16-bit Proprietary Microcontroller

CMOS

F²MC-16LX MB90330 Series MB90333A/F334A/V330A

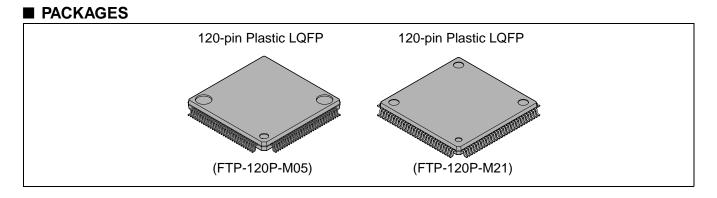
DESCRIPTION

The MB90330 series are 16-bit microcontrollers designed for applications, such as personal computer peripheral devices, that require USB communications. The USB feature supports not only 12-Mbps Function operation but also Mini-HOST operation. It is equipped with functions that are suitable for personal computer peripheral devices such as displays and audio devices, and control of mobile devices that support USB communications. While inheriting the AT architecture of the F²MC* family, the instruction set supports the C language and extended addressing modes and contains enhanced signed multiplication and division instructions as well as a substantial collection of improved bit manipulation instructions. In addition, long word processing is now available by introducing a 32-bit accumulator.

* : F²MC stands for FUJITSU Flexible Microcontroller, a registered trademark of FUJITSU LIMITED.

■ FEATURES

- Clock
 - · Built-in oscillation circuit and PLL clock frequency multiplication circuit
 - Oscillation clock
 - The main clock is the oscillation clock divided into 2 (for oscillation 6 MHz : 3 MHz)
 - Clock for USB is 48 MHz
 - Machine clock frequency of 6 MHz, 12 MHz, or 24 MHz selectable
 - Minimum execution time of instruction : 41.6 ns (6 MHz oscillation clock, 4-time multiplied : machine clock 24 MHz and at operating $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V.



(Continued)

- The maximum memory space : 16 MB
- 24-bit addressing
- Bank addressing
- Instruction system
 - Data types : Bit, Byte, Word and Long word
 - Addressing mode (23 types)
 - Enhanced high-precision computing with 32-bit accumulator
 - Enhanced Multiply/Divide instructions with sign and the RETI instruction
- Instruction system compatible with high-level language (C language) and multi-task
 - · Employing system stack pointer
 - · Instruction set symmetry and barrel shift instructions
- Program Patch Function (2 address pointer)
- 4-byte instruction queue

• Interrupt function

- Priority levels are programmable
- 32 interrupts function

• Data transfer function

- Extended intelligent I/O service function (EI2OS) : Maximum of 16 channels
- µDMAC : Maximum 16 channels

• Low Power Consumption Mode

- Sleep mode (with the CPU operating clock stopped)
- Time-base timer mode (with the oscillator clock and time-base timer operating)
- Stop mode (with the oscillator clock stopped)
- CPU intermittent operation mode (with the CPU operating at fixed intervals of set cycles)
- Watch mode (with 32 kHz oscillator clock and watch timer operating)
- Package
 - LQFP-120P (FPT-120P-M05 : 0.40 mm pin pitch)
 - LQFP-120P (FPT-120P-M21 : 0.50 mm pin pitch)
- Process : CMOS technology
- Operation guaranteed temperature : 40 °C to + 85 °C (0 °C to + 70 °C when USB is in use)

■ INTERNAL PERIPHERAL FUNCTION (RESOURCE)

- I/O port : Max 94 ports
- Time-base timer : 1 channel
- Watchdog timer : 1 channel
- Watch timer : 1channel
- 16-bit reload timer : 3 channels

Multi-functional timer

- 16-bit free run timer : 1 channel
- Output compare : 4 channels An interrupt request can be output when the 16-bit free-run timer value matches the compare register value.
- Input capture : 4channels Upon detection of the effective edge of the signal input to the external input pin, the input capture unit sets the input capture data register to the 16-bit free-run timer value to output an interrupt request.
- 8/16-bit PPG timer (8-bit × 6 channels or 16-bit × 3 channels) the period and duty of the output pulse can be set by the program.
- 16-bit PWC timer : 1 channel Timer function and pulse width measurement function
- UART : 4 channels
 - Full-duplex double buffer (8-bit length)
 - Asynchronous transfer or clock-synchronous serial (I/O extended serial) transfer can be set.
- I/O extended serial interface : 1 channel

• DTP/External interrupt circuit (8 channels)

- · Activate the extended intelligent I/O service by external interrupt input
- Interrupt output by external interrupt input

• Delay interrupt output module

- · Output an interrupt request for task switching
- 8/10-bit A/D converter : 16 channels
 - 8-bit resolution or 10-bit resolution can be set.

• USB : 1 channel

- USB function (conform to USB2.0 Full Speed)
- Full Speed is supported/Endpoint are specifiable up to six.
- Dual port RAM (The FIFO mode is supported).
- Transfer type : Control, Interrupt, Bulk, or Isochronous transfer possible
- USB Mini-HOST function

• I²C* Interface : 3 channels

- Supports Intel SM bus standard and Phillips I²C bus standards
- Two-wire data transfer protocol specification
- Master and slave transmission/reception
- * : I²C license :

Purchase of Fujitsu I²C components conveys a license under the Philips I²C Patent Rights to use, these components in an I²C system provided that the system conforms to the I²C Standard Specification as defined by Philips.

■ PRODUCT LINEUP

Part number	MB90V330A	MB90F334A	MB90333A		
Туре	For evaluation	Built-in Flash memory Built-in Mask			
ROM capacity	No	384 KB	256 KB		
RAM capacity	28 KB	24 KB	16 KB		
Emulator-specific power supply *	Used bit		-		
CPU functions	Number of basic instructions Minimum instruction execution time Addressing type Program Patch Function Maximum memory space	 : 351 instructions : 41.6 ns/at oscillation of (When 4 times are used 24 MHz) : 23 types : For 2 address pointers : 16 MB 			
Ports	I/O Ports (CMOS) 94 ports				
UART	Equipped with full-duplex dou Clock synchronous or asyncl It can also be used for I/O se Built-in special baud-rate ger Built-in 4 channels	nronous operation selectal rial	ble		
16-bit reload timer	16-bit reload timer operation Built-in 3 channels				
Multi-functional timer	16-bit free run timer \times 1 char Output compare \times 4 channel Input capture \times 4 channels 8/16-bit PPG timer (8-bit mod 16-bit PWC timer \times 1 channel	s de $ imes$ 6 channels, 16-bit mo	de $ imes$ 3 channels)		
8/10-bit A/D converter	16 channels (input multiplex) 8-bit resolution or 10-bit reso Conversion time : 7.16 μs at	lution can be set.	ne clock at maximum)		
DTP/External interrupt	8 channels Interrupt factor : "L"→"H" edg	je/"H"→"L" edge/"L" level/"	H" level selectable		
I ² C	3 channels				
I/O extended serial interface	1 channel				
USB	1 channel USB function (conform to USB2.0 Full Speed) USB Mini-HOST function				
External bus interface	For multi-bus/non-multi-bus				
Withstand voltage of 5 V	16 ports (excluding VBUS ar	d I/O for I ² C)			
Low Power Consumption Mode	Sleep mode/Time-base timer mode/Stop mode/CPU intermittent mode/ Watch mode				
Process	CMOS				
Operating voltage	3.3 V \pm 0.3 V (at maximum m	nachine clock 24 MHz)			
	1	,			

*: It is setting of Jumper switch (TOOL VCC) when Emulator (MB2147-01) is used. Please refer to the MB2147-01 or MB2147-20 hardware manual (3.3 Emulator-dedicated Power Supply Switching) about details.

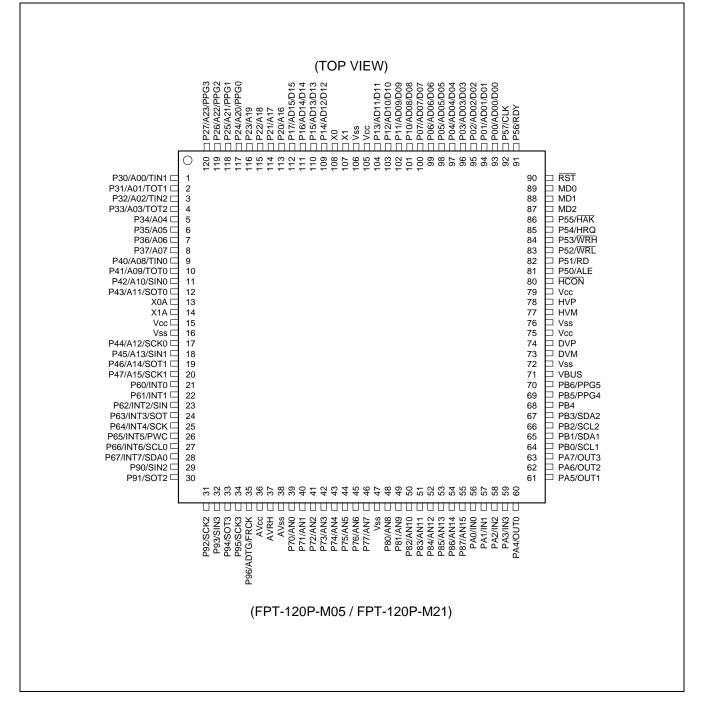
■ PACKAGES AND PRODUCT MODELS

Package	MB90333A	MB90F334A	MB90V330A	
FPT-120P-M05 (LQFP-0.40 mm)	0	0	×	
FPT-120P-M21 (LQFP-0.50 mm)	0	0	×	
PGA-299C-A01 (PGA)	×	×	0	

 \odot : Yes \times : No

Note : For detailed information on each package, see "■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS".

■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin no. LQFP	Pin name	Circuit type*			
108, 107	X0, X1	A	Terminals to connect the oscillator. When connecting an external clock, leave the X1 pin side unconnected.		
13, 14	X0A, X1A	Α	32 kHz oscillation terminals.		
90	RST	F	External reset input pin.		
	P00 to P07		General purpose input/output port. The ports can be set to be added with a pull-up resistor (RD00 to RD07 = 1) by the pull-up resistor setting register (RDR0). (When the power output is set, it is invalid.)		
93 to 100	AD00 to AD07	H	Function as an I/O pin for the low-order external address and data bus in multiplex mode.		
	D00 to D07		Function as an output pin for the low-order external data bus in non- multiplex mode.		
	P10 to P13		General purpose input/output port. The ports can be set to be added with a pull-up resistor (RD10 to RD13 = 1) by the pull-up resistor setting register (RDR1). (When the power output is set, it is invalid.)		
101 to 104	AD08 to AD11	H	Function as an I/O pin for the high-order external address and data bus in multiplex mode.		
	D08 to D11		Function as an output pin for the high-order external data bus in non- multiplex mode.		
	P14 to P17		General purpose input/output port. The ports can be set to be added with a pull-up resistor (RD14 to RD17 = 1) by the pull-up resistor setting register (RDR1). (When the power output is set, it is invalid.)		
109 to 112	AD12 to D15	H	Function as an I/O pin for the high-order external address and data bus in multiplex mode.		
	D12 to D15		Function as an output pin for the high-order external data bus in non- multiplex mode.		
	P20 to P23		This is a general purpose I/O port. When the bits of external address output control register (HACR) are set to "1" in external bus mode, these pins function as general purpose I/O ports.		
113 to 116	A16 to A19	D	When the bits of external address output control register (HACR) are set to "0" in multiplex mode, these pins function as address high output pins (A16 to A19).		
	A16 to A19		When the bits of external address output control register (HACR) are set to "0" in non-multiplex mode, these pins function as address high output pins (A16 to A19).		

Pin no.	5.	Circuit			
LQFP	Pin name	type*	Function		
	P24 to P27		This is a general purpose I/O port. When the bits of external address output control register (HACR) are set to "1" in external bus mode, these pins function as general purpose I/O ports.		
117 to 120	A20 to A23	D	When the bits of external address output control register (HACR) are set to "0" in multiplex mode, these pins function as address high output pins (A20 to A23).		
	A20 to A23		When the bits of external address output control register (HACR) are set to "0" in non-multiplex mode, these pins function as address high output pins (A20 to A23).		
	PPG0 to PPG3		Function as ch0 to ch3 output pins for the 8-bit PPG timer.		
	P30		General purpose input/output port.		
1	A00	D	Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode.		
	TIN1		Function as an event input pin for 16-bit reload timer ch1.		
	P31		General purpose input/output port.		
2	A01	D	Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode.		
	TOT1		Function as the output pin for 16-bit reload timer ch1.		
	P32		General purpose input/output port.		
3	A02	D	Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode.		
	TIN2		Function as an event input pin for 16-bit reload timer ch2.		
	P33		General purpose input/output port.		
4	A03	D	Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode.		
	TOT2		Function as the output pin for 16-bit reload timer ch2.		
5 to 8	P34 to P37	D	General purpose input/output port.		
5106	A04 to A07	D	Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode.		
	P40		General purpose input/output port.		
9	A08	G	Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode.		
	TIN0		Function as an event input pin for 16-bit reload timer ch0.		
	P41		General purpose input/output port.		
10	A09	G	Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode.		
	TOT0		Function as the output pin for 16-bit reload timer ch0.		
	P42		General purpose input/output port.		
11	A10	G	Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode.		
	SIN0		Function as a data input pin for UART ch0.		
	P43		General purpose input/output port.		
12	A11	G	Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode.		
	SOT0		Function as a data output pin for UART ch0.		
	P44		General purpose input/output port.		
17	A12	G	Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode.		
	SCK0		Function as a clock I/O pin for UART ch0.		

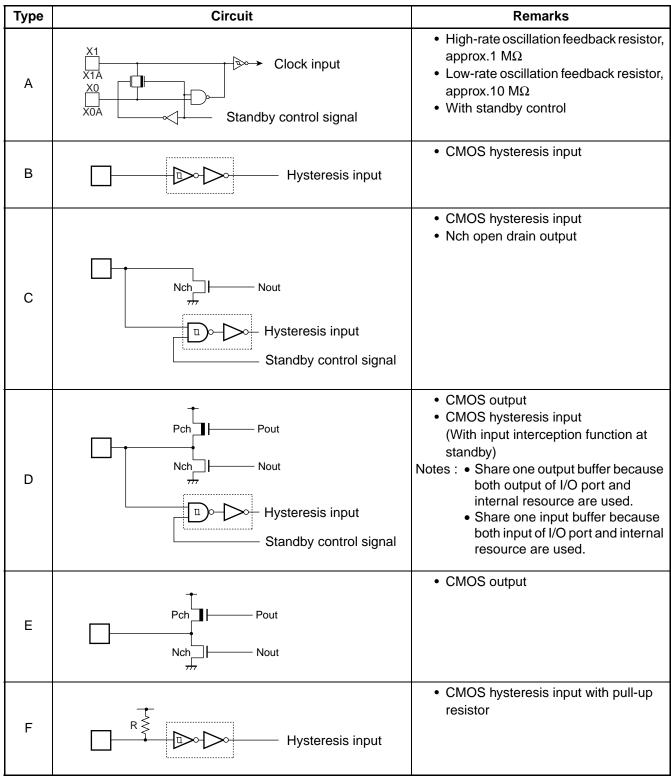
LQFP type 18 A13 G General purpose input/output port. 18 A13 G Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode. 19 A14 G Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode. 19 A14 General purpose input/output port. General purpose input/output port. 20 A15 General purpose input/output port. 20 A15 General purpose input/output port. 81 P50 Function as the external address pin in non-multi-bus mode. 82 P51 General purpose input/output port. 82 P51 General purpose input/output port. 83 WRL L General purpose input/output port. 83 WRL L General purpose input/output port. 84 WRL L Function as the data write strobe output (WRL) pin on the lower side in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 84 WRH L Function as the data write strobe output (WRL) pin on the higher side in bus width 16-bit external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when t	Pin no.	Pin name	Circuit	Function
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82 RD L Function as the read strobe output (RD) pin in external bus mode. 83 P52 General purpose input/output port. Function as the data write strobe output (WRL) pin on the lower side in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 84 P53 General purpose input/output port. 84 WRH L Function as the data write strobe output (WRH) pin on the higher side in bus width 16-bit external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 84 WRH L General purpose input/output port. 84 WRH L Function as the data write strobe output (WRH) pin on the higher side in bus width 16-bit external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 85 P54 General purpose input/output port. 86 HRQ L Function as the hold request input (HRQ) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 91 P55 General purpose input/output port. 91 RDY L Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92 CLK	01	ALE		Function as the address latch enable signal (ALE) pin in external bus mode.
RD Function as the read strobe output (RD) pin in external bus mode. 83 P52 General purpose input/output port. 83 WRL L General purpose input/output port. 84 WRL L Function as the data write strobe output (WRL) pin on the lower side in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 84 WRH L Function as the data write strobe output (WRH) pin on the higher side in bus width 16-bit external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 85 P54 L Function as the data write strobe output (HRQ) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 86 HRQ L Function as the hold request input (HRQ) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 86 HAK L Function as the hold acknowledge output (HAK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 91 RDY L Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92 P57 L General purpose input/output port.<	00	P51		General purpose input/output port.
83 WRL L Function as the data write strobe output (WRL) pin on the lower side in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 84 P53 General purpose input/output port. 84 WRH L Function as the data write strobe output (WRH) pin on the higher side in bus width 16-bit external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 85 P54 General purpose input/output port. 85 HRQ L Function as the data write strobe output (WRH) pin on the higher side in bus width 16-bit external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 85 HRQ L Function as the hold request input (HRQ) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 86 FHAK L Function as the hold acknowledge output (HAK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 91 P56 General purpose input/output port. 91 RDY L Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92 P57 General purpose input/output port.	82	RD		Function as the read strobe output (RD) pin in external bus mode.
00 WRL L external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 84 P53 General purpose input/output port. 84 WRH L Function as the data write strobe output (WRH) pin on the higher side in bus width 16-bit external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 85 P54 General purpose input/output port. 85 HRQ L Function as the hold request input (HRQ) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 86 HRQ L Function as the hold request input (HRQ) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 86 FAK L Function as the hold acknowledge output (HAK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 91 RDY L Function as the hold acknowledge output (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92 P57 General purpose input/output port. Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92		P52		General purpose input/output port.
84 WRH L Function as the data write strobe output (WRH) pin on the higher side in bus width 16-bit external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 85 P54 General purpose input/output port. 85 HRQ L Function as the hold request input (HRQ) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 86 P55 General purpose input/output port. 86 HAK L Function as the hold acknowledge output (HAK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 91 P56 L Function as the hold acknowledge output (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 91 RDY L Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92 P57 General purpose input/output port. 92 P57 General purpose input/output port. 92 P60, P61 L Function as the machine cycle clock output (CLK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 91 P60, P	83	WRL	L	external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when
OHWRHLwidth 16-bit external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the WRE bit in the EPCR register is "0".85P54LGeneral purpose input/output port. Function as the hold request input (HRQ) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0".86P55General purpose input/output port. Function as the hold acknowledge output (HAK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0".91P56General purpose input/output port. Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RDE bit in the EPCR register is "0".91P56General purpose input/output port. Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0".92CLKLFunction as the machine cycle clock output (CLK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0".92P60, P61CGeneral purpose input/output port. Function as the machine cycle clock output (CLK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0".		P53		General purpose input/output port.
85 HRQ L Function as the hold request input (HRQ) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 86 P55 General purpose input/output port. 86 HAK L Function as the hold acknowledge output (HAK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 91 P56 General purpose input/output port. 91 RDY L Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 91 RDY L Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92 P57 General purpose input/output port. 92 CLK L Function as the machine cycle clock output (CLK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92 P60, P61 C General purpose input/output port. (With stand voltage of 5 V)	84	WRH	L	
HRQLfunctions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0".86P55EGeneral purpose input/output port.86HAKLFunction as the hold acknowledge output (HAK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0".91P56General purpose input/output port.91P56General purpose input/output port.91RDYLFunction as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0".92P57General purpose input/output port.92CLKLFunction as the machine cycle clock output (CLK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0".92P60, P61CGeneral purpose input/output port.21.22P60, P61CGeneral purpose input/output port. (With stand voltage of 5 V)		P54		General purpose input/output port.
86 HAK L Function as the hold acknowledge output (HAK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 91 P56 General purpose input/output port. 91 RDY L Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92 P57 General purpose input/output port. 92 P57 General purpose input/output port. 92 CLK L Function as the machine cycle clock output (CLK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92 P60, P61 C General purpose input/output port. 91 P60, P61 C General purpose input/output port. (With stand voltage of 5 V)	85	HRQ	L	
HAKLThis pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the EPCR register is "0".91P56A RDYGeneral purpose input/output port.91RDYLFunction as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0".92P57A CLKGeneral purpose input/output port.92P57CLKFunction as the machine cycle clock output (CLK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0".91P60, P61CGeneral purpose input/output port. (With stand voltage of 5 V)		P55		General purpose input/output port.
91RDYLFunction as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0".92P57General purpose input/output port.92CLKFunction as the machine cycle clock output (CLK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0".2122P60, P61C21General purpose input/output port. (With stand voltage of 5 V)	86	HAK	L	This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the HDE bit in the
BIT RDY L pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 92 P57 General purpose input/output port. 92 CLK Function as the machine cycle clock output (CLK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 21.22 P60, P61 C		P56		General purpose input/output port.
92 CLK Function as the machine cycle clock output (CLK) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0". 21.22 P60, P61 General purpose input/output port. (With stand voltage of 5 V)	91	RDY	L	Function as the external ready input (RDY) pin in external bus mode. This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the RYE bit in the EPCR register is "0".
CLK This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the EPCR register is "0".		P57		General purpose input/output port.
	92	CLK		This pin functions as a general-purpose I/O port when the CKE bit in the
INTO, INT1 Function as external interrupt ch0 and ch1 input pins.	21 22	P60, P61		General purpose input/output port. (With stand voltage of 5 V)
	21,22	INTO, INT1		Function as external interrupt ch0 and ch1 input pins.

Pin no.		Circuit	Jit			
LQFP	Pin name	type*	Function			
	P62		General purpose input/output ports. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)			
23	INT2	С	Function as an external interrupt ch2 input pin.			
	SIN		Simple serial I/O data input pin.			
	P63		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)			
24	INT3	С	Function as an external interrupt ch3 input pin.			
	SOT		Simple serial I/O data output pin.			
	P64		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)			
25	INT4	С	Function as an external interrupt ch4 input pin.			
	SCK		Simple serial I/O clock input/output pin.			
	P65		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)			
26	INT5	С	Function as an external interrupt ch5 input pin.			
	PWC		Function as the PWC input pin.			
	P66		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)			
27	INT6	с	Function as an external interrupt ch6 input pin.			
21	SCL0		Function as the ch0 clock I/O pin for the I ² C interface. Set port output to High-Z during I ² C interface operations.			
	P67		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)			
28	INT7	С	Function as an external interrupt ch7 input pin.			
20	SDA0		Function as the ch0 data I/O pin for the I ² C interface. Set port output to High-Z during I ² C interface operations.			
20 to 10	P70 to P77		General purpose input/output port.			
39 to 46	AN0 to AN7		Function as input pins for analog ch0 to ch7.			
40 to 55	P80 to P87		General purpose input/output port.			
48 to 55	AN8 to AN15		Function as input pins for analog ch8 to ch15.			
20	P90	D	General purpose input/output port.			
29	SIN2	D	Function as a data input pin for UART ch2.			
20	P91	D	General purpose input/output port.			
30	SOT2	D	Function as a data output pin for UART ch2.			
24	P92	D	General purpose input/output port.			
31	SCK2	D	Function as a clock I/O pin for UART ch2.			
32	P93	D	General purpose input/output port.			
32	SIN3		Function as a data input pin for UART ch3.			
33	P94	D	General purpose input/output port.			
33	SOT3	D	Function as a data output pin for UART ch3.			
24	P95	D	General purpose input/output port.			
34	SCK3		Function as a clock I/O pin for UART ch3.			
	P96		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)			
35	ADTG	С	Function as the external trigger input pin when the A/D converter is being used.			
	FRCK		Function as the external clock input pin when the free-run timer is being used.			

