

# FTG for Mobile VIA™ PL133T and PLE133T Chipsets

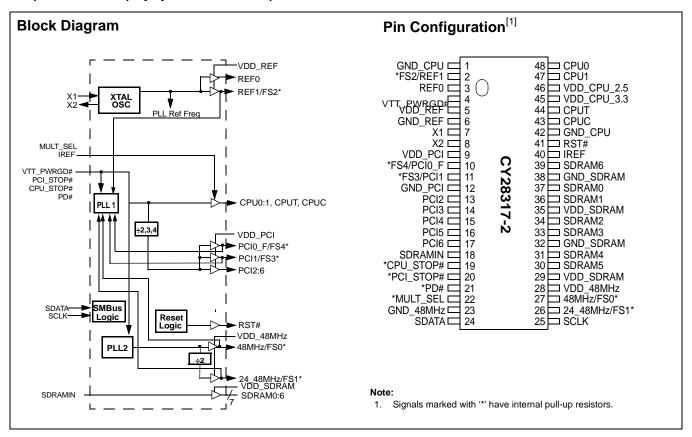
### **Features**

- · Single-chip system frequency synthesizer for mobile VIA PL133T and PLE133T chipsets
- Programmable clock output frequency with less than 1 MHz increment
- Integrated fail-safe Watchdog Timer for system recovery
- Automatic switch to HW-selected or SW-programmed clock frequency when Watchdog Timer time-out occurs
- System RESET generation capability after a Watchdog Timer time-out occurs or a change in output frequency via SMBus interface
- · Support SMBus byte Read/Write and block Read/Write operations to simplify system BIOS development

- Vendor ID and Revision ID support
- Programmable drive strength for SDRAM and PCI output clocks
- · Programmable output skew for CPU, PCI and SDRAM
- Maximized EMI Suppression using Cypress's Spread Spectrum technology
- Available in 48-pin SSOP and TSSOP packages

### **Key Specifications**

CPU to CPU Output Skew:.....175 ps PCI to PCI Output Skew: ......500 ps





## **Pin Definitions**

| Pin Name         | Pin No.                       | Pin Type              | Pin Description  |  |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| CPU0, CPU1       | 48, 47                        | 0                     | CPU Clock Output 0 through 1: CPU clocks for processor and chipset.  |  |
| CPUT, CPUC       | 44, 43                        | 0                     | Differential CPU Clock Output: Differential CPU clocks for processor.  |  |
| PCI2:6           | 13, 14, 15,<br>16, 17         | 0                     | <b>PCI Clock Outputs 2 through 6:</b> 3.3V 33-MHz PCI clock outputs. Frequency is set by FS0:4 inputs or through serial data interface.  |  |
| PCI1/FS3         | 11                            | I/O                   | <b>Fixed PCI Clock Output/Frequency Select 3:</b> 3.3V PCI clock outputs. As an output, the frequency is set by FS0:4 inputs or through serial data interface. This pin also serves as a power-on strap option to determine device operating frequency, as described in <i>Table 6</i> . |  |
| PCI0_F/FS4       | 10                            | I/O                   | <b>Fixed PCI Clock Output/Frequency Select 4:</b> 3.3V Free-running PCI clock outputs. This pin also serves as a power-on strap option to determine device operating frequency as described in <i>Table 6</i> .  |  |
| RST#             | 41                            | O<br>(open-<br>drain) | Reset# Output: Open drain system reset output.   |  |
| 48MHz/FS0        | 27                            | I/O                   | <b>48-MHz Output/Frequency Select 0:</b> 3.3V 48-MHz non-spread spectrum output. This pin also serves as a power-on strap option to determine device operating frequency as described in <i>Table 6</i> .  |  |
| 24_48MHz/<br>FS1 | 26                            | I/O                   | <b>24_48MHz Output/Frequency Select 1:</b> 3.3V 24- or 48-MHz non-spread spectrum output. This pin also serves as a power-on strap option to determine device operating frequency as described in <i>Table 6</i> .   |  |
| REF1/FS2         | 2                             | I/O                   | <b>Reference Clock Output 1/Frequency Select 2:</b> 3.3V 14.318-MHz output clock. This pin also serves as a power-on strap option to determine device operating frequency as described in <i>Table 6</i> .   |  |
| REF0             | 3                             | 0                     | Reference Clock Output 0: 3.3V 14.318-MHz output clock.  |  |
| SDRAMIN          | 18                            | ļ                     | SDRAM Buffer Input Pin: Reference input for SDRAM buffer.  |  |
| SDRAM0:6         | 37, 36, 34,<br>33, 31, 30, 39 | 0                     | <b>SDRAM Outputs:</b> These thirteen dedicated outputs provide copies of the signal provided at the SDRAMIN input.   |  |
| SCLK             | 25                            | ı                     | Clock pin for SMBus circuitry.   |  |
| SDATA            | 24                            | I/O                   | Data pin for SMBus circuitry.  |  |
| X1               | 7                             | I                     | Crystal Connection or External Reference Frequency Input: This pin has dual functions. It can be used as an external 14.318-MHz crystal connection or as an external reference frequency input.  |  |
| X2               | 8                             | 0                     | <b>Crystal Connection:</b> An output connection for an external 14.318-MHz crystal. If using an external reference, this pin must be left unconnected.   |  |
| PD#              | 21                            | I                     | <b>Power Down Control:</b> LVTTL-compatible input that places the device in power-down mode when held LOW.   |  |
| CPU_STOP#        | 19                            | I                     | <b>CPU Output Control:</b> 3.3V LVTTL compatible input that stops CPU0, CPU1, CPUT, and CPUC when held LOW.  |  |
| PCI_STOP#        | 20                            | I                     | <b>PCI Output Control:</b> 3.3V LVTTL compatible input that stop PCI1:6 when held LOW.   |  |
| IREF             | 40                            | I                     | Current Reference Input: Current reference for differential CPU output.  |  |
| MULT_SEL         | 22                            | I                     | CPUT and CPUC Output Control: Control the current multiplier for differential CPU output. Set this pin LOW for 1.0V output swing and set this pin HIGH for 0.7V output swing.  |  |
| VTT_PWRGD#       | 4                             | I                     | VTT_PWRGD#: 3.3V LVTTL compatible input that controls the FS0:4 to be latched and enables all outputs. CY28316 will sample the FS0:4 inputs and enable all clock outputs after all the VDD become valid and VTT_PWRGD# is held LOW.  |  |



## Pin Definitions (continued)

| Pin Name   | Pin No.                     | Pin Type | Pin Description  |
|--|-----------------------------|----------|--|
| VDD_REF,<br>VDD_PCI,<br>VDD_SDRAM,<br>VDD_48MHz<br>VDD_CPU_3.3 | 5, 9, 28, 29,<br>35, 45     | Р        | <b>Power Connection:</b> Power supply for core logic, PLL circuitry, SDRAM outputs, PCI outputs, reference outputs, 48-MHz output, and 24_48-MHz output. Connect to 3.3V supply. |
| VDD_CPU_2.5  | 46                          | Р        | Power Connection: Power supply for CPU outputs. Connect to 2.5V supply.  |
| GND_REF,<br>GND_PCI,<br>GND_SDRAM,<br>GND_48MHz,<br>GND_CPU    | 1, 6, 12, 23,<br>32, 38, 42 | G        | <b>Ground Connections:</b> Connect all ground pins to the common system ground plane.  |

## **Table 1. Swing Select Functions**

| Mult0 | Board Target<br>Trace/Term Z | Reference R, IREF=<br>VDD/(3*Rr) | Output Current           | V <sub>OH</sub> @ Z |
|-------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 0     | 60Ω                          | Rr = 221 1%<br>IREF = 5.00 mA    | I <sub>OH</sub> = 4*IREF | 1.0V @ 50           |
| 1     | 50Ω                          | Rr = 475 1%<br>IREF = 2.32 mA    | I <sub>OH</sub> = 6*IREF | 0.7V @ 50           |



### **Serial Data Interface**

The CY28317-2 features a two-pin, serial data interface that can be used to configure internal register settings that control particular device functions.

