

GAL26CV12

High Performance E²CMOS PLD Generic Array Logic™

FEATURES

HIGH PERFORMANCE E²CMOS® TECHNOLOGY

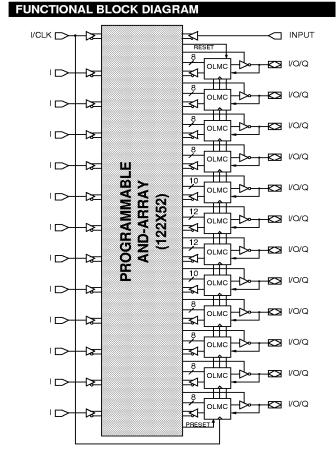
- 7.5 ns Maximum Propagation Delay
- -- Fmax = 142.8 MHz
- 4.5ns Maximum from Clock Input to Data Output
- TTL Compatible 16 mA Outputs
- UltraMOS® Advanced CMOS Technology
- ACTIVE PULL-UPS ON ALL PINS
- LOW POWER CMOS
- 90 mA Typical Icc
- E2 CELL TECHNOLOGY
- Reconfigurable Logic
- Reprogrammable Cells
- 100% Tested/100% Yields
- High Speed Electrical Erasure (<100ms)
- 20 Year Data Retention
- TWELVE OUTPUT LOGIC MACROCELLS
 - Uses Standard 22V10 Macrocells
- Maximum Flexibility for Complex Logic Designs
- PRELOAD AND POWER-ON RESET OF REGISTERS
 - 100% Functional Testability
- · APPLICATIONS INCLUDE:
 - DMA Control
- State Machine Control
- High Speed Graphics Processing
- Standard Logic Speed Upgrade
- ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE FOR IDENTIFICATION

DESCRIPTION

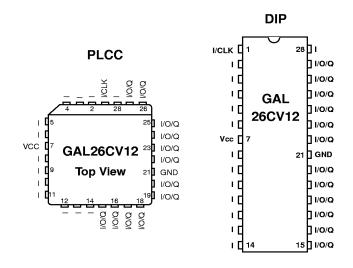
The GAL26CV12, at 7.5 ns maximum propagation delay time, combines a high performance CMOS process with Electrically Erasable (E²) floating gate technology to provide the highest performance 28-pin PLD available on the market. E² technology offers high speed (<100ms) erase times, providing the ability to reprogram or reconfigure the device quickly and efficiently.

Expanding upon the industry standard 22V10 architecture, the GAL26CV12 eliminates the learning curve typically associated with using a new device architecture. The generic architecture provides maximum design flexibility by allowing the Output Logic Macrocell (OLMC) to be configured by the user. The GAL26CV12 OLMC is fully compatible with the OLMC in standard bipolar and CMOS 22V10 devices.

Unique test circuitry and reprogrammable cells allow complete AC, DC, and functional testing during manufacture. As a result, Lattice Semiconductor delivers100% field programmability and functionality of all GAL products. In addition, 100 erase/write cycles and data retention in excess of 20 years are specified.



PIN CONFIGURATION



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July 1997



GAL26CV12 ORDERING INFORMATION

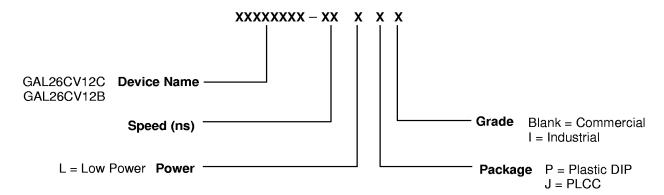
Commercial Grade Specifications

Tpd (ns)	Tsu (ns)	Tco (ns)	Icc (mA)	Ordering #	Package
7.5	6	4.5	130	GAL26CV12C-7LP	28-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL26CV12C-7LJ	28-Lead PLCC
10	7	7	130	GAL26CV12C-10LP	28-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL26CV12C-10LJ	28-Lead PLCC
			130	GAL26CV12B-10LP	28-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL26CV12B-10LJ	28-Lead PLCC
15	10	8	130	GAL26CV12C-15LP	28-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL26CV12C-15LJ	28-Lead PLCC
			130	GAL26CV12B-15LP	28-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL26CV12B-15LJ	28-Lead PLCC
20	12	12	130	GAL26CV12B-20LP	28-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL26CV12B-20LJ	28-Lead PLCC