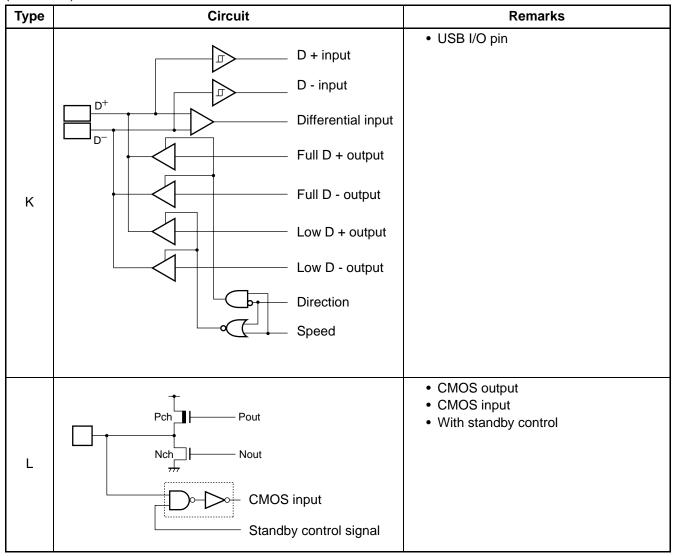
Pin no.	5.	Circuit	
LQFP	Pin name	type*	Function
50 to 50	PA0 to PA3	~	General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)
56 to 59	IN0 to IN3	С	Function as the input capture ch0 to ch3 trigger inputs.
60 to 62	PA4 to PA7		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)
60 to 63	OUT0 to OUT3	С	Function as the output compare ch0 to ch3 event output pins.
	PB0		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)
64	SCL1	С	Function as the ch1 clock I/O pin for the I ² C interface. Set port output to High-Z during I ² C interface operations.
	PB1		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)
65	SDA1	С	Function as the ch1 data I/O pin for the I ² C interface. Set port output to High-Z during I ² C interface operations.
	PB2		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)
66	SCL2	С	Function as the ch2 clock I/O pin for the I^2C interface. Set port output to High-Z during I^2C interface operations.
	PB3		General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)
67	SDA2	С	Function as the ch2 data I/O pin for the I ² C interface. Set port output to High-Z during I ² C interface operations.
68	PB4	С	General purpose input/output port. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)
60 70	PB5, PB6	D	General purpose input/output port.
69, 70	PPG4, PPG5		Function as ch4 and ch5 output pins for the 8-bit PPG timer.
71	VBUS	С	Terminal for state detection of USB cable. (Withstand voltage of 5 V)
73	DVM	K	USB function D– pin.
74	DVP	K	USB function D+ pin.
77	HVM	K	USB Mini-HOST D– pin.
78	HVP	K	USB Mini-HOST D+ pin.
80	HCON	E	External pull-up resistor connect pin.
36	AVcc		A/D converter power supply pin.
37	AVRH	J	A/D converter external reference power supply pin.
38	AVss		A/D converter power supply pin.
87 to 89	MD2 to MD0	В	Operation mode select input pin.
15	Vcc		Power supply pin.
75	Vcc		Power supply pin.
79	Vcc		Power supply pin.
105	Vcc		Power supply pin.
16	Vss		Power supply pin (GND).
47	Vss		Power supply pin (GND).
72	Vss	—	Power supply pin (GND).
76	Vss	—	Power supply pin (GND).
106	Vss		Power supply pin (GND).

* : For circuit information, see "■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE".

■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE



Туре	Circuit	Remarks
G	Pch Pout Nch Nout	 CMOS output CMOS hysteresis input (With input interception function at standby) With open drain control signal
н	CMOS input	 CMOS output CMOS input (With input interception function at standby) With input pull-up register control
I	Pch Pout Nch Nout Hysteresis input Standby control signal A/D converter analog input	 CMOS output CMOS hysteresis input (With input interception function at standby) Analog input (The A/D converter analog input is enabled when the corresponding bit in the analog input enable register (ADER) is 1.) Notes: • Because the output of the I/O port and the output of internal resources are used combinedly, one output buffer is shared. Because the input of the I/O port and the input of internal resources are used combinedly, one input buffer is shared.
J	Pch Pch Pch AVRH input Nch Nch A/D converter analog input enable signal	A/D converter (AVRH) voltage input pin



HANDLING DEVICES

1. Preventing latchup and turning on power supply

Latchup may occur on CMOS IC under the following conditions:

- If a voltage higher than Vcc or lower than Vss is applied to input and output pins.
- A voltage higher than the rated voltage is applied between Vcc and Vss.
- If the AVcc power supply is turned on before the Vcc voltage.

Ensure that you apply a voltage to the analog power supply at the same time as V_{cc} or after you turn on the digital power supply (when you perform power-off, turn off the analog power supply first or at the same time as V_{cc} and the digital power supply).

If latch-up occurs, the supply current increases rapidly, sometimes resulting in thermal breakdown of the device. Use meticulous care not to let any voltage exceed the maximum rating.

2. Treatment of unused pins

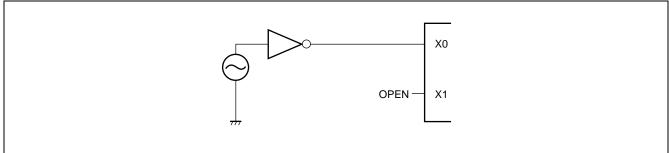
Leaving unused input pins unconnected can cause abnormal operation or latchup, leading to permanent damage. Unused input pins should always be pulled up or down through resistance of at least 2 k Ω . Any unused input/ output pins may be set to output mode and left open, or set to input mode and treated the same as unused input pins. If there is unused output pin, make it to open.

3. Treatment of power supply pins on models with A/D converters

Even when the A/D converters are not in use, be sure to make the necessary connections $AV_{CC} = AVRH = V_{CC}$, and $AV_{SS} = V_{SS}$.

4. About the attention when the external clock is used

Using external clock



5. Treatment of power supply pins (Vcc/Vss)

In products with multiple V_{cc} or V_{ss} pins, the pins of the same potential are internally connected in the device to avoid abnormal operations including latch-up. However, you must connect the pins to external power supply and a ground line to lower the electro-magnetic emission level, to prevent abnormal operation of strobe signals caused by the rise in the ground level, and to conform to the total output current rating.

Moreover, connect the current supply source with the Vcc and Vss pins of this device at the low impedance.

It is also advisable to connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of approximately 0.1 μ F between V_{cc} and V_{ss} near this device.

6. About Crystal oscillator circuit

Noise near the X0/X1 pins and X0A/X1A pins may cause the device to malfunction. Design the printed circuit board so that X0/X1 pins and X0A/X1A pins, the crystal oscillator (or the ceramic oscillator) and the bypass capacitor to ground are located as close to the device as possible.

It is strongly recommended to design the PC board artwork with the X0/X1 pins and X0A/X1A pins surrounded by ground plane because stable operation can be expected with such a layout.

7. Caution on Operations during PLL Clock Mode

Even if the oscillator comes off or the clock input stops with the PLL clock selected for this microcontroller, the microcontroller may continue to operate at the free-running frequency of the PLL internal automatic oscillator circuit. Performance of this operation, however, cannot be guaranteed.

8. Stabilization of supply voltage

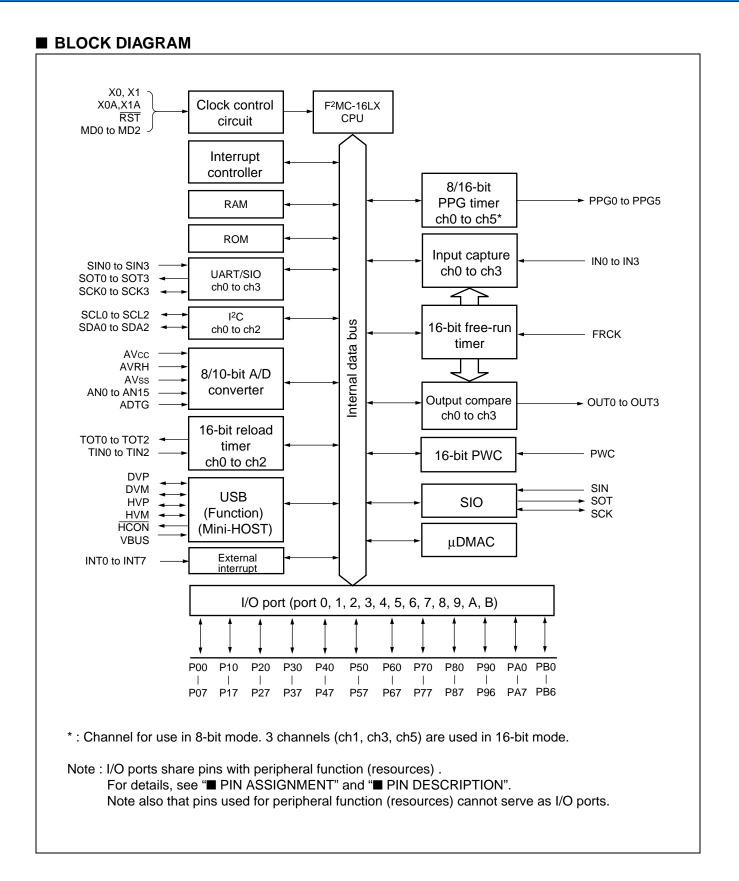
A sudden change in the supply voltage may cause the device to malfunction even within the Vcc supply voltage operating range. For stabilization reference, the supply voltage should be stabilized so that Vcc ripple variations (peak-to-peak value) at commercial frequencies (50 MHz to 60 MHz) fall below 10% of the standard Vcc supply voltage and the transient regulation does not exceed 0.1 V/ms at temporary changes such as power supply switching.

9. When the dual-supply is used as a single-supply device

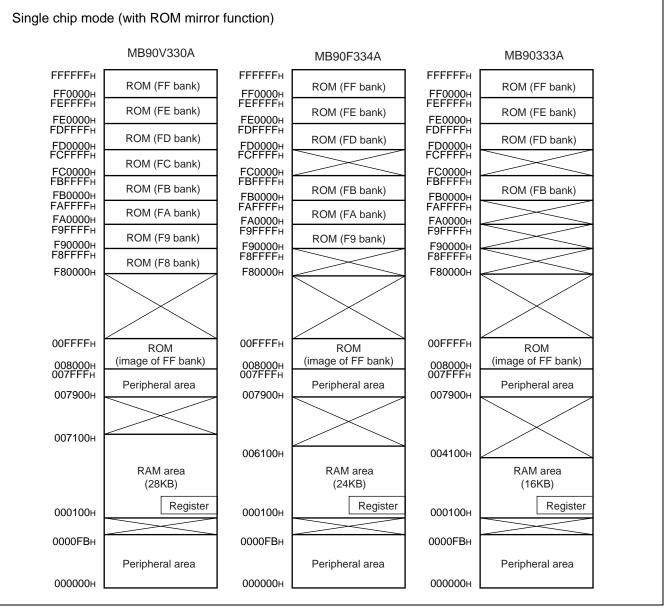
If you are using only a single-system of the MB90330 series that come in the dual-system product, use it with XOA = VSS : X1A = OPEN.

10. Writing to flash memory

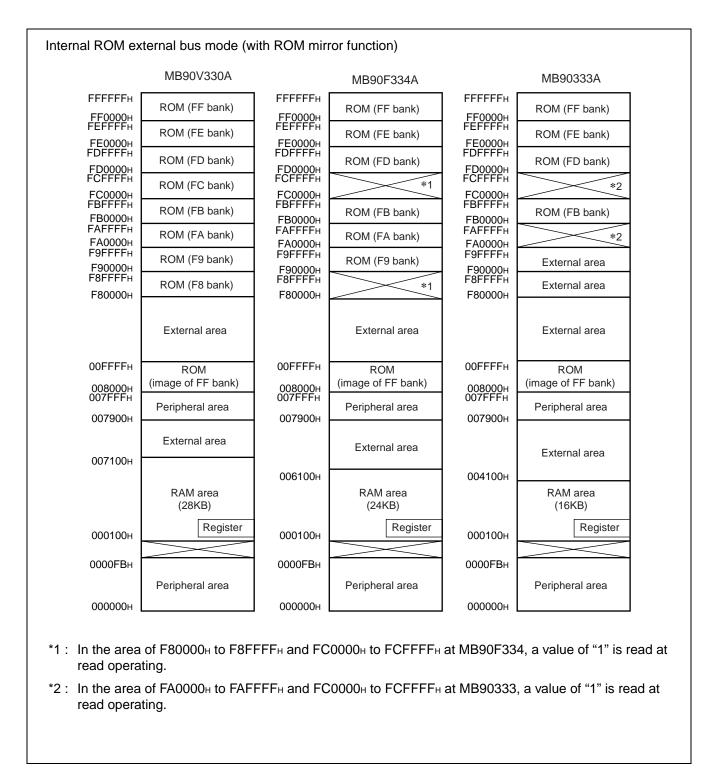
For serial writing to flash memory, always make sure that the operating voltage Vcc is between 3.13 V and 3.6 V. For normal writing to flash memory, always make sure that the operating voltage Vcc is between 3.0 V and 3.6 V.



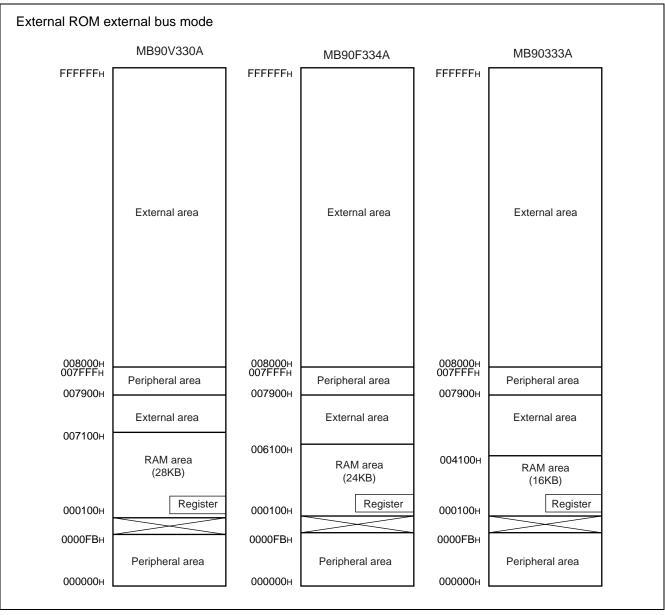
MEMORY MAP



Memory map of MB90330 series (1/3)



Memory map of MB90330 series (2/3)

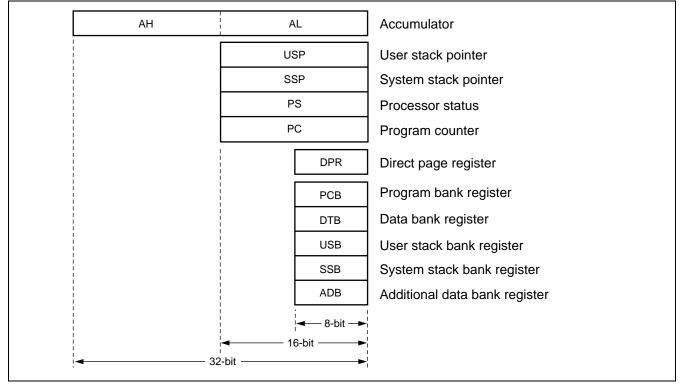


Memory map of MB90330 series (3/3)

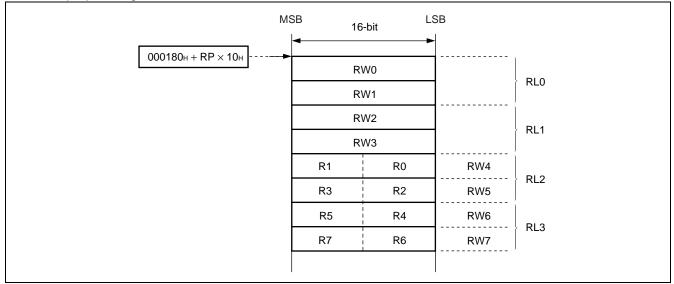
- Notes : When the ROM mirror function register has been set, the mirror image data at higher addresses ("FF8000H to FFFFFH") of bank FF is visible from the higher addresses ("008000H to 00FFFFH") of bank 00.
 - The ROM mirror function is effective for using the C compiler small model.
 - The lower 16-bit addresses of bank FF are equivalent to those of bank 00. Since the ROM area in bank FF exceeds 48 KB, however, the mirror image of all the data in the ROM area cannot be reproduced in bank 00.
 - When the C compiler small model is used, the data table mirror image can be shown at "008000_H to 00FFFF_H" by storing the data table at "FF8000_H to FFFFF_H". Therefore, data tables in the ROM area can be referred without declaring the far addressing with the pointer.

■ F²MC-16L CPU PROGRAMMING MODEL

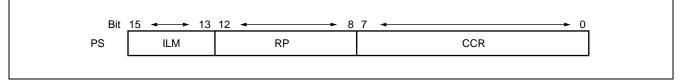
• Dedicated register



• General purpose register



Processor status



■ I/O MAP

Address	Register abbreviation	Register	Read/ Write	Resource name	Initial Value
00000н	PDR0	Port 0 Data Register	R/W	Port 0	XXXXXXXXB
000001н	PDR1	Port 1 Data Register	R/W	Port 1	XXXXXXXXB
000002н	PDR2	Port 2 Data Register	R/W	Port 2	XXXXXXXXB
00003н	PDR3	Port 3 Data Register	R/W	Port 3	XXXXXXXXB
000004н	PDR4	Port 4 Data Register	R/W	Port 4	XXXXXXXXB
000005н	PDR5	Port 5 Data Register	R/W	Port 5	XXXXXXXXB
00006н	PDR6	Port 6 Data Register	R/W	Port 6	XXXXXXXXB
000007н	PDR7	Port 7 Data Register	R/W	Port 7	XXXXXXXXB
00008н	PDR8	Port 8 Data Register	R/W	Port 8	XXXXXXXXB
000009н	PDR9	Port 9 Data Register	R/W	Port 9	- XXXXXXXB
00000Ан	PDRA	Port A Data Register	R/W	Port A	XXXXXXXXB
00000Вн		Prohibite	ed	l	
00000Сн	PDRB	Port B Data Register	R/W	Port B	- XXXXXXXB
00000Dн	DDRB	Port B Direction Register	R/W	Port B	-0000000
00000Ен		Drobibito		l	
00000Fн		Prohibite	a		
000010н	DDR0	Port 0 Direction Register	R/W	Port 0	00000000 _B
000011н	DDR1	Port 1 Direction Register	R/W	Port 1	00000000
000012н	DDR2	Port 2 Direction Register	R/W	Port 2	00000000
000013н	DDR3	Port 3 Direction Register	R/W	Port 3	00000000 _B
000014н	DDR4	Port 4 Direction Register	R/W	Port 4	00000000
000015н	DDR5	Port 5 Direction Register	R/W	Port 5	00000000
000016н	DDR6	Port 6 Direction Register	R/W	Port 6	00000000
000017н	DDR7	Port 7 Direction Register	R/W	Port 7	00000000
000018н	DDR8	Port 8 Direction Register	R/W	Port 8	00000000
000019н	DDR9	Port 9 Direction Register	R/W	Port 9	-0000000
00001Ан	DDRA	Port A Direction Register	R/W	Port A	00000000
00001B _H	ODR4	Port 4 Output Pin Register	R/W	Port 4 (open drain control)	000000000
00001Сн	RDR0	Port 0 Pull-up Resistance Register	R/W	Port 0 (PULL-UP)	00000000
00001Dн	RDR1	Port 1 Pull-up Resistance Register	R/W	Port 1 (PULL-UP)	00000000
00001Ен	ADER0	Analog Input Enable Register 0	R/W	Port 7, 8, A/D	11111111
00001Fн	ADER1	Analog Input Enable Register 1	R/W	Port 7, 8, A/D	1111111
000020н	SMR0	Serial Mode Register ch0	R/W		$0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0_B$
000021н	SCR0	Serial Control Register ch0	R/W	1	00000100в
000000	SIDR0	Serial Input Data Register ch0	R	UART0	~~~~~
000022н	SODR0	Serial Output Data Register ch0	W	1	XXXXXXXXB
000023н	SSR0	Serial Status Register ch0	R/W		00001000в
000024н	UTRLR0	UART Prescaler Reload Register ch0	R/W	Communication	00000000
000025н	UTCR0	UART Prescaler Control Register ch0	R/W	Prescaler (UART0)	0000-000в

Address	Register abbreviation	Register	Read/ Write	Resource name	Initial Value
000026н	SMR1	Serial Mode Register ch1	R/W		$0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0_B$
000027н	SCR1	Serial Control Register ch1	R/W		00000100 _B
000028н	SIDR1	Serial Input Data Register ch1	R	UART1	XXXXXXXXB
000028H	SODR1	Serial Output Data Register ch1	W		АЛЛАЛАВ
000029н	SSR1	Serial Status Register ch1	R/W		00001000в
00002Ан	UTRLR1	UART Prescaler Reload Register ch1	R/W	Communication	00000000
00002Вн	UTCR1	UART Prescaler Control Register ch1	R/W	Prescaler (UART1)	0000-000в
00002Сн	SMR2	Serial Mode Register ch2	R/W		0010000в
00002Dн	SCR2	Serial Control Register ch2	R/W	-	00000100в
	SIDR2	Serial Input Data Register ch2	R	UART2	
00002Ен	SODR2	Serial Output Data Register ch2	W	-	XXXXXXXXB
00002F н	SSR2	Serial Status Register ch2	R/W		00001000в
000030н	UTRLR2	UART Prescaler Reload Register ch2	R/W	Communication	00000000
000031н	UTCR2	UART Prescaler Control Register ch2	R/W	Prescaler (UART2)	0000-000в
000032н	SMR3	Serial Mode Register ch3	R/W		0010000 _B
000033н	SCR3	Serial Control Register ch3	R/W	-	00000100 _B
	SIDR3	Serial Input Data Register ch3	R	UART3	XXXXXXXXB
000034н	SODR3	Serial Output Data Register ch3	W		
000035 н	SSR3	Serial Status Register ch3	R/W		0000100 _B
000036н	UTRLR3	UART Prescaler Reload Register ch3	R/W	Communication	00000000 _B
000037н	UTCR3	UART Prescaler Control Register ch3	R/W	Prescaler (UART3)	0000-000в
000038н to		Prohibite	ed	1	
00003Вн		11		1	
00003Сн	ENIR	DTP/Interrupt Enable Register	R/W		00000000
00003Dн	EIRR	DTP/Interrupt Source Register	R/W	DTP/External	00000000
00003Ен	ELVR	Request Level Setting Register Lower	R/W	Interrupt	00000000
00003F н	22710	Request Level Setting Register Upper	R/W		00000000
000040н	ADCS0	A/D Control Status Register Lower	R/W		000в
000041н	ADCS1	A/D Control Status Register Upper	R/W	8/10-bit	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
000042н	ADCR0	A/D Data Register Lower	R/W	A/D Converter	XXXXXXXXB
000043н	ADCR1	A/D Data Register Upper	R/W		00101XXX _B
000044н		Prohibite	ed		
000045н	ADMR	A/D Conversion Channel Selection Register	R/W	8/10-bit A/D Converter	000000000
000046н	PPGC0	PPG0 Operation Mode Control Register	R/W	PPG ch0	0Х0 0 0ХХ1в
000047н	PPGC1	PPG1 Operation Mode Control Register	R/W	PPG ch1	0Х0 0 0 0 0 1в
000048н	PPGC2	PPG2 Operation Mode Control Register	R/W	PPG ch2	0Х0 0 0ХХ1в

Address	Register abbreviation	Register	Read/ Write	Resource name	Initial Value
000049н	PPGC3	PPG3 Operation Mode Control Register	R/W	PPG ch3	0Х00001в
00004Ан	PPGC4	PPG4 Operation Mode Control Register	R/W	PPG ch4	0Х0 0 0ХХ1в
00004Вн	PPGC5	PPG5 Operation Mode Control Register	R/W	PPG ch5	0Х00001в
00004Сн	PPG01	PPG0 and PPG1 Output Control Register	R/W	PPG ch0/1	000000XXв
00004Dн		Prohibited		L	1
00004Eн	PPG23	PPG2 and PPG3 Output Control Register	R/W	PPG ch2/3	000000ХХв
00004Fн		Prohibited			
000050н	PPG45	PPG4 and PPG5 Output Control Register	R/W	PPG ch4/5	000000ХХв
000051н		Prohibited		L	L
000052н	ICS01	Input Capture Control Status Register 01	R/W	Input Capture ch0/1	000000000
000053н	ICS23	Input Capture Control Status Register 23	R/W	Input Capture ch2/3	000000000
000054н	OCS0	Output Compare Control Register ch0 Lower	R/W	Output Compare ch0/1	000000в
000055н	OCS1	Output Compare Control Register ch1 Upper	R/W		000000в
000056н	OCS2	Output Compare Control Register ch2 Lower	R/W	Output	000000в
000057н	OCS3	Output Compare Control Register ch3 Upper	R/W	Compare ch2/3	000000 _В
000058н	01400	Carial Made Control Status Desister			ХХХХО О О Ов
000059н	SMCS	Serial Mode Control Status Register	R/W	Extended Serial	$0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0_B$
00005Ан	SDR	Serial Data Register	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
00005Вн	SDCR	Communication Prescaler Control Register	R/W	Communication Prescaler	0ХХХ0 0 0 0в
00005Сн	PWCSR	PWC Control Status Register	R/W		00000000 _B
00005Dн	FWCSK		r./ v v		000000XB
00005Ен		DWC Data Duffer Desister		16-bit PWC Timer	00000000 _B
00005Fн	PWCR	PWC Data Buffer Register	R/W	F WC TIME	00000000 _B
000060н	DIVR	PWC Dividing Ratio Register	R/W	1	0 Ов
000061н		Prohibited			
000062н	TMOODO	Timer Control Status Degister ab			00000000B
000063н	TMCSR0	Timer Control Status Register ch0	R/W		XXXX 0 0 0 0 _B
000004	TMR0	16-bit Timer Register ch0 Lower	R	16-bit	XXXXXXXXB
000064н	TMRLR0	16-bit Reload Register ch0 Lower	W	Reload Timer ch0	XXXXXXXXB
000005	TMR0	16-bit Timer Register ch0 Upper	R		XXXXXXXXB
000065н	TMRLR0	16-bit Reload Register ch0 Upper	W	1	XXXXXXXXB