### **Data Protocol**

The clock driver serial protocol supports byte/word Write, byte/word Read, block Write and block Read operations from

the controller. For block Write/Read operations, the bytes must be accessed in sequential order from lowest to highest byte with the ability to stop after any complete byte has been transferred. For byte/word Write and byte Read operations, the system controller can access individual indexed bytes. The offset of the indexed byte is encoded in the command code.

The definition for the command code is defined as shown in *Table 2*.

**Table 2. Command Code Definition** 

| Bit | Descriptions   |
|-----|--|
| 7   | 0 = Block read or block write operation 1 = Byte/Word read or byte/word write operation  |
| 6:0 | Byte offset for byte/word read or write operation. For block read or write operations, these bits need to be set at '0000000'. |

Table 3. Block Read and Block Write Protocol

|       | Block Write Protocol  |       | Block Read Protocol   |  |  |
|-------|---|-------|---|--|--|
| Bit   | Bit Description   |       | Description   |  |  |
| 1     | Start   | 1     | Start   |  |  |
| 2:8   | Slave address – 7 bits                                      | 2:8   | Slave address – 7 bits                                      |  |  |
| 9     | Write   | 9     | Write   |  |  |
| 10    | Acknowledge from slave                                      | 10    | Acknowledge from slave                                      |  |  |
| 11:18 | Command Code – 8 bits '00000000' stands for block operation | 11:18 | Command Code – 8 bits '00000000' stands for block operation |  |  |
| 19    | Acknowledge from slave                                      | 19    | Acknowledge from slave                                      |  |  |
| 20:27 | Byte count – 8 bits   | 20    | Repeat start  |  |  |
| 28    | Acknowledge from slave                                      | 21:27 | Slave address – 7 bits                                      |  |  |
| 29:36 | Data byte 0 – 8 bits  | 28    | Read  |  |  |
| 37    | Acknowledge from slave                                      | 29    | Acknowledge from slave                                      |  |  |
| 38:45 | Data byte 1 – 8 bits  | 30:37 | Byte count from slave – 8 bits                              |  |  |
| 46    | Acknowledge from slave                                      | 38    | Acknowledge   |  |  |
|       | Data byte N/Slave acknowledge                               | 39:46 | Data byte from slave – 8 bits                               |  |  |
|       | Data byte N – 8 bits  | 47    | Acknowledge   |  |  |
|       | Acknowledge from slave                                      | 48:55 | Data byte from slave – 8 bits                               |  |  |
|       | Stop  | 56    | Acknowledge   |  |  |
|       |   |       | Data bytes from slave/Acknowledge                           |  |  |
|       |   |       | Data byte N from slave - 8 bits                             |  |  |
|       |   |       | Not acknowledge   |  |  |
|       |   |       | Stop  |  |  |

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Table 4. Word Read and Word Write Protocol

|       | Word Write Protocol  |       | Word Read Protocol   |
|-------|--|-------|--|
| Bit   | Description  | Bit   | Description  |
| 1     | Start  | 1     | Start  |
| 2:8   | Slave address – 7 bits   | 2:8   | Slave address – 7 bits   |
| 9     | Write  | 9     | Write  |
| 10    | Acknowledge from slave   | 10    | Acknowledge from slave   |
| 11:18 | Command Code – 8 bits '1xxxxxxx' stands for byte or word operation bit[6:0] of the command code represents the off- set of the byte to be accessed | 11:18 | Command Code – 8 bits '1xxxxxxx' stands for byte or word operation bit[6:0] of the command code represents the off- set of the byte to be accessed |
| 19    | Acknowledge from slave   | 19    | Acknowledge from slave   |
| 20:27 | Data byte low – 8 bits   | 20    | Repeat start   |
| 28    | Acknowledge from slave   | 21:27 | Slave address – 7 bits   |
| 29:36 | Data byte high – 8 bits  | 28    | Read   |
| 37    | Acknowledge from slave   | 29    | Acknowledge from slave   |
| 38    | Stop   | 30:37 | Data byte low from slave – 8 bits  |
|       |  | 38    | Acknowledge  |
|       |  | 39:46 | Data byte high from slave – 8 bits   |
|       |  | 47    | Not acknowledge  |
|       |  | 48    | Stop   |

Table 5. Byte Read and Byte Write Protocol

|       | Byte Write Protocol  |       | Byte Read Protocol   |
|-------|--|-------|--|
| Bit   | Description  | Bit   | Description  |
| 1     | Start  | 1     | Start  |
| 2:8   | Slave address – 7 bits   | 2:8   | Slave address – 7 bits   |
| 9     | Write  | 9     | Write  |
| 10    | Acknowledge from slave   | 10    | Acknowledge from slave   |
| 11:18 | Command Code – 8 bits '1xxxxxxx' stands for byte operation bit[6:0] of the command code represents the off- set of the byte to be accessed | 11:18 | Command Code – 8 bits '1xxxxxxx' stands for byte operation bit[6:0] of the command code represents the off- set of the byte to be accessed |
| 19    | Acknowledge from slave   | 19    | Acknowledge from slave   |
| 20:27 | Data byte – 8 bits   | 20    | Repeat start   |
| 28    | Acknowledge from slave   | 21:27 | Slave address – 7 bits   |
| 29    | Stop   | 28    | Read   |
|       |  | 29    | Acknowledge from slave   |
|       |  | 30:37 | Data byte from slave – 8 bits  |
|       |  | 38    | Not acknowledge  |
|       |  | 39    | Stop   |

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## CY28317-2 Serial Configuration Map

 The serial bits will be read by the clock driver in the following order:

Byte 0 - Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0

Byte 1 – Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0 Byte N – Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0

- 2. All unused register bits (reserved and N/A) should be written to a "0" level.
- 3. All register bits labeled "Write with 1" must be written to one during initialization.

