Micropower Voltage Regulator

The MC78LC00 series of fixed output low dropout linear regulators are designed for handheld communication equipment and portable battery powered applications which require low quiescent current. The MC78LC00 series features an ultra–low quiescent current of 1.1 μA . Each device contains a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, a PMOS power transistor, and resistors for setting output voltage.

The MC78LC00 has been designed to be used with low cost ceramic capacitors and requires a minimum output capacitor of 0.1 μ F. The device is housed in the micro–miniature Thin SOT23–5 surface mount package and SOT–89, 3 pin. Standard voltage versions are 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 2.7, 2.8, 3.0, 3.3, 4.0, and 5.0 V. Other voltages are available in 100 mV steps.

Features

- Low Quiescent Current of 1.1 μA Typical
- Excellent Line and Load Regulation
- Maximum Operating Voltage of 12 V
- Low Output Voltage Option
- High Accuracy Output Voltage of 2.5%
- Industrial Temperature Range of -40°C to 85°C
- Two Surface Mount Packages (SOT-89, 3 Pin, or SOT-23, 5 Pin)
- Pb-Free Packages are Available

Typical Applications

- Battery Powered Instruments
- Hand-Held Instruments
- Camcorders and Cameras

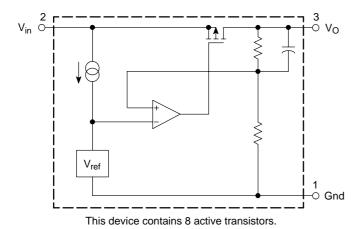
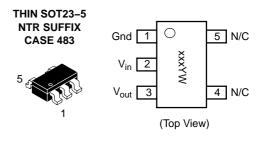


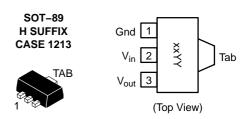
Figure 1. Representative Block Diagram



http://onsemi.com

MARKING DIAGRAMS AND PIN CONNECTIONS





(Tab is connected to Pin 2)

xxx = Version Y = Year W = Work Week

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 11 of this data sheet.

PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description	
1	Gnd	Power supply ground	
2	V _{in}	Positive power supply input voltage	
3	V _{out}	Regulated Output	
4	N/C	No Internal Connection	
5	N/C	No Internal Connection	

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage	V _{in}	12	V
Output Voltage	V _{out}	-0.3 to V _{in} +0.3	V
Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics Case 483–01 (Thin SOT23–5) NTR Suffix Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 85^{\circ}C$ Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Ambient Case 1213 (SOT–89) H Suffix Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Ambient	P _D R _{θJA} P _D R _{θJA}	140 280 300 333	mW °C/W mW °C/W
Operating Junction Temperature	TJ	+125	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _A	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C
Lead Soldering Temperature @ 260°C	T _{solder}	10	sec

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{in} = $V_{out(nom.)}$ + 1.0 V, C_{in} = 1.0 μ F, C_{out} = 1.0 μ F, T_J = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 5)

