

ALMD-EL3D, ALMD-EG3D, ALMD-CM3D, ALMD-CB3D

High Brightness SMT Round LED Lamps

Amber, Red, Green and Blue Tinted LEDs



Data Sheet



Lead (Pb) Free
RoHS 6 fully
compliant



Description

The new Avago ALMD-xx3D LED series has the same or just slightly less luminous intensity than conventional high brightness, through-hole LEDs.

The new LED lamps can be assembled using common SMT assembly processes and are compatible with industrial reflow soldering processes.

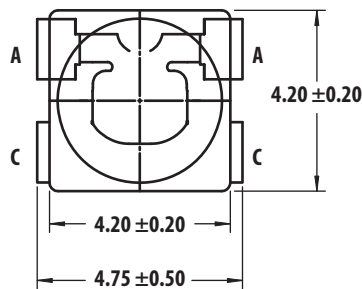
The LEDs are made with an advanced optical grade epoxy for superior performance in outdoor sign applications.

For easy pick and place assembly, the LEDs are shipped in EIA-compliant tape and reel. Every reel is shipped from a single intensity and color bin— except the red color—for better uniformity.

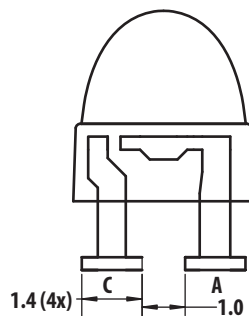
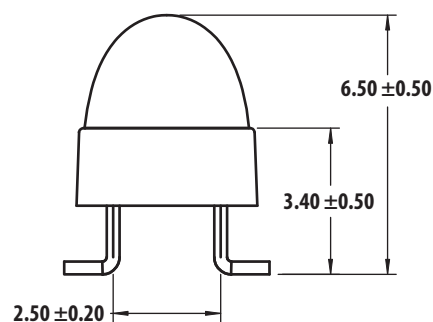
Features

- Compact form factor
- High brightness material
- Available in Red, Amber, Green and Blue color
- Red AlInGaP 626nm
- Amber AlInGaP 590nm
- Green InGaN 525nm
- Blue InGaN 470nm
- Jedec MSL 2A
- Compatible with industrial reflow soldering process
- Typical Viewing angle: 30°
- Tinted, non-diffused

Package Dimensions



A: Anode
C: Cathode



Notes:

1. All dimensions in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ± 0.20 mm unless other specified.

CAUTION: InGaN devices are Class 1C HBM ESD sensitive; AlInGaP devices are Class 1B ESD sensitive per JEDEC Standard. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

