

LXT324

T1/E1 Integrated Quad Receiver

General Description

The LXT324 is a fully integrated quad PCM receiver for both North American 1.544 MHz (T1), and European 2.048 MHz (E1) applications. It incorporates four independent receivers in a single 28-pin DIP or PLCC. The operating frequency is pin selectable.

The LXT324 receiver performs data and timing recovery, and uses peak detection and a variable threshold to reduce impulsive noise. LXT324 receiver sensitivity down to 500 mV allows for up to 13.6 dB of attenuation.

The LXT324 is an advanced double-poly, double-metal CMOS device and requires only a single 5-volt power supply.

Applications

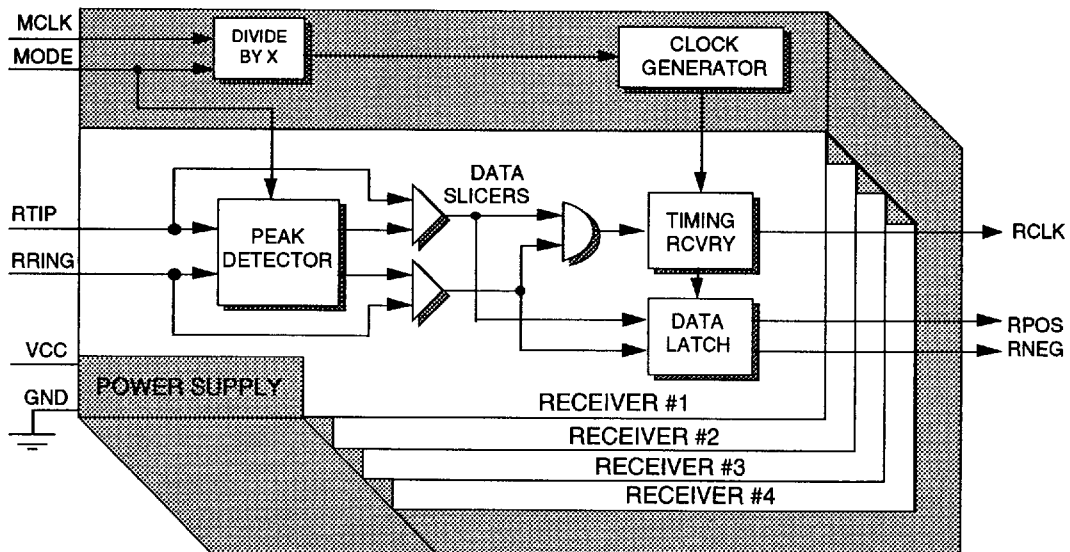
- High-density T1/E1 line cards
- DSX-1/E1 test equipment
- DSX-1/E1 line monitoring
- DSX-1/E1 receive line interface

Features

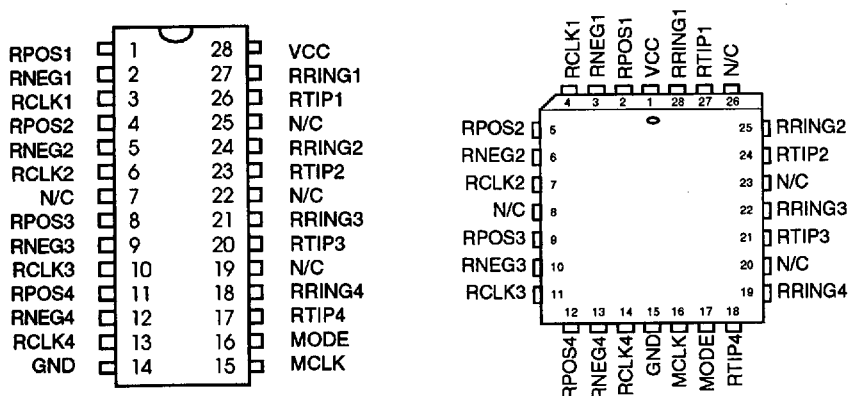
- 4 independent DSX-1/E1 receivers
- Circuit functions include data and clock recovery
- Single Master Clock input
- Meets or exceeds AT&T PUB 62411 requirements for input jitter tolerance
- Unipolar RPOS and RNEG outputs
- Minimum receive signal of 500 mV
- Selectable slicer levels (DSX-1/CEPT) to provide improved SNR
- Single 5 V only CMOS technology
- Available in 28-pin DIP and PLCC

