

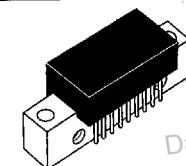
## The RF Line Wideband Linear Amplifiers

... designed for amplifier applications in 50 ohm systems requiring wide bandwidth, low noise and low-distortion. This hybrid provides excellent gain stability with temperature and linear amplification as a result of the push-pull circuit design.

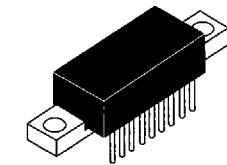
- Specified Characteristics at  $V_{CC} = 24$  V for CA4800C; 12 V for CA4812C; 15 V for CA4815C,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ :
  - Frequency Range — 10 to 1000 MHz
  - Output Power — 400 mW Typ @ 1 dB Compression,  $f = 900$  MHz
  - Power Gain — 17.5 dB Typ @ 1000 MHz
  - Noise Figure — 6.5 dB Typ @  $f = 500$  MHz
  - ITO — 38 dBm Typ @ 1000 MHz
- All Gold Metallization for Improved Reliability
- CA4812C is Optimized for 12 V Operation
- CA4815C is Optimized for 15 V Operation

**CA4800C,CS  
CA4812C,CS  
CA4815C,CS**

17 dB  
10–1000 MHz  
400 mW  
WIDEBAND  
LINEAR AMPLIFIERS



CASE 714P-03, STYLES 2, 3  
CA4800C, CA4812C, CA4815C



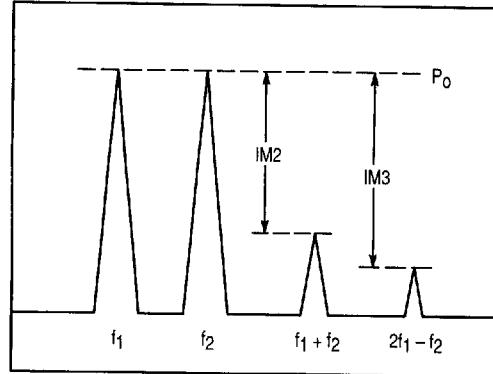
CASE 714T-03, STYLES 1, 2  
CA4800CS, CA4812CS,  
CA4815CS

### MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	28	V
CA4800C,CS		18	
CA4815C,CS		14	
CA4812C,CS			
RF Input Power	$P_{in}$	+14	dBm
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40 to +100	°C
Operating Case Temperature Range	$T_C$	-20 to +100	°C

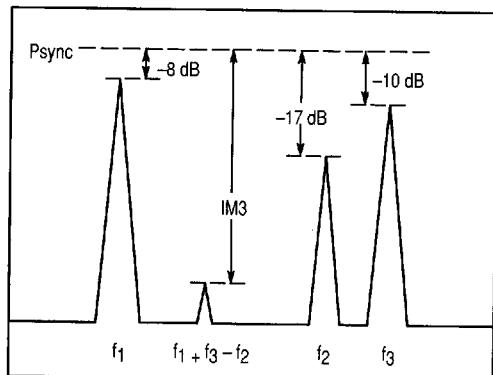
### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC} = 24$ V for CA4800C; 12 V for CA4812C; 15 V for CA4815C, 50 Ohm System)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Current	$I_{DC}$	—	220	240	mA
CA4800C,CS		—	380	400	
CA4812C,CS; CA4815C,CS					
Power Gain ( $f = 1000$ MHz)	$PG$	16.5	17.5	18.5	dB
Bandwidth (3 dB Down at 10 MHz)	$BW$	10	—	1000	MHz
Gain Flatness ( $f = 40$ –1000 MHz)	$FL$	—	1	2	dB
Power Output — 1 dB Compression ( $f = 900$ MHz)	$P_{O 1dB}$	300	400	—	mW
Input/Output VSWR $f = 40$ –900 MHz $f = 900$ –1000 MHz	$VSWR$	—	—	2:1 2.6:1	—
Noise Figure, Broadband $f = 500$ MHz $f = 1000$ MHz	$NF$	—	6.5	8	dB
—		—	7.5	9	
Third Order Intercept ( $f_1 = 10$ –1000 MHz, See Figure 1)	$ITO$	37	38	—	dBm
Second Harmonic Distortion ( $P_O = 100$ mW, $f_{2H} = 1000$ MHz)	$dso$	—	-50	-40	dB
Second Order Intermodulation Distortion ( $P_O = 2.75$ dBm, $f_1 = 373$ MHz, $f_2 = 450$ MHz, See Figure 1)	$IM2$	—	—	-60	dB
Intermodulation Distortion, 3 Tone ( $f = 860$ MHz, $P_{sync} = 200$ mW, See Figure 2)	$IM3$	—	-60	—	dB



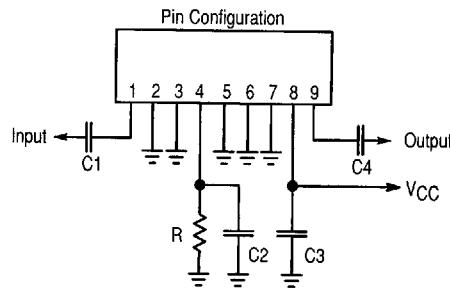
$$ITO = P_0 + IM3 / 2 \text{ @ } IM3 > 60 \text{ dB}$$

**Figure 1. 2-Tone Intermodulation Test A**



$f_1$  = Video  
 $f_2$  = Sideband  
 $f_3$  = Sound

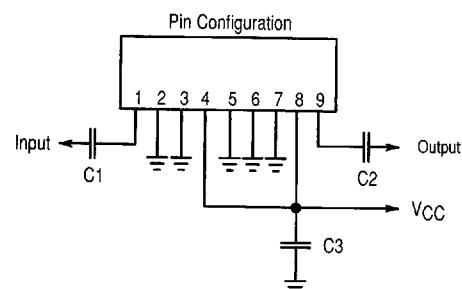
**Figure 2. 3-Tone TV Intermodulation Test**



$C_{1,2,3,4} \geq 0.01 \mu\text{F}$  (chip)  
 $R = 200 \text{ Ohms, 1 Watt}$

**CA4800C (Case 714P-03, Style 2)**  
**CA4800CS (Case 714T-03, Style 1)**

**Figure 3. External Connections**



$C_{1,2,3} \geq 0.01 \mu\text{F}$  (chip)

**CA4812C, CA4815C (Case 714P-03, Style 3)**  
**CA4812CS, CA4815CS (Case 714T-03, Style 2)**

**Figure 4. External Connections**