Features

- Very high speed: 45 ns

- Temperature ranges
  - Industrial: –40 °C to +85 °C

- Wide voltage range: 2.20 V–3.60 V

- Pin compatible with CY62137CV/CV25/CV30/CV33, CY62137V, and CY62137EV30

- Ultra low standby power
  - Typical standby current: 1 μA
  - Maximum standby current: 5 μA (Industrial)

- Ultra low active power
  - Typical active current: 1.6 mA at f = 1 MHz (45 ns speed)

- Easy memory expansion with $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ features

- Automatic power down when deselected

- Complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed and power

- Byte power down feature

- Available in Pb free 48-Ball very fine ball grid array (VFBGA) and 44-pin thin small outline package (TSOP) II package

Functional Description

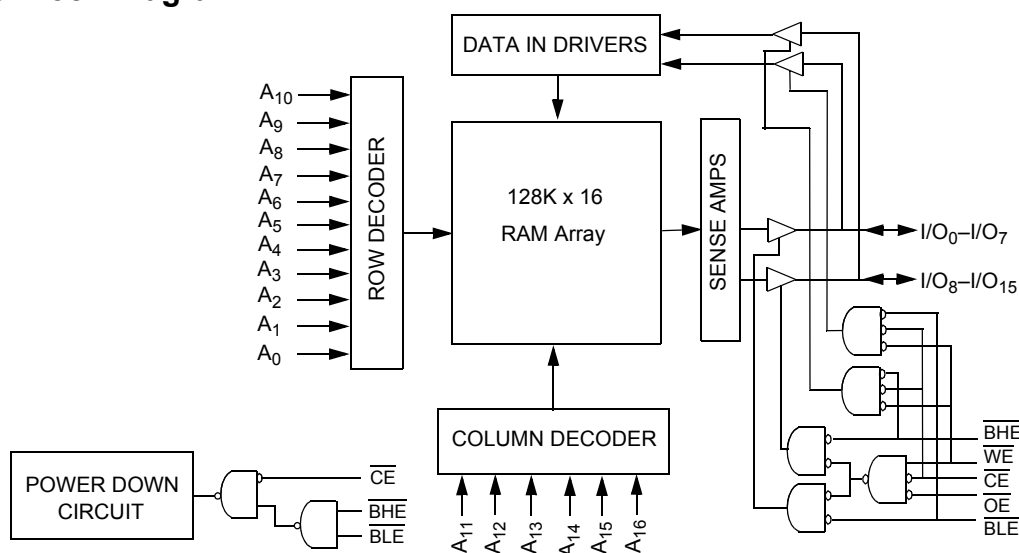The CY62137FV30 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 128K words by 16 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL®) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when addresses are not toggling. Placing the device into standby mode reduces power consumption by more than 99% when deselected ($\overline{CE}$ HIGH or both $\overline{BLE}$ and $\overline{BHE}$ are HIGH). The input and output pins (I/O_0 through I/O_{15}) are placed in a high impedance state in the following conditions when the device is deselected ($\overline{CE}$ HIGH), the outputs are disabled ($\overline{OE}$ HIGH), both the Byte High Enable and the Byte Low Enable are disabled ($\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$ HIGH), or during an active write operation ($\overline{CE}$ LOW and $\overline{WE}$ LOW).

Write to the device by taking Chip Enable ($\overline{CE}$) and Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{BLE}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_0 through I/O_7) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{16}). If Byte High Enable ($\overline{BHE}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_8 through I/O_{15}) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{16}).

Read from the device by taking Chip Enable ($\overline{CE}$) and Output Enable ($\overline{OE}$) LOW, while forcing the Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{BLE}$) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O_0 to I/O_7. If Byte High Enable ($\overline{BHE}$) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O_8 to I/O_{15}. See the "Truth Table" on page 11 for a complete description of read and write modes.

For best practice recommendations, refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines.

Logic Block Diagram

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Document Number: 001-07141 Rev. *I
Revised January 03, 2011

[+] Feedback

Contents

[+] Feedback

Product Portfolio

Product	Range	V_{CC} Range (V)			Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation					
						Operating I_{CC} (mA)				Standby I_{SB2} (μA)	
						f = 1MHz		f = f_{max}			
		Min	Typ[1]	Max		Typ[1]	Max	Typ[1]	Max	Typ[1]	Max
CY62137FV30LL	Industrial	2.2 V	3.0 V	3.6 V	45	1.6	2.5	13	18	1	5

Pin Configuration
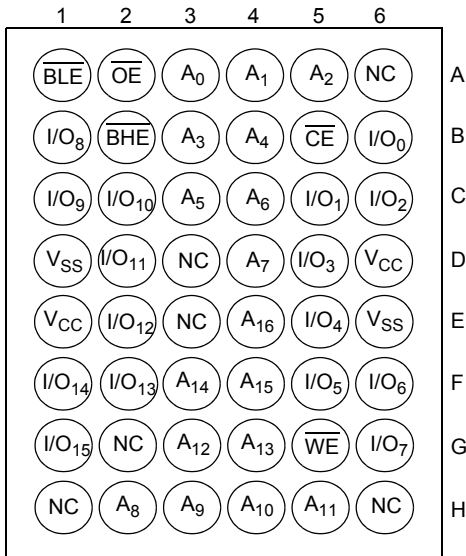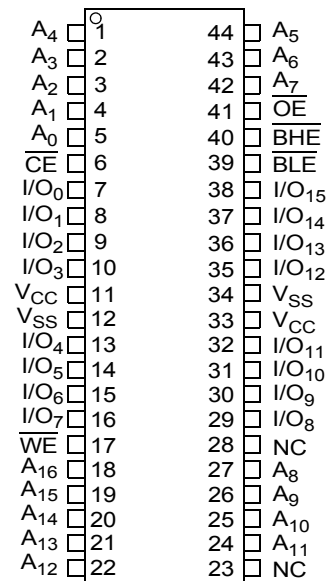
Figure 1. 48-Ball VFBGA Pinout[2, 3]

