

LXM1624-12-4x

12V Dual 4W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

PRELIMINARY DATASHEET

DESCRIPTION

The LXM1624-12-4x is a Dual 4W Output Direct Drive[™] CCFL (Cold range dimming, amplitude control results Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) Inverter in lower ripple on the input supply and Module specifically designed for driving reduced LCD backlight lamps. It is ideal for generation. Many STN type panels are driving typical 6.4" to 10.4" TFT panels.

The modules are available with a amplitude dimming. dimming input that permits brightness control from either a DC voltage source or the system battery or AC adapter directly a PWM signal or external Potentiometer. to high frequency, high-voltage waves The maximum output current is externally programmable over a range of 5 to 6.5mA lamps. in 0.5mA steps to allow the inverter to properly match to a wide array of LCD Microsemi's new LX1689 backlight panel lamp current specifications.

LXM1624 modules unlike LXM1623 series does not provide wide the controller's high level of integration. range 'burst' mode dimming, rather dimming is provided by amplitude control are stable fixed-frequency operation, of the output current waveform, this limits secondary-side strike-voltage regulation the potential dim range to typically less and both open/shorted lamp protection than 5:1.

For applications not requiring wide potential transient noise particularly well suited for current

The modules convert DC voltage from required to ignite and operate CCFL

The modules design is based on controller, which provides a number of the cost and performance advantages due to

Other benefits of this new topology with fault timeout.

IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com

KEY FEATURES

- Externally Programmable Maximum Output Current
- Easy to Use Brightness Control
- Analog Current Amplitude Dimming Method
- Output Open/Short-Circuit Protection and Automatic Strike-Voltage Regulation and Timeout
- **Fixed Frequency Operation**
- Rated From -20 to 70°C
- UL60950 E175910

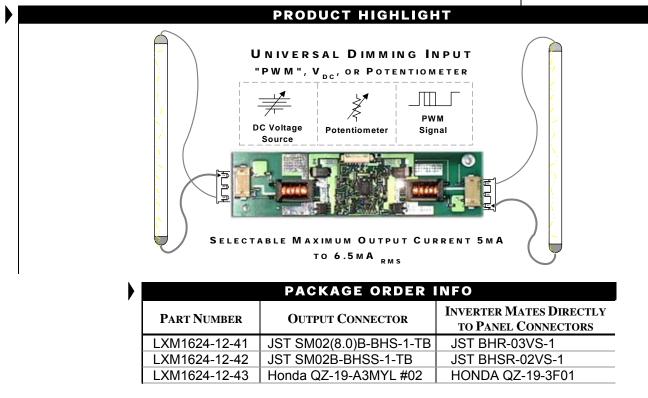
APPLICATIONS

- High Brightness Displays
- Portable Instrumentation
- Desktop Displays
- Industrial Display Controls

BENEFITS

- Compact, Low Profile Design Programmable output current allows inverter to mate with a wide variety of LCD panel's specifications
- Output Open Circuit Voltage Regulation Minimizes Corona **Discharge For High Reliability**

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (NOTE 1)

| Input Signal Voltage (V _{IN1}) Input Power | |
|---|--------------|
| Output Voltage, no load | |
| Output Current | |
| Output Power (each output) | |
| Input Signal Voltage (SLEEP Input) | |
| Input Signal Voltage (BRITE) | |
| Ambient Operating Temperature, zero airflow | 20°C to 70°C |
| Operating Relative Humidity, non-condensing | ≤90% |
| Storage Temperature Range | |

Note 1: Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device. All voltages are with respect to Ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of specified terminal.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (R.C.)

This module has been designed to operate over a wide range of input and output conditions. However, best efficiency and performance will be obtained if the module is operated under the condition listed in the 'R.C.' column. Min. and Max. columns indicate values beyond which the inverter, although operational, will not function optimally.

| Symbol | Recommended Operating Conditions | | | Units | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | Min | R.C. | Max | Units | |
| egulated V _{IN1} | | 12 | 13.2 | V | |
| | 10.2 | 12 | 13.8 | | |
| Po | | 3.5 | 4.0 | W | |
| VBRT_ADJ | 0.65 to 0.9 | | 2.0 | V | |
| VLAMP | 350 | 440 | 530 | V _{RMS} | |
| IOLAMP | 5 | | 6.5 | mA _{RMS} | |
| T _A | -20 | | 70 | °C | |
| | P _O V _{BRT_ADJ} V _{LAMP} | Symbol Min V _{IN1} 10.8 Po 10.2 V _{BRT_ADJ} 0.65 to 0.9 V _{LAMP} 350 IoLAMP 5 | $\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | $\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | |

¹ The minimum $V_{BRT ADJ}$ voltage depends on the panel characteristics, depending on the panel it can vary from 0.65V to 0.9V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of 25° C except where otherwise noted.

| Parameter | Symbol Test Conditions | | LXM1624-12-4x | | | Unite |
|--|------------------------|---|---------------|------|-----|------------------|
| Farailleter | | | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
| OUTPUT PIN CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | |
| Full Bright Lamp Current (each output) | I _{L(MAX)} | $V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V_{DC}$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}$ $I_{SET1} = Ground$, $I_{SET2} = Ground$ | 4.5 | 5 | 5.5 | mA _{RM} |
| Full Bright Lamp Current (each output) | I _{L(MAX)} | $V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V_{DC}, \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}$ $I_{SET1} = Ground, I_{SET2} = Open$ | 5.0 | 5.5 | 6.0 | mA _{RM} |
| Full Bright Lamp Current (each output) | $I_{L(MAX)}$ | $V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V_{DC}$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}$ $I_{SET1} = Open$, $I_{SET2} = Ground$ | 5.5 | 6 | 6.5 | mA _{RM} |
| Full Bright Lamp Current (each output) | $I_{L(MAX)}$ | $V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V_{DC}$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}$ $I_{SET1} = Open$, $I_{SET2} = Open$ | 6.0 | 6.5 | 7.0 | mA _{RM} |
| Output Current Lamp to Lamp Deviation | I _{LL%DEV} | $V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V_{DC}$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}$ I _{SET1} = Open, I _{SET2} = Open | | 3 | 10 | % |
| Min. Average Lamp Current (each output) | I _{L(MIN)} | V_{BRT_ADJ} =0.65 V_{DC} , $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, V_{IN1} = 12 V_{DC} I _{SET1} = I _{SET2} = Ground | | 2² | | mA _{RM} |
| Lamp Start Voltage | V_{LS} | -20°C < T _A < 70°C, V _{IN1} > 10.8V _{DC} | 1250 | 1400 | | V _{RMS} |
| Operating Frequency | fo | $V_{BRT ADJ} = 2.5V_{DC}, \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, V_{IN1} = 12V$ | 76 | 80 | 83 | kHz |

² The inverter is capable of a lower output current than may be recommended by the panel manufacturer. It is the user's responsibility to set the minimum brightness (BRITE) input at or above the panel specification for minimum current.



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PRELIMINARY DATASHEET

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED) Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of 25°C except where otherwise noted. LXM1624-12-4x Parameter Symbol **Test Conditions** Units Min Тур Max **BRITE INPUT** $V_{BRT ADJ} = 0V_{DC}$ -300 μA_{DC} Input Current IBRT $V_{BRT ADJ} = 3V_{DC}$ 50 μA_{DC} I_{O(LAMP)} = Maximum Lamp Current V_{BRT_ADJ} Minimum Input for Max. Lamp Current 2.0 2.05 V_{DC} Minimum Input for Min. Lamp Current VBRT ADJ I_{O(LAMP)} = Minimum Lamp Current 0.65* V_{DC} SLEEP INPUT $V_{\overline{\text{SLEEP}}}$ **RUN Mode** 2.0 V_{IN1} V_{DC} SLEEP Mode $V_{\overline{\text{SLEEP}}}$ V_{DC} -0.3 0.8 SET_{1.2} INPUT SET_{1,2} Low Threshold V₁ 0.4 V $V_{\text{SET}} \le 0.4V$ -300 Input Current I_{SET} μA POWER CHARACTERISTICS Sleep Current $I_{\text{IN}(\text{MIN})}$ $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}, \overline{SLEEP} \le 0.8V$ 0.0 10 50 μA_{DC} $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}, \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, I_{SET1} = Open$ Run Current 530 $\mathsf{mA}_{\mathsf{DC}}$ I_{IN(RUN)} I_{SET2} = Ground, V_{LAMP} = 440 V_{RMS} $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}, \ \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, I_{SET1} = Open$ Efficiency 85 % η I_{SET2} = Ground, V_{LAMP} = 440 V_{RMS}

* The Inverter is capable of a lower output current than may be recommended by the panel manufacturer. It is the user's responsibility to set the minimum brightness (BRITE) input at or above the panel specification for minimum current. This is likely greater than the 0.65V minimum input.

FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION

| CONN | ΡιΝ | DESCRIPTION | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| CN1 (Molex | (53261-0890) | Mates with 51021-0800 housing, 50079-8100 pins. Mates with LX9501 input cable assembly | | | | |
| CN1-1 | V _{IN1} | Main Input Power Supply (10.8V \leq V _{IN1} \leq 13.2V) | | | | |
| CN1-2 | | | | | | |
| CN1-3 | GND | Power Supply Return | | | | |
| CN1-4 | CITE | | | | | |
| CN1-5 | SLEEP ON/OFF Control. (0V < SLEEP < 0.8 = OFF, SLEEP >= 2.0V = ON | | | | | |
| CN1-6 | BRITE | Brightness Control (0.65V to $2.0V_{DC}$). $2.0V_{DC}$ gives maximum lamp current. | | | | |
| CN1-7 | SET ₁ | SET ₁ MSB Connecting this pin to ground decreases the output current (see Table 1) | | | | |
| CN1-8 | SET ₂ | SET ₂ LSB Connecting this pin to ground decreases the output current (see Table 1) | | | | |
| CN2, CN3 for LXM1624-12-41 and -42 (JST SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB or SM02B-BHSS-1-TB) | | | | | | |
| CN2-1 CN3-1 | V _{HI} | High voltage connection to high Side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. DO NOT connect to Ground. | | | | |
| CN2-2 CN3-2 | V _{LO} | Connection to low side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with longer lead length. DO NOT connect to Ground | | | | |
| CN2, CN3 for LXM1624-12-43 (Honda QZ-19-A3MYL #02) | | | | | | |
| CN2-3 CN3-3 | V _{HI} | High voltage connection to high side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. DO NOT connect to Ground. | | | | |
| CN2-1 CN3-1 | V_{LO} | Connection to low side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with longer lead length. DO NOT connect to Ground | | | | |

ELECTRICALS



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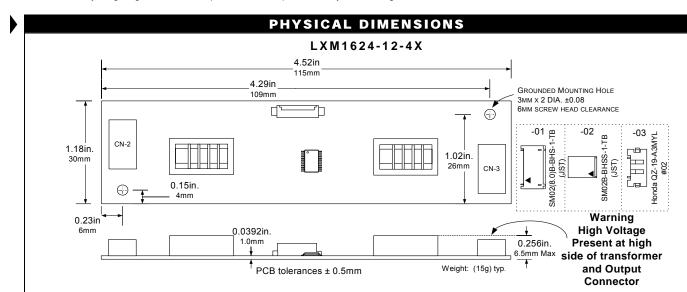
PRELIMINARY DATASHEET

TABLE 1

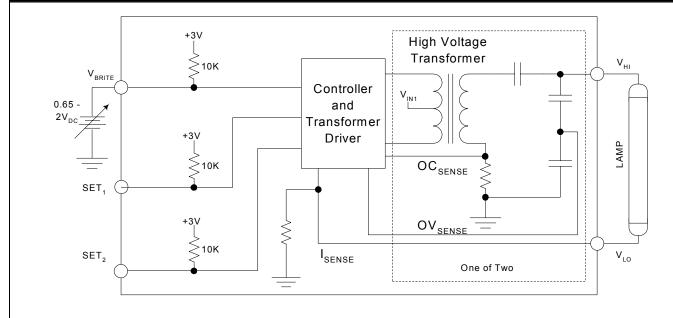
OUTPUT CURRENT SETTINGS

| SET₁ (Pin 7) | SET₂ (Pin 8) | Nominal Output Current |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Open* | Open* | 6.5mA |
| Open* | Ground | 6.0mA |
| Ground | Open* | 5.5mA |
| Ground | Ground | 5.0mA |

* If driven by a logic signal it should be open collector or open drain only, not a voltage source.



SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM



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TYPICAL APPLICATION

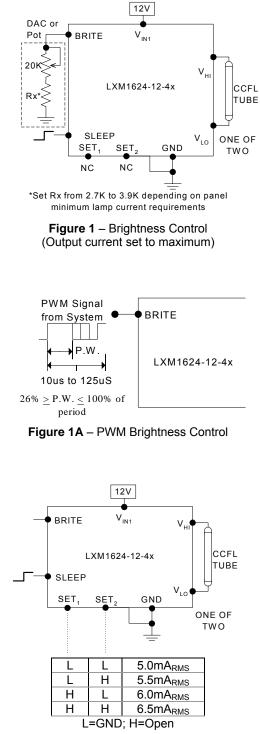


Figure 2 – Max Output Current (SET₁ and SET₂ Inputs)

- The brightness control may be a voltage output DAC or other voltage source, a digital pot or 20K manual pot. The inverter contains an internal 10K pull-up to 3V to bias the pot, add a 2.7K to 3.9K to set the lower threshold voltage. A 3.3V Logic Level PWM signal from a micro-controller may also be used as shown in Figure 1A.
- If you need to turn the inverter ON/OFF remotely, connect to TTL logic signal to the SLEEP input.
- Connect V_{HI} to high voltage wire from the lamp. Connect V_{LO} to the low voltage wire (wire with thinner insulation). Never connect V_{LO} to circuit ground as this will defeat lamp current regulation. If both lamp wires have heavy high voltage insulation, connect the longest wire to V_{LO}. This wire is typically white.
- Use the SET₁ and SET₂ (see Figure 2) inputs to select the desired maximum output current. Using these two pins in combination allows the inverter to match a wide variety of panels from different manufactures. Generally the best lamp lifetime correlates with driving the CCFL at the manufactures nominal current setting. However the SET₁ and SET₂ inputs allow the user the flexibility to adjust the current to the maximum allowable output current to increase panel brightness at the expense of some reduced lamp life.
- Although the SET pins are designed such that just leaving them open or grounding them is all that is needed to set the output current, they can also be actively set. Using a open collector or open drain logic signal will allow you to reduce the lamp current for situations where greater dim range is required, as an example in nighttime situations. In conjunction with a light sensor or other timer the panel could be set to higher brightness (maximum output current) for daytime illumination and lower brightness (minimum or typical output current) at nighttime. Since the dim ratio is a factor of both the burst duty cycle and the peak output current, using this technique the effective dim ratio can be increased greater than the burst duty cycle alone. Conversely the SET inputs could be used to overdrive the lamp temporarily to facilitate faster lamp warm up at initial lamp turn on. Of course any possible degradation on lamp life from such practices is the users responsibility since not all lamps are designed to be overdriven.
- The inverter has a built in fault timeout function. If the output is open (lamp disconnected or broken) or shorted the inverter will attempt to strike the lamp for several seconds. After about 2 seconds without success the inverter will shutdown. In order to restart the inverter it is necessary to toggle the sleep input or cycle the V_{IN1} input supply

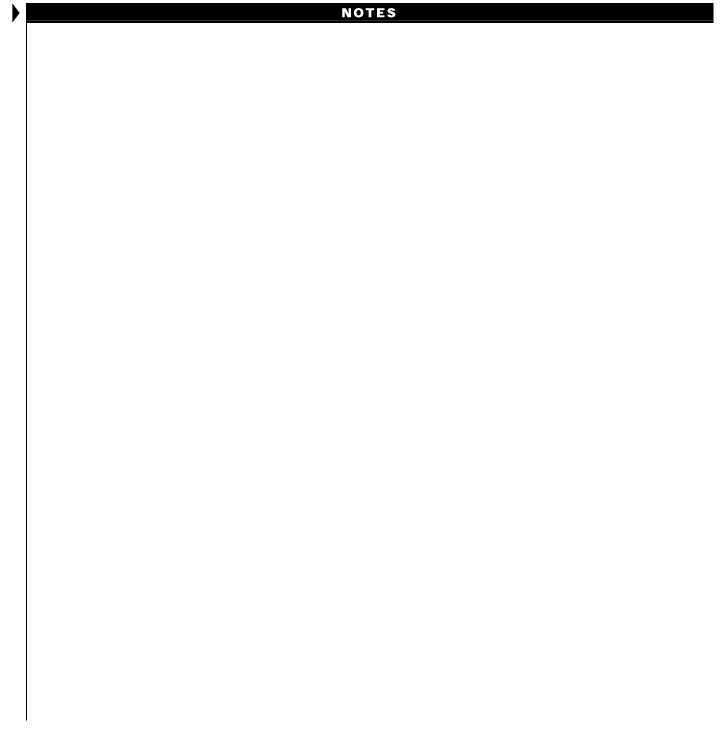
APPLICATION



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