
Document Title

2Mx36 & 4Mx18-Bit Pipelined NtRAM™

Revision History

<u>Rev. No.</u>	<u>History</u>	<u>Draft Date</u>	<u>Remark</u>
0.0	1. Initial document.	Sep. 30. 2002	Advance
0.1	1. Delete the speed bins (FT : 7.5ns, 8.5ns / PP : 200MHz)	Oct. 8. 2002	Preliminary
0.2	1. Corrected Part number (K7N643635M -> K7N643631M) 2. Change to the New JTAG scan order.	Feb. 25, 2003	Preliminary
0.3	1. Add the comment about Vdd/Vddq wide by note on page 13.	Mar. 10, 2003	Preliminary

The attached data sheets are prepared and approved by SAMSUNG Electronics. SAMSUNG Electronics CO., LTD. reserve the right to change the specifications. SAMSUNG Electronics will evaluate and reply to your requests and questions on the parameters of this device. If you have any questions, please contact the SAMSUNG branch office near your office, call or contact Headquarters.

64Mb NtRAM (Flow Through / Pipelined) Ordering Information

Org.	Part Number	Mode	VDD	Speed FT ; Access Time(ns) Pipelined ; Cycle Time(MHz)	PKG	Temp
4Mx18	K7M641835M-Q(H/F)C65	FlowThrough	1.8/2.5/3.3	6.5ns	Q:100TQFP H:119BGA F:165FBGA	C (Commercial Temperature Range)
	K7N641831M-Q(H/F)C25/16	Pipelined	1.8/2.5/3.3	250/167MHz		
2Mx36	K7M643635M-Q(H/F)C65	FlowThrough	1.8/2.5/3.3	6.5ns		
	K7N643631M-Q(H/F)C25/16	Pipelined	1.8/2.5/3.3	250/167MHz		

2Mx36 & 4Mx18-Bit Pipelined NtRAM™

FEATURES

- 1.8 or 2.5 or 3.3V $\pm 5\%$ Power Supply.
- Byte Writable Function.
- Enable clock and suspend operation.
- Single READ/WRITE control pin.
- Self-Timed Write Cycle.
- Three Chip Enable for simple depth expansion with no data contention.
- A interleaved burst or a linear burst mode.
- Asynchronous output enable control.
- Power Down mode.
- TTL-Level Three-State Outputs.
- 100-TQFP-1420A / 119BGA(7x17 Ball Grid Array Package).
- 165FBGA(11x15 ball array) with body size of 15mmx17mm.

FAST ACCESS TIMES

PARAMETER	Symbol	-25	-16	Unit
Cycle Time	tCYC	4.0	6.0	ns
Clock Access Time	tCD	2.6	3.5	ns
Output Enable Access Time	tOE	2.6	3.5	ns

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The K7N643631M and K7N641831M are 75,497,472-bits Synchronous Static SRAMs.

The NtRAM™, or No Turnaround Random Access Memory utilizes all the bandwidth in any combination of operating cycles. Address, data inputs, and all control signals except output enable and linear burst order are synchronized to input clock.

Burst order control must be tied "High or Low".

Asynchronous inputs include the sleep mode enable(ZZ).

Output Enable controls the outputs at any given time.

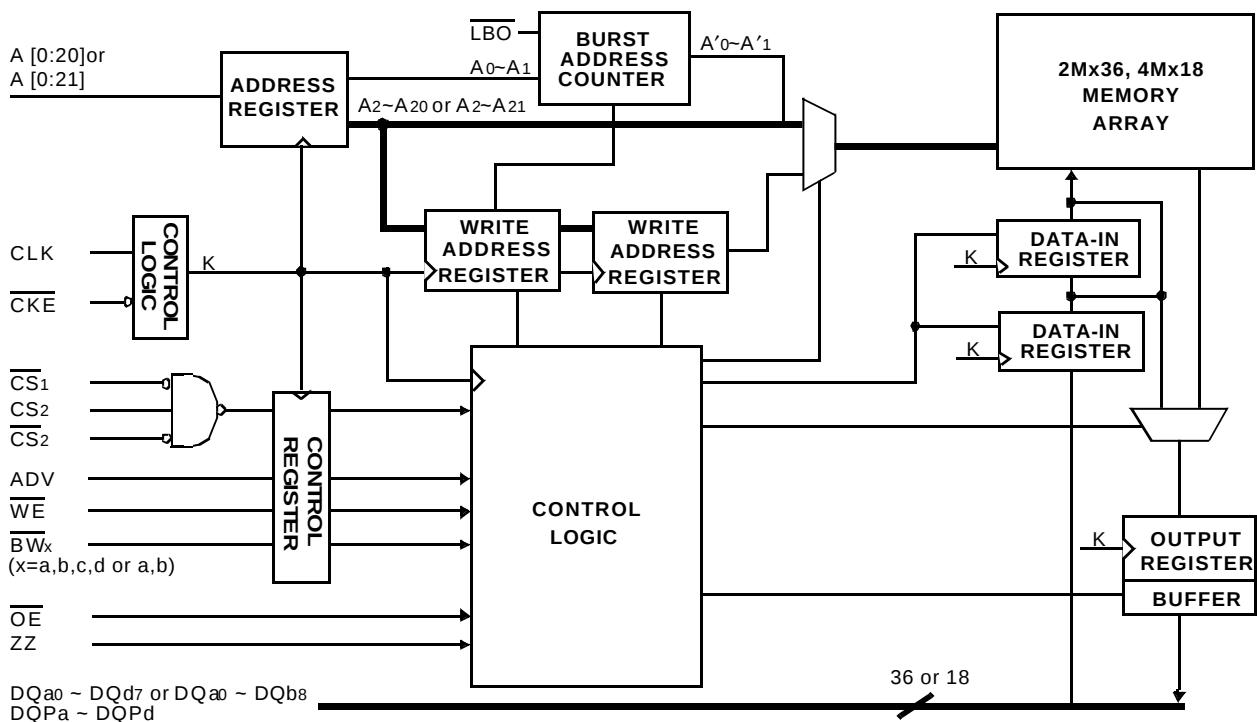
Write cycles are internally self-timed and initiated by the rising edge of the clock input. This feature eliminates complex off-chip write pulse generation

and provides increased timing flexibility for incoming signals.

For read cycles, pipelined SRAM output data is temporarily stored by an edge triggered output register and then released to the output buffers at the next rising edge of clock.

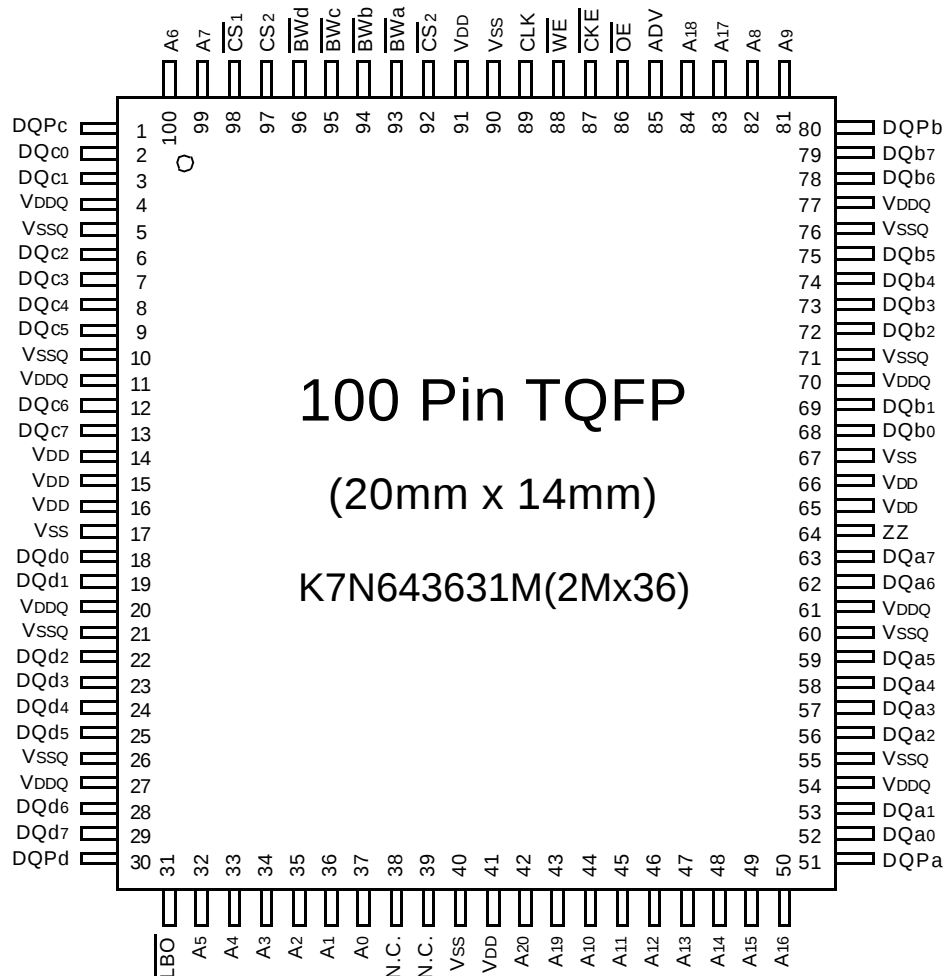
The K7N643631M and K7N641831M are implemented with SAMSUNG's high performance CMOS technology and is available in 100pin TQFP, 119BGA and 165FBGA packages. Multiple power and ground pins minimize ground bounce.

LOGIC BLOCK DIAGRAM



NtRAM™ and No Turnaround Random Access Memory are trademarks of Samsung.