Address	Register abbreviation	Register	Read/ Write	Resource name	Initial Value
000066н	TMCSR1	Timor Control Status Pagistor sh1	R/W		00000000 _B
000067н	TNICSKI	Timer Control Status Register ch1	r./ v v		XXXX 0 0 0 0 _B
000068 н	TMR1	16-bit Timer Register ch1 Lower	R	16-bit Reload	XXXXXXXXB
00000н	TMRLR1	16-bit Reload Register ch1 Lower	W	Timer ch1	XXXXXXXXB
000069н	TMR1	16-bit Timer Register ch1 Upper	R		XXXXXXXXB
0000698	TMRLR1	16-bit Reload Register ch1 Upper	W		XXXXXXXXB
00006Ан	TMCCDO	Timer Control Status Desister ab 2			00000000
00006Вн	TMCSR2	Timer Control Status Register ch2	R/W		XXXX 0 0 0 0 _B
000000	TMR2	16-bit Timer Register ch2 Lower	R	16-bit Reload	XXXXXXXXB
00006Сн	TMRLR2	16-bit Reload Register ch2 Lower	W	Timer ch2	XXXXXXXXB
000000	TMR2	16-bit Timer Register ch2 Upper	R	-	XXXXXXXXB
00006Dн	TMRLR2	16-bit Reload Register ch2 Upper	W	-	XXXXXXXXB
00006Ен		Prohibited	d		1
00006 F н	ROMM	ROM Mirror Function Selection Register	W	ROM Mirror Function Selection Module	1 1в
000070н	IBSR0	I ² C Bus Status Register ch0	R		00000000 _B
000071н	IBCR0	I ² C Bus Control Register ch0	R/W	-	00000000 _B
000072н	ICCR0	I ² C Bus Clock Selection Register ch0	R/W	I ² C Bus Interface	XX 0 XXXXXB
000073н	IADR0	I ² C Bus Address Register ch0	R/W	ch0	XXXXXXXXB
000074н	IDAR0	I ² C Bus Data Register ch0	R/W	-	XXXXXXXXB
000075н		Prohibited	d l		1
000076н	IBSR1	I ² C Bus Status Register ch1	R		00000000 _B
000077н	IBCR1	I ² C Bus Control Register ch1	R/W	-	00000000
000078н	ICCR1	I ² C Bus Clock Selection Register ch1	R/W	I ² C Bus Interface ch1	XX 0 XXXXX _B
000079н	IADR1	I ² C Bus Address Register ch1	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
00007Ан	IDAR1	I ² C Bus Data Register ch1	R/W	-	XXXXXXXXB
00007Вн		Prohibited	d d		I
00007Сн	IBSR2	I ² C Bus Status Register ch2	R		00000000 _B
00007Dн	IBCR2	I ² C Bus Control Register ch2	R/W	-	00000000
00007Ен	ICCR2	I ² C Bus Clock Selection Register ch2	R/W	l ² C Bus Interface ch2	XX 0 XXXXXB
00007Fн	IADR2	I ² C Bus Address Register ch2	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
000080н	IDAR2	I ² C Bus Data Register ch2	R/W	-	XXXXXXXXB
000081н to 000085н		Prohibited		1	1

Address	Register abbreviation	Register	Read/ Write	Resource name	Initial Value
000086н	TCDT	Timer Data Register Lower	R/W		00000000
000087н	ICDI	Timer Data Register Upper	R/W	-	00000000 _B
000088н	TCCS	Timer Control Status Register Lower	R/W	16-bit Free-Run	00000000 _B
000089н	1003	Timer Control Status Register Upper	R/W	Timer	0 0 0 0 0 0в
00008Ан	CPCLR	Compare Clear Register Lower	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
00008Вн	CFULK	Compare Clear Register Upper	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
00008Cн to 00009Ан					
00009Вн	DCSR	DMA Descriptor Channel Specification Register	R/W	51440	000000000
00009Сн	DSRL	DMA Status Register Lower	R/W	μDMAC	00000000 _B
00009Dн	DSRH	DMA Status Register Upper	R/W	-	00000000 _B
00009Ен	PACSR	Program Address Detection Control Status Register	R/W	Address Match Detection	000000000
00009Fн	DIRR	Delay Interruption Factor Generation/ Release Register	R/W	Delay Interrupt	Ов
0000А0н	LPMCR	Low Power Consumption Mode Register	R/W	Low Power Consumption Control Circuit	00011000в
0000A1 н	CKSCR	Clock Selection Register	R/W	Clock	1111100в
0000А2н 0000А3н		Prohibited	l		
0000A4н	DSSR	DMA Stop Status Register	R/W	μDMAC	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
0000А5н	ARSR	Automatic Ready Function Selection Register	W		0 0 1 1 0 Ов
0000А6н	HACR	External Address Output Control Register	W	External Pin	* * * * * * * * B
0000А7н	EPCR	Bus Control Signal Control Register	W	-	1000 * 10 -в
0000А8н	WDTC	Watchdog Control Register	R/W	Watchdog Timer	Х - ХХХ 1 1 1в
0000А9н	TBTC	Time-base Timer Control Register	R/W	Time-base Timer	1 0 0 1 0 Ов
0000ААн	WTC	Watch Timer Control Register	R/W	Watch Timer	$1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0_B$
0000АВн		Prohibited	l		
0000АСн	DERL	DMA Enable Register Lower	R/W		00000000 _B
0000ADн	DERH	DMA Enable Register Upper	R/W	μDMAC	00000000 _B
0000AEH	FMCR	Flash Memory Control Status Register	R/W	Flash Memory I/F	000Х0000в
0000AFн		Prohibited	1		

Address	Register abbreviation	Register	Read/ Write	Resource name	Initial Value			
0000В0н	ICR00	Interrupt Control Register 00	R/W		00000111в			
0000B1н	ICR01	Interrupt Control Register 01	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000В2н	ICR02	Interrupt Control Register 02	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000ВЗн	ICR03	Interrupt Control Register 03	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000B4н	ICR04	Interrupt Control Register 04	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000В5н	ICR05	Interrupt Control Register 05	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000В6н	ICR06	nterrupt Control Register 06 R/W			00000111в			
0000В7 н	ICR07	Interrupt Control Register 07	R/W	Interrupt	00000111в			
0000В8н	ICR08	Interrupt Control Register 08	R/W	Controller	00000111в			
0000В9н	ICR09	Interrupt Control Register 09	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000ВАн	ICR10	Interrupt Control Register 10	R/W		00000111в			
0000ВВн	ICR11	Interrupt Control Register 11	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000BCн	ICR12	Interrupt Control Register 12	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000BDн	ICR13	Interrupt Control Register 13	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000BEн	ICR14	Interrupt Control Register 14	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000BFн	ICR15	Interrupt Control Register 15	R/W	-	00000111в			
0000С0н	HCNT0	USB Host Control Register 0	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B			
0000C1н	HCNT1	USB Host Control Register 1	R/W		00000001 _B			
0000С2н	HIRQ	USB Host Interruption Register	R/W	-	00000000 _B			
0000С3н	HERR	USB Host Error Status Register	R/W	-	0000011в			
0000C4 _H	HSTATE	USB Host State Status Register	R/W	-	ХХ 0 1 0 0 1 0в			
0000C5н	HFCOMP	USB SOF Interrupt FRAME Compare Register	R/W		000000000			
0000С6н		USB Retry Timer Setting Register 0	R/W		00000000 _B			
0000С7н	HRTIMER	USB Retry Timer Setting Register 1	R/W	USB Mini-HOST	00000000 _B			
0000C8H		USB Retry Timer Setting Register 2	R/W	-	XXXXXX 0 0 _B			
0000С9н	HADR	USB Host Address Register	R/W		ХООООООВ			
0000САн		USB EOF Setting Register 0	R/W		00000000 _B			
0000СВн	HEOF	USB EOF Setting Register 1	R/W		XX 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B			
0000ССн		USB FRAME Setting Register 0	R/W		00000000 _B			
0000CDн	HFRAME	USB FRAME Setting Register 1	R/W		XXXXX 0 0 0B			
0000CEH	HTOKEN	USB Host Token End Point Register	R/W	1	00000000			
0000CFн	Prohibited							
0000D0н	UDCC	UDC Control Register	R/W	USB Function	1010000			
0000D1н		Prohibited	4					

Address	Register abbreviation	Register	Read/ Write	Resource name	Initial Value
0000D2н	EP0C	ED0 Control Register	R/W		Х1000000в
0000D3н	EPUC	EP0 Control Register	R/W		XXXX 0 0 0 XB
0000D4H	EP1C	ED4 Control Degister	R/W		00000000
0000D5н	EPIC	EP1 Control Register	R/W		01100001в
0000D6н	ED00	ED2 Control Degister	R/W		0100000в
0000D7н	EP2C	EP2 Control Register	R/W		01100000в
0000D8H	ED20	ED2 Control Degister	R/W		0100000в
0000D9н	EP3C	EP3 Control Register	R/W		01100000в
0000DAн		ED4 Control Desister	R/W		0100000в
0000DBн	EP4C	EP4 Control Register	R/W		01100000в
0000DCH	EP5C	EDE Control Degister	R/W		0100000в
0000DDн	EPSC	EP5 Control Register	R/W		01100000в
0000DEн	TMOD	Time Stemp Desister	R		00000000
0000DFн	TMSP	Time Stamp Register	R/W		00000000
0000E0н	UDCS	UDC Status Register	R/W		00000000
0000E1н	UDCIE	UDC Interrupt Enable Register	R/W		00000000
0000E2н			R/W		XXXXXXXXB
0000E3H	EP0IS	EP0I Status Register	R/W		1 0 XXX 1 XX _B
0000E4 _H			R/W		XXXXXXXXB
0000E5н	EP0OS	EP00 Status Register	R/W	- USB Function	1 0 0 XX 0 0 X _B
0000E6н		ED4 Status Desister	R		XXXXXXXXB
0000E7н	EP1S	EP1 Status Register	R/W		1000000 Хв
0000E8H	FD20	ED2 Status Desister	R	-	XXXXXXXXB
0000E9н	EP2S	EP2 Status Register	R/W		1000000 Хв
0000EAн	ED00		R		XXXXXXXXB
0000EBH	EP3S	EP3 Status Register	R/W	-	1000000 Хв
0000ECH			R	-	XXXXXXXXB
0000EDH	EP4S	EP4 Status Register	R/W		1000000 Хв
0000EEH			R	-	XXXXXXXXB
0000EFн	EP5S	EP5 Status Register	R/W	-	1000000 Хв
0000F0н	FDODT		R/W	-	XXXXXXXXB
0000F1н	EP0DT	EP0 Data Register	R/W	-	XXXXXXXXB
0000F2н			R/W	-	XXXXXXXXB
0000F3н	EP1DT	EP1 Data Register	R/W	-	XXXXXXXXB
0000F4н	FRODT		R/W		XXXXXXXXB
0000F5н	EP2DT	EP2 Data Register	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
0000F6н	FDODT		R/W	1	XXXXXXXXB
0000F7 н	EP3DT	EP3 Data Register	R/W	-	XXXXXXXXB

Address	Register abbreviation	Register	Read/ Write	Resource name	Initial Value
0000F8н		ED4 Data Dagistar	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
0000F9н	EP4DT	EP4 Data Register	R/W		XXXXXXXXAB
0000FAH	FDEDT		R/W	USB Function	XXXXXXXXAB
0000FBH	EP5DT	EP5 Data Register	R/W	1	XXXXXXXXB
0000FCH		1			
to 0000FFн		Prohibited	ł		
000100н to #н		RAM Area	a		
001FF0н		Program Address Detection Register ch0 Lower	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
001FF1н	PADR0	Program Address Detection Register ch0 Middle	R/W		XXXXXXXX
001FF2н		Program Address Detection Register ch0 Upper	R/W	Address Match	XXXXXXXX
001FF3н		Program Address Detection Register ch1 Lower	R/W	Detection	XXXXXXXX
001FF4н	PADR1	Program Address Detection Register ch1 Middle	R/W		XXXXXXXXAB
001FF5⊦		Program Address Detection Register ch1 Upper	R/W		XXXXXXXXAB
#н to 0078FFн		Unused Are	ea		
007900н	PRLL0	PPG Reload Register Lower ch0	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007901н	PRLH0	PPG Reload Register Upper ch0	R/W	PPG ch0	XXXXXXXX
007902н	PRLL1	PPG Reload Register Lower ch1	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007903н	PRLH1	PPG Reload Register Upper ch1	R/W	PPG ch1	XXXXXXXXB
007904н	PRLL2	PPG Reload Register Lower ch2	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007905н	PRLH2	PPG Reload Register Upper ch2	R/W	PPG ch2	XXXXXXXXB
007906н	PRLL3	PPG Reload Register Lower ch3	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007907н	PRLH3	PPG Reload Register Upper ch3	R/W	PPG ch3	XXXXXXXXB
007908н	PRLL4	PPG Reload Register Lower ch4	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007909н	PRLH4	PPG Reload Register Upper ch4	R/W	PPG ch4	XXXXXXXXB
00790Ан	PRLL5	PPG Reload Register Lower ch5		XXXXXXXXB	
00790Вн	PRLH5	PPG Reload Register Upper ch5	PPG ch5	XXXXXXXXB	
00790Cн to 00790Fн		Prohibited	ł		

(Continued)

Address	Register abbreviation	Register	Read/ Write	Resource name	Initial Value
007910н	IPCP0	Input Capture Data Register Lower ch0	R		XXXXXXXXB
007911н	IFCFU	Input Capture Data Register Upper ch0	R	Input Capture	XXXXXXXXB
007912н	IPCP1	Input Capture Data Register Lower ch1	R	ch0/1	XXXXXXXXB
007913н	IFCFI	Input Capture Data Register Upper ch1	R		XXXXXXXXB
007914н	IPCP2	Input Capture Data Register Lower ch2	R		XXXXXXXXB
007915н	IFGFZ	Input Capture Data Register Upper ch2	R	Input Capture	XXXXXXXXB
007916н	IPCP3	Input Capture Data Register Lower ch3	R	ch2/3	XXXXXXXXB
007917н	IFCF3	Input Capture Data Register Upper ch3	R		XXXXXXXXB
007918 н	OCCP0	Output Compare Register Lower ch0	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007919н	OCCFU	Output Compare Register Upper ch0	R/W	Output Compare	XXXXXXXXB
00791Ан	OCCP1	Output Compare Register Lower ch1	R/W	ch0/1	XXXXXXXXB
00791В н	OCCET	Output Compare Register Upper ch1	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
00791Сн	OCCP2	Output Compare Register Lower ch2	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
00791Dн	OCCF2	Output Compare Register Upper ch2	R/W	Output Compare	XXXXXXXXB
00791Eн	OCCP3	Output Compare Register Lower ch3	R/W	ch2/3	XXXXXXXXB
00791Fн	000-3	Output Compare Register Upper ch3	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007920н	DBAPL	DMA Buffer Address Pointer Lower 8-bit	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007921н	DBAPM	DMA Buffer Address Pointer Middle 8-bit	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007922н	DBAPH	DMA Buffer Address Pointer Upper 8-bit	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007923н	DMACS	DMA Control Register	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007924н	DIOAL	DMA I/O Register Address Pointer Lower 8-bit	R/W	μDMAC	XXXXXXXX
007925н	DIOAH	AH DMA I/O Register Address Pointer R/W			XXXXXXXXB
007926н	DDCTL	DMA Data Counter Lower 8-bit	R/W	1	XXXXXXXXB
007927н	DDCTH	DMA Data Counter Upper 8-bit	R/W		XXXXXXXXB
007928н to 007FFFн		Prohibited		·	

• Explanation on read/write

R/W : Readable and Writable

- R : Read only
- W : Write only

• Explanation on initial values

- 0 : Initial value is "0".
- 1 : Initial value is "1".
- X : Initial value is undefined.
- : Initial value is undefined (None) .
- * : Initial value of this bit is "1" or "0".

Note : No I/O instruction can be used for registers located between 007900_{H} and $007FFF_{H}$.

■ INTERRUPT SOURCES, INTERRUPT VECTORS, AND INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTERS

Interrupt source	El ² OS support	μDMAC	Int	terrup	t vector	Interru re	Priority	
	support		Num	nber*	Address	ICR	Address	
Reset	×	×	#08	08н	FFFFDC H			High
INT 9 instruction	×	×	#09	09н	FFFFD8H		—	
Exceptional treatment	×	×	#10	0Ан	FFFFD4 _H			1 1
USB Function1	×	0, 1	#11	0Вн	FFFFD0H	ICR00	0000В0н	
USB Function2	×	2 to 6	#12	0Сн	FFFFCC H	ICRUU	UUUUDUH	
USB Function3	×	×	#13	0Dн	FFFFC8H	ICR01	0000B1н	
USB Function4	×	×	#14	0Ен	FFFFC4 _H	ICRUI	UUUUD IH	
USB Mini-HOST1	×	×	#15	0Fн	FFFFC0H	ICR02	0000 82.	
USB Mini-HOST2	×	×	#16	10н	FFFFBC H	ICRUZ	0000В2н	
I ² C ch0	×	×	#17	11 н	FFFFB8H	ICR03	0000 82.	
DTP/External interrupt ch0/1	0	×	#18	12н	FFFFB4H	ICRUS	0000ВЗн	
I ² C ch1	×	×	#19	13н	FFFFB0H	ICR04	0000B4н	
DTP/Extetrnal interrupt ch2/3	0	×	#20	14 н	FFFFAC H	ICR04	000064н	
I ² C ch2	×	×	#21	15 н	FFFFA8H	ICR05	0000B5н	
DTP/External interrupt ch4/5	0	×	#22	16 н	FFFFA4H	ICRUS	0000B3H	
PWC/Reload timer ch0		14	#23	17 н	FFFFA0H	ICR06	6 0000В6н	
DTP/External interrupt ch6/7		×	#24	18 н	FFFF9CH			
Input capture ch0/1		7	#25	19 н	FFFF98H	ICR07	7 0000B7н	
Reload timer ch1		×	#26	1Ан	FFFF94 _H			
Input capture ch2/3		8	#27	1Вн	FFFF90H	ICR08	0000B8н	
Reload timer ch2		×	#28	1Сн	FFFF8CH	101/00	UUUUD0H	
Output compare ch0/1	0	×	#29	1Dн	FFFF88H	ICR09	0000В9н	
PPG ch0/1	×	×	#30	1Ен	FFFF84 _H	101(09	0000038	
Output compare ch2/3	0	×	#31	1Fн	FFFF80H	ICR10	0000ВАн	
PPG ch2/3	×	×	#32	20н	FFFF7CH		UUUUDAH	
UART (Send completed) ch2/3	0	11	#33	21н	FFFF78н	ICR11	0000ВВн	
PPG ch4/5	×	×	#34	22н	FFFF74 _H		UUUUDDH	
UART (Reception completed) ch2/3	O	10	#35	23н	FFFF70H	ICR12	0000BCн	
A/D converter/Free-run timer		15	#36	24н	FFFF6CH		UUUUUUUU	
UART (Send completed) ch0/1	0	13	#37	25н	FFFF68H	ICR13	0000BDн	
Extended serial I/O	×	9	#38	26н	FFFF64H		JUUUDDH	
UART (Reception completed) ch0/1	Ø	12	#39	27н	FFFF60H	ICR14	0000BEн]
Time-base timer/Watch timer	×	×	#40	28н	FFFF5CH		UUUUBEH	
Flash memory status	×	×	#41	29н	FFFF58H	ICR15	0000BFн	_
Delay interrupt output module	×	×	#42	2Ан	FFFF54H		UUUDFH	Low

(Continued)

- ◎ : Available, EI²OS stop function provided (The interrupt request flag is cleared by the interrupt clear signal. With a stop request).
- ○: Available (The interrupt request flag is cleared by the interrupt clear signal.)
- \triangle : Available when any interrupt source sharing ICR is not used.
- \times : Unavailable

*: If the same level interrupt is output simultaneously, the lower interrupt factor of interrupt vector number has priority.

- Notes : If the same interrupt control register (ICR) has two interrupt factors and the use of the El²OS is permitted, the El²OS is activated when either of the factors is detected. As any interrupt other than the activation factor is masked while the El²OS is running, it is recommended that you should mask either of the interrupt requests when using the El²OS.
 - The interrupt flag is cleared by the El²OS interrupt clear signal for the resource that has two interrupt factors in the same interrupt control register (ICR).
 - If a resource has two interrupt sources for the same interrupt number, both of the interrupt request flags are cleared by the µDMAC interrupt clear signal. Therefore, when you use either of two interrupt factors for the DMAC function, another interrupt function is disabled. Set the interrupt request permission bit to "0" in the appropriate resource, and take measures by software polling.

USB interrupt factor	Details						
USB function 1	End Point0-IN End Point0-OUT						
USB function 2	End Point1-5						
USB function 3	VOFF VON SUSP SOF BRST WKUP CONF						
USB function 4	SPK						
USB Mini-HOST1	DIRQ CNNIRQ URIRQ RWKIRQ						
USB Mini-HOST2	SOFIRQ CMPIRQ						

Content of USB interruption factor

PERIPHERAL RESOURCES

1. I/O port

The I/O ports are used as general-purpose input/output ports (parallel I/O ports). MB90330 series model is provided with 12 ports (94 inputs) . The ports function as input/output pins for peripheral functions also.

The port data register (PDR) can be used to send output data to the I/O pin and to receive the signal input to the I/O port. The port direction register (DDR) can be used to set the I/O direction of the I/O pin in bit units.

The following table lists the I/O ports and the peripheral functions with which they share pins.

	Port Pin Name	Pin Name (Peripheral)	Peripheral Function that Shares Pin		
Port 0	P00 to P07	_	(External bus)		
Port 1	P10 to P17	_	(External bus)		
Devit 0	P20 to P23	_	(External bus)		
Port 2	P24 to P27	PPG0 to PPG3	8/16-bit PPG timer 0, 1 (External bus)		
	P30 to P33	TIN1, TOT1, TIN2, TOT2	16-bit Reload timer 1, 2 (External bus)		
Port 3	P34 to P37	_	(External bus)		
	P40, P41	TIN0, TOT0	16-bit Reload timer 0 (External bus)		
Port 4	P42 to P47	SIN0, SOT0, SCK0, SIN1, SOT1, SCK1	UART0, UART1 (External bus)		
Port 5	P50 to P57	_	(External bus)		
	P60, P61	INTO, INT1	External interrupt		
Port 6	P62 to P64	INT2 to INT4, SIN, SOT, SCK	External interrupt, Serial I/O		
	P65	INT5, PWC	External interrupt, PWC		
	P66, P67	INT6, INT7, SCL0, SDA0	External interrupt, I ² C 0		
Port 7	P70 to P77	AN0 to AN7	8/10-bit A/D converter		
Port 8	P80 to P87	AN8 to AN15	8/10-bit A/D converter		
Port 9	P90 to P95	SIN2, SOT2, SCK2, SIN3, SOT3, SCK3	UART2, 3		
	P96	ADTG, FRCK	8/10-bit A/D converter, Free-run timer		
	PA0 to PA3	IN0 to IN3	Input capture 0, 1, 2, 3		
Port A	PA4 to PA7	OUT0 to OUT3	Output compare 0, 1, 2, 3		
	PB0 to PB3	SCL1, SDA1, SCL2, SDA2	I ² C 1, 2		
Port B	PB4	_	—		
	PB5, PB6	PPG4, PPG5	PPG timer 2		

Note : These pins also serve as the analog input pins for ports 7 and 8. To use them as general-purpose ports, be sure to set the corresponding bits in the analog input enable register (ADER) to 0_B . The ADER is initialized to FF_H at a reset.

• Register list (port data register)

PDR0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value	Access
Address : 000000н	P07	P06	P05	P04	P03	P02	P01	P00	XXXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDR1	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 000001н	P17	P16	P15	P14	P13	P12	P11	P10	XXXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDR2	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 000002H	P27	P26	P25	P24	P23	P22	P21	P20	XXXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDR3	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 000003H	P37	P36	P35	P34	P33	P32	P31	P30	XXXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDR4	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 000004н	P47	P46	P45	P44	P43	P42	P41	P40	XXXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDR5	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 000005H	P57	P56	P55	P54	P53	P52	P51	P50	XXXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDR6	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 000006н	P67	P66	P65	P64	P63	P62	P61	P60	XXXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDR7	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 000007н	P77	P76	P75	P74	P73	P72	P71	P70	XXXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDR8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 000008н	P87	P86	P85	P84	P83	P82	P81	P80	XXXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDR9	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 000009н	_	P96	P95	P94	P93	P92	P91	P90	- XXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDRA	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 00000AH	PA7	PA6	PA5	PA4	PA3	PA2	PA1	PA0	XXXXXXXXB	R/W*
PDRB	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 00000CH	_	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	PB2	PB1	PB0	- XXXXXXXB	R/W*

* : R/W access to I/O ports is a bit different in behavior from R/W access to memory as follows :

Input mode

Read : The level at the relevant pin is read. Write : Data is written to the output latch.

