

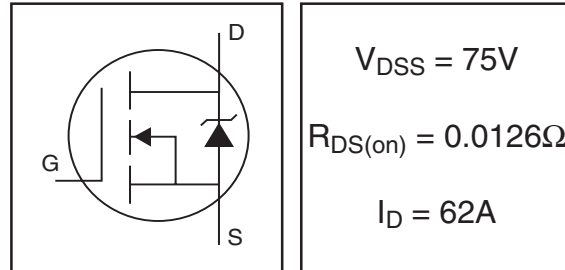
Typical Applications

- 42 Volts Automotive Electrical Systems

Features

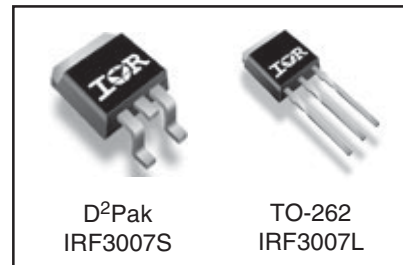
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax

HEXFET® Power MOSFET



Description

Specifically designed for Automotive applications, this design of HEXFET® Power MOSFETs utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of this HEXFET power MOSFET are a 175°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in Automotive applications and a wide variety of other applications.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

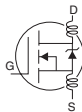
	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	62	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	44	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	320	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation	120	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.8	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	290	mJ
$E_{AS} (6 \text{ sigma})$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ②	946	
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	See Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑥		mJ
T_J	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 175	°C
T_{STG}			

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	1.25	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mounted, steady state)**	—	62	

** This is applied to D²Pak, when mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material).
For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V _{(BR)DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	75	—	—	V	V _{GS} = 0V, I _D = 250μA
ΔV _{(BR)DSS/ΔT_J}	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.084	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I _D = 1mA
R _{DS(on)}	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	10.5	12.6	mΩ	V _{GS} = 10V, I _D = 48A ④
V _{GS(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	V _{DS} = 10V, I _D = 250μA
g _{fs}	Forward Transconductance	180	—	—	S	V _{DS} = 25V, I _D = 48A
I _{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	V _{DS} = 75V, V _{GS} = 0V
		—	—	250		V _{DS} = 60V, V _{GS} = 0V, T _J = 150°C
I _{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	nA	V _{GS} = 20V
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200		V _{GS} = -20V
Q _g	Total Gate Charge	—	89	130	nC	I _D = 48A
Q _{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	21	32		V _{DS} = 60V
Q _{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	30	45		V _{GS} = 10V
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time	—	12	—	ns	V _{DD} = 38V
t _r	Rise Time	—	80	—		I _D = 48A
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	55	—		R _G = 4.6Ω
t _f	Fall Time	—	49	—		V _{GS} = 10V ④
L _D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L _S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	3270	—	pF	V _{GS} = 0V
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	520	—		V _{DS} = 25V
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	78	—		f = 1.0MHz, See Fig. 5
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	3500	—		V _{GS} = 0V, V _{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0MHz
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	340	—		V _{GS} = 0V, V _{DS} = 60V, f = 1.0MHz
C _{oss eff.}	Effective Output Capacitance ⑤	—	640	—		V _{GS} = 0V, V _{DS} = 0V to 60V

Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I _S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	80⑥	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I _{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	320		
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	T _J = 25°C, I _S = 48A, V _{GS} = 0V ④
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	85	130	ns	T _J = 25°C, I _F = 48A, V _{DD} = 38V
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	280	420	nC	di/dt = 100A/μs ④
t _{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L _S +L _D)				

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11).
- ② Starting T_J = 25°C, L = 0.24mH
R_G = 25Ω, I_{AS} = 48A, V_{GS} = 10V (See Figure 12).
- ③ I_{SD} ≤ 48A, di/dt ≤ 330A/μs, V_{DD} ≤ V_{(BR)DSS}, T_J ≤ 175°C
- ④ Pulse width ≤ 400μs; duty cycle ≤ 2%.
- ⑤ C_{oss eff.} is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS}.
- ⑥ Limited by T_{Jmax}, see Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑦ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.