NTR SUFFIX

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage (T _A = 25°C, I _{out} = 1.0 mA)	V _{out}				V
1.5 V		1.455	1.5	1.545	
1.8 V		1.746	1.8	1.854	
2.5 V		2.425	2.5	2.575	
2.7 V		2.646	2.7	2.754	
2.8 V		2.744	2.8	2.856	
3.0 V 3.3 V		2.94	3.0 3.3	3.06	
3.3 V 4.0 V		3.234 3.9	3.3 4.0	3.366 4.1	
5.0 V		4.90	5.0	5.10	
Output Voltage ($T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$)	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	4.00	0.0	0.10	V
1.5 V	V _{out}	1.455	1.5	1.545	V
1.8 V		1.746	1.8	1.854	
2.5 V		2.425	2.5	2.575	
2.7 V		2.619	2.7	2.781	
2.8 V		2.716	2.8	2.884	
3.0 V		2.910	3.0	3.09	
3.3 V		3.201	3.3	3.399	
4.0 V		3.9	4.0	4.1	
5.0 V		4.90	5.0	5.10	
Line Regulation ($V_{in} = V_{O(nom.)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$ to 12 V, $I_{out} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$)	Reg _{line}	-	0.05	0.2	%/V
Load Regulation (I _{out} = 1.0 mA to 10 mA)	Reg _{load}	-	40	60	mV
Output Current (Note 6)	l _{out}				mA
1.5 V, 1.8 V (V _{in} = 4.0 V)		35	50	_	
2.5 V, 2.7 V, 2.8 V, 3.0 V (V _{in} = 5.0 V)		50	80	_	
$3.3 \text{ V (V}_{in} = 6.0 \text{ V)}$		50	80	_	
$4.0 \text{ V (V}_{\text{in}} = 7.0 \text{ V)}$		80 80	80 100	_	
5.0 V (V _{in} = 8.0 V)		80	100	-	
Dropout Voltage (I _{out} = 1.0 mA, Measured at V _{out} -3.0%)	$V_{in}-V_{out}$		0.5	70	mV
1.5 V 1.6 V–3.2 V		-	35 30	70 60	
3.3 V-3.9 V		_	30	53	
4.0 V-5.0 V		_	30	38	
Quiescent Current (I _{out} = 1.0 mA to I _{O(nom.)})	IQ	-	1.1	3.6	μΑ
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	T _c	-	±100	-	ppm/°C
Output Noise Voltage (f = 1.0 kHz to 100 kHz)	V _n	1	89	-	μVrms

This device series contains ESD protection and exceeds the following tests: Human Body Model 2000 V per MIL–STD–883, Method 3015 Machine Model Method 200 V

Latch up capability (85°C) ±100 mA
 Maximum package power dissipation limits must be observed.

$$PD = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

- Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.
 Low duty pulse techniques are used during test to maintain junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.
 Output Current is measured when V_{out} = V_{O1} 3% where V_{O1} = V_{out} at I_{out} = 0 mA.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{in} = $V_{out(nom.)}$ + 1.0 V, C_{in} = 1.0 μ F, C_{out} = 1.0 μ F, T_J = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 11)

HT SUFFIX

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage 30HT1 Suffix (V _{in} = 5.0 V) 33HT1 Suffix (V _{in} = 5.0 V) 40HT1 Suffix (V _{in} = 6.0 V) 50HT1 Suffix (V _{in} = 7.0 V)		2.950 3.218 3.900 4.875	3.0 3.3 4.0 5.0	3.075 3.382 4.100 5.125	V
Line Regulation $V_{in} = [V_O + 1.0] V \text{ to } 10 \text{ V}, I_O = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	Reg _{line}	_	0.05	0.2	%/V
Load Regulation (I_O = 1.0 to 10 mA) 30HT1 Suffix (V_{in} = 5.0 V) 33HT1 Suffix (V_{in} = 6.0 V) 40HT1 Suffix (V_{in} = 7.0 V) 50HT1 Suffix (V_{in} = 8.0 V)	Reg _{load}	- - - -	40 40 50 60	60 60 70 90	mV
Output Current (Note 12) 30HT1 Suffix ($V_{in} = 5.0 \text{ V}$) 33HT1 Suffix ($V_{in} = 6.0 \text{ V}$) 40HT1 Suffix ($V_{in} = 7.0 \text{ V}$) 50HT1 Suffix ($V_{in} = 8.0 \text{ V}$)	lo	35 35 45 55	50 50 65 80	- - - -	mA
Dropout Voltage 30 HT1 Suffix ($I_O = 1.0 \text{ mA}$) 33 HT1 Suffix ($I_O = 1.0 \text{ mA}$) 40 HT1 Suffix ($I_O = 1.0 \text{ mA}$) 50 HT1 Suffix ($I_O = 1.0 \text{ mA}$)	V _{in} – V _O	- - - -	40 35 25 25	60 53 38 38	mV
Quiescent Current 30HT1 Suffix ($V_{in} = 5.0 \text{ V}$) 33HT1 Suffix ($V_{in} = 5.0 \text{ V}$) 40HT1 Suffix ($V_{in} = 6.0 \text{ V}$) 50HT1 Suffix ($V_{in} = 7.0 \text{ V}$)	Icc	- - - -	1.1 1.1 1.2 1.3	3.3 3.3 3.6 3.9	μА
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	T _C	-	±100	-	ppm/°C

