

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL8060BC21-11C

21cm (8.4 Type) SVGA LVDS interface (1port)

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET 루

DOD-PP-0909 (2nd edition)

This PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-0708(1)

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

INTRODUCTION

The Copyright to this document belongs to NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd. (hereinafter called "NEC"). No part of this document will be used, reproduced or copied without prior written consent of NEC.

NEC does and will not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of any third party arising out of or in connection with application of the products described herein except for that directly attributable to mechanisms and workmanship thereof. No license, express or implied, is granted under any patent, copyright or other intellectual property right of NEC.

Some electronic parts/components would fail or malfunction at a certain rate. In spite of every effort to enhance reliability of products by NEC, the possibility of failures and malfunction might not be avoided entirely. To prevent the risks of damage to death, human bodily injury or other property arising out thereof or in connection therewith, each customer is required to take sufficient measures in its safety designs and plans including, but not limited to, redundant system, fire-containment and anti-failure.

The products are classified into three quality grades: "**Standard**", "**Special**", and "**Specific**" of the highest grade of a quality assurance program at the choice of a customer. Each quality grade is designed for applications described below. Any customer who intends to use a product for application other than that of Standard quality grade is required to contact an NEC sales representative in advance.

The **Standard** quality grade applies to the products developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the NEC standard quality assurance program, which are designed for such application as any failure or malfunction of the products (sets) or parts/components incorporated therein a customer uses are, directly or indirectly, free of any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property, like general electronic devices.

Examples: Computers, office automation equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment, industrial robots, etc.

The **Special** quality grade applies to the products developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with an NEC quality assurance program stricter than the standard one, which are designed for such application as any failure or malfunction of the products (sets) or parts/components incorporated therein a customer uses might directly cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property, or such application under more severe condition than that defined in the Standard quality grade without such direct damage.

Examples: Control systems for transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, medical equipment not specifically designed for life support, safety equipment, etc.

The **Specific** quality grade applies to the products developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by a customer who requires an extremely higher level of reliability and quality for such products.

Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	2
1. OUTLINE	
1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE	
1.2 APPLICATION	
1.3 FEATURES	
2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3. BLOCK DIAGRAM	
4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS.	
4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board	
4.3.2 Backlight lamp	
4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple	
4.3.4 Fuse	.10
4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE	.11
4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board	
4.4.2 LED driver board	.11
4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board	
4.5.2 Backlight lamp	
4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket	
4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS	
4.0 DISPLAT COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS	17
4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal	10
4.6.3 262,144 colors	
4.0.5 202,144 COIOIS	
4.7 DISPLAT POSITIONS	
4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS	
4.9 INFOT SIGNAL TIMINOS	
4.9.2 Timing characteristics	
4.9.2 Infining characteristics	
4.10 OPTICS	
4.10.1 Optical characteristics	
4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio	
4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity	
4.10.4 Definition of response times	
4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles	.25
5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME	26
6. RELIABILITY TESTS	
7. PRECAUTIONS	
7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS	
7.2 CAUTIONS	
7.3 ATTENTIONS	
7.3.1 Handling of the product	
7.3.2 Environment	
7.3.3 Characteristics	
7.3.4 Other	
8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS	
8.1 FRONT VIEW	
8.2 REAR VIEW	
REVISION HISTORY	.32

1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL8060BC21-11C is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

- Adoption of ST-NLT (Super-Transmissive Natural Light TFT)
- High luminance
- High contrast
- Low reflection
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- LED backlight type
- Replaceable lamp holder for backlight
- Color Conversion(Tentative name)