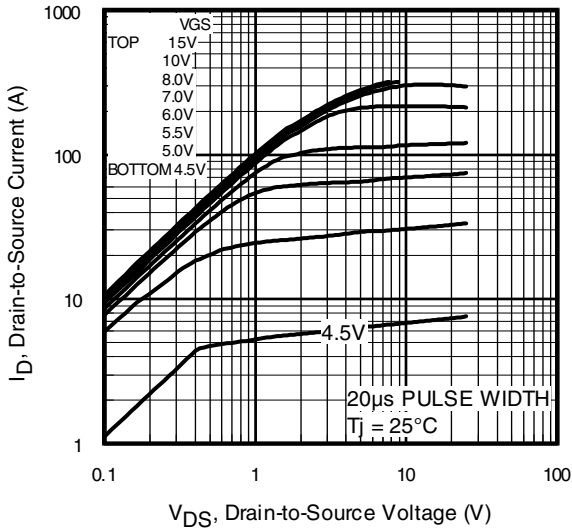


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

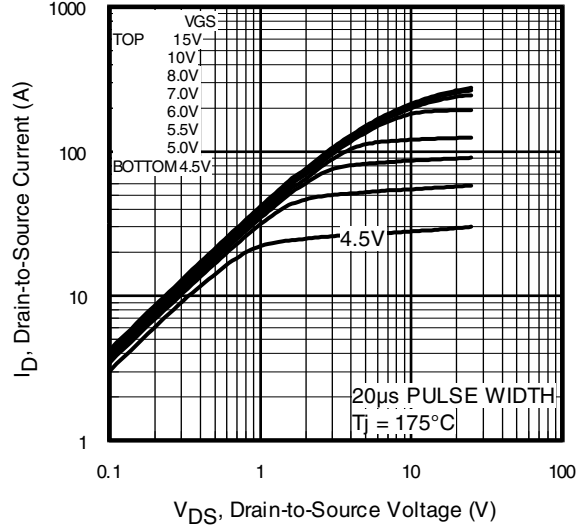


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

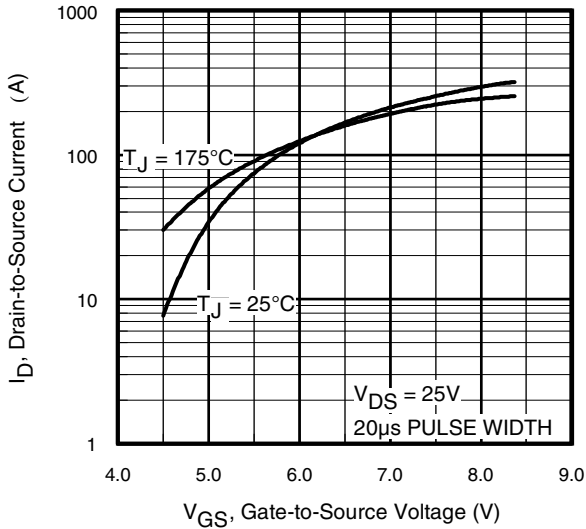


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

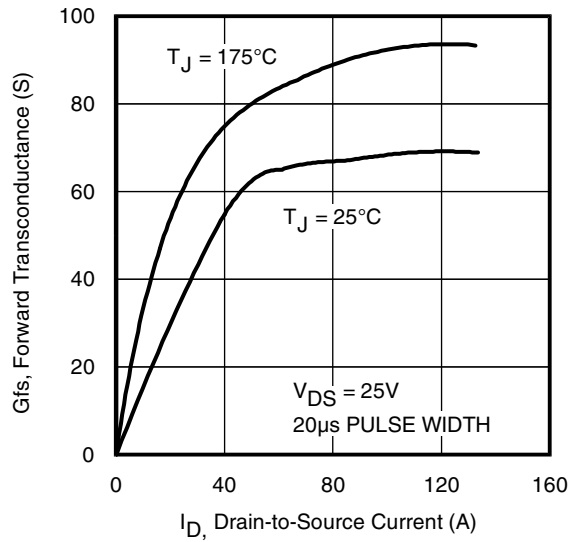


Fig 4. Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

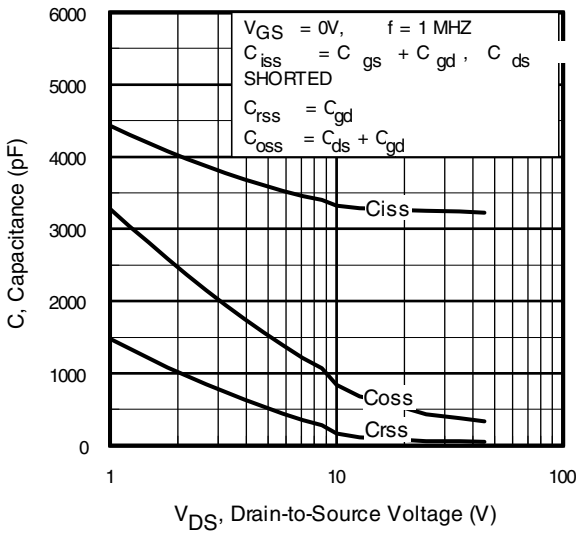


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