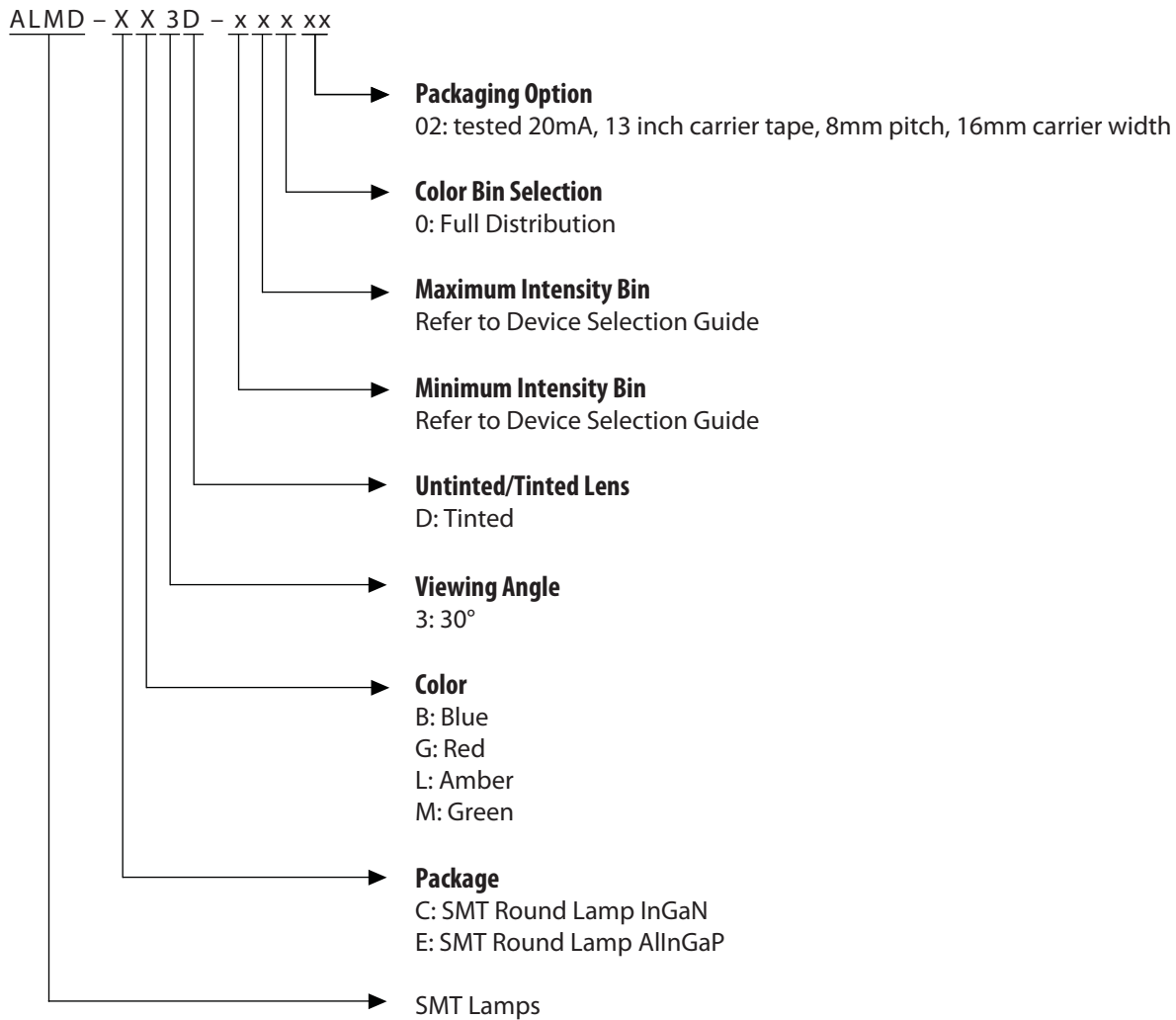
Device Selection Guide

| Part Number | Color and Dominant Wavelength λ_d (nm) Typ ^[3] | Luminous Intensity I _v (mcd) ^[1,2,5] | | Viewing Angle Typ (°) ^[4] |
|-----------------|--|--|-------|---|
| | | Min | Max | |
| ALMD-EG3D-VX002 | Red 626 | 4200 | 9300 | 30° |
| ALMD-EL3D-VX002 | Amber 590 | 4200 | 9300 | |
| ALMD-CM3D-WY002 | Green 525 | 5500 | 12000 | |
| ALMD-CB3D-RT002 | Blue 470 | 1500 | 3200 | |

Notes:

1. The luminous intensity is measured on the mechanical axis of the lamp package and it is tested with pulsing condition.
2. The optical axis is closely aligned with the package mechanical axis.
3. Dominant wavelength, λ_d , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.
4. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is half the on-axis intensity.
5. Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 15\%$

Part Numbering System



Absolute Maximum Rating, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter | Red and Amber | Blue and Green | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| DC Forward Current ^[1] | 50 | 30 | mA |
| Peak Forward Current | 100 ^[2] | 100 ^[3] | mA |
| Power Dissipation | 120 | 114 | mW |
| Reverse Voltage | 5 ($I_R = 100 \mu\text{A}$) | 5 ($I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$) | V |
| LED Junction Temperature | 130 | 110 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Operating Temperature Range | | -40 to +85 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature Range | | -40 to +100 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Notes:

1. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 4 and Figure 9
2. Duty Factor 30%, frequency 1KHz.
3. Duty Factor 10%, frequency 1KHz.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|--|
| Forward Voltage | V_F | | | | V | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ |
| Red | | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.4 | | |
| Amber | | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.4 | | |
| Green | | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.8 | | |
| Blue | | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.8 | | |
| Reverse Voltage | V_R | | | | V | $I_F = 100 \mu\text{A}$ |
| Red & Amber | | 5 | | | | $I_F = 10 \mu\text{A}$ |
| Green & blue | | 5 | | | | |
| Dominant Wavelength ^[1] | λ_d | | | | | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ |
| Red | | 618.0 | 626.0 | 630.0 | | |
| Amber | | 584.5 | 590.0 | 594.5 | | |
| Green | | 519.0 | 525.0 | 539.0 | | |
| Blue | | 460.0 | 470.0 | 480.0 | | |
| Peak Wavelength | λ_{PEAK} | | | | nm | Peak of Wavelength of Spectral Distribution at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ |
| Red | | | 634 | | | |
| Amber | | | 594 | | | |
| Green | | | 516 | | | |
| Blue | | | 464 | | | |
| Thermal Resistance | $R\theta_{J-PIN}$ | | 130 | | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | LED Junction-to-Pin |
| Luminous Efficacy ^[2] | η_V | | | | lm/W | Emitted Luminous Power/Emitted Radiant Power |
| Red | | | 200 | | | |
| Amber | | | 520 | | | |
| Green | | | 530 | | | |
| Blue | | | 65 | | | |
| Thermal coefficient of λ_d | | | | | nm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA} ; +25^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +100^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Red | | | 0.059 | | | |
| Amber | | | 0.103 | | | |
| Green | | | 0.028 | | | |
| Blue | | | 0.024 | | | |

