

Am8127

AmZ8000 Clock Generator

DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS

- High-drive high-level clock output**
 Special output provides clock signal matched to requirements of AmZ8000* CPU (4MHz and some 6MHz applications), MMU and DMA devices.
- Synchronized WAIT state and time-out controls**
 On-chip logic generates WAIT signal under control of Halt, Single-step, Status and Ready signals. Automatic time-out of peripheral wait requests.
- Four TTL-level clocks**
 Generates synchronized TTL compatible clocks at 16MHz, 2MHz and 1MHz to drive memory circuits and LSI peripheral devices. An additional TTL clock is synchronized with the CPU high-level clock for registers, latches and other peripherals.

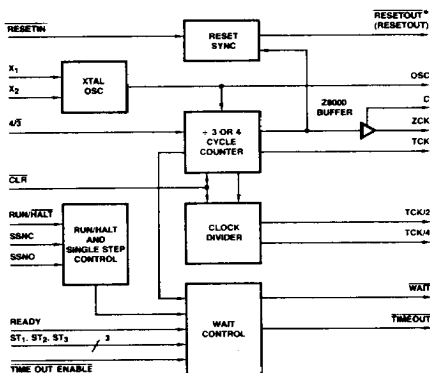
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Am8127 Clock Generator and Controller provides the clock oscillator, frequency dividers and clock drivers for the complete array of AmZ8000 CPUs, peripherals and memory system configurations. In addition to the special 4MHz output driver for the AmZ8001* and AmZ8002* CPUs, a standard buffered TTL 16MHz oscillator output is provided for a dynamic memory timing and control. In addition to 4MHz applications, the Am8127 will also function in some 6MHz Z8000 applications. The Am8127 forms an integral part of the dynamic memory support chip set including the Am8163 EDC and Refresh Controller, Am2964 Dynamic Memory Controller, Am2960 Error Detection and Correction Unit and Am2961/Am2962 EDC Bus Buffers. The oscillator is designed to operate with a 16MHz crystal or with external 16MHz drive. The Am8127 uses an internal divide-by-4 to provide 4MHz clock drive to the AmZ8001/AmZ8002 CPU. Additional dividers generate synchronous buffered 4, 2 and 1MHz clock outputs for use by peripheral devices. The clock divider counters are clearable to allow synchronization of the multiple clock outputs.

The controller functions include **RESET**, **RUN/HALT**, **SINGLE-STEP**, **READY** and a **READY TIMEOUT** counter which limits a peripheral's wait request to 16 clock cycles. The CPU's **WAIT** input is controlled by **RUN/HALT**, **Single-Step**, **Status** and **READY**. When **RUN/HALT** is LOW the Am8127 drives the **WAIT** output LOW causing the CPU to add wait states (TW). The **READY** input is used by peripherals to request wait states. The active LOW input timeout enable, **TOEN**, is used to force **TIME-OUT** LOW and **WAIT** HIGH 16 clock cycles after a peripheral has requested a wait but fails to release the request. The CPU status lines **ST₁**, **ST₂** and **ST₃** are decoded in the Am8127 to disable the **TIMEOUT** counter during CPU "Internal Operations" and during refresh.

The 4/3 input controls the clock duty cycle. An internal pull-up resistor pulls this input high for AmZ8000 CPUs. A LOW input causes the cycle counter to output a 33% duty cycle.

BLOCK DIAGRAM CLOCK GENERATOR



BD001370

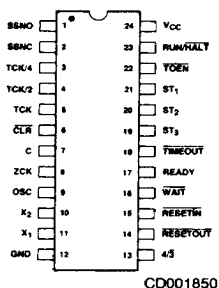
*RESETOUT is active LOW when 4/3 = HIGH

*Z8000, Z8001 and Z8002 are trademarks of Zilog, Inc.