PIN CONFIGURATION(TOP VIEW)

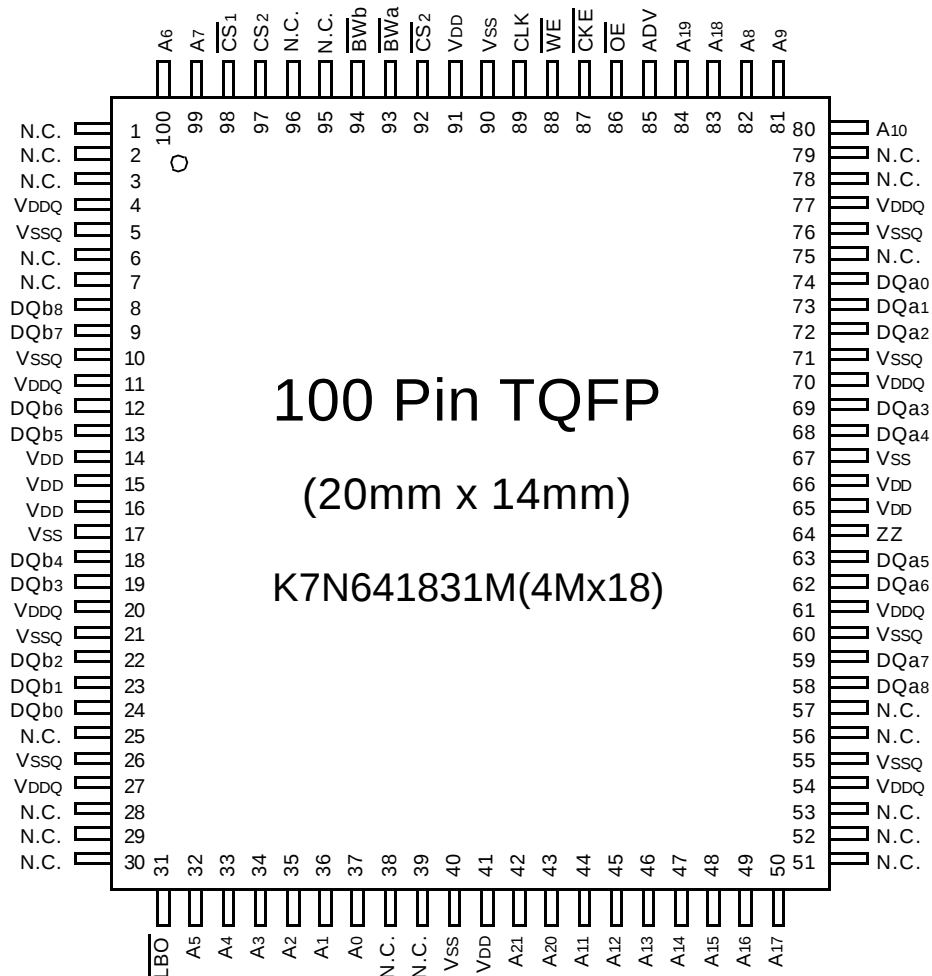


PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.	SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.
A0 - A20	Address Inputs	32,33,34,35,36,37,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,50,81,82,83,84,99,100	VDD	Power Supply(2.5V)	14,15,16,41,65,66,91
			VSS	Ground	17,40,67,90
			N.C.	No Connect	38,39
ADV	Address Advance/Load	85	DQa0~a7	Data Inputs/Outputs	52,53,56,57,58,59,62,63
WE	Read/Write Control Input	88	DQb0~b7	Data Inputs/Outputs	68,69,72,73,74,75,78,79
CLK	Clock	89	DQc0~c7	Data Inputs/Outputs	2,3,6,7,8,9,12,13
CKE	Clock Enable	87	DQd0~d7	Data Inputs/Outputs	18,19,22,23,24,25,28,29
CS1	Chip Select	98	DQPa~Pd	Data Inputs/Outputs	51,80,1,30
CS2	Chip Select	97			
CS2	Chip Select	92			
BWx(x=a,b,c,d)	Byte Write Inputs	93,94,95,96	VDDQ	Output Power Supply (2.5V)	4,11,20,27,54,61,70,77
OE	Output Enable	86	VSSQ	Output Ground	5,10,21,26,55,60,71,76
ZZ	Power Sleep Mode	64			
LBO	Burst Mode Control	31			

Note : 1. A₀ and A₁ are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.

PIN CONFIGURATION(TOP VIEW)



PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.	SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.
A0 - A21	Address Inputs	32,33,34,35,36,37,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,50,80,81,82,83,84,99,100	VDD	Power Supply(2.5V)	14,15,16,41,65,66,91
			VSS	Ground	17,40,67,90
ADV	Address Advance/Load	85	N.C.	No Connect	1,2,3,6,7,25,28,29,30,38,39,51,52,53,56,57,75,78,79,95,96
WE	Read/Write Control Input	88			
CLK	Clock	89	DQa0~a8	Data Inputs/Outputs	58,59,62,63,68,69,72,73,74
CKE	Clock Enable	87	DQb0~b8	Data Inputs/Outputs	8,9,12,13,18,19,22,23,24
CS1	Chip Select	98			
CS2	Chip Select	97			
CS2	Chip Select	92			
BWx(x=a,b)	Byte Write Inputs	93,94	VDDQ	Output Power Supply (2.5V)	4,11,20,27,54,61,70,77
OE	Output Enable	86	VSSQ	Output Ground	5,10,21,26,55,60,71,76
ZZ	Power Sleep Mode	64			
LBO	Burst Mode Control	31			

NOTE : A₀ and A₁ are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.

119BGA PACKAGE PIN CONFIGURATIONS (TOP VIEW)

K7N643631M(2Mx36)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A	VDDQ	A	A	A	A	A	VDDQ
B	NC	CS2	A	ADV	A	$\overline{CS2}$	NC
C	NC	A	A	VDD	A	A	NC
D	DQc	DQPc	Vss	NC	Vss	DQPb	DQb
E	DQc	DQc	Vss	$\overline{CS1}$	Vss	DQb	DQb
F	VDDQ	DQc	Vss	$\overline{OE}$	Vss	DQb	VDDQ
G	DQc	DQc	$\overline{BWc}$	A	$\overline{BWb}$	DQb	DQb
H	DQc	DQc	Vss	$\overline{WE}$	Vss	DQb	DQb
J	VDDQ	VDD	NC	VDD	NC	VDD	VDDQ
K	DQd	DQd	Vss	CLK	Vss	DQa	DQa
L	DQd	DQd	$\overline{BWd}$	NC	$\overline{BWa}$	DQa	DQa
M	VDDQ	DQd	Vss	$\overline{CKE}$	Vss	DQa	VDDQ
N	DQd	DQd	Vss	A1*	Vss	DQa	DQa
P	DQd	DQPd	Vss	A0*	Vss	DQPa	DQa
R	NC	A	$\overline{LBO}$	VDD	NC	A	NC
T	NC	A	A	A	A	A	ZZ
U	VDDQ	TMS	TDI	TCK	TDO	NC	VDDQ

Note : * A₀ and A₁ are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	PIN NAME
A	Address Inputs	VDD	Power Supply
A ₀ ,A ₁	Burst Address Inputs	Vss	Ground
ADV	Address Advance/Load	N.C.	No Connect
$\overline{WE}$	Read/Write Control Input		
CLK	Clock	DQa	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{CKE}$	Clock Enable	DQb	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{CS1}$	Chip Select	DQc	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{CS2}$	Chip Select	DQd	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{CS2}$	Chip Select	DQPa~Pd	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{BWx}$	Byte Write Inputs		
(x=a,b,c,d)		VDDQ	Output Power Supply
$\overline{OE}$	Output Enable		
ZZ	Power Sleep Mode		
$\overline{LBO}$	Burst Mode Control		
TCK	JTAG Test Clock		
TMS	JTAG Test Mode Select		
TDI	JTAG Test Data Input		
TDO	JTAG Test Data Output		

119BGA PACKAGE PIN CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW)

K7N641831M(4Mx18)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A	VDDQ	A	A	A	A	A	VDDQ
B	NC	CS2	A	ADV	A	$\overline{\text{CS}}2$	NC
C	NC	A	A	VDD	A	A	NC
D	DQb	NC	Vss	NC	Vss	DQPa	NC
E	NC	DQb	Vss	$\overline{\text{CS}}1$	Vss	NC	DQa
F	VDDQ	NC	Vss	$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Vss	DQa	VDDQ
G	NC	DQb	$\overline{\text{BW}}b$	A	Vss	NC	DQa
H	DQb	NC	Vss	$\overline{\text{WE}}$	Vss	DQa	NC
J	VDDQ	VDD	NC	VDD	NC	VDD	VDDQ
K	NC	DQb	Vss	CLK	Vss	NC	DQa
L	DQb	NC	Vss	NC	$\overline{\text{BW}}a$	DQa	NC
M	VDDQ	DQb	Vss	$\overline{\text{CKE}}$	Vss	NC	VDDQ
N	DQb	NC	Vss	A1*	Vss	DQa	NC
P	NC	DQPb	Vss	A0*	Vss	NC	DQa
R	NC	A	$\overline{\text{LBO}}$	VDD	NC	A	NC
T	A	A	A	A	A	A	ZZ
U	VDDQ	TMS	TDI	TCK	TDO	NC	VDDQ

Note : * A₀ and A₁ are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	PIN NAME
A	Address Inputs	VDD	Power Supply
A ₀ ,A ₁	Burst Address Inputs	Vss	Ground
ADV	Address Advance/Load	N.C.	No Connect
$\overline{\text{WE}}$	Read/Write Control Input		
CLK	Clock		
$\overline{\text{CKE}}$	Clock Enable	DQa	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{\text{CS}}1$	Chip Select	DQb	Data Inputs/Outputs
CS2	Chip Select	DQPa, Pb	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{\text{CS}}2$	Chip Select		
$\overline{\text{BW}}x$	Byte Write Inputs	VDDQ	Output Power Supply
(x=a,b)			
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable		
ZZ	Power Sleep Mode		
$\overline{\text{LBO}}$	Burst Mode Control		
TCK	JTAG Test Clock		
TMS	JTAG Test Mode Select		
TDI	JTAG Test Data Input		
TDO	JTAG Test Data Output		

165-PIN FBGA PACKAGE CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW)

K7N643631M(2Mx36)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	NC**	A	$\overline{CS1}$	$\overline{BWc}$	$\overline{BWb}$	$\overline{CS2}$	$\overline{CKE}$	ADV	A	A	NC
B	NC	A	CS2	$\overline{BWd}$	$\overline{BWa}$	CLK	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	A	A	NC**
C	DQPc	NC	VDDQ	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDDQ	NC	DQPb
D	DQc	DQc	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQb	DQb
E	DQc	DQc	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQb	DQb
F	DQc	DQc	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQb	DQb
G	DQc	DQc	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQb	DQb
H	NC	VDD	NC	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	NC	NC	ZZ
J	DQd	DQd	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	DQa
K	DQd	DQd	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	DQa
L	DQd	DQd	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	DQa
M	DQd	DQd	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	DQa
N	DQPd	NC	VDDQ	VSS	NC	NC	NC	VSS	VDDQ	NC	DQPa
P	NC	A	A	A	TDI	A1*	TDO	A	A	A	NC
R	$\overline{LBO}$	A	A	A	TMS	A0*	TCK	A	A	A	A

Note : * A0 and A1 are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.

** Checked NoConnect(NC) pins are resered for higher density address, i.e. 11B for 128Mb and 1A for 256Mb.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	PIN NAME
A	Address Inputs	VDD	Power Supply
A0,A1	Burst Address Inputs	Vss	Ground
ADV	Address Advance/Load	N.C.	No Connect
$\overline{WE}$	Read/Write Control Input		
CLK	Clock	DQa	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{CKE}$	Clock Enable	DQb	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{CS1}$	Chip Select	DQc	Data Inputs/Outputs
CS2	Chip Select	DQd	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{CS2}$	Chip Select	DQPa~Pd	Data Inputs/Outputs
BWx	Byte Write Inputs		
(x=a,b,c,d)		VDDQ	Output Power Supply
$\overline{OE}$	Output Enable		
ZZ	Power Sleep Mode		
$\overline{LBO}$	Burst Mode Control		
TCK	JTAG Test Clock		
TMS	JTAG Test Mode Select		
TDI	JTAG Test Data Input		
TDO	JTAG Test Data Output		

165-PIN FBGA PACKAGE CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW)

K7N641831M(4Mx18)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	NC**	A	$\overline{CS1}$	$\overline{BWb}$	NC	$\overline{CS2}$	$\overline{CKE}$	ADV	A	A	A
B	NC	A	CS2	NC	$\overline{BWa}$	CLK	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	A	A	NC**
C	NC	NC	VDDQ	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDDQ	NC	DQPa
D	NC	DQb	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	NC	DQa
E	NC	DQb	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	NC	DQa
F	NC	DQb	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	NC	DQa
G	NC	DQb	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	NC	DQa
H	NC	VDD	NC	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	NC	NC	ZZ
J	DQb	NC	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	NC
K	DQb	NC	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	NC
L	DQb	NC	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	NC
M	DQb	NC	VDDQ	VDD	VSS	VSS	VSS	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	NC
N	DQPb	NC	VDDQ	VSS	NC	NC	NC	VSS	VDDQ	NC	NC
P	NC	A	A	A	TDI	A1*	TDO	A	A	A	NC
R	$\overline{LBO}$	A	A	A	TMS	A0*	TCK	A	A	A	A

Note : * A0 and A1 are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.

** Checked NoConnect(NC) pins are resered for higher density address, i.e. 11B for 128Mb and 1A for 256Mb.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	PIN NAME
A	Address Inputs	VDD	Power Supply
A0,A1	Burst Address Inputs	VSS	Ground
ADV	Address Advance/Load	N.C.	No Connect
$\overline{WE}$	Read/Write Control Input		
CLK	Clock		
$\overline{CKE}$	Clock Enable	DQa	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{CS1}$	Chip Select	DQb	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{CS2}$	Chip Select	DQPa, Pb	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{CS2}$	Chip Select		
$\overline{BWx}$ (x=a,b)	Byte Write Inputs	VDDQ	Output Power Supply
$\overline{OE}$	Output Enable		
ZZ	Power Sleep Mode		
$\overline{LBO}$	Burst Mode Control		
TCK	JTAG Test Clock		
TMS	JTAG Test Mode Select		
TDI	JTAG Test Data Input		
TDO	JTAG Test Data Output		

FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

The K7N643631M and K7N641831M are NtRAM™ designed to sustain 100% bus bandwidth by eliminating turnaround cycle when there is transition from Read to Write, or vice versa.

All inputs (with the exception of $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{LBO}$ and $\overline{ZZ}$) are synchronized to rising clock edges.

All read, write and deselect cycles are initiated by the ADV input. Subsequent burst addresses can be internally generated by the burst advance pin (ADV). ADV should be driven to Low once the device has been deselected in order to load a new address for next operation.

Clock Enable($\overline{CKE}$) pin allows the operation of the chip to be suspended as long as necessary. When $\overline{CKE}$ is high, all synchronous inputs are ignored and the internal device registers will hold their previous values.

NtRAM™ latches external address and initiates a cycle, when $\overline{CKE}$, ADV are driven to low and all three chip enables($\overline{CS1}$, $\overline{CS2}$, $\overline{CS2}$) are active .

Output Enable($\overline{OE}$) can be used to disable the output at any given time.

Read operation is initiated when at the rising edge of the clock, the address presented to the address inputs are latched in the address register, $\overline{CKE}$ is driven low, all three chip enables($\overline{CS1}$, $\overline{CS2}$, $\overline{CS2}$) are active, the write enable input signals $\overline{WE}$ are driven high, and ADV driven low. The internal array is read between the first rising edge and the second rising edge of the clock and the data is latched in the output register. At the second clock edge the data is driven out of the SRAM. Also during read operation $\overline{OE}$ must be driven low for the device to drive out the requested data.

Write operation occurs when $\overline{WE}$ is driven low at the rising edge of the clock. $\overline{BW}[d:a]$ can be used for byte write operation. The pipelined NtRAM™ uses a late-late write cycle to utilize 100% of the bandwidth.

At the first rising edge of the clock, $\overline{WE}$ and address are registered, and the data associated with that address is required two cycle later.

Subsequent addresses are generated by ADV High for the burst access as shown below. The starting point of the burst sequence is provided by the external address. The burst address counter wraps around to its initial state upon completion.

The burst sequence is determined by the state of the $\overline{LBO}$ pin. When this pin is low, linear burst sequence is selected.

And when this pin is high, Interleaved burst sequence is selected.

During normal operation, $\overline{ZZ}$ must be driven low. When $\overline{ZZ}$ is driven high, the SRAM will enter a Power Sleep Mode after 2 cycles. At this time, internal state of the SRAM is preserved. When $\overline{ZZ}$ returns to low, the SRAM normally operates after 2 cycles of wake up time.

BURST SEQUENCE TABLE

(Interleaved Burst, $\overline{LBO}$ =High)

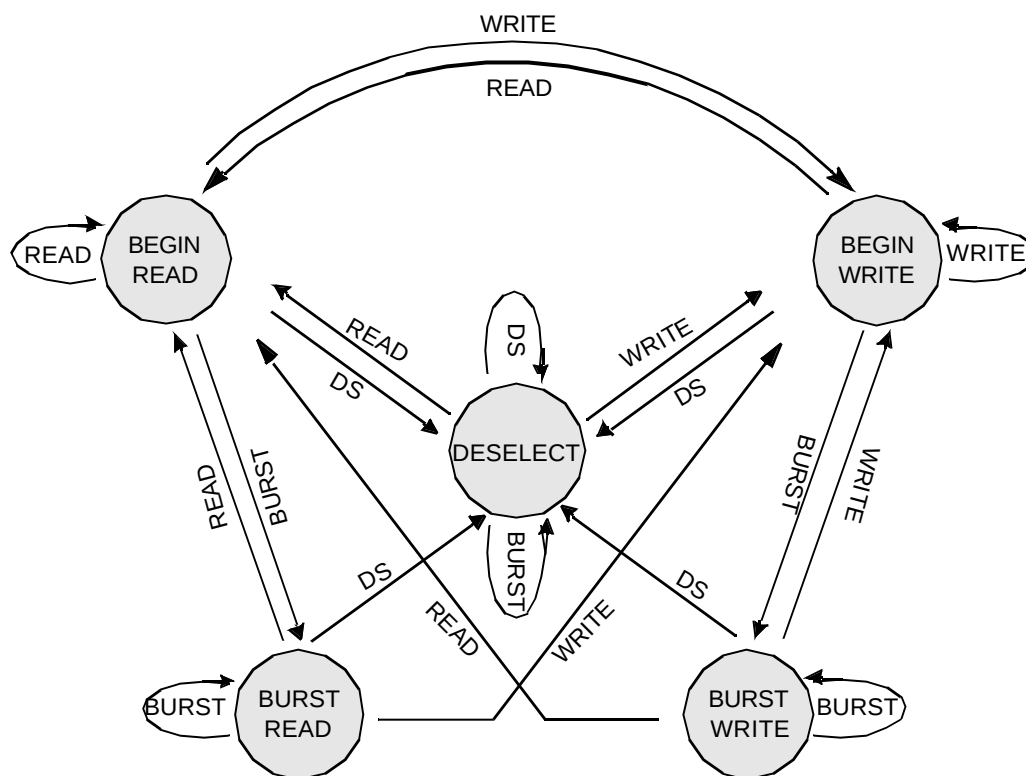
$\overline{\text{LBO}}$ PIN	HIGH	Case 1		Case 2		Case 3		Case 4	
		A ₁	A ₀	A ₁	A ₀	A ₁	A ₀	A ₁	A ₀
First Address ↓ Fourth Address		0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
		0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
		1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
		1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0

(Linear Burst, $\overline{LBO}$ =Low)

$\overline{\text{LBO}}$ PIN	LOW	Case 1		Case 2		Case 3		Case 4	
		A ₁	A ₀	A ₁	A ₀	A ₁	A ₀	A ₁	A ₀
First Address		0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
↓		0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
		1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
		1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
Fourth Address									

Note : 1. $\overline{LBO}$ pin must be tied to High or Low, and Floating State must not be allowed.

STATE DIAGRAM FOR NtRAM™



COMMAND	ACTION
DS	DESELECT
READ	BEGIN READ
WRITE	BEGIN WRITE
BURST	BEGIN READ BEGIN WRITE CONTINUE DESELECT

Notes : 1. An IGNORE CLOCK EDGE cycle is not shown in the above diagram. This is because CKE HIGH only blocks the clock(CLK) input and does not change the state of the device.
2. States change on the rising edge of the clock(CLK)

TRUTH TABLES

SYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

CS ₁	CS ₂	CS ₂	ADV	WE	BW _x	OE	CKE	CLK	ADDRESS ACCESSED	OPERATION
H	X	X	L	X	X	X	L	↑	N/A	Not Selected
X	L	X	L	X	X	X	L	↑	N/A	Not Selected
X	X	H	L	X	X	X	L	↑	N/A	Not Selected
X	X	X	H	X	X	X	L	↑	N/A	Not Selected Continue
L	H	L	L	H	X	L	L	↑	External Address	Begin Burst Read Cycle
X	X	X	H	X	X	L	L	↑	Next Address	Continue Burst Read Cycle
L	H	L	L	H	X	H	L	↑	External Address	NOP/Dummy Read
X	X	X	H	X	X	H	L	↑	Next Address	Dummy Read
L	H	L	L	L	L	X	L	↑	External Address	Begin Burst Write Cycle
X	X	X	H	X	L	X	L	↑	Next Address	Continue Burst Write Cycle
L	H	L	L	L	H	X	L	↑	N/A	NOP/Write Abort
X	X	X	H	X	H	X	L	↑	Next Address	Write Abort
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	H	↑	Current Address	Ignore Clock

- Notes :** 1. X means "Don't Care". 2. The rising edge of clock is symbolized by (↑).
3. A continue deselect cycle can only be entered if a deselect cycle is executed first.
4. **WRITE = L** means Write operation in WRITE TRUTH TABLE.
WRITE = H means Read operation in WRITE TRUTH TABLE.
5. Operation finally depends on status of asynchronous input pins(ZZ and $\overline{OE}$).

WRITE TRUTH TABLE_(x36)

WE	BW _a	BW _b	BW _c	BW _d	OPERATION
H	X	X	X	X	READ
L	L	H	H	H	WRITE BYTE a
L	H	L	H	H	WRITE BYTE b
L	H	H	L	H	WRITE BYTE c
L	H	H	H	L	WRITE BYTE d
L	L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTES
L	H	H	H	H	WRITE ABORT/NOP

- Notes :** 1. X means "Don't Care".
2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of CLK(↑).

WRITE TRUTH TABLE_(x18)

WE	BW _a	BW _b	OPERATION
H	X	X	READ
L	L	H	WRITE BYTE a
L	H	L	WRITE BYTE b
L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTES
L	H	H	WRITE ABORT/NOP

- Notes :** 1. X means "Don't Care".
2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of CLK(↑).

ASYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

OPERATION	ZZ	OE	I/O STATUS
Sleep Mode	H	X	High-Z
Read	L	L	DQ
	L	H	High-Z
Write	L	X	Din, High-Z
Deselected	L	X	High-Z

Notes

1. X means "Don't Care".
2. Sleep Mode means power Sleep Mode of which stand-by current does not depend on cycle time.
3. Deselected means power Sleep Mode of which stand-by current depends on cycle time.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Voltage on V _{DD} Supply Relative to V _{SS}	V _{DD}	-0.3 to 3.6	V
Voltage on Any Other Pin Relative to V _{SS}	V _{IN}	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Power Dissipation	P _D	1.6	W
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-65 to 150	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	0 to 70	°C
Storage Temperature Range Under Bias	T _{BIAS}	-10 to 85	°C

***Note :** Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

OPERATING CONDITIONS(0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	Typ.	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V _{DD1}	1.7	1.8	1.95	V
	V _{DDQ1}	1.7	1.8	1.95	V
	V _{DD2}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	V _{DDQ2}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	V _{DD3}	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	V _{DDQ3}	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
Ground	V _{SS}	0	0	0	V

***Note:** V_{DD} and V_{DDQ} must be supplied with identical voltage levels.
It should be V_{DDQ} ≤ V_{DD} and It can not be use V_{DDQ} = 1.8V with V_{DD} = 3.3V.

CAPACITANCE*(T_A=25°C, f=1MHz)

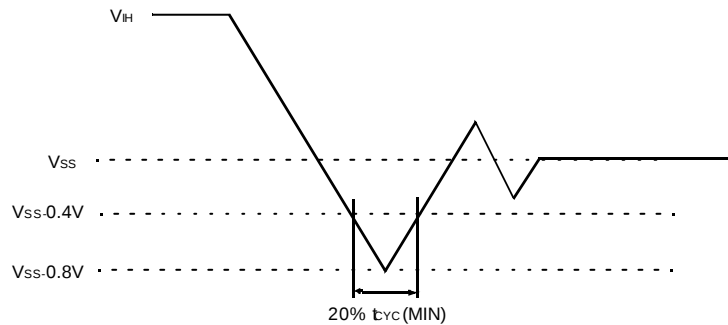
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	V _{IN} =0V	-	TBD	pF
Output Capacitance	C _{OUT}	V _{OUT} =0V	-	TBD	pF

***Note :** Sampled not 100% tested.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS($V_{DD}=2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A=0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTES
Input Leakage Current(except ZZ)	IIL	VDD=Max ; VIN=VSS to VDD		-2	+2	μA	
Output Leakage Current	IOL	Output Disabled,		-2	+2	μA	
Operating Current	ICC	VDD=Max IOUT=0mA Cycle Time ≥ tcyc Min	-25	-	TBD	mA	1,2
			-16	-	TBD		
Standby Current	ISB	Device deselected, IOUT=0mA, ZZ≤VIL, f=Max, All Inputs≤0.2V or ≥ VDD-0.2V	-25	-	TBD	mA	
			-16	-	TBD		
	ISB1	Device deselected, IOUT=0mA, ZZ≤0.2V, f=0, All Inputs=fixed (VDD-0.2V or 0.2V)	-	TBD	mA		
	ISB2	Device deselected, IOUT=0mA, ZZ≥VDD-0.2V, f=Max, All Inputs≤VIL or ≥VIH	-	TBD	mA		
Output Low Voltage	VOL	IOL=1.0mA		-	0.4	V	
Output High Voltage	VOH	IOH=-1.0mA		2.0	-	V	
Input Low Voltage	VIL			-0.3*	0.7	V	
Input High Voltage	VIH			1.7	VDD+0.3**	V	3

Notes : 1. Reference AC Operating Conditions and Characteristics for input and timing.
2. Data states are all zero.
3. In Case of I/O Pins, the Max. $V_{IH}=V_{DDQ}+0.3V$



TEST CONDITIONS

($T_A=0$ to $70^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD}=2.5V \pm 5\%$, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	VALUE
Input Pulse Level	0 to 2.5V
Input Rise and Fall Time(Measured at 20% to 80%)	1.0V/ns
Input and Output Timing Reference Levels	$V_{DDQ}/2$
Output Load	See Fig. 1

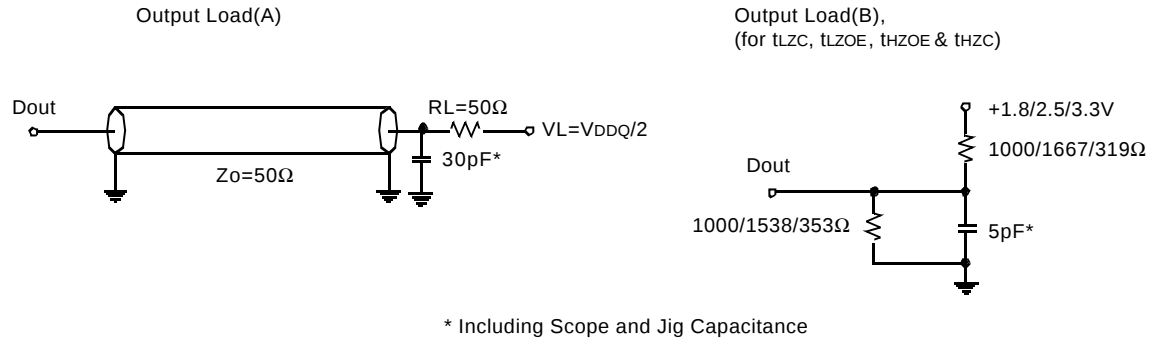


Fig. 1

AC TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

(VDD=2.5V ±5%, TA=0 to 70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	-25		-16		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Cycle Time	tCYC	4.0	-	6.0	-	ns
Clock Access Time	tCD	-	2.6	-	3.5	ns
Output Enable to Data Valid	tOE	-	2.6	-	3.5	ns
Clock High to Output Low-Z	tLZC	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
Output Hold from Clock High	tOH	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
Output Enable Low to Output Low-Z	tLZOE	0	-	0	-	ns
Output Enable High to Output High-Z	tHZOE	-	2.6	-	3.0	ns
Clock High to Output High-Z	tHZC	-	2.6	-	3.0	ns
Clock High Pulse Width	tCH	1.7	-	2.2	-	ns
Clock Low Pulse Width	tCL	1.7	-	2.2	-	ns
Address Setup to Clock High	tAS	1.2	-	1.5	-	ns
CKE Setup to Clock High	tCES	1.2	-	1.5	-	ns
Data Setup to Clock High	tDS	1.2	-	1.5	-	ns
Write Setup to Clock High ($\overline{WE}$, $\overline{BWx}$)	tWS	1.2	-	1.5	-	ns
Address Advance Setup to Clock High	tADVS	1.2	-	1.5	-	ns
Chip Select Setup to Clock High	tCSS	1.2	-	1.5	-	ns
Address Hold from Clock High	tAH	0.3	-	0.5	-	ns
$\overline{CKE}$ Hold from Clock High	tCEH	0.3	-	0.5	-	ns
Data Hold from Clock High	tDH	0.3	-	0.5	-	ns
Write Hold from Clock High ($\overline{WE}$, $\overline{BWx}$)	tWH	0.3	-	0.5	-	ns
Address Advance Hold from Clock High	tADVH	0.3	-	0.5	-	ns
Chip Select Hold from Clock High	tCSH	0.3	-	0.5	-	ns
ZZ High to Power Down	tPDS	2	-	2	-	cycle
ZZ Low to Power Up	tPUS	2	-	2	-	cycle

Notes :

1. All address inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times for all rising clock(CLK) edges when ADV is sampled low and $\overline{CS}$ is sampled low. All other synchronous inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times whenever this device is chip selected.
2. Chip selects must be valid at each rising edge of CLK(when ADV is Low) to remain enabled.
3. A write cycle is defined by $\overline{WE}$ low having been registered into the device at ADV Low, A Read cycle is defined by $\overline{WE}$ High with ADV Low, Both cases must meet setup and hold times.
4. To avoid bus contention, At a given voltage and temperature tLZC is more than tHZC.
The specs as shown do not imply bus contention because tLZC is a Min. parameter that is worst case at totally different test conditions (0°C,2.625V) than tHZC, which is a Max. parameter(worst case at 70°C,2.375V)
It is not possible for two SRAMs on the same board to be at such different voltage and temperature.

SLEEP MODE

SLEEP MODE is a low current, power-down mode in which the device is deselected and current is reduced to I_{SB2} . The duration of SLEEP MODE is dictated by the length of time the ZZ is in a High state.

After entering SLEEP MODE, all inputs except ZZ become disabled and all outputs go to High-Z.

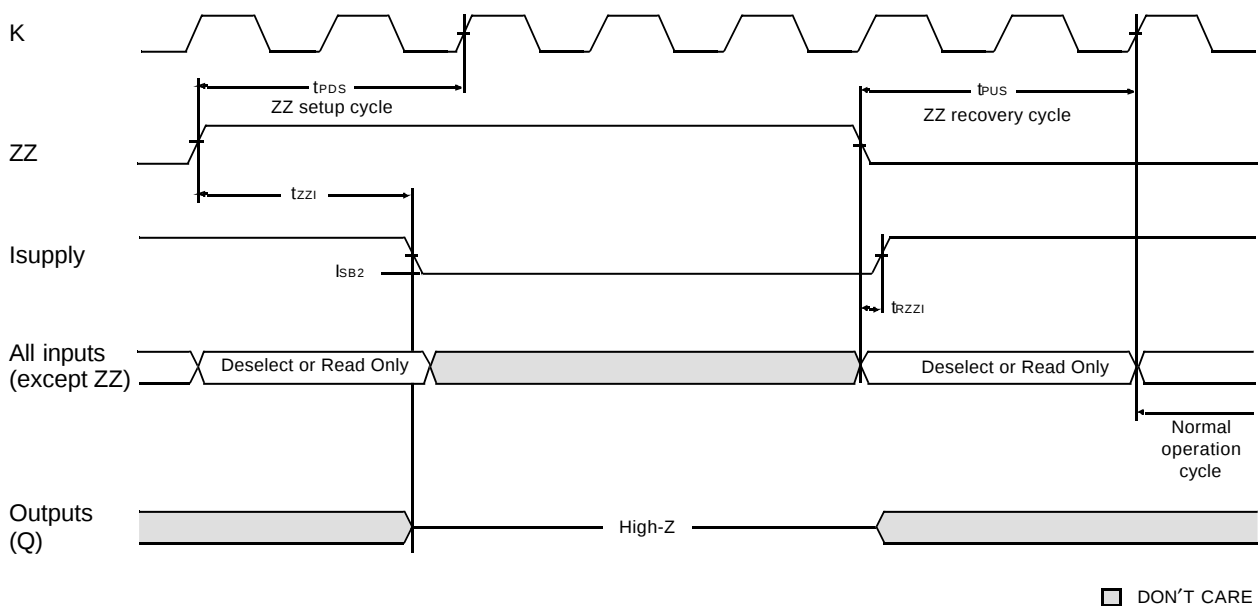
The ZZ pin is an asynchronous, active high input that causes the device to enter SLEEP MODE.