Notes:

1. The dominant wavelength is derived from the chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.
2. The radiant intensity, I_e in watts per steradian, may be found from the equation $I_e = I_V/\eta_V$ where I_V is the luminous intensity in candelas and η_V is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

AlInGaP

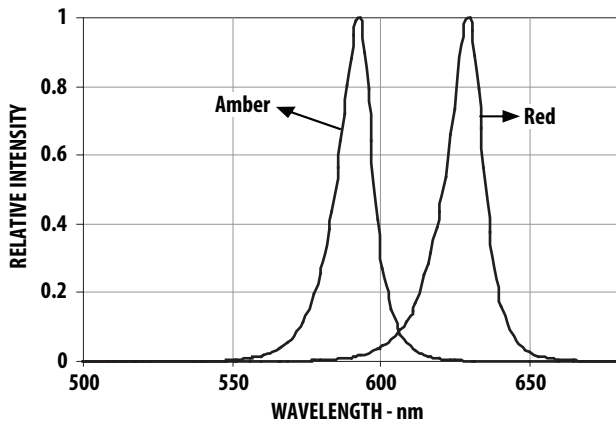


Figure 1. Relative Intensity vs Wavelength

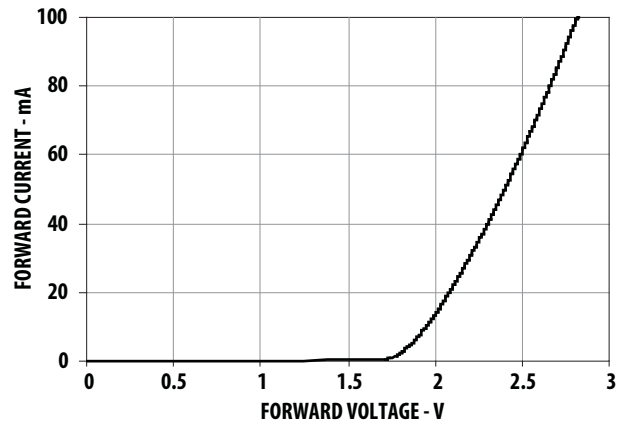


Figure 2. Forward Current vs Forward Voltage

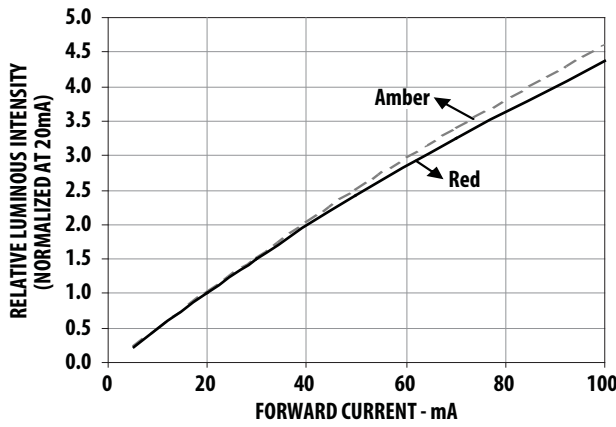