Figure 2. 44-Pin TSOP II[2]

Notes
1. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = $V_{CC(typ)}$, T_A = 25 °C
2. NC pins are not connected on the die.
3. Pins D3, H1, G2, H6 and H3 in the VFBGA package are address expansion pins for 4 Mb, 8 Mb, 16 Mb, and 32 Mb and 64 Mb respectively..

[+] Feedback

Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature .... –65 °C to + 150 °C

Ambient temperature with
power applied .... –55 °C to + 125 °C

Supply voltage to ground
potential ....-0.3 V to 3.9 V

DC voltage applied to outputs
in High Z state [4, 5] ....-0.3 V to 3.9 V

DC input voltage [5]..–0.3 V to 3.9 V

Output current into outputs (LOW) .... 20 mA

Static discharge voltage .... > 2001 V
(MIL–STD–883, method 3015)

Latch up current .... > 200 mA

Operating Range

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC}[6]
CY62137FV30LL	Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	2.2 V to 3.6 V

Electrical Characteristics
Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		45 ns (Industrial)			Unit
				Min	Typ[7]	Max	
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$	$I_{OH} = -0.1$ mA	2.0	–	–	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$	$I_{OH} = -1.0$ mA	2.4	–	–	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$	$I_{OL} = 0.1$ mA	–	–	0.4	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$	$I_{OL} = 2.1$ mA	–	–	0.4	V
V_{IH}	Input high voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$		1.8	–	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$		2.2	–	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	Input low voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$		–0.3	–	0.6	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$		–0.3	–	0.8	V
I_{IX}	Input leakage current	$GND \leq V_I \leq V_{CC}$		–1	–	+1	µA
I_{OZ}	Output leakage current	$GND \leq V_O \leq V_{CC}$, Output disabled		–1	–	+1	µA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} operating supply current	$f = f_{max} = 1/t_{RC}$	$V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA CMOS levels	–	13	18	mA
		$f = 1$ MHz		–	1.6	2.5	
I_{SB1}[8]	Automatic power-down current – CMOS inputs	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, or $(\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}) \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V, $f = f_{max}$ (address and data only), $f = 0$ ($\overline{OE}$ and $\overline{WE}$), $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$		–	1	5	µA
I_{SB2}[8]	Automatic power-down current – CMOS inputs	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V or $(\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}) \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V, $f = 0$, $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$		–	1	5	µA

Capacitance

| Parameter[9]	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25$ °C, f = 1 MHz, $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	10	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance		10	pF

Notes
4. $V_{IL(min)} = -2.0$ V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
5. $V_{IH(max)} = V_{CC} + 0.75$ V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
6. Full device AC operation assumes a minimum of 100 µs ramp time from 0 to V_{CC}(min) and 200 µs wait time after V_{CC} stabilization
7. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$, $T_A = 25$ °C
8. Chip enable ($\overline{CE}$) and byte enables ($\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$) need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB1} / I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} specification. Other inputs can be left floating
9. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

[+] Feedback

Thermal Resistance

Parameter[10]	Description	Test Conditions	VFBGA	TSOP II	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance (Junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two layer printed circuit board	75	77	°C / W
Θ_{JC}	Thermal resistance (Junction to case)		10	13	°C / W

AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 3. AC Test Loads and Waveform
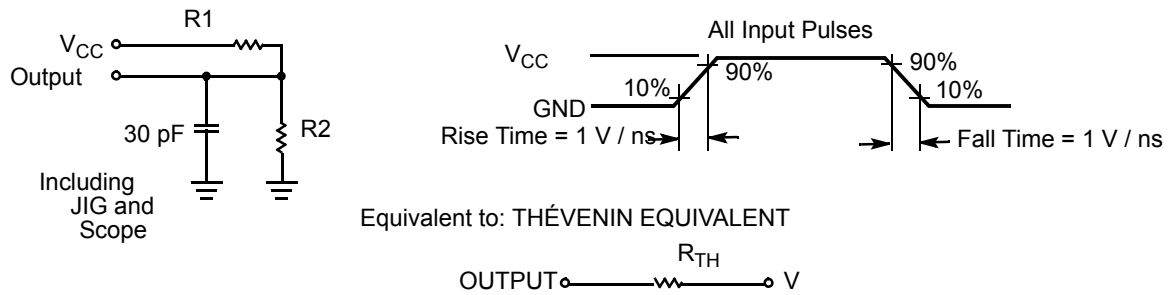
Parameters	2.5 V (2.2 V to 2.7 V)	3.0 V (2.7 V to 3.6 V)	Unit
R1	16667	1103	Ω
R2	15385	1554	Ω
R_{TH}	8000	645	Ω
V_{TH}	1.20	1.75	V