When the ZZ pin becomes a logic High, I_{SB2} is guaranteed after the time t_{ZZI} is met. Any operation pending when entering SLEEP MODE is not guaranteed to successful complete. Therefore, SLEEP MODE (READ or WRITE) must not be initiated until valid pending operations are completed. Similarly, when exiting SLEEP MODE during t_{PUS} , only a DESELECT or READ cycle should be given while the SRAM is transitioning out of SLEEP MODE.

SLEEP MODE ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Current during SLEEP MODE	$ZZ \geq V_{IH}$	I_{SB2}		TBD	mA
ZZ active to input ignored		t_{PDS}	2		cycle
ZZ inactive to input sampled		t_{PUS}	2		cycle
ZZ active to SLEEP current		t_{ZZI}		2	cycle
ZZ inactive to exit SLEEP current		t_{RZZI}	0		

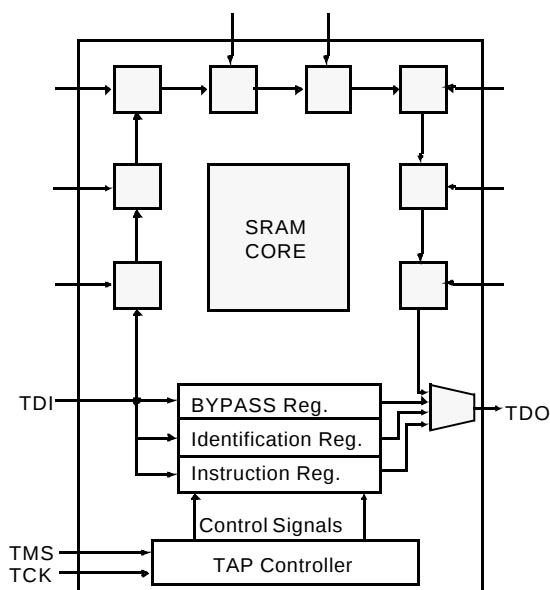
SLEEP MODE WAVEFORM



IEEE 1149.1 TEST ACCESS PORT AND BOUNDARY SCAN-JTAG

This part contains an IEEE standard 1149.1 Compatible Test Access Port(TAP). The package pads are monitored by the Serial Scan circuitry when in test mode. This is to support connectivity testing during manufacturing and system diagnostics. Internal data is not driven out of the SRAM under JTAG control. In conformance with IEEE 1149.1, the SRAM contains a TAP controller, Instruction Register, Bypass Register and ID register. The TAP controller has a standard 16-state machine that resets internally upon power-up, therefore, TRST signal is not required. It is possible to use this device without utilizing the TAP. To disable the TAP controller without interfacing with normal operation of the SRAM, TCK must be tied to Vss to preclude mid level input. TMS and TDI are designed so an undriven input will produce a response identical to the application of a logic 1, and may be left unconnected. But they may also be tied to VDD through a resistor. TDO should be left unconnected.

JTAG Block Diagram



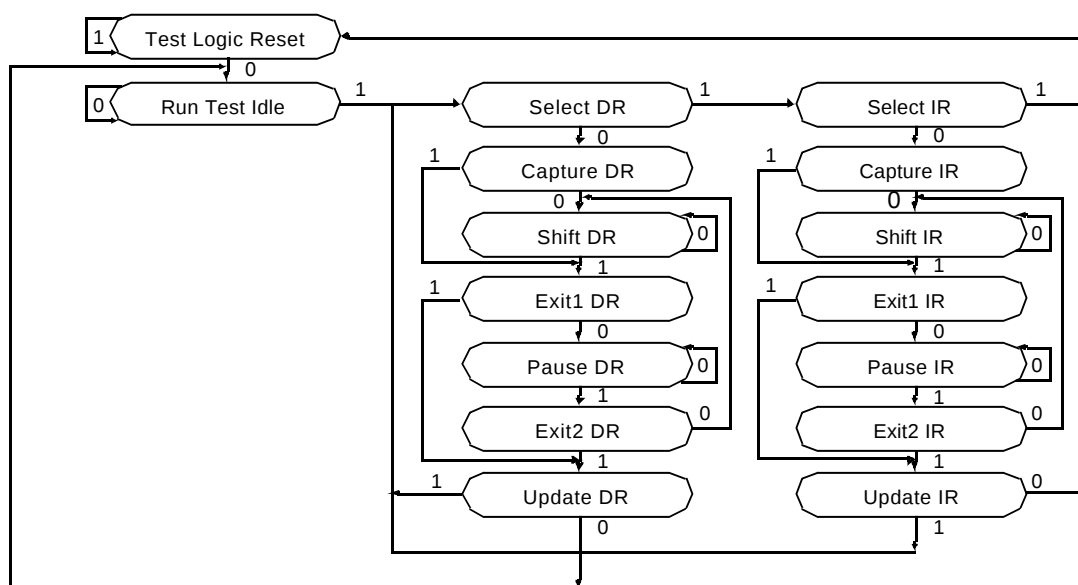
JTAG Instruction Coding

IR2	IR1	IR0	Instruction	TDO Output	Notes
0	0	0	EXTEST	Boundary Scan Register	1
0	0	1	IDCODE	Identification Register	3
0	1	0	SAMPLE-Z	Boundary Scan Register	2
0	1	1	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4
1	0	0	SAMPLE	Boundary Scan Register	5
1	0	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	0	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4
1	1	1	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4

NOTE :

1. Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs. This instruction is not IEEE 1149.1 compliant.
2. Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs.
3. TDI is sampled as an input to the first ID register to allow for the serial shift of the external TDI data.
4. Bypass register is initiated to Vss when BYPASS instruction is invoked. The Bypass Register also holds serially loaded TDI when exiting the Shift DR states.
5. SAMPLE instruction dose not places DQs in Hi-Z.
6. This instruction is reserved for future use.

TAP Controller State Diagram



SCAN REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Instruction Register	Bypass Register	ID Register	Boundary Scan
2Mx36	3 bits	1 bits	32 bits	85 bits
4Mx18	3 bits	1 bits	32 bits	85 bits

Part	Revision Number (31:28)	Part Configuration (27:18)	Vendor Definition (17:12)	Samsung JEDEC Code (11: 1)	Start Bit(0)
2Mx36	0000	01001 00100	XXXXXX	00001001110	1
4Mx18	0000	01010 00011	XXXXXX	00001001110	1

BIT	PIN ID	BIT	PIN ID
1	4H	40	4F
2	4T	41	4M
3	5T	42	5A
4	6T	43	4K
5	5R	44	4E
6	5L	45	4G
7	6R	46	4A
8	6U	47	3G
9	7R	48	3C
10	7T	49	2B
11	6P	50	3B
12	7N	51	3A
13	6M	52	2C
14	7L	53	2A
15	6K	54	1B
16	7P	55	1C
17	6N	56	2D
18	6L	57	1E
19	7K	58	2F
20	5J	59	1G
21	6H	60	2H
22	7G	61	1D
23	6F	62	2E
24	7E	63	2G
25	7D	64	1H
26	7H	65	3J
27	6G	66	2K
28	6E	67	1L
29	6D	68	2M
30	7C	69	1N
31	7B	70	1P
32	6C	71	1K
33	6A	72	2L
34	5C	73	2N
35	5B	74	2P
36	5G	75	3R
37	6B	76	1T
38	4D	77	1R
39	4B	78	2T

BIT	PIN ID	BIT	PIN ID
79	3L		
80	2R		
81	3T		
82	4L		
83	4N		
84	4P		
85	Internal		

Note: 1. NC and Vss pins included in the scan exit order are read as "X" (i.e. don't care).

SCAN INFORMATION (165 FBGA)

SCAN REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Instruction Register	Bypass Register	ID Register	Boundary Scan
2Mx36	3 bits	1 bits	32 bits	89 bits
4Mx18	3 bits	1 bits	32 bits	89 bits

ID REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Revision Number (31:28)	Part Configuration (27:18)	Vendor Definition (17:12)	Samsung JEDEC Code (11: 1)	Start Bit(0)
2Mx36	0000	01001 00100	XXXXXX	00001001110	1
4Mx18	0000	01010 00011	XXXXXX	00001001110	1

BOUNDARY SCAN EXIT ORDER

BIT	PIN ID	BIT	PIN ID	BIT	PIN ID
1	6N	40	8A	79	1R
2	7N	41	8B	80	2R
3	10N	42	7A	81	3P
4	11P	43	7B	82	3R
5	8P	44	6B	83	2P
6	8R	45	6A	84	4R
7	9R	46	5B	85	4P
8	9P	47	5A	86	5N
9	10P	48	4A	87	6P
10	10R	49	4B	88	6R
11	11R	50	3B	89	Internal
12	11H	51	3A		
13	11N	52	2A		
14	11M	53	2B		
15	11L	54	2C		
16	11K	55	1B		
17	11J	56	1A		
18	10M	57	1C		
19	10L	58	1D		
20	10K	59	1E		
21	10J	60	1F		
22	9H	61	1G		
23	10H	62	2D		
24	11G	63	2E		
25	11F	64	2F		
26	11E	65	2G		
27	11D	66	1H		
28	10G	67	3H		
29	10F	68	1J		
30	10E	69	1K		
31	10D	70	1L		
32	11C	71	1M		
33	11A	72	2J		
34	11B	73	2K		
35	10A	74	2L		
36	10B	75	2M		
37	9A	76	1N		
38	9B	77	2N		
39	10C	78	1P		

Note: 1. NC and Vss pins included in the scan exit order are read as "X" (i.e. don't care).

JTAG DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	3.135/2.375/1.7	3.3/2.5/1.8	3.465/2.625/1.9	V	
Input High Level	V _{IH}	2.0/1.7/1.3	-	V _{DD} +0.3	V	
Input Low Level	V _{IL}	-0.3	-	0.8/0.7/0.5	V	
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	2.4/2.0/1.4	-	-	V	
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	-	-	0.4/0.4/0.4	V	

NOTE : The input level of SRAM pin is to follow the SRAM DC specification.