Figure 3. Relative Intensity vs Forward Current

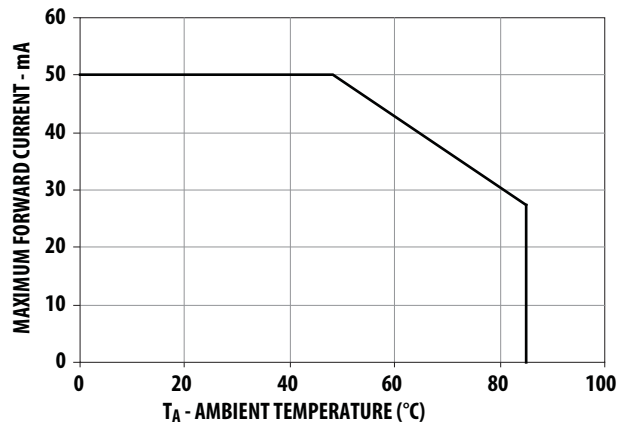


Figure 4. Maximum Forward Current vs Ambient Temperature

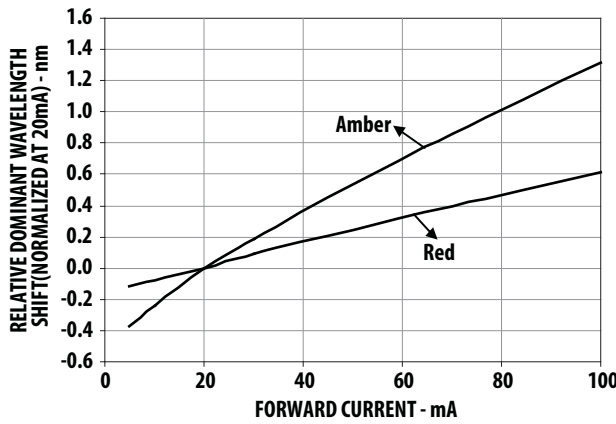


Figure 5. Relative Dominant Wavelength Shift vs Forward Current

InGaN

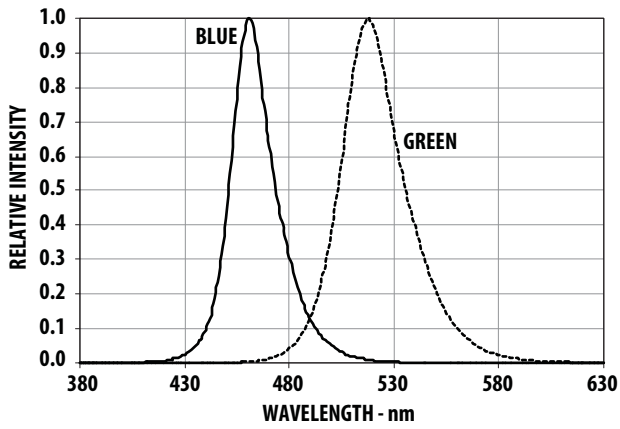


Figure 6. Relative Intensity vs Wavelength

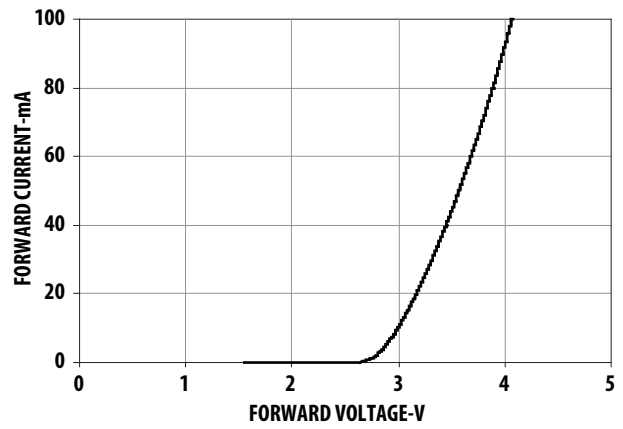


Figure 7. Forward Current vs Forward Voltage

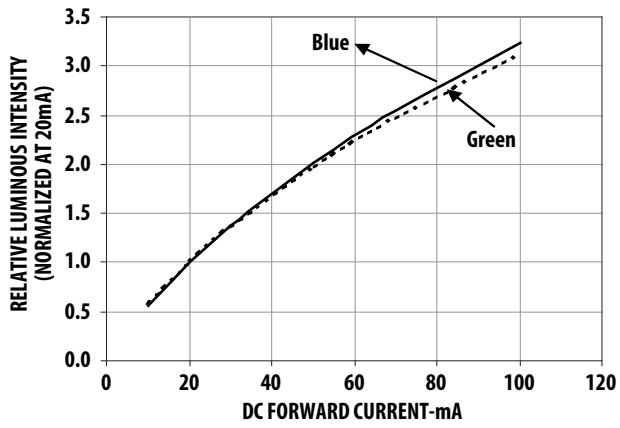


Figure 8. Relative Intensity vs Forward Current

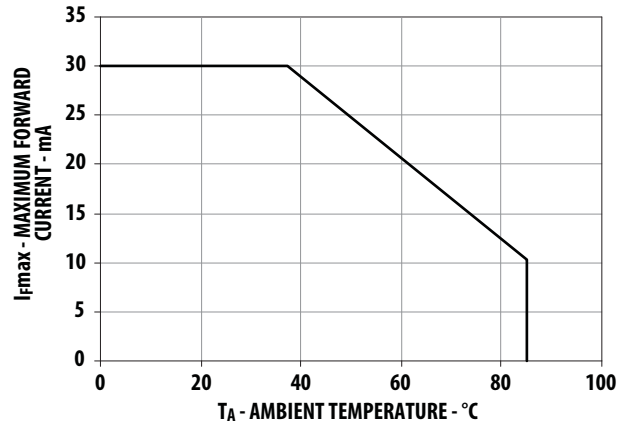