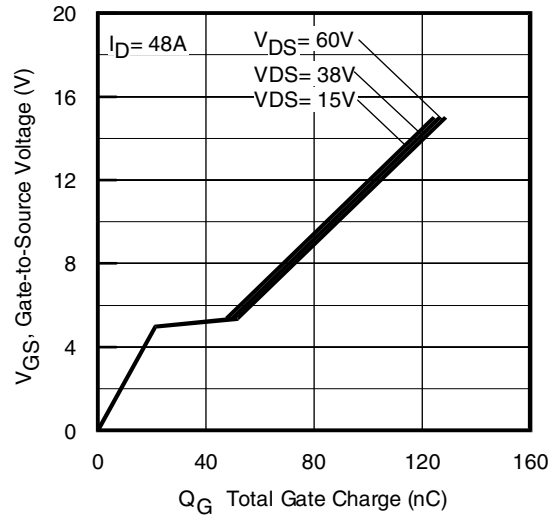


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

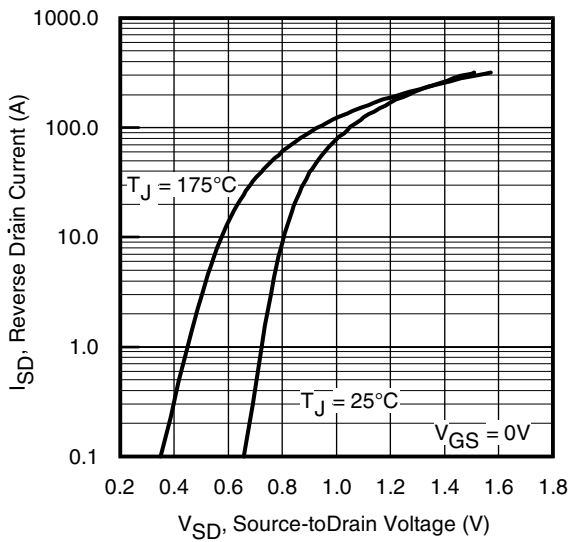


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

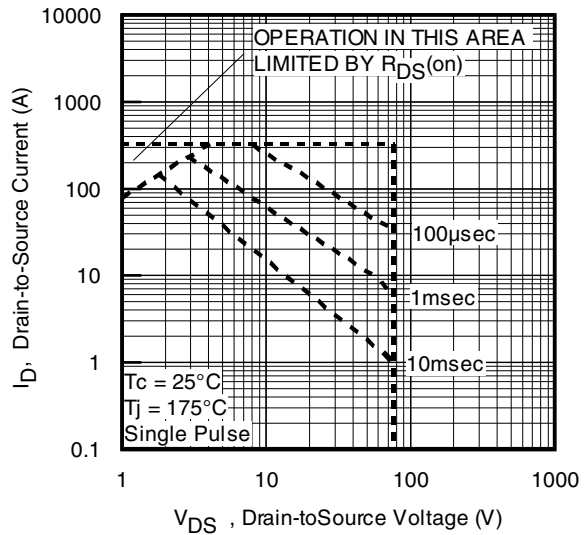


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

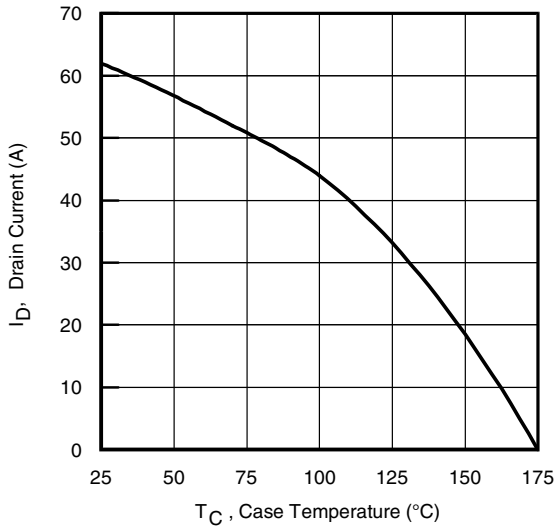


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

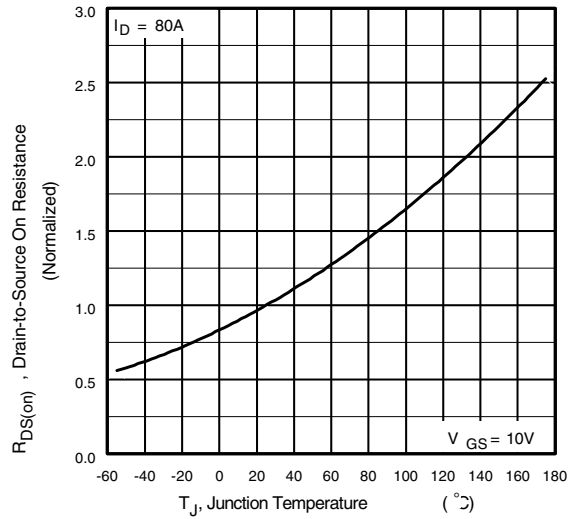


Fig 10. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

