



元耀科技股份有限公司

YENYO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

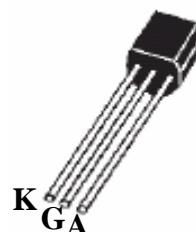
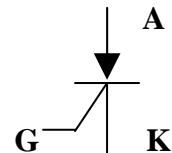
MCR100 Series

## 0.8A SCRs

Sensitive Gate / Silicon Controlled Rectifiers

## Main features

Symbol	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	0.8A	A
$V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}$	400 and 600	V
$I_{GT(Q1)}$	200	uA



TO92

## DESCRIPTION

These devices are intended to be interfaced directly to microcontrollers, logic integrated circuits and other low power gate trigger circuits.

Weight : 0.22 gram

## Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current ( 180° conduction angle )	0.8	A
$I_{TSM}$	Non repetitive surge on-state current ( 1/2 Cycle, Sine Wave , $T_j$ initial=25°C )	7	A
	$F = 50\text{Hz}$ $t = 10\text{ms}$	8	
$I^2t$	$I^2t$ Value for fusing	0.24	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$dI/dt$	Critical rate of rise of on-state current $I_G = 10\text{mA}$ $di_G = 0.1\text{A/us}$	30	$\text{A/us}$
$I_{GM}$	Peak gate current	1	A
$P_{G(AV)}$	Average gate power dissipation	0.1	W
$T_{stg}$ $T_j$	Storage junction temperature range Operating junction temperature range	-40 to +150 -40 to +110	°C

**Electrical characteristics ( $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)**

Symbol	Test conditions	MCR100-			Unit
		6S	6	8	
$V_{\text{DRM}}, V_{\text{RRM}}$		400	400	600	V
$I_{\text{GT}}(1)$	$V_D = 7\text{V}$ $R_L = 100 \text{ ohm}$	MAX.	25	200	200
$V_{\text{GT}}$		MAX.	0.8		V
$I_H(2)$	$I_T = 50 \text{ mA}$ $R_{\text{GK}} = 1\text{k}\Omega$	MAX.	5		mA
$I_L$	$I_G = 1\text{mA}$ $R_{\text{GK}} = 1\text{k}\Omega$	MAX.	10		mA
$dV/dt(2)$	$V_D = 67\% V_{\text{DRM}}$ $R_{\text{GK}} = 1\text{k}\Omega$ $T_j = 110^\circ\text{C}$	MIN.	80	75	V/us

**Static characteristics**

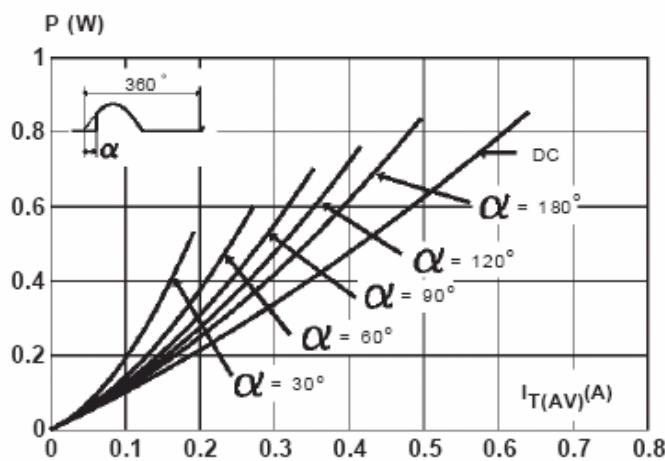
Symbol	Test conditions			Value	Unit
$V_T(2)$	$I_{\text{TM}} = 1\text{A}$	$t_p = 380 \text{ us}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.7	V
$I_{\text{DRM}}$ $I_{\text{RRM}}$	$V_{\text{DRM}}=V_{\text{RRM}}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	MAX.	10	uA
		$T_j = 110^\circ\text{C}$		0.1	mA