Figure 9. Maximum Forward Current vs Ambient Temperature

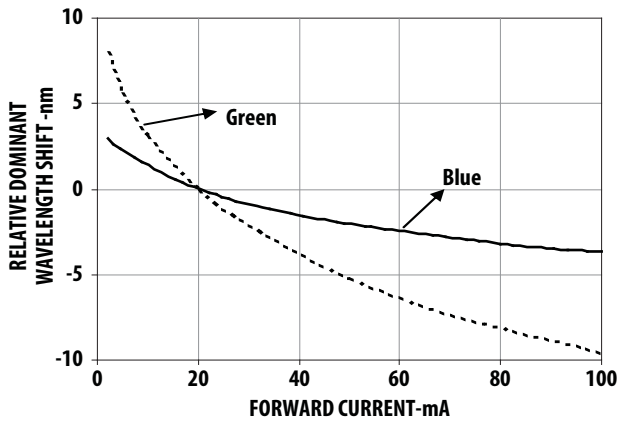


Figure 10. Dominant Wavelength Shift vs Forward Current

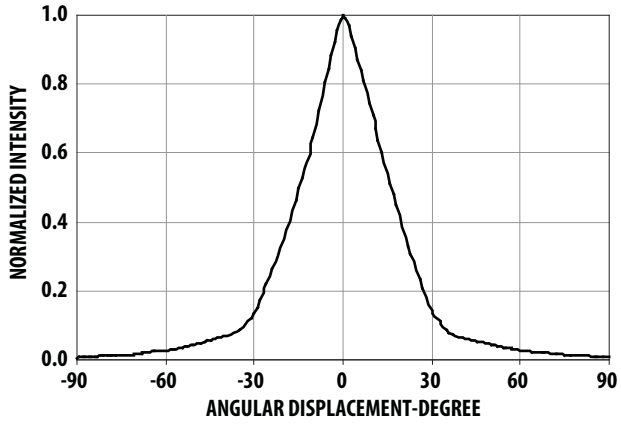


Figure 11a. Radiation Pattern for X axis

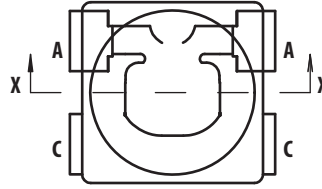


Figure 11b. Component Axis for Radiation Pattern

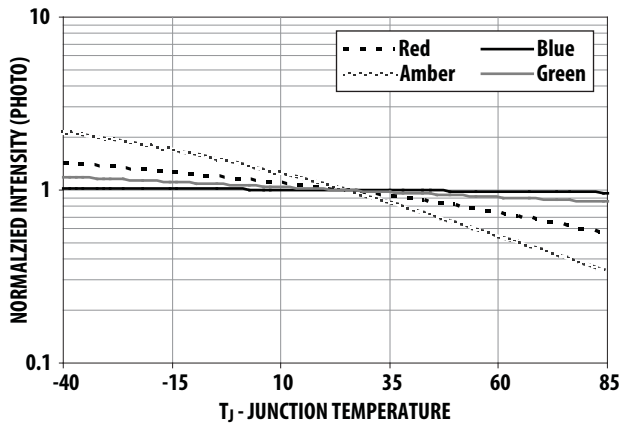


Figure 12. Relative Intensity Shift vs Junction Temperature

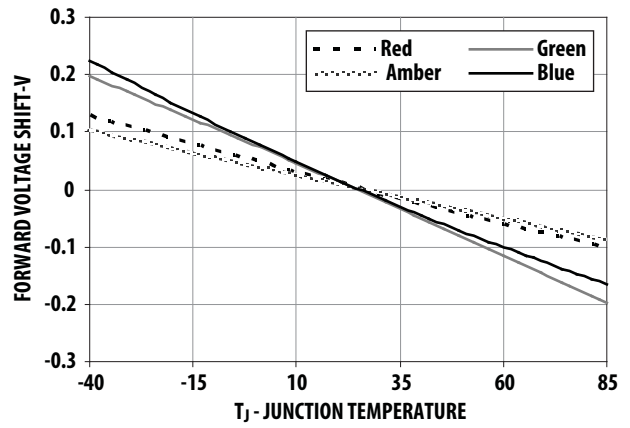


Figure 13. Forward Voltage Shift vs Junction Temperature