• Output mode

Read : The data register latch value is read. Write : Data is output to the relevant pin.

• Register list (port direction register)

	-	,								
DDR0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value	Access
Address : 000010H	D07	D06	D05	D04	D03	D02	D01	D00	0000000в	R/W
DDR1	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 000011H	D17	D16	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	0000000в	R/W
DDR2	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 000012H	D27	D26	D25	D24	D23	D22	D21	D20	0000000в	R/W
DDR3	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 000013H	D37	D36	D35	D34	D33	D32	D31	D30	0000000в	R/W
DDR4	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 000014H	D47	D46	D45	D44	D43	D42	D41	D40	0000000в	R/W
DDR5	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 000015н	D57	D56	D55	D54	D53	D52	D51	D50	0000000в	R/W
DDR6	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 000016H	D67	D66	D65	D64	D63	D62	D61	D60	0000000в	R/W
DDR7	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 000017н	D77	D76	D75	D74	D73	D72	D71	D70	0000000в	R/W
DDR8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 000018H	D87	D86	D85	D84	D83	D82	D81	D80	0000000в	R/W
DDR9	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 000019н	_	D96	D95	D94	D93	D92	D91	D90	-000000в	R/W
DDRA	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Address : 00001AH	DA7	DA6	DA5	DA4	DA3	DA2	DA1	DA0	0000000в	R/W
DDRB	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 00000DH		DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	-000000в	R/W

• When each pin is serving as a port, the corresponding pin is controlled as follows :

0 : Input mode

1 : Output mode

This bit becomes 0 after a reset.

Note : If these registers are accessed by a read modify write instruction (such as a bit set instruction), the bits manipulated by the instruction are set to prescribed values but those other bits in output registers which have been set for input are rewritten to current input values of the pins. When switching a pin from input port to output port, therefore, write a desired value in the PDR first, then set the DDR to switch the pin for output.

• Register list (Analog input enable register)

ADER0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value	Access
Address : 00001EH	ADE7	ADE6	ADE5	ADE4	ADE3	ADE2	ADE1	ADE0	11111111в	R/W
ADER1										
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Address : 00001FH	ADE15	ADE14	ADE13	ADE12	ADE11	ADE10	ADE9	ADE8	11111111в	R/W

This register controls the port 7, 8 pins as follows.

0 : Port input/output mode.

1 : Analog input mode.

This bit becomes 1 after a reset.

• Register list (Port pull-up resistance register)

RDR0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value Access
Address : 00001CH	RD07	RD06	RD05	RD04	RD03	RD02	RD01	RD00	0000000в R/W
RDR1	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
Address : 00001DH	RD17	RD16	RD15	RD14	RD13	RD12	RD11	RD10	0000000в R/W

Controls the pull-up resistor in input mode.

0 : Without pull-up resistor in input mode.

1 : With pull-up resistor in input mode.

Meaningless in output mode. (Without pull-up resistor)/The input/output mode is decided by the setting of the port direction register (DDR).

Without pull-up resistor is used in stop mode (SPL = 1). (High-Z) This function is disabled when the external bus is used. Do not attempt to write to this register.

• Register list (Output pin register)

ODR4	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value Access
Address : 00001BH	OD47	OD46	OD45	OD44	OD43	OD42	OD41	OD40	0000000в R/W

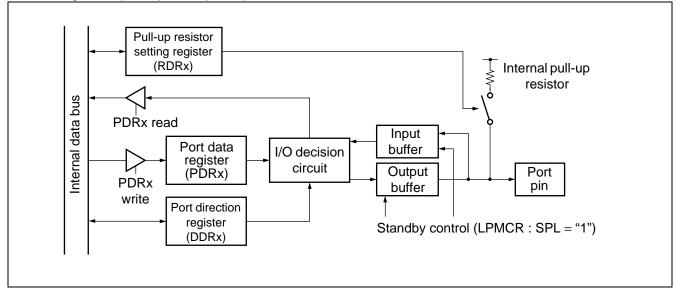
Controls open-drain in output mode.

0 : Serves as a standard output port in output mode.

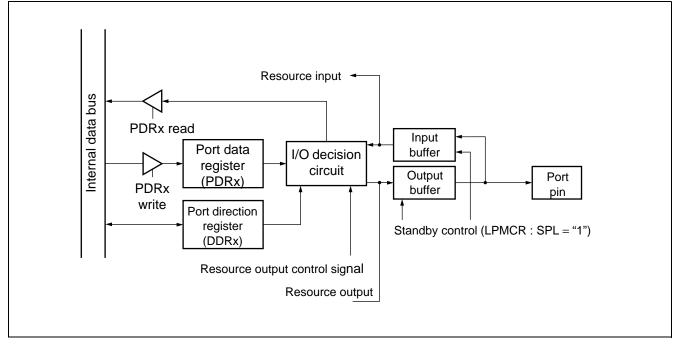
1 : Serves as an open-drain output port in output mode.

Meaningless in input mode (output High-Z)./The input/output mode is decided by the setting of the port direction register (DDR). This function is disabled when the external bus is used. Do not attempt to write to this register.

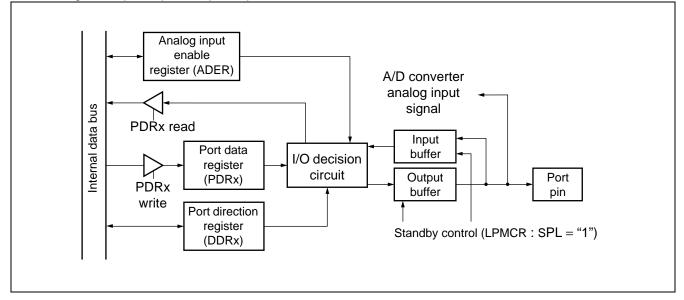
• Block diagram of port 0 pin and port 1 pin



• Block diagram of port 2 pin, port 3 pin, port 4 pin, port 5 pin, port 6 pin, port 9 pin, port A pin and port B pin



• Block diagram of port 7 pin and port 8 pin



- Notes: When using as an input port, set " 0 " in the corresponding bit of the port-7 and port-8 direction register (DDR7 and DDR8) and " 0 " in the related bit of the analog input enable register (ADER).
 - When using as an analog input pin, set " 0 " in the corresponding bit of the port-7 and port-8 direction register (DDR7 and DDR8) and " 1 " in the related bit of the analog input enable register (ADER).

2. Time-base timer

The time-base timer is an 18-bit free-run counter (time-base timer counter) that counts in synchronization with the main clock (2 cycles of the oscillation clock HCLK). Four different time intervals can be selected, for each of which an interrupt request can be generated. Operating clock signals are supplied to peripheral resources such as the oscillation stabilization wait timer and watchdog timer.

• Interval time of time-base timer

Internal count clock cycle	Interval time						
	2 ¹² /HCLK (Approx. 0.68 ms)						
2/HCLK (0.33 μs)	2 ¹⁴ /HCLK (Approx. 2.7 ms)						
2/ΠΟΕΚ (0.35 μ5)	2 ¹⁶ /HCLK (Approx. 10.9 ms)						
	2 ¹⁹ /HCLK (Approx. 87.4 ms)						

Notes : • HCLK : Oscillation clock frequency

• The parenthesized values assume an oscillator clock frequency of 6 MHz.

• Clock cycles supplied from time-base timer

Where to supply clock	Clock cycle					
	2 ¹³ /HCLK (Approx. 1.36 ms)					
Main clock oscillation stabilization wait	2 ¹⁵ /HCLK (Approx. 5.46 ms)					
	217/HCLK (Approx. 21.84 ms)					
	2 ¹² /HCLK (Approx. 0.68 ms)					
Watch dog timer	2 ¹⁴ /HCLK (Approx. 2.7 ms)					
Watch dog timer	2 ¹⁶ /HCLK (Approx. 10.9 ms)					
	2 ¹⁹ /HCLK (Approx. 87.4 ms)					

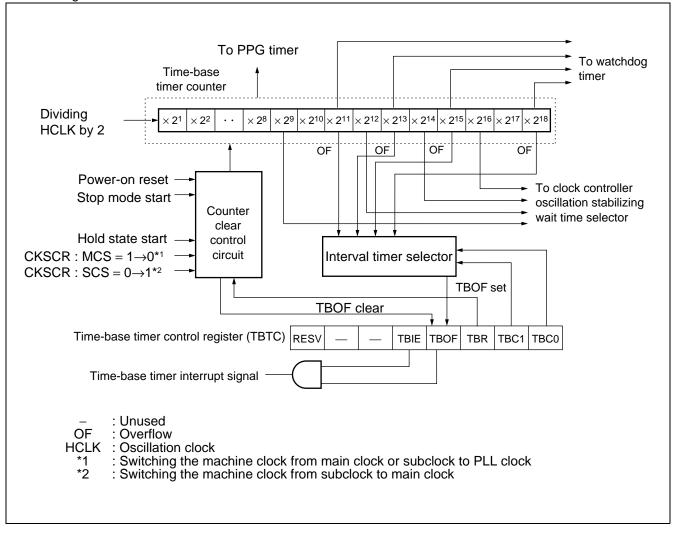
Notes : • HCLK : Oscillation clock frequency

• The parenthesized values assume an oscillator clock frequency of 6 MHz.

• Register list

Time-base timer control register (TBTC)									
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000A9н	RESV	—		TBIE	TBOF	TBR	TBC1	TBC0	1 00100в
	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	

Block Diagram



Actual interrupt request number of time-base timer is as follows : Interrupt request number : #40 (28_H)

3. Watchdog timer

The watchdog timer is timer counter provided for measure of program runaway. It is a 2-bit counter operating with an output of the timebase timer or watch timer as the count clock and resets the CPU when the counter is not cleared for a preset period of time after start.

• Interval time of watchdog timer

HCLK : O	scillation clock(6 MHz) SCLK : Sub c	lock(8 KHz)
Min	Max	Clock cycle
Approx. 2.39 ms	Approx. 3.07 ms	$2^{14}\pm2^{11}/HCLK$
Approx. 9.56 ms	Approx. 12.29 ms	$2^{16}\pm2^{13}/HCLK$
Approx. 38.23 ms	Approx. 49.15 ms	$2^{18}\pm2^{15}/HCLK$
Approx. 305.83 ms	Approx. 393.22 ms	$2^{21}\pm2^{18}/HCLK$
Approx. 0.448 s	Approx. 0.576 s	$2^{12}\pm2^9/SCLK$
Approx. 3.584 s	Approx. 4.608 s	$2^{15}\pm2^{12}/SCLK$
Approx. 7.168 s	Approx. 9.216 s	$2^{16}\pm2^{13}/SCLK$
Approx. 14.336 s	Approx. 18.432 s	$2^{17}\pm2^{14}/SCLK$

Notes : • The maximum and minimum time intervals for the watchdog timer depend on the counter clear timing.

• The watchdog timer contains a 2-bit counter that counts the carry-up signal from the time-base timer or watch timer.

• Interval time of watchdog timer is longer than the set time during the following conditions.

- When clearing the timebase timer during operation on oscillation (HCLK)
- When clearing the watch timer during operation on sub clock (SCLK)

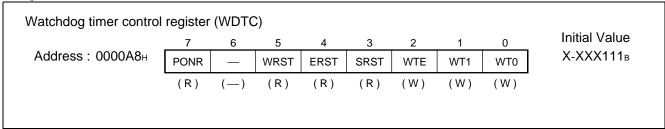
• Events that stop the watchdog timer

- · Stop due to a power-on reset
- Watchdog reset

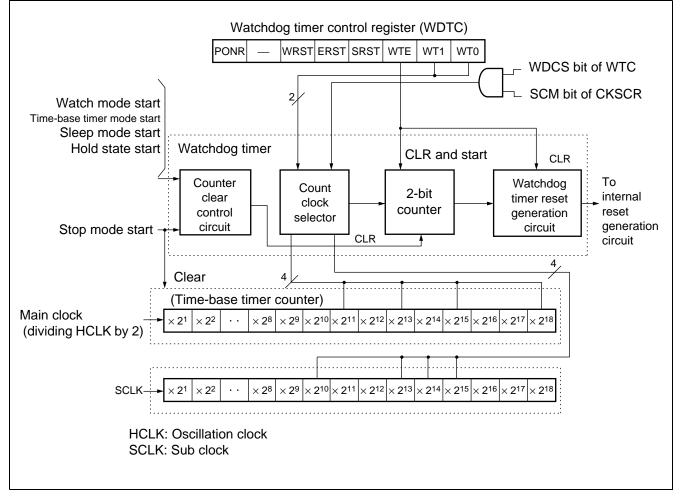
Clear factor of watchdog timer

- External reset input by RST pin
- Writing "0" to the software reset bit
- Writing "0" to the watchdog timer control bit (second and subsequent times)
- Transition to sleep mode (clearing the watchdog timer to suspend counting)
- Transition to time-base timer mode (clearing the watchdog timer to suspend counting)
- Transition to stop mode (clearing the watchdog timer to suspend counting)

Register list



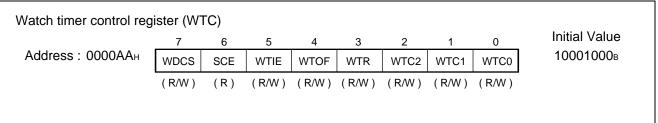
Block Diagram



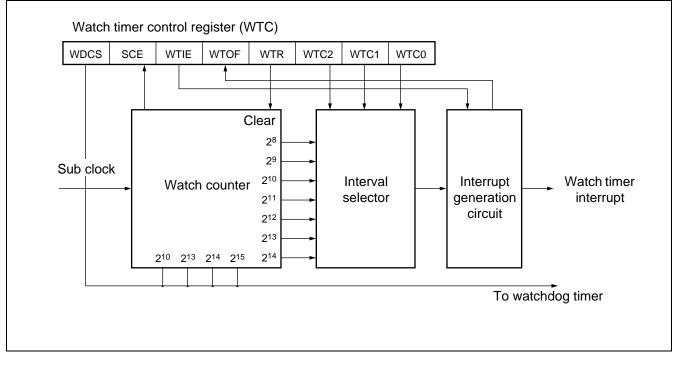
4. Watch timer

The watch timer is a 15-bit timer using the subclock. It can generate interval interrupts. It can also be used as a clock source for the watchdog timer.

Register list



Block Diagram



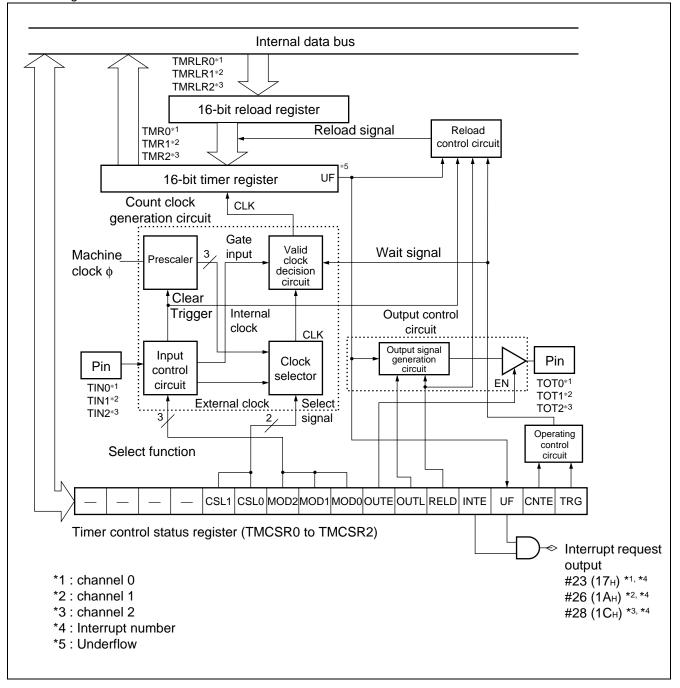
5. 16-bit reload timer

The 16-bit reload timer has the internal clock mode to decrement in synchronization with 3 different internal clocks and the event count mode to decrement upon detection of an arbitrary edge of the pulse input to the external pin. Either can be selected. This timer defines when the count value changes from 0000_{H} to FFFF_H as an underflow. The timer therefore causes an underflow when the count reaches [reload register setting + 1]. Either mode can be selected for the count operation from the reload mode which repeats the count by reloading the count setting value at the underflow occurrence or the one-shot mode which stops the count at the underflow occurrence. The interrupt can be generated at the counter underflow occurrence so as to correspond to the DTC.

Register list

Address : 000063⊦	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 000003н 000067н	_	_	_	_	CSL1	CSL0	MOD2	MOD1	XXXX0000 _B
00006Вн	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
imer control status reg	gister (Iow	er) (TM	CSR0 to	TMCS	R2)				
Address : 000062н	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
000066н	MOD0	OUTE	OUTL	RELD	INTE	UF	CNTE	TRG	0000000в
00006Ан									
16-bit timer register/1				(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
16-bit timer register/1 MR0 to TMR2/TMRLF Address : 000065н	6-bit reloa R0 to TMF	nd regist RLR2 (up 14	er oper) 13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value XXXXXXX8
16-bit timer register/1 MR0 to TMR2/TMRLF	6-bit reloa R0 to TMF	d regist LR2 (up	er oper)					, , ,	
16-bit timer register/1 MR0 to TMR2/TMRLF Address : 000065н 000069н	6-bit reloa R0 to TMF 15 D15 (R/W)	ad regist RLR2 (up 14 D14 (R/W)	er oper) <u>13</u> D13 (R/W)	12 D12	11 D11	10 D10	9 D09	8 D08	XXXXXXXX
16-bit timer register/1 MR0 to TMR2/TMRLF Address : 000065н 000069н 00006Dн	6-bit reloa R0 to TMF 15 D15 (R/W)	ad regist RLR2 (up 14 D14 (R/W)	er oper) <u>13</u> D13 (R/W)	12 D12	11 D11	10 D10	9 D09	8 D08	XXXXXXXXB
16-bit timer register/1 MR0 to TMR2/TMRLF Address : 000065н 000069н 00006Dн	6-bit reloa R0 to TMF D15 (R/W) R0 to TMF	nd regist RLR2 (up 14 014 (R/W) RLR2 (lo	er oper) <u>13</u> D13 (R/W) wer)	12 D12 (R/W)	11 D11 (R/W)	10 D10 (R/W)	9 D09 (R/W)	8 D08 (R/W)	XXXXXXXX

Block diagram



6. Multi function timer

The multi-function timer enables the following based on the 16-bit free-run timer.

- Output of independent waveform
- Measurement of input pulse width
- Measurement of external clock cycle

• Configuration of a multi-functional timer

16-bit free-run timer	16-bit Output Compare	16-bit Input Capture	8/16-bit PPG timer	16-bit PWC timer
1 channel	4 channels	4 channels	8-bit \times 6 channels (16-bit \times 3 channels)	1 channel

• 16-bit free-run timer : 1 channel

The 16-bit free-run timer consists of a 16-bit up counter (timer data register (TCDT)), compare clear register (CPCLR), timer control status register (TCCS), and prescaler.

The counter output value of the 16-bit free-run timer is used as the base timer for the output compare and input capture units.

- The count clock can be set, selected from among the following eight types.
 - 1/\$\phi\$, 2/\$\phi\$, 4/\$\phi\$, 8/\$\phi\$, 16/\$\phi\$, 32/\$\phi\$, 64/\$\phi\$, 128/\$\phi\$
- During the following conditions, the interrupt should be output.
 - The counter value of 16-bit free run timer will be overflowed.
 - The counter value of 16-bit free run timer will be cleared after the counter value of 16-bit free run timer = the compare clear register value (CPCLR) (TCCS : ICRE = "1", MODE = "1")
- The counter value of 16-bit free run timer should be cleared to "0000H" during the following conditions.
 - Reset
 - When setting the clear bit (SCLR) of timer control status register (TCCS) to "1"
 - When the counter value of the 16-bit free run timer = the compare clear register value (CPCLR) (TCCS : MODE = "1")
 - When setting "0000H" to the timer data register (TCDT)
- Output compare : 4 channels

The output compare unit consists of compare registers (OCCP0 to OCCP3), compare control registers (OCS0 to OCS3), and a compare output latch.

The output compare unit can invert the output level and output an interrupt when a compare register (OCCP0 to OCCP3) value matches the counter value of the 16-bit free-run timer.

- Output compare registers can operate as 4 independent channels. The compare registers (OCCP0 to OCCP3) of each channel have interrupt request flags of their respective output pins.
- Pin output can be inverted by using 2 channels of compare registers (OCCP0 to OCCP3).
- If the counter value of 16-bit free run timer = the compare register (OCCP0 to OCCP3) (OCS0, OCS2 : IOP0 = "1", IOP1 = "1"), the interrupt request should be generated.
- The initial value for pin output of each channel can be set.
- Input capture : 4 channels

The input capture unit consists of the input capture data registers (IPCP0 to IPCP3) corresponding to external input pins (IN0 to IN3) and input capture control registers (ICS01, ICS23).

The input capture unit can capture the counter value of the 16-bit free-run timer into the input capture data register (IPCP0 to IPCP3) to generated an interrupt request upon detection of the effective edge of the signal input through the external input.

- The input capture unit in each channel can operate independently.
- The effective edge of the external signal can be selected (rising edge, falling edge, both edges).
- An interrupt request can be generated upon detection of the selected effective edge of the external signal.(ICS01, ICS2 : ICE0 = "1", ICE1 = "1", ICE2 = "1", ICE3 = "1").

compare clear register (15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 00008BH	CL15	CL14	CL13	CL12	CL11	CL10	CL09	CL08	XXXXXXXXB
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 00008Aн	CL07	CL06	CL05	CL04	CL03	CL02	CL01	CL00	XXXXXXXXB
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
imer data register (TCD	T)								
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 000087н	T15	T14	T13	T12	T11	T10	T09	T08	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 000086н	T07	T06	T05	T04	T03	T02	T01	T00	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
imer control/status regis	ster (TCC	CS)							
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 000089н	ECKE	_	_	MSI2	MSI1	MSI0	ICLR	ICRE	000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 000088н	IVF	IVFE	STOP	MODE	SCLR	CLK2	CLK1	CLK0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	•

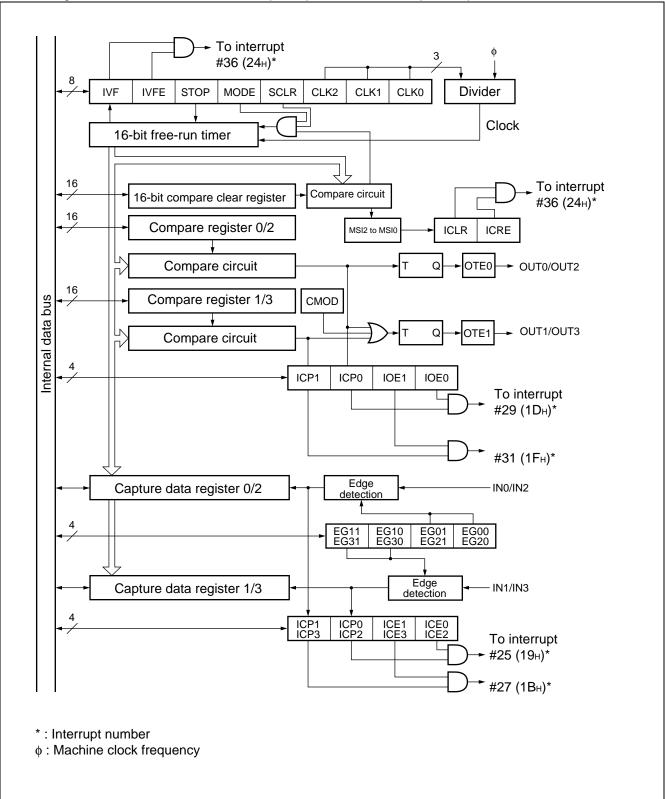
• Register list (16-bit free-run timer)

• Register list (output compare)

Compare regis				10	10		4.0			Initial Value
/ 1001000 .	00791Bн	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	XXXXXXXX
	00791Dн	C15	C14	C13	C12	C11	C10	C09	C08	ллллллв
	00791Fн	(R/W)								
Address	: 007918н	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
	00791Ан	C07	C06	C05	C04	C03	C02	C01	C00	XXXXXXXXB
	00791Сн 00791Ен	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Control registe	er (OCS1/O	CS3)								
		15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address :		—	—	—	CMOD	OTE1	OTE0	OTD1	OTD0	00000в
	000057 н	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)					
Control registe	er (OCS0/O	CS2)								
		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address	: 000054н	ICP1	ICP0	ICE1	ICE0	_	_	CST1	CST0	000000в
	000056н	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	

• Register list (input capture)

Input capture data regis Address : 007911H	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
007913н 007915н	CP15	CP14	CP13	CP12	CP11	CP10	CP09	CP08	XXXXXXXXB
007917н	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
Address : 007910н	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
007912н 007914н	CP07	CP06	CP05	CP04	CP03	CP02	CP01	CP00	XXXXXXXXB
007916н	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
Input capture control sta	atus regi	ster (IC	S23)						
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 000053н	ICP3	ICP2	ICE3	ICE2	EG31	EG30	EG21	EG20	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Input capture control sta	atus regi	ster (IC	S01)						
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 000052н	ICP1	ICP0	ICE1	ICE0	EG11	EG10	EG01	EG00	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	



• Block diagram of the 16-bit free-run timer, input capture units, and output compare units

• 8/16-bit PPG timer (8-bit : 6 channels, 16-bit : 3 channels)

8/16-bit PPG timer consists of an 8-bit down counter (PCNT), PPG control register (PPGC0 to PPGC5), PPG output control register (PPG01, PPG23, PPG45) and PPG reload register (PRLL0 to PRLL5, PRLH0 to PRLH5). When used as an 8-/16-bit reload timer, the PPG timer serves as an event timer. It can also output pulses of an arbitrary duty ratio at an arbitrary frequency.