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

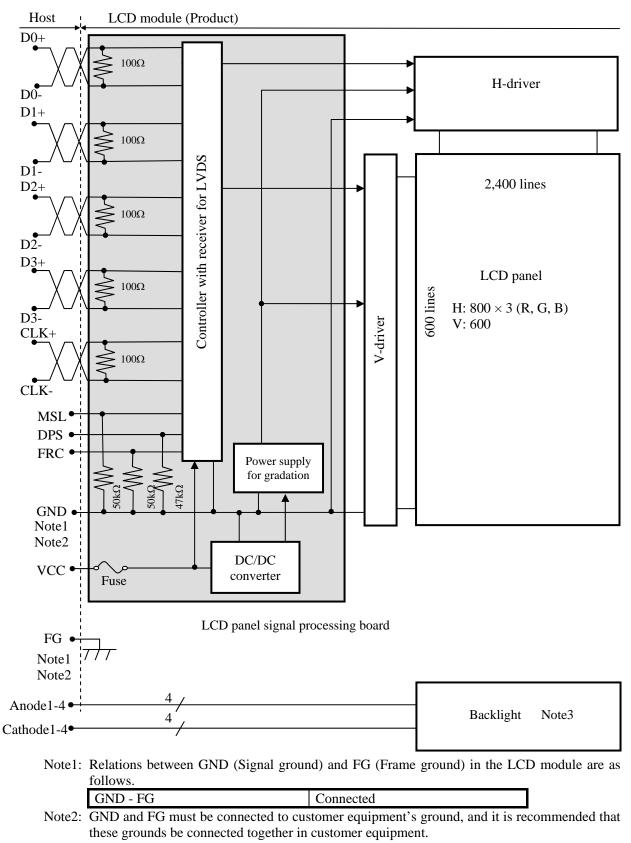
Display area	170.4 (H) × 127.8 (V) mm			
Diagonal size of display	21cm (8.4 inches)			
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix			
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)			
Pixel	800 (H) × 600 (V) pixels			
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe			
Dot pitch	0.071 (H) × 0.213 (V) mm			
Pixel pitch	$0.213 (H) \times 0.213 (V) mm$			
Module size	200.0 (W) × 152.0 (H) × 10.5 (D) mm (typ.)			
Weight	TBDg (typ.)			
Contrast ratio	(900:1)(typ.)			
Viewing angle	 At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.) 			
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS terminal= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒ 2.2): normal axis (perpendicular) 			
Polarizer surface	Clear + Antireflection (AR)			
Polarizer pencil-hardness	2H (min.) [by JIS K5400]			
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]			
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \leftrightarrow 90\%)$ (18)ms (typ.)			
Luminance	At $IL=50mA/One\ circuit$ (800) cd/m ² (typ.)			
Signal system	LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]			
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V			
Backlight	LED backlight type: (Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: Type No. TBD (Recommended LED driver board (Option) • LED driver board: Type No. 104PW03F)			
Power consumption	At IL=50mA/One circuit, Checkered flag pattern (5.6)W (typ.)			

2

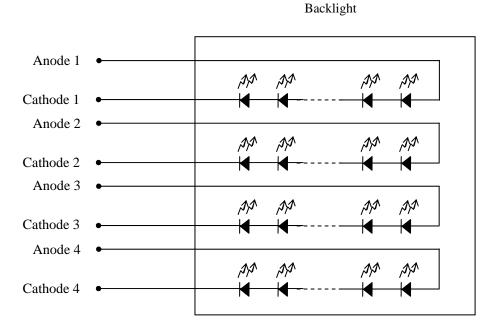
2

2

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note3: Backlight in detail



2

4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$200.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 152.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 10.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	170.4 (H) × 127.8 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	TBD (typ.), TBD (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks			
Power supply voltage			VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	v			
Input voltage	Display No		VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	v	-		
for signals	Function No	-	VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	v			
Dealdight	Power di	ssipation	PD	TBD	W	per one circuit		
Backlight	Forward	current	IL	TBD	mA	per one circuit		
Iı	ncident light intensit	у	II	150,000	lx	Note3		
	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-		
Operating	temperature	Front surface	TopF	-30 to +80	°C	Note4		
Operating	temperature	Rear surface	TopR	-30 to +80	°C	Note5		
				≤ 95	%	Ta≤ 40°C		
	Relative humidity Note6					≤ 85	%	$40^{\circ}C < Ta \le 50^{\circ}C$
					RH	≤ 55	%	50°C <ta≤ 60°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
				≤ 36	%	60°C <ta≤ 70°c<="" td=""></ta≤>		
				≤ 24	%	70°C <ta≤80°c< td=""></ta≤80°c<>		
	Absolute humidity Note6		AH	≤ 70 Note7	g/m ³	-		

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC and MSL.

Note3: If the product surface (polarizer) is exposed to an ultraviolet ray, the polarizer may discolor (Surface treatment may be damaged.). Use a filter to protect the polarizer from the ultraviolet ray.

Note4: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note5: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note6: No condensation

Note7: Water amount at Ta= 70°C and RH= 36%

2

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

(Ta=25°C)									
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-		
Power supply current	Power supply current		-	(300) Note1	(450) Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V		
Permissible ripple voltage	Permissible ripple voltage		-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC		
Differential input threshold	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V		
voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3		
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-		
Input voltage for	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	v	CMOS level		
DPS, FRC and MSL signals	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CIVIOS level		
Input ourrout for EDC sizes	High	IFH	-	-	300	μΑ			
Input current for FRC signal	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μΑ	-		

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

NL8060BC21-11C

4.3.2 Backlight lamp

(Ta=25°C, Note1, Note2)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Forward current	IL	-	50.0	55.0	mA	Note3
Forward Voltage	VL	-	23.1	26.6	V	at IL=50 mA /One circuit

Note1: Please drive with constant current.

Note2: The Luminance uniformity may be changed depending on the current variation between 4 circuits. It is recommended that the current value difference between each circuit be less than 5%.

Note3: See "4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Note3".