Note
10. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters

[+] Feedback

Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions		Min	Typ [11]	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for data retention			1.5	–	–	V
I_{CCDR} [12]	Data retention current	V_{CC} = 1.5 V, $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC}$ - 0.2 V, or ($\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$)$\geq V_{CC}$– 0.2 V $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC}$ - 0.2 V or $V_{IN} \leq$ 0.2 V	Industrial	–	–	4	μA
t_{CDR} [13]	Chip deselect to data retention time			0	–	–	ns
t_R [14]	Operation recovery time		CY62137FV30LL-45	45	–	–	ns

Data Retention Waveform

Figure 4. Data Retention Waveform[15]
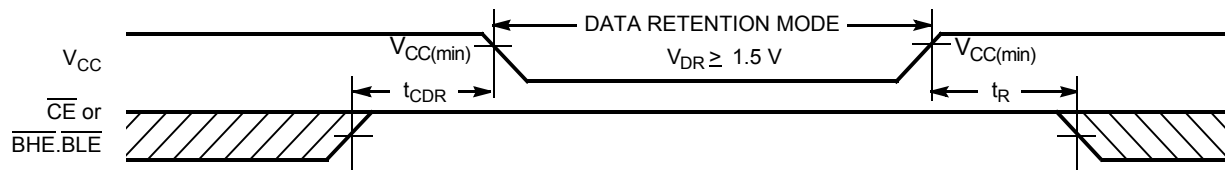
Notes
11. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = $V_{CC(typ)}$, T_A = 25 °C
12. Chip enable ($\overline{CE}$) and byte enables ($\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$) need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB1} / I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} specification. Other inputs can be left floating.
13. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
14. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min)} \geq$ 100 μs or stable at $V_{CC(min)} \geq$ 100 μs.
15. BHE.BLE is the AND of both $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$. Deselect the chip by either disabling chip enable signals or by disabling both $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$.

Switching Characteristics

Parameter[16,17]	Description	45 ns (Industrial)		Unit
		Min	Max	
Read Cycle				
t_{RC}	Read cycle time	45	–	ns
t_{AA}	Address to data valid	–	45	ns
t_{OHA}	Data hold from address change	10	–	ns
t_{ACE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to data valid	–	45	ns
t_{DOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to data valid	–	22	ns
t_{LZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to low Z [18]	5	–	ns
t_{HZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to high Z [18, 19]	–	18	ns
t_{LZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to low Z [19]	10	–	ns
t_{HZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to high Z [18, 19]	–	18	ns
t_{PU}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to power up	0	–	ns
t_{PD}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to power down	–	45	ns
t_{DBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to data valid	–	45	ns
t_{LZBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to low Z [18, 20]	5	–	ns
t_{HZBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ HIGH to high Z [18, 19]	–	18	ns
Write Cycle [21]				
t_{WC}	Write cycle time	45	–	ns
t_{SCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to write end	35	–	ns
t_{AW}	Address setup to write end	35	–	ns
t_{HA}	Address hold from write end	0	–	ns
t_{SA}	Address setup to write start	0	–	ns
t_{PWE}	$\overline{WE}$ pulse width	35	–	ns
t_{BW}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to write end	35	–	ns
t_{SD}	Data setup to write end	25	–	ns
t_{HD}	Data hold from write end	0	–	ns
t_{HZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to high Z [18, 19]	–	18	ns
t_{LZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to low Z [18]	10	–	ns

Notes
16. Test conditions for all parameters, other than tristate parameters, assume signal transition time of 3 ns (1 V/ns) or less, timing reference levels of $V_{CC(typ)}$/2, input pulse levels of 0 to $V_{CC(typ)}$, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} as shown in "AC Test Loads and Waveforms" on page 5.
17. AC timing parameters are subject to byte enable signals ($\overline{BHE}$ or $\overline{BLE}$) not switching when chip is disabled. Please see application note AN13842 for further clarification.
18. At any temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZBE}, t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any device.
19. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZBE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.
20. If both byte enables are toggled together, this value is 10 ns.
21. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE}$ = V_{IL}. All signals are ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing are referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