### Byte 0: Control Register 0

| Bit   | Pin# | Name           | Default | Description   |
|-------|------|----------------|---------|---|
| Bit 7 | _    | Spread Select1 | 0       | See definition in Bit[0]  |
| Bit 6 | _    | SEL2           | 0       | See Table 6   |
| Bit 5 | _    | SEL1           | 0       | See Table 6   |
| Bit 4 | _    | SEL0           | 0       | See Table 6   |
| Bit 3 | -    | FS_Override    | 0       | 0 = Select operating frequency by FS[4:0] input pins<br>1 = Select operating frequency by SEL[4:0] settings |
| Bit 2 | _    | SEL4           | 0       | See Table 6   |
| Bit 1 | _    | SEL3           | 0       | See Table 6   |
| Bit 0 | _    | Spread Select0 | 0       | '00' = OFF  |
|       |      |                |         | '01' = -0.5%  |
|       |      |                |         | '10' = ±0.5%  |
|       |      |                |         | '11' = ±0.25%   |

### Byte 1: Control Register 1

| Bit   | Pin#   | Name              | Default | Description                                       |
|-------|--------|-------------------|---------|---|
| Bit 7 | 10     | Latched FS4 input | Х       | Latched FS[4:0] inputs. These bits are read-only. |
| Bit 6 | 11     | Latched FS3 input | Х       |   |
| Bit 5 | 2      | Latched FS2 input | Х       |   |
| Bit 4 | 26     | Latched FS1 input | Х       |   |
| Bit 3 | 27     | Latched FS0 input | Х       |   |
| Bit 2 | 48     | CPU0              | 1       | (Active/Inactive)                                 |
| Bit 1 | 47     | CPU1              | 1       | (Active/Inactive)                                 |
| Bit 0 | 44, 43 | CPUT, CPUC        | 1       | (Active/Inactive)                                 |

### Byte 2: Control Register 2

| Bit   | Pin# | Name   | Default | Description       |
|-------|------|--------|---------|-------------------|
| Bit 7 | 39   | SDRAM6 | 1       | (Active/Inactive) |
| Bit 6 | 10   | PCI0_F | 1       | (Active/Inactive) |
| Bit 5 | 17   | PCI6   | 1       | (Active/Inactive) |
| Bit 4 | 16   | PCI5   | 1       | (Active/Inactive) |
| Bit 3 | 15   | PCI4   | 1       | (Active/Inactive) |
| Bit 2 | 14   | PCI3   | 1       | (Active/Inactive) |
| Bit 1 | 13   | PCI2   | 1       | (Active/Inactive) |
| Bit 0 | 11   | PCI1   | 1       | (Active/Inactive) |

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Byte 3: Control Register 3

| Bit   | Pin#   | Name      | Default | Description              |
|-------|--------|-----------|---------|--------------------------|
| Bit 7 | _      | Reserved  | 1       | Reserved                 |
| Bit 6 | _      | SEL_48MHz | 0       | 0 = 24 MHz<br>1 = 48 MHz |
| Bit 5 | 27     | 48MHz     | 1       | (Active/Inactive)        |
| Bit 4 | 26     | 24_48MHz  | 1       | (Active/Inactive)        |
| Bit 3 | _      | Reserved  | 1       | Reserved                 |
| Bit 2 | 31, 30 | SDRAM4:5  | 1       | (Active/Inactive)        |
| Bit 1 | 34, 33 | SDRAM2:3  | 1       | (Active/Inactive)        |
| Bit 0 | 37, 36 | SDRAM0:1  | 1       | (Active/Inactive)        |

### Byte 4: Control Register 4

| Bit   | Pin# | Name     | Default | Description |
|-------|------|----------|---------|-------------|
| Bit 7 | -    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 6 | -    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 5 | -    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 4 | -    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 3 | -    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 2 | -    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 1 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 0 | -    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |

## Byte 5: Control Register 5

| Bit   | Pin# | Name                             | Default | Description   |
|-------|------|----------------------------------|---------|---|
| Bit 7 | _    | Reserved                         | 0       | Reserved  |
| Bit 6 | _    | Reserved                         | 0       | Reserved  |
| Bit 5 | _    | Reserved                         | 0       | Reserved  |
| Bit 4 | -    | CPU1<br>Stop Control             | 0       | 0 = CPU1 will be stopped when CPU_STOP# is active 1 = CPU1 will NOT be stopped when CPU_STOP# is active                   |
| Bit 3 | -    | CPU0<br>Stop Control             | 0       | 0 = CPU0 will be stopped when CPU_STOP# is active<br>1 = CPU0 will NOT be stopped when CPU_STOP# is<br>active             |
| Bit 2 | _    | CPUT and<br>CPUC Stop<br>Control | 0       | 0 = CPUT and CPUC will be stopped when CPU_STOP# is active 1 = CPUT and CPUC will NOT be stopped when CPU_STOP# is active |
| Bit 1 | 2    | REF1                             | 1       | (Active/Inactive)   |
| Bit 0 | 3    | REF0                             | 1       | (Active/Inactive)   |



### Byte 6: Watchdog Timer Register

| Bit   | Name              | Default | Pin Description  |  |
|-------|-------------------|---------|--|--|
| Bit 7 | PCI_Skew1         | 0       | PCI skew control   |  |
| Bit 6 | PCI_Skew0         | 0       | 100 = Normal<br>01 = -500 ps<br>10 = Reserved<br>11 = +500 ps  |  |
| Bit 5 | WD_TIMER4         | 1       | These bits store the time-out value of the Watchdog Timer. The scale of timer is determined by the prescaler.  The timer can support a value of 150 ms to 4.8 sec when the prescaler is to 150 ms. If the prescaler is set to 2.5 sec, it can support a value from 2.5 |  |
| Bit 4 | WD_TIMER3         | 1       |  |  |
| Bit 3 | WD_TIMER2         | 1       |  |  |
| Bit 2 | WD_TIMER1         | 1       | to 80 sec. When the Watchdog Timer reaches "0," it will set the WD_TO_STATUS bit and   |  |
| Bit 1 | WD_TIMER0         | 1       | generate Reset if RST_EN_WD is enabled.  |  |
| Bit 0 | WD_PRE_SC<br>ALER | 0       | 0 = 150 ms<br>1 = 2.5 sec  |  |

## Byte 7: Control Register 7

| Bit   | Pin# | Name         | Default | Pin Description          |
|-------|------|--------------|---------|--------------------------|
| Bit 7 | _    | Reserved     | 0       | Reserved                 |
| Bit 6 | 25   | 24_48MHz_DRV | 1       | 0 = Norm, 1 = High Drive |
| Bit 5 | 26   | 48MHz_DRV    | 1       | 0 = Norm, 1 = High Drive |
| Bit 4 | _    | Reserved     | 0       | Reserved                 |
| Bit 3 | _    | Reserved     | 0       | Reserved                 |
| Bit 2 | _    | Reserved     | 0       | Reserved                 |
| Bit 1 | _    | Reserved     | 0       | Reserved                 |
| Bit 0 | _    | Reserved     | 0       | Reserved                 |