4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as sated in the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supply voltage		Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

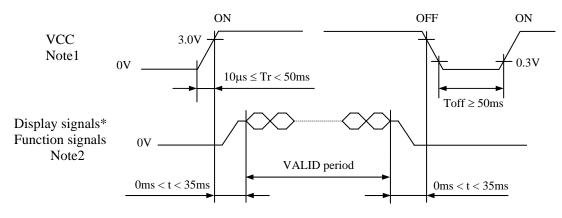
4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter	F	use	Dating	Eusing ourrent	Remarks	
Farameter	Туре	Supplier	Katilig	Rating Fusing current		
VCC	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Note1	
VLC			TBD	עמו	note1	

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

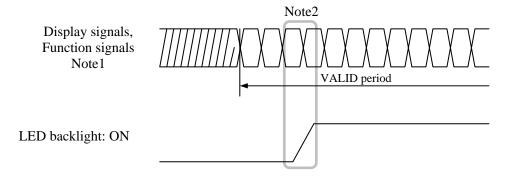
4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



* These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

- Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.
- Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC and MSL) must be se to Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the internal circuitry damage. If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. VCC should be cut when the display and function signals are stopped.
- 4.4.2 LED driver board (Option)



- Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.
- Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

2

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side):	FI-SE20P-HFI	E (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug:	FI-S20S	(Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

At	iapta	ible plug:	F	-S20S (Japan)	Aviation Electronics	Industry Limit	ed (JAE))	
Pin No. Symbol		Symbol	Signal	Input data	Input data signal: 6bit	Remarks		
I III	Symbol		Signai	MAP A	MAP A MAP B			
1	А	D3+	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	-	Note1, Note2		
	В	GND	Ground		-	Ground	Note3	
2	А	D3-	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	-	Note1, Note2	
	В	GND	Ground		-	Ground	Note3	
~	3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	U	Reverse scan Normal scan		Note4	
2	1	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Hi	gh	Low or Open	Note1 Note5	
4	5	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3	
e	5	CLK+	Pixel clock		Pixel clock		Note2	
7	7	CLK-	I IXEI CIOCK	FIXELCIOCK				
8	3	GND	Ground	Ground				
ç)	D2+	Pixel data	B4-B7,DE				
1	0	D2-		D-D7,DL	,DE B2-B5,DE			
1	1	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3	
1	2	D1+	Pixel data	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G5,B0	-B1	Note2	
1	3	D1-			01 00,20		110102	
1	4	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3	
1	5	D0+	Pixel data	R2-R7,G2	R0-R5,G	0	Note2	
1	6	D0-	- mor data		-K7,02 K0-K3,00			
1	7	GND	Ground	Ground			Note3	
1	8	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low High Low			Note5	
1	9	VCC	Power supply	Power supply				
2	0	VCC	rower suppry		- oner suppry		Note3	

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

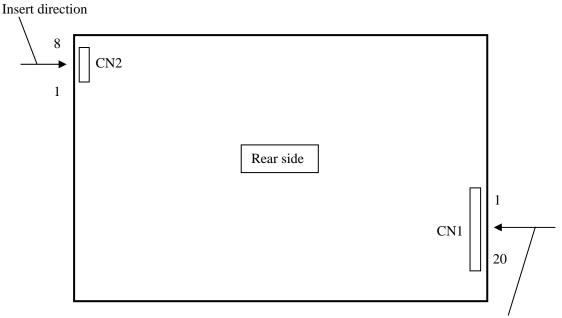
Note4: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

4.5.2 Backlight lamp

CN2 plug (Adaptable	(LCD module side socket:): SM08B-SRSS-TB (J.S.T. Mfg. Co. SHR-08V-S (J.S.T. Mfg. Co.	
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	A1	Anode1	-
2	K1	Cathode1	-
3	A2	Anode2	-
4	K2	Cathode2	-
5	A3	Anode3	-
6	K3	Cathode3	-
7	A4	Anode4	-
8	K4	Cathode4	-

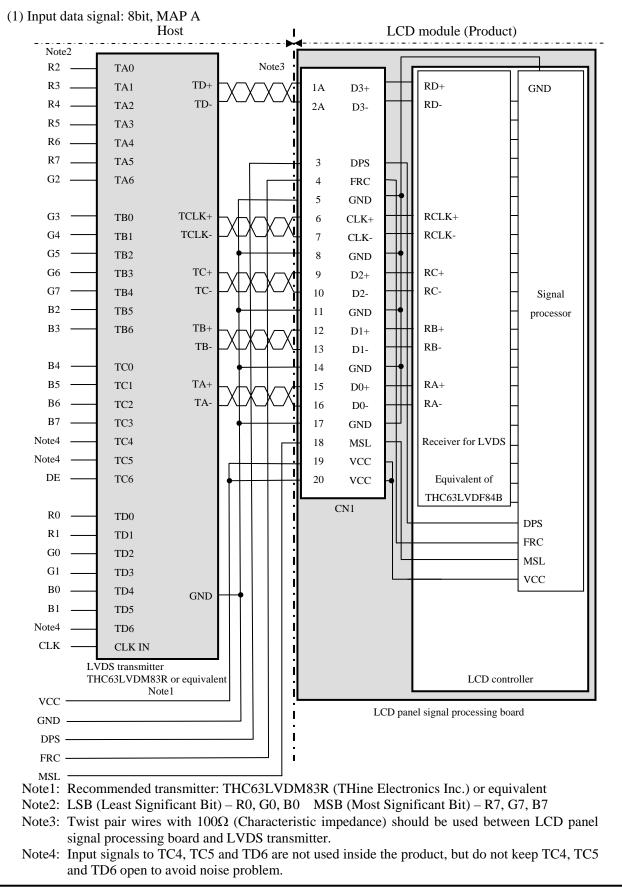
4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket



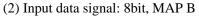
Insert direction

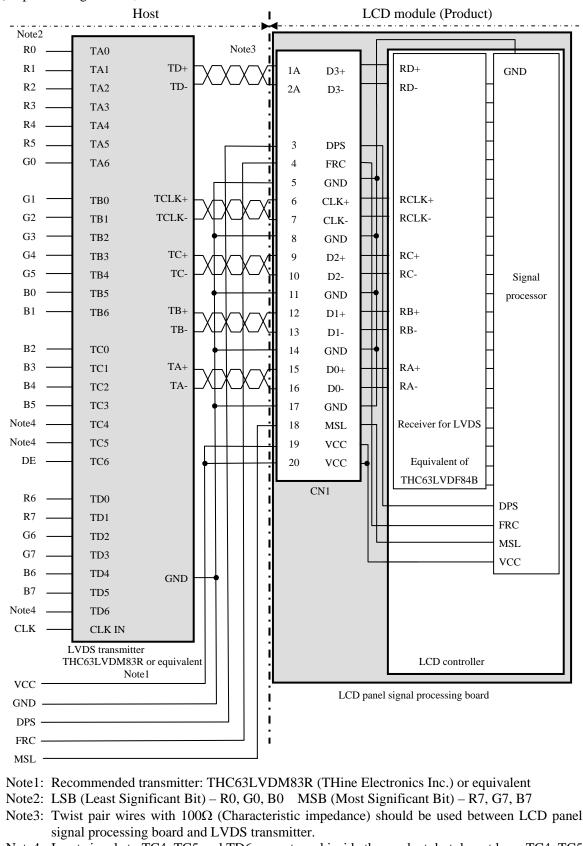
2

NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

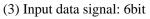


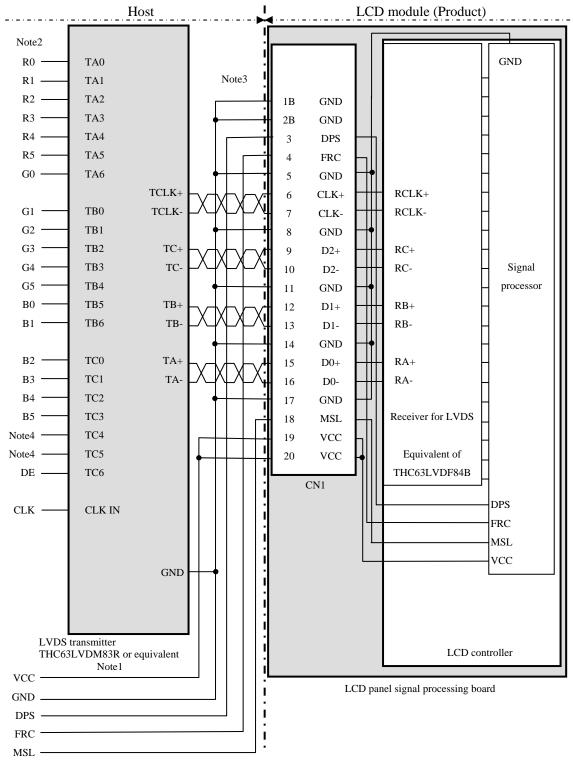
4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS





Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.





Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R5, G5, B5
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4 and TC5 open to avoid noise problem.

4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent in 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors equivalent in 64 gray scales by combination of input data, FRC and MSL signals. See the following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input Data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8 bit	MAP A	D3+/-	High	Low	16,777,216	Note1
2	8 bit	MAP B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
3	6 bit	-	GND	Low or open	Low	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "4.6.2 16,777,216 colors".

Note2: See "4.6.3 262,144 colors".