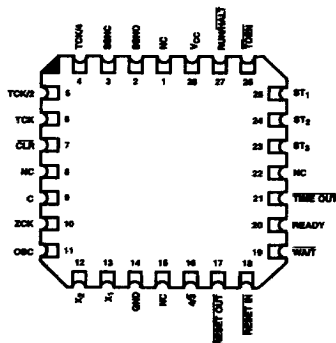
03432C

CONNECTION DIAGRAM Top View

Leadless Chip Carrier



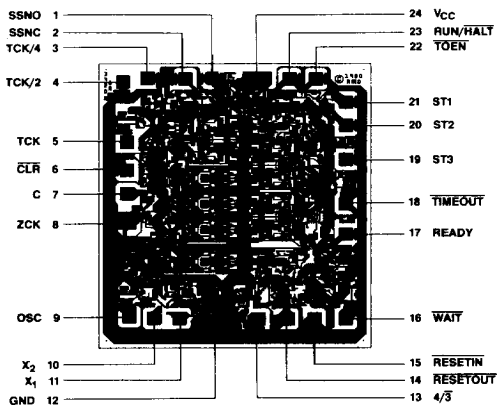
CD001850



CD004890

24 Pin 0.3" wide
Pin 1 is marked for orientation

METALLIZATION AND PAD LAYOUT



DIE SIZE 0.098" x 0.088"

ORDERING INFORMATION

AMD products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number is formed by a combination of the following: Device number, speed option (if applicable), package type, operating range and screening option (if desired).

Am8127

D

C

B

Screening Option
Blank - Standard processing
B - Burn-in

Temperature (See Operating Range)
C - Commercial (0°C to +70°C)
M - Military (-55°C to +125°C)

Package
D - 24-pin Ceramic SLIMDIP (D-24-SLIM)
L - 28-pin Leadless Chip Carrier (L-28-1)
X - Dice

Device type
AmZ8000 Clock Generator

Valid Combinations

Am8127

DC, DCB, DM,
DMB
LC, LCB, LM,
LMB
XC, XM

Valid Combinations

Consult the AMD sales office in your area to determine if a device is currently available in the combination you wish.

11

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Name	I/O	Description
8	ZCK	O	Buffered clock output for CPU and peripherals. This output has under/overshoot control and provides the high level output voltage required ($V_{CC} - 0.4V$). This output is capable of driving multiple CPU clock inputs (or DMA, MMU, etc).
7	C	I	Bootstrap input. The capacitor C_B is connected from the ZCK clock output to C to provide faster ZCK risetime.
5	TCK	O	TTL level buffered clock output. TCK is the same frequency as ZCK and is synchronized with ZCK. TCK is in phase with ZCK when the 4/3 duty cycle control input is HIGH (50% duty cycle) and out of phase with ZCK when 4/3 is LOW (33% ZCK duty cycle).
3, 4	TCK/2, TCK/4	O	TTL buffered clocks for peripherals. TCK/2 and TCK/4 are 1/2 and 1/4 the TCK frequency and are synchronized with the rising edge of TCK.
9	OSC	O	The clock oscillator TTL buffered output. This output provides a high speed clock for dynamic memory timing (e.g. AmZ8000 uses this output to generate RAS/MUX-Select/CAS timing for dynamic RAMs) or other system application. The ZCK and TCK outputs are synchronized to the OSC rising edge.
13	4/3	I	Clock duty cycle control for ZCK and TCK. A HIGH input (no connection – input has internal pull-up) will result in a 50% duty cycle for AmZ8000 application. A LOW input will cause a 33% duty cycle ZCK output.
6	CLR	I	The clear active LOW input for internal counters. A LOW input meeting set-up and hold time requirements will clear the internal clock counters on the rising edge of OSC.
16	WAIT	O	The WAIT output for connection to the CPU WAIT input. This latched output controls when the CPU enters wait states in response to the READY, ST ₁ , ST ₂ , ST ₃ , RUN/HALT and Single Step inputs.
17	READY	I	The active HIGH READY input is used by peripherals to request wait states. Ready inputs must meet the wait latch set-up and hold time requirements.
18	TIMEOUT	O	The Timeout Counter active LOW output. The Timeout Counter counts ZCK/TCK clock cycles and is used to force WAIT HIGH 15 clock cycles after a peripheral has requested a wait but has failed to release the request. This output is normally used to interrupt the CPU.
22	TOEN	I	The Timeout Enable active LOW input. A LOW input allows the Timeout Counter to count, causes the TIMEOUT output to go LOW for one ZCK/TCK clock period after 15 cycles and forces WAIT HIGH at the rising edge of the 16th cycle. A HIGH input disables the counter and allows WAIT to be controlled by the READY, RUN/HALT and Single Step inputs.
14	RESET- OUT (RESET- OUT)	O	The Reset Output to the CPU. It is active LOW when the 4/3 input is HIGH and active HIGH when the 4/3 input is LOW.
15	RESETIN	I	The active LOW Reset input. A LOW input will cause RESETOUT to go LOW synchronous with ZCK. Pushbutton reset is implemented by momentarily grounding RESETIN. Power-up reset is implemented by connecting a capacitor from RESETIN to ground. Capacitor values from 10 μ F to 22 μ F will provide a power-up of less than one second.
23	RUN/ HALT	I	A debounced input to allow halt and Single Step control modes. A HIGH input allows the CPU to run. A LOW input forces the WAIT output LOW causing the CPU to enter continuous wait states until the ZCK period after RUN/HALT is returned to HIGH.
1	SSNO, SSNC	I	Single Step control inputs. These debounced input allow the CPU to Single Step from one wait state to the next by momentarily disconnecting SSNC from ground and grounding SSNO. RUN/HALT must be LOW for Single Step operation.
19, 20, 21	ST ₁ , ST ₂ , ST ₃	I	Status inputs from AmZ8000 CPU's and peripherals. Continuous LOW inputs indicate that the CPU is executing "internal operation" or "refresh." During this time the time out is disabled to avoid signaling an inappropriate interrupt. The status inputs are subject to the set-up and hold time requirements of the WAIT latch.
10, 11	X ₁ , X ₂	I	External crystal connections (see application section). X ₁ may be driven directly by a TTL input.

