## DGT409BCA <br> Reverse Blocking Gate Turn-off Thyristor

## APPLICATIONS

The DGT409BCA is a symmetrical GTO designed for applications, which specifically require a reverse blocking capability, such as current source inverter (CSI). Reverse recovery ratings and characteristics are included.

## FEATURES

- Reverse blocking Capability
- Double Side Cooling
- High Reliability In Service
- High Voltage Capability
- Fault Protection Without Fuses
- Turn-off Capability Allows Reduction in

Equipment Size and Weight. Low Noise
Emission Reduces Acoustic Cladding Necessary For Environmental Requirements

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Order as: DGT409BCA6565

## KEY PARAMETERS

| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {TCM }}$ | 1500 A |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {DRM }} / \mathrm{V}_{\text {RRM }}$ | 6500 V |
| $\mathrm{dV} V_{\mathrm{D}} / \mathrm{dt}$ | $1000 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{d} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{dt}$ | $300 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |



Outline type code: CA
(See Package Details for further information)

Fig. 1 Package outline

## VOLTAGE RATINGS

| Type Number | Repetitive Peak Off-state <br> Voltage V VRM (V) | Repetitive Peak Reverse <br> Voltage V $_{\text {RRM }}(\mathrm{V})$ | Conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DGT409BCA | 6500 | 6500 | $\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{Vj}}=115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DM}}=, \mathrm{I}_{\text {RRM }}=100 \mathrm{~mA}$ |

## CURRENT RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Max. | Units |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $I_{\text {TCM }}$ | Repetitive peak controllable on-state current | $V_{D}=4300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{j}=115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, <br> $\mathrm{d} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{G} \mathrm{Q}} / \mathrm{dt}=20 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{S}}=2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 1500 | A |

## SURGE RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $I_{\text {TSM }}$ | Surge (non repetitive) on-state current | $10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{half} \mathrm{sine}. \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.0 | kA |
| $1^{2} t$ | $1^{2} t$ for fusing | $10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{half} \mathrm{sine}. \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 45 | $k A^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ |
| diT/dt | Critical rate of rise of on-state current | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=3000 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=800 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{FG}}>20 \mathrm{~A}, \\ \text { Rise time }\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}\right)>1.5 \mu \mathrm{~S} \end{gathered}$ | 300 | A/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{dV} \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{D}} \mathrm{dt}$ | Rate of rise of off-state voltage | $V_{D}=3000 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{R}_{G K} \leq 1.5 \Omega, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 175 | V/ $/ \mathrm{s}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=3000 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RG}} \leq-2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1000 | V/ $/ \mathrm{S}$ |
| Ls | Peak stray inductance in snubber circuit | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=1500 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DM}}=6000 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Tj}=115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{dl}_{\mathrm{GQ}}=20 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{us}, \\ \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{S}}=2.0 \mathrm{uF} \end{gathered}$ | 200 | nH |

## GATE RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RGM}}$ | Peak reverse gate voltage | This value may exceeded during turn-off | - | 25 | V |
| $\mathrm{IFGM}^{\text {f }}$ | Peak forward gate current |  | 20 | 70 | A |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FG}(\mathrm{AV})}$ | Average forward gate power |  | - | 10 | W |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{RGGM}}$ | Peak reverse gate power |  | - | 15 | kW |
| digQ $/ \mathrm{dt}$ | Rate of rise of reverse gate current |  | 15 | 60 | A/ $/ \mathrm{s}$ |
| ton(min) | Minimum permissible on time |  | 50 | - | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| toff(min) | Minimum permissible off time |  | 150 | - | us |
| Irgm | Continuous reverse gate-cathode current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RGM}}=16 \mathrm{~V}$, No gate cathode resistor | - | 50 | mA |

## THERMAL AND MECHANICAL RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions |  | Min. | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {tht(-hs) }}$ | Thermal resistance - junction to heatsink surface | Double side cooled | DC | - | 0.046 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
|  |  | Single side cooled | Anode DC | - | 0.073 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
|  |  |  | Cathode DC | - | 0.124 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {th (chs) }}$ | Contact thermal resistance | Clamping force 32.0 kN With mounting compound | Per contact | - | 0.009 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}$ | Virtual junction temperature | On-state (conducting) |  | - | 115 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {op }} / \mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Operating junction/storage temperature range |  |  | -40 | 115 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{m}}$ | Clamping force |  |  | 11.0 | 15.0 | kN |