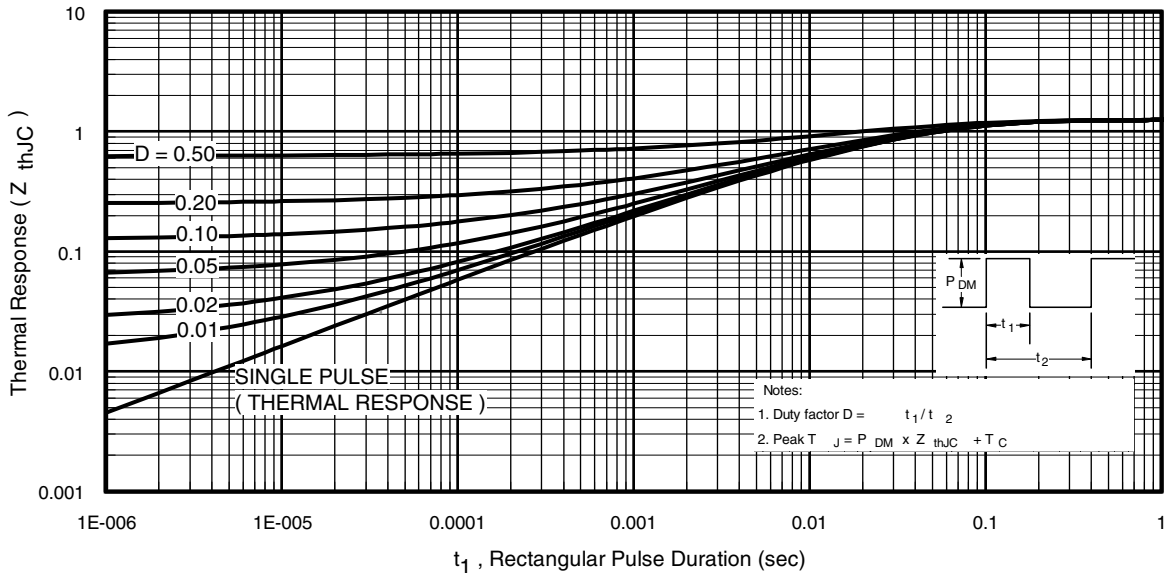


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

IRF3007S/L

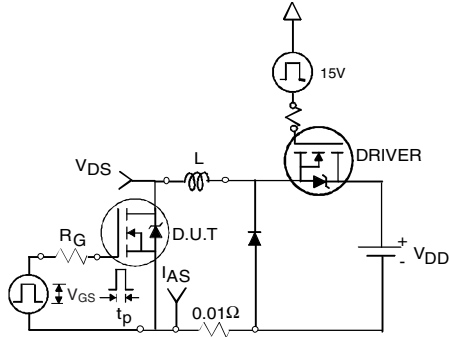


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

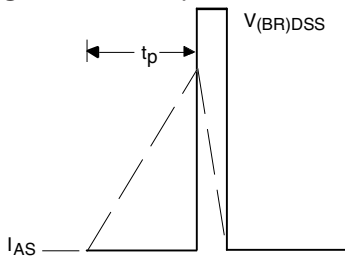


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

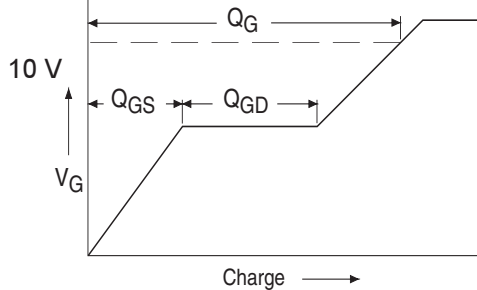


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

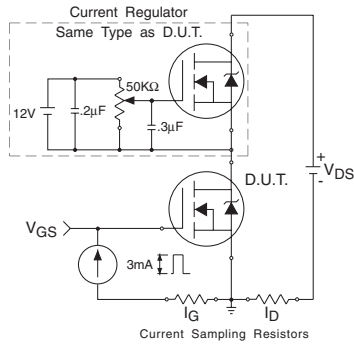


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