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Figure 1: Block Diagram



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Pin Descriptions

Pin #	Sym	I/O	Name	Description
1	RPOS1	O	Receiver 1 Positive Data	Receiver 1 data outputs. A signal on RNEG1 corresponds to receipt of a negative pulse on RTIP1 and RRING1. A signal on RPOS1 corresponds to receipt of a positive pulse on RTIP1 and RRING1. RNEG1 and RPOS1 outputs are Non-Return-to-Zero (NRZ). Both outputs are stable and valid on the rising edge of RCLK1.
2	RNEG1	O	Receiver 1 Negative Data	
3	RCLK1	O	Recovered Clock 1	This is the clock recovered from the signal received at RTIP1 and RRING1.
4	RPOS2	O	Receiver 2 Positive and Negative Data and Recovered Clock	These are the data and clock outputs recovered from the signal received at RTIP2 and RRING2.
5	RNEG2	O		
6	RCLK2	O		
7	N/C	-	N/C	No connection.
8	RPOS3	O	Receiver 3 Positive and Negative Data and Recovered Clock	These are the data and clock outputs recovered from the signal received at RTIP3 and RRING3.
9	RNEG3	O		
10	RCLK3	O		
11	RPOS4	O	Receiver 4 Positive and Negative Data and Recovered Clock	These are the data and clock outputs recovered from the signal received at RTIP4 and RRING4.
12	RNEG4	O		
13	RCLK4	O		
14	GND	--	Ground	Ground.
15	MCLK	I	Master Clock	A 1.544 MHz or 2.048 MHz clock input used to generate internal clocks. Upon loss of signal, the RCLKs are derived from MCLK.

Pin Descriptions continued

Pin # DIP PLCC	Sym	I/O	Name	Description
16 17	MODE	I	Mode Select	Setting MODE to logic 1 sets the data slicer thresholds to 50% of the incoming signal (CEPT mode). Setting MODE to logic 0 sets the data slicer thresholds to 70% of the incoming signal (DSX-1 mode). The Mode Select operates independently from the MCLK rate. This allows the 50% slicer ratio to be used with a 1.544 MHz MCLK, for improved sensitivity.
17 18	RTIP4	I	Receiver 4 Tip	The AMI signal received from the fourth twisted-pair line is applied at these pins. A center-tapped, center-grounded transformer is required on these pins. Data and clock from the signal applied at these pins are recovered and output on the RPOS4/RNEG4, and RCLK4 pins.
18 19	RRING4	I	Receiver 4 Ring	
19 20	N/C	-	N/C	No connection. Must be grounded to reduce crosstalk.
20 21	RTIP3	I	Receiver 3 Tip and Ring	The AMI signal received from the third twisted-pair line is applied to the LXT324 at these pins.
21 22	RRING3	I		
22 23	N/C	-	N/C	No connection. Must be grounded to reduce crosstalk.
23 24	RTIP2	I	Receiver 2 Tip and Ring	The AMI signal received from the second twisted-pair line is applied to the LXT324 at these pins.
24 25	RRING2	I		
25 26	N/C	-	N/C	No connection. Must be grounded to reduce crosstalk.
26 27	RTIP1	I	Receiver 1 Tip and Ring	The AMI signal received from the first twisted-pair line is applied to the LXT324 at these pins.
27 28	RRING1	I		
28 1	VCC	I	Power Supply	+5 VDC power supply.