[+] Feedback

Switching Waveforms

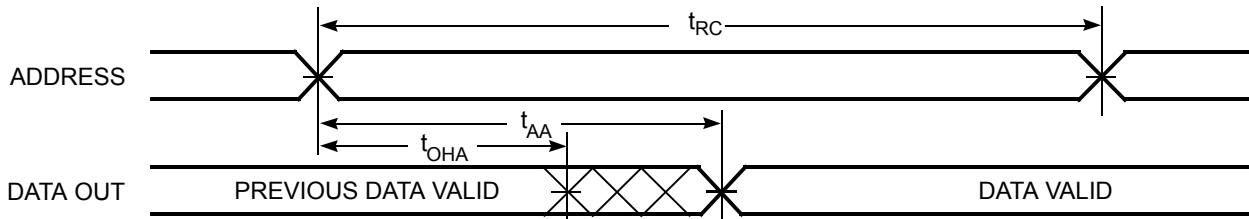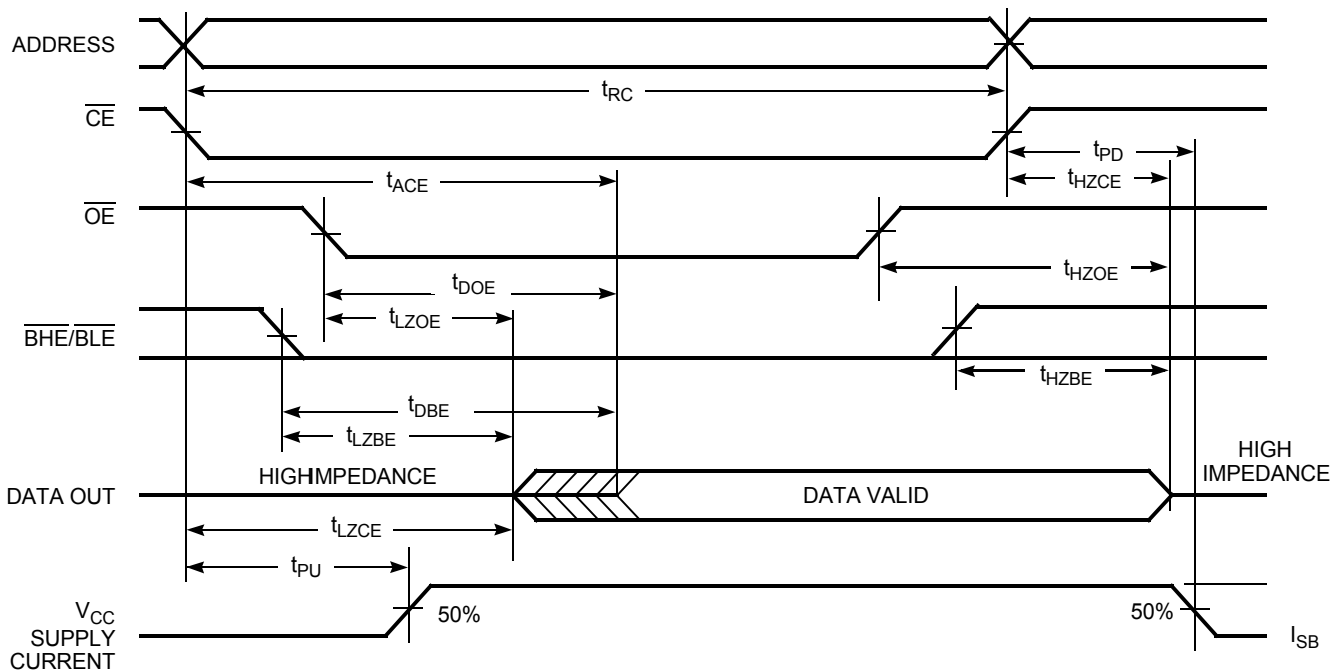**Figure 5. Read Cycle 1: Address Transition Controlled** [22, 23]

Figure 6. Read Cycle 2: $\overline{OE}$ Controlled [23, 24]

Notes
22. The device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE}$ = V_{IL}.
23. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for read cycle.
24. Address valid before or similar to $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$ transition LOW.