Industrial Grade Specifications

Tpd (ns)	Tsu (ns)	Tco (ns)	Icc (mA)	Ordering #	Package
10	7	7	150	GAL26CV12C-10LPI	28-Pin Plastic DIP
			150	GAL26CV12C-10LJI	28-Lead PLCC
15	10	8	150	GAL26CV12C-15LPI	28-Pin Plastic DIP
			150	GAL26CV12C-15LJI	28-Lead PLCC
			150	GAL26CV12B-15LPI	28-Pin Plastic DIP
			150	GAL26CV12B-15LJI	28-Lead PLCC
20	12	12	150	GAL26CV12B-20LPI	28-Pin Plastic DIP
			150	GAL26CV12B-20LJI	28-Lead PLCC

PART NUMBER DESCRIPTION





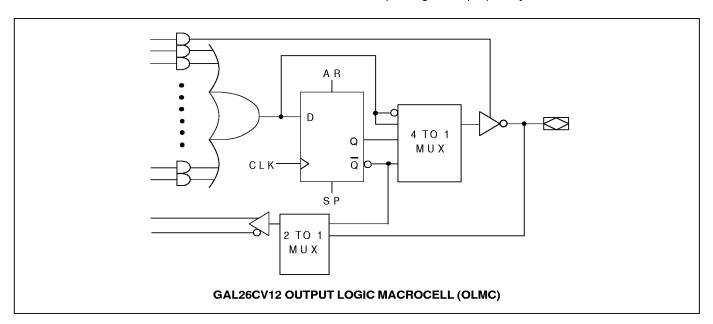
OUTPUT LOGIC MACROCELL (OLMC)

The GAL26CV12 has a variable number of product terms per OLMC. Of the twelve available OLMCs, two OLMCs have access to twelve product terms (pins 20 and 22), two have access to ten product terms (pins 19 and 23), and the other eight OLMCs have eight product terms each. In addition to the product terms available for logic, each OLMC has an additional product term dedicated to output enable control.

The output polarity of each OLMC can be individually programmed to be true or inverting, in either combinatorial or registered mode. This allows each output to be individually configured as either active high or active low.

The GAL26CV12 has a product term for Asynchronous Reset (AR) and a product term for Synchronous Preset (SP). These two product terms are common to all registered OLMCs. The Asynchronous Reset sets all registered outputs to zero any time this dedicated product term is asserted. The Synchronous Preset sets all registers to a logic one on the rising edge of the next clock pulse after this product term is asserted.

NOTE: The AR and SP product terms will force the Q output of the flip-flop into the same state regardless of the polarity of the output. Therefore, a reset operation, which sets the register output to a zero, may result in either a high or low at the output pin, depending on the pin polarity chosen.



OUTPUT LOGIC MACROCELL CONFIGURATIONS

Each of the Macrocells of the GAL26CV12 has two primary functional modes: registered, and combinatorial I/O. The modes and the output polarity are set by two bits (SO and S1), which are normally controlled by the logic compiler. Each of these two primary modes, and the bit settings required to enable them, are described below and on the the following page.

REGISTERED

In registered mode the output pin associated with an individual OLMC is driven by the Q output of that OLMC's D-type flip-flop. Logic polarity of the output signal at the pin may be selected by specifying that the output buffer drive either true (active high) or inverted (active low). Output tri-state control is available as an individual product term for each OLMC, and can therefore be defined by a logic equation. The D flip-flop's /Q output is fed back into the AND array, with both the true and complement of the feedback available as inputs to the AND array.

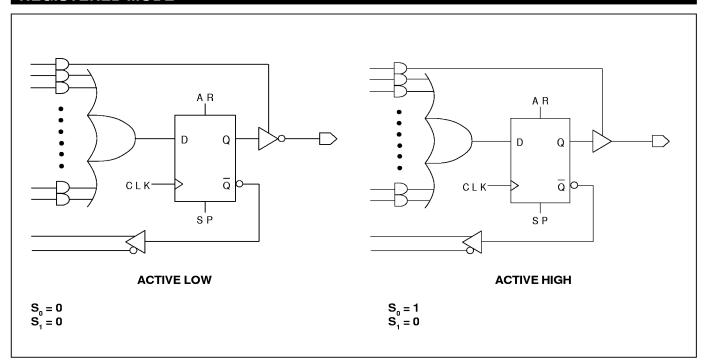
NOTE: In registered mode, the feedback is from the /Q output of the register, and not from the pin; therefore, a pin defined as registered is an output only, and cannot be used for dynamic I/O, as can the combinatorial pins.

