

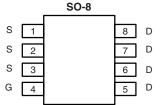
Vishay Siliconix

N-Channel 30-V (D-S) MOSFET with Schottky Diode

MOSFET PRODUCT SUMMARY						
V _{DS} (V)	I _D (A)					
30	0.016 at V _{GS} = 10 V	9.5				
	0.021 at V _{GS} = 4.5 V	7.7				

SCHOTTKY PRODUCT SUMMARY

V _{DS} (V)	V _{SD} (V) Diode Forward Voltage	I _F (A)
30	0.50 V at 1.0 A	1.4



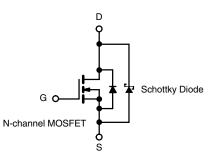
Top View

Ordering Information: Si4812BDY-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free) Si4812BDY-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

FEATURES

- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21
 Available
- LITTLE FOOT[®] Plus Power MOSFET
- 100 % Rg Tested





ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	T _A = 25 °C, unle	ss otherwise	noted		
			Limit		
Parameter		Symbol	10 s	Steady State	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage (MOSFET)		V _{DS}	30		V
Reverse Voltage (Schottky)		V DS	30		
Gate-Source Voltage (MOSFET)		V _{GS}	± 20		
Continuous Drain Current (T _J = 150 °C) (MOSFE ⁻	T) ^{a, b} T _A = 25 °C	la la	9.5	7.3	
Continuous Drain Current $(T_j = 130^{\circ}C)$ (MOSFE	$T_A = 70 ^{\circ}C$	I _D	7.7	5.9	
Pulsed Drain Current (MOSFET)	I _{DM}	50			
Continuous Source Current (MOSFET Diode Cond	ا _S	2.1	1.2	A	
Average Forward Current (Schottky)	١ _F	1.4	0.8		
Pulsed Forward Current (Schottky)	I _{FM}	30			
Single Pulse Avalanche Current	L = 0.1 mH	I _{AS}	5 1.25		
Avalanche Energy	L = 0.1 mm	E _{AS}			mJ
Maximum Power Dissipation (MOSFET) ^{a, b}	T _A = 25 °C		2.5	1.4	w
Maximum Power Dissipation (MOSFET) ^{2, 2}	T _A = 70 °C	PD	1.6	0.9	
Maximum Dawar Dissinction (Schottlay)a, b	T _A = 25 °C	'U	2.0	1.2	
Maximum Power Dissipation (Schottky) ^{a, b}	T _A = 70 °C		1.3	0.8	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Ran	T _J , T _{stg}	- 55	i to 150	°C	

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter	Device	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
	MOSFET		40	50	- °C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient (t \leq 10 s) ^a	Schottky	B	50	60		
	MOSFET	R _{thJA}	72	90		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient (t = Steady State) ^a	Schottky		85	100		
	MOSFET	P	18	23		
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (t = Steady State) ^a	Schottky	R _{thJF} –	24	30		

Notes:

a. Surface Mounted on FR4 board.

b. t \leq 10 s.

Si4812BDY

Vishay Siliconix

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Static	Cymbol			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	maxi	•	
Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \ \mu A$	1		3	V	
Gate-Body Leakage	I _{GSS}	$V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = \pm 20 V$			± 100	nA	
		$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$		0.004	0.100		
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current (MOSFET and Schottky)	I _{DSS}	V_{DS} = 30 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_{J} = 100 °C		0.7	10	mA	
		V_{DS} = 30 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_{J} = 125 °C		3.0	20		
On-State Drain Current ^a	I _{D(on)}	$V_{DS} \ge 5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	20			А	
	_	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 9.5 \text{ A}$		0.013	0.016		
Drain-Source On-State Resistance ^a	R _{DS(on)}	$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 7.7 \text{ A}$		0.0165	0.021	Ω	
Forward Transconductance ^a	9 _{fs}	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 9.5 \text{ A}$		45		S	
	V	I _S = 1.0 A, V _{GS} = 0 V	V 0.45		0.50		
Schottky Diode Forward Voltage ^a	V _{SD}	I_{S} = 1.0 A, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_{J} = 125 °C		0.33	0.42	V	
Dynamic ^b	· · ·		•	•			
Total Gate Charge	Qg			8.5	13		
Gate-Source Charge	Q _{gs}	Q_{gs} V _{DS} = 15 V, V _{GS} = 5 V, I _D = 9.5 A		3		nC	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q _{gd}			2.6			
Gate Resistance	Rg		0.3	0.7	1.1	Ω	
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(on)}			15	25		
Rise Time	t _r	V_{DD} = 15 V, R_L = 15 Ω		13	20		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}	$\text{I}_\text{D}\cong$ 1 A, V_GEN = 10 V, R_g = 6 Ω		20	30	ns	
Fall Time	t _f			8	15		
Source-Drain Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}	I _F = 1.0 A, dl/dt = 100 A/μs		22	35		

