, $I_O=0$ A, $V_C=2$ V			
Circuit Current at Output OFF	$I_q$ (OFF)			1			1			1			1	$\mu$ A
Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	$\Delta V_O/\Delta T_a$			$\pm 0.5$			$\pm 0.5$			$\pm 1.0$			$\pm 1.5$	mV/ $^{\circ}$ C
	Conditions	$T_j=0$ to 100 $^{\circ}$ C ( $V_O=5$ V)			$T_j=0$ to 100 $^{\circ}$ C			$T_j=0$ to 100 $^{\circ}$ C			$T_j=0$ to 100 $^{\circ}$ C			
Ripple Rejection	$R_{REJ}$			75			75			68			66	dB
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=7$ V, $f=100$ to 120Hz ( $V_O=5$ V)			$V_{IN}=7$ V, $f=100$ to 120Hz			$V_{IN}=11$ V, $f=100$ to 120Hz			$V_{IN}=14$ V, $f=100$ to 120Hz			
Overcurrent Protection Starting Current <sup>2</sup>	$I_{S1}$	1.1			1.1			1.1			1.1			A
	Conditions	$V_{IN}=7$ V			$V_{IN}=7$ V			$V_{IN}=11$ V			$V_{IN}=14$ V			
Vc Terminal	Control Voltage (Output ON) <sup>3</sup>	$V_C$ , IH	2.0		2.0			2.0			2.0			V
	Control Voltage (Output OFF) <sup>3</sup>	$V_C$ , IL			0.8					0.8			0.8	V
	Control Current (Output ON)	$I_C$ , IH			40					40			40	$\mu$ A
	Control Current (Output OFF)	$I_C$ , IL	-5	0		-5	0		-5	0		-5	0	$\mu$ A
	Conditions	$V_C=0$ V			$V_C=0$ V			$V_C=0$ V			$V_C=0$ V			
Input Overvoltage Shutdown Voltage	$V_{OVP}$	33			26			30			33			V
	Conditions	$I_O=10$ mA			$I_O=10$ mA			$I_O=10$ mA			$I_O=10$ mA			

\*1: Refer to the Dropout Voltage parameter.

\*2:  $I_{S1}$  is specified at the 5% drop point of output voltage  $V_O$  on the condition that  $V_{IN}$ =overcurrent protection starting current,  $I_O = 10$  mA.

\*3: Output is OFF when output control terminal ( $V_C$  terminal) is open. Each input level is equivalent to LS-TTL level. Therefore, the device can be driven directly by LS-TTLs.