COMBINATORIAL I/O

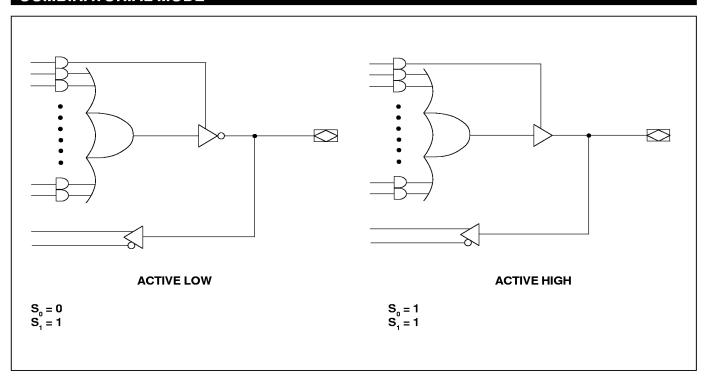
In combinatorial mode the pin associated with an individual OLMC is driven by the output of the sum term gate. Logic polarity of the output signal at the pin may be selected by specifying that the output buffer drive either true (active high) or inverted (active low). Output tri-state control is available as an individual product term for each output, and may be individually set by the compiler as either "on" (dedicated output), "off" (dedicated input), or "product term driven" (dynamic I/O). Feedback into the AND array is from the pin side of the output enable buffer. Both polarities (true and inverted) of the pin are fed back into the AND array.



REGISTERED MODE



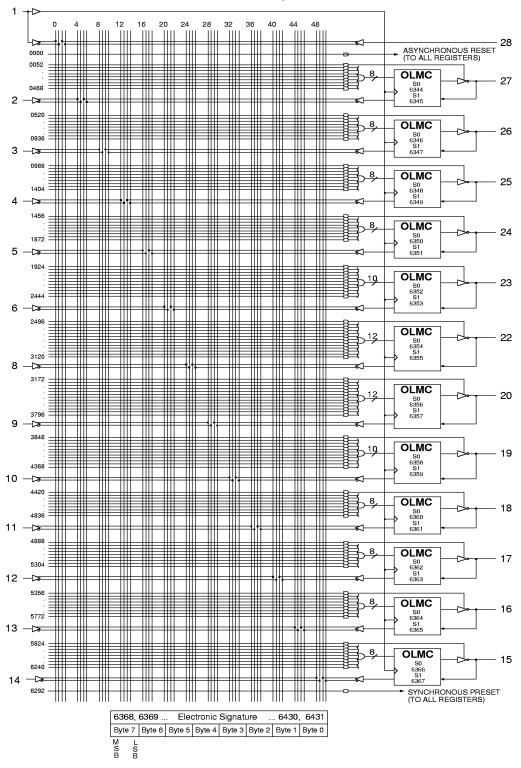
COMBINATORIAL MODE





GAL26CV12 LOGIC DIAGRAM / JEDEC FUSE MAP

DIP & PLCC Package Pinouts





Specifications GAL26CV12C

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

Supply voltage V _{cc}	0.5 to +7V
Input voltage applied	
Off-state output voltage applied.	–2.5 to V _{cc} +1.0V
Storage Temperature	–65 to 150°C
Ambient Temperature with	

Power Applied—55 to 125°C

1. Stresses above those listed under the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress only ratings and functional operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied (while programming, follow the programming specifications).

RECOMMENDED OPERATING COND.