8-bit PPG mode

Each channel operates as an independent 8-bit PPG.

• 8-bit prescaler + 8-bit PPG mode

Operates as an arbitrary-cycle 8-bit PPG with PPG0 (PPG2, PPG4) operating as an 8-bit prescaler and PPG1 (PPG3, PPG5) counted by the borrow output of PPG0 (PPG2, PPG4).

• 16-bit PPG mode

Operates as a 16-bit PPG with PPG0 (PPG2, PPG4) and PPG1 (PPG3, PPG5) connected.

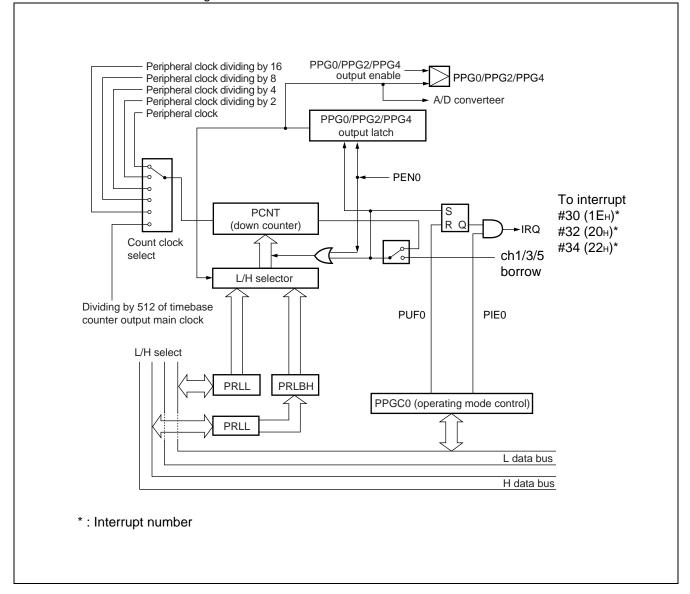
• PPG operation

The PPG timer outputs pulses of an arbitrary duty ratio (the ratio between the High and Low level periods of pulse waveform) at an arbitrary frequency. This can also be used as a D/A converter by an external circuit.

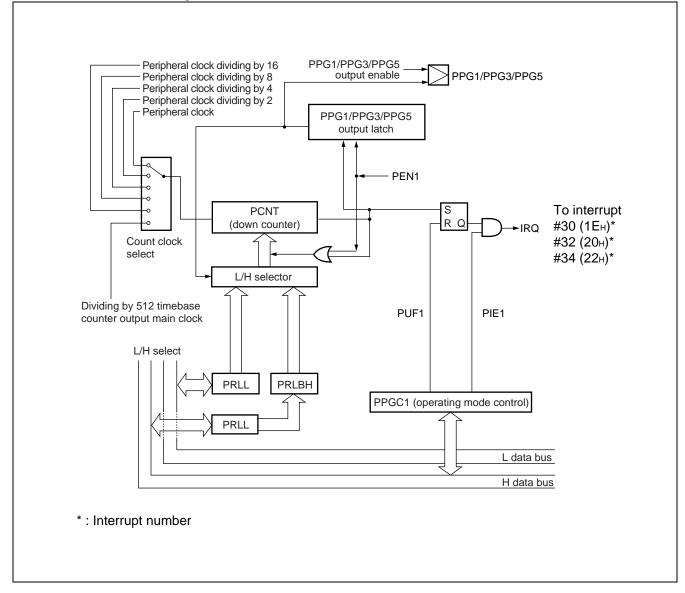
Register list

PPG operation mode cor		ster							
(PPGC1/PPGC3/PPGC5	,								Initial Value
Address : 000047н	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	0Х00001в
000049н	PEN1		PE10	PIE1	PUF1	MD1	MD0	Reserved	0//0000015
00004Bн	(R/W)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)					
(PPGC0/PPGC2/PPGC4)									
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 000046H	PEN0		PE00	PIE0	PUF0		_	Reserved	0Х000ХХ1в
000048н 00004Ан	(R/W)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	
PPG output control regis				,					Initial Value
Address : 00004CH	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	000000XXB
00004Eн	PCS2	PCS1	PCS0	PCM2	PCM1	PCM0	Reserved	Reserved	000000778
000050н	(R/W)	(R/W)							
PPG reload register (PRLH0 to PRLH5)									
Address : 007901	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
007903н 007905н	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D09	D08	XXXXXXXXB
007907н 007907н	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
007909н 00790Вн									
(PRLL0 to PRLL5)									
Address : 007900H	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
007902н 007904н	D07	D06	D05	D04	D03	D02	D01	D00	XXXXXXXXB
007906н	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
007908н 00790Ан									

• 8/16-bit PPG ch0/2/4 block diagram



• 8-bit PPG ch1/3/5 block diagram



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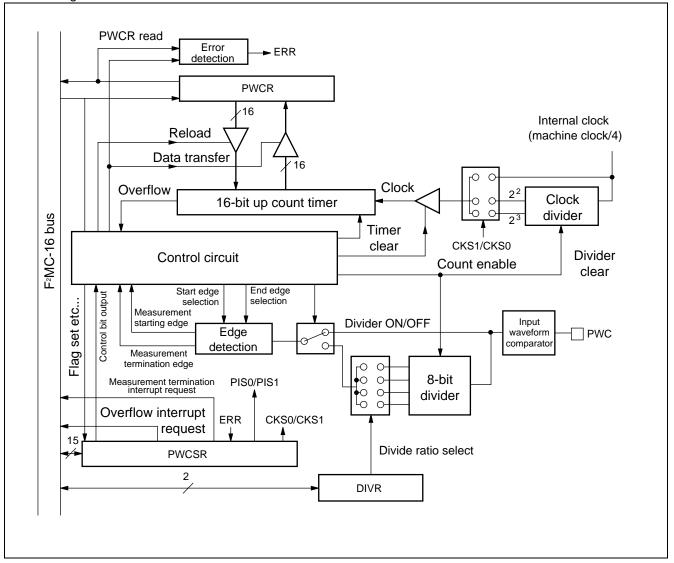
• PWC timer

The PWC timer is a 16-bit multi-function up-count timer capable of measuring the input signal pulse width.

• Register list

PWC control status register (PWCSR)									
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 00005DH	STRT	STOP	EDIR	EDIE	OVIR	OVIE	ERR	Reserved	000000Хв
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R)	(R/W)	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 00005CH	CKS1	CKS0	PIS1	PIS0	S/C	MOD2	MOD1	MOD0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
PWC data buffer registe	r (PWCF	R)							
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 00005FH	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 00005EH	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Ratio of dividing frequen	Ratio of dividing frequency control register (DIVR)								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 000060н	—	—	—	—	_	—	DIV1	DIV0	00в
	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	

Block Diagram



7. UART

UART is a general purpose serial communication interface for synchronous or asynchronous (start-stop synchronization) communications with external devices. It supports bi-directional communication (normal mode) and master/slave communication (multi-processor mode: supported on master side only). An interrupt can be generated upon completion of reception, detection of a reception error, or completion of transmission. El²OS is supported.

• UART functions

UART, or a generic serial data communication interface that sends and receives serial data to and from other CPU and peripherals, has the functions listed in following.

	Function
Data buffer	Full-duplex double-buffered
Transmission mode	Clock synchronous (without start/stop bit)Clock asynchronous (start-stop synchronous)
Baud rate	 Special-purpose baud-rate generator It is optional from 8 kinds. Baud rate by external clock (SCK0/SCK1/SCK2/SCK3 terminal input)
Data length	 8-bit or 7-bit (in the asynchronous normal mode only) 1-bit to 8-bit (synchronous mode only)
Signal system	Non Return to Zero (NRZ) system
Reception error detection	 Framing error Overrun error Parity error (Not supported in operation mode 1)
Interrupt request	 Receive interrupt (reception completed, reception error detected) Transmission interrupt (transmission completed) Both the transmission and reception support El²OS.
Master/slave type communication function (multi processor mode)	Capable of 1 (master) to many (slaves) communication (available just as master)

Note : In clock synchronous transfer mode, the UART transfers only data with no start or stop bit added.

• UART operation modes

	Operation mode	Data I	ength	Synchronization	Stop bit longth	
	Operation mode	Without parity	With parity	Stop bit length		
0	Normal mode	7-bit c	or 8-bit	Asynchronous	1-bit or 2-bit *2	
1	Multi processor mode	8-bit + 1*1		Asynchronous		
2	Normal mode	1 to 8-bit		Synchronous	No	

—: Setting disabled

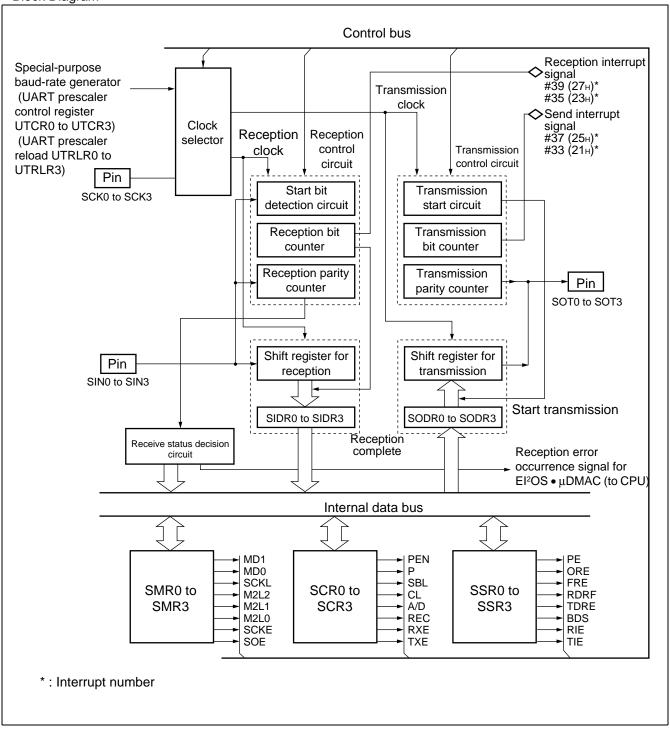
*1 : + 1 is an address/data setting bit (A/D) which is used for communication control.

*2 : Only one bit can be detected as a stop bit at reception.

Register list

Senai mode re	egister (SMF	R0 to SM	R3)							
A debe a s	000000	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address :	000020н 000026н	MD1	MD0	SCKL	M2L2	M2L1	M2L0	SCKE	SOE	0010000в
	00002Cн 000032н	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Serial control	register (SC	R0 to SC	CR3)							
	000004	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address :	000021н 000027н	PEN	Р	SBL	CL	A/D	REC	RXE	TXE	00000100в
	000027н 00002Dн 000033н	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Serial input/ou	utput data re	gister (S	IDR0 to	SIDR3	/ SODR	0 to SO	DR3)			
		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address :	000022н 000028н	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	XXXXXXXXB
	000028н 00002Eн 000034н	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Serial status r	egister (SSI	R0 to SS	R3)							
Address :	000023н	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address.	000023н 000029н	PE	ORE	FRE	RDRF	TDRE	BDS	RIE	TIE	00001000в
	00002Fн 000035н	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
UART prescal	er reload re	gister (U	TRLR0	to UTRL	_R3)					
		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address :	000024н 00002Ан	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	0000000в
	00002Ан 000030н 000036н	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
UART prescal	er control re	egister (U	TCR0 t	o UTCR	3)					
		15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address :	000025н 00002 Р и	MD	SRST	CKS	Reserved	—	D10	D9	D8	0000-000в
	00002Вн 000031н 000037н	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	

Block Diagram



8. Extended I/O serial interface

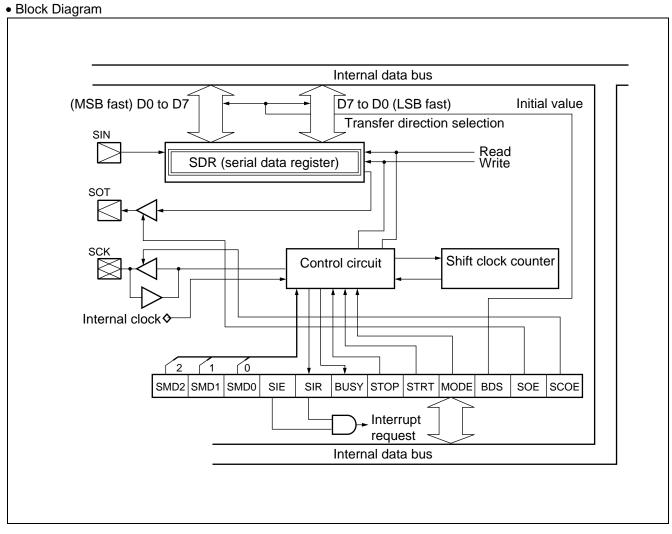
The extended I/O serial interface is a serial I/O interface in an 8-bit, single-channel, capable of clock synchronous data transfer. LSB-first or MSB-first transfer mode can be selected for data transfer.

There are 2 serial I/O operation modes available:

- Internal shift clock mode: Transfer data in synchronization with the internal clock.
- External shift clock mode: Transfer data in synchronization with the clock supplied via the external pin (SCK). By manipulating the general-purpose port sharing the external pin (SCK) in this mode, data can also be transferred by a CPU instruction.

• Register list

Serial mode control status	registe	r (SMC	S)						
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 000059н	SMD2	SMD1	SMD0	SIE	SIR	BUSY	STOP	STRT	0000010в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 000058н		_	—	—	MODE	BDS	SOE	SCOE	XXXX0000b
	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Serial data register (SDR)									
_	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 00005Aн	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	XXXXXXXXB
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Communication prescaler	control	register	· (SDCR	2)					
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 00005B⊦	MD	—	_		DIV3	DIV2	DIV1	DIV0	0ХХХ0000в
	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	



9. I²C Interface

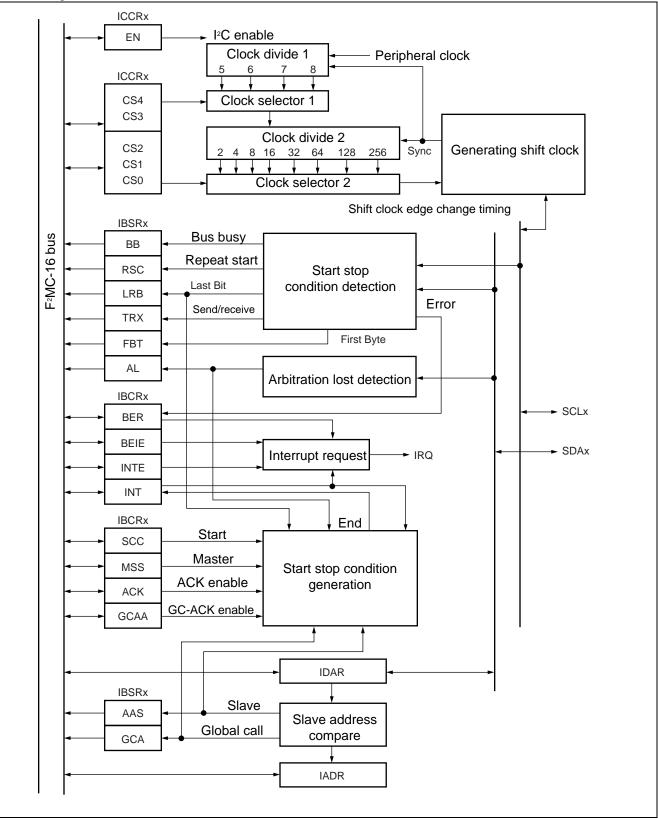
The I²C interface is a serial I/O port supporting the Inter IC BUS. It serves as a master/slave device on the I²C bus and has the following features.

- Master/slave sending and receiving
- Arbitration function
- Clock synchronization function
- Slave address and general call address detection function
- Detecting transmitting direction function
- Start condition repeated generation and detection function
- Bus error detection function

Register list

I ² C bus status register	(IBSR	to I	BSR2)							
Address : 000070н		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
000076н		BB	RSC	AL	LRB	TRX	AAS	GCA	FBT	0000000в
00007Cн		(R)	-							
I ² C bus control register	(IBCI	R0 to	IBCR2)							
Address : 000071н		15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
000077н		BER	BEIE	SCC	MSS	ACK	GCAA	INTE	INT	0000000в
00007Dн	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	-
I ² C bus clock selection	regist	ter (IC	CR0 to	ICCR2))					
Address : 000072н		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
000078н		_	_	EN	CS4	CS3	CS2	CS1	CS0	XX0XXXXX _B
00007Eн	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
I ² C bus address registe	er (IAE	DR0 to	o IADR2	2)						
Address : 000073н		15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
000079 н		_	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	XXXXXXXXB
00007Fн	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
I ² C bus data register (II	DAR0	to ID	AR2)							
Address : 000074н		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
00007Ан		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	XXXXXXXXB
000080н	. (F	R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	





10. USB Function

The USB function is an interface supporting the USB (Universal Serial Bus) communications protocol.

• Feature of USB function

- Conform to USB2.0 Full Speed
- Full speed (12 Mbps) is supported.
- The device status is auto-answer.
- Bit stripping, bit stuffing, and automatic generation and check of CRC5 and CRC16
- Toggle check by data synchronization bit
- Automatic response to all standard commands except Get/SetDescriptor and SynchFrame commands (these 3 commands can be processed the same way as the class vendor commands).
- The class vendor commands can be received as data and responded via firmware.
- Supports up to 6 EndPoints (EndPoint0 is fixed to control transfer)
- 2 transfer data buffers integrated for each end point (one IN buffer and one OUT buffer for EndPoint 0)
- Supports automatic transfer mode for transfer data via DMA (except buffers for EndPoint 0)
- Capable of detection of connection and disconnection by monitoring the USB bus power line

• Register list

UDC control register (UD	DCC)								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000D0H	RST	RESUM	HCON	USTP	Reserved	Reserved	RFBK	PWC	1010000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
EP0 control register (EP	0C)								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000D2H	Reserved	PKS0	PKS0	PKS0	PKS0	PKS0	PKS0	PKS0	Х100000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000D3н	_	—	—	—	Reserved	Reserved	STAL	Reserved	XXXX000XB
	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
EP1 control register (EP	1C)								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000D4H	PKS1	PKS1	PKS1	PKS1	PKS1	PKS1	PKS1	PKS1	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
	EPEN	TYPE	TYPE	DIR	DMAE	NULE	STAL	PKS1	Initial Value
Address : 0000D5н									01100001в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
									(Continue

Address : 0000D6н	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
0000D8н	Reserved	PKS2 to 5	0100000в						
0000DAн 0000DCн	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Address : 0000D7н	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
0000D9н	EPEN	TYPE	TYPE	DIR	DMAE	NULE	STAL	Reserved	0110000в
0000DBн 0000DDн	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
ime stamp register (TI	MSP)								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000DEH	TMSP	TMSP	TMSP	TMSP	TMSP	TMSP	TMSP	TMSP	0000000в
	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000DFH	_		_	—	—	TMSP	TMSP	TMSP	0000000в
	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
JDC status register (UI	DCS)								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000E0H	VOFF	VON	SUSP	SOF	BRST	WKUP	SETP	CONF	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
JDC Interrupt enable re	egister (UD	CIE)							
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000E1H	VOFFIE	VONIE	SUSPIE	SOFIE	BRSTIE	WKUPIE	CONFN	CONFIE	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R)	(R/W)					
EP0I status register (EI	P0IS)								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000E2H		—	—	—			—	—	XXXXXXXX
	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000E3H	BFINI	DRQIIE				DRQI			10XXX1XX _B
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	

(Continued)

Continued)									
EP0O status register (E	P0OS)								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000E4H		SIZE	XXXXXXXXB						
	(—)	(R)							
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000E5H		DRQOIE	SPKIE	—	—	DRQO	SPK	—	100XX00X _B
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	
EP1 status register (EP	1S)								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000E6H	SIZE	SIZE	SIZE	SIZE	SIZE	SIZE	SIZE	SIZE	XXXXXXXXB
	(R/W)	(R/W)							
	()	()	()	()	()	()	()	()	
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000E7H	BFINI	DRQIE	SPKIE	_	BUSY	DRQ	SPK	SIZE	100000X _B
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(R)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
EP2/3/4/5 status registe	er (EP25 to) EP55)							
Address : 0000E8H	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value 1 XXXXXXXB
0000EAн 0000ECн		SIZE	ллллллв						
0000EEH	(—)	(R/W)							
									Initial Value
Address : 0000E9н 0000EBн	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	1000000X _B
0000EDH	BFINI	DRQIE	SPKIE	_	BUSY	DRQ	SPK	—	
0000EFH	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(R)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	
EP0/1/2/3/4/5 data regis	ster (EP0D	T to EP	5DT)						
Address : 0000F0н									Initial Value
0000F2H	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	XXXXXXXXB
0000F4н 0000F6н	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	
0000F8н	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
0000FAн									
Address : 0000F1H	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
0000F3н 0000F5н	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	BFDT	XXXXXXXXB
0000F7н	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	L
0000 F 9н	. ,	. /	. /	. ,	. /	. ,	. /	. ,	
0000FBн									

11. USB Mini-HOST

USB Mini-HOST provides minimal host operations required and is a function that enables data to be transferred to and from Device without PC intervention.

• Feature of USB Mini-HOST

- · Automatic detection of Low Speed/Full Speed transfer
- Low Speed/Full Speed transfer support
- · Automatic detection of connection and cutting device
- Reset sending function support to USB-bus
- Support of IN/OUT/SETUP/SOF token
- In-token handshake packet automatic transmission (excluding STALL)
- Out-token handshake packet automatic detection
- Supports a maximum packet length of 256 bytes.
- Error (CRC error/toggle error/time-out) various supports
- Wake-Up function support

• Differences between the USB HOST and USB Mini-HOST

		HOST	Mini-HOST
Hub support		0	×
	Bulk transfer	0	0
Transfer	Control transfer	0	0
Tansiei	Interrupt transfer	0	0
	ISO transfer	0	×
Transfer speed	Low Speed	0	0
Transier speed	Full Speed	0	0
PRE packet support		0	×
SOF packet support		0	0
	CRC error	0	0
Error	Toggle error	0	0
	Time-out	0	0
	Maximum packet < receive data	0	0
Detection of connection ar	nd cutting of device	0	0
Transfer speed detection		0	0

○ : Supported

 \times : Not supported

Register list

USB host control register 0	(HCNT)))							
		,	-		0	0		0	Initial Value
Address : 0000C0H			5 CMPIRE		3 DIRE	2 SOFIRE	1 URST	0 HOST	0000000B
			(R/W)		(R/W)		(R/W)	(R/W)	
	(K/W)	(K/W)	(K/VV)	(K/VV)	(K/VV)	(K/W)	(K/VV)	(K/W)	
USB host control register 1	(HCNT1	1)							
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000C1H	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	SOFSTEP	CANCEL	RETRY	0000001в
	(R/W)								
USB host interruption regis	ter (HIR	Q)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000C2H	TCAN	Reserved	RWKIRQ	URIRQ	CMPIRQ	CNNIRQ	DIRQ	SOFIRQ	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
USB host error status regis	ter (HEF	RR)							
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000C3H	LSTSOF	RERR	TOUT	CRC	TGERR	STUFF	HS	HS	0000011в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
USB host state status regis	ster (HST	TATE)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000C4H	<u> </u>		ALIVE	CLKSEL	SOFBUSY	SUSP	TMODE	CSTAT	XX010010 _B
	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R)	(R)	
USB SOF interruption FRA	AME com	nparisor	n registe	r (HFCC	OMP)				
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000C5H	FRAME COMP	0000000в							
	(R/W)								
									(Continued)

(Continued)	۱.
ii ontiniiea	,

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000C6н	RTIMER0	RTIMER0	RTIMER0	RTIMER0	RTIMER0	RTIMER0	RTIMER0	RTIMER0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000C7н	RTIMER1	RTIMER1	RTIMER1	RTIMER1	RTIMER1	RTIMER1	RTIMER1	RTIMER1	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000C8н		_			_		RTIMER2	RTIMER2	XXXXXXX00
	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
SB host address regis	ster (HADR	2)							
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000C9н	—	ADDRESS	X000000B						
	(—)	(R/W)							
SB EOF setting regist	er 0/1 (HE	OF)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000CAн	EOF0	EOF0	EOF0	EOF0	EOF0	EOF0	EOF0	EOF0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)							
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000CBн	—	—	EOF1	EOF1	EOF1	EOF1	EOF1	EOF1	XX00000e
	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	-					
SB FRAME setting reg	gister (HFF	RAME)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000CCH	FRAMEO	FRAME	FRAME	FRAME	FRAME	FRAMEC	FRAME	FRAME0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000CDн	_					FRAME1	FRAME1	FRAME1	XXXXX000
	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
SB token end point re	gister (HT0	OKEN)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Address : 0000CEн	TGGL	TKNEN	TKNEN	TKNEN	ENDPT	ENDPT	ENDPT	ENDPT	0000000в

12. 8/10-bit A/D converter

The A/D converter converts analog input voltages into digital values and has the following features.