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

* Exceeding these values may cause permanent damage. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

• Supply voltage	V_{CC}	-0.3V to 6V
• Voltage on any I/O pin ¹	V_{IO}	GND -0.3V to V_{CC} +0.3V
• Current on any I/O pin ²	I_{IO}	±10 mA
• Package power dissipation	P_D	1 W
• Storage temperature	T_{ST}	-65 °C (min) to 150 °C (max)

¹ Excluding RTIP and RRING which must stay within -6V to RV + 0.3V.

² Transient currents of up to 100 mA will not cause SCR latch-up.

Recommended Operating Conditions (Voltages are with respect to ground unless otherwise stated)

Parameter	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	4.75	5	5.25	V
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	-40	-	85	°C

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DC Electrical Characteristics (Clocked operation over recommended temperature and power supply ranges.)

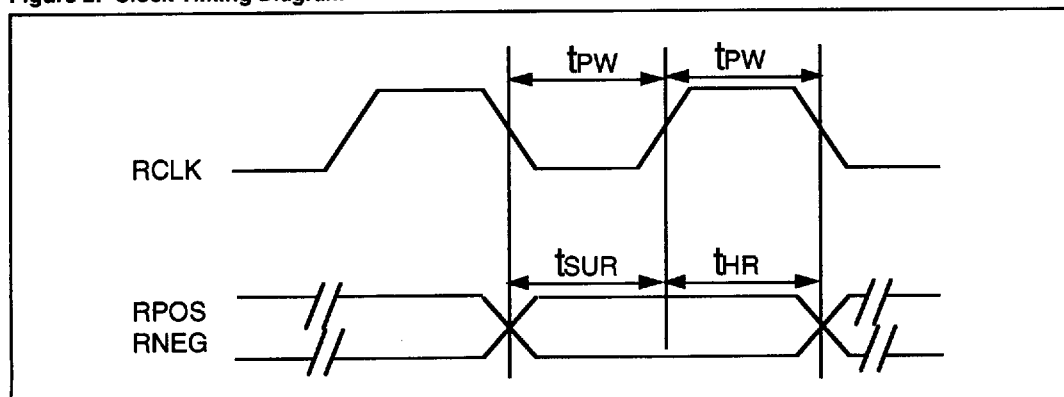
Parameter	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
Supply current	I_{CC}	-	-	40	mA	
Input high voltage	V_{IH}	2.0	-	-	V	Digital inputs
Input low voltage	V_{IL}	-	-	0.8	V	Digital inputs
Output high voltage	V_{OH}	2.4	-	-	V	$I_o = .4mA$
Output low voltage	V_{OL}	-	-	0.4	V	$I_o = 1.6mA$
Input leakage current	I_{LL}	-	-	± 10	μA	Digital inputs
Output current	I_o	-	-	1.6	mA	$V_o = 0.4 V$
Output Rise/Fall time	T_{RF}	-	-	25	ns	15 pF load

Master and Receive Clock Timing Characteristics (See Figure 2)

Parameter	Sym	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Units	Test Conditions
Master clock frequency	DSX-1 MCLK	-	1.544	-	MHz	
	CEPT MCLK	-	2.048	-	MHz	
Master clock tolerance	MCLKt	-	± 100	-	ppm	
Master clock duty cycle	MCLKd	40	50	60	%	
Receive clock duty cycle	RCLKd	40	50	60	%	
Receive clock pulse width	DSX-1 t_{PW}	270	324	378	ns	
	CEPT t_{PW}	203	244	285	ns	
RPOS / RNEG to RCLK rising setup time	DSX-1 t_{SUR}	50	270	-	ns	
	CEPT t_{SUR}	50	203	-	ns	
RCLK rising to RPOS / RNEG hold time	DSX-1 t_{HR}	50	270	-	ns	
	CEPT t_{HR}	50	203	-	ns	
Rise/fall time - any digital output	t_{RF}	-	-	25	ns	15 pF load

¹Typical figures are at 25°C and are for design aid only; not guaranteed and not subject to production testing.