## Byte 8: Vendor ID and Revision ID Register (Read Only)

| Bit   | Name         | Default | Pin Description   |  |
|-------|--------------|---------|---|--|
| Bit 7 | Revision_ID3 | 0       | Revision ID bit[3]  |  |
| Bit 6 | Revision_ID2 | 0       | Revision ID bit[2]  |  |
| Bit 5 | Revision_ID1 | 0       | Revision ID bit[1]  |  |
| Bit 4 | Revision_ID0 | 0       | Revision ID bit[0]  |  |
| Bit 3 | Vendor_ID3   | 1       | Bit[3] of Cypress Semiconductor's Vendor ID. This bit is read-only. |  |
| Bit 2 | Vendor_ID2   | 0       | Bit[2] of Cypress Semiconductor's Vendor ID. This bit is read-only. |  |
| Bit 1 | Vendor _ID1  | 0       | Bit[1] of Cypress Semiconductor's Vendor ID. This bit is read-only. |  |
| Bit 0 | Vendor _ID0  | 0       | Bit[0] of Cypress Semiconductor's Vendor ID. This bit is read-only. |  |

## Byte 9: System RESET and Watchdog Timer Register

| Bit   | Name      | Default | Pin Description   |
|-------|-----------|---------|---|
| Bit 7 | SDRAM_DRV | 0       | SDRAM clock output drive strength 0 = Normal 1 = High Drive |
| Bit 6 | PCI_DRV   | 0       | PCI clock output drive strength 0 = Normal 1 = High Drive   |

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Byte 9: System RESET and Watchdog Timer Register (continued)

| Bit   | Name             | Default | Pin Description   |
|-------|------------------|---------|---|
| Bit 5 | Reserved         | 0       | Reserved  |
| Bit 4 | RST_EN_WD        | 0       | This bit will enable the generation of a Reset pulse when a Watchdog Timer time-out occurs.  0 = Disabled  1 = Enabled  |
| Bit 3 | RST_EN_FC        | 0       | This bit will enable the generation of a Reset pulse after a frequency change occurs.  0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled   |
| Bit 2 | WD_TO_STATU<br>S | 0       | Watchdog Timer Time-out Status bit 0 = No time-out occurs (Read); Ignore (Write) 1 = Time-out occurred (Read); Clear WD_TO_STATUS (Write)   |
| Bit 1 | WD_EN            | 0       | 0 = Stop and reload Watchdog Timer. Unlock CY28317-2 from recovery frequency mode.  1 = Enable Watchdog Timer. It will start counting down after a frequency change occurs.  Note: CY28317-2 will generate a system reset, reload a recovery frequency, and lock itself into a recovery frequency mode after a Watchdog Timer timeout occurs. Under recovery frequency mode, CY28317-2 will not respond to any attempt to change output frequency via the SMBus control bytes. System software can unlock CY28317-2 from its recovery frequency mode by clearing the WD_EN bit. |
| Bit 0 | CPU0:1_DRV       | 0       | CPU0:1 clock output drive strength 0 = Normal 1 = High Drive  |

**Byte 10: Skew Control Register** 

| Bit   | Name         | Default | Description  |
|-------|--------------|---------|--|
| Bit 7 | CPU0:1_Skew2 | 0       | CPU 0:1 output skew control  |
| Bit 6 | CPU0:1_Skew1 | 0       | 000 = Normal<br>001 = -150 ps  |
| Bit 5 | CPU0:1_Skew0 | 0       | 010 = -300 ps<br>011 = -450 ps<br>100 = +150 ps<br>101 = +300 ps<br>110 = +450 ps<br>111 = +600 ps |
| Bit 4 | Reserved     | 0       | Reserved   |
| Bit 3 | Reserved     | 0       | Reserved   |
| Bit 2 | Reserved     | 0       | Reserved   |
| Bit 1 | CPUT&C_Skew1 | 0       | CPUT and CPUC output skew control  |
| Bit 0 | CPUT&C_Skew0 | 0       | 00 = Normal<br>01 = -150 ps<br>10 = +150 ps<br>11 = +300 ps  |



Byte 11: Recovery Frequency N-Value Register

| Bit   | Name         | Default | Pin Description  |
|-------|--------------|---------|--|
| Bit 7 | ROCV_FREQ_N7 | 0       | If ROCV_FREQ_SEL is set, CY28317-2 will use the values programmed in   |
| Bit 6 | ROCV_FREQ_N6 | 0       | ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0] to determine the recovery CPU output frequency when a Watchdog Timer time-out occurs.  |
| Bit 5 | ROCV_FREQ_N5 | 0       | The setting of the FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU and  |
| Bit 4 | ROCV_FREQ_N4 | 0       | PCI. When it is cleared, CY28317-2 will use the same frequency ratio stated in the Latched FS[4:0] register. When it is set, CY28317-2 will use the frequency ratio stated in the SEL[4:0] register.  CY28317-2 supports programmable CPU frequencies ranging from 50 MHz to 248 MHz.  CY28317-2 will change the output frequency whenever there is an update to |
| Bit 3 | ROCV_FREQ_N3 | 0       |  |
| Bit 2 | ROCV_FREQ_N2 | 0       |  |
| Bit 1 | ROCV_FREQ_N1 | 0       |  |
| Bit 0 | ROCV_FREQ_N0 | 0       | either ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] or ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0]. Therefore, it is recommended to use word or block Write to update both registers within the same SMBus bus operation.   |

Byte 12: Recovery Frequency M-Value Register

| Bit   | Name          | Default | Pin Description  |
|-------|---------------|---------|--|
| Bit 7 | ROCV_FREQ_SEL | 0       | ROCV_FREQ_SEL determines the source of the recover frequency when a Watchdog Timer time-out occurs. The clock generator will automatically switch to the recovery CPU frequency based on the selection on ROCV_FREQ_SEL.  0 = From latched FS[4:0]  1 = From the settings of ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0] |
| Bit 6 | ROCV_FREQ_M6  | 0       | If ROCV_FREQ_SEL is set, CY28317-2 will use the values programmed in   |
| Bit 5 | ROCV_FREQ_M5  | 0       | ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0] to determine the recovery CPU output frequency when a Watchdog Timer time-out occurs.  |
| Bit 4 | ROCV_FREQ_M4  | 0       | The setting of the FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU,   |
| Bit 3 | ROCV_FREQ_M3  | 0       | SDRAM, and PCI. When it is cleared, CY28317-2 will use the same frequency ratio stated in the Latched FS[4:0] register. When it is set, CY28317-2 will use   |
| Bit 2 | ROCV_FREQ_M2  | 0       | the frequency ratio stated in the SEL[4:0] register.   |
| Bit 1 | ROCV_FREQ_M1  | 0       | CY28317-2 supports programmable CPU frequencies ranging from 50 MHz to 248 MHz.  |
| Bit 0 | ROCV_FREQ_M0  | 0       | CY28317-2 will change the output frequency whenever there is an update to either ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] or ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0]. Therefore, it is recommended to use word or block Write to update both registers within the same SMBus bus operation.   |