**Thermal resistance**

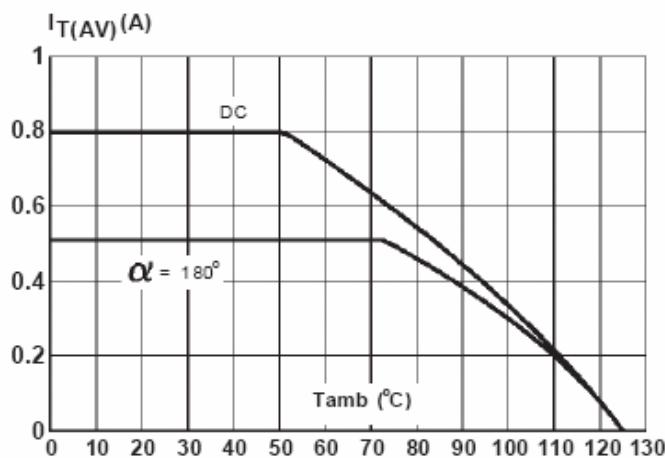
Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{\text{th(j-l)}}$	Junction to lead for DC	80	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\text{th(j-a)}}$	Junction to ambient	150	$^\circ\text{C/W}$



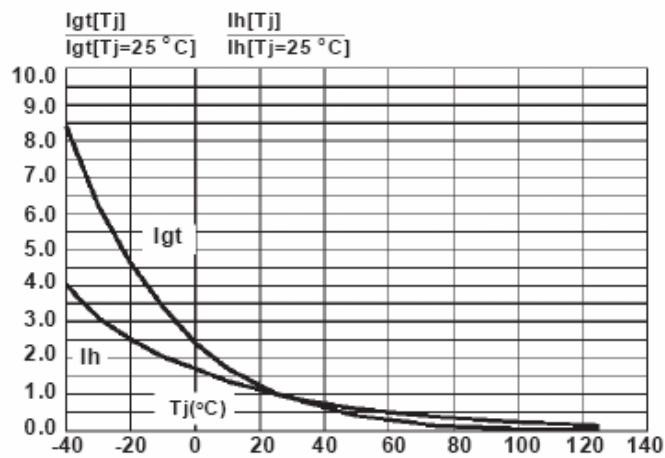
**Fig.1** : Maximum average power dissipation versus average on-state current.



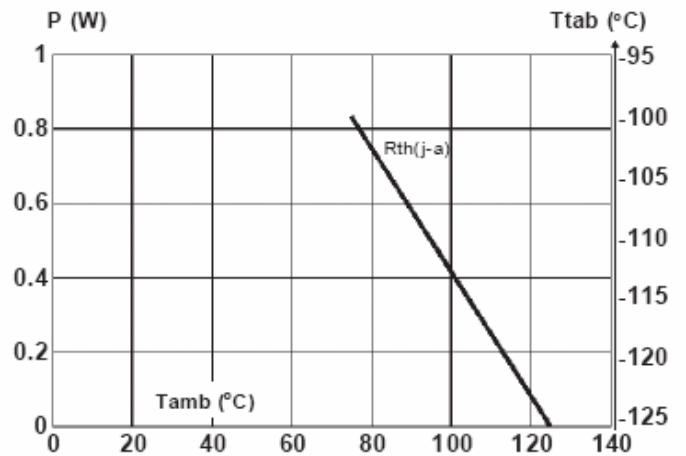
**Fig.3** : Average on-state current versus tab temperature.



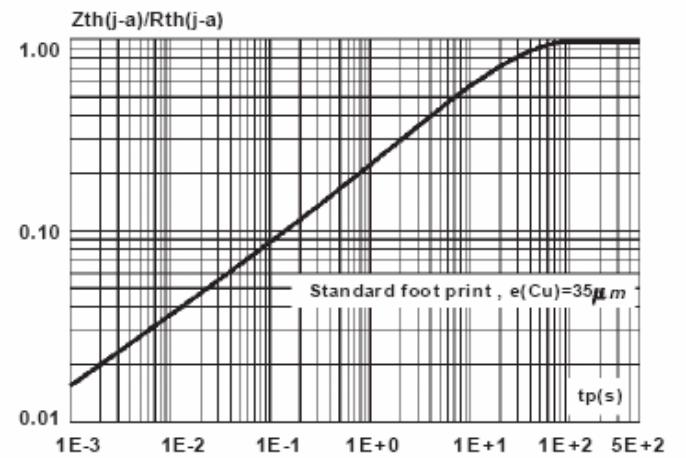
**Fig.5** : Relative variation of gate trigger current and holding current versus junction temperature.