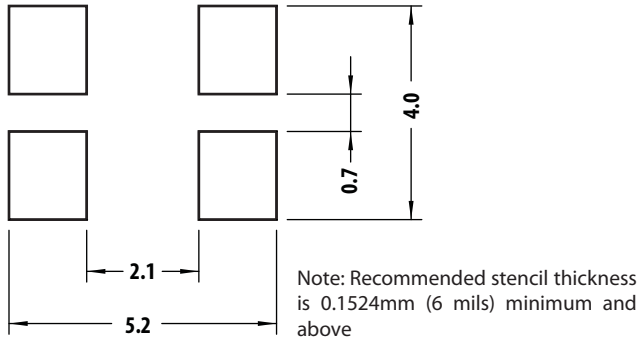


Figure 14. Recommended Soldering Land Pattern

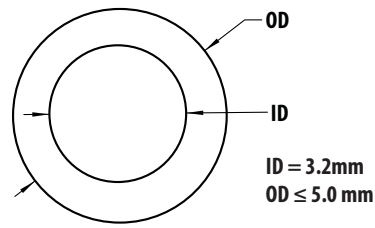


Figure 15. Recommended Pick and Place Nozzle Tip (Urethane PAD Tip)

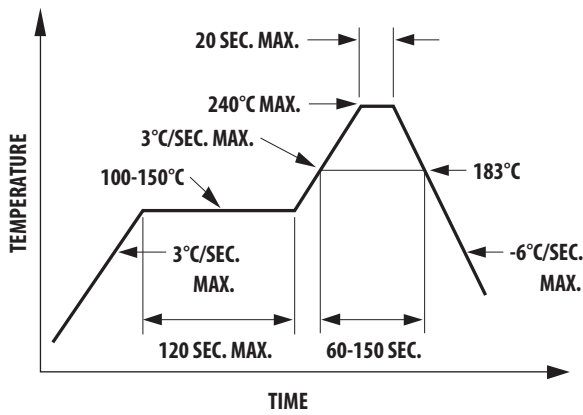


Figure 16. Recommended Leaded Reflow Soldering Profile

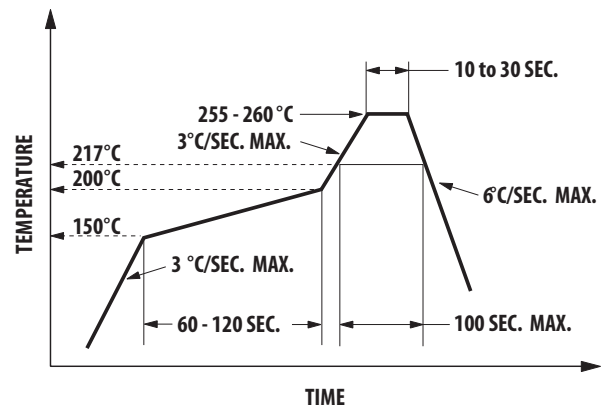


Figure 17. Recommended Pb-Free Reflow Soldering Profile

Note: For detail information on reflow soldering of Avago Surface Mount LED, do refer to Avago Application Note AN1060 Surface Mounting SMT LED Indicator Components.