Commercial Devices:

Industrial Devices:

Ambient Temperature (T _A)	—40 to 85°C
Supply voltage (V _{cc})	
with Respect to Ground	+4.5 to +5.5\

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Specified)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.3	MAX.	UNITS
V IL	Input Low Voltage		Vss - 0.5	_	0.8	٧
V IH	Input High Voltage		2.0		Vcc+1	٧
I IL¹	Input or I/O Low Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{IL} (MAX.)$	_	_	-100	μΑ
Іін	Input or I/O High Leakage Current	3.5V ≤ V IN ≤ V CC	_		10	μΑ
V OL	Output Low Voltage	IoL = MAX. Vin = VIL or VIH	_		0.5	٧
V OH	Output High Voltage	IOH = MAX. Vin = VIL or VIH	2.4			V
l OL	Low Level Output Current		_	_	16	mA
І он	High Level Output Current		_	_	-3.2	mA
los ²	Output Short Circuit Current	Vcc = 5V Vout = 0.5V T _A = 25°C	-30	_	-130	mA

COMMERCIAL

Icc	Operating Power	V _{IL} = 0.5V V _{IH} = 3.0V f _{toggle} = 15MHz	L-7/-10/-15	_	90	130	mA
	Supply Current	Outputs Open					

INDUSTRIAL

Icc	Operating Power	V _{IL} = 0.5V V _{IH} = 3.0V f _{toggle} = 15MHz	L-10/-15	_	90	150	mA
	Supply Current	Outputs Open					

¹⁾ The leakage current is due to the internal pull-up on all pins. See Input Buffer section for more information.

²⁾ One output at a time for a maximum duration of one second. Vout = 0.5V was selected to avoid test problems caused by tester ground degradation. Characterized but not 100% tested.

³⁾ Typical values are at Vcc = 5V and TA = 25 °C.



AC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

		CC	OM	CC	ОМ	IND		COM / IND			
PARAM	TEST	DESCRIPTION	-	7	-1	10	-1	0	-1	5	UNITS
PARAIVI	COND.1	DESCRIPTION	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS
t pd	A	Input or I/O to Comb. Output		7.5	3	10	1	10	3	15	ns
t co	Α	Clock to Output Delay	1	4.5	2	7	1	7	2	8	ns
t cf ²	_	Clock to Feedback Delay		2.5		2.5		2.5	_	2.5	ns
t su₁	_	Setup Time, Input or Fdbk before Clk ↑	6	_	7	_	7	_	10	_	ns
t su ₂	_	Setup Time, SP before Clock ↑	6	_	10	_	7	_	10	_	ns
t h	_	Hold Time, Input or Fdbk after Clk ↑	0	_	0		0	_	0		ns
	A	Maximum Clock Frequency with External Feedback, 1/(tsu + tco)	95.2	_	71.4		71.4	_	55.5	_	MHz
f max ³	А	Maximum Clock Frequency with Internal Feedback, 1/(tsu + tcf)	117.6	_	105	_	105	_	80	_	MHz
	А	Maximum Clock Frequency with No Feedback	142.8	_	105		105		83.3	_	MHz
t wh	_	Clock Pulse Duration, High	3.5	_	4	_	4	_	6	_	ns
twi	_	Clock Pulse Duration, Low	3.5	_	4	_	4	_	6	_	ns
t en	В	Input or I/O to Output Enabled	1	7.5	3	10	1	10	3	15	ns
t dis	С	Input or I/O to Output Disabled	1	7.5	3	10	1	9	3	15	ns
t ar	tar A Input or I/O to Asynch. Reset of Reg.		1	9	3	13	1	13	3	20	ns
t arw	tarw — Asynchronous Reset Pulse Duration		7	_	8	_	8	_	10	_	ns
t arr	_	Asynch. Reset to Clk↑ Recovery Time	5	_	8	_	8	_	10	_	ns
t spr	_	Synch. Preset to Clk ↑ Recovery Time	5	_	10		10	_	10	_	ns

- 1) Refer to Switching Test Conditions section.
- 2) Calculated from fmax with internal feedback. Refer to fmax Specification section.
- 3) Refer to fmax Specification section.

CAPACITANCE ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, f = 1.0 MHz)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAXIMUM*	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
C	Input Capacitance	8	рF	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, V_{I} = 2.0V$
C _{I/O}	I/O Capacitance	8	pF	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, V_{I/O} = 2.0V$

^{*}Characterized but not 100% tested.



Specifications GAL26CV12B

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

Supply voltage V _{cc}	–0.5 to +7V
Input voltage applied	$-2.5 \text{ to V}_{CC} + 1.0 \text{V}$
Off-state output voltage applied	. –2.5 to V _{cc} +1.0V
Storage Temperature	–65 to 150°C
Ambient Temperature with	

RECOMMENDED OPERATING COND.