4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent in 256 gray scales by combination ① or ②. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal**".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display	colors								Data	a sig	nal	(0: I	LOW	leve	el, 1	: Hi	gh le	evel))						
Display	COIOIS	R7	7 R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G	7 G6	6 G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	' B6	5 B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
OrS	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay	↑													:								:			
Red gray scale	\downarrow					•								:								:			
Rea	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
/ sc	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	↑ 													:								:			
en g	\downarrow					:								:								:			
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
•	Course	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	↑ I																								
ue g	↓ ↓ · ↓ /	0	0	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	Δ	0	0	:	0	0	Ο	1	1	1	1	: 1	1	0	1
Blı	bright	0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1 0									
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Diue	U	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal**".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display	, colors						Data	a sign	al (0:	Low	level	, 1: H	ligh le	evel)					
Display	01015	R 5	R4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ısic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay	1			:															
Red gray scale	\downarrow			:	:						:						:		
Red	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
y sc	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	↑ 			:															
en	↓	0	0		:	0	0	1	1	1	:	0	1	0	0	0	:	0	0
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
•	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	1
sci	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
gray	↑ ↓			:															
Blue gray scale	•	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	1	1	1	: 1	0	1
Blı	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1 0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Diuc	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	1	1	1	1	1

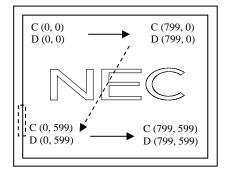
4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0,	0) B					
$\begin{pmatrix} C(0, 0) \end{pmatrix}$	C(1, 0)	• • •	C(X, 0)	• • •	C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)	• • •	C(X, 1)	• • •	C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	• • •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)	• • •	C(X, Y)	• • •	C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, 598)	C(1, 598)	• • •	C(X, 598)	• • •	C(798, 598)	C(799, 598)
C(0, 599)	C(1, 599)	•••	C(X, 599)	• • •	C(798, 599)	C(799, 599)

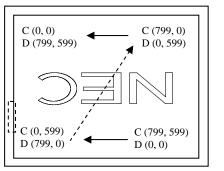
4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.



Note1

Figure1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)



Note1

2

2

Figure2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

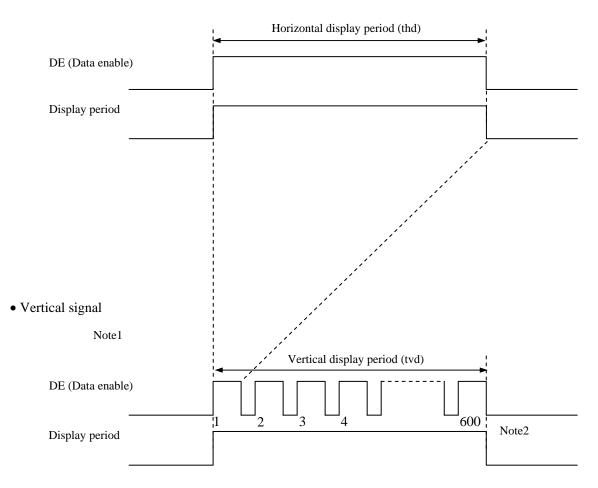
Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "**4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS**".) D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

- 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings
- Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for numeration of pulse.

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

	enaracteristics	,					(Note	e1, Note2, Note3)	
	Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Fre	1/tc	34.0	38.362	40.0	MHz	26.067ns (typ.)		
CLK]	Duty	-				-		
	Rise tim	-		-		ns	-		
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns		
DATA	CER-DATA	Hold time	-		-		ns	-	
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns		
		Cycle	th	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs		
	Horizontal	Cycle	ui	-	- 1,024		CLK	37.463kHz (typ.)	
		Display period	thd		800		CLK		
	N7 (* 1	Cycle	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms		
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	ťv	-	625	-	Н	59.94Hz (typ.)	
	(010 1111)	Display period	tvd		600		Н		
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-				ns		
	CER-DE	Hold time	-		-		ns	-	
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns		

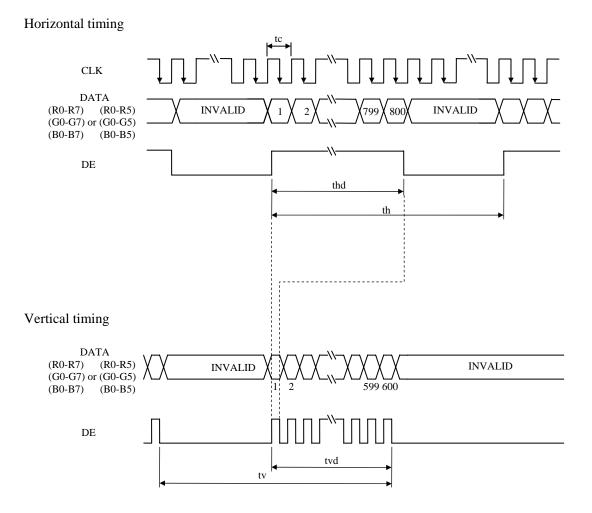
Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc=1CLK, th=1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart



NL8060BC21-11C

4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

							(Note1,	Note2)	_
r	Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks	
e	White at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	L	TBD	(800)	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-	
tio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	CR	TBD	(900)	-	-	BM-5A	Note3	2
formity	White $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4	
White	x coordinate	Wx	TBD	TBD	TBD	-			
white	y coordinate	Wy	TBD	TBD	TBD	-			
Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	TBD	-	-			
	y coordinate	Ry	-	TBD	-	-			
Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	TBD	-	-	GD 2	N. (5	
	y coordinate	Gy	-	TBD	-	-	SK-3	Notes	
Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	TBD	-	-			
Diue	y coordinate	By	-	TBD	-	-			
ut	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	С	TBD	40	-	%			
ma	White to Black	Ton	-	3	5	ms	DM 54	Note6	2
me	Black to White	Toff	-	15	20	ms	DM-JA	Note7	2
Right	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θR	70	80	-	0			
Left	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θL	70	80	-	0	EZ	N-4-9	
Up	$\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	Contrast	notes	
Down	$\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	70	80	-	0			
	e tio formity White Red Green Blue ut ut Right Left Up	eWhite at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ tioWhite/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ formityWhite $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ Redx coordinate y coordinateGreen Blue Blue ut x coordinate y coordinate $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space at center, against NTSC color spacemeWhite to Black Black to WhiteRight $\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$ Left $\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$ Up $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	eWhite at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LtioWhite/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CRformityWhite $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LUWhite $White$ 	eWhite at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LTBDtioWhite/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CRTBDformityWhite $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ KXTBDRedx coordinateRx- γ coordinateRy- β coordinateGX- β coordinateGY- β coordinateGY- β coordinateBy- β coordinate	eWhite at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LTBD(800)tioWhite/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CRTBD(900)formityWhite $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.25White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.25White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.25White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.25Redx coordinateWxTBDTBDJorden Red x coordinateRx-TBDGreenx coordinateGx-TBDy coordinateGy-TBDBluex coordinateBx-TBDut $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color spaceCTBD40meWhite to BlackTon-3Black to WhiteToff-15Right $\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$ θR 7080Left $\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$ θU 7080Up $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$ θU 7080	eWhite at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LTBD(800)-tioWhite/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CRTBD(900)-formityWhite $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4White $\Psi CoordinateWxTBDTBDTBDRedx coordinateWyTBDTBD-greenRedx coordinateRx-TBD-GreenBluex coordinateGy-TBD-greenx coordinateBx-TBD-greenx coordinateBy-TBD-greenx coordinateBy-TBD-greenwtoordinateBy-TBD-greenwtoordinateBy-TBD-greenwtoordinateBy-TBD-greenwtoordinateBy-TBD-greenwtoordinateBy-TBD-greengreenwtoordinateBy-TBD-greengreengreengreen-TBD-greengreengreengreen$	eWhite at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LTBD(800)-cd/m²tioWhite/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CRTBD(900)tormityWhite $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4-White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4-White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4-White y coordinateWxTBDTBDTBDRed Y coordinateRx-TBD $green$ $Terminicx coordinateRy-TBD-y coordinateGy-TBDgreeny coordinateGy-TBDgreeny coordinateGy-TBDgreeny coordinateBy-TBDgreeny coordinateBy-TBDgreeny coordinateBy-TBDgreeny coordinateBy-TBDgreeny coordinateBy-TBDgreeny coordinateBy-TBDgreeny coordinateBy-TBDgreeny c$	rConditionSymbolmin.typ.max.UnitMeasuring instrumenteWhite at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LTBD(800)-cd/m²BM-5AtioWhite/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CRTBD(900)BM-5AformityWhite $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4-BM-5AformityWhite $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4-BM-5AWhite $\Psi R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4-BM-5AWhite $\Phi R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4-BM-5ARed $M coordinateWxTBDTBDTBDRedM coordinateRx-TBDgreenM coordinateGy-TBDgreenM coordinateGy-TBDgreenM coordinateBx-TBDgreenM coordinateBy-TBDgreenM coordinateBy-TBDgreenM coordinateBy-TBDgreenM coordinateBy-TBDgreenM coordinateBy-TBD$	eWhite at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LTBD(800)-cd/m²BM-5A-tioWhite/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CRTBD(900)BM-5ANote3formity $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4-BM-5ANote4whitex coordinateWxTBDTBDTBDWhitex coordinateRx-TBDgradx coordinateRx-TBDgradx coordinateRx-TBDgradx coordinateRx-TBDgradx coordinateRx-TBDgradx coordinateRx-TBDgradx coordinateRy-TBDgradx coordinateBx-TBDgradx coordinateBy-TBDgrady coordinateBy-TBDgradx coordinateBx-TBDgrady coordinateBy-TBDgradMoteofinateBy-TBDgradMoteofinateBy-TBDgradMoteofinateBy

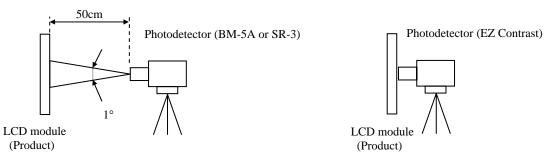
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IL= 50mA/One circuit, Display mode: SVGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/37.463kHz,