[+] Feedback

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 7. Write Cycle 1: $\overline{WE}$ Controlled [25, 26, 27]
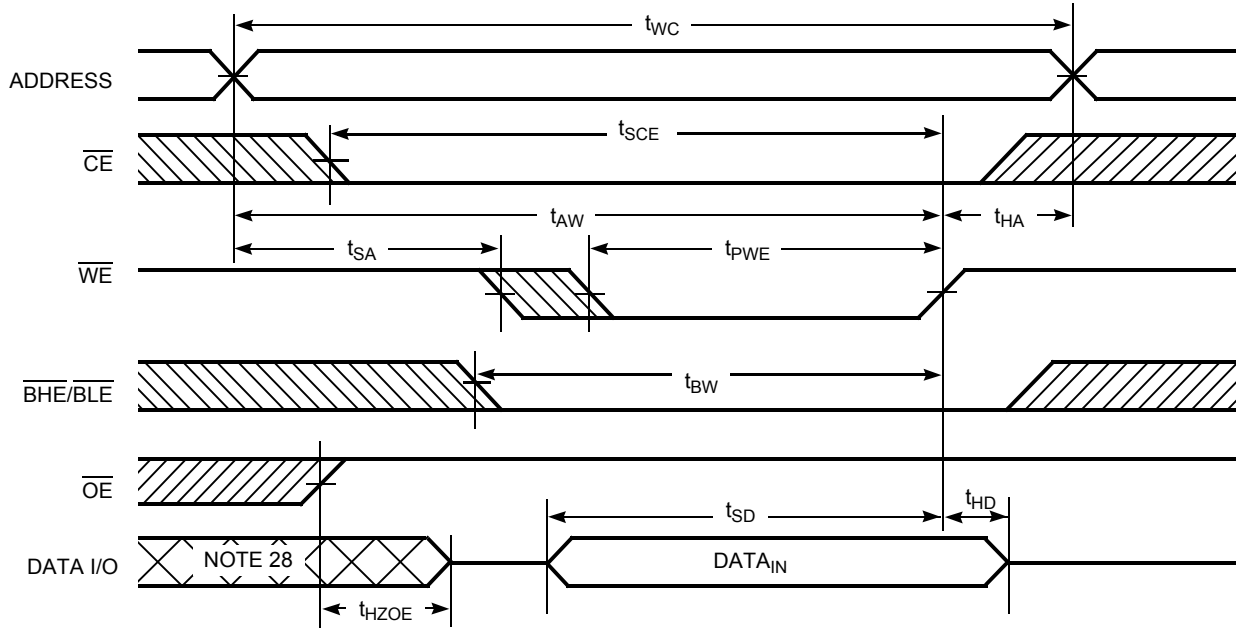
Figure 8. Write Cycle 2: $\overline{CE}$ Controlled [25, 26, 27]
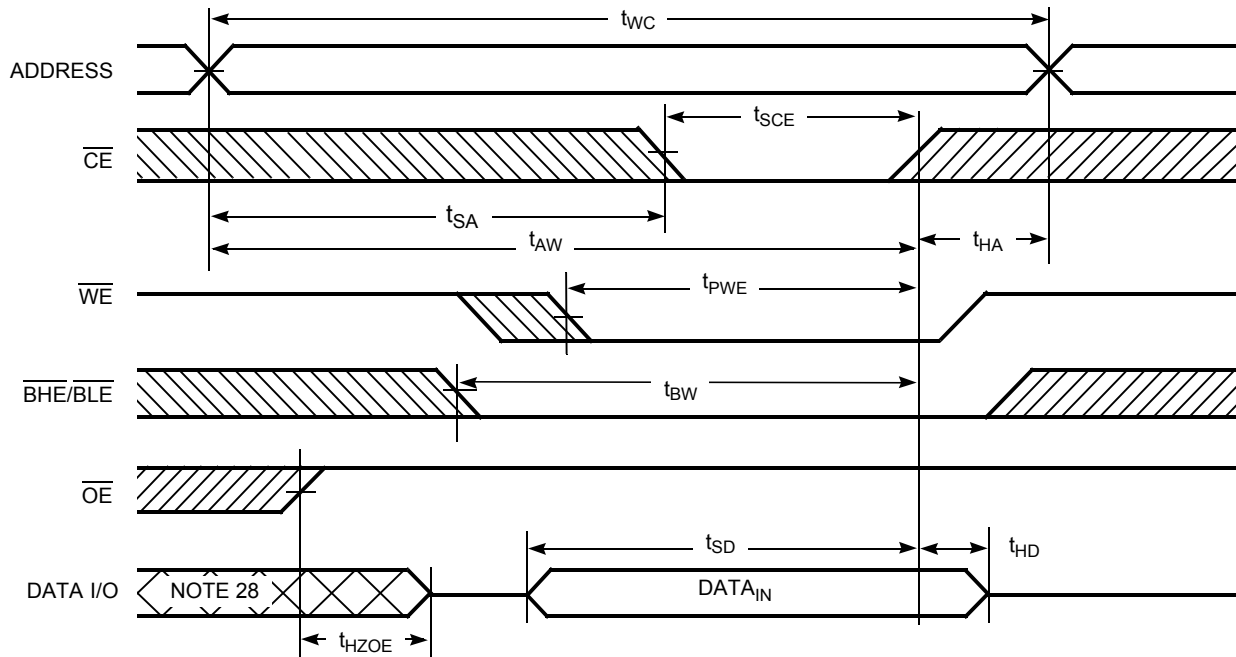
Notes
25. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE}$ = V_{IL}. All signals are ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing are referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
26. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE}$ = V_{IH}.
27. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ = V_{IH}, the output remains in a high impedance state.
28. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 9. Write Cycle 3: $\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW [29]
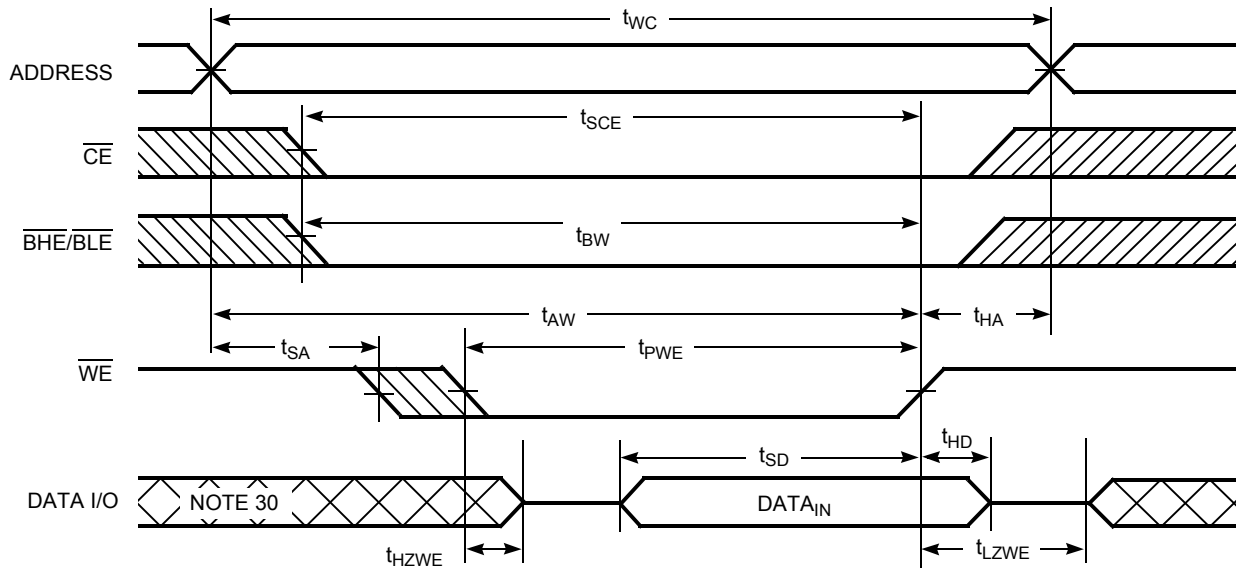
Figure 10. Write Cycle 4: $\overline{BHE}/\overline{BLE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW [29]
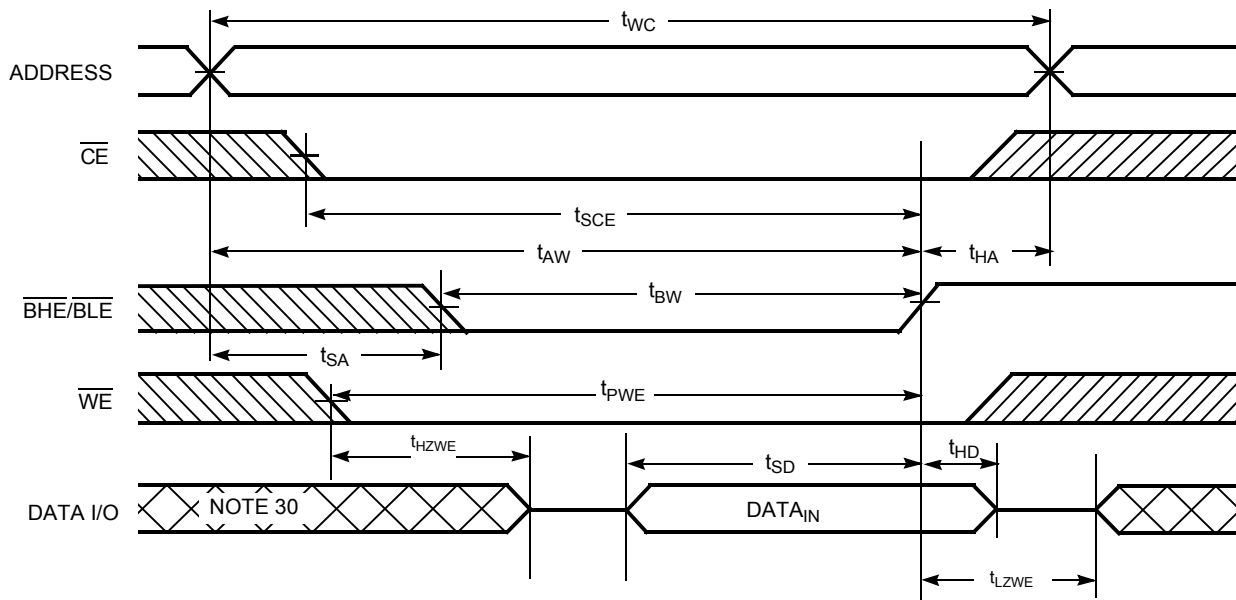
Notes
29. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ = V_{IH}, the output remains in a high impedance state.
30. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.

