

Low Power Quad Operational Amplifier

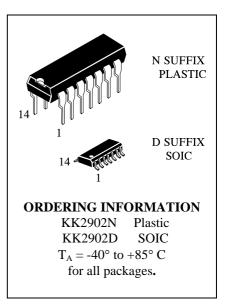
KK2902

The KK2902 contains four independent high gain operational amplifiers with internal frequency compensation. The four op-amps operate over a wide voltage range from a single power supply. Also use a split power supply. The device has low power supply current drain, regardless of the power supply voltage. The low power drain also makes the KK2902 a good choice for battery operation.

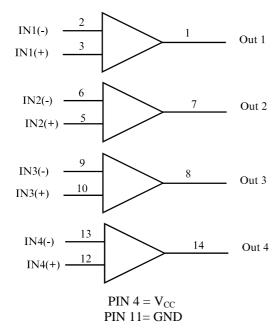
When your project calls for a traditional op-amp function, now you can streamline your design with a simple single power supply. Use ordinary +5VDC common to practically any digital system or personal computer application, without requiring an extra 15V power supply just to have the interface electronics you need.

The KK2902 is a versatile, rugged workhorse with a thousand-and-one uses, from amplifying signals from a variety of transducers to dc gain blocks, or any op-amp function. The attached pages offer some recipes that will have your project cooking in no time.

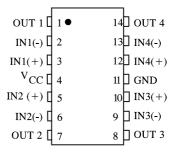
- Internally frequency compensated for unity gain
- Large DC voltage gain: 100dB
- Wide power supply range: $3V \sim 32V$ (or $\pm 1.5V \sim \pm 16V$)
- Input common-mode voltage range includes ground
- Large output voltage swing: 0V DC to V_{CC}-1.5V DC
- Power drain suitable for battery operation
- Low input offset voltage and offset current
- Differential input voltage range equal to the power supply voltage



LOGIC DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT





MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	Power Supply Voltages		
	Single Supply Split Supplies	32 ±16	V
V _{IDR}	Input Differential Voltage Range (1)	±32	V
V _{ICR}	Input Common Mode Voltage Range	-0.3 to 32	V
I_{SC}	Output Short Circuit Duration	Continuous	
T_{J}	Junction Temperature		
	Plastic Packages	150	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
Tstg	Storage Temperature		°C
	Plastic Packages	-55 to +125	
I_{IN}	Input Current, per pin (2)	50	mA
$T_{ m L}$	Lead Temperature, 1mm from Case for 10 Seconds	260	°C

^{*}Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

+Derating - Plastic DIP: - 10 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C

SOIC Package: : - 7 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C

Notes:

- 1. Split Power Supplies.
- 2. V_{IN} <-0.3V. This input current will only exist when voltage at any of the input leads is driven negative.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	DC Supply Voltage	±2.5 or	±15 or	V
		5.0	30	
T_{A}	Operating Temperature, All Package Types	-40	+85	°C

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. For proper operation, V_{IN} and V_{OUT} should be constrained to the range $GND \le (V_{IN}) = V_{CC}$.

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either GND or V_{CC}). Unused outputs must be left open.



DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A =-40 to +85°C)

			Gua	ranteed L	imit	
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{IO}	Maximum Input Offset Voltage	$egin{array}{c} V_{O}\!\!=\!\!1.4V\ V_{CC}\!\!=\!\!5.0\text{-}30V; R_{S}\!\!=\!\!0\Omega \ V_{ICM}\!\!=\!\!0V\ to\ V_{CC}\!\!-\!1.7V \end{array}$			9.0 5.0*	mV
$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	Input Offset Voltage Drift	$R_S=0\Omega$, $V_{CC}=30V$		7.0		μV/°C
I_{IO}	Maximum Input Offset Current	$V_{\rm cc}$ =5.0V			150 50*	nA
$\Delta I_{IO}/\Delta T$	Input Offset Current Drift	$R_S=0\Omega$, $V_{CC}=30V$		10		pA/°C
I_{IB}	Maximum Input Bias Current	V _{cc} =5.0V			500 250*	nA
V_{ICR}	Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V _{CC} =30V	0		28	V
I_{CC}	Maximum Power Supply Current	$R_{L}=\infty, V_{CC}=30V, V_{0}=0V$ $R_{L}=\infty, V_{CC}=5V, V_{0}=0V$			3 1.2	mA
A _{VOL}	Minimum Large Signal Open-Loop Voltage Gain	$V_{CC}=15V, R_L \ge 2K\Omega$	15 25*			V/mV
V_{OH}	Minimum Output High- Level Voltage Swing	$\begin{array}{c} V_{CC}{=}30V, R_L{=}2K\Omega \\ V_{CC}{=}30V, R_L{=}10K\Omega \end{array}$	26 27			V
V _{OL}	Maximum Output Low- Level Voltage Swing	V_{CC} =5 V , R_L =10 $K\Omega$			20	mV
CMR	Common Mode Rejection	V_{CC} =30V, R_S =10K Ω	65*			dB
PSR	Power Supply Rejection	V _{CC} =30V	65*			dB
CS	Channel Separation	f=1KHz to 20KHz,V _{CC} =30V	-120*			dB
I_{SC}	Maximum Output Short Circuit to GND	V _{CC} =5.0V			60*	mA
I _{source}	Minimum Output Source Current	V _{IN+} =1V, V _{IN-} =0V, V _{CC} =15V, V ₀ =0V	10			mA
I_{sink}	Minimum Output Sink Current	V_{IN+} =0V, V_{IN-} =1V, V_{CC} =15V, V_0 =15V V_{IN+} =0V, V_{IN-} =1V, V_{CC} =15V, V_0 =0.2V	5 10* 12*			mA μA
$V_{\rm IDR}$	Differential Input Voltage Range	All V _{IN} ≥GND or V-Supply (if used)			V _{CC} *	V