Vertical cycle= 1/59.94Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after a product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

- Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".
- Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.
- Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= TBD °C
- Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".
- Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance of white screen Luminance of black screen

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

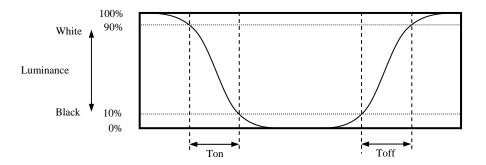
 $Luminance uniformity (LU) = \frac{Maximum luminance from (1) to (5)}{Minimum luminance from (1) to (5)}$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

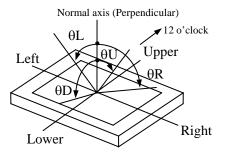
	133	400	667
100	1		
300		3	
500			5

4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



2

2

5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Condition	Expected luminance lifetime Note1, Note2	Unit	
LED	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, IL=50mA/One circuit	70,000	h	
elementary substance	80°C (Surface temperature at screen) Continuous operation, IL=50mA/One circuit	60,000	h	

Note1: Expected luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

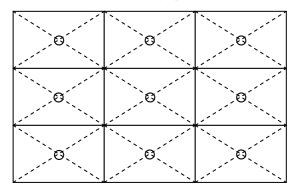
Note2: The lifetime changes particularly depending on the ambient temperature. Especially in case that the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours Display data is black. 	
High temperature (Operation)	 80 ± 3°C ,240hours Display data is black. 	
Heat cycle (Operation)	 -30 ± 3°C1hour 80 ± 3°C1hour 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle Display data is black. 	
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 100cycles, 1hour/cycle Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions
ESD (Operation)	 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV 9 places on a panel surface Note2 10 times each places at 1 sec interval 	
Dust (Operation)	 Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901)) 15 seconds stir 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 	
Vibration (Non operation)	 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s² 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z directions 120 times each directions 	No display malfunctions
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 (1) 539m/s², 11ms (2) ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions (3) 5 times each directions 	- No physical damages

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read ''7.2 CAUTIONS'' and ''7.3 ATTENTIONS''.**

This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured by personnel or the product will sustain a damage, if the customer has wrong operations.

This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured by personnel, if the customer has wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS

Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s² and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\phi16mm jig))



7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ③ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- (4) The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- O not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ⑦ Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- ③ When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ③ Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left in an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because a dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. If you do, circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- (4) The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- (6) The product gives AR (antireflection) coating of the polarizer surface. Though AR (antireflection) coating actualizes the low reflection with the multilayer structure, the color of reflection may differ among products and the color change of reflection may occur in the same product by fluctuation of AR (antireflection) coating.

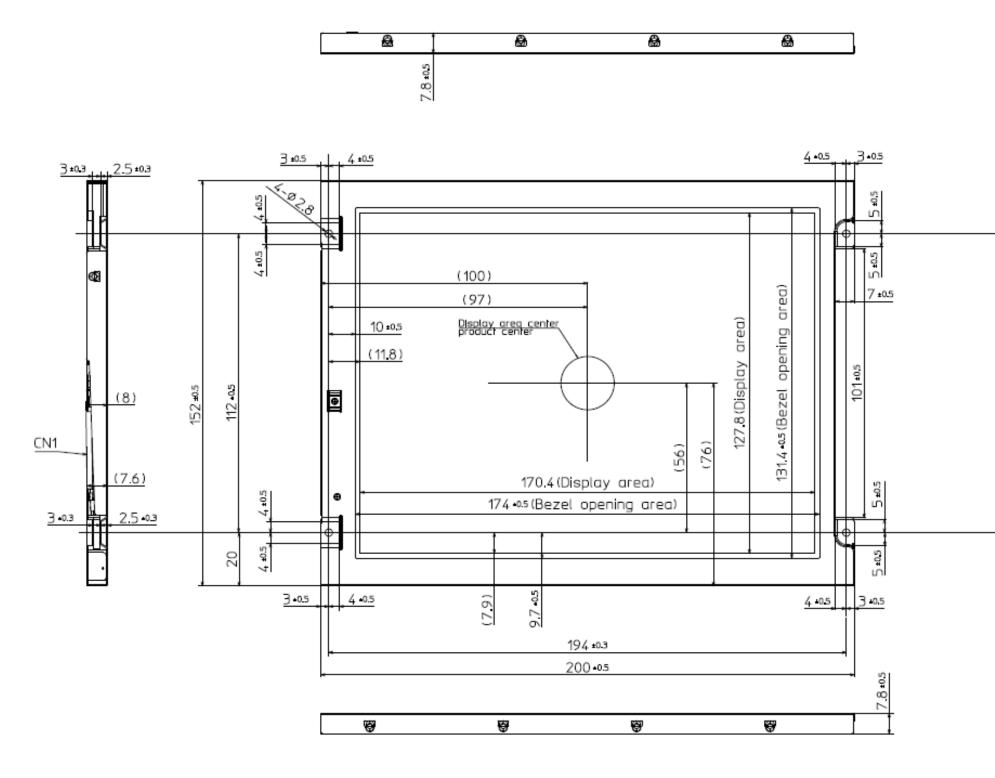
7.3.4 Other

- ① All VCC and GND terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- ④ Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repairing and so on.