Byte 13: Programmable Frequency Select N-Value Register

| Bit   | Name        | Default | Pin Description  |
|-------|-------------|---------|--|
| Bit 7 | CPU_FSEL_N7 | 0       | If Prog_Freq_EN is set, CY28317-2 will use the values programmed in  |
| Bit 6 | CPU_FSEL_N6 | 0       | CPU_FSEL_N[7:0] and CPU_FSEL_M[6:0] to determine the CPU output frequency. The new frequency will start to load whenever CPU_FSELM[6:0] is   |
| Bit 5 | CPU_FSEL_N5 | 0       | updated.  The setting of the FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU SDRAM and PCI. When it is cleared, CY28317-2 will use the same frequency ratio stated in the Latched FS[4:0] register. When it is set, CY28317-2 will use the frequency ratio stated in the SEL[4:0] register.  CY28317-2 supports programmable CPU frequencies ranging from 50 MH |
| Bit 4 | CPU_FSEL_N4 | 0       |  |
| Bit 3 | CPU_FSEL_N3 | 0       |  |
| Bit 2 | CPU_FSEL_N2 | 0       |  |
| Bit 1 | CPU_FSEL_N1 | 0       | to 248 MHz.  |
| Bit 0 | CPU_FSEL_N0 | 0       |  |

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Byte 14: Programmable Frequency Select M-Value Register

| Bit   | Name        | Default | Description  |  |  |  |
|-------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Bit 7 | Pro_Freq_EN | 0       | Programmable output frequencies enabled 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled   |  |  |  |
| Bit 6 | CPU_FSEL_M6 | 0       | If Prog_Freq_EN is set, CY28317-2 will use the values programmed in  |  |  |  |
| Bit 5 | CPU_FSEL_M5 | 0       | CPU_FSEL_N[7:0] and CPU_FSEL_M[6:0] to determine the CPU output quency. The new frequency will start to load whenever CPU_FSELM[6:updated.   |  |  |  |
| Bit 4 | CPU_FSEL_M4 | 0       |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 3 | CPU_FSEL_M3 | 0       | The setting of the FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for C SDRAM and PCI. When it is cleared, CY28317-2 will use the same frequ |  |  |  |
| Bit 2 | CPU_FSEL_M2 | 0       | ratio stated in the Latched FS[4:0] register. When it is set, CY28317-2 w  |  |  |  |
| Bit 1 | CPU_FSEL_M1 | 0       | the frequency ratio stated in the SEL[4:0] register. CY28317-2 supports programmable CPU frequencies ranging from 50 MHz                     |  |  |  |
| Bit 0 | CPU_FSEL_M0 | 0       | to 248 MHz.  |  |  |  |

### Byte 15: Reserved Register

| Bit   | Pin# | Name             | Default | Description               |
|-------|------|------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| Bit 7 | _    | Reserved         | 0       | Reserved                  |
| Bit 6 | _    | Reserved         | 0       | Reserved                  |
| Bit 5 | _    | Reserved         | 0       | Reserved                  |
| Bit 4 | _    | Reserved         | 0       | Reserved                  |
| Bit 3 | _    | Reserved         | 0       | Reserved                  |
| Bit 2 | _    | Vendor test mode | 0       | Reserved. Write with '0'  |
| Bit 1 | _    | Vendor test mode | 1       | Test mode. Write with '1' |
| Bit 0 | _    | Vendor test mode | 1       | Test mode. Write with '1' |

## Byte 16: Reserved Register

| Bit   | Pin# | Name     | Default | Description |
|-------|------|----------|---------|-------------|
| Bit 7 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 6 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 5 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 4 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 3 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 2 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 1 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |

## Byte 17: Reserved Register

| Bit   | Pin# | Name     | Default | Description |
|-------|------|----------|---------|-------------|
| Bit 7 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 6 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 5 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 4 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 3 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 2 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |
| Bit 1 | _    | Reserved | 0       | Reserved    |

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Table 6. Additional Frequency Selections through Serial Data Interface Data Bytes

|      | Inj  | Input Conditions Output Frequency |      |      |       |      |              |
|------|------|-----------------------------------|------|------|-------|------|--------------|
| FS4  | FS3  | FS2                               | FS1  | FS0  |       |      | PLL Gear     |
| SEL4 | SEL3 | SEL2                              | SEL1 | SEL0 | CPU   | PCI  | Constant (G) |
| 0    | 0    | 0                                 | 0    | 0    | 200.0 | 33.3 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 0    | 0                                 | 0    | 1    | 190.0 | 38.0 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 0    | 0                                 | 1    | 0    | 180.0 | 36.0 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 0    | 0                                 | 1    | 1    | 170.0 | 34.0 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 0    | 1                                 | 0    | 0    | 166.0 | 33.2 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 0    | 1                                 | 0    | 1    | 160.0 | 32.0 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 0    | 1                                 | 1    | 0    | 150.0 | 37.5 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 0    | 1                                 | 1    | 1    | 145.0 | 36.3 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 1    | 0                                 | 0    | 0    | 140.0 | 35.0 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 1    | 0                                 | 0    | 1    | 136.0 | 34.0 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 1    | 0                                 | 1    | 0    | 130.0 | 32.5 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 1    | 0                                 | 1    | 1    | 124.0 | 31.0 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 1    | 1                                 | 0    | 0    | 67.2  | 33.6 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 1    | 1                                 | 0    | 1    | 100.8 | 33.6 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 1    | 1                                 | 1    | 0    | 118.0 | 39.3 | 48.000741    |
| 0    | 1    | 1                                 | 1    | 1    | 134.4 | 33.6 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 0    | 0                                 | 0    | 0    | 67.0  | 33.5 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 0    | 0                                 | 0    | 1    | 100.5 | 33.5 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 0    | 0                                 | 1    | 0    | 115.0 | 38.3 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 0    | 0                                 | 1    | 1    | 134.0 | 33.5 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 0    | 1                                 | 0    | 0    | 66.8  | 33.4 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 0    | 1                                 | 0    | 1    | 100.2 | 33.4 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 0    | 1                                 | 1    | 0    | 110.0 | 36.7 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 0    | 1                                 | 1    | 1    | 133.6 | 33.4 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 1    | 0                                 | 0    | 0    | 105.0 | 35.0 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 1    | 0                                 | 0    | 1    | 90.0  | 30.0 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 1    | 0                                 | 1    | 0    | 85.0  | 28.3 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 1    | 0                                 | 1    | 1    | 78.0  | 39.0 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 1    | 1                                 | 0    | 0    | 66.6  | 33.3 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 1    | 1                                 | 0    | 1    | 100.0 | 33.3 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 1    | 1                                 | 1    | 0    | 75.0  | 37.5 | 48.000741    |
| 1    | 1    | 1                                 | 1    | 1    | 133.3 | 33.3 | 48.000741    |



# Programmable Output Frequency, Watchdog Timer and Recovery Output Frequency Functional Description

The Programmable Output Frequency feature allows users to generate any CPU output frequency in the range of 50 MHz to 248 MHz. Cypress offers the most dynamic and the simplest programming interface for system developers to utilize this feature in their platforms.

The Watchdog Timer and Recovery Output Frequency features allow users to implement a recovery mechanism when the system hangs or gets unstable. System BIOS or other control software can enable the Watchdog Timer before they attempt to make a frequency change. If the system hangs and a Watchdog Timer time-out occurs, a system reset will be generated and a recovery frequency will be activated.

All the related registers are summarized in *Table 7*.