[+] Feedback

Truth Table

$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{BHE}$	$\overline{BLE}$	Inputs or Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X[31]	X[31]	High Z	Deselect or power-down	Standby (I_{SB})
X[31]	X	X	H	H	High Z	Deselect or power-down	Standby (I_{SB})
L	H	L	L	L	Data out (I/O$_0$–I/O$_{15}$)	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	H	L	Data out (I/O$_0$–I/O$_7$); I/O$_8$–I/O$_{15}$ in High Z	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	L	H	Data out (I/O$_8$–I/O$_{15}$); I/O$_0$–I/O$_7$ in High Z	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	L	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	H	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	L	H	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	L	L	Data in (I/O$_0$–I/O$_{15}$)	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	H	L	Data in (I/O$_0$–I/O$_7$); I/O$_8$–I/O$_{15}$ in High Z	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	L	H	Data in (I/O$_8$–I/O$_{15}$); I/O$_0$–I/O$_7$ in High Z	Write	Active (I_{CC})

Note
31. The 'X' (Don't care) state for the Chip enable ($\overline{CE}$) and Byte enables ($\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$) in the truth table refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.

[+] Feedback

Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
45	CY62137FV30LL-45BVI	51-85150	48-Ball VFBGA	Industrial
	CY62137FV30LL-45BVXI		48-Ball VFBGA (Pb-free)	
	CY62137FV30LL-45ZSXI	51-85087	44-Pin TSOP II (Pb-free)	

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.
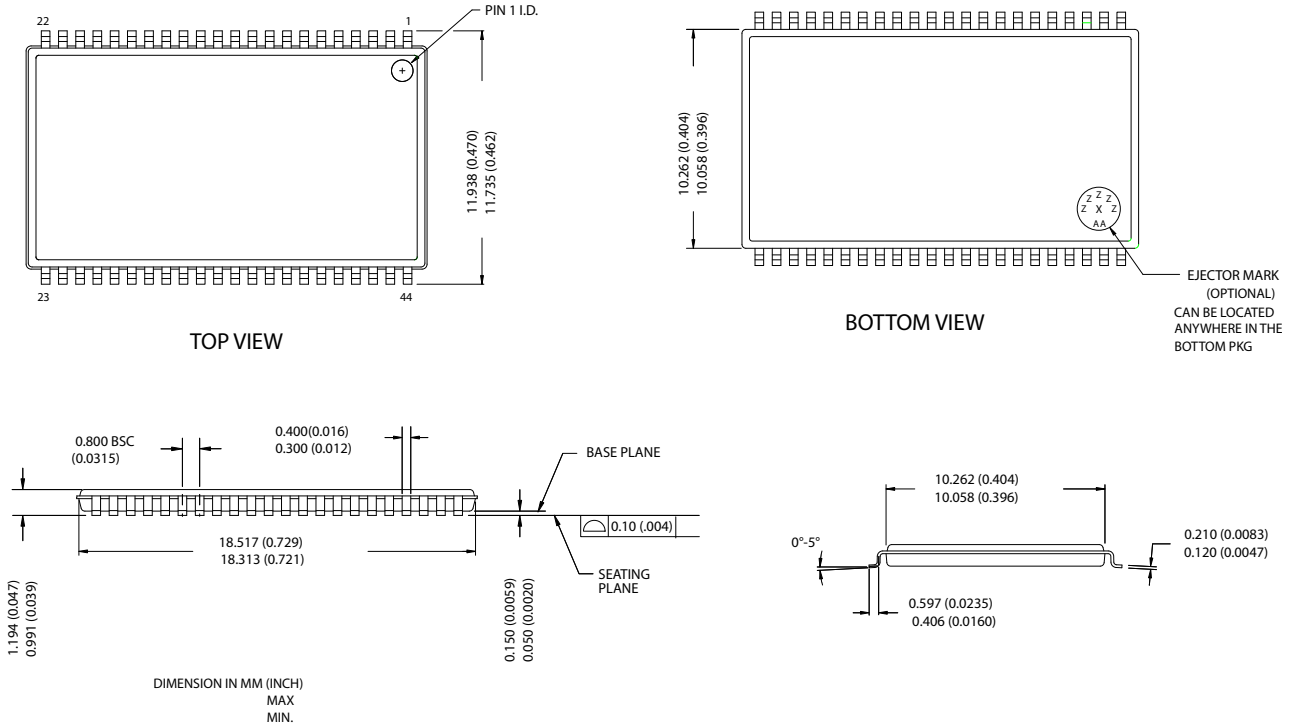
Ordering Code Definition