This device series contains ESD protection and exceeds the following tests: Human Body Model 2000 V per MIL–STD–883, Method 3015

$$PD = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

Machine Model Method 200 V

8. Latch up capability (85°C) ±100 mA

9. Maximum package power dissipation limits must be observed.

 $PD = \frac{R_{\theta}JA}{R_{\theta}JA}$ 10. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.
11. Low duty pulse techniques are used during test to maintain junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.
12. Output Current is measured when $V_{out} = V_{O1} - 3\%$ where $V_{O1} = V_{out}$ at $I_{out} = 0$ mA.

DEFINITIONS

Load Regulation

The change in output voltage for a change in output current at a constant temperature.

Dropout Voltage

The input/output differential at which the regulator output no longer maintains regulation against further reductions in input voltage. Measured when the output drops 3% below its nominal. The junction temperature, load current, and minimum input supply requirements affect the dropout level.

Maximum Power Dissipation

The maximum total dissipation for which the regulator will operate within its specifications.

Quiescent Current

The quiescent current is the current which flows through the ground when the LDO operates without a load on its output: internal IC operation, bias, etc. When the LDO becomes loaded, this term is called the Ground current. It is actually the difference between the input current (measured through the LDO input pin) and the output current.

Line Regulation

The change in output voltage for a change in input voltage. The measurement is made under conditions of low dissipation or by using pulse technique such that the average chip temperature is not significantly affected.

Line Transient Response

Typical over and undershoot response when input voltage is excited with a given slope.

Maximum Package Power Dissipation

The maximum power package dissipation is the power dissipation level at which the junction temperature reaches its maximum operating value, i.e. 125°C. Depending on the ambient power dissipation and thus the maximum available output current.

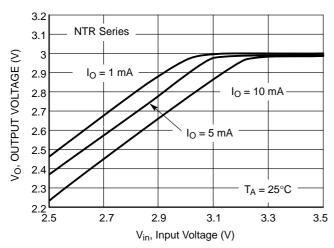
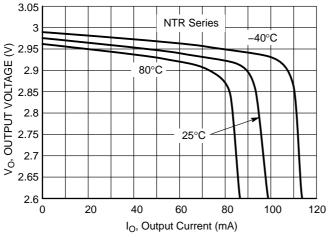


Figure 2. Output Voltage versus Input Voltage

Figure 3. Output Voltage versus Input Voltage



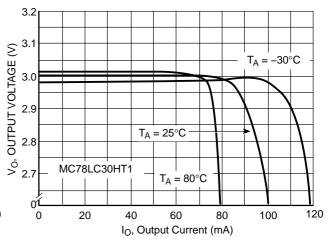
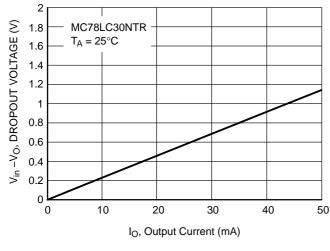


Figure 4. Output Voltage versus Output Current

Figure 5. Output Voltage versus Output Current



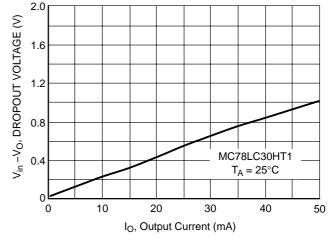


Figure 6. Dropout Voltage versus Output Current

Figure 7. Dropout Voltage versus Output Current

 $V_{in} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

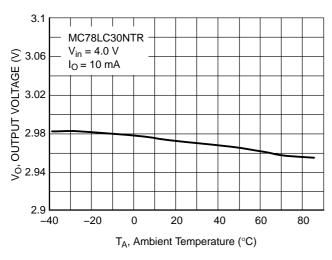
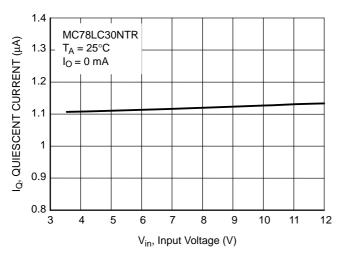