**Table 7. Register Summary** 

| Name                                  | Description  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Pro_Freq_EN                           | Programmable output frequencies enabled 0 = Disabled (default) 1 = Enabled When it is disabled, the operating output frequency will be determined by either the latched value of FS[4:0] inputs or the programmed value of SEL[4:0]. If FS_Override bit is clear, latched FS[4:0] inputs will be used. If the FS_Override bit is set, the programmed value of SEL[4:0] will be used. When it is enabled, the CPU output frequency will be determined by the programmed value of CPUFSEL_N, CPUFSEL_M, and the PLL Gear Constant. The program value of FS_Override, SEL[4:0] or the latched value of FS[4:0] will determine the PLL Gear Constant and the frequency ratio between CPU and other frequency outputs |
| FS_Override                           | When Pro_Freq_EN is cleared or disabled,  0 = Select operating frequency by FS input pins (default)  1 = Select operating frequency by SEL bits in SMBus control bytes  When Pro_Freq_EN is set or enabled,  0 = Frequency output ratio between CPU and other frequency groups and the PLL Gear Constant are based on the latched value of FS input pins (default)  1 = Frequency output ratio between CPU and other frequency groups and the PLL Gear Constant are based on the programmed value of SEL bits in SMBus control bytes   |
| CPU_FSEL_N,<br>CPU_FSEL_M             | When Prog_Freq_EN is set or enabled, the values programmed in CPU_FSEL_N[7:0] and CPU_FSEL_M[6:0] determine the CPU output frequency. The new frequency will start to load whenever there is an update to either CPU_FSEL_N[7:0] or CPU_FSEL_M[6:0]. Therefore, it is recommended to use word or block Write to update both registers within the same SMBus bus operation. The setting of FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU and PCI. When FS_Override is cleared or disabled, the frequency ratio follows the latched value of the FS input pins. When FS_Override is set or enabled, the frequency ratio follows the programmed value of SEL bits in SMBus control bytes.                  |
| ROCV_FREQ_SEL                         | ROCV_FREQ_SEL determines the source of the recover frequency when a Watchdog Timer time-out occurs. The clock generator will automatically switch to the recovery CPU frequency based on the selection on ROCV_FREQ_SEL.  0 = From latched FS[4:0]  1 = From the settings of ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0]   |
| ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0],<br>ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0] | When ROCV_FREQ_SEL is set, the values programmed in ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0] will be used to determine the recovery CPU output frequency when a Watchdog Timer time-out occurs  The setting of the FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU and SDRAM. When it is cleared, the same frequency ratio stated in the Latched FS[4:0] register will be used.  When it is set, the frequency ratio stated in the SEL[4:0] register will be used.  The new frequency will start to load whenever there is an update to either ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] or ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0]. Therefore, it is recommended to use word or block Write to update both registers within the same SMBus bus operation.   |
| WD_EN                                 | 0 = Stop and reload Watchdog Timer. Unlock CY28317-2 from recovery frequency mode. 1 = Enable Watchdog Timer. It will start counting down after a frequency change occurs.  Note: CY28317-2 will generate system reset, reload a recovery frequency, and lock itself into a recovery frequency mode after a Watchdog Timer time-out occurs. Under recovery frequency mode, CY28317-2 will not respond to any attempt to change output frequency via the SMBus control bytes. System software can unlock CY28317-2 from its recovery frequency mode by clearing the WD_EN bit.  |
| WD_TO_STATUS                          | Watchdog Timer Time-out Status bit 0 = No time-out occurs (READ); Ignore (WRITE) 1 = Time-out occurred (READ); Clear WD_TO_STATUS (WRITE)  |

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Table 7. Register Summary (continued)

| Name          | Description  |
|---------------|--|
| WD_TIMER[4:0] | These bits store the time-out value of the Watchdog Timer. The scale of the timer is determine by the prescaler.  The timer can support a value of 150 ms to 4.8 sec when the prescaler is set to 150 ms. If the prescaler is set to 2.5 sec, it can support a value from 2.5 sec to 80 sec.  When the Watchdog Timer reaches "0," it will set the WD_TO_STATUS bit. |
| WD_PRE_SCALER | 0 = 150 ms<br>1 = 2.5 sec  |
| RST_EN_WD     | This bit will enable the generation of a Reset pulse when a watchdog timer time-out occurs.  0 = Disabled  1 = Enabled   |
| RST_EN_FC     | This bit will enable the generation of a Reset pulse after a frequency change occurs.  0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled  |

### **How to Program CPU Output Frequency**

When the programmable output frequency feature is enabled (Pro\_Freq\_EN bit is set), the CPU output frequency is determined by the following equation:

Fcpu = G \* (N+3)/(M+3)

"N" and "M" are the values programmed in Programmable Frequency Select N-Value register and M-Value register, respectively.

"G" stands for the PLL Gear Constant, which is determined by the programmed value of FS[4:0] or SEL[4:0]. The value is listed in *Table 4*.

The ratio of (N+3) and (M+3) need to be greater than "1" [(N+3)/(M+3) > 1].

The following table lists set of N and M values for different frequency output ranges. This example uses a fixed value for the M-Value register and selects the CPU output frequency by changing the value of the N-Value register.

Table 8. Examples of N and M Value for Different CPU Frequency Range

| Frequency Ranges  | Gear Constants | Fixed Value for<br>M-Value Register | Range of N-Value Register for Different CPU Frequency |
|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 50 MHz – 129 MHz  | 48.00741       | 93                                  | 97–255  |
| 130 MHz – 248 MHz | 48.00741       | 45                                  | 127–245   |

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>[2]</sup>

Stresses greater than those listed in this table may cause permanent damage to the device. These represent a stress rating only. Operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those specified in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Maximum conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

| Parameter           | Description                            | Rating       | Unit |
|---------------------|--|--------------|------|
| $V_{DD}$ , $V_{IN}$ | Voltage on any pin with respect to GND | -0.5 to +7.0 | V    |
| T <sub>STG</sub>    | Storage Temperature                    | -65 to +150  | °C   |
| T <sub>B</sub>      | Ambient Temperature under Bias         | -55 to +125  | °C   |
| T <sub>A</sub>      | Operating Temperature                  | 0 to +70     | °C   |
| ESD <sub>PROT</sub> | Input ESD Protection                   | 2 (min.)     | kV   |