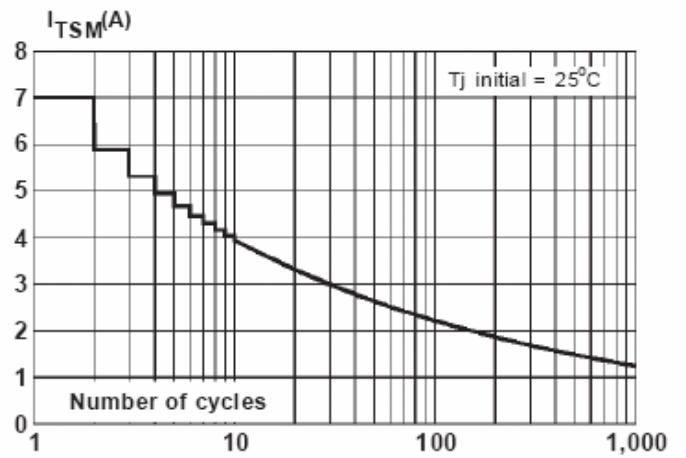
**Fig.2** : Correlation between maximum average power dissipation and maximum allowable temperature (Tamb and Ttab).



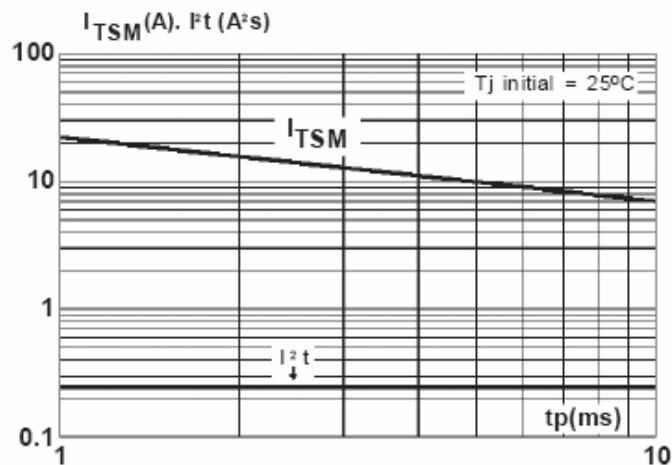
**Fig.4** : Relative variation of thermal impedance junction to ambient versus pulse duration.



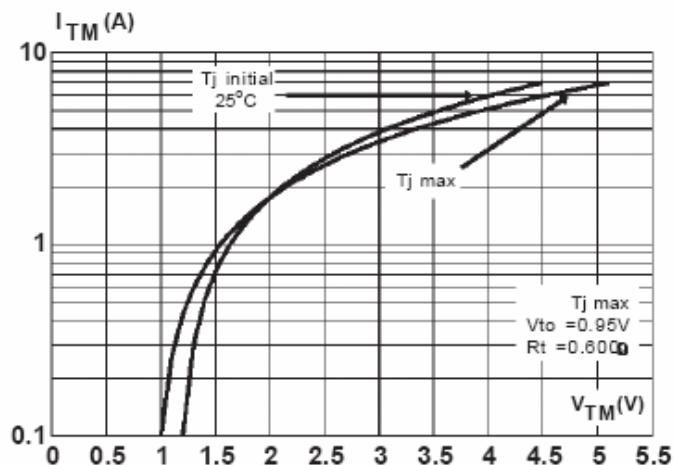
**Fig.6** : Non repetitive surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles.



**Fig.7** : Non repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width :  $t_p \geq 10\text{ms}$ , and corresponding value of  $I^2t$ .



**Fig.8** : On-state characteristics (maximum values).



**Fig.9** : Relative variation of holding current versus gate-cathode resistance (typical values).