CY 621 3 7F V30 LL 45 XXX X

Temperature Grades
I = Industrial
Package Type BVX: VFBGA (Pb-free)
　　　　　　　 BVI : VFBGA
　　　　　　　 ZSX: TSOP II (Pb-free)

Speed Grade

Low Power

Voltage Range = 3 V typical

Bus Width = X16
F = 90nm Technology

Density = 2 Mbit

MoBL SRAM Family

Company ID: CY = Cypress
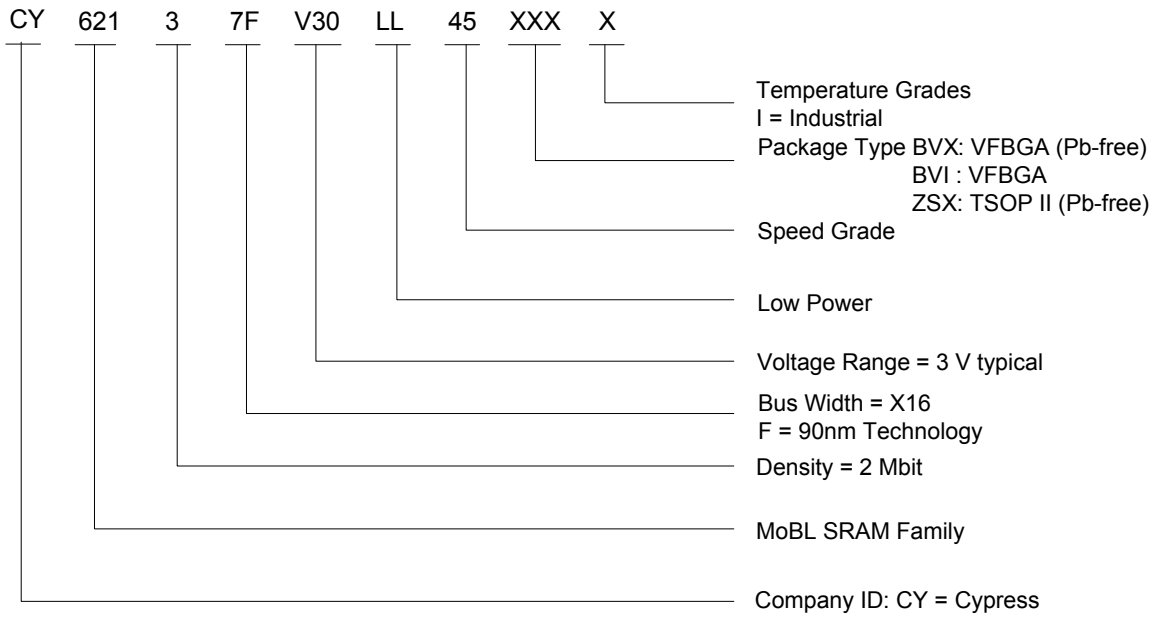
Package Diagrams