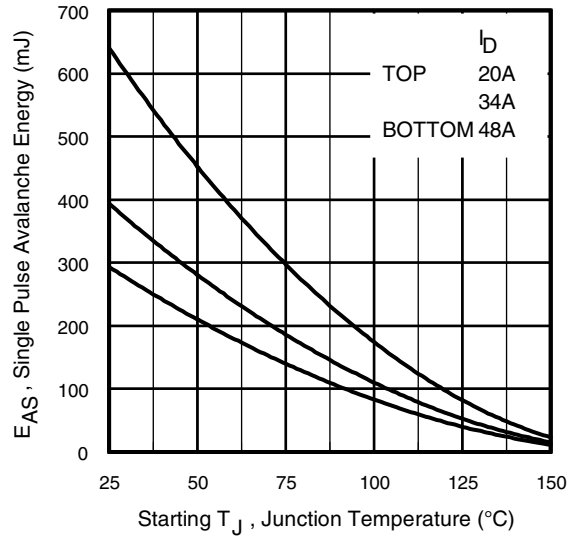


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

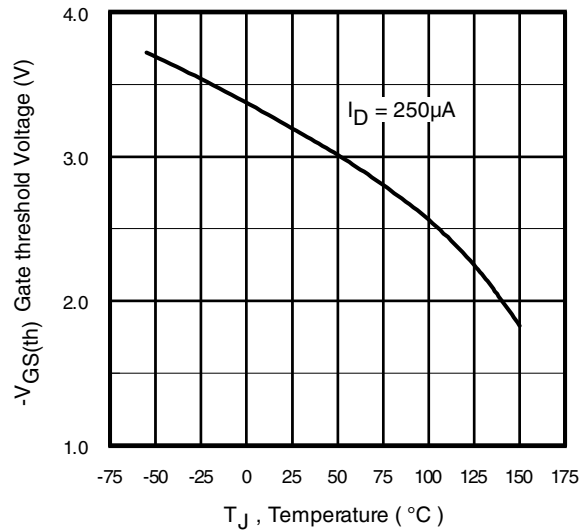


Fig 14. Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

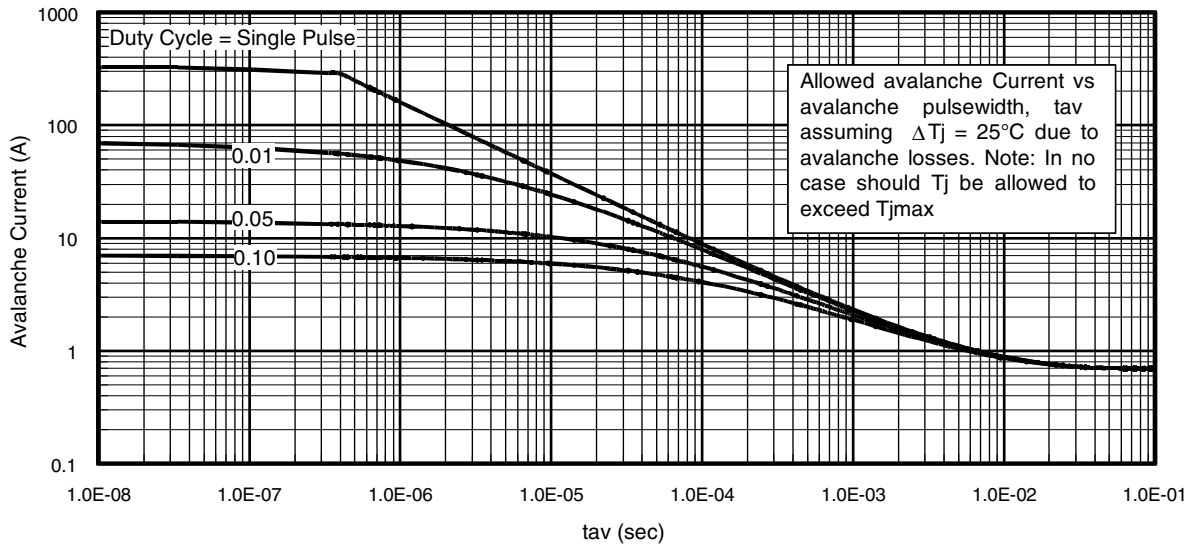


Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current Vs. Pulsewidth

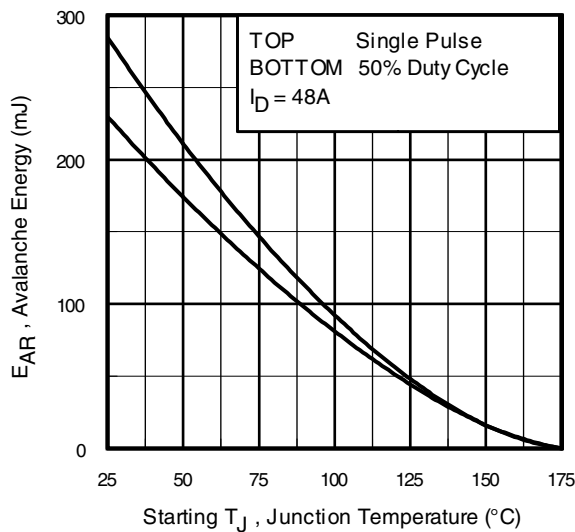


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).
 t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