- RC sequential compare conversion method with sample and hold circuit
- Selectable 8-bit resolution or 10-bit resolution
- · Analog input program-selectable from among 16 channels

Single conversion mode : Convert 1 selected channel

Scan conversion mode: Continuous plural channels (maximum 16 channels can be programmed) are converted.

Continuous conversion mode : Repeatedly convert the specified channels.

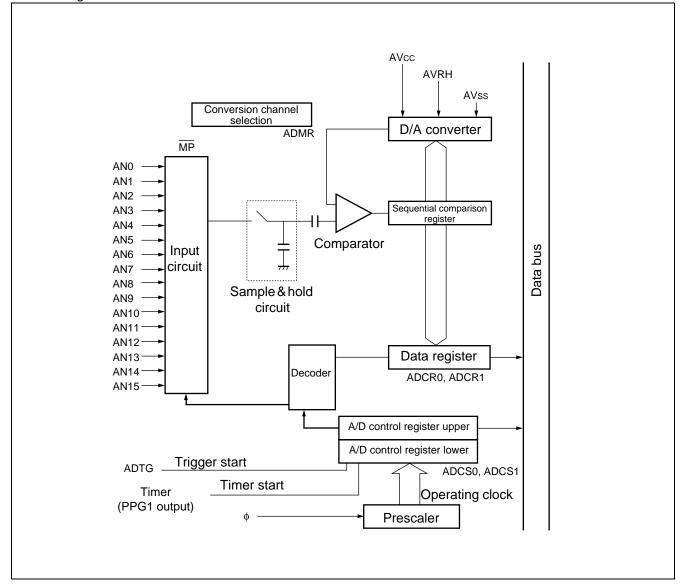
Stop conversion mode: Convert 1 channel then suspend conversion to remain on standby until the next activation. (Simultaneous conversion start available.)

- An interrupt request to the CPU can be generated upon completion of A/D conversion. Suitable for continuous processing as this interrupt activates μDMA to transfer the data resulting from A/D conversion to memory.
- The activation source can be selected from among software, external trigger (falling edge), and timer (rising edge).

• Register list

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 000040н	MD1	MD0	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved	00 Ов
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 000041н	BUSY	INT	INTE	PAUS	STS1	STS0	STRT	Reserved	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(W)	(R/W)	
D data register lower/u	ipper (Al	DCR0/A	DCR1)						
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 000042н	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	XXXXXXXXB
	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 000043н	S10	ST1	ST0	CT1	CT0		D9	D8	00101XXX _в
	(R/W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(—)	(R)	(R)	
D conversion channel	selectior	n registe	er (ADMI	R)					
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 000045н	ANS3	ANS2	ANS1	ANS0	ANE3	ANE2	ANE1	ANE0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	

Block Diagram



13. DTP/External interrupt circuit

DTP (Data Transfer Peripheral)/External interrupt circuit detects the interrupt request input from the external interrupt input terminal (INT7 to INT0), and outputs the interrupt request.

• DTP/External interrupt circuit function

The DTP/External interrupt function outputs an interrupt request upon detection of the edge or level signal input to the external interrupt input pins (INT7 to INT0).

If CPU accepts the interrupt request, and if the extended intelligent I/O service (EI²OS) is enabled, branches to the interrupt handling routine after completing the automatic data transfer (DTP function) performed by EI²OS. And if EI²OS is disabled, it branches to the interrupt handling routine without activating the automatic data transfer (DTP function) performed by EI²OS.

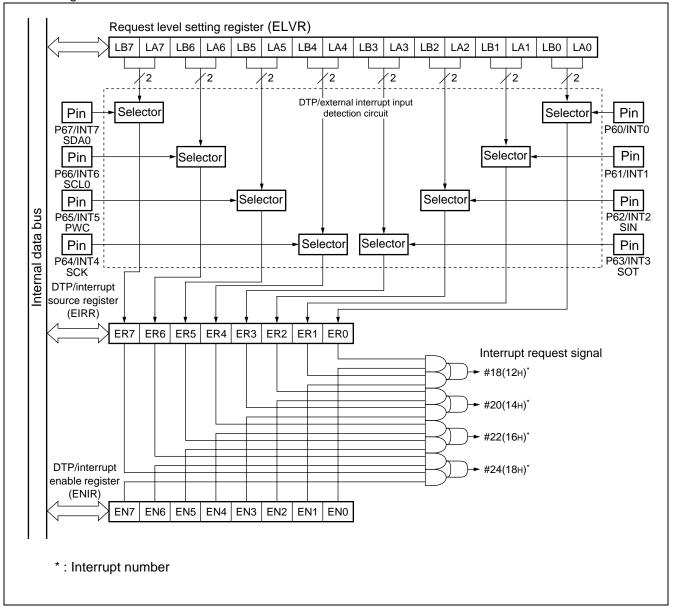
	External interrupt	DTP function
Input pin	8 channels (P60/INT0, P61/INT1, P62/INT2/SIN, P63/INT3/SOT, P64/INT4/SCK, P65/INT5/PWC, P66/INT6/SCL0, P67/INT7/SDA0)	
Interrupt source	The detection level or the type of the edge for each terminal can be set in the request level setting register (ELVR).	
	Input of H level/L level/rising edge/falling edge.	
Interrupt number	#18 (12н), #20 (14н), #22 (16н), #24 (18н)	
Interrupt control	Enabling/disabling the interrupt request output using the DTP/interrupt enable register (ENIR)	
Interrupt flag	Holding the interrupt causes using the DTP/interrupt cause register (EIRR)	
Process setting	Disable EI ² OS (ICR: ISE="0")	Enable El ² OS (ICR: ISE="1")
Process	Branched to the interrupt handling routine	After an automatic data transfer by El ² OS, branched to the interrupt handling routine

• Overview of DTP/External interrupt circuit

Register list

DTP/Interrupt enable reg	gister (E	NIR)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 00003CH	EN7	EN6	EN5	EN4	EN3	EN2	EN1	EN0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
DTP/Interrupt source reg	gister (E	IRR)							
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 00003DH	ER7	ER6	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Request level setting reg	jister (E	LVR)							
· · ·	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 00003Eн	LB3	LA3	LB2	LA2	LB1	LA1	LB0	LA0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	45		40	40		10	0	0	Initial Value
Address : 00003Fn	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	0000000в
	LB7	LA7	LB6	LA6	LB5	LA5	LB4	LA4	
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	

Block Diagram



14. Interrupt controller

The interrupt control register is located inside the interrupt controller; it exists for every I/O having an interrupt function. This register has the following functions.

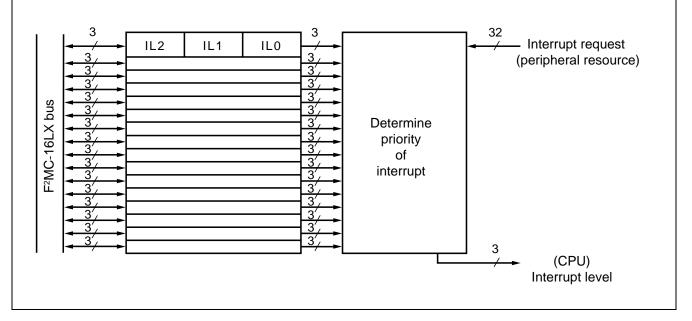
· Setting of the interrupt levels of relevant resources

• Register list

I, ICR03	8, ICR05	, ICR07	, ICR09), ICR11	, ICR13	, ICR15)	Initial Value
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	00000111в
ICS3	ICS2	ICS1	ICS0	ISE	IL2	IL1	IL0	
(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
), ICR02	2, ICR04	, ICR06	, ICR08	8, ICR10	, ICR12	, ICR14)	Initial Value
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	00000111в
ICS3	ICS2	ICS1	ICS0	ISE	IL2	IL1	IL0	
(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
	15 ICS3 (W) 0, ICR02 7 ICS3	15 14 ICS3 ICS2 (W) (W) 0, ICR02, ICR04 7 6 ICS3 ICS2	15 14 13 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 (W) (W) (W) 0, ICR02, ICR04, ICR06 7 6 5 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1	15 14 13 12 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 ICS0 (W) (W) (W) (W) 0, ICR02, ICR04, ICR06, ICR08 7 6 5 4 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 ICS0	15 14 13 12 11 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 ICS0 ISE (W) (W) (W) (W) (W) (R/W) 0, ICR02, ICR04, ICR06, ICR06, ICR08, ICR10 7 6 5 4 3 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 ICS0 ISE	15 14 13 12 11 10 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 ICS0 ISE IL2 (W) (W) (W) (W) (R/W) (R/W) 0, ICR02, ICR04, ICR06, ICR08, ICR10, ICR12 7 6 5 4 3 2 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 ICS0 ISE IL2	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 ICS0 ISE IL2 IL1 (W) (W) (W) (W) (R/W) (R/W) (R/W) 0, ICR02, ICR04, ICR06, ICR06, ICR08, ICR10, ICR12, ICR14 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 ICS0 ISE IL2 IL1	ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 ICS0 ISE IL2 IL1 IL0 (W) (W) (W) (W) (R/W) (R/W) (R/W) (R/W) 0, ICR02, ICR04, ICR06, ICR08, ICR10, ICR12, ICR14) 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 ICS3 ICS2 ICS1 ICS0 ISE IL2 IL1 IL0

Note : Do not access interrupt control registers using any read modify write instruction because it causes a malfunction.

Block Diagram



15. μDMAC

 μ DMAC is simple DMA with the function equal with EI²OS. It has 16 channels DMA transfer channels with the following features.

- Performs automatic data transfer between the peripheral resource (I/O) and memory
- The program execution of CPU stops in the DMA start-up
- Capable of selecting whether to increment the transfer source and destination addresses
- DMA transfer is controlled by the DMA enable register, DMA stop status register, DMA status register, and descriptor.
- A STOP request is available for stopping DMA transfer from the resource. Upon completion of DMA transfer, the flag bit corresponding to the transfer completed channel in the DMA status register is set and a termination interrupt is output to the transfer controller.

• Register list

DMA enable register upp		,							Initial Value
Address : 0000ADH	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	0000000в
	EN15	EN14	EN13	EN12	EN11	EN10	EN9	EN8	00000008
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)						
DMA enable register low	ver (DER	L)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000ACH	EN7	EN6	EN5	EN4	EN3	EN2	EN1	EN0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
DMA stop status register	r (DSSR)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000A4 _H	STP7 STP15	STP6 STP14	STP5 STP13	STP4 STP12	STP3 STP11	STP2 STP10	STP1 STP9	STP0 STP8	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	*
DMA status register upp	er (DSR	H)							
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 00009DH	DTE15	DTE14	DTE13	DTE12	DTE11	DTE10	DTE9	DTE8	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
DMA status register lowe	er (DSRI	_)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 00009CH	DTE7	DTE6	DTE5	DTE4	DTE3	DTE2	DTE1	DTE0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
DMA descriptor channel	specific	ation reg	gister (D	CSR)					
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 00009BH	STP	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	DCSR3	DCSR2	DCSR1	DCSR0	0000000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
* : The DSSR is lower v The DSSR is upper v									

(Continued)	
IL ontinuea	

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 007920н	DBAPL	DBAPL	DBAPL	DBAPL	DBAPL	DBAPL	DBAPL	DBAPL	XXXXXXXXB
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
A buffer address poin	nter mide	dle 8-bit	(DBAP	M)					
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 007921н	DBAPM	DBAPM	DBAPM	DBAPM	DBAPM	DBAPM	DBAPM	DBAPM	XXXXXXXXB
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
/A buffer address poin	nter upp	er 8-bit	(DBAPH	H)					
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 007922н	DBAPH	DBAPH	DBAPH	DBAPH	DBAPH	DBAPH	DBAPH	DBAPH	XXXXXXXXB
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
A control register (DI	,						_	_	Initial Value
Address : 007923⊦	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	XXXXXXXX
	RDY2	RDY1	BYTEL	IF	BW	BF	DIR	SE	700000000
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
MA I/O register addres	s pointe	r lower	8-bit (DI	OAL)					Initial Value
Address : 007924н	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value XXXXXXXB
Address . 007924H	A07	A06	A05	A04	A03	A02	A01	A00	ллллллв
	(R/W)	. ,	(R/W)		(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
/IA I/O register addres	s pointe	r upper	8-bit (D	IOAH)					
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 007925н	A15	A14	A13	A12	A11	A10	A09	A08	XXXXXXXXB
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
/A data counter lower	8-bit (D	DCTL)							
Address : 007926н	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address . 007920H	B07	B06	B05	B04	B03	B02	B01	B00	XXXXXXXXB
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
/A data counter uppe	•						_	_	Initial Value
Address : 007927н	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	XXXXXXXX
	B15	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	B09	B08	
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
ote : The above registe	er is swit	ched fo	r each c	hannel	dependi	na on th	ne DCSI	2	
	. 10 0 000				aspondi				

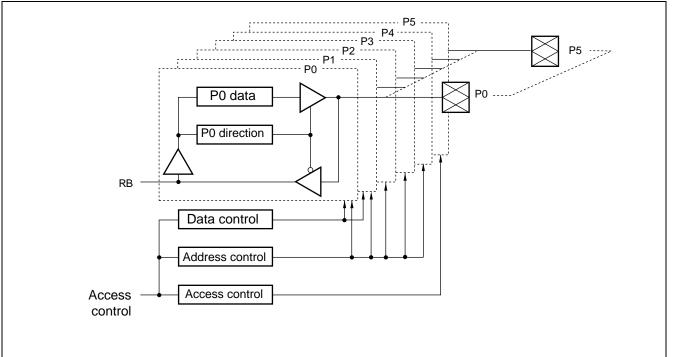
16. External bus pin control circuit

The external bus pin control circuit controls external bus pins to extend the CPU address and data buses to externals.

Register list

Automatic ready function	n select	ion regi	ster (AR	SR)					
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000A5н	ICR1	ICR0	HMR1	HMR0		_	LMR1	LMR0	0011 00в
	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(—)	(—)	(W)	(W)	
 External address output 	control	register	r (HACF	R)					
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000A6H	E23	E22	E21	E20	E19	E18	E17	E16	В
	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	
 Bus control signal selec 	tion regi	ister (EF	PCR)						
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000A7н	CKE	RYE	HDE	Reserved	HMBS	(W)RE	LMBS		1000*10 -в
	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(—)	
W :Write only – :Unused * :"1" or "0"									

Block Diagram

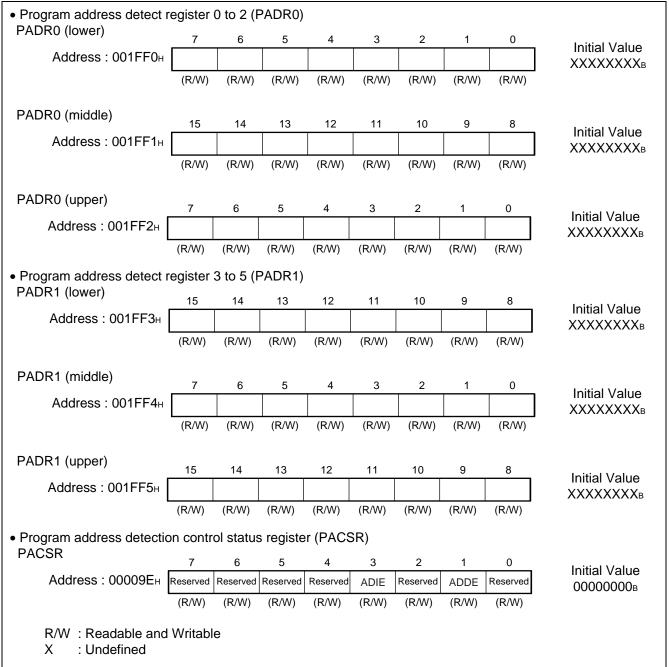


17. Address matching detection function

When the address is equal to the value set in the address detection register, the instruction code to be read into the CPU is forcibly replaced with the INT9 instruction code (01_H). As a result, the CPU executes the INT9 instruction when executing the set instruction. By performing processing by the INT#9 interrupt routine, the program patch function is enabled.

2 address detection registers are provided, for each of which there is an interrupt enable bit. When the address matches the value set in the address detection register with the interrupt enable bit set to 1, the instruction code to be read into the CPU is forcibly replaced with the INT9 instruction code.

Register list



18. Delay interrupt generator module

The delay interrupt generation module is a module that generates interrupts for switching tasks. A hardware interrupt can be generated by software.

• Delay interrupt generator module function

	Function and control
Interrupt source	 Setting the R0 bit in the delayed interrupt request generation/release register to 1 (DIRR: R0 = 1) generates a delayed interrupt request. Setting the R0 bit in the delayed interrupt request generation/release register to 0 (DIRR: R0 = 0) cancels the delayed interrupt request.
Interrupt control	No setting of permission register is provided.
Interrupt flag	Set in bit R0 of the delayed interrupt request generation /clear register (DIRR : R0)
EI ² OS support	Not ready for extended intelligent I/O service (EI ² OS).

Block Diagram

Internal data I	bus	
— — — — R0 Delay interrupt factor generation/release	R latch	terrupt quest gnal
- : Undefined		

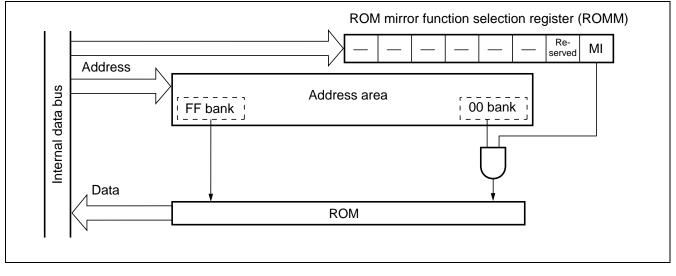
19. ROM mirror function selection module

The ROM mirror function select module can make a setting so that ROM data located in bank FF can be read by accessing bank 00.

• ROM mirroring function selection module function

	Description
Mirror setting address	FFFFFF to FF8000H in the FF bank can be read through $00FFFFH$ to $008000H$ in the 00 bank.
Interrupt source	None.
EI ² OS support	Not ready for extended intelligent I/O service (EI2OS).

Block Diagram



20. Low power consumption (standby) mode

The $F^2MC-16LX$ can be set to save power consumption by selecting and setting the low power consumption mode.

CPU operating clock	Operation mode	Description
	Normal run	The CPU and peripheral resources operate at the clock frequency obtained by PLL multiplication of oscillator clock (HCLK) frequency.
PLL clock	Sleep	Only peripheral resources operate at the clock frequency obtained by PLL multiplica- tion of the oscillator clock (HCLK).
	Time-base timer	Only the time-base timer operates at the clock frequency obtained by PLL multiplica- tion of the oscillator clock (HCLK) frequency.
	Stop	The CPU and peripheral resources are suspended with the oscillator clock stopped.
	Normal run	The CPU and peripheral resources operate at the clock frequency obtained by divid- ing the oscillator clock (HCLK) frequency by two.
Main clock	Main clock	Only peripheral resources operate at the clock frequency obtained by dividing the oscillator clock (HCLK) frequency by two.
	Time-base timer	Only the time-base timer operates at the clock frequency obtained by dividing the oscillator clock (HCLK) frequency by two.
	Stop	The CPU and peripheral resources are suspended with the oscillator clock stopped.
	Normal run	The CPU and peripheral resources operate at the clock frequency obtained by dividing the subclock (SCLK) frequency by four.
Sub clock	Sleep	Only peripheral resources operate at the clock frequency obtained by dividing the subclock (SCLK) frequency by four.
	Watch mode	Only the watch timer operates at the clock frequency obtained by dividing the subclock (SCLK) frequency by four.
	Stop	The CPU and peripheral resources are suspended with the subclock stopped.
CPU intermittent operation mode	Normal run	The halved or PLL-multiplied oscillator clock (HCLK) frequency or the subclock (SCLK) frequency is used for operation while being decimated in a certain period.

• CPU operation mode and functional description

Register list

Low power consumption r	mode co	ontrol re 6	gister (L 5	PMCR)	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000A0н	STP	SLP	SPL	RST	TMD	CG1	CG0	Reserved	00011000в
	(W)	(W)	(R/W)	(W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	

21. Clock

The clock generator controls the internal clock as the operating clock for the CPU and peripheral resources. The internal clock is referred to as machine clock whose one cycle is defined as machine cycle. The clock based on source oscillation is referred to as oscillator clock while the clock based on internal PLL oscillation is referred to as PLL clock.

Register list

Clock selection register (CKSCR) 14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial Value
Address : 0000A1H	SCM	MCM	WS1	WS0	SCS	MCS	CS1	CS0	11111100в
	(R)	(R)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	

22. 3 Mbits flash memory

The description that follows applies to the flash memory built in the MB90F334A; it is not applicable to evaluation ROM or masked ROM.

The flash memory is located in bank FF in the CPU memory map.

• Function to flash memory

	Description
Memory capacity	3072 Kbits (384 KB)
Memory configuration	384 Kwords \times 8 bits/192 Kwords \times 16 bits
Sector configuration	64 KB × 5 + 32 KB + 8 KB × 2 + 16 KB
Sector protect function	Possibility that set up with a recommendation parallel writer
Program algorithm	Automatic program algorithm (Embedded Algorithm* : Similar to MBM29LV400TC)
Operation command	 Compatibility with the JEDEC standard-type command Built-in deletion pause/deletion resume function Detection of programming/erasure completion using data polling and the toggle bit Capable of erasing data sector by sector (in arbitrary combination of sectors)
Program/Erase cycle	At least 10,000 times guaranteed
How to program and erase memory	 Parallel programmer available for programming and erasure (Ando Denki : AF9708, AF9709, AF9709B) Can be written and erased using a dedicated serial writer (Yokogawa Digital Computer Corporation : AF220/AF210/AF120/AF110) Write/delete operation by program execution
Interrupt source	Programming/erasure completion sources
EI ² OS supports	Not ready for expanded intelligent I/O service (EI ² OS).

* : Embedded Algorithm is a trade mark of Advanced Micro Devices Inc.

• Sector configuration of flash memory

Flash Memory	CPU address Writer addr				
Prohibited	F80000н	00000н			
FIONIDILEU	F8FFFFH	0FFFFH			
	F 90000н	, 10000н			
SA0 (64 KB)	F9FFFFh	1FFFFн			
	FA0000н	20000н			
SA1 (64 KB)	FAFFFFH	2FFFFн			
	FB0000н	30000н			
SA2 (64 KB)	FBFFFFh	ЗFFFFн			
Prohibited	FC0000н	40000н			
Trombited	FCFFFFH	ч 4FFFFн			
	FD0000н	50000н			
SA3 (64 KB)	FDFFFFH	5FFFFн			
	FE0000H				
SA4 (64 KB)	FEFFFFH	6FFFFH			
	FF0000н	70000н			
SA5 (32 KB)	FF7FFFH	77FFFн			
	FF8000H	78000н			
SA6 (8 KB)	FF9FFFH	79FFFн			
SA7 (9 KD)	FFA000н	7А000н			
SA7 (8 KB)	FFBFFFH	7BFFFн			
	FFC000H	7С000н			
SA8 (16 KB)	FFFFFH	7FFFFн			

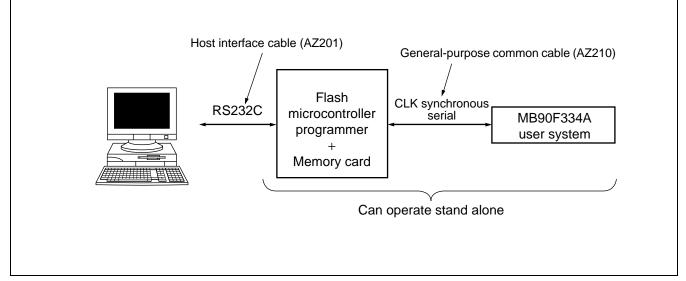
*: The writer address is relative to the CPU address when data is programmed into flash memory by a parallel programmer. Programming and erasing by the general-purpose parallel programmer are executed based on writer addresses.

• Register list

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial Value
Address : 0000AEн	INTE	RDYINT	WE	RDY	Reserved	LPM1	Reserved	LPM0	000Х000в
	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R)	(W)	(R/W)	(W)	(R/W)	

• Standard configuration for Fujitsu standard serial on-board writing

The flash microcontroller programmer (AF220/AF210/AF120/AF110) made by Yokogawa Digital Computer Corporation is used for Fujitsu standard serial on-board writing.