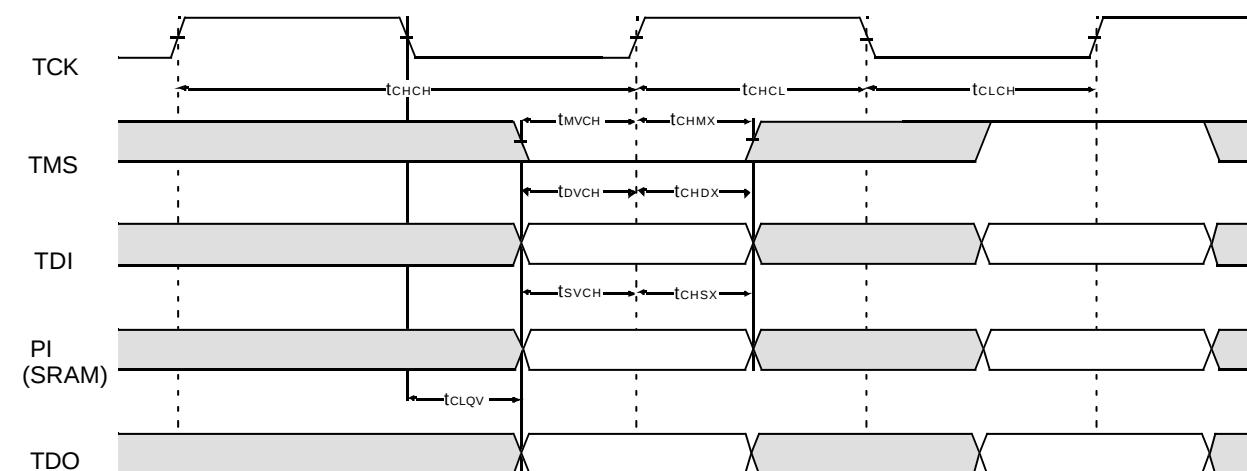
JTAG AC TEST CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit	Note
Input High/Low Level	V _{IH} /V _{IL}	3.0/0, 2.5/0, 1.3/0.5	V	
Input Rise/Fall Time	T _R /T _F	1.0/1.0, 1.0/1.0, 1.0/1.0	ns	
Input and Output Timing Reference Level		V _{DDQ} /2	V	

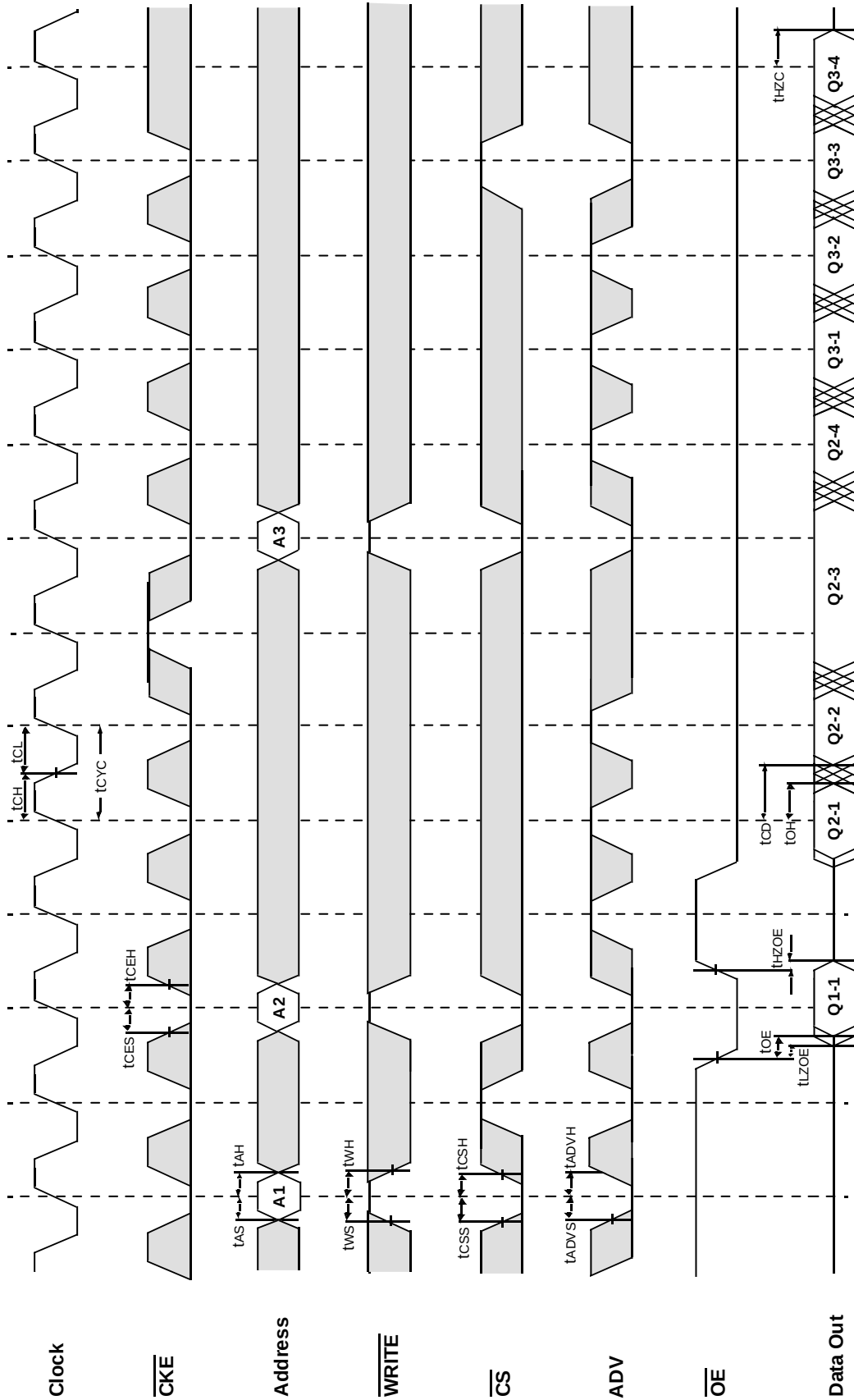
JTAG AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
TCK Cycle Time	t _{CHCH}	50	-	ns	
TCK High Pulse Width	t _{CHCL}	20	-	ns	
TCK Low Pulse Width	t _{CLCH}	20	-	ns	
TMS Input Setup Time	t _{MVCH}	5	-	ns	
TMS Input Hold Time	t _{CHMX}	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Setup Time	t _{DVCH}	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Hold Time	t _{CHDX}	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Setup Time	t _{SVCH}	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Hold Time	t _{CHSX}	5	-	ns	
Clock Low to Output Valid	t _{CLQV}	0	10	ns	

JTAG TIMING DIAGRAM



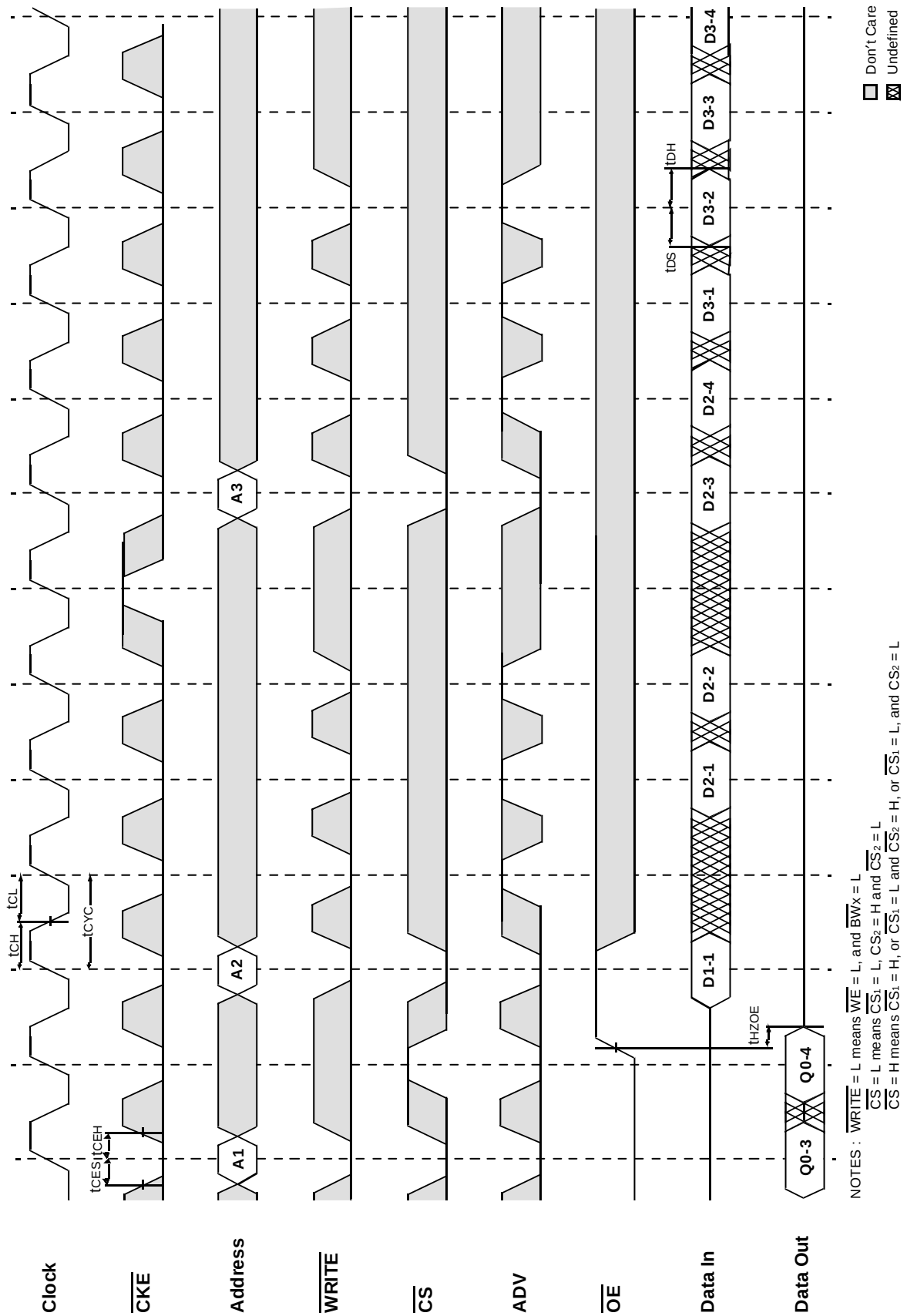
TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE



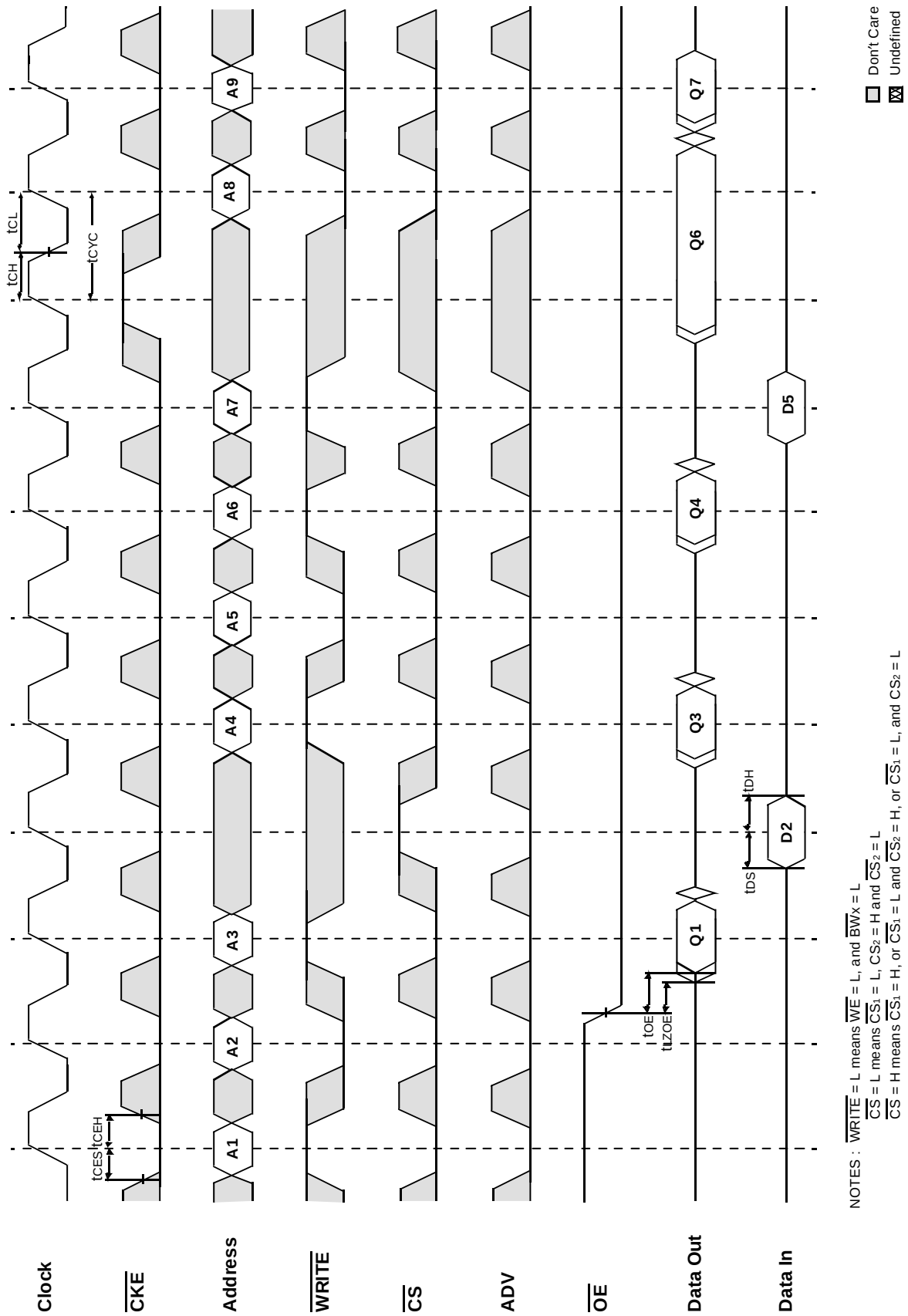
□ Don't Care
⊠ Undefined

NOTES : $\overline{\text{WRITE}} = \text{L}$ means $\overline{\text{WE}} = \text{L}$, and $\overline{\text{BWx}} = \text{L}$
 $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{L}$ means $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{L}$, $\overline{\text{CS}}_2 = \text{H}$ and $\overline{\text{CS}}_2 = \text{L}$
 $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{H}$ means $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{H}$, or $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{L}$ and $\overline{\text{CS}}_2 = \text{H}$, or $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{L}$, and $\overline{\text{CS}}_2 = \text{L}$

TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRTE CYCLE

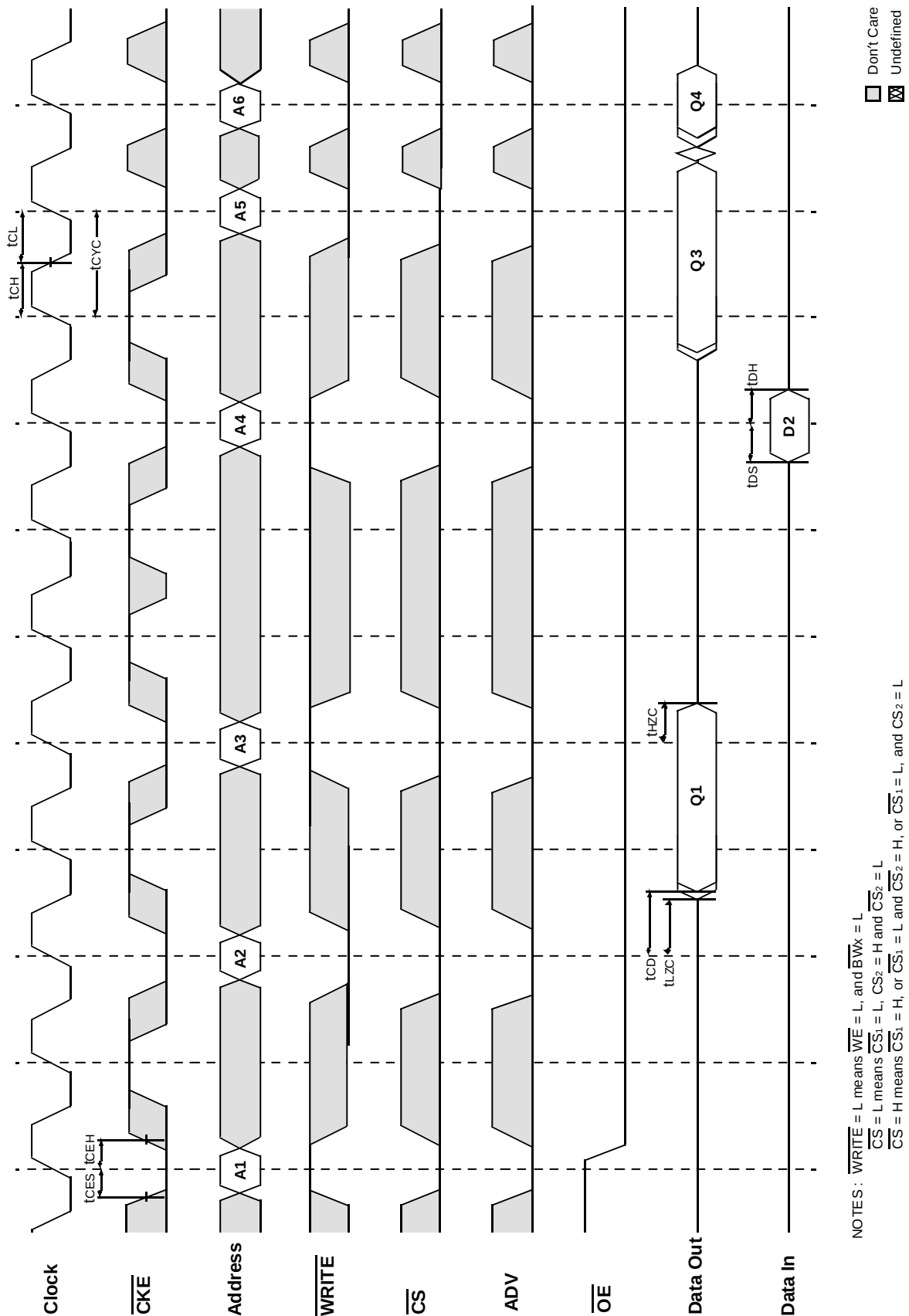


TIMING WAVEFORM OF SINGLE READ/WRITE

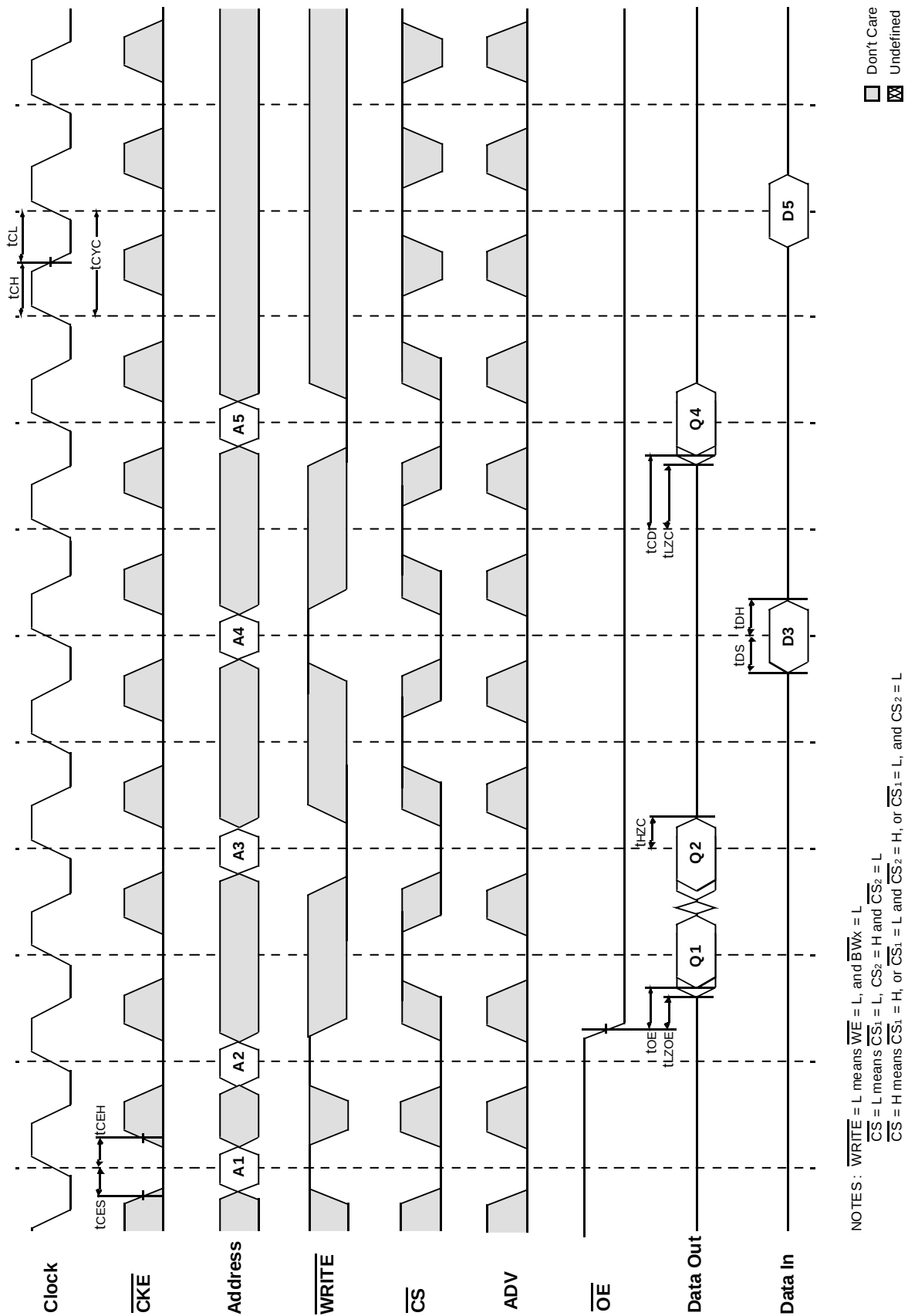


NOTES : $\overline{\text{WRITE}} = \text{L}$ means $\overline{\text{WE}} = \text{L}$, and $\overline{\text{BWx}} = \text{L}$
 $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{L}$ means $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{L}$, $\overline{\text{CS}}_2 = \text{H}$ and $\overline{\text{CS}}_2 = \text{L}$
 $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{H}$ means $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{H}$, or $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{L}$ and $\overline{\text{CS}}_2 = \text{H}$, or $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{L}$, and $\overline{\text{CS}}_2 = \text{L}$