Commercial Devices:

Industrial Devices:

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Specified)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.3	MAX.	UNITS
VIL	Input Low Voltage		Vss - 0.5	_	0.8	V
VIH	Input High Voltage		2.0	_	Vcc+1	V
IIL1	Input or I/O Low Leakage Current	$0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IL} (MAX.)$		_	-100	μΑ
Iн	Input or I/O High Leakage Current	3.5V ≤ V IN ≤ V CC	_	_	10	μΑ
V OL	Output Low Voltage	IoL = MAX. Vin = VIL or VIH	_	_	0.5	V
V OH	Output High Voltage	IOH = MAX. Vin = VIL or VIH	2.4	_	_	V
I OL	Low Level Output Current		_	_	16	mA
І ОН	High Level Output Current		_	_	-3.2	mA
los ²	Output Short Circuit Current	Vcc = 5V Vout = 0.5V T _A = 25°C	-30	_	-130	mA

COMMERCIAL

Icc	Operating Power	V _{IL} = 0.5V V _{IH} = 3.0V f _{toggle} = 15MHz	L-10/-15/-20	_	90	130	mA
	Supply Current	Outputs Open					

INDUSTRIAL

I cc	Operating Power	$\mathbf{V}_{\text{IL}} = 0.5 \text{V}$ $\mathbf{V}_{\text{IH}} = 3.0 \text{V}$ $\mathbf{f}_{\text{toggle}} = 15 \text{MHz}$	L-15/-20	_	90	150	mA	l
	Supply Current	Outputs Open						

¹⁾ The leakage current is due to the internal pull-up on all pins. See Input Buffer section for more information.

²⁾ One output at a time for a maximum duration of one second. Vout = 0.5V was selected to avoid test problems caused by tester ground degradation. Characterized but not 100% tested.

³⁾ Typical values are at Vcc = 5V and T_A = 25 °C.



AC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

			СОМ		COM / IND		COM / IND			
PARAMETER	TEST	DESCRIPTION		-10		-15		-20		
PARAMETER	COND.1			MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	
t pd	Α	Input or I/O to Combinatorial Output	3	10	3	15	3	20	ns	
t co	Α	Clock to Output Delay	2	7	2	8	2	12	ns	
t cf²	_	Clock to Feedback Delay	_	2.5	_	2.5	_	10	ns	
t su₁	_	Setup Time, Input or Feedback before Clock ↑	7	_	10	_	12	_	ns	
t su ₂	_	Setup Time, SP before Clock ↑	10	_	10	_	12	_	ns	
t h		Hold Time, Input or Feedback after Clock ↑	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	
	Α	Maximum Clock Frequency with External Feedback, 1/(tsu + tco)	71.4	_	55.5	_	41.6	_	MHz	
f max³	Α	Maximum Clock Frequency with Internal Feedback, 1/(tsu + tcf)	105	_	80	_	45.4	_	MHz	
	Α	Maximum Clock Frequency with No Feedback	105	_	83.3	_	62.5	_	MHz	
t wh	_	Clock Pulse Duration, High	4	_	6	_	8	_	ns	
twl		Clock Pulse Duration, Low	4	_	6		8	_	ns	
t en	В	Input or I/O to Output Enabled	3	10	3	15	3	20	ns	
t dis	C	Input or I/O to Output Disabled	3	10	3	15	3	20	ns	
t ar	Α	Input or I/O to Asynchronous Reset of Register	3	13	3	20	3	25	ns	
t arw	_	Asynchronous Reset Pulse Duration	8	_	10	_	15	_	ns	
t arr	_	Asynchronous Reset to Clock Recovery Time	8	_	10	_	15	_	ns	
tspr — Synchronous Preset		Synchronous Preset to Clock Recovery Time	10	_	10	_	12	_	ns	

- 1) Refer to Switching Test Conditions section.
- 2) Calculated from fmax with internal feedback. Refer to fmax Specification section.
- 3) Refer to fmax Specification section.

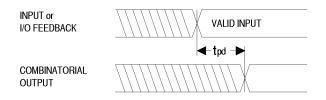
CAPACITANCE ($T_{\Delta} = 25^{\circ}C$, f = 1.0 MHz)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAXIMUM*	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
C,	Input Capacitance	8	pF	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, V_{I} = 2.0V$
C ^{NO}	I/O Capacitance	8	pF	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, V_{I/O} = 2.0V$

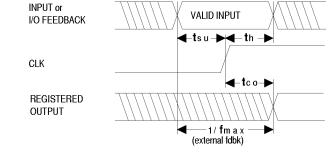
^{*}Characterized but not 100% tested.