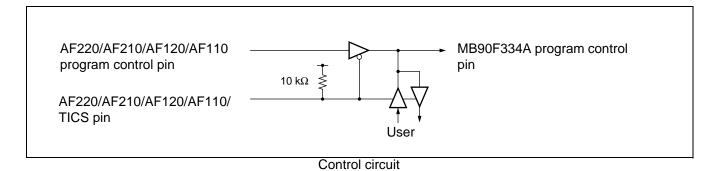


Note : Inquire of Yokogawa Digital Computer Corporation for details about the functions and operations of the AF220, AF210, AF120 and AF110 flash microcontroller programmer, general-purpose common cable for connection (AZ210) and connectors.

• Pins Used for Fujitsu Standard Serial On-board Programming

Pin	Function	Description				
MD2, MD1, MD0	Mode input pin	The device enters the serial program mode by setting MD2=1, MD1=1 and MD0 =0.				
X0, X1 Oscillation pin		Because the internal CPU operation clock is set to be the 1 multiplication PLL clock in the serial write mode, the internal operation clock frequency is the same as the oscillation clock frequency.				
P60, P61	Programming program start pins	it a Low level to P60 and a High level to P61.				
RST	Reset input pin					
SIN0	Serial data input pin.	UART0 is used as CLK synchronous mode.				
SOT0	Serial data output pin	In program mode, the pins used for the UART0 CLK synchronous mode				
SCK0	Serial clock input pin	are SIN0, SOT0 and SCK0.				
Vcc	Power source input pin	$\begin{array}{l} \label{eq:starses} When supplying the write voltage (MB90F334A: 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V) from the user system, connection with the flash microcontroller programmer is not necessary. When connecting, do not short-circuit with the user power supply. \end{array}$				
Vss	GND Pin	Share GND with the flash microcontroller programmer.				

The control circuit shown in the figure is required for using the P60, P61, SIN0, SOT0 and SCK0 pins on the user system. Isolate the user circuit during serial on-board writing, with the TICS signal of the flash microcontroller programmer.



The MB90F334A serial clock frequency that can be input is determined by the following expression: Use the flash microcontroller programmer to change the serial clock input frequency setting depending on the oscillator clock frequency to be used.

Inputable serial clock frequency = $0.125 \times \text{oscillation clock frequency}$.

• Maximum serial clock frequency

Oscillation clock frequency	Maximum serial clock frequency acceptable to the microcontroller	Maximum serial clock frequency that can be set with the AF220, AF210, AF120 or AF110	Maximum serial clock frequency that can be set with the AF200
At 6 MHz	750 kHz	500 kHz	500 kHz

• System configuration of the flash microcontroller programmer (AF220/AF210/AF120/AF110) (made by Yokogawa Digital Computer Corporation)

Part number		Function					
	AF220/AC4P	Model with internal Ethernet interface	/100 V to 220 V power adapter				
Linit	AF210/AC4P	Standard model	/100 V to 220 V power adapter				
Unit	AF120/AC4P	Single key internal Ethernet interface mode	/100 V to 220 V power adapter				
	AF110/AC4P	Single key model	/100 V to 220 V power adapter				
AZ22 ⁻	1	PC/AT RS232C cable for writer					
AZ210	0	Standard target probe (a) length : 1 m					
FF20'	1	Control module for Fujitsu F ² MC-16LX flash microcontroller control module					
AZ290		Remote controller					
/P4		4 MB PC Card (option) Flash memory capacity to 512 KB correspondence					

Contact to : Yokogawa Digital Computer Corporation TEL : 81-423-33-6224

Note : The AF200 flash microcontroller programmer is a retired product, but it can be supported using control module FF201.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rat	ing	Unit	Remarks	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	IVEIIIdi KS	
	Vcc	Vss – 0.3	Vss + 4.0	V		
Power supply voltage*1	AVcc	Vss – 0.3	Vss + 4.0	V	Vcc ≥ AVcc*2	
	AVRH	Vss – 0.3	Vss + 4.0	V	$AV_{CC} \ge AVR \ge 0 V^{*3}$	
		Vss – 0.3	Vss + 4.0	V	*4	
Input voltage*1	Vı	Vss – 0.3	Vss + 6.0	V	Nch open-drain (Withstand voltage of 5 V I/O)*5	
		- 0.5	Vss + 4.5	V	USB I/O	
Output voltage*1	Vo	Vss – 0.3	Vss + 4.0	V	*4	
	VO	- 0.5	Vss + 4.5	V	USB I/O	
Maximum clamp current		- 2.0	+2.0	mA	*6	
Total maximum clamp current	Σ	_	20	mA	*6	
"L" level maximum output current		_	10	mA	Other than USB I/O*7	
	IOL2	_	43	mA	USB I/O*7	
"L" level average output current	OLAV	_	3	mA	*8	
"L" level maximum total output current	ΣΙοι	_	60	mA		
"L" level average total output current	ΣΙοιαν		30	mA	*9	
"H" level maximum output current	Іон1	_	- 10	mA	Other than USB I/O*7	
	Іон2	_	- 43	mA	USB I/O*7	
"H" level average output current	Іонач		- 3	mA	*8	
"H" level maximum total output current	ΣІон		- 60	mA		
"H" level average total output current	ΣΙοήαν		- 30	mA	*9	
Power consumption	Pd		340	mW		
Operating temperature	TA	- 40	+ 85	°C		
Storago tomporaturo	Teta	- 55	+ 150	°C		
Storage temperature	Tstg	- 55	+ 125	°C	USB I/O	

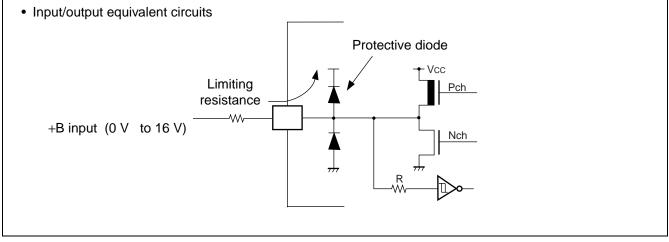
*1 : The parameter is based on $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 V$.

*2 : Be careful not to let AV $_{CC}$ exceed V $_{CC}$, for example, when the power is turned on.

*3 : Be careful not to let AVRH exceed AVcc.

- *4 : V_I and V_O must not exceed Vcc + 0.3 V. However, if the maximum current to/from an input is limited by some means with external components, the I_{CLAMP} rating supersedes the V_I rating.
- *5 : Applicable to pins : P60 to P67, P96, PA0 to PA7, PB0 to PB4, VBUS
- *6 : Applicable to pins: P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P95, PB5, PB6
 - Use within recommended operating conditions.
 - Use at DC voltage (current)
 - The +B signal should always be applied a limiting resistance placed between the +B signal and the microcontroller.

- The value of the limiting resistance should be set so that when the +B signal is applied the input current to the microcontroller pin does not exceed rated values, either instantaneously or for prolonged periods.
- Note that when the microcontroller drive current is low, such as in the power saving modes, the +B input
 potential may pass through the protective diode and increase the potential at the Vcc pin, and this may affect
 other devices.
- Note that if a +B signal is input when the microcontroller power supply is off (not fixed at 0 V), the power supply is provided from the pins, so that incomplete operation may result.
- Note that if the +B input is applied during power-on, the power supply is provided from the pins and the resulting supply voltage may not be sufficient to operate the power-on reset.
- Care must be taken not to leave the +B input pin open.
- Note that analog system input/output pins other than P60 to P67, P96, PA0 to PA7, PB0 to PB4, DVP, DVM, HVP, HVM, VBUS, HCON
- Sample recommended circuits:



*7 : A peak value of an applicable one pin is specified as a maximum output current.

- *8 : The average output current specifies the mean value of the current flowing in the relevant single pin during a period of 100 ms.
- *9 : The average total output current specifies the mean value of the currents flowing in all of the relevant pins during a period of 100 ms.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

(Vss = AVss = 0.0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Remarks
Faidilietei	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remarks
		3.0	3.6	V	At normal operation (when using USB)
Power supply voltage	Vcc	2.7	3.6	V	At normal operation (when not using USB)
		1.8	3.6	V	Hold state of stop operation
	Vін	0.7 Vcc	Vcc + 0.3	V	CMOS input pin
	VIHS1	0.8 Vcc	Vcc + 0.3	V	CMOS hysteresis input pin
Input "H" voltage	VIHS2	0.8 Vcc	Vss + 5.3	V	Nch open-drain (Withstand voltage of 5 V I/O)*
	VIHM	Vcc-0.3	Vcc + 0.3	V	MD pin input
	VIHUSB	2.0	Vcc + 0.3	V	USB pin input
	VIL	$V_{\text{SS}} - 0.3$	0.3 Vcc	V	CMOS input pin
Input "L" voltage	VILS	Vss - 0.3	0.2 Vcc	V	CMOS hysteresis input pin
input L voltage	VILM	Vss - 0.3	Vss + 0.3	V	MD pin input
	VILUSB	Vss	0.8	V	USB pin input
Differential input sensitivity	Vdi	0.2	_	V	USB pin input
Differential common mode input voltage range	Vсм	0.8	2.5	V	USB pin input
Series resistance	Rs	25	30	Ω	Recommended value = 27 Ω at using USB
Operating	TA	- 40	+ 85	°C	When not using USB
temperature	IA	0	+ 70	°C	When using USB

* : Applicable to pins : P60 to P67, P96, PA0 to PA7, PB0 to PB4, VBUS

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representatives beforehand.

3. DC Characteristics

Parameter	Sym	Pin name	Conditions	Value			1.1	Domortes
Parameter	bol Finname Conditions		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Output "H" voltage	Vон	Output pins other than P60 to P67, P96, PA0 to PA7, PB0 to PB4, HVP, HVM, DVP, DVM	Іон = – 4.0 mA	V _{cc} – 0.5		Vcc	V	
		HVP, HVM, DVP, DVM	$RL = 15 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 5\%$	2.8	_	3.6	V	
Output "L" voltage	trout "L" Output pins other than V_{OL} HVP, HVM, DVP, DVM $I_{OL} = 4.0 \text{ mA}$			Vss		Vss + 0.4	V	
voltage		HVP, HVM, DVP, DVM	$RL = 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 5\%$	0		0.3	V	
Input leak current	In.	Output pins other than P60 to P67, P96, PA0 to PA7, PB0 to PB4, HVP, HVM, DVP, DVM	Vcc = 3.3 V, Vss < Vı < Vcc	- 10		+ 10	μΑ	
		HVP, HVM, DVP, DVM		- 5		+ 5	μA	
Pull-up resistance	Rpull	P00 to P07, P10 to P17	$V_{CC} = 3.3 V,$ T _A = + 25 °C	25	50	100	kΩ	
Open drain output current		P60 to P67, P96, PA0 to PA7, PB0 to PB4,			0.1	10	μΑ	
			Vcc = 3.3 V, Internal frequency 24 MHz,		75	85	mA	MB90F334A
			At normal operating At USB operating (USTP = 0)		65	75	mA	MB90333A
	Icc		$V_{cc} = 3.3 V$, Internal frequency 24 MHz, At normal operating		70	80	mA	MB90F334A
			At non-operating USB (USTP = 1)		60	70	mA	MB90333A
Power supply	Iccs	Vcc	Vcc = 3.3 V, Internal frequency 24 MHz, At sleep mode		27	40	mA	
current	1		Vcc = 3.3 V, Internal frequency 24 MHz, At timer mode		3.5	10	mA	
	Істѕ		Vcc = 3.3 V, Internal frequency 3 MHz, At timer mode		1	2	mA	
	Iccl		$V_{cc} = 3.3 V$, Internal frequency 8 kHz, At subclock operation, (T _A = +25 °C)		25	150	μΑ	

(Continued)

(Continued)

(Continuou)			$(Vcc = AVcc = 3.3 V \pm 0)$	0.3 V, Vss =	= AVss =	0.0 V, TA	. = - 40) °C to + 85 °C
Parameter	Sym-	Pin name	Conditions		Value	Unit	Remarks	
T arameter	bol	T III Hame	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Remarks
Power	Iccls		$V_{cc} = 3.3 V,$ Internal frequency 8 kHz, At sub clock, At sleep operating, $(T_A = +25 \ ^{\circ}C)$		10	50	μΑ	
supply current	Ісст	Vcc	$V_{cc} = 3.3 V,$ Internal frequency 8 kHz, Watch mode, $(T_A = +25 \ ^{\circ}C)$	_	1.5	40	μΑ	
	Іссн	$T_A = + 25 \ ^{\circ}C,$ At stop		1	40	μΑ		
Input capacitance	CIN	Other than AVcc, AVss, Vcc, Vss			5	15	pF	
Pull-up resistor	Rup	RST		25	50	100	kΩ	

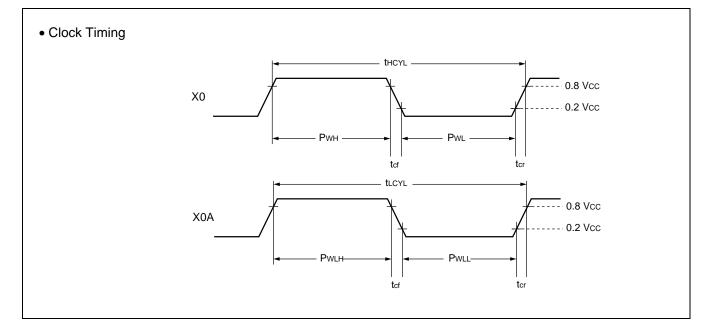
Note : P60 to P67, P96, PA0 to PA7, and PB0 to PB4 are Nch open-drain pins usually used as CMOS.

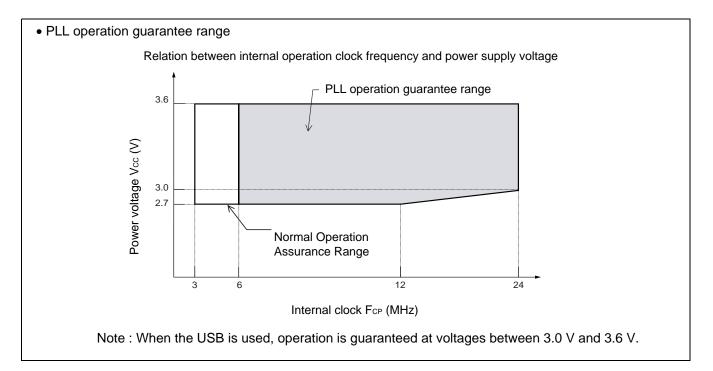
4. AC Characteristics

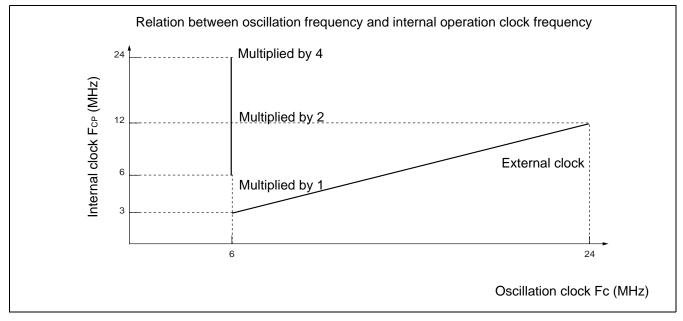
(1)Clock input timing

(Vcc = AV)	$Vcc = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V, V$	/ss = AVss = 0.0 '	V, $T_A = -40 ^{\circ}C \text{ to} + 85 ^{\circ}C$)

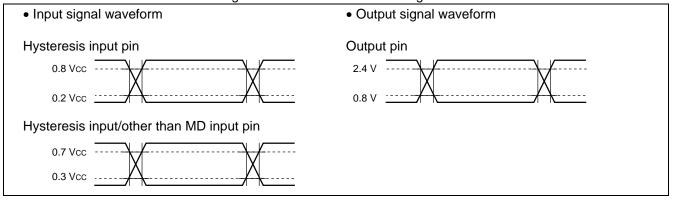
Parameter	Sym-	Pin name		Value		Unit	Remarks
Falameter	bol		Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Rellidiks
	fсн	X0, X1		6		MHz	External crystal oscillation
Clock frequency	ICH	70, 71	6	—	24	MHz	External clock input
	fc∟	X0A, X1A		32.768		kHz	
	t _{HCYL}	X0, X1		166.7		ns	External crystal oscillation
Clock cycle time	LHCYL	70, 71	166.7	—	41.7	ns	External clock input
	t LCYL	X0A, X1A		30.5		S	
lanut ala alumula a midth	Pwн Pw∟	X0	10			ns	A reference duty ratio is 30% to 70%.
Input clock pulse width	Pwhl Pwll	X0A		15.2		S	
Input clock rise time and fall time	tcr tcf	X0			5	ns	At external clock
Internal operating clock	fср		3	—	24	MHz	When main clock is used
frequency	f CPL			8.192		kHz	When sub clock is used
Internal operating clock	t _{CP}		42		333	ns	When main clock is used
cycle time	t CPL			122.1		S	When sub clock is used







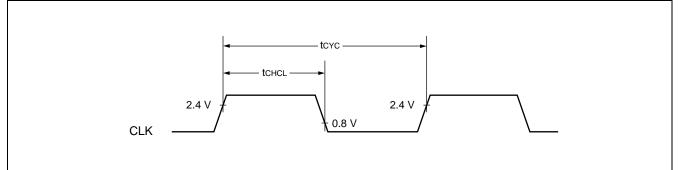
The AC standards assume the following measurement reference voltages.



(2)Clock output timing

	$T_A = -4$	40 °C to + 85 °C)					
Parameter S	Symbol	Pin name	Conditions	Va	lue	Unit	Pomarks
	Symbol		Conditions	Min	Max	Unit	Remarks
Cycle time	tcyc	CLK	—	t CP	—	ns	
				tcp/2 - 15	tcp/2 + 15	ns	At $f_{cp} = 24 \text{ MHz}$
CLK↑→CLK↓	t CHCL	CLK	$V \mbox{cc} = 3.0 \mbox{ V}$ to 3.6 V	$t_{\text{CP}}/2-20$	$t_{CP}/2 + 20$	ns	At $f_{cp} = 12 \text{ MHz}$
				$t_{\text{CP}}/2-64$	tcp/2 + 64	ns	At $f_{cp} = 6 \text{ MHz}$

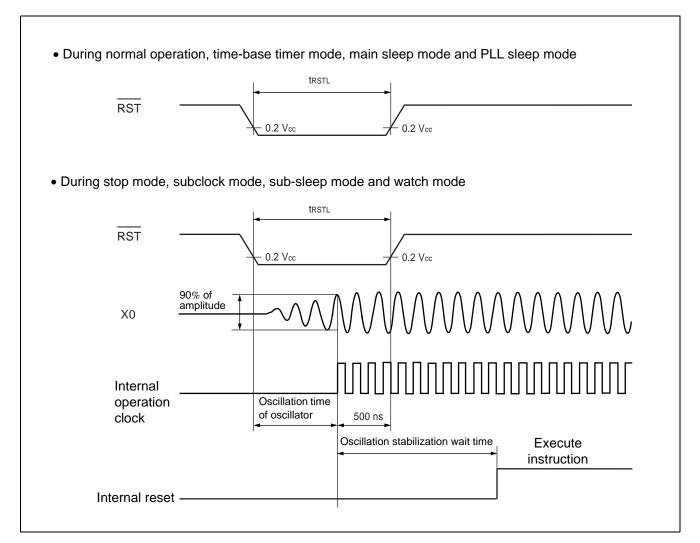
Note : t_{CP} : See " (1) Clock input timing".



(3) Reset

$(V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ Vss} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to} + 85 ^{\circ}\text{C})$										
Deremeter	Parameter Sym- bol r	Pin	Condi-	Condi- Value			Domonico			
Farameter		name	tions	Min	Max	Unit	Remarks			
Popot input time	t			500		ns	At normal operating, At time base timer mode, At main sleep mode, At PLL sleep mode			
Reset input time t _{RSTL} RS	1.01		Oscillation time of oscillator* + 500 ns		μs	At stop mode, At sub clock mode, At sub sleep mode, At watch mode				

* : Oscillation time of oscillator is the time that the amplitude reaches 90 %. It takes several milliseconds to several dozens of milliseconds on a crystal oscillator, several hundreds of microseconds to several milliseconds on a FAR/ceramic oscillator, and 0 milliseconds on an external clock.



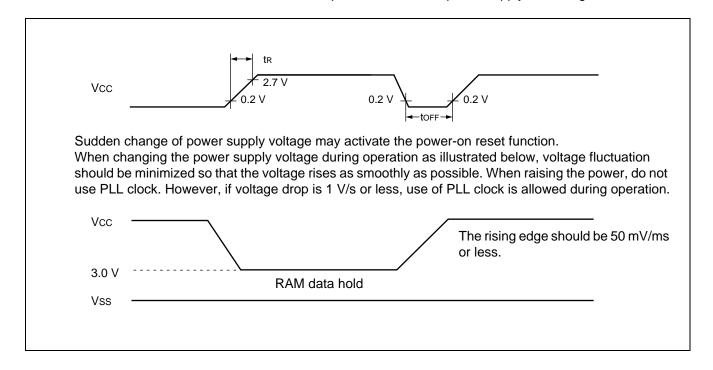
(4) Power-on reset

$(V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ Vss} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$										
Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condi-	Value		Unit	Remarks			
	Symbol		tions	Min	Max	Unit	Nellia KS			
Power supply rising time	tR	Vcc		_	30	ms				
Power supply shutdown time	toff	Vcc		1		ms	For repeated operation			

Notes : • Vcc must be lower than 0.2 V before the power supply is turned on.

• The above standard is a value for performing a power-on reset.

• In the device, there are internal registers which is initialized only by a power-on reset. When the initialization of these items is expected, turn on the power supply according to the standards.



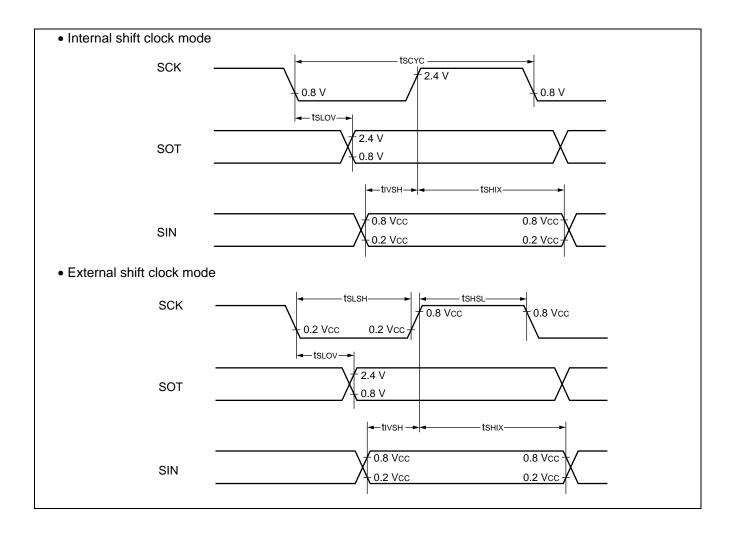
(5) UART0, 1, 2, 3 I/O extended serial timing

$(V_{cc} = AV_{cc} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V, V_{ss} = AV_{ss} = 0.0 V, T_{A} = -40 \text{ °C to} + 85 \text{ °C})$										
Parameter	Sym	Pin name	Conditions	Va	lue	Unit	Remarks			
Falameter	bol		Conditions	Min	Мах	Onit	IVEIII ai KS			
Serial clock cycle time	tscyc	SCKx		8 tcp	—	ns				
SCK↓→SOT delay time	t slov	SCKx, SOTx	Internal shift clock	- 80	+ 80	ns				
Valid SIN→SCK↑	tıvsн	SCKx, SINx	mode output pin is : $C_L = 80 \text{ pF} + 1\text{TTL}$	100		ns				
SCK $^→$ valid SIN hold time	tsнıx	SCKx, SINx		60	_	ns				
Serial clock H pulse width	tsнs∟	SCKx, SINx		4 tcp		ns				
Serial clock L pulse width	t slsh	SCKx, SINx		4 tcp		ns				
SCK↓→SOT delay time	t slov	SCKx, SOTx	External shift clock mode output pin is : $C_L = 80 \text{ pF} + 1\text{TTL}$	_	150	ns				
Valid SIN→SCK↑	t ivsh	SCKx, SINx		60		ns				
SCK $\uparrow \rightarrow$ valid SIN hold time	tsнıx	SCKx, SINx		60		ns				

Notes : • Above rating is the case of CLK synchronous mode.

• CL is a load capacitance value on pins for testing.

• tcp : See " (1) Clock input timing".