*RESETOUT is active LOW when 4/3 = HIGH.

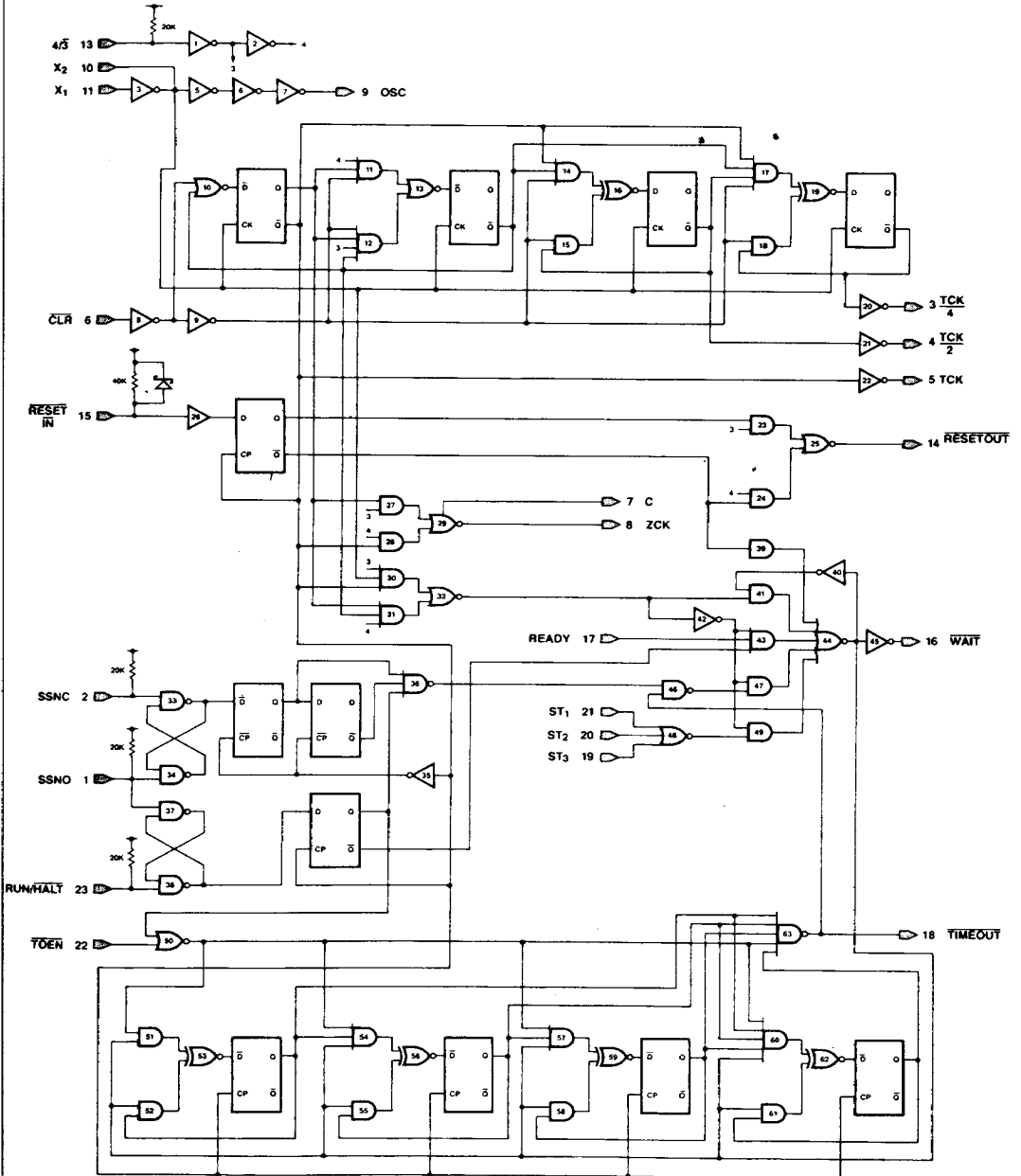
TYPICAL CRYSTAL SPEC

Mode	Fundamental AT cut
Resonance	Parallel or Series
Load	32pF (Net of 56pF C's shown + stray C)
Stability	$\pm 0.01\%$ (or to user requirement)

WAIT, TIMEOUT FUNCTION TABLE

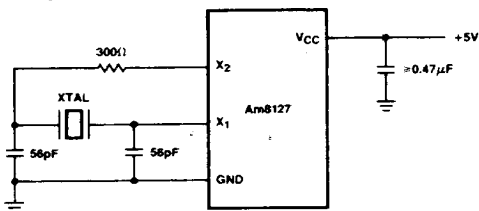
RUN/HALT	SSNC	ST ₃ ST ₂ ST ₁	READY	TOEN	TIMEOUT COUNTER	TIMEOUT	WAIT
H	X	L L L	H	X	Cleared	H	H
		L L L	L	X	Cleared	H	H
		Any ST _i = H	H	L	Cleared	H	H
			L	H	Hold	H	L
			L	L	Count + 1 on ZCK 	H until 16 clocks after ready  , then LOW one ZCK period	L until 16 clocks after ready  , then HIGH one ZCK period
L	L	X	X	X	Hold	H	L
	H						HIGH one ZCK period