Figure 8. Output Voltage versus Temperature

Figure 9. Output Voltage versus Temperature



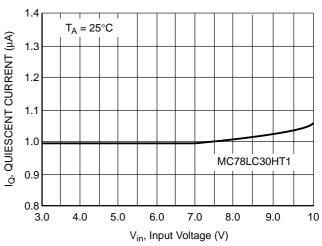
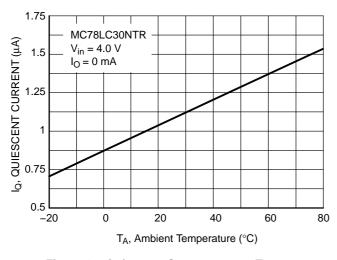


Figure 10. Quiescent Current versus Input Voltage

Figure 11. Quiescent Current versus Input Voltage



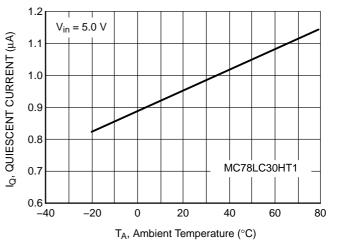
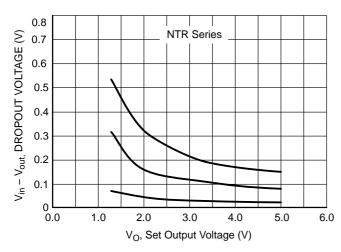


Figure 12. Quiescent Current versus Temperature

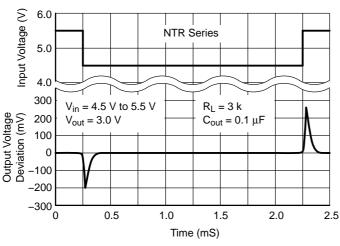
Figure 13. Quiescent Current versus Temperature



0.8 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.5 0.0.5 0.0.4 0.0.5 0.0.4 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.4 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5

Figure 14. Dropout Voltage versus Set Output Voltage

Figure 15. Dropout Voltage versus Set Output Voltage



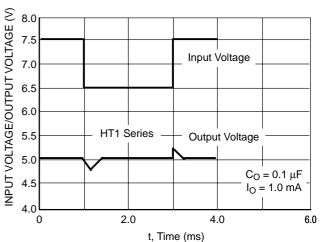
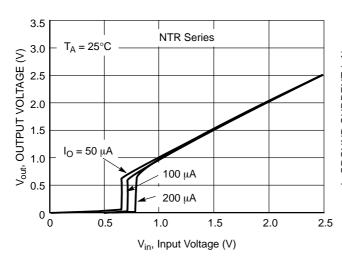


Figure 16. Line Transient

Figure 17. Line Transient Response



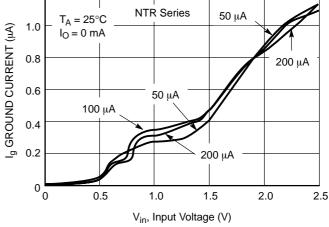


Figure 18. Output Voltage versus Input Voltage

Figure 19. Ground Current versus Input Voltage

1.5

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

A typical application circuit for the MC78LC00 series is shown in Figure 20.

Input Decoupling (C1)

A $0.1~\mu F$ capacitor either ceramic or tantalum is recommended and should be connected close to the MC78LC00 package. Higher values and lower ESR will improve the overall line transient response.

Output Decoupling (C2)

The MC78LC00 is a stable component and does not require any specific Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) or a minimum output current. Capacitors exhibiting ESRs ranging from a few $m\Omega$ up to 3.0 Ω can thus safely be used. The minimum decoupling value is 0.1 μF and can be augmented to fulfill stringent load transient requirements. The regulator accepts ceramic chip capacitors as well as tantalum devices. Larger values improve noise rejection and load regulation transient response.