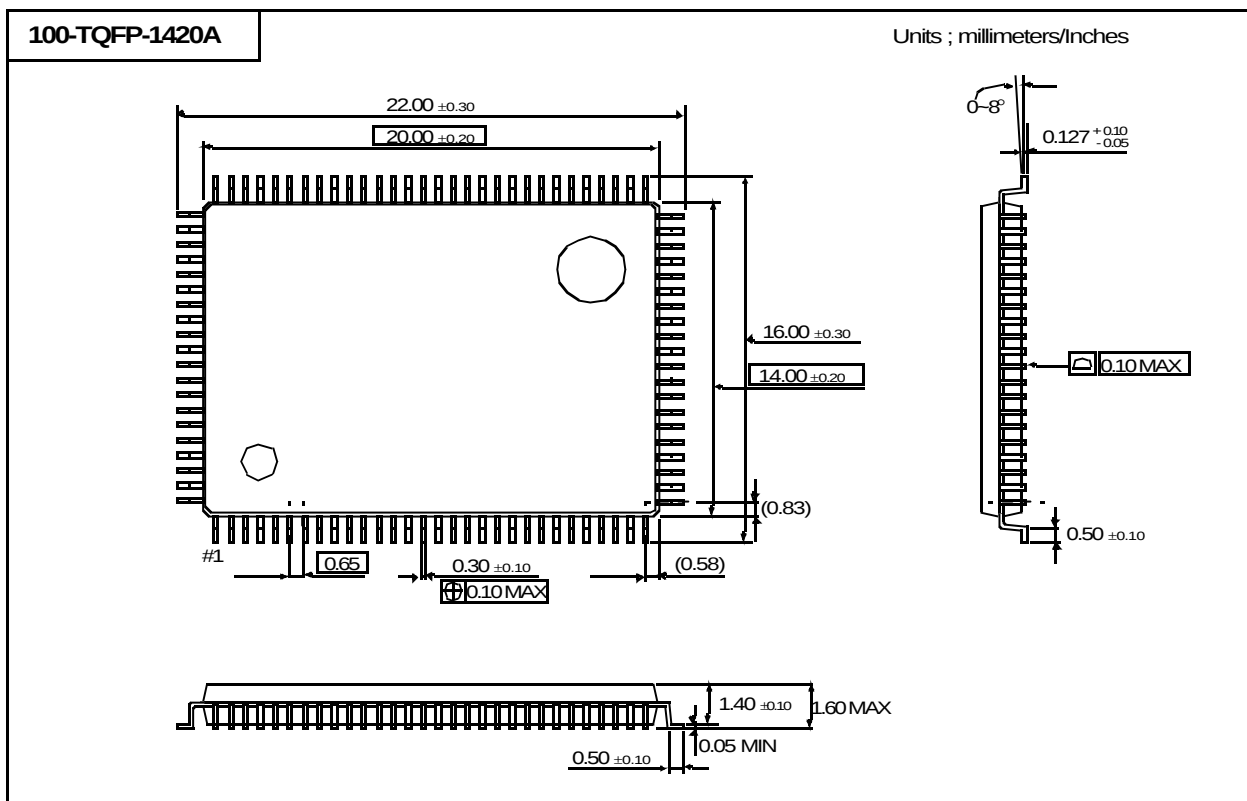
TIMING WAVEFORM OF CKE OPERATION



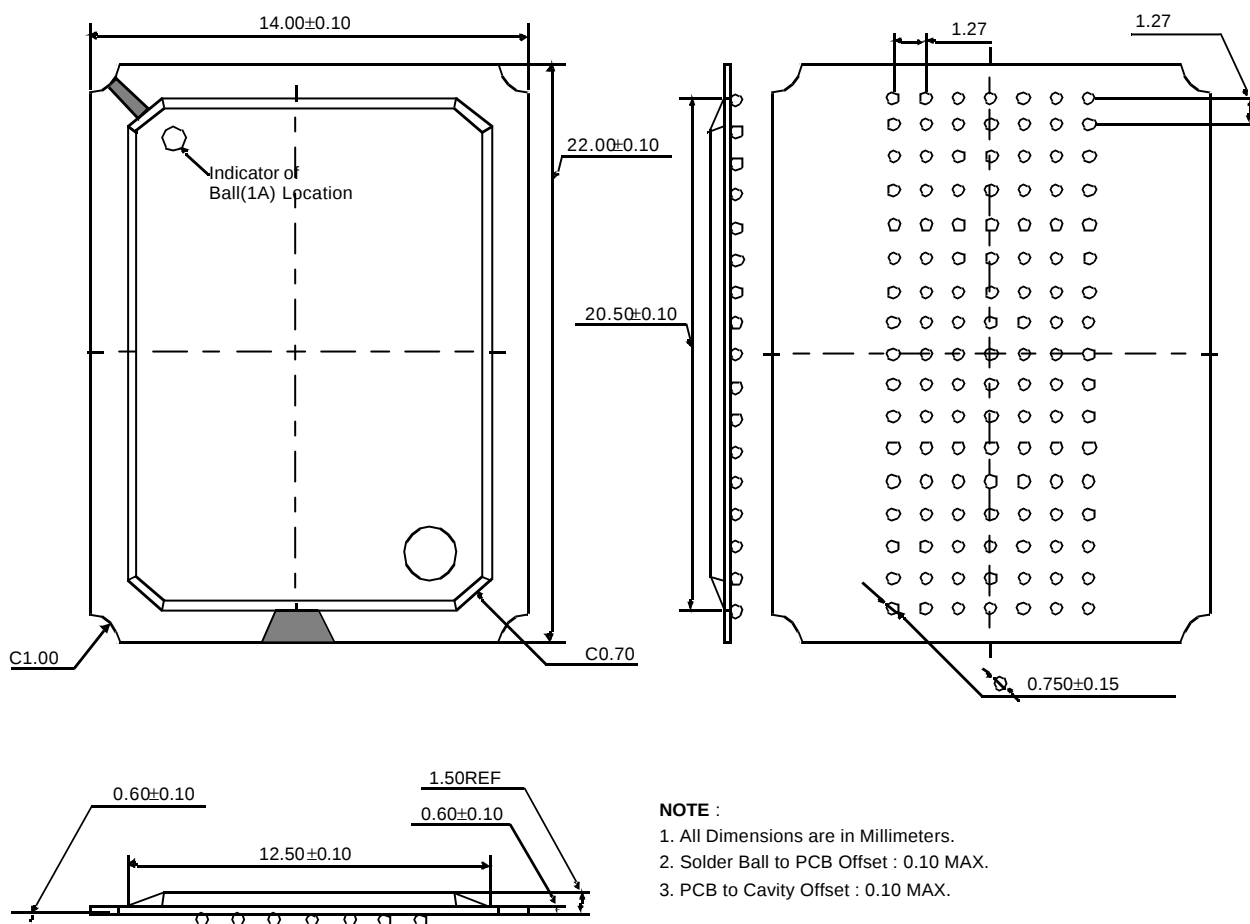
TIMING WAVEFORM OF $\overline{\text{CS}}$ OPERATION



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

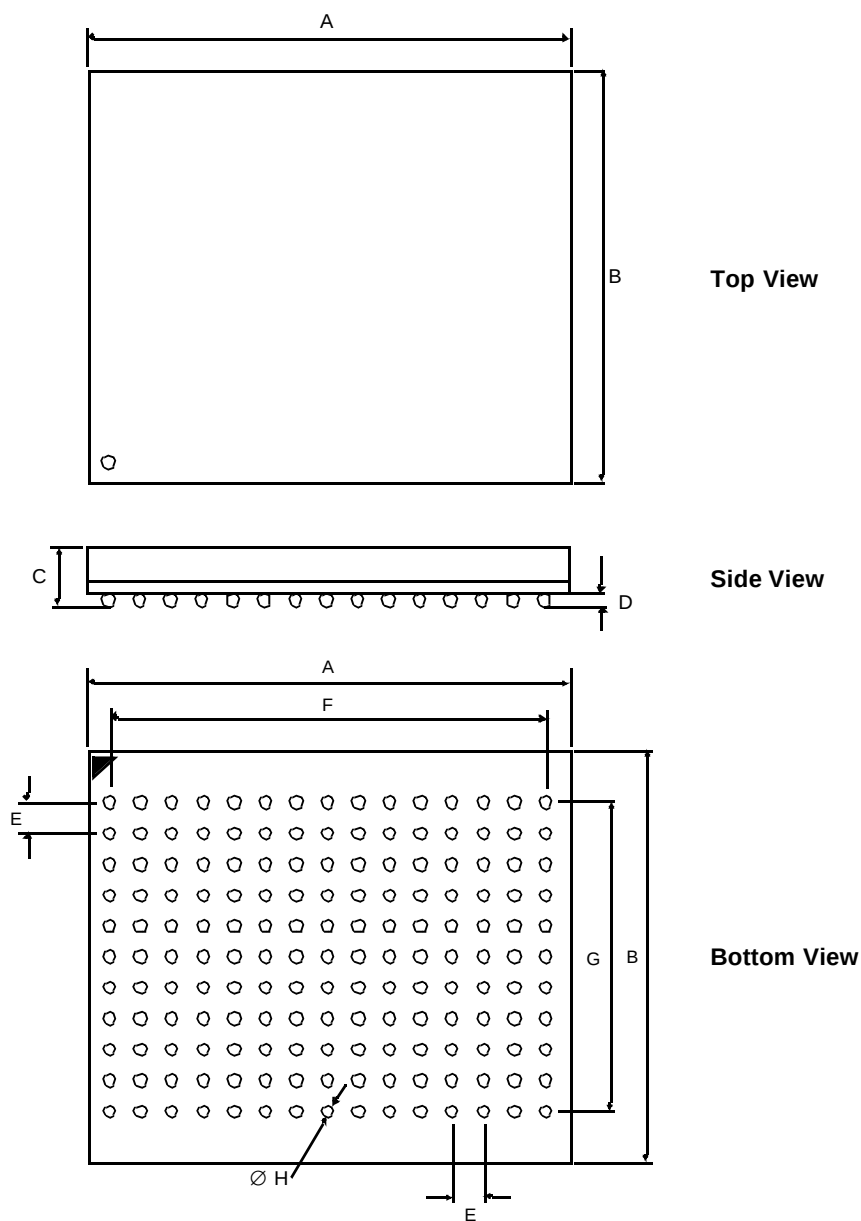


119BGA PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



165 FBGA PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

15mm x 17mm Body, 1.0mm Bump Pitch, 11x15 Ball Array



Symbol	Value	Units	Note	Symbol	Value	Units	Note
A	17 ± 0.1	mm		E	1.0	mm	
B	15 ± 0.1	mm		F	14.0	mm	
C	1.3 ± 0.1	mm		G	10.0	mm	
D	0.35 ± 0.05	mm		H	0.45 ± 0.05	mm	