

**MAXIM**

# Low-Cost $\mu$ P Supervisory Circuits with Battery Backup

MAX703/MAX704

## General Description

The MAX703 and MAX704 microprocessor ( $\mu$ P) supervisory circuits reduce the complexity and number of components required to monitor power-supply and battery functions in  $\mu$ P systems. These devices significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components.

The MAX703/MAX704 are available in 8-pin DIP and SO packages and provide four functions:

- 1) An active-low reset during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.
- 2) Battery-backup switching for CMOS RAM, CMOS  $\mu$ Ps, or other low-power logic circuitry.
- 3) A 1.25V threshold detector for power-fail warning, low-battery detection, or for monitoring a power supply other than +5V.
- 4) An active-low manual-reset input.

The MAX703 and MAX704 differ only in their supply-voltage monitor levels. The MAX703 generates a reset when the supply drops below 4.65V, while the MAX704 generates a reset below 4.4V.

## Applications

Computers  
 Controllers  
 Intelligent Instruments  
 Automotive Systems  
 Critical  $\mu$ P Power Monitoring

## Features

- ◆ Battery-Backup Power Switching
- ◆ Precision Supply-Voltage Monitor  
4.65V (MAX703)  
4.40V (MAX704)
- ◆ 200ms Reset Pulse Width
- ◆ Debounced TTL-/CMOS-Compatible Manual-Reset Input
- ◆ 200 $\mu$ A Quiescent Current
- ◆ 50nA Quiescent Current in Battery-Backup Mode
- ◆ Voltage Monitor for Power-Fail or Low-Battery Warning
- ◆ 8-Pin DIP and SO Packages
- ◆ Guaranteed RESET Assertion to  $V_{CC} = 1V$

## Ordering Information

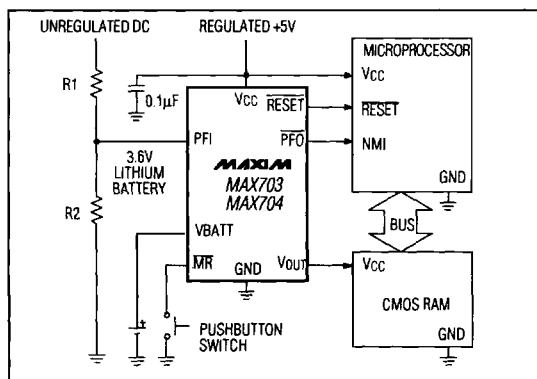
PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX703CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX703CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX703C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX703EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX703ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX703MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**

Ordering Information continued on last page.

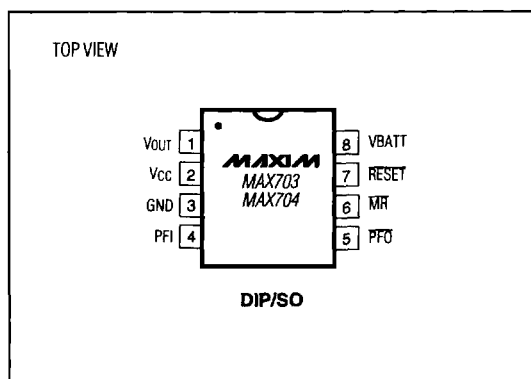
\* Dice are tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  only.

\*\* Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883.

## Typical Operating Circuit



## Pin Configuration

**MAXIM**

Maxim Integrated Products 5-45

Call toll free 1-800-998-8800 for free samples or literature.

# Low-Cost $\mu$ P Supervisory Circuits with Battery Backup

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)		Rate-of-Rise, V <sub>CC</sub> , VBATT	100V/ $\mu$ s
V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3V to 6.0V	Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)	
VBATT	-0.3V to 6.0V	Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)	727mW
All Other Inputs (Note 1)	-0.3V to (V <sub>CB</sub> + 0.3V)	SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C)	471mW
Input Current		CERDIP (derate 8.00mW/°C above +70°C)	640mW
V <sub>CC</sub>	200mA	Operating Temperature Ranges:	
VBATT	50mA	MAX70_C	0°C to +70°C
GND	20mA	MAX70_E	-40°C to +85°C
Output Current		MAX70_MJA	-55°C to +125°C
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Short-Circuit Protected for up to 10 sec	Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +160°C
All Other Outputs	20mA	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec)	+300°C

**Note 1:** V<sub>CB</sub> is the greater of V<sub>CC</sub> and VBATT. The input voltage limits on PFI and  $\overline{MR}$  may be exceeded if the current into these pins is limited to less than 10mA.

Stresses beyond those listed under 'Absolute Maximum Ratings' may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +4.75V to +5.5V for MAX703, V<sub>CC</sub> = +4.5V to +5.5V for MAX704, V<sub>BATT</sub> = 2.8V, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOLS	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Voltage Range V <sub>CC</sub> , VBATT (Note 2)			0		5.5	V
Supply Current (Excluding I <sub>OUT</sub> )	I <sub>SUPPLY</sub>	MAX70_C		200	350	$\mu$ A
		MAX70_E/M		200	500	
I <sub>SUPPLY</sub> in Battery-Backup Mode (Excluding I <sub>OUT</sub> )		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0V, VBATT = 2.8V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	0.05	1.0	$\mu$ A
			T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>MIN</sub> to T <sub>MAX</sub>		5.0	
VBATT Standby Current (Note 3)		5.5V > V <sub>CC</sub> > VBATT + 0.2V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	-0.1	0.02	$\mu$ A
			T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>MIN</sub> to T <sub>MAX</sub>	-1.0	0.02	
V <sub>OUT</sub> Output		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 5mA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.05	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.025		V
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 50mA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.25		
V <sub>OUT</sub> in Battery-Backup Mode		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 250 $\mu$ A, V <sub>CC</sub> < VBATT-0.2V	VBATT-0.1	VBATT-0.02		V
Battery-Switch Threshold (V <sub>CC</sub> - VBATT)		V <sub>CC</sub> < V <sub>RST</sub>	Power-Up		20	mV
			Power-Down		-20	
Battery-Switchover Hysteresis				40		mV
$\overline{RESET}$ Threshold	V <sub>RST</sub>	MAX703	4.50	4.65	4.75	V
		MAX704	4.25	4.40	4.50	
$\overline{RESET}$ Threshold Hysteresis				40		mV
$\overline{RESET}$ Pulse Width	t <sub>RST</sub>		140	200	280	ms
$\overline{RESET}$ Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	VOH	I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 800 $\mu$ A	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5		V
			I <sub>SINK</sub> = 3.2mA		0.4	
			MAX70_C, V <sub>CC</sub> = 1V, V <sub>CC</sub> falling, VBATT = 0V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 50 $\mu$ A		0.3	
			MAX70_E/M, V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2V, V <sub>CC</sub> falling, VBATT = 0V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 100 $\mu$ A		0.3	