(6) I²C timing

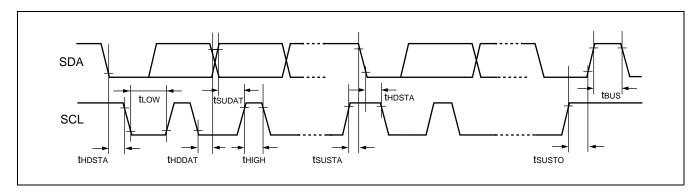
(Vcc = AVcc = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V, Vss = AVss = 0.0 V, T_A = - 40 °C to + 85 °C)

Deremeter	Symbol	Conditions	Va	lue	Unit	
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit	
SCL clock frequency	tsc∟		0	100	kHz	
(Repeat) [start] condition hold time SDA $\downarrow \rightarrow$ SCL \downarrow	t hdsta	Power-supply voltage of external pull-up resistor at 5.0 V.	4.0		μs	
SCL clock "L" width	t LOW	$R = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega, C = 50 \text{ pF}^{*2}$	4.7		μs	
SCL clock "H" width	tніgн	Power-supply voltage of external pull-up	4.0		μs	
Repeat [start] condition setup time SCL $\uparrow \rightarrow$ SDA \downarrow	t susta	resistor at 3.6 V. R = 1.0 k Ω , C = 50 pF ^{*2}	4.7		μs	
Data hold time SCL $\downarrow \rightarrow$ SDA $\downarrow \uparrow$	t hddat		0	3.45* ³	μs	
Data setup time		$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Power-supply voltage of external pull-up}\\ \mbox{resistor at 5.0 V.}\\ f_{CP}{}^{*1} \leq 20 \mbox{ MHz}, \mbox{ R} = 1.2 k\Omega, \mbox{ C} = 50 pF^{*2}\\ \mbox{Power-supply voltage of external pull-up}\\ \mbox{resistor at 3.6 V.}\\ f_{CP}{}^{*1} \leq 20 \mbox{ MHz}, \mbox{ R} = 1.0 k\Omega, \mbox{ C} = 50 pF^{*2}\\ \end{array}$		_		
Data setup time SDA $\downarrow \uparrow \rightarrow$ SCL \uparrow	tsudat	Power-supply voltage of external pull-up resistor at 5.0 V. $f_{CP}^{*1} > 20 \text{ MHz}, R = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega, C = 50 \text{ pF}^{*2}$ Power-supply voltage of external pull-up resistor at 3.6 V. $f_{CP}^{*1} > 20 \text{ MHz}, R = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega, C = 50 \text{ pF}^{*2}$	200	_	ns	
[Stop] condition setup time SCL $\uparrow \rightarrow$ SDA \uparrow	t susto	Power-supply voltage of external pull-up resistor at 5.0 V.	4.0	_	μs	
Bus free time between [stop] condition and [start] condition	t BUS	$\begin{array}{l} R=1.2 \ \mathrm{k}\Omega, \ C=50 \ \mathrm{p}F^{*2}\\ Power-supply \ voltage \ of \ external \ pull-up\\ resistor \ at \ 3.6 \ V.\\ R=1.0 \ \mathrm{k}\Omega, \ C=50 \ \mathrm{p}F^{*2} \end{array}$	4.7		μs	

*1 : fcP is internal operating clock frequency. See " (1) Clock input timing".

*2 : R and C are pull-up resistance of SCL and SDA lines and load capacitance.

*3 : The maximum thodat only has to be met if the device does not stretch the "L" width (tLow) of the SCL signal.



(7) Timer input timing

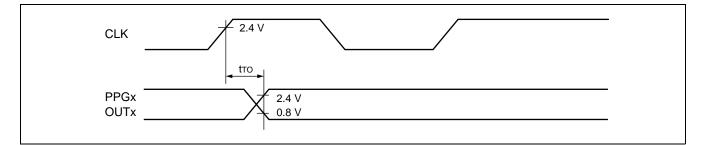
		(Vcc = AV	cc = 3.3 V :	± 0.3 V, Vs	s = AVss =	0.0 V, T	$A = -40 ^{\circ}C to + 85 ^{\circ}C)$
Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condi-	Va	lue	Unit	Remarks
Farameter	Symbol		tions	Min	Max	Unit	Remarks
Input pulse width	tтıwн tтıw∟	FRCK, INx, TINx PWC		4 tcp	_	ns	

Note : tcp : See " (1) Clock input timing".

PWC		- 0.8 Vcc - 0.2 Vcc	0.2 Vcc
TINx/ INx FRCK	ttiwh		0.2 000

(8) Timer output timing

Parameter	Sym-	Pin name	Condi-	Va	lue	Unit	Pomarks
Falameter	bol	Fininame	tions	Min	Max	Unit	Remarks
CLK↑→Tou⊤ change time		TOTx,					
PPG0 to PPG5 change time	t to	PPGx,		30		ns	
OUT0 to OUT3 change time		OUTx					

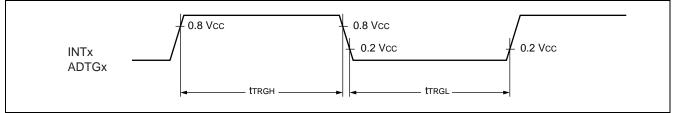


(9) Trigger input timing

(Vcc = AVcc = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V, Vss = AVss = 0.0 V, T_A = -40 °C to +85 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condi-	Va	lue	Unit	Remarks
Falameter	Symbol		tions	Min	Max	onic	Remarks
Input pulse width	t trgh	INTx,		5 tcp	_	ns	At normal operating
	t trgl	ADTG			In Stop mode		

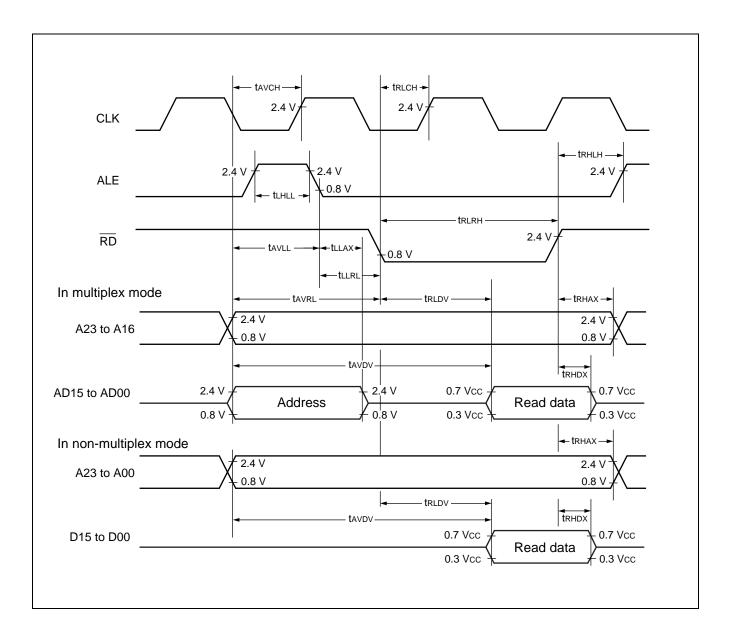
Note : t_{CP} : See " (1) Clock input timing".



(10) Bus read timing

		(Vc	c = AVcc = 3	$3.3~V\pm0.3~V,~V$	/ss = AVss = 0.0	$V, T_{A} = 0 \ ^{\circ}C \ to + 70 \ ^{\circ}C)$				
Parameter	Sym	Pin name	Condi-	Va	alue	Unit	Remarks			
Farameter	bol		tions	Min	Max	Unit	Remarks			
				tcp/2 - 15	—	ns	At $f_{cp} = 24 \text{ MHz}$			
ALE pulse width	t LHLL	ALE	—	tcp/2 - 20		ns	At $f_{cp} = 12 \text{ MHz}$			
				tcp/2 - 35	—	ns	At $f_{cp} = 6 \text{ MHz}$			
Valid address→ALE↓time	t	Address,		tcp/2 - 17	—	ns				
	t avll	ALE		tcp/2 - 40		ns	At $f_{cp} = 6 \text{ MHz}$			
ALE↓→Address valid time	t LLAX	ALE, Address		tcp/2 - 12		ns				
Valid address→ RD ↓time	t avrl	RD, Address	_	tcp - 25		ns				
Valid address→valid data input	tavdv	Address/		—	5 tcp/2 - 55	ns				
	LAVDV	data			5 t _{CP} /2 - 80	ns	At $f_{cp} = 6 \text{ MHz}$			
RD pulse width	t _{RLRH}	RD		3 tcp/2 - 25		ns	At $f_{cp} = 24 \text{ MHz}$			
	IRLRH	ΝD		3 tcp/2 - 20		ns	At $f_{cp} = 12 \text{ MHz}$			
RD↓→valid data input	t RLDV	RD,		—	$3 \text{ t}_{\text{CP}}/2 - 55$	ns				
	IRLDV	Data		—	3 tcp/2 - 80	ns	At $f_{cp} = 6 \text{ MHz}$			
$\overline{RD} \downarrow \rightarrow data$ hold time	t RHDX	RD, Data	_	0		ns				
RD↑→ALE↑time	t RHLH	RD, ALE	_	tcp/2 - 15		ns				
\overline{RD}^{\uparrow} \rightarrow address valid time	t RHAX	Address, RD		tcp/2 - 10		ns				
Valid address→CLK [↑] time	tavch	Address, CLK		tcp/2 - 17	—	ns				
RD↓→CLK↑time	t RLCH	RD, CLK		tcp/2 - 17	_	ns				
ALE↓→RD↓time	tllrl	RD, ALE		tcp/2 - 15	_	ns				

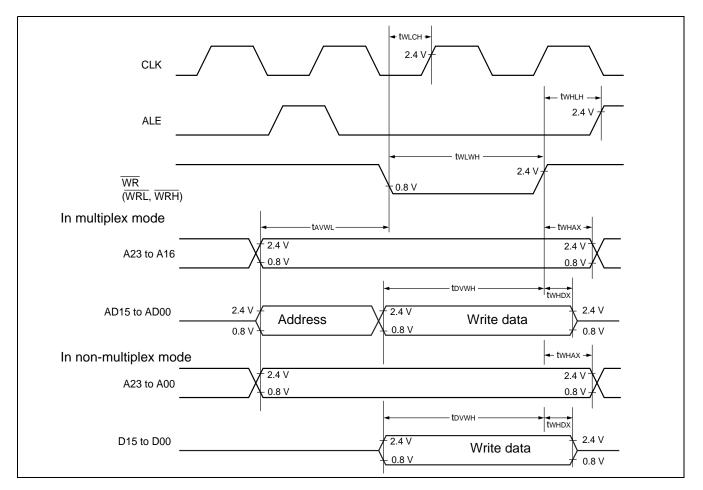
Note : t_{CP} : See " (1) Clock input timing".



(11) Bus write timing

$(V_{cc} = AV_{cc} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ Vss} = AV_{ss} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = 0 \text{ °C to} + 70 \text{ °C})$											
Parameter	Sym-	Pin name	Condi-	Value		Unit	Remarks				
Farameter	bol	Fill Haine	tions	Min	Max	Unit	Itemarks				
Valid address→ WR ↓time	t avwl	Address, WR		tcp – 15	_	ns					
WR pulse width	t	WRL, WRH	—	$3 \text{ t}_{\text{CP}}/2 - 25$	_	ns	At $f_{cp} = 24 \text{ MHz}$				
	t wLwH			$3 t_{CP}/2 - 20$	_	ns	At $f_{cp} = 12 \text{ MHz}$				
Valid data output→ WR ↑time	t dvwh	Data, WR	—	3 t _{CP} /2 - 15	_	ns					
				10		ns	At $f_{cp} = 24 \text{ MHz}$				
WR [↑] →data hold time	t whdx	WR, Data		20	_	ns	At $f_{cp} = 12 \text{ MHz}$				
		Data		30		ns	At $f_{cp} = 6 \text{ MHz}$				
\overline{WR}^{\uparrow} \rightarrow address valid time	t whax	WR, Address		tcp/2 - 10	_	ns					
WR↑→ALE↑time	twhlh	WR, ALE	—	tcp/2 - 15		ns					
₩R↓→CLK↑time	t wlch	WR, CLK	—	tcp/2 - 17		ns					

Note : tcp : See " (1) Clock input timing".

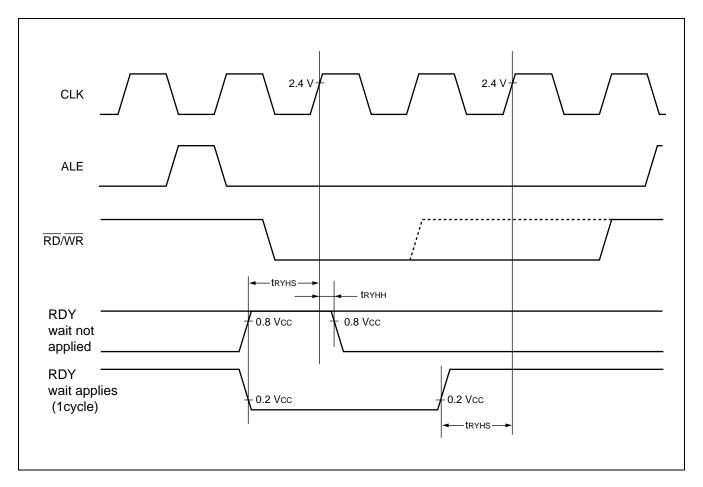


(12) Ready input timing

$(V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ Vss} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = 0 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C})$								
Parameter	meter Symbol Pin name Conditions		lue	Unit	Remarks			
Farameter	Symbol	Pin name Conditions		Min	Max	Unit	IVEIIIdI KS	
RDY set-up time	t RYHS	RDY	—	35	_	ns		
	INTHS			70	_	ns	$f_{cp} = 6 \text{ MHz}$	
RDY hold time	t ryhh			0		ns		

Notes : • If the RDY set-up time is insufficient, use the auto-ready function.

• For input from the RDY pin, be careful as failure to satisfy AC standards may cause the chip to run out of control.

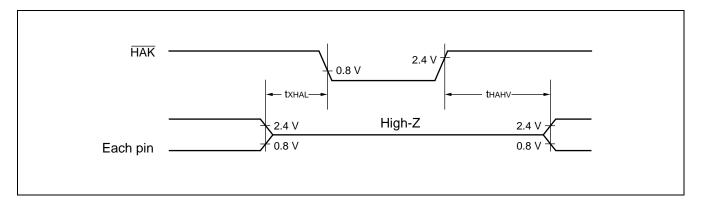


(13) Hold timing

$(V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V, V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 V, I_A = 0 C t_O + 70 C)$								
Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condi- tions	Va	lue	Unit	Remarks	
Farameter				Min	Max			
Pin floating→HAK↓time	t xhal	HAK		30	t CP	ns		
HAK↓→pin valid time	t hahv	HAK		t CP	2 tcp	ns		

 ΛL ۸N / 3 V + 0 3 V V۸ N 7 70 °C) • •

Notes : • It takes one cycle or more for \overline{HAK} to change after the HRQ pin is captured. • tcp : See " (1) Clock input timing".



5. Electrical Characteristics for the A/D Converter

	$(V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ Vss} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to} + 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$								
Parameter	Sym	Pin name		Value	Unit	Remarks			
Falameter	bol	Finitianie	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	itemarka		
Resolution					10	bit			
Total error			—	—	± 3.0	LSB			
Nonlinear error			—	—	± 2.5	LSB			
Differential linear error			—	—	± 1.9	LSB			
Zero transition voltage	Vот	AN0 to AN15	AVss – 1.5 LSB	AV _{ss} +0.5 LSB	AVss + 2.5 LSB	mV	-1 LSB = AVRH/1024		
Full-scale transition voltage	VFST	AN0 to AN15	AVRH – 3.5 LSB	AVRH – 1.5 LSB	AVRH + 0.5 LSB	mV			
Conversion time			—	176 tcp*1		ns			
Sampling time			—	64 tcp*1		ns			
Analog port input current	Iain	AN0 to AN15			10	μΑ			
Analog input voltage	VAIN	AN0 to AN15	0	—	AVRH	V			
Reference voltage		AVRH	2.7		AVcc	V			
Power eucly ourrent	IA	AVcc	—	1.4	3.5	mA			
Power supply current	Іан	AVcc	_		5	μΑ	*2		
Reference voltage	IR	AVRH	_	95	170	μΑ			
supplying current	Irh	AVRH			5	μΑ	*2		
Interchannel disparity		AN0 to AN15			4	LSB			

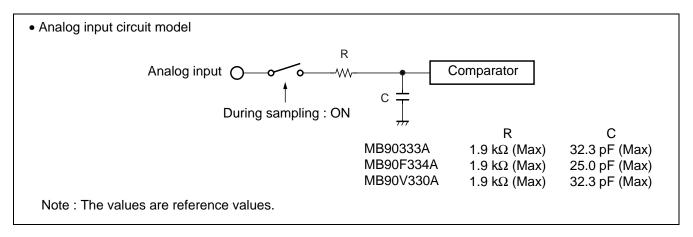
*1 : t_{CP} : See " (1) Clock input timing".

*2 : The current when the CPU is in stop mode and the A/D converter is not operating (For $V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = AV_{RH} = 3.3 V$).

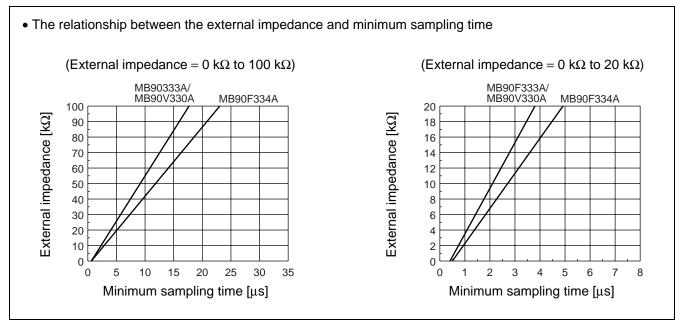
Notes :

• About the external impedance of the analog input and its sampling time

• A/D converter with sample and hold circuit. If the external impedance is too high to keep sufficient sampling time, the analog voltage charged to the internal sample and hold capacitor is insufficient, adversely affecting A/D conversion presicion.



• To satisfy the A/D conversion precision standard, consider the relationship between the external impedance and minimum sampling time and either adjust the resistor value and operating frequency or decrease the external impedance so that the sampling time is longer than the minimum value.



• If the sampling time cannot be sufficient, connect a capacitor of about 0.1 µF to the analog input pin.

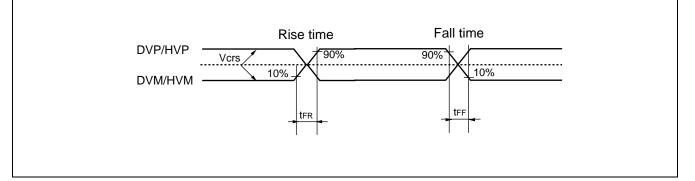
About errors

As AVRH becomes smaller, values of relative errors grow larger.

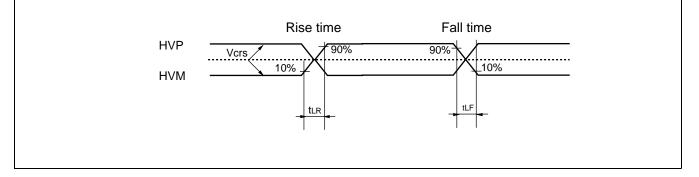
6. USB characteristics

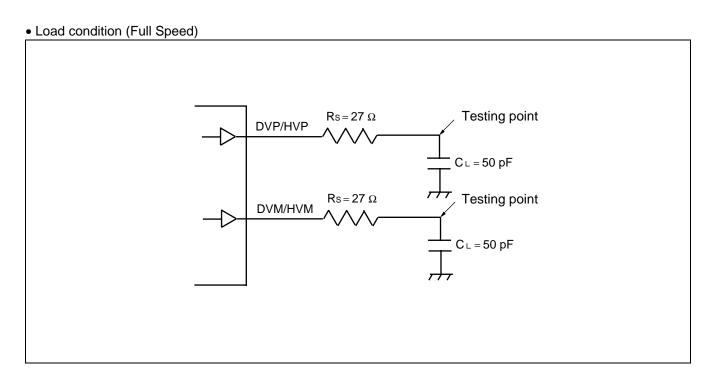
(Vcc = AVcc = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V, Vss = AVss = 0.0 V, Ta = 0 °C to + 70 °							
Parameter		Sym bol	Va	lue	Unit	Remarks	
			Min	Max	Unit	Remarks	
	Input High level voltage	VIH	2.0	—	V		
Input	Input Low level voltage	VIL		0.8	V		
characteristics	Differential input sensitivity	Vdi	0.2		V		
	Differential common mode range		0.8	2.5	V		
	Output High level voltage	Vон	2.8	3.6	V	Іон = – 200 μА	
	Output Low level voltage	Vol	0.0	0.3	V	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$	
	Cross over voltage	VCRS	1.3	2.0	V		
	Rise time	t FR	4	20	ns	Full Speed	
Output		t LR	75	300	ns	Low Speed	
characteristics	Fall time	tff	4	20	ns	Full Speed	
		tlf	75	300	ns	Low Speed	
	Dising/falling time motohing	t RFM	90	111.11	%	(Tfr/Tff)	
	Rising/falling time matching	t rlm	80	125	%	(Tlr/Tlf)	
	Output resistance		28	44	Ω	Including Rs = 27 Ω	

• Data signal timing (Full Speed)

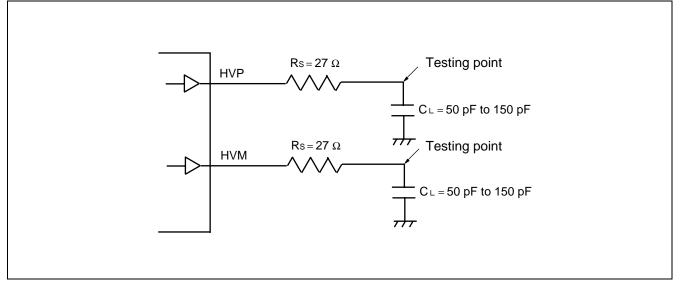


• Data signal timing (Low Speed)





• Load condition (Low Speed)



Parameter	Condition		Value		Unit	Remarks	
Farameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks	
Sector erase time		_	1	15	S	Excludes 00 _H programming prior to erasure.	
Chip erase time	$\begin{array}{l} T_{\text{A}}= \ +\ 25\ ^{\circ}\text{C}\\ V_{\text{CC}}=3.0\ \text{V} \end{array}$		9		S	Excludes 00 _H programming prior to erasure.	
Word (16-bit width) programming time			16	3,600	μs	Except for over head time of system level	
Programming/erase cycle		10,000	_		cycle		
Flash memory data retaining period	Average T _A = +85 °C	20	_		year	*	

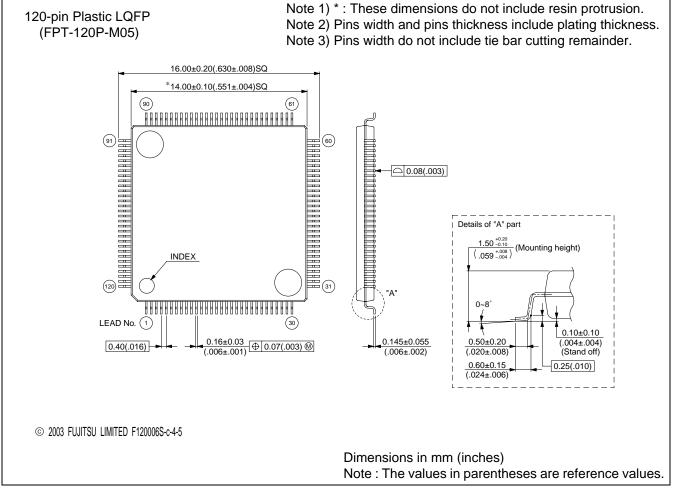
7. Flash memory write/erase characteristics

* : This value comes from the technology qualification. (using Arrhenius equation to translate high temperature measurements into normalized value at + 85 °C)

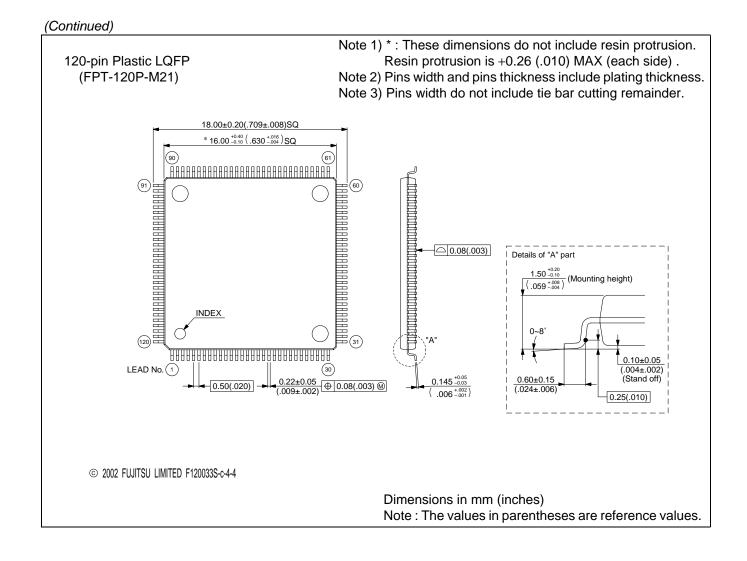
■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB90F334APFF MB90333APFF	120-pin Plastic LQFP (FPT-120P-M05)	
MB90F334APMC MB90333APMC	120-pin Plastic LQFP (FPT-120P-M21)	
MB90V330A	299-pin Ceramic PGA (PGA-299C-A01)	For evaluation

■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



(Continued)



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