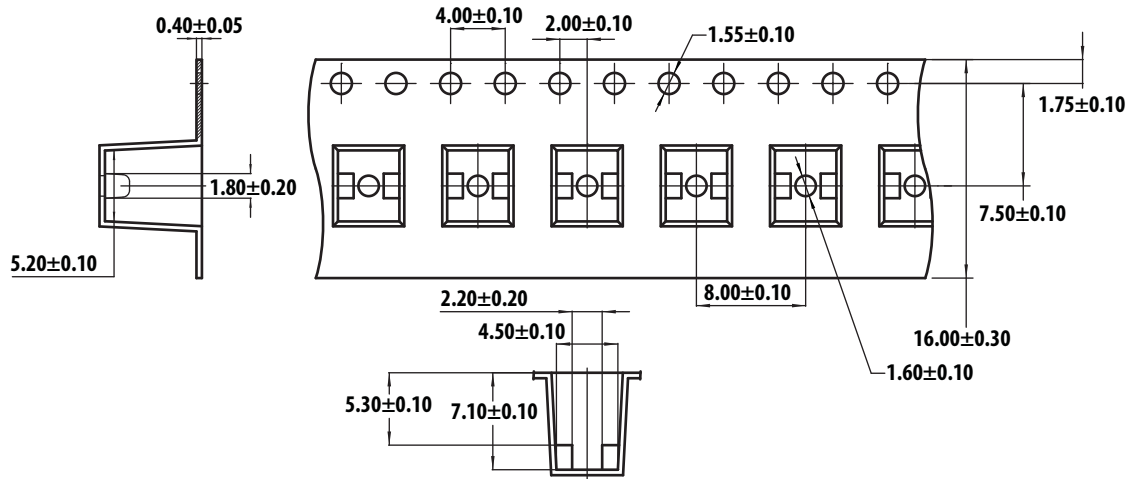


Figure 18. Carrier Tape Dimension

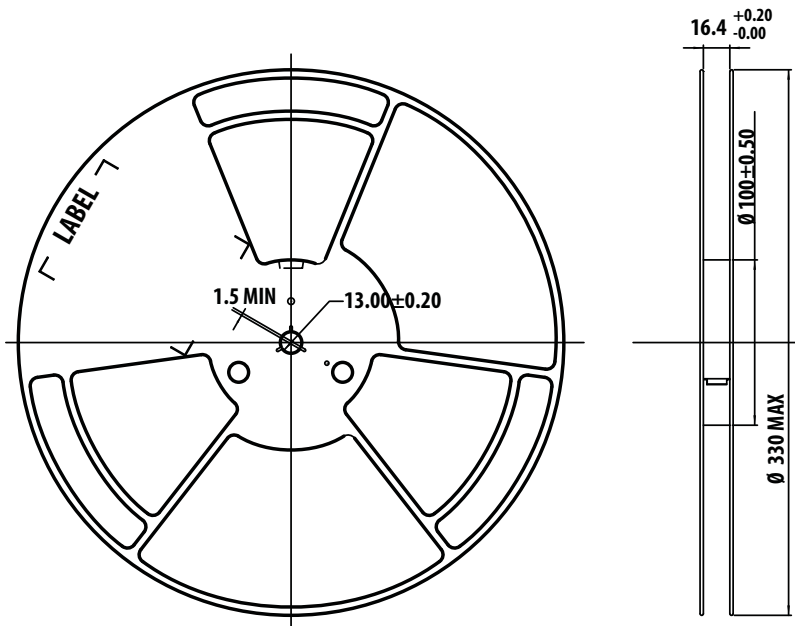


Figure 19. Reel Dimension

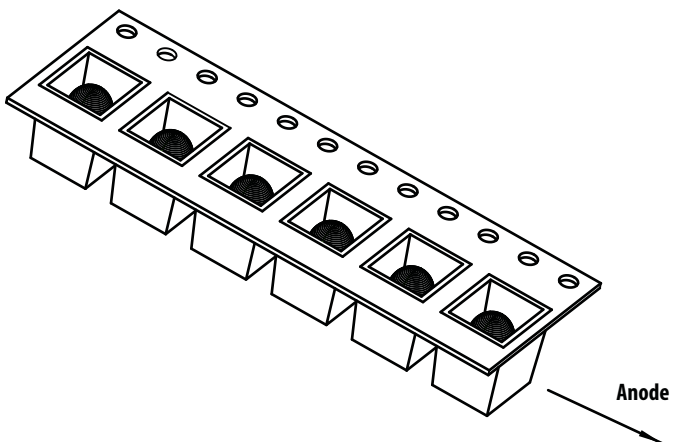


Figure 20. Unit Orientation from reel

Intensity Bin Limit Table (1.3:1 Iv bin ratio)

| Bin | Intensity (mcd) at 20mA | |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|
| | Min | Max |
| R | 1500 | 1900 |
| S | 1900 | 2500 |
| T | 2500 | 3200 |
| U | 3200 | 4200 |
| V | 4200 | 5500 |
| W | 5500 | 7200 |
| X | 7200 | 9300 |
| Y | 9300 | 12000 |
| Z | 12000 | 16000 |

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 15\%$

VF Bin Table (V at 20mA) for Red&Amber

| Bin ID | Min | Max |
|--------|-----|-----|
| VD | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| VA | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| VB | 2.2 | 2.4 |

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 0.05V$

Red Color Range

| Min Dom | Max Dom | X min | Y Min | X max | Y max |
|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 618.0 | 630.0 | 0.6872 | 0.3126 | 0.6890 | 0.2943 |
| | | 0.6690 | 0.3149 | 0.7080 | 0.2920 |