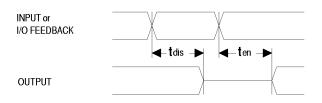
SWITCHING WAVEFORMS



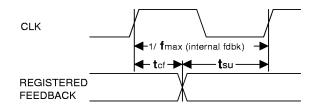
Combinatorial Output



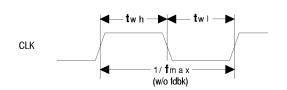
Registered Output



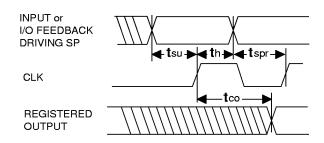
Input or I/O to Output Enable/Disable



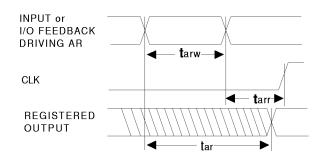
fmax with Feedback



Clock Width



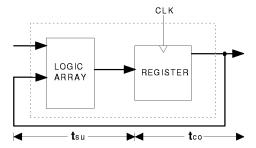
Synchronous Preset



Asynchronous Reset

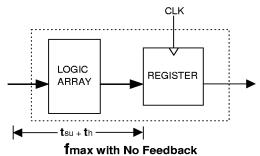


fmax SPECIFICATIONS

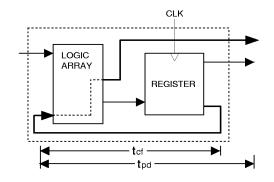


fmax with External Feedback 1/(tsu+tco)

Note: fmax with external feedback is calculated from measured tsu and tco.



Note: fmax with no feedback may be less than 1/(twh + twl). This is to allow for a clock duty cycle of other than 50%.



fmax with Internal Feedback 1/(tsu+tcf)

Note: tcf is a calculated value, derived by subtracting tsu from the period of fmax w/internal feedback (tcf = 1/fmax - tsu). The value of tcf is used primarily when calculating the delay from clocking a register to a combinatorial output (through registered feedback), as shown above. For example, the timing from clock to a combinatorial output is equal to tcf + tpd.

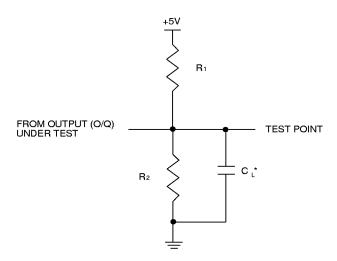
SWITCHING TEST CONDITIONS

Input Pulse Levels	nput Pulse Levels		
Input Rise and	C-7/-10/-15	1.5ns 10% – 90%	
Fall Times	B-10/-15/-20	3ns 10% – 90%	
Input Timing Reference	ce Levels	1.5V	
Output Timing Refere	Output Timing Reference Levels		
Output Load	See Figure		

3-state levels are measured 0.5V from steady-state active level.

GAL26CV12 Output Load Conditions (see figure)

Tes	t Condition	R ₁	R ₂	C∟	
Α		300Ω	390Ω	50pF	
В	Active High	8	390Ω	50pF	
	Active Low	300Ω	390Ω	50pF	
С	Active High	∞	390Ω	5pF	
	Active Low	300Ω	390Ω	5pF	



 $^{\star}\text{C}_{\,\text{L}}$ INCLUDES TEST FIXTURE AND PROBE CAPACITANCE





ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE

An electronic signature is provided in every GAL26CV12 device. It contains 64 bits of reprogrammable memory that can contain user-defined data. Some uses include user ID codes, revision numbers, or inventory control. The signature data is always available to the user independent of the state of the security cell.

SECURITY CELL

A security cell is provided in every GAL26CV12 device to prevent unauthorized copying of the array patterns. Once programmed, this cell prevents further read access to the functional bits in the device. This cell can only be erased by re-programming the device, so the original configuration can never be examined once this cell is programmed. The Electronic Signature is always available to the user, regardless of the state of this control cell.