^{*=@25°}C



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

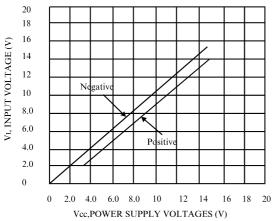


Figure 1.Input Voltage Range

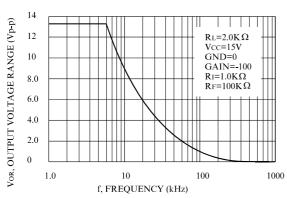


Figure 3. Large-Signal Frequency Response

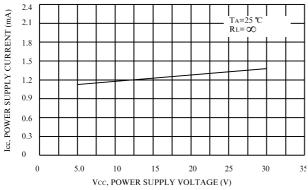


Figure 5. Power Supply Current versus Power Supply Voltage

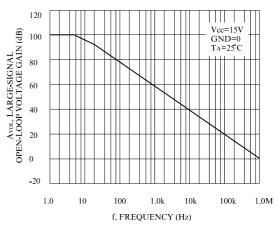


Figure 2. Open-Loop Frequency

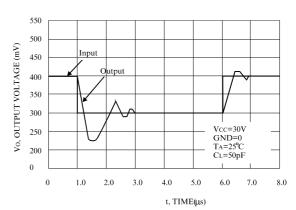


Figure 4. Small-Signal Voltage Follower Pulse Response (Noninverting)

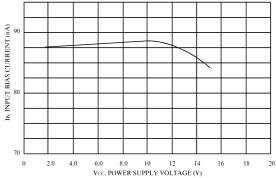
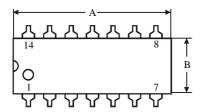
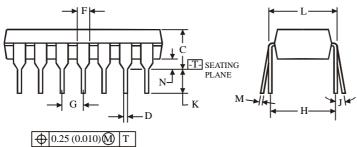


Figure 6. Input Bias Current versus Power Supply Voltage



N SUFFIX PLASTIC DIP (MS - 001AA)





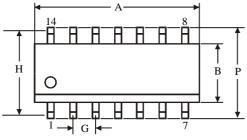
NOTES:

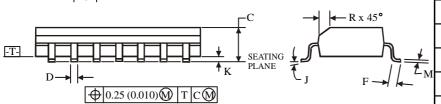
Dimensions "A", "B" do not include mold flash or protrusions.
 Maximum mold flash or protrusions 0.25 mm (0.010) per side.

14	
	Dimens

	I		
	Dimension, mm		
Symbol	MIN	MAX	
A	18.67	19.69	
В	6.1	7.11	
C		5.33	
D	0.36	0.56	
F	1.14	1.78	
G	2.54		
Н	7.62		
J	0°	10°	
K	2.92	3.81	
L	7.62	8.26	
M	0.2	0.36	
N	0.38		

D SUFFIX SOIC (MS - 012AB)





NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions A and B do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- 2. Maximum mold flash or protrusion 0.15 mm (0.006) per side for A; for B 0.25 mm (0.010) per side.



	Dimension, mm		
Symbol	MIN	MAX	
A	A 8.55 8.7		
В	3.8 4		
C	1.35	1.75	
D	0.33	0.51	
F	0.4	1.27	
G	1.27		
Н	5.27		
J	0°	8°	
K	0.1	0.25	
M 0.19		0.25	
P	5.8	6.2	
R	0.25 0.5		