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 0.5nm$

Amber Color Range

| Bin | Min Dom | Max Dom | Xmin | Ymin | Xmax | Ymax |
|-----|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1 | 584.5 | 587.0 | 0.5420 | 0.4580 | 0.5530 | 0.4400 |
| | | | 0.5370 | 0.4550 | 0.5570 | 0.4420 |
| 2 | 587.0 | 589.5 | 0.5570 | 0.4420 | 0.5670 | 0.4250 |
| | | | 0.5530 | 0.4400 | 0.5720 | 0.4270 |
| 4 | 589.5 | 592.0 | 0.5720 | 0.4270 | 0.5820 | 0.4110 |
| | | | 0.5670 | 0.4250 | 0.5870 | 0.4130 |
| 6 | 592.0 | 594.5 | 0.5870 | 0.4130 | 0.5950 | 0.3980 |
| | | | 0.5820 | 0.4110 | 0.6000 | 0.3990 |

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 0.5nm$

Green Color Range

| Bin | Min Dom | Max Dom | Xmin | Ymin | Xmax | Ymax |
|-----|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1 | 519.0 | 523.0 | 0.0667 | 0.8323 | 0.1450 | 0.7319 |
| | | | 0.1200 | 0.7375 | 0.0979 | 0.8316 |
| 2 | 523.0 | 527.0 | 0.0979 | 0.8316 | 0.1711 | 0.7218 |
| | | | 0.1450 | 0.7319 | 0.1305 | 0.8189 |
| 3 | 527.0 | 531.0 | 0.1305 | 0.8189 | 0.1967 | 0.7077 |
| | | | 0.1711 | 0.7218 | 0.1625 | 0.8012 |
| 4 | 531.0 | 535.0 | 0.1625 | 0.8012 | 0.2210 | 0.6920 |
| | | | 0.1967 | 0.7077 | 0.1929 | 0.7816 |
| 5 | 535.0 | 539.0 | 0.1929 | 0.7816 | 0.2445 | 0.6747 |
| | | | 0.2210 | 0.6920 | 0.2233 | 0.7600 |

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 0.5\text{nm}$

Blue Color Range

| Bin | Min Dom | Max Dom | Xmin | Ymin | Xmax | Ymax |
|-----|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1 | 460.0 | 464.0 | 0.1440 | 0.0297 | 0.1766 | 0.0966 |
| | | | 0.1818 | 0.0904 | 0.1374 | 0.0374 |
| 2 | 464.0 | 468.0 | 0.1374 | 0.0374 | 0.1699 | 0.1062 |
| | | | 0.1766 | 0.0966 | 0.1291 | 0.0495 |
| 3 | 468.0 | 472.0 | 0.1291 | 0.0495 | 0.1616 | 0.1209 |
| | | | 0.1699 | 0.1062 | 0.1187 | 0.0671 |
| 4 | 472.0 | 476.0 | 0.1187 | 0.0671 | 0.1517 | 0.1423 |
| | | | 0.1616 | 0.1209 | 0.1063 | 0.0945 |
| 5 | 476.0 | 480.0 | 0.1063 | 0.0945 | 0.1397 | 0.1728 |
| | | | 0.1517 | 0.1423 | 0.0913 | 0.1327 |

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 0.5\text{nm}$

Moisture Sensitivity and Handling

The ALMD-xx3D series oval package has a Moisture Sensitive Level 2a rating per JEDEC J-STD-020. Refer to Avago Application Note AN5305, Handling of Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices, for additional details and a review of proper handling procedures.

A. Storage before use

- An unopened moisture barrier bag (MBB) can be stored at < 40° C/90% RH for 12 months. If the actual shelf life has exceeded 12 months and the humidity indicator card (HIC) indicates that baking is not required then it is safe to reflow solder the LEDs per the original MSL rating.
- It is recommended that the MBB not be opened prior to assembly (e.g. for IQC).

B. Control after opening the MBB

- The humidity indicator card (HIC) shall be read immediately upon opening of the MBB.
- The LEDs must be kept at < 30° C/60% RH at all times, and all high temperature related processes including soldering, curing or rework need to be completed within 672 hours.

C. Control for unfinished tape and reel parts

- Unused LEDs must be stored in a sealed MBB with a desiccant or desiccator at < 5% RH.

D. Control of assembled boards

- If the PCB soldered with the LEDs is to be subjected to other high temperature processes, the PCB needs to be stored in a sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at < 5% RH to ensure that all LEDs have not exceeded their floor life of 672 hours

E. Baking is required if:

- The HIC indicator is not BROWN at 10% and is AZURE at 5%
- The LEDs are exposed to a condition of > 30° C/60% RH at any time.
- The LED floor life exceeded 672 hours.

The recommended baking condition is: 60 ± 5° C for 20 hours.

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