## DC Electrical Characteristics: $T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C, $V_{DDQ3} = 3.3 V \pm 5\%^{[3]}$

| Parameter          | Descrip                           | tion   | Test Condition           | Min.      | Тур. | Max.                  | Unit |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|-----------|------|-----------------------|------|
| Supply Curr        | ent                               |        | 1                        | <b>'</b>  |      |                       |      |
| I <sub>DD3</sub>   | 3.3V Supply Current               |        | $V_{DD} = 3.465V,$       |           | 250  |                       | mA   |
|                    |                                   |        | FCPU = 133 MHz           |           |      |                       |      |
| I <sub>DDPD3</sub> | 3.3V Shut down Curre              | ent    | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.465V |           | 25   |                       | mA   |
| Logic Inputs       | 5                                 |        |                          |           |      |                       |      |
| V <sub>IL</sub>    | Input Low Voltage                 |        |                          | GND - 0.3 |      | 0.8                   | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub>    | Input High Voltage                |        |                          | 2.0       |      | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 | V    |
| I <sub>IL</sub>    | Input Low Current <sup>[4]</sup>  |        |                          |           |      | -25                   | μA   |
| I <sub>IH</sub>    | Input High Current <sup>[4]</sup> |        |                          |           |      | 10                    | μA   |
| Clock Outpu        | uts                               |        |                          |           |      |                       |      |
| V <sub>OL</sub>    | Output Low Voltage                |        | I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA   |           |      | 50                    | mV   |
| V <sub>OH</sub>    | Output High Voltage               |        | I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA  | 3.1       |      |                       | V    |
| I <sub>OL</sub>    | Output Low Current                | PCI0:5 | V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5V   | 70        | 110  | 135                   | mA   |
|                    |                                   | REF0:1 | V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5V   | 50        | 70   | 100                   | mA   |
|                    |                                   | 48 MHz | V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5V   | 50        | 70   | 100                   | mA   |
|                    |                                   | 24 MHz | V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5V   | 50        | 70   | 100                   | mA   |
|                    |                                   | SDRAM  | V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5V   | 70        | 110  | 135                   | mA   |
| I <sub>OH</sub>    | Output High Current               | PCI0:5 | V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.5V   | 70        | 110  | 135                   | mA   |
|                    |                                   | REF0:1 | V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.5V   | 50        | 70   | 100                   | mA   |
|                    |                                   | 48 MHz | V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.5V   | 50        | 70   | 100                   | mA   |
|                    |                                   | 24 MHz | V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.5V   | 50        | 70   | 100                   | mA   |
|                    |                                   | SDRAM  | V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.5V   | 70        | 110  | 135                   | mA   |

### Notes:

- The voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power-up. Power supply sequencing is NOT required. All clock outputs loaded with 6"  $60\Omega$  transmission lines with 20-pF capacitors. CY28317-2 logic inputs (except FS3) have internal pull-up devices (pull-ups not full CMOS level). Logic input FS3 has an internal pull-down device.



## **DC Electrical Characteristics:** $T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C, $V_{DDQ3} = 3.3V \pm 5\%^{[3]}$ (continued)

| Parameter          | Description  | Test Condition           | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------|--|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Crystal Osci       | llator   | <u>.</u>                 |      |      |      |      |
| $V_{TH}$           | X1 Input Threshold Voltage <sup>[5]</sup>                    | V <sub>DDQ3</sub> = 3.3V |      | 1.65 |      | V    |
| C <sub>LOAD</sub>  | Load Capacitance, Imposed on External Crystal <sup>[6]</sup> |                          |      | 18   |      | pF   |
| C <sub>IN,X1</sub> | X1 Input Capacitance <sup>[7]</sup>                          | Pin X2 unconnected       |      | TBD  |      | pF   |
| Pin Capacita       | ince/Inductance  | <u>.</u>                 |      |      |      |      |
| C <sub>IN</sub>    | Input Pin Capacitance  | Except X1 and X2         |      |      | 5    | pF   |
| C <sub>OUT</sub>   | Output Pin Capacitance                                       |                          |      |      | 6    | pF   |
| L <sub>IN</sub>    | Input Pin Inductance   |                          |      |      | 7    | nH   |

### **AC Electrical Characteristics**

## $T_A$ = 0°C to +70°C, $V_{DDQ3}$ = 3.3V±5%, $f_{XTL}$ = 14.31818 MHz

AC clock parameters are tested and guaranteed over stated operating conditions using the stated lump capacitive load at the clock output; Spread Spectrum is disabled.

### **CPU Clock Outputs**<sup>[8]</sup>

|                 |  |   | CPU = 100 MHz |      | CPU = 133 MHz |      |      |      |      |
|-----------------|--|---|---------------|------|---------------|------|------|------|------|
| Parameter       | Description  | Test Condition/Comments   | Min.          | Тур. | Max.          | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
| t <sub>R</sub>  | Output Rise Edge Rate                              |   | 1.0           |      | 4.0           | 1.0  |      | 4.0  | v/ns |
| t <sub>F</sub>  | Output Fall Edge Rate                              |   | 1.0           |      | 2.0           | 1.0  |      | 2.0  | v/ns |
| $t_D$           | Duty Cycle   | Measured at 50% point   | 45            |      | 55            | 45   |      | 55   | %    |
| t <sub>JC</sub> | Jitter, Cycle to Cycle                             |   |               |      | 250           |      |      | 250  | ps   |
| f <sub>ST</sub> | Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start) | Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization. |               | 3    |               |      | 3    |      | ms   |
| Z <sub>o</sub>  | AC Output Impedance                                | $V_O = V_X$   |               | 50   |               |      | 50   |      | Ω    |

#### Notes:

X1 input threshold voltage (typical) is  $V_{DD}/2$ .

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The CY28317-2 contains an internal crystal load capacitor between pin X1 and ground and another between pin X2 and ground. The total load placed on the crystal is 18 pF; this includes typical stray capacitance of short PCB traces to the crystal.

X1 input capacitance is applicable when driving X1 with an external clock source (X2 is left unconnected).

Determined as a fraction of 2\* (t<sub>RP</sub> - t<sub>RN</sub>). Where t<sub>RP</sub> is a rising edge and t<sub>RN</sub> is an intersection falling edge.



## PCI Clock Outputs, PCI (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

| Parameter       | Description  | Test Condition/Comments   | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|--|---|------|------|------|------|
| t <sub>P</sub>  | Period   | Measured on the rising edge at 1.5V   | 30   |      |      | ns   |
| t <sub>H</sub>  | High Time  | Duration of clock cycle above 2.4V  | 12   |      |      | ns   |
| t <sub>L</sub>  | Low Time   | Duration of clock cycle below 0.4V  | 12   |      |      | ns   |
| t <sub>R</sub>  | Output Rise Edge Rate                              | Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V  | 1    |      | 4    | V/ns |
| t <sub>F</sub>  | Output Fall Edge Rate                              | Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V  | 1    |      | 4    | V/ns |
| t <sub>D</sub>  | Duty Cycle   | Measured on the rising and falling edges at 1.5V  | 45   |      | 55   | %    |
| t <sub>JC</sub> | Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle                             | Measured on the rising edge at 1.5V. Maximum difference of cycle time between two adjacent cycles.                  |      |      | 250  | ps   |
| t <sub>SK</sub> | Output Skew  | Measured on the rising edge at 1.5V   |      |      | 500  | ps   |
| t <sub>O</sub>  | CPU to PCI Clock Skew                              | Covers all CPU/PCI outputs. Measured on the rising edge at 1.5V. CPU leads PCI output.                              | 1.5  |      | 4    | ns   |
| f <sub>ST</sub> | Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start) | Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization. |      |      | 3    | ms   |
| Z <sub>o</sub>  | AC Output Impedance                                | Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.                           |      | 30   |      | Ω    |