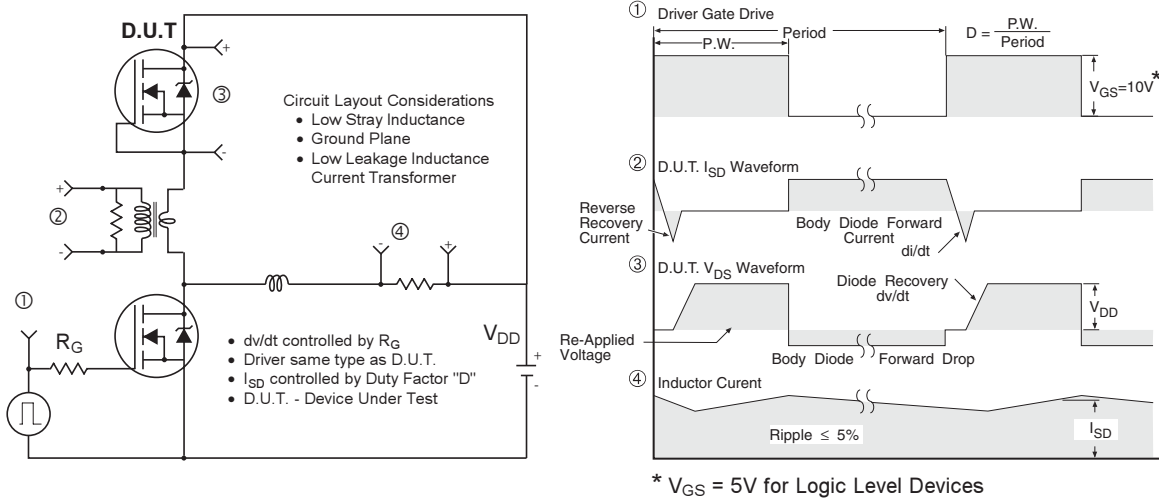


Fig 17. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET[®] Power MOSFETs

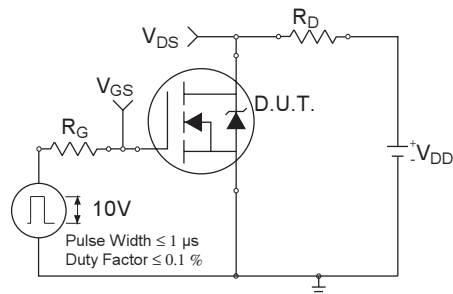


Fig 18a. Switching Time Test Circuit

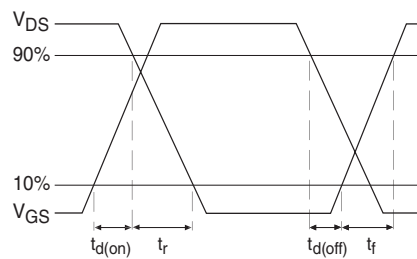
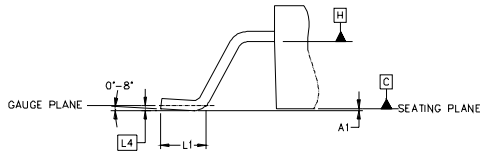


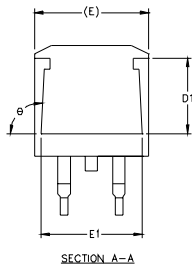
Fig 18b. Switching Time Waveforms

International
IR Rectifier
D²Pak Package Outline

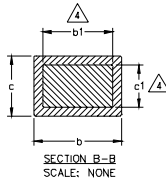
IRF3007S/L



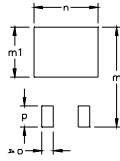
DETAIL "A"
 ROTATED 90°
 SCALE B:1



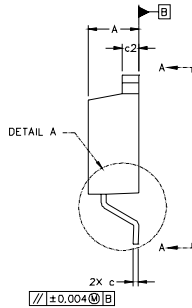
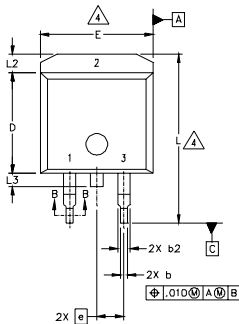
SECTION A-A



SECTION B-B
 SCALE: NONE



FOOT PRINT
 SCALE 2:1



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	4
A1		0.127		.005	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	
b2	1.14	1.40	.045	.055	4
c	0.43	0.63	.017	.025	
c1	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	3
c2	1.14	1.40	.045	.055	
D	8.51	9.65	.335	.380	3
D1	5.33		.210		