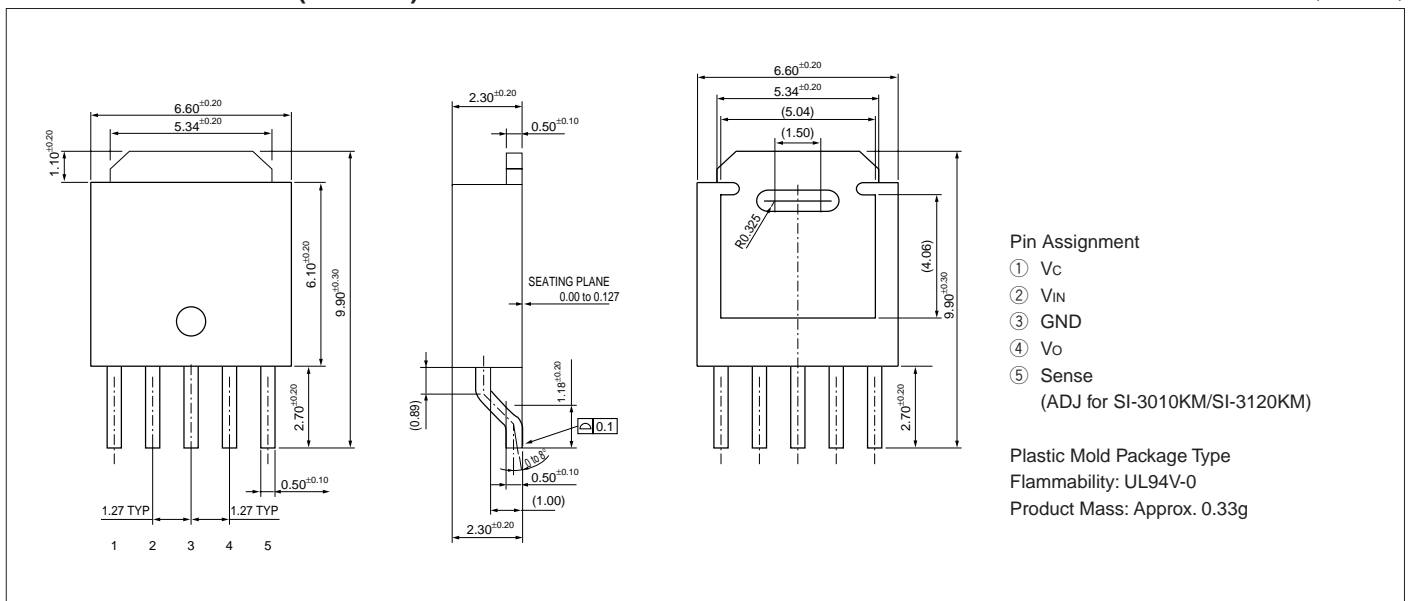
\*4: SI-3010KM, SI-3050KM and SI-3090KM, SI-3120KM cannot be used in the following applications because the built-in foldback-type overcurrent protection may cause errors during start-up stage.

(1) Constant current load (2) Positive and negative power supply (3) Series-connected power supply (4)  $V_O$  adjustment by raising ground voltage

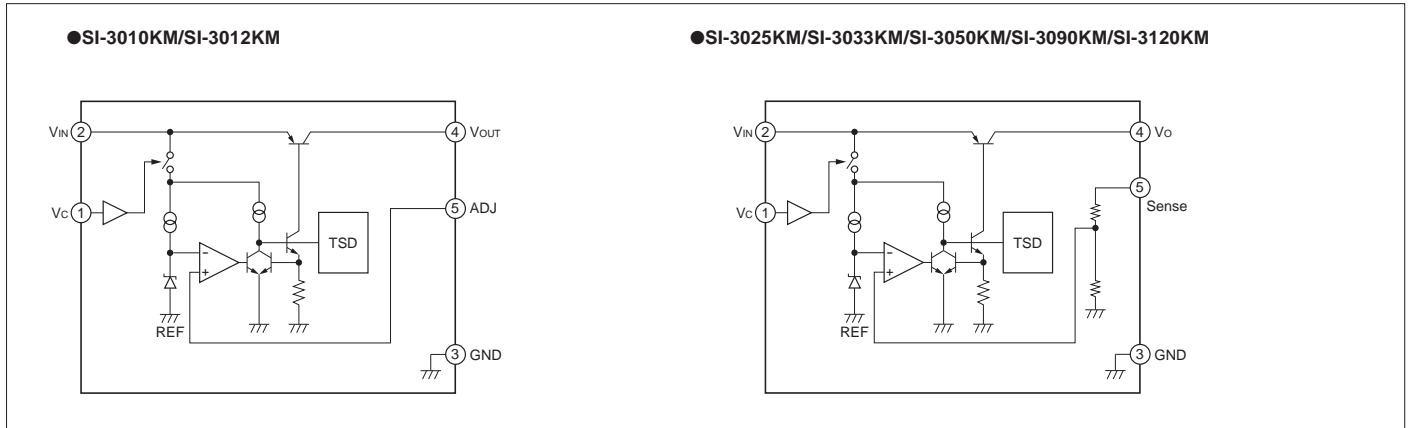
\*5:  $V_{IN}$  (max) and  $I_O$  (max) are restricted by the relation  $P_D = (V_{IN} - V_O) \times I_O$ . Please calculate these values referring to the Copper Laminate Area vs. Power Dissipation data as shown hereinafter.