Figure 11. 48-Ball VFBGA (6 x 8 x 1 mm), 51-85150
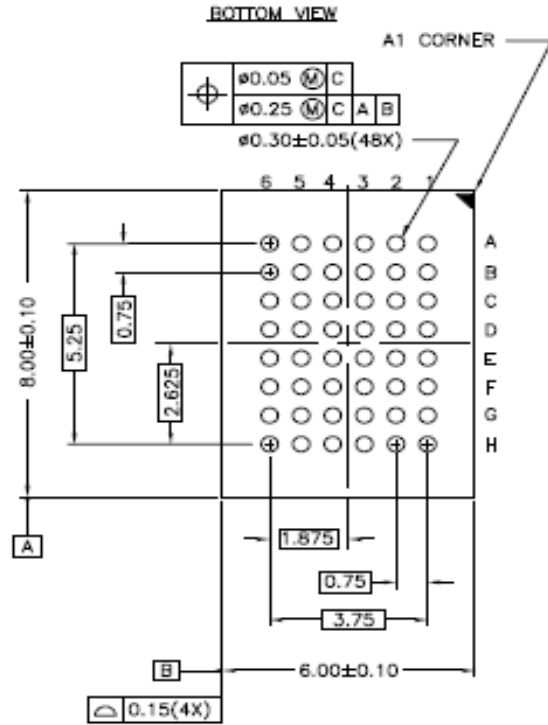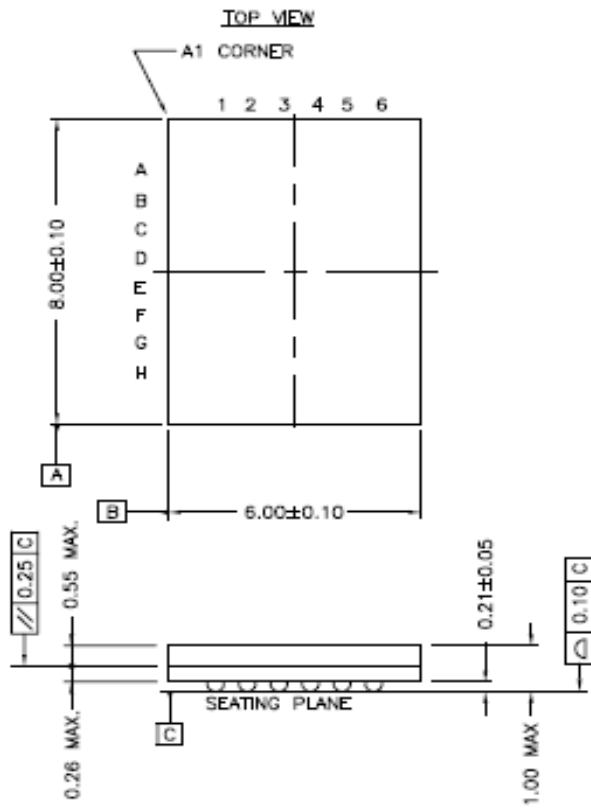
51-85150 *F

Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 12. 44-Pin TSOP II, 51-85087

TOP VIEW

BOTTOM VIEW

EJECTOR MARK
(OPTIONAL)
CAN BE LOCATED
ANYWHERE IN THE
BOTTOM PKG

BASE PLANE

SEATING
PLANE

DIMENSION IN MM (INCH)
MAX
MIN.

51-85087-*C

Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	input/output
SRAM	static random access memory
VFBGA	very fine ball grid array
TSOP	thin small outline package

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degrees Celsius
μA	microamperes
mA	milliampere
MHz	megahertz
ns	nanoseconds
pF	picofarads
V	volts
Ω	ohms
W	watts

Document History Page

Document Title: CY62137FV30 MoBL® 2-Mbit (128K x 16) Static RAM Document Number: 001-07141				
REV.	**ECN NO.**	**Issue Date**	**Orig. of Change**	**Description of Change**
**	449438	See ECN	NXR	New datasheet
*A	464509	See ECN	NXR	Changed the $I_{SB2(typ)}$ value from 1.0 µA to 0.5 µA Changed the $I_{SB2(max)}$ value from 4 µA to 2.5 µA Changed the $I_{CC(typ)}$ value from 2 mA to 1.6 mA and $I_{CC(max)}$ value from 2.5 mA to 2.25 mA for f=1 MHz test condition Changed the $I_{CC(typ)}$ value from 15 mA to 13 mA and $I_{CC(max)}$ value from 20 mA to 18 mA for f=1 MHz test condition Changed the $I_{CCDR(typ)}$ value from 0.7 µA to 0.5 µA and $I_{CCDR(max)}$ value from 3 µA to 2.5 µA
*B	566724	See ECN	NXR	Converted from preliminary to final Changed the $I_{CC(max)}$ value from 2.25 mA to 2.5 mA for test condition f=1 MHz Changed the $I_{SB2(typ)}$ value from 0.5 µA to 1 µA Changed the $I_{SB2(max)}$ value from 2.5 µA to 5 µA Changed the $I_{CCDR(typ)}$ value from 0.5 µA to 1 µA and $I_{CCDR(max)}$ value from 2.5 µA to 4 µA
*C	869500	See ECN	VKN	Added Automotive-A and Automotive-E information Updated Ordering Information Table Added footnote 13 related to t_{ACE}
*D	901800	See ECN	VKN	Added footnote 9 related to I_{SB2} and I_{CCDR} Made footnote 14 applicable to AC parameters from t_{ACE}
*E	1371124	See ECN	VKN/AESA	Converted Automotive information from preliminary to final Changed I_{IX} min spec from –1 µA to –4 µA and I_{IX} max spec from +1 µA to +4 µA Changed I_{OZ} min spec from –1 µA to –4 µA and I_{OZ} max spec from +1 µA to +4 µA
*F	1875374	See ECN	VKN/AESA	Added -45BVI part in the Ordering Information table
*G	2943752	06/03/2010	VKN	Added Contents Added footnote related to Chip enable and Byte enables in Truth Table Updated Package Diagrams Updated links in Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information
*H	3055031	10/12/10	RAME	Added Acronyms and Units of Measure Table Converted all table notes into footnotes. Updated Electrical Characteristics, Switching Characteristics table, and Data Retention Characteristics table Updated Package Diagrams from 51-85150 *E to *F Changed I_{SB1}/I_{SB2}/I_{CCDR} test conditions to reflect byte power down feature
*I	3123998	01/03/2011	RAME	Separated Automotive and Industrial parts from datasheet Removed Automotive info

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