## REF Clock Outputs (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

| Parameter       | Description  | Test Condition/Comments   | Min. | Тур.   | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|--|---|------|--------|------|------|
| f               | Frequency, Actual                                  | Frequency generated by crystal oscillator   |      | 14.318 | •    | MHz  |
| t <sub>R</sub>  | Output Rise Edge Rate                              | Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V  | 0.5  |        | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>F</sub>  | Output Fall Edge Rate                              | Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V  | 0.5  |        | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>D</sub>  | Duty Cycle   | Measured on the rising and falling edges at 1.5V  | 45   |        | 55   | %    |
| f <sub>ST</sub> | Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start) | Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization. |      |        | 3    | ms   |
| Z <sub>o</sub>  | AC Output Impedance                                | Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.                           |      | 40     |      | Ω    |

## 48-MHz Clock Output (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

| Parameter       | Description  | Test Condition/Comments   |          | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|--|---|----------|------|------|------|
| f               | Frequency, Actual                                  | Determined by PLL divider ratio (see m/n below)   | ) 48.008 |      |      | MHz  |
| f <sub>D</sub>  | Deviation from 48 MHz                              | (48.008 – 48)/48  | +167     |      |      | ppm  |
| m/n             | PLL Ratio  | (14.31818 MHz x 57/17 = 48.008 MHz)   | 57/17    |      |      |      |
| t <sub>R</sub>  | Output Rise Edge Rate                              | Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V  | 0.5      |      | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>F</sub>  | Output Fall Edge Rate                              | Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V  | 0.5      |      | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>D</sub>  | Duty Cycle   | Measured on the rising and falling edges at 1.5V  | 45       |      | 55   | %    |
| f <sub>ST</sub> | Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start) | Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization. |          |      | 3    | ms   |
| Z <sub>o</sub>  | AC Output Impedance                                | Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.                           |          |      | Ω    |      |

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## 24-MHz Clock Output (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

| Parameter       | Description  | Test Condition/Comments   |        | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|--|---|--------|------|------|------|
| f               | Frequency, Actual                                  | Determined by PLL divider ratio (see m/n below)   | 24.004 |      |      | MHz  |
| f <sub>D</sub>  | Deviation from 24 MHz                              | (24.004 – 24)/24  | +167   |      |      | ppm  |
| m/n             | PLL Ratio  | (14.31818 MHz x 57/34 = 24.004 MHz)   | 57/34  |      |      |      |
| t <sub>R</sub>  | Output Rise Edge Rate                              | Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V 0.5  |        |      | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>F</sub>  | Output Fall Edge Rate                              | Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V 0.5  |        |      | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>D</sub>  | Duty Cycle   | Measured on the rising and falling edges at 1.5V 45                                       |        |      | 55   | %    |
| f <sub>ST</sub> | Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start) |   |        | 3    | ms   |      |
| Z <sub>o</sub>  | AC Output Impedance                                | Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value. |        |      | Ω    |      |

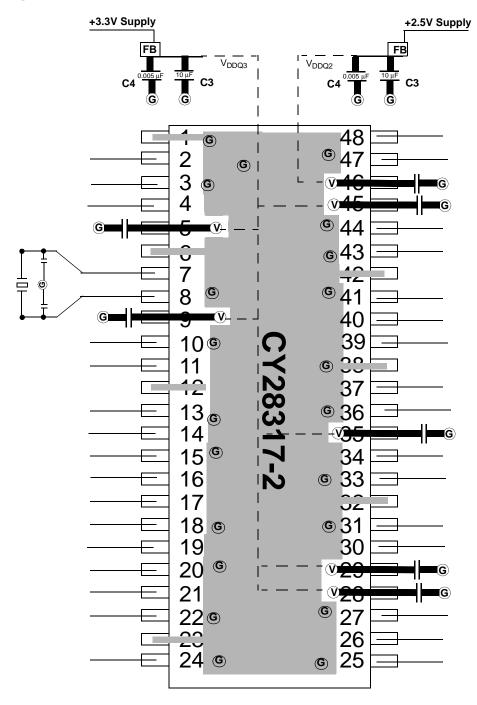
## **Ordering Information**

| Ordering Code | Package Type                 | Operating Range         |
|---------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| CY28317PVC-2  | 48-pin SSOP                  | Commercial, 0°C to 70°C |
| CY28317PVC-2T | 48-pin SSOP - Tape and Reel  | Commercial, 0°C to 70°C |
| CY28317ZC-2   | 48-pin TSSOP                 | Commercial, 0°C to 70°C |
| CY28317ZC-2T  | 48-pin TSSOP - Tape and Reel | Commercial, 0°C to 70°C |

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## **Layout Diagram**



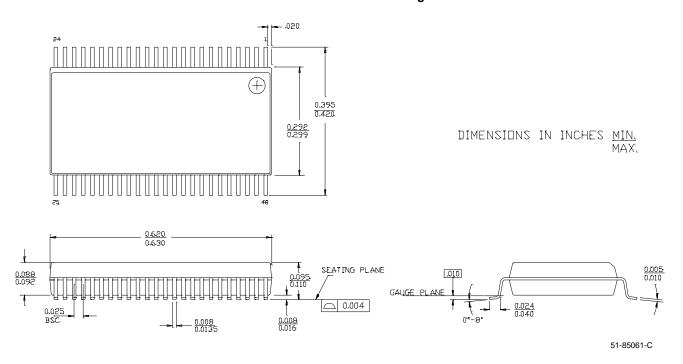
FB = Dale ILB1206 - 300 (300 $\Omega$  @ 100 MHz) or TDK ACB2012L-120 Ceramic Caps C3 = 10–22  $\mu$ F C4 = 0.005  $\mu$ F C6 = 0.01  $\mu$ F

**©** = VIA to GND plane layer **V** = VIA to respective supply plane layer **Note**: Each supply plane or strip should have a ferrite bead and capacitors

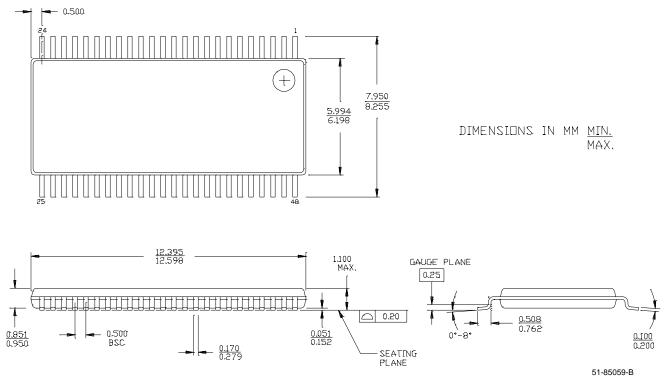


## **Package Drawing and Dimension**

### 48-Lead Shrunk Small Outline Package O48



## 48-Lead Thin Shrunk Small Outline Package, Type II (6 mm x 12 mm) Z48



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|--|---------|---------------|-----|---|--|
| REV.   | ECN NO. | Issue<br>Date |     |   |  |
| **   | 109867  | 11/13/01      | IKA | New data sheet  |  |
| *A   | 116450  | 08/16/02      | IXL | Corrected the Package Drawing and Dimension.              |  |
| *B   | 122779  | 12/26/02      | RBI | Add power up requirements to maximum ratings information. |  |