## External Dimensions (TO252-5)

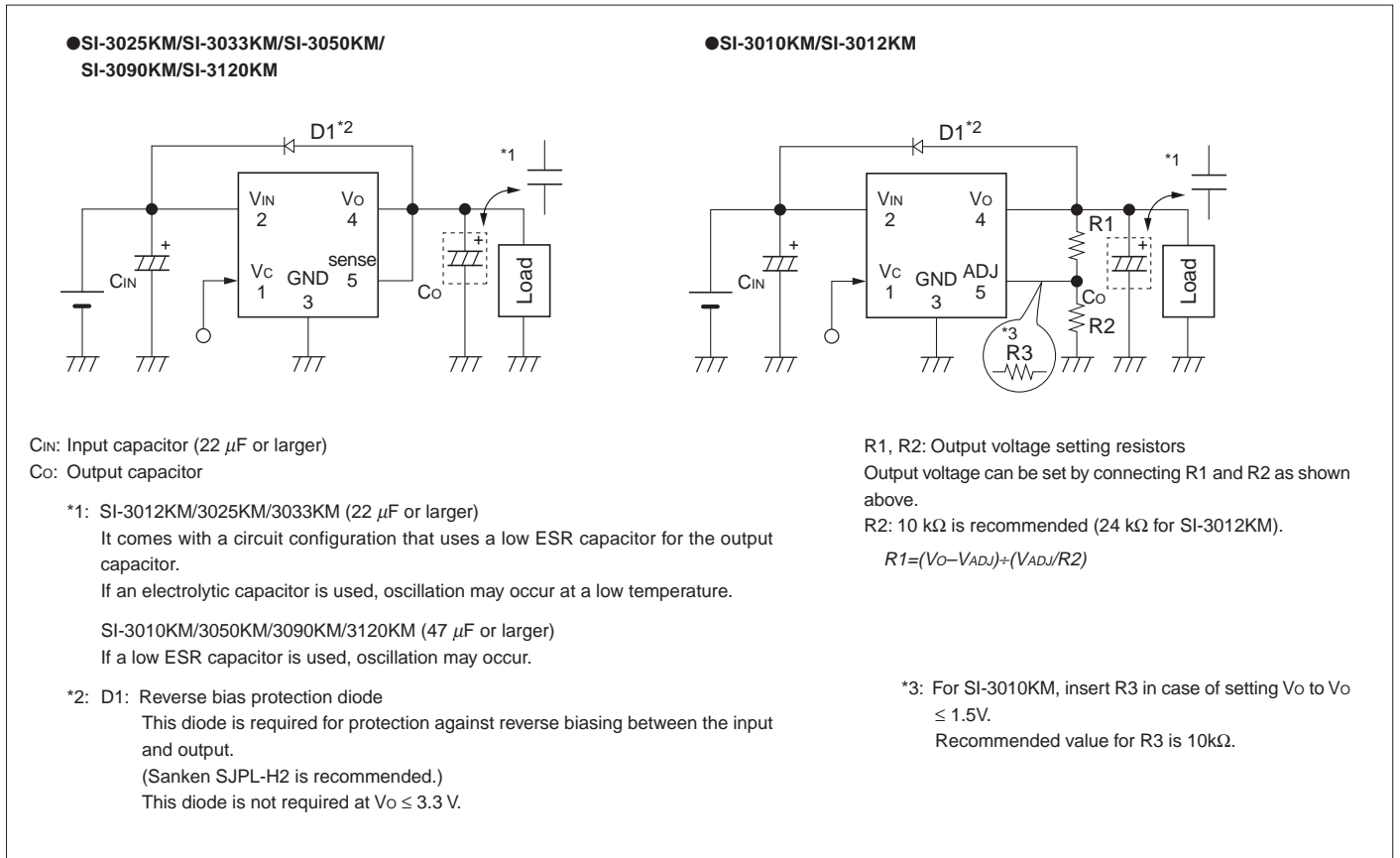
(Unit : mm)



Block Diagram



Typical Connection Diagram



Reference Data