LATCH-UP PROTECTION

GAL26CV12 devices are designed with an on-board charge pump to negatively bias the substrate. The negative bias minimizes the potential for latch-up caused by negative input undershoots. Additionally, outputs are designed with n-channel pull-ups instead of the traditional p-channel pull-ups in order to eliminate latch-up due to output overshoots.

DEVICE PROGRAMMING

GAL devices are programmed using a Lattice Semiconductorapproved Logic Programmer, available from a number of manufacturers (see the the GAL Development Tools section). Complete programming of the device takes only a few seconds. Erasing of the device is transparent to the user, and is done automatically as part of the programming cycle.

OUTPUT REGISTER PRELOAD

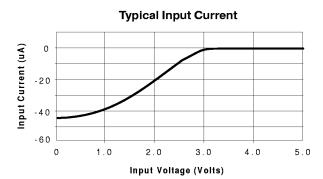
When testing state machine designs, all possible states and state transitions must be verified in the design, not just those required in normal machine operation. This is because certain events may occur during system operation that throw the logic into an illegal state (power-up, line voltage glitches, brown-outs, etc.). To test a design for proper treatment of these conditions, a way must be provided to break the feedback paths, and force any desired (i.e., illegal) state into the registers. Then the machine can be sequenced and the outputs tested for correct next state conditions.

The GAL26CV12 device includes circuitry that allows each registered output to be synchronously set either high or low. Thus, any present state condition can be forced for test sequencing. If necessary, approved GAL programmers capable of executing test vectors perform output register preload automatically.

INPUT BUFFERS

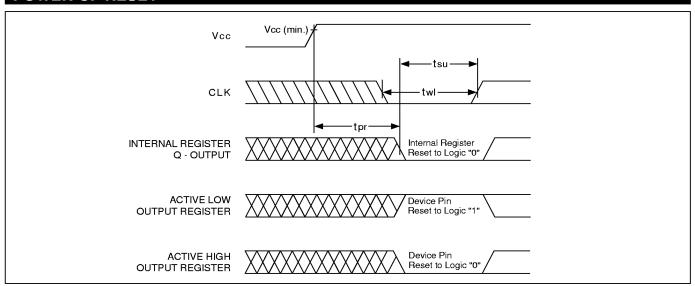
GAL26CV12 devices are designed with TTL level compatible input buffers. These buffers have a characteristically high impedance, and present a much lighter load to the driving logic than bipolar TTL logic.

The input and I/O pins also have built-in active pull-ups. As a result, floating inputs will float to a TTL high (logic 1). However, Lattice Semiconductor recommends that all unused inputs and tri-stated I/O pins be connected to an adjacent active input, Vcc, or ground. Doing so will tend to improve noise immunity and reduce Icc for the device.





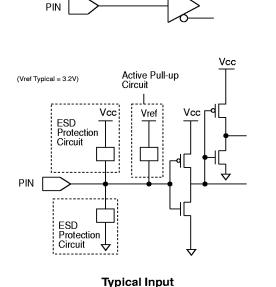
POWER-UP RESET



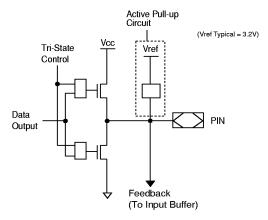
Circuitry within the GAL26CV12 provides a reset signal to all registers during power-up. All internal registers will have their Q outputs set low after a specified time (tpr, $1\mu s$ MAX). As a result, the state on the registered output pins (if they are enabled) will be either high or low on power-up, depending on the programmed polarity of the output pins. This feature can greatly simplify state machine design by providing a known state on power-up. Because of the asynchronous nature of system power-up, some

conditions must be met to provide a valid power-up reset of the device. First, the Vcc rise must be monotonic. Second, the clock input must be at static TTL level as shown in the diagram during power up. The registers will reset within a maximum of tpr time. As in normal system operation, avoid clocking the device until all input and feedback path setup times have been met. The clock must also meet the minimum pulse width requirements.