BLOCK DIAGRAM



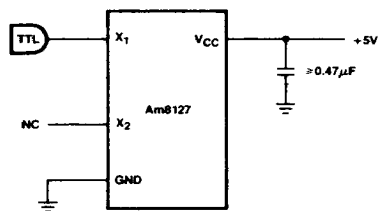
BD001560

CRYSTAL CONTROLLED OSCILLATOR



DF000380

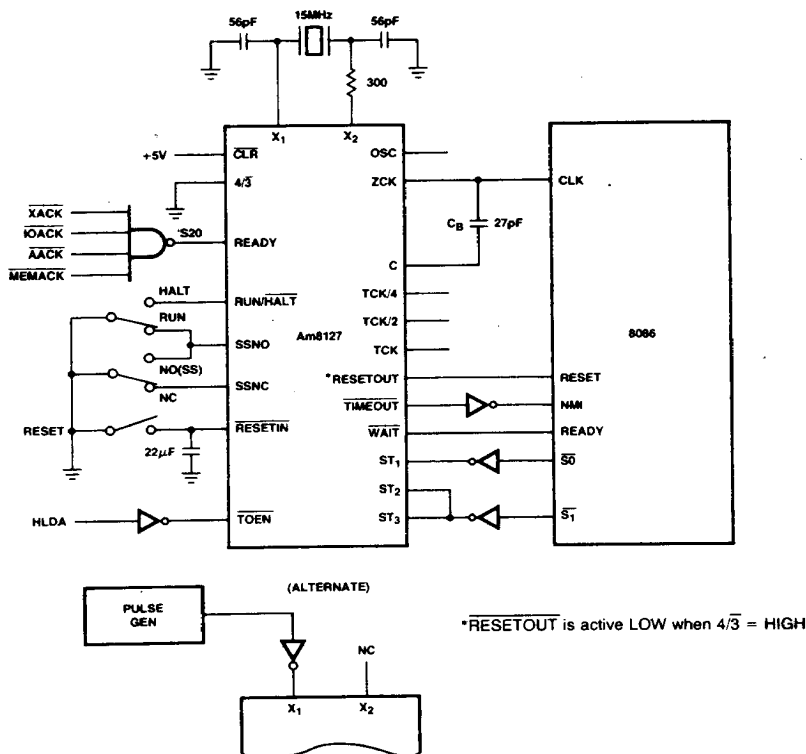
EXTERNAL CLOCK DRIVE



DF000370

AmZ8000 APPLICATION

(50% Duty Cycle ZCK)



*RESETOUT is active LOW when 4/3 = HIGH

DF000350

The typical operating configuration for Am8127 is shown above. The component values shown provide a 4MHz clock output for the AmZ8002 CPU. The 27pF capacitor from C to ZCK is a bootstrap to ensure clock rise to $V_{CC} - 0.4V$ within

the specified rise time. The 22μF reset capacitor is chosen to guarantee reset, plus adequate delay for reset during power-up with a slowly rising V_{CC} supply voltage. Ground SSNO if RUN/HALT or S-S isn't used.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature -65°C to +150°C
 Temperature (Ambient) Under Bias -55°C to +125°C
 Supply Voltage to Ground Potential
 (Pin 24 to Pin 12) Continuous -0.5V to +7.0V
 DC Voltage Applied to Outputs For
 High Output State -0.5V to +V_{CC} max
 DC Input Voltage
 X₁, 4/3, SSNO, SSNC, RUN/ HALT -0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5V
 Other Inputs -0.5V to +5.5V
 DC Voltage Applied to C₁ -0.5V to +8V
 DC Output Current, Into Outputs 30mA
 DC Input Current -30mA to +5.0mA

Stresses above those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Temperature 0°C to +70°C

Supply Voltage +4.75V to +5.25V

Military (M) Devices

Temperature -55°C to +125°C

Supply Voltage +4.5V to +5.5V

Operating ranges define those limits over which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