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3
E1	6.22		.245		
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		
L	14.61	15.88	.575	.625	
L1	1.78	2.79	.070	.110	
L2		1.65		.065	
L3	1.27	1.78	.050	.070	
L4	0.25 BSC		.010 BSC		
m	17.78		.700		
m1	8.89		.350		
n	11.43		.450		
o	2.08		.082		
p	3.81		.150		
θ	90°	93°	90°	93°	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET	IGBTs, CoPACK	DIODES
1.- GATE	1.- GATE	1.- ANODE *
2.- DRAIN	2.- COLLECTOR	2.- CATHODE
3.- SOURCE	3.- EMITTER	3.- ANODE

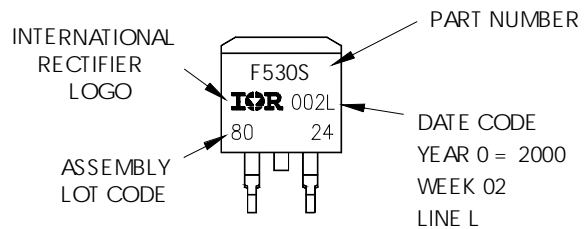
* PART DEPENDENT.

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [0.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE FURTHEST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
4. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

D²Pak Part Marking Information

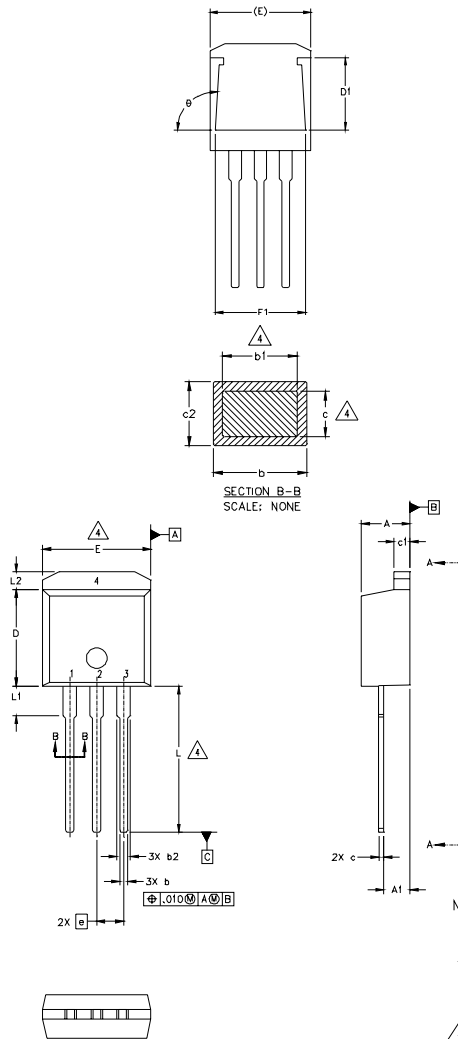
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH
 LOT CODE 8024
 ASSEMBLED ON WW 02, 2000
 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"