Figure 2: Clock Timing Diagram



Functional Description

The LXT324 is a fully integrated PCM receiver for both 1.544 MHz (DSX-1) and 2.048 MHz (CEPT) applications. The mode of operation is set by the MCLK frequency and the MODE pin logic level. The LXT324 is a low-power CMOS device which operates from a single +5 V power supply.

Figure 1 is a simplified block diagram of the LXT324. Receiver characteristics are listed in Table 1. The signal is received from the twisted-pair line on each side of a center-grounded transformer. (Positive pulses are received at RTIP and negative pulses are received at RRING.) This differential signal is processed through the peak detector and data slicers. The peak detector samples the inputs and determines the maximum value of the received signal. A percentage of the peak value is provided to the data slicers as a threshold level to ensure optimum signal-to-noise ratio. For DSX-1 applications (MODE Select = 0) the threshold is set to 70% of the peak value. This threshold is maintained above 65% for up to 15 successive zeros over the range of specified operating conditions. For CEPT applications (MODE Select = 1) the threshold is set to 50 %. The slicer threshold is maintained through a capacitive storage arrangement and a combination of Refresh and Bleed-off circuitry. This design

balance prevents the refresh circuitry from driving the threshold too high, while ensuring that it is maintained over long strings of successive zeros.

The LXT324 is capable of accurately recovering signals with up to 13.6 dB of attenuation (from 2.4 V), corresponding to a received signal level of 500 mV. Maximum cable length is 1500 feet of ABAM cable (approximately 6 dB). Regardless of received signal level, the peak detectors are held above a minimum level of 0.15 V to provide immunity from impulsive noise.

After processing through the data slicers, the received signal is routed to the data and clock recovery sections. Recovered clock signals are supplied to the data latch. The recovered data is synchronized with the recovered clock (RCLK), then output at RNEG and RPOS. RPOS and RNEG outputs are valid on the rising edge of RCLK.

Line Interface

The LXT324 interfaces with four twisted-pair lines (one twisted-pair for each receiver) through standard pulse transformers and appropriate resistors. Recommended transformer characteristics are listed in Table 2.

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Table 1: Receiver Characteristics

Parameter		Sym	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Units
Slicer ratio	DSX-1	SRd	63	70	77	%
	CEPT	SRc	43	50	57	%
Dynamic range		DR	0.50	—	3.6	V _{peak}
Undershoot		US	—	—	62	%
Sensitivity below DSX (0dB = 2.4V)		—	13.6	—	—	dB
		—	500	—	—	mV

Table 2: Recommended Transformer Characteristics

Parameter		1 : 1 : 1	1 : 2 : 2	Units
DC resistance	Primary	1.0 maximum	1.0 maximum	Ω
	Secondary	1.0 maximum	2.0 maximum	Ω
Primary inductance		1.2 typical	0.5 minimum	mH
Leakage inductance		0.5 maximum	1.0 maximum	μH
Interwinding capacitance		25 maximum	40 maximum	pF

¹ Typical figures are at 25°C and are for design aid only; not guaranteed and not subject to production testing.

Applications

The LXT324 is compatible with both DSX-1 and CEPT systems. Low +5 V only power consumption simplifies design considerations where multiple receivers are required. The LXT324 is well suited for use in both test equipment and monitor applications. The primary difference in circuit design for these two applications is the input transformer. The typical DSX-1 pulse seen in test equipment applications

requires a 1:1:1 transformer at the receiver input. The attenuated pulse seen in monitor applications may require a 1:2:2 transformer to boost the input signal. Figure 3 is a typical 1.544 MHz DSX-1 application. The LXT324 is shown tapped into the Cross Connect frame with 800 Ω resistors across each leg of the center tapped, center grounded 1:2:2 step-up transformer.

Figure 3: Test / Monitor Equipment Application Diagram