Hints

Please be sure the Vin and Gnd lines are sufficiently wide. When the impedance of these lines is high, there is a chance to pick up noise or cause the regulator to malfunction.

Set external components, especially the output capacitor, as close as possible to the circuit, and make leads as short as possible.

Thermal

As power across the MC78LC00 increases, it might become necessary to provide some thermal relief. The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and also the ambient temperature effect the rate of temperature rise for the part. This is stating that when the MC78LC00 has good thermal conductivity through the PCB, the junction temperature will be relatively low with high power dissipation applications.

The maximum dissipation the package can handle is given by:

$$PD = \frac{TJ(max) - TA}{R\theta JA}$$

If junction temperature is not allowed above the maximum 125° C, then the MC78LC00NTR can dissipate up to 357 mW @ 25° C.

The power dissipated by the MC78LC00NTR can be calculated from the following equation:

$$P_{tot} = [V_{in} * I_{gnd} (I_{out})] + [V_{in} - V_{out}] * I_{out}$$
or

$$V_{inMAX} = \frac{P_{tot} + V_{out} * I_{out}}{I_{gnd} + I_{out}}$$

If an 80 mA output current is needed then the ground current from the data sheet is 1.1 μ A. For an MC78LC30NTR (3.0 V), the maximum input voltage will then be 7.4 V.

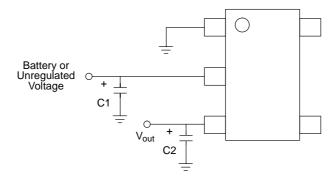
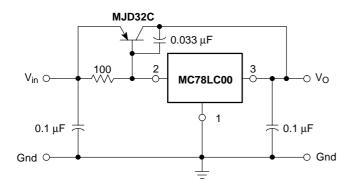


Figure 20. Basic Application Circuit for NTR Suffixes



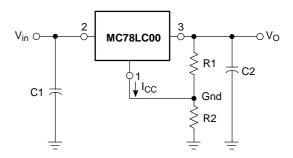


Figure 21. Current Boost Circuit

Figure 22. Adjustable V_O

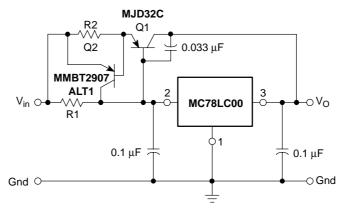


Figure 23. Current Boost Circuit with Overcurrent Limit Circuit

$$V_O = V_{O(Reg)} \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1} \right) + I_{CC} R2$$

$$I_{O(short\;circuit)} \approx \frac{V_{BE2}}{R2} + \frac{V_{BE1} + V_{BE2}}{R1}$$

ORDERING INFORMATION

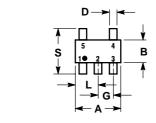
Device	Nominal Output Voltage	Marking	Package	Shipping [†]	
MC78LC15NTR	1.5	LAG	Thin SOT23-5		
MC78LC15NTRG	1.5	LAG	Thin SOT23-5 (Pb-Free)		
MC78LC18NTR	1.8	LAH	Thin SOT23-5		
MC78LC18NTRG	1.8	LAH	Thin SOT23-5 (Pb-Free)		
MC78LC25NTR	2.5	LAI	Thin SOT23-5		
MC78LC25NTRG	2.5	LAI	Thin SOT23-5 (Pb-Free)		
MC78LC27NTR	2.7	LAJ	Thin SOT23-5		
MC78LC27NTRG	2.7	LAJ	Thin SOT23-5 (Pb-Free)		
MC78LC28NTR	2.8	LAK	Thin SOT23-5		
MC78LC28NTRG	2.8	LAK	Thin SOT23-5 (Pb-Free)	3000 Units/7" Tape & Reel	
MC78LC30NTR	3.0	LAL	Thin SOT23-5		
MC78LC30NTRG	3.0	LAL	Thin SOT23-5 (Pb-Free)		
MC78LC33NTR	3.3	LAM	Thin SOT23-5		
MC78LC33NTRG	3.3	LAM	Thin SOT23-5 (Pb-Free)		
MC78LC40NTR	4.0	LEC	Thin SOT23-5		
MC78LC40NTRG	4.0	LEC	Thin SOT23-5 (Pb-Free)		
MC78LC50NTR	5.0	LAN	Thin SOT23-5		
MC78LC50NTRG	5.0	LAN	Thin SOT23-5 (Pb-Free)		
MC78LC30HT1	3.0	0C	SOT-89		
MC78LC30HT1G	3.0	0C	SOT-89 (Pb-Free)		
MC78LC33HT1	3.3	3C	SOT-89		
MC78LC33HT1G	3.3	3C	SOT-89 (Pb-Free)	4000 Unite Terri O De l	
MC78LC40HT1	4.0	0D	SOT-89	1000 Units Tape & Reel	
MC78LC40HT1G	4.0	0D	SOT-89 (Pb-Free)		
MC78LC50HT1	5.0	0E	SOT-89]	
MC78LC50HT1G	5.0	0E	SOT-89 (Pb-Free)		