DC CHARACTERISTICS over operating range unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Description		Test Conditions (Note 1)		Min	Typ (Note 2)	Max	Units
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	V _{CC} = MIN	ZCK	I _{OH} = -0.1mA	V _{CC} -0.4	V _{CC} -0.1		Volts
			TTL Outputs	I _{OH} = -1mA	2.4	3.4		Volts
				I _{OH} = -2.6mA				Volts
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	V _{CC} = MIN	I _{OL} = 0.1mA, ZCK Output				0.4	Volts
			I _{OL} = 16mA, TTL Output				0.5	Volts
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Level	Guaranteed input HIGH Voltage	RESETIN		2.8	2.25		Volts
V _{IL}	Input LOW Level	Guaranteed input LOW Voltage	ST ₁ , ST ₂ , ST ₃ , CLR, TOEN, X ₁ , READY		2.0			Volts
V _I	Input Clamp Voltage	V _{CC} = MIN, I _{IN} = -18mA (Note 3)					-1.5	Volts
V _{IN} -V _{IL}	RESETIN Hysteresis	V _{CC} = MIN			400	650		mV
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current	V _{CC} = MAX, V _{IN} = 0.4V	SSNO				-1.6	mA
			SSNC, 4/3, RUN/HALT, READY				-1.2	mA
			TOEN, CLR, X ₁				-0.72	mA
			RESETIN, ST ₁ , ST ₂ , ST ₃				-0.36	mA
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current	V _{CC} = MAX, V _{IN} = 2.7V	4/3, SSNC, SSNO RUN/HALT			(Note 4)	-300	μA
			RESETIN			(Note 4)	-200	μA
			CLR, READY, TOEN ST ₁ , ST ₂ , ST ₃				+50	μA
			X ₁				+600	μA
I _I	Input HIGH Current	V _{CC} = MAX, V _{IN} = 5.5V	CLR, READY, TOEN ST ₁ , ST ₂ , ST ₃				+1.0	mA
I _{SC}	Output Short Circuit Current (Note 5)	V _{CC} = MAX	ZCK Output		-50		-240	mA
			Others		-40		-130	mA
I _{CC}	Power Supply Current	V _{CC} = MAX	X ₁ = 2.4V, ZCK = TCK's = LOW			95	140	mA
			Operating, f _{OSC} ≤ 24MHz (Note 6)			120	180	