IRF3007S/L

International
IR Rectifier

TO-262 Package Outline



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	
A1	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	4
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	4
b2	1.14	1.40	.045	.055	4
c	0.38	0.63	.015	.025	4
c1	1.14	1.40	.045	.055	
c2	0.43	.063	.017	.029	
D	8.51	9.65	.335	.380	3
D1	5.33		.210		
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3
E1	6.22		.245		
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		
L	13.46	14.09	.530	.555	
L1	3.56	3.71	.140	.146	
L2		1.65		.065	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

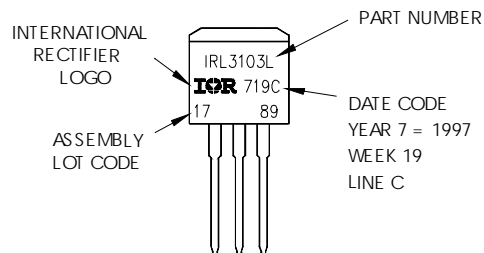
HEXFET	IGBT
1.- GATE	1- GATE
2.- DRAIN	2- COLLECTOR
3.- SOURCE	3- EMITTER
4.- DRAIN	4- COLLECTOR

NOTES:

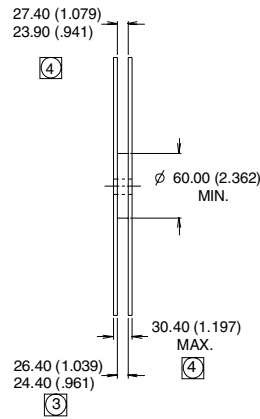
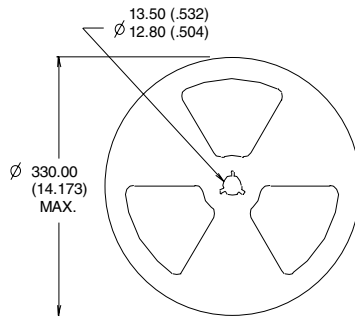
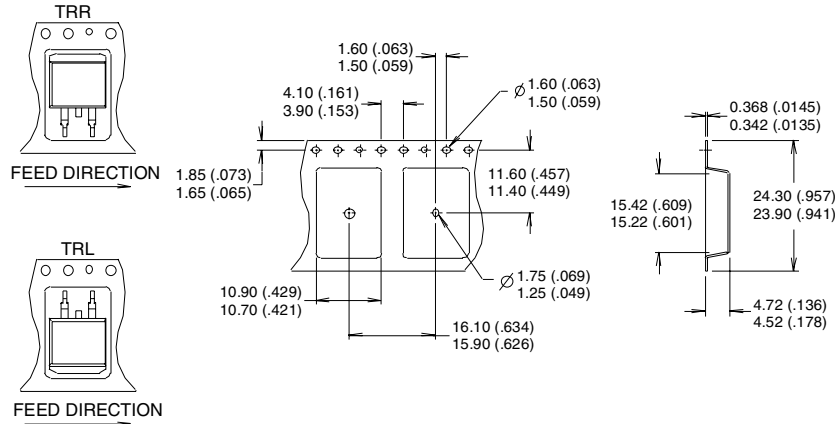
- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

TO-262 Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRL3103L
LOT CODE 1789
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"



D²Pak Tape & Reel Information



- NOTES :
1. CONFORMS TO EIA-418.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
 - ③ DIMENSION MEASURED @ HUB.
 - ④ INCLUDES FLANGE DISTORTION @ OUTER EDGE.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
 This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.