## CHARACTERISTICS

## $\mathrm{Tj}=115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless stated otherwise

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {TM) }}$ | On-state voltage | At 200A peak, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{G}(0 \mathrm{~N})}=4 \mathrm{~A}$ d.c. | - | 4 | V |
| IDM | Peak off-state current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DRM}}=6500 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{RG}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 100 | mA |
| $I_{\text {RRM }}$ | Peak reverse current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {RRM }}=6500 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 100 | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GT}}$ | Gate trigger voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=24 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=100 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{Tj}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 1 | V |
| $I_{\text {GT }}$ | Gate trigger current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=24 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=100 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{Tj}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {RGM }}$ | Reverse gate cathode current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RGM}}=16 \mathrm{~V}$, No gate/cathode resistor | - | 50 | mA |
| Eon | Turn-on Energy | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=3000 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=400 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{~d}_{T} / \mathrm{dt}=150 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{FG}}=20 \mathrm{~A}, \text { rise time }\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}\right)<1.5 \mu \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | - | 2500 | mJ |
| $t_{d}$ | Delay time |  | - | 3 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{tr}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | Rise time |  | - | 7 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| EofF | Turn-off energy | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=800 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DM}}=3000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Snubber Cap Cs $=2 \mu \mathrm{C}$ $\mathrm{di} \mathrm{GQ}_{\mathrm{G}} / \mathrm{dt}=20 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{us}$ | - | 2500 | mJ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{gs}}$ | Storage time |  | See Fig. 17 and Fig. 18 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{gf}}$ | Fall time |  |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{gq}}$ | Gate controlled turn-off time |  |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{GQ}}$ | Turn-off gate charge |  | - | 3600 | $\mu \mathrm{C}$ |
| QGQt | Total turn-off gate charge |  | - | 7200 | $\mu \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{IGQM}^{\text {g }}$ | Peak reverse gate current |  | - | 350 | A |



Recommended gate conditions to switch off $\mathrm{I}_{\text {TCM }}=800 \mathrm{~A}$ :
$I_{F G}=30 \mathrm{~A}$
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{ON})}=4 \mathrm{~A}$ d.c.
$\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{w} 1(\mathrm{~min})}=20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{GQM}}^{\mathrm{w} 1(\text { min })}=270 \mathrm{~A}$ typical
$\mathrm{di}_{\mathrm{GQ}} / \mathrm{dt}=30 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$
$Q_{G Q}=2200 \mu \mathrm{C}$
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RG}(\text { min })}=2 \mathrm{~V}$
$V_{R G(\text { max })}=15 \mathrm{~V}$
These are recommended Dynex Semiconductor conditions. Other conditions are permitted according to users gate drive specifications.

Fig. 2 General switching waveforms

## CURVES



Fig. 3 Reverse recovery waveforms


Fig. 4 Maximum gate trigger voltage/current vs junction temperature


Fig. 5 Maximum on-state characteristics


Fig. 6 Maximum dependence of $\mathrm{I}_{\text {TCM }}$ on $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{S}}$


Fig. 8 Maximum reverse recovery charge vs rate of fall of anode current


Fig. 7 Maximum reverse recovery energy vs rate of fall of anode current


Fig. 9 Maximum reverse recovery current vs rate of fall of anode current


Fig. 10 Maximum reverse recovery power vs rate of fall of anode current


Fig. 12 Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current


Fig.11Turn-on energy vs on-state current


Fig. 13 Delay time and rise time vs on-state current


Fig. 14 Switching times vs peak forward gate current


Fig. 16 Turn-off energy vs rate of rise of reverse gate current


Fig. 15 Maximum turn-off energy vs on-state current


Fig. 17 Gate storage time and fall time vs on-state current


Fig. 18 Gate storage time and fall time vs rate of rise of reverse gate current


Fig. 19 Maximum (limit) transient thermal impedance double side cooled

## PACKAGE DETAILS

For further package information, please contact Customer Services. All dimensions in mm, unless stated otherwise. DO NOT SCALE.


Nominal weight: 350 g
Clamping force: $12 \mathrm{kN} 10 \%$
Lead length: 505 mm
Package outine type code: CA

Fig. 20 Package outline

## POWER ASSEMBLY CAPABILITY

The Power Assembly group was set up to provide a support service for those customers requiring more than the basic semiconductor, and has developed a flexible range of heatsink and clamping systems in line with advances in device voltages and current capability of our semiconductors.

We offer an extensive range of air and liquid cooled assemblies covering the full range of circuit designs in general use today. The Assembly group offers high quality engineering support dedicated to designing new units to satisfy the growing needs of our customers.

Using the latest CAD methods our team of design and applications engineers aim to provide the Power Assembly Complete Solution (PACs).

## HEATSINKS

The Power Assembly group has its own proprietary range of extruded aluminium heatsinks which have been designed to optimise the performance of Dynex semiconductors. Data with respect to air natural, forced air and liquid cooling (with flow rates) is available on request.

For further information on device clamps, heatsinks and assemblies, please contact your nearest sales representative or Customer Services.

Stresses above those listed in this data sheet may cause permanent damage to the device. In extreme conditions, as with all semiconductors, this may include potentially hazardous rupture of the package. Appropriate safety precautions should always be followed.
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