- Notes: 1. For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under Operating Range for the applicable device type.
 2. Typical limits are at V_{CC} = 5.0V, 25°C ambient and maximum loading.
 3. Not applicable to X₁.
 4. Specification is negative because of internal input pull-up resistors.
 5. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time. Duration of the short circuit test should not exceed one second.
 6. For oscillator frequencies up to 24MHz, outputs open.

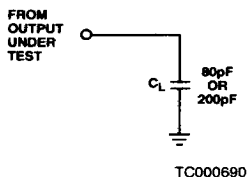
STATIC INPUT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The static control inputs, SSNO, SSNC (Single Step), RUN/HALT and 4/3 (clock duty cycle control), are Low-Power Schottky TTI compatible inputs with internal pull-up resistors

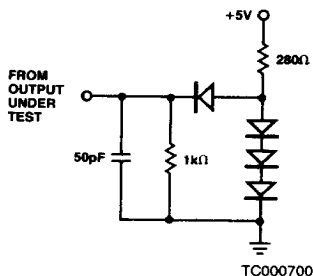
to the +5V supply. They may be left open for a HIGH input (e.g., 4/3 is left open for operation with AmZ8001/8002), or grounded for a LOW input. SSNO, SSNC and RUN/HALT are intended to be grounded or opened by switches. 4/3 is normally left open for AmZ8001/8002. These inputs are specified at 0.4V/2.4V for test convenience.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Units
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed HIGH input voltage	RUN HALT, SSNO	2.4			Volts
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed LOW input voltage	SSNC, 4/3			0.4	Volts

SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT



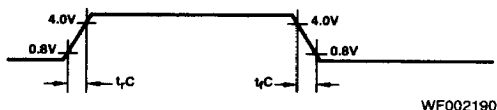
ZCK Output



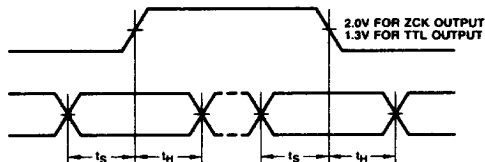
TTL Outputs

SWITCHING TEST WAVEFORMS

ZCK RISE AND FALL TIMES

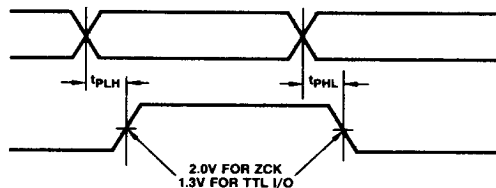


SET-UP AND HOLD TIMES



WF001900

PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES



WF001890

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS —OSCILLATOR, WAIT AND ZCK OUTPUT

(TA = +25°C, VCC = 5.0V)

Parameters	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
fMAX	Oscillator Frequency	See Test Circuits (Note 7)	24			MHz
trC	ZCK Rise Time	ZCK CL = 80pF (Note 8)		9	14	ns
tfC	ZCK Fall Time			7.6	11	ns
trC	ZCK Rise Time	ZCK CL = 200pF (Note 8)		15.4	20	ns
tfC	ZCK Fall Time			14.0	20	ns
tPLH	READY to WAIT	See Test Circuits		8	14	ns
tPHL	READY to WAIT			11.5	16	ns
tPLH	Status STi to WAIT			13	17	ns
tPHL	Status STi to WAIT			17.2	21	ns
ts	CLR to OSC () Setup Time			15	18	ns
th	CLR to OSC () Hold Time			-11	-6	ns

Notes: 7. Specification is based on fundamental mode crystal. See application section.

8. ZCK rise and fall times are based on a bootstrap capacitor value of 27pF.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS — $4/\bar{3}$ = HIGH (AmZ8000 Mode)(T_A = +25°C, V_{CC} = 5.0V)

Parameters	Description		Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t _s	READY to ZCK Set-up Time	(Note 9)	See Test Circuits ZCK C _L = 80pF	T/4 + 10	T/4 + 4.5		ns
t _H	READY to ZCK Hold Time			T/4 + 2	T/4		ns
t _s	Status ST _i to ZCK Set-up Time			T/4 + 12	T/4 + 9.5		ns
t _H	Status ST _i to ZCK Hold Time			T/4 - 3	T/4 - 7.5		ns
t _s	TOEN to ZCK Set-up Time	30		22		ns	
t _H	TOEN to ZCK Hold Time	-10		-16		ns	
t _{SKEW}	ZCK to OSC	3		6	10	ns	
t _{SKEW}	ZCK to TCK	0		4.0	7	ns	
t _{PLH}	ZCK to RESET OUT Propagation Delay				9.0	13	ns
t _{PHL}					4	8	ns

Note: 9. T = ZCK period.

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE —
OSCILLATOR, WAIT AND ZCK OUTPUTS***

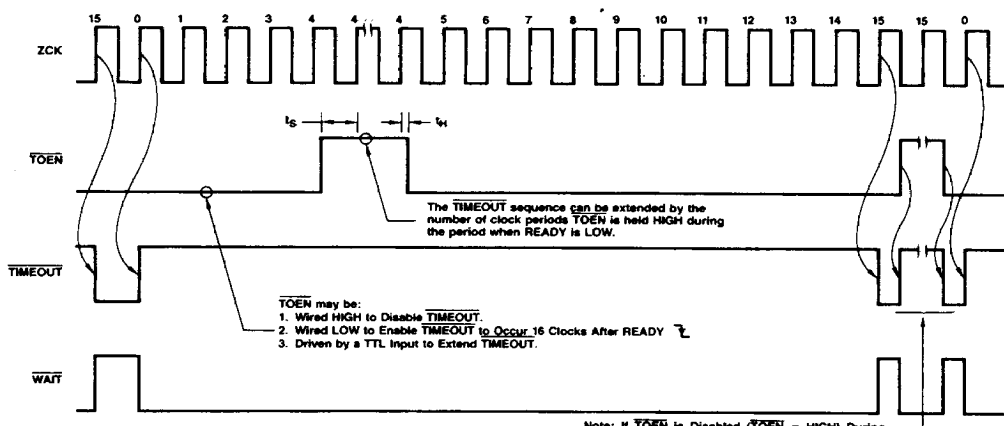
Parameters	Description		Test Conditions	COMMERCIAL			MILITARY			Units
				Min	Max 0°C 70°C		Min	Max -55°C 125°C		
t _{MAX}	Oscillator Frequency		(Note 7)	24			24			MHz
t _{rC}	ZCK Rise Time	C _L = 80pF	C _L = 80pF (Note 8)		15	15		20	15	ns
t _{fC}	ZCK Fall Time				14	14		20	14	ns
t _{rC}	ZCK Rise Time	C _L = 200pF	C _L = 200pF (Note 8)		25	20		32	20	ns
t _{fC}	ZCK Fall Time				25	20		32	20	ns
t _{PLH}	READY to WAIT Propagation Delay		See Test Circuits		17	17		19	19	ns
t _{PHL}					19	19		19	19	ns
t _{PLH}	Status ST _i to WAIT Propagation Delay				20	20		22	22	ns
t _{PHL}					25	25		25	25	ns
t _s	CLR to OSC () Setup Time			21			30			ns
t _h	CLR to OSC () Hold Time			-3			0			ns

*AC performance over the operating temperature range is guaranteed by testing defined in Group A, Subgroup 9.

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE —
 $4/\bar{3}$ = HIGH (AmZ8000 Mode)**

Parameters	Description	Test Conditions	COMMERCIAL		MILITARY		Units
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _s	READY to ZCK Setup Time	See Test Circuits ZCK, C _L = 80pF	T/4 + 14		T/4 + 17		ns
t _h	READY to ZCK Hold Time		T/4 + 5		T/4 + 5		ns
t _s	Status ST _i to ZCK Setup Time		T/4 + 15		T/4 + 20		ns
t _h	Status ST _i to ZCK Hold Time		T/4		T/4 + 5		ns
t _s	TOEN to ZCK Setup Time		35		40		ns
t _h	TOEN to ZCK Hold Time		-5		0		ns
t _{sKEW}	ZCK to OSC Skew		2	14	2	17	ns
t _{sKEW}	ZCK to TCK Skew		-2	10	-2	14	ns
t _{PLH}	ZCK to RESETOUT Propagation Delay			16		20	ns
t _{PHL}				16		20	ns

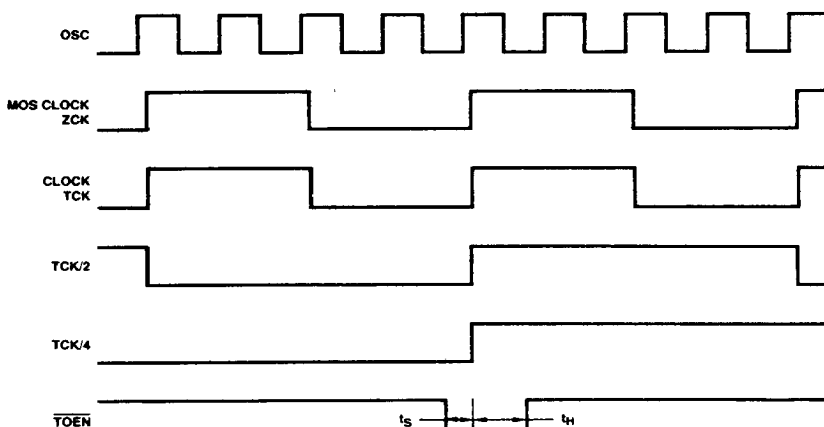
TIMEOUT COUNTER TIMING



Note: If TOEN is Disabled (TOEN = HIGH) During TIMEOUT (TIMEOUT = LOW) the TIMEOUT Signal will be Shortened. Also a Double Pulse will Occur. This Situation is Avoided by Synchronizing the TOEN Input to CLK or Avoiding Controlling TOEN During Count 15.

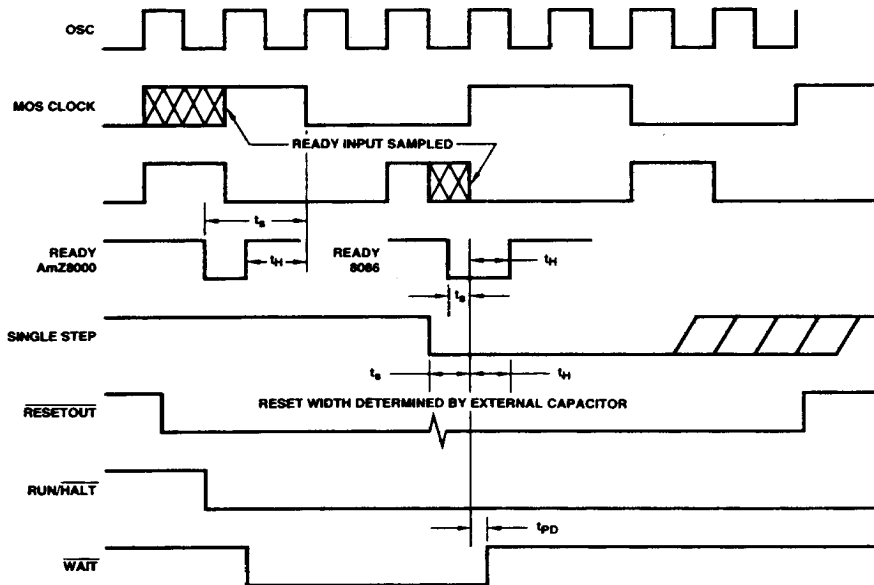
WF002020

Am8127 CLOCK OUTPUTS DIVIDE BY 4 MODE (AmZ8000)



WF002030

Am8127 READY, WAIT, RESET, AND SINGLE STEP



WF002010