INPUT/OUTPUT EQUIVALENT SCHEMATICS



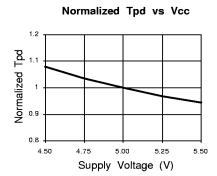
Feedback PIN

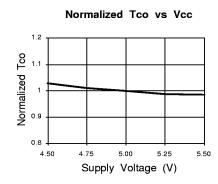


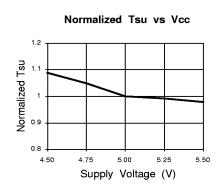
Typical Output

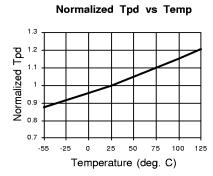


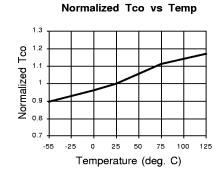
GAL26CV12C: TYPICAL AC AND DC CHARACTERISTIC DIAGRAMS

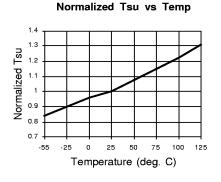


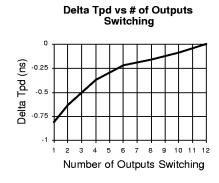


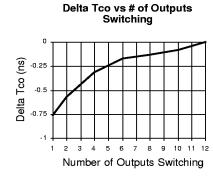


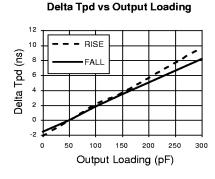


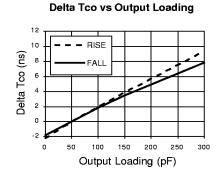








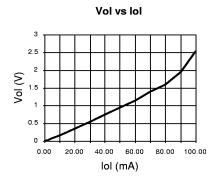


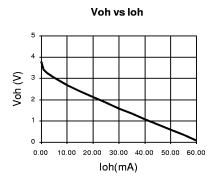


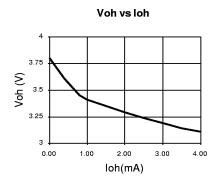


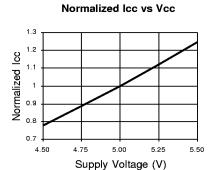


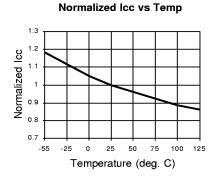
GAL26CV12C: TYPICAL AC AND DC CHARACTERISTIC DIAGRAMS

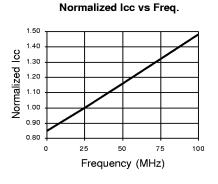


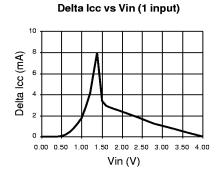


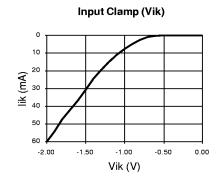






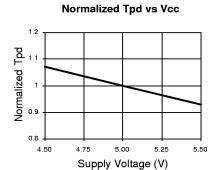


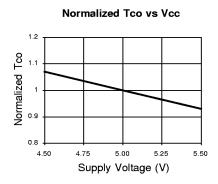


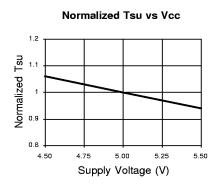


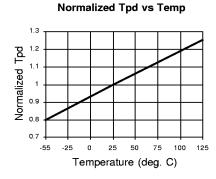


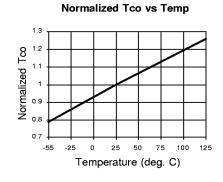
GAL26CV12B: TYPICAL AC AND DC CHARACTERISTIC DIAGRAMS

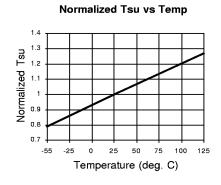


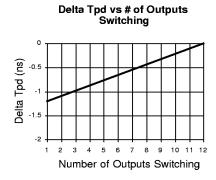


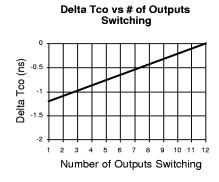


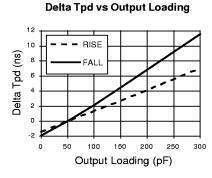


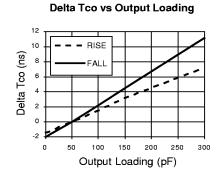














GAL26CV12B: TYPICAL AC AND DC CHARACTERISTIC DIAGRAMS