Notes:

a. Pulse test; pulse width \leq 300 µs, duty cycle \leq 2 %.

b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.





Si4812BDY

Vishay Siliconix

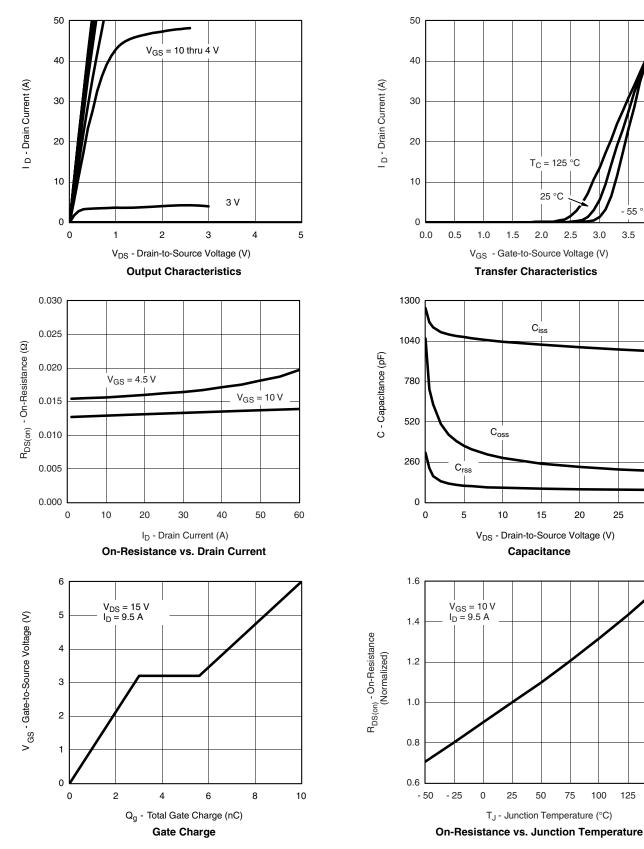
- 55 °C

4.0

30

3.5

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

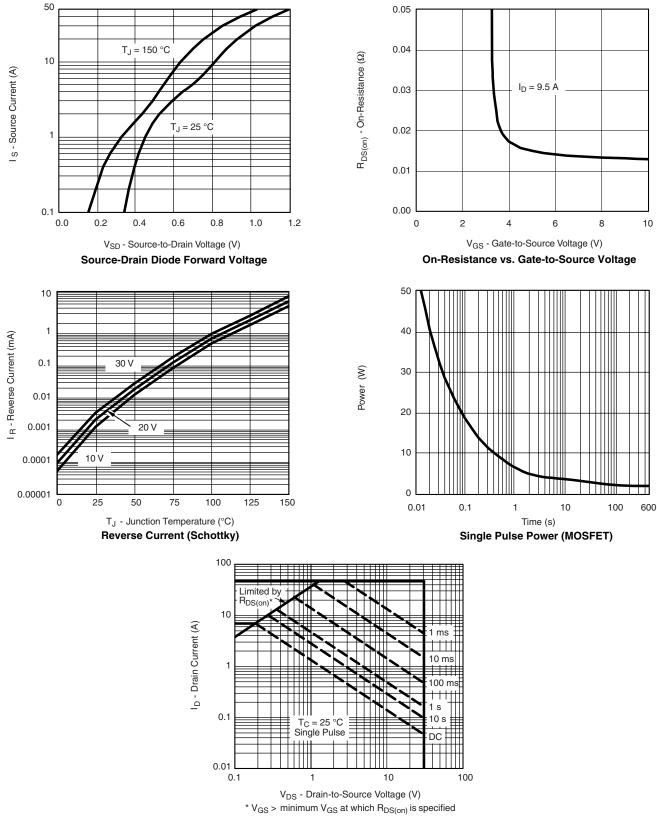


150

Si4812BDY

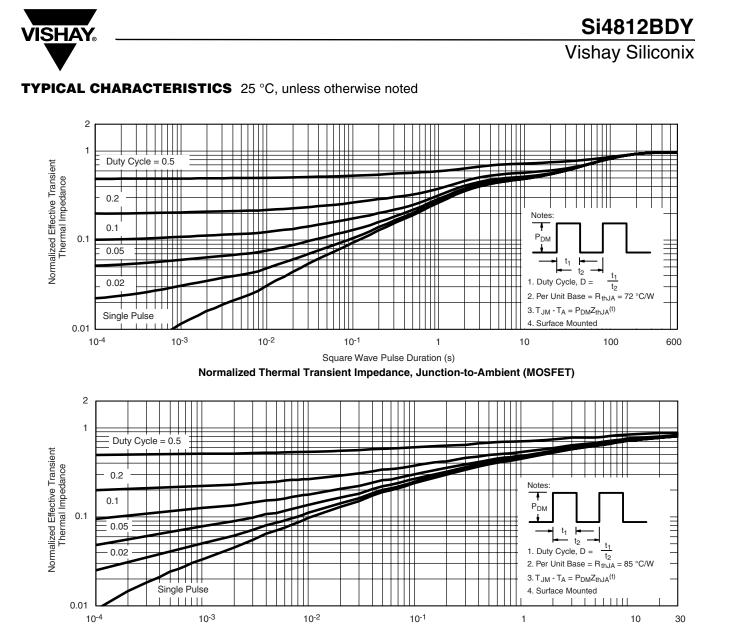
Vishay Siliconix





Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Case

VISHA



Square Wave Pulse Duration (s) Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient (Schottky)

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?73038.



Package Information

Vishay Siliconix

SOIC (NARROW): 8-LEAD JEDEC Part Number: MS-012





	MILLIM	IETERS	INCHES			
DIM	Min	Мах	Min	Max		
A	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069		
A ₁	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008		
В	0.35	0.51	0.014	0.020		
С	0.19	0.25	0.0075	0.010		
D	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196		
E	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157		
е	1.27	BSC	0.050 BSC			
н	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244		
h	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020		
L	0.50	0.93	0.020	0.037		
q	0°	8°	0°	8°		
S	0.44	0.64	0.018	0.026		
ECN: C-06527-Rev. I, 11-Sep-06 DWG: 5498						



TrenchFET[®] Power MOSFETs

Application Note 808

Mounting LITTLE FOOT[®], SO-8 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (http://www.vishay.com/ppg?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SO-8 power MOSFET. In converting this recommended minimum pad to the pad set for a power MOSFET, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

In the case of the SO-8 package, the thermal connections are very simple. Pins 5, 6, 7, and 8 are the drain of the MOSFET for a single MOSFET package and are connected together. In a dual package, pins 5 and 6 are one drain, and pins 7 and 8 are the other drain. For a small-signal device or integrated circuit, typical connections would be made with traces that are 0.020 inches wide. Since the drain pins serve the additional function of providing the thermal connection to the package, this level of connection is inadequate. The total cross section of the copper may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it presents a large thermal impedance. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pins are the heat sources when looking at heat spread on the PC board.





Figure 2. Dual MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

The minimum recommended pad patterns for the single-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 1) and dual-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 2) show the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat-spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pins. The copper plane connects the drain pins electrically, but more importantly provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain leads and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. These patterns use all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

Application Note 826

Vishay Siliconix



RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SO-8



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

Return to Index



Vishay

Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and/or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify and hold Vishay and its distributors harmless from and against any and all claims, liabilities, expenses and damages arising or resulting in connection with such use or sale, including attorneys fees, even if such claim alleges that Vishay or its distributor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.