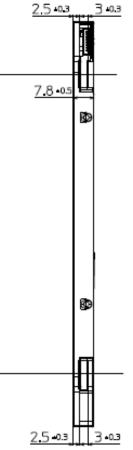
8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference. Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

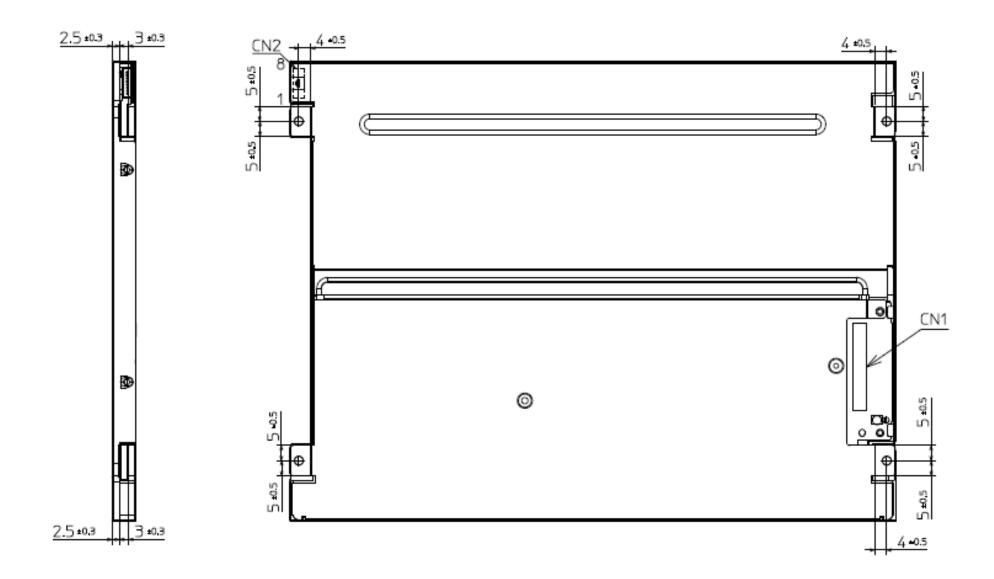
NL8060BC21-11C



Unit: mm



8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1:The value in parentheses are for referrence Note2:The torque for mounting screws must never exeed 0.294N·m

NL8060BC21-11C

2



Unit: mm

REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision contents and signature
1st	DOD-PP-	Jan. 8,	Revision contents New issue Writer Approved by Checked by H. FUKUYOSHI ——
edition	0708	2009	
2nd	DOD-PP-	Jan. 19,	Revision contents P4 FEATURES • Color Conversion(Tentative name) (addition) P5 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS • Weight: (330)g(typ.) → TBD g • Contrast ratio: (600:1)(typ.) → (900:1)(typ.) • Viewing angle: Vertical -Down side 60°(typ.) → 80°(typ.) • Response time: 25ms(typ.) → (18)ms(typ.) • Bundinance: At IL= 50mA → At IL=50mA/One circuit • Backlight: Recommended LED driver board (Option): 104PW03F (addition) • Power consumption: At IL= 50mA → At IL=50mA/One circuit (5.5)W (typ., Power dissipation of the inverter is not included.) → (5.6)W (typ.) P8 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS • Weight: (330) (typ.) → TBD (typ.) P1 LCD panel signal processing board • Power supply current : 360(typ.), 480(max.) → (300)(typ.), (450)(max.) P10 Backlight lighting circuit → LED driver board (Option) P12 LCD panel signal processing board • Power supply current : 360(typ.), 480(max.) → (300)(typ.), (450)(max.) P12 LCD panel signal processing board: chart (revised) P14 Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B (addition) P20 SCANNING DIRECTION: figure (revised) P24 Optical characteristics • Contrast ratio: (600)(typ.) → 900(typ.) • Response time-Ton: 6(typ.), 15(max.) → 3(typ), 5(max.) - Toff: 19(typ), 47(max.) → 15(typ),
edition	0909	2010	

REVISION HISTORY

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revisi	on contents and signature	
2nd edition	DOD-PP- 0909	Jan. 19, 2010	Revision contents		
edition	0909	2010	Signature of writer		
			Approved by	Checked by	Prepared by
			T. Ogawa	Checkeu by	7. Ogaun
			T. OGAWA		T. OGAWA