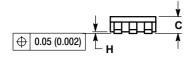
 $Additional\ voltages\ in\ 100\ mV\ steps\ are\ available\ upon\ request\ by\ contacting\ your\ ON\ Semiconductor\ representative.$

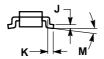
[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

THIN SOT23-5 **NTR SUFFIX** PLASTIC PACKAGE CASE 483-02 ISSUE D



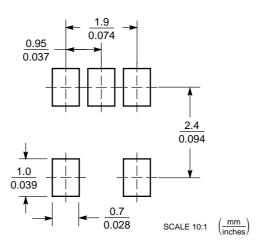




- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
 3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.
 4. A AND B DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS.

	MILLIN	METERS	INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	2.90	3.10	0.1142	0.1220
В	1.30	1.70	0.0512	0.0669
C	0.90	1.10	0.0354	0.0433
D	0.25	0.50	0.0098	0.0197
G	0.85	1.05	0.0335	0.0413
Н	0.013	0.100	0.0005	0.0040
J	0.10	0.26	0.0040	0.0102
K	0.20	0.60	0.0079	0.0236
L	1.25	1.55	0.0493	0.0610
М	0 °	10°	0°	10°
S	2.50	3.00	0.0985	0.1181

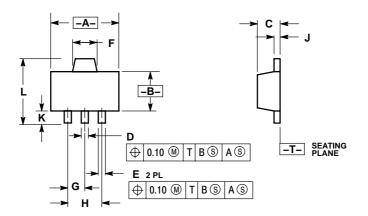
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



^{*}For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-89 H SUFFIX PLASTIC PACKAGE CASE 1213-02 ISSUE C



- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
 3. 1213-01 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 1213-02.

	MILLIN	IETERS	INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	4.40	4.60	0.173	0.181
В	2.40	2.60	0.094	0.102
С	1.40	1.60	0.055	0.063
D	0.37	0.57	0.015	0.022
E	0.32	0.52	0.013	0.020
F	1.50	1.83	0.059	0.072
G	1.50 BSC		0.059 BSC	
Н	3.00 BSC		0.118 BSC	
J	0.30	0.50	0.012	0.020
K	0.80		0.031	
L		4.25		0.167

ON Semiconductor and are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice ON Semiconductor and are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights or the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized legal and several sources. associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor P.O. Box 61312, Phoenix, Arizona 85082–1312 USA **Phone**: 480–829–7710 or 800–344–3860 Toll Free USA/Canada **Japan**: ON Semiconductor, Japan Customer Focus Center Fax: 480-829-7709 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada Email: orderlit@onsemi.com

N. American Technical Support: 800-282-9855 Toll Free USA/Canada

2-9-1 Kamimeguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo, Japan 153-0051 Phone: 81-3-5773-3850

ON Semiconductor Website: http://onsemi.com

Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/litorder

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative