OKI Semiconductor

FEDL6650FULL-06
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MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx, MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx, MSM66P56-xx, MSM6650

Internal Mask ROM Voice Synthesis IC, Internal One-Time-Programmable (OTP) ROM Voice Synthesis IC, External ROM Drive Voice Synthesis IC

This document contains minimum specifications. For full specifications, please contact your nearest Oki office or representative.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The MSM6650 family is the successor to OKI's MSM6375 family. To ensure high-quality voice synthesis, the MSM6650 family members offer adaptive differential pulse-code modulation (ADPCM) playback, pulse-code modulation (PCM) playback, 12-bit D/A conversion, and on-chip –40 dB/octave low-pass filter (LPF).

The conventional "beep" tones and 2-channel playback are now easier to use. OKI has added additional functions such as melody play, fade-out, and random playback. OKI has improved external control by adding an Phrase Control Table functioin. The Phrase Control Table function can be used to form sentences by linking phrases.

The MSM6650 family members can support a variety of applications as it can function in either Standalone Mode or Microcontroller Interface Mode. In Microcontroller Interface Mode, serial input control is available. Serial input control minimizes the number of microcontroller port pins required for voice synthesis control. The MSM6650 family includes an internal mask ROM version, internal one-time-programmable (OTP) ROM version, and external ROM version. The features of the MSM6650 family devices are as follows.

- MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx
  These devices are single-chip voice synthesizers with an on-chip mask ROM using the CMOS technology.
  Standalone Mode or Microcontroller Interface Mode can be selected by mask option.
  These have already been obsolete devices. We recommend A version when you design in your new products as bellows.
- MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx
  The trial production period for these devices is shorter than those described above. These devices are suitable for new products.
- MSM66P56-xx
  The device is a single-chip CMOS voice synthesizer with one-time-programmable (OTP) ROM.
  Standalone and Microcontroller Interface Modes are selected by using a code (01-04).
  The user can easily write voice data using the development tool AR204,AR205. Unlike the mask ROM version, the OTP version is suited to applications which requires a small lot production of different type devices or short delivery time.
- MSM6650
  The MSM6650 device can directly connect external ROM or EPROM of up to 64 Mbits, which stores voice data. This device is ideally suited to an evaluation IC for the MSM6650 family because its circuit configuration is identical to those of the mask ROM-based and OTP version devices.

• Option Table

	Pin Name	Microcontroller interface Mode		Standalone Mode		
		Serial Input	Parallel Input	With Standby	No Standby	
MSM6652/53/54/55/56 MSM6652A/53A/54A/ 55A/56A/58A	—	Mask Option				*1
MSM66P56	—	–01	–02	–03	–04	*2
MSM6650	CPU	"H"	"H"	"L"	"L"	
	SERIAL	"H"	"L"	"L"	"L"	
	$\overline{\text{STBY}}$	—	—	"L"	"H"	

*1. The options for the mask ROM-based devices are mask options. The user should send OKI an option list before starting development. A sample of option list is shown below.

*2. A code of OTP version device corresponds to one of the options. The user should specify either MSM66P56-03 or MSM66P56-04. (In this case, no option list is required.)

Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd.

Date:

Option List

You are requested to develop MSM665X-XXX on the following conditions.

1. Options

There are four options for the MSM6650 family.

Choose and circle the desired option.

Option	Interface mode	Input	Standby conversion
Option A	Microcontroller	Serial	—
Option B	Microcontroller	Parallel	—
Option C	Standalone	—	Yes
Option D	Standalone	—	No

2. Package and quantity

Item	Package (circle the desired one)			Quantity	Note
Ceramic sample	18-pin DIP (ceramic)	24-pin SOP (ceramic)	chip	___pcs	Up to 10 samples. Operating temp. : 10 to 30°C
Mold sample	18-pin DIP (plastic)	24-pin SOP (plastic)	chip	___pcs	Up to 50 samples
Mass produc-tion	18-pin DIP (plastic)	24-pin SOP (plastic)	chip	____ pcs per lot monthly	

Signed by _____

Title :

Company name :

STANDALONE MODE

FEATURES

Device name	ROM size	Maximum playback time (sec)			
		f_{SAM} = 4.0 kHz	f_{SAM} = 6.4 kHz	f_{SAM} = 8.0 kHz	f_{SAM} = 16 kHz
MSM6652, 6652A	288 Kbits	16.9	10.5	8.4	4.2
MSM6653, 6653A	544 Kbits	31.2	19.5	15.6	7.8
MSM6654, 6654A	1 Mbit	63.8	39.9	31.9	15.9
MSM6655, 6655A	1.5 Mbits	96.5	60.3	48.2	24.1
MSM6656, 6656A	2 Mbits	129.1	80.7	64.5	32.2
MSM6658A	4 Mbits	259.7	162.9	129.8	64.9
MSM66P56	2 Mbit	129.1	80.7	64.5	32.2
MSM6650	64 Mbits (Max)	4194.3	2620.5	2096.4	1048.2

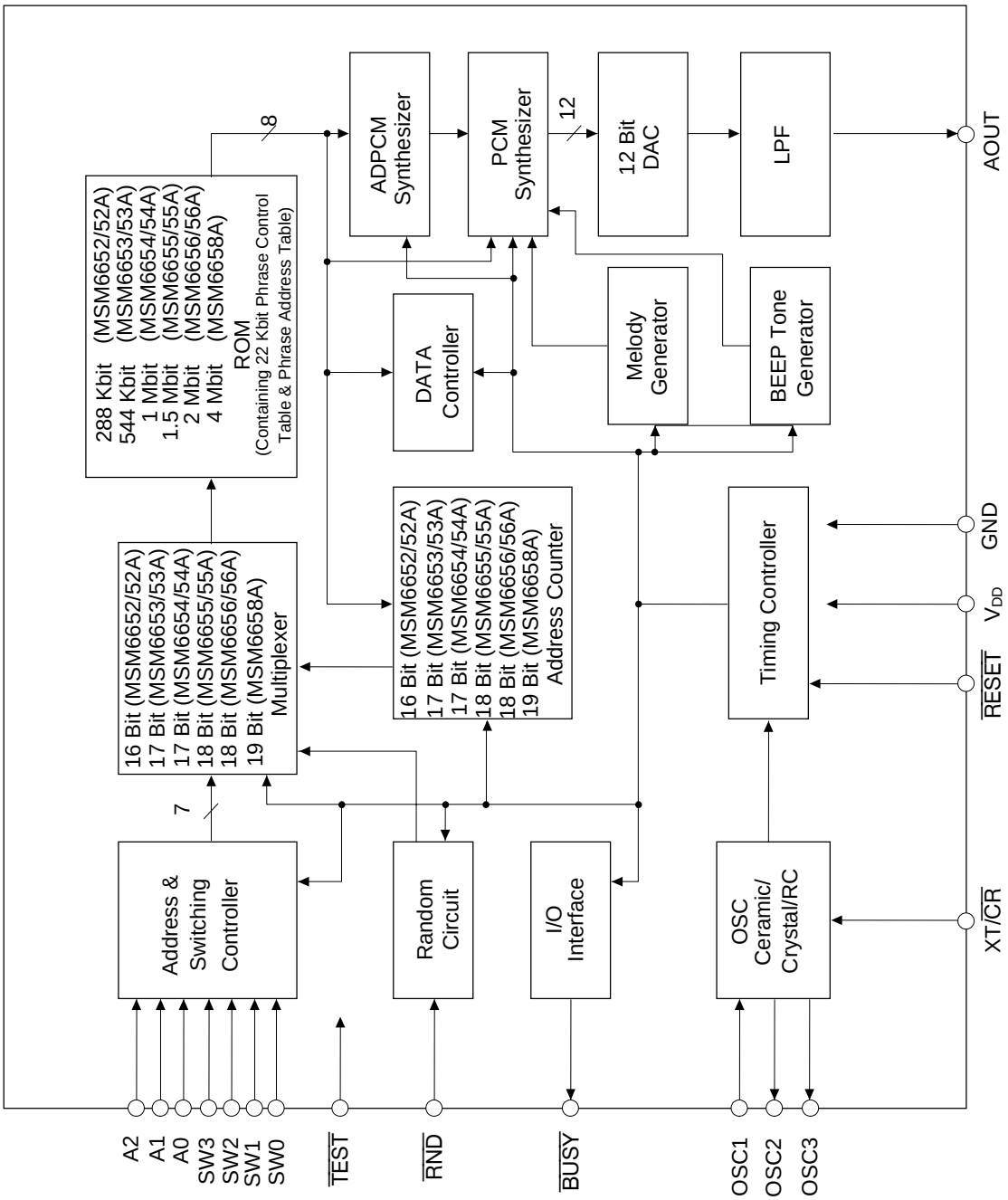
Note: Actual voice ROM area is smaller by 22 Kbits.

- 4-bit ADPCM or 8-bit PCM sound generation
- Melody function
- Phrase Control Table function
- Two-channel mixing function
- Built-in random playback function
- Fade-out function via four-step sound volume attenuation
- Built-in beep tone of 0.5 kHz, 1.0 kHz, 1.3 kHz, or 2.0 kHz selectable with a specific code
- Sampling frequency of 4.0 kHz, 5.3 kHz, 6.4 kHz, 8.0 kHz, 10.6 kHz, 12.8 kHz, 16.0 kHz, or 32.0 kHz (32 kHz sampling is not possible when using RC oscillation)
- Up to 120 phrases
- Built-in 12-bit D/A converter
- Built-in –40 dB/octave low-pass filter
- Standby function
- Selectable RC or ceramic oscillation
- Package options:

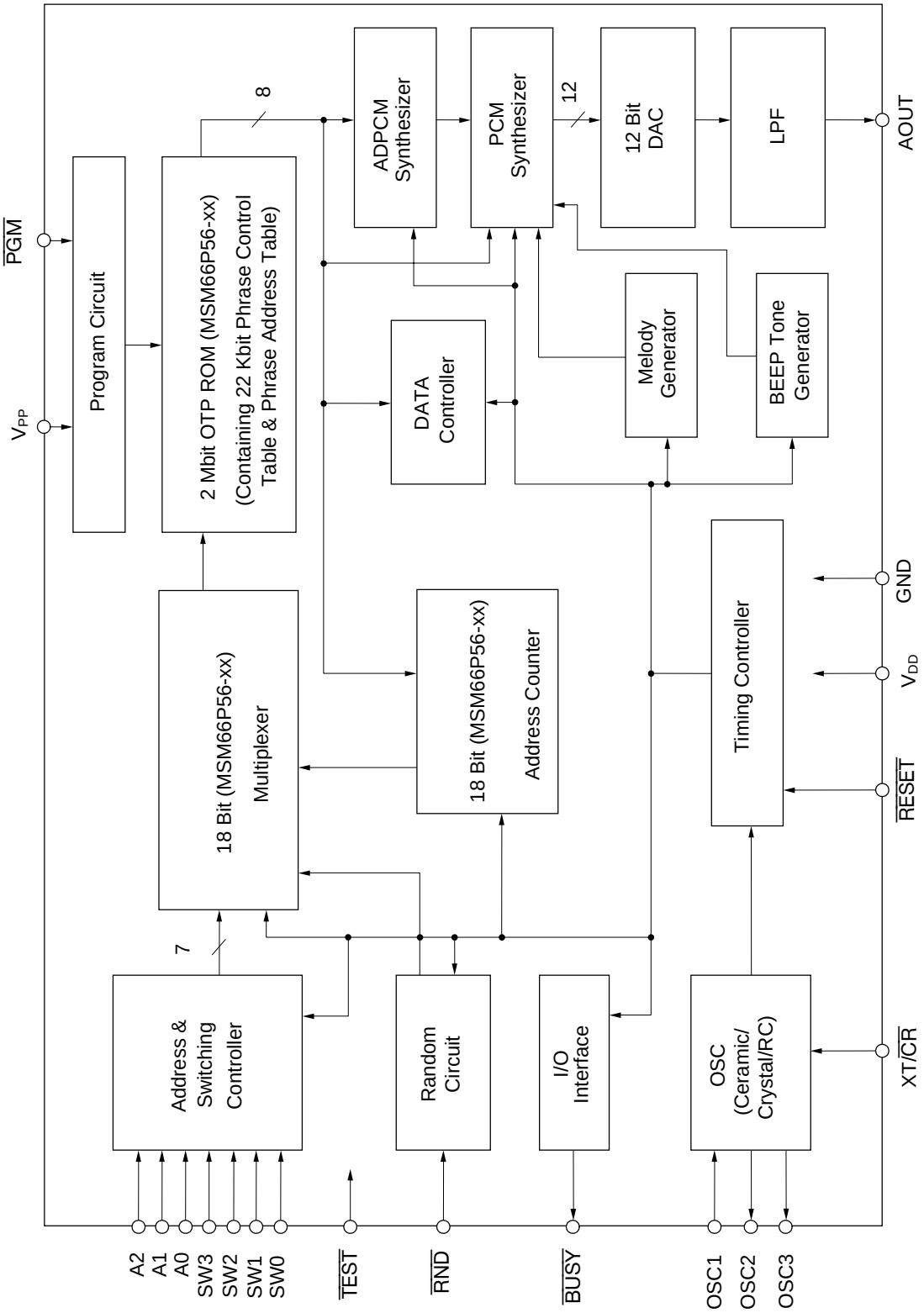
18-pin plastic DIP (DIP18-P-300-2.54)	(MSM6652-xxxRS/MSM6653-xxxRS/ MSM6654-xxxRS/MSM6655-xxxRS/ MSM6656-xxxRS/MSM6652A-xxxRS/ MSM6653A-xxxRS/MSM6654A-xxxRS/ MSM6655A-xxxRS/MSM6656A-xxxRS/ MSM6658A-xxxRS)
24-pin plastic SOP (SOP24-P-430-1.27-K)	(MSM6652-xxxGS-K/MSM6653-xxxGS-K/ MSM6654-xxxGS-K/MSM6655-xxxGS-K/ MSM6656-xxxGS-K/MSM6652A-xxxGS-K/ MSM6653A-xxxGS-K/MSM6654A-xxxGS-K/ MSM6655A-xxxGS-K/MSM6656A-xxxGS-K/ MSM6658A-xxxGS-K/MSM66P56-03GS-K/ MSM66P56-04GS-K)
20-pin plastic DIP (DIP20-P-300-2.54-W1)	(MSM66P56-03RS/MSM66P56-04RS)
64-pin plastic QFP (QFP64-P-1420-1.00-BK)	(MSM6650GS-BK)

BLOCK DIAGRAMS

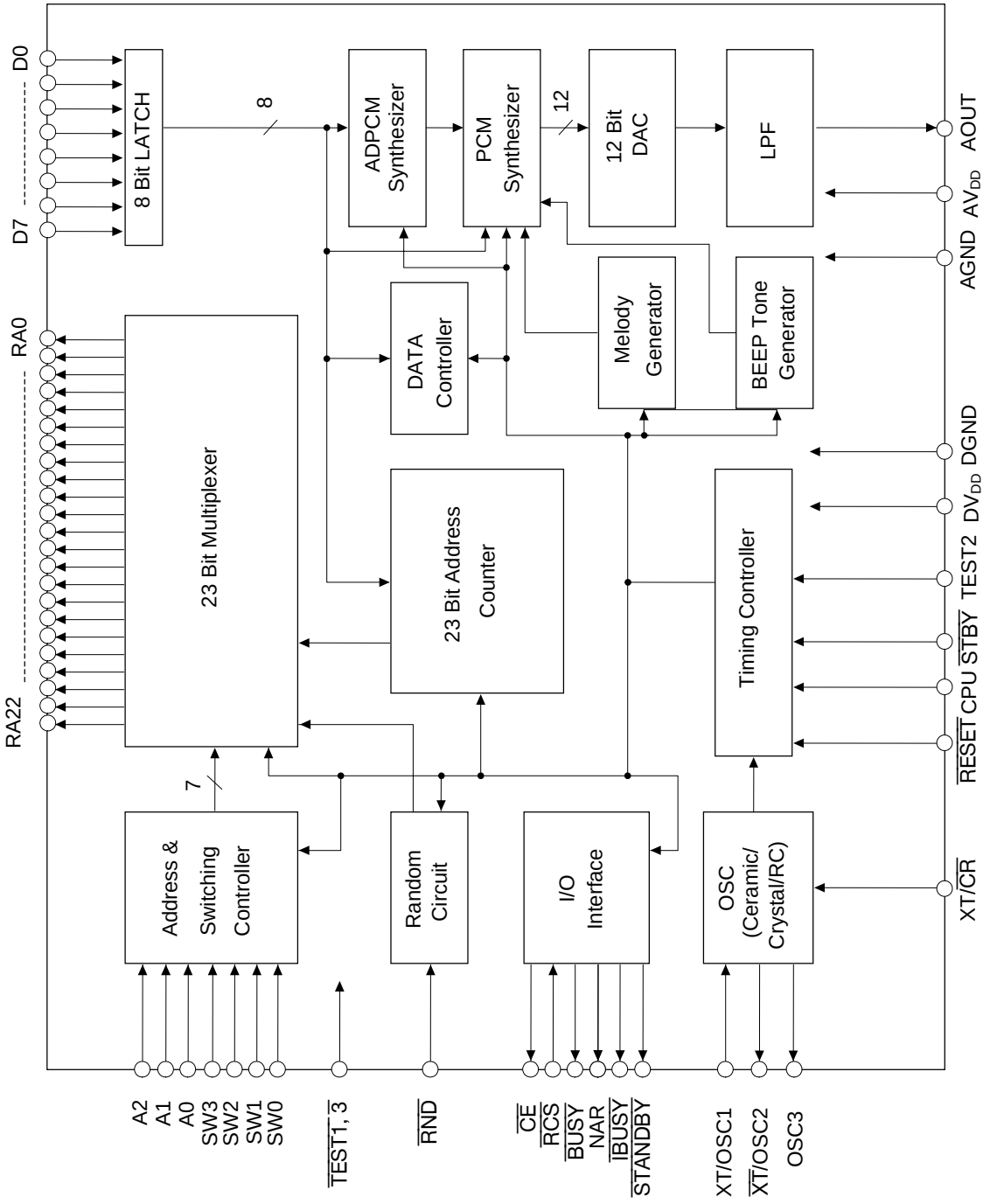
MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx
MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx



MSM66P56-xx


ADPCM Synthesizer
PCM Synthesizer
12 Bit DAC
LPF
AOUT
8
12
PGM
Program Circuit
2 Mbit OTP ROM (MSM66P56-xx)
(Containing 22 Kbit Phrase Control Table & Phrase Address Table)
DATA Controller
Melody Generator
BEEP Tone Generator
VPP
18 Bit (MSM66P56-xx) Multiplexer
18 Bit (MSM66P56-xx) Address Counter
Timing Controller
GND
VDD
RESET
7
Address & Switching Controller
Random Circuit
I/O Interface
OSC (Ceramic/ Crystal/RC)
XT/CR
A2
A1
A0
SW3
SW2
SW1
SW0
TEST
RND
BUSY
OSC1
OSC2
OSC3

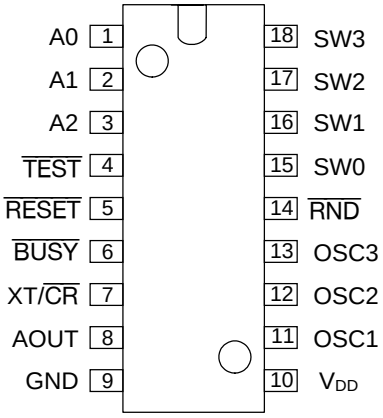
MSM6650


D0
D7
8 Bit LATCH
8
ADPCM Synthesizer
PCM Synthesizer
12
12 Bit DAC
LPF
AOUT
AV$_{DD}$
AGND
RA0
RA22
23 Bit Multiplexer
DATA Controller
Melody Generator
BEEP Tone Generator
23 Bit Address Counter
Timing Controller
DV$_{DD}$
DGND
TEST2
STBY
CPU RESET
7
Address & Switching Controller
Random Circuit
I/O Interface
OSC (Ceramic/ Crystal/RC)
XT/CR
A2
A1
A0
SW3
SW2
SW1
SW0
TEST1, 3
RND
CE
RCS
BUSY
NAR
IBUSY
STANDBY
XT/OSC1
XT/OSC2
OSC3

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)

The MSM66P56-xx has two more pins than the MSM6652-6658A while their pin configurations are identical. The additional two pins (V_{PP}, $\overline{PGM}$) of the MSM66P56-xx may be open at playback after completion of writing.

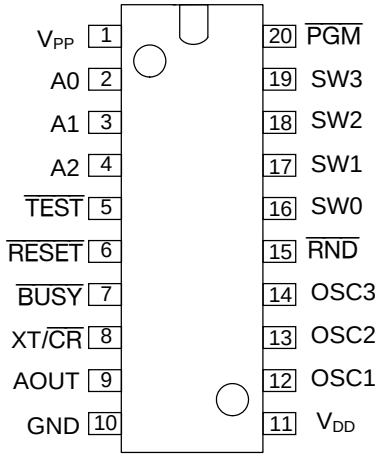
MSM6652-6658A (Mask ROM)



18-Pin Plastic DIP

MSM6652-xxxRS, MSM6653-xxxRS, MSM6654-xxxRS, MSM6655-xxxRS, MSM6656-xxxRS, MSM6652A-xxxRS, MSM6653A-xxxRS, MSM6654A-xxxRS, MSM6655A-xxxRS, MSM6656A-xxxRS, MSM6658A-xxxRS

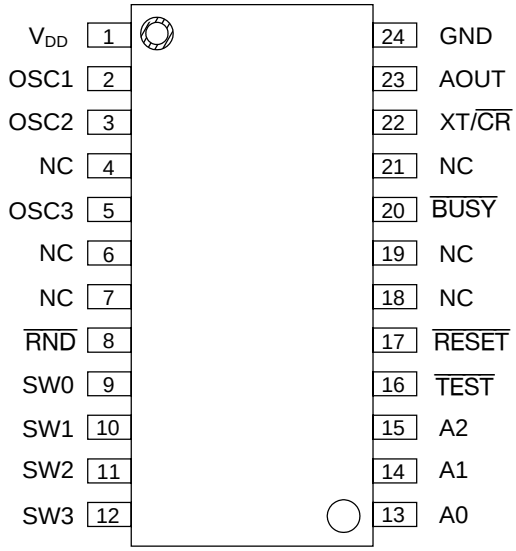
MSM66P56 (OTP)



20-Pin Plastic DIP

MSM66P56-03/-04RS

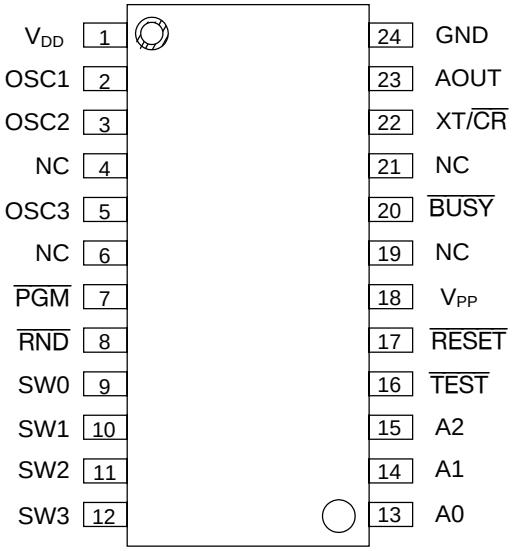
MSM6652-6658A (Mask ROM)



24-Pin Plastic SOP

SM6652-xxxGS-K, MSM6653-xxxGS-K, MSM6654-xxxGS-K, MSM6655-xxxGS-K, MSM6656-xxxGS-K, MSM6652A-xxxGS-K, MSM6653A-xxxGS-K, MSM6654A-xxxGS-K, MSM6655A-xxxGS-K, MSM6656A-xxxGS-K, MSM6658A-xxxGS-K

MSM66P56 (OTP)

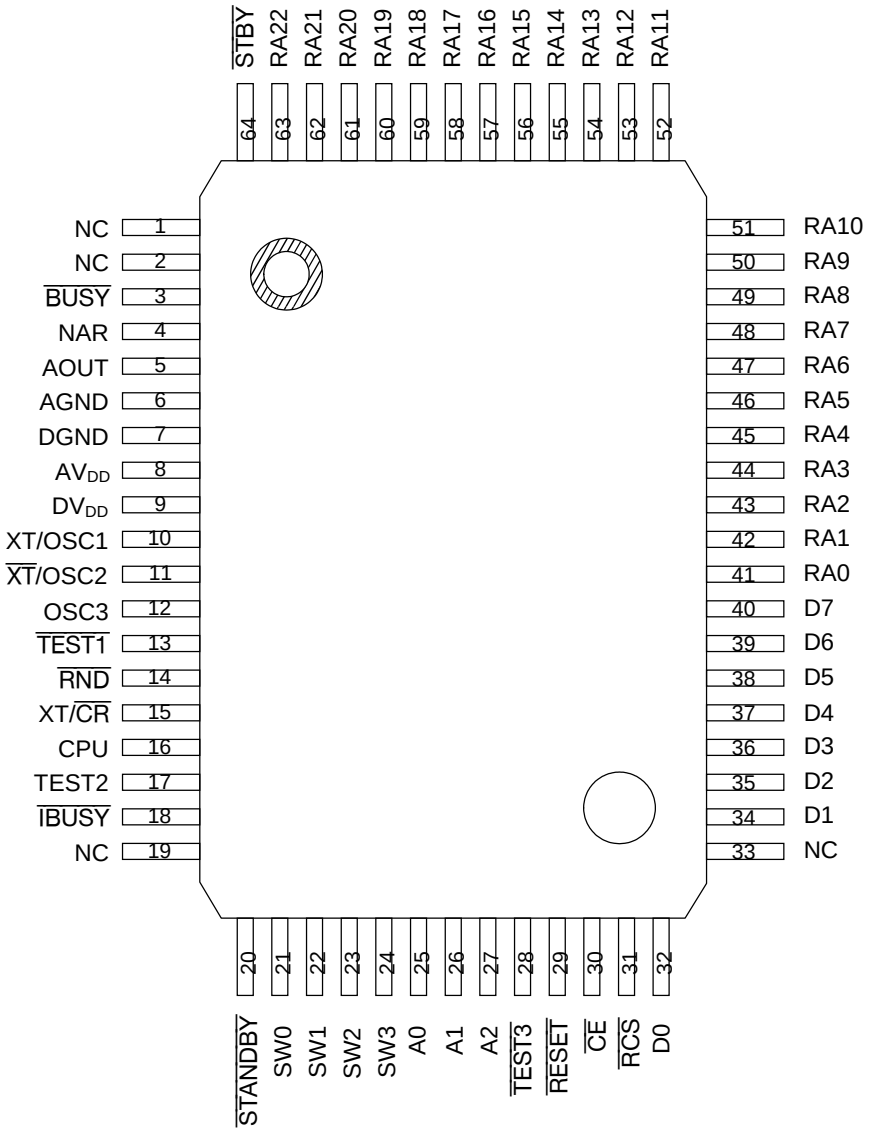


24-Pin Plastic SOP

MSM66P56-03/-04GS-K

MSM6650

Product name: MSM6650GS-BK



NC: No connection

64-Pin Plastic QFP

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

1. MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx, MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx
18-Pin plastic DIP

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
5	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Reset. Setting this pin to “L” puts the LSI In standby status. At this time, oscillation stops, AOUT is pulled to GND, and the device is initialized. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
6	$\overline{\text{BUSY}}$	O	Busy. This pin outputs “L” level during playback. At power-on, this pin Is at “H” level.
7	XT/$\overline{\text{CR}}$	I	XT/$\overline{\text{CR}}$ selectable pin. Set to “H” level when using ceramic oscillation. Set to “L” level when using RC oscillation.
8	AOUT	O	Sound Output. This is the synthesized output pin of the internal low-pass filter.
11	OSC1	I	Oscillator 1. This pin is a ceramic oscillator connection pin when using ceramic oscillation. This pin is an RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. When using an external clock, use this pin as the clock input.
12	OSC2	O	Oscillator 2. This pin is a ceramic oscillator connection pin when using a ceramic oscillator. This is an RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. Leave open if using an external clock. OSC2 outputs “L” level in standby status.
13	OSC3	O	Oscillator 3. Leave open if using a ceramic oscillator. This pin is the RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. When RC oscillation is selected, OSC3 outputs “H” level in standby status.
14	$\overline{\text{RND}}$	I	Random Playback. Random playback starts when the $\overline{\text{RND}}$ pin is set to “L” level. At the fall of $\overline{\text{RND}}$, addresses from the random address playback circuit inside the IC are fetched. Set to “H” level if random playback is not used. This pin has an Internal pull-up resistor.
15-18	SW0-SW3	I	Phrase Inputs. These pins are phrase input pins corresponding to playback. If the Input changes, SW0 to SW3 pins capture address data after 16 ms and speech playback commences. These pins have internal pull-down resistors.
1-3	A0-A2	I	Phrase Inputs. Phrase input pins corresponding to playback. The A0 input becomes invalid when the random playback function is used.
9	GND	—	Ground.
10	V_{DD}	—	Power supply. Insert a 0.1 μF or more bypass capacitor between this pin and GND.
4	$\overline{\text{TEST}}$	I	Test Mode. Set to “H” level. This pin has an Internal pull-up resistor

2. MSM66P56-xx
20-Pin plastic DIP

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
6	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Reset. Setting this pin to "L" puts the LSI in standby status. At this time, oscillation stops, AOUT is pulled to GND, and the device is initialized. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
7	$\overline{\text{BUSY}}$	O	Busy. This pin outputs "L" level during playback. At power-on, this pin Is at "H" level.
8	XT/$\overline{\text{CR}}$	I	XT/$\overline{\text{CR}}$ selectable pin. Set to "H" level when using ceramic oscillation. Set to "L" level when using RC oscillation.
9	AOUT	O	Sound Output. This is the synthesized output pin of the internal low-pass filter.
12	OSC1	I	Oscillator 1. This pin is a ceramic oscillator connection pin when using ceramic oscillation. This pin is an RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. When using an external clock, use this pin as the clock input.
13	OSC2	O	Oscillator 2. This pin Is a ceramic oscillator connection pin when using a ceramic oscillator. This is an RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. Leave open if using an external clock. OSC2 outputs "L" level in standby status.
14	OSC3	O	Oscillator 3. Leave open if using a ceramic oscillator. This pin is the RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. When RC oscillation is selected, OSC3 outputs "H" level In standby status.
15	$\overline{\text{RND}}$	I	Random Playback. Random playback starts when the $\overline{\text{RND}}$ pin is set to "L" level. At the fall of $\overline{\text{RND}}$, addresses from the random address playback circuit inside the IC are fetched. Set to "H" level if random playback is not used. This pin has an Internal pull-up resistor.
16-19	SW0-SW3	I	Phrase Inputs. These pins are phrase Input pins corresponding to playback. If the Input changes, SW0 to SW3 pins capture address data after 16 ms and speech playback commences. These pins have internal pull-down resistors.
2-4	A0-A2	I	Phrase Inputs. Phrase input pins corresponding to playback. The A0 input becomes invalid when the random playback function is used.
10	GND	—	Ground.
11	V_{DD}	—	Power supply. Insert a 0.1 μF or more bypass capacitor between this pin and GND.
5	$\overline{\text{TEST}}$	I	Test Mode. Set to "H" level. This pin has an Internal pull-up resistor.
1	V_{PP}	—	Power supply used when writing data to Internal OTP ROM. Leave open or set to "H" level during playback.
20	$\overline{\text{PGM}}$	I	Interface with voice analysis edit tool AR204. Set to "L" level or leave open during playback.

3. MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx, MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx, MSM66P56-xx 24-Pin plastic SOP

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
17	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Reset. Setting this pin to "L" puts the LSI in standby status. At this time, oscillation stops, AOUT is pulled to GND, and the device is initialized. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
20	$\overline{\text{BUSY}}$	O	Busy. This pin outputs "L" level during playback. At power-on, this pin Is at "H" level.
22	XT/$\overline{\text{CR}}$	I	XT/$\overline{\text{CR}}$ selectable pin. Set to "H" level when using ceramic oscillation. Set to "L" level when using RC oscillation.
23	AOUT	O	Sound Output. This is the synthesized output pin of the internal low-pass filter.
2	OSC1	I	Oscillator 1. This pin is a ceramic oscillator connection pin when using ceramic oscillation. This pin is an RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. When using an external clock, use this pin as the clock input.
3	OSC2	O	Oscillator 2. This pin Is a ceramic oscillator connection pin when using a ceramic oscillator. This is an RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. Leave open if using an external clock. OSC2 outputs "L" level in standby status.
5	OSC3	O	Oscillator 3. Leave open if using a ceramic oscillator. This pin is the RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. When RC oscillation is selected, OSC3 outputs "H" level In standby status.
8	$\overline{\text{RND}}$	I	Random Playback. Random playback starts when the $\overline{\text{RND}}$ pin is set to "L" level. At the fall of $\overline{\text{RND}}$, addresses from the random address playback circuit inside the IC are fetched. Set to "H" level if random playback is not used. This pin has an Internal pull-up resistor.
9-12	SW0-SW3	I	Phrase Inputs. These pins are phrase Input pins corresponding to playback. If the Input changes, SW0 to SW3 pins capture address data after 16 ms and speech playback commences. These pins have internal pull-down resistors.
13-15	A0-A2	I	Phrase Inputs. Phrase input pins corresponding to playback. The A0 input becomes invalid when the random playback function is used.
24	GND	—	Ground.
1	V_{DD}	—	Power supply. Insert a 0.1 μF or more bypass capacitor between this pin and GND.
16	$\overline{\text{TEST}}$	I	Test Mode. Set to "H" level. This pin has an Internal pull-up resistor.
18	V_{PP}*	—	Power supply used when writing data to Internal OTP ROM. Leave pen or set to "H" level during playback.
7	$\overline{\text{PGM}}$*	I	Interface with voice analysis edit tool AR204. Set to "L" level or leave open during playback.

* Pins for MSM66P56-xx only

4. MSM6650
64-Pin plastic QFP

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
29	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Reset. Setting this pin to "L" puts the LSI in standby status. At this time, oscillation stops, AOUT is pulled to GND, and the device is initialized. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
3	$\overline{\text{BUSY}}$	O	Busy. This pin outputs "L" level during playback. At power-on, this pin Is at "H" level.
15	XT/$\overline{\text{CR}}$	I	XT/$\overline{\text{CR}}$ selectable pin. Set to "H" level when using ceramic oscillation. Set to "L" level when using RC oscillation.
5	AOUT	O	Sound Output. This is the synthesized output pin of the internal low-pass filter.
10	XT/OSC1	I	Oscillator 1. This pin is a ceramic oscillator connection pin when using ceramic oscillation. This pin is an RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. When using an external clock, use this pin as the clock input.
11	$\overline{\text{XT}}$/OSC2	O	Oscillator 2. This pin Is a ceramic oscillator connection pin when using a ceramic oscillator. This is an RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. Leave open if using an external clock. OSC2 outputs "L" level in standby status.
12	OSC3	O	Oscillator 3. Leave open if using a ceramic oscillator. This pin is the RC connection pin when using RC oscillation. When RC oscillation is selected, OSC3 outputs "H" level In standby status.
14	$\overline{\text{RND}}$	I	Random Playback. Random playback starts when the $\overline{\text{RND}}$ pin is set to "L" level. At the fall of $\overline{\text{RND}}$, addresses from the random address playback circuit inside the IC are fetched. Set to "H" level if random playback is not used. This pin has an Internal pull-up resistor.
21-24	SW0-SW3	I	Phrase Inputs. These pins are phrase Input pins corresponding to playback. If the input changes, SW0 to SW3 pins capture address data after 16 ms and speech playback commences. These pins have internal pull-down resistors.
25-27	A0-A2	I	Phrase Inputs. Phrase input pins corresponding to playback. The A0 input becomes invalid when the random playback function is used.

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
6	AGND	—	Analog ground pin.
7	DGND	—	Digital ground pin.
8	AV_{DD}	—	Analog power pin. Insert a 0.1 μF or more bypass capacitor in between this pin and AGND.
9	DV_{DD}	—	Digital power pin. Insert a 0.1 μF or more bypass capacitor in between this pin and DGND.
16	CPU	I	CPU Mode. Set to “L” level to select Standalone Mode. Set to “H” level to select Microcontroller Interface Mode.
13, 28	$\overline{TEST1}$, $\overline{3}$	I	Test. Set these pins to “H” level. The $\overline{TEST1}$ and $\overline{TEST3}$ pins have internal pull-up resistor.
17	TEST2	I	Test Set this pin to “L” level.
18	$\overline{IBUSY}$	O	Outputs “L” level during voice playback (except during standby conversion time), or when the AOUT pin is at half V_{DD} level.
20	$\overline{STANDBY}$	O	Standby indicator. This output pin remains at “L” level during oscillation.
30	$\overline{CE}$	O	Chip Enable. $\overline{CE}$ is a timing output pin to control read of external memory. This pin outputs when $\overline{RCS}$ is at the “L” level. This pin outputs “H” level when $\overline{RCS}$ is at the “H” level.
31	$\overline{RCS}$	I	Read Chip Select. The data bits D0-D7 are internally pulled down when $\overline{RCS}$ is high. Addresses and $\overline{CE}$ are output when $\overline{RCS}$ is at “L” level. The RA22-RA0 address pins become high impedance and $\overline{CE}$ pin outputs “H” level when $\overline{RCS}$ is at the “H” level.
32 34-40	D0-D7	I	External Memory Data Bus. Data Is input when $\overline{RCS}$ Is low When $\overline{RCS}$ is high, these pins become low due to Internal pull-down resistors.
41-63	RA0-RA22	O	External Memory Address. These are address pins for an external memory output when $\overline{RCS}$ Is low. These pins become high impedance status If $\overline{RCS}$ is in “H” level.
64	$\overline{STBY}$	I	Standby Control. If set to “L” level, the MSM6650 enters standby mode 0.2 seconds after voice ends. If set to “H” level, the MSM6650 AOUT output maintains half V_{DD} after voice ends.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(GND = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{DD}	Ta = 25°C	–0.3 to +7.0	V
Input voltage	V_{IN}		–0.3 to V_{DD} + 0.3	V
Storage temperature	T_{STG}	—	–55 to +150	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(GND = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Range			Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{DD}	MSM6652-56, MSM6650, MSM6652A-56A	2.4 to 5.5			V
	V_{DD}	MSM6658A, MSM66P56	3.5 to 5.5			V
Operating temperature	T_{OP}	—	–40 to +85			°C
Master clock frequency 1	f_{OSC1}	When crystal selected	Min.	Typ.	Max.	MHz
			3.5	4.096	4.5	
Master clock frequency 2	f_{OSC2}	When RC selected (*)	200	256	300	kHz

* If RC oscillation is selected, 32 kHz sampling frequency cannot be selected.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics

(V_{DD} = 5.0 V, GND = 0 V, Ta = –40 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
"H" input voltage	V_{IH}	—	4.2	—	—	V
"L" input voltage	V_{IL}	—	—	—	0.8	V
"H" output voltage	V_{OH}	I_{OH} = –1 mA	4.6	—	—	V
"L" output voltage	V_{OL}	I_{OL} = 2 mA	—	—	0.4	V
"H" input current 1	I_{IH1}	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}$	—	—	10	µA
"H" input current 2	I_{IH2}	Internal pull-down resistance	30	90	200	µA
"L" input current 1	I_{IL1}	V_{IL}= GND	–10	—	—	µA
"L" input current 2 (note)	I_{IL2}	Internal pull-up resistance	–200	–90	–30	µA
Operating power consumption	I_{DD}	—	—	6	10	mA
Standby power consumption	I_{DS}	Ta = –40°C to +50°C	—	—	10	µA
		Ta = –40°C to +85°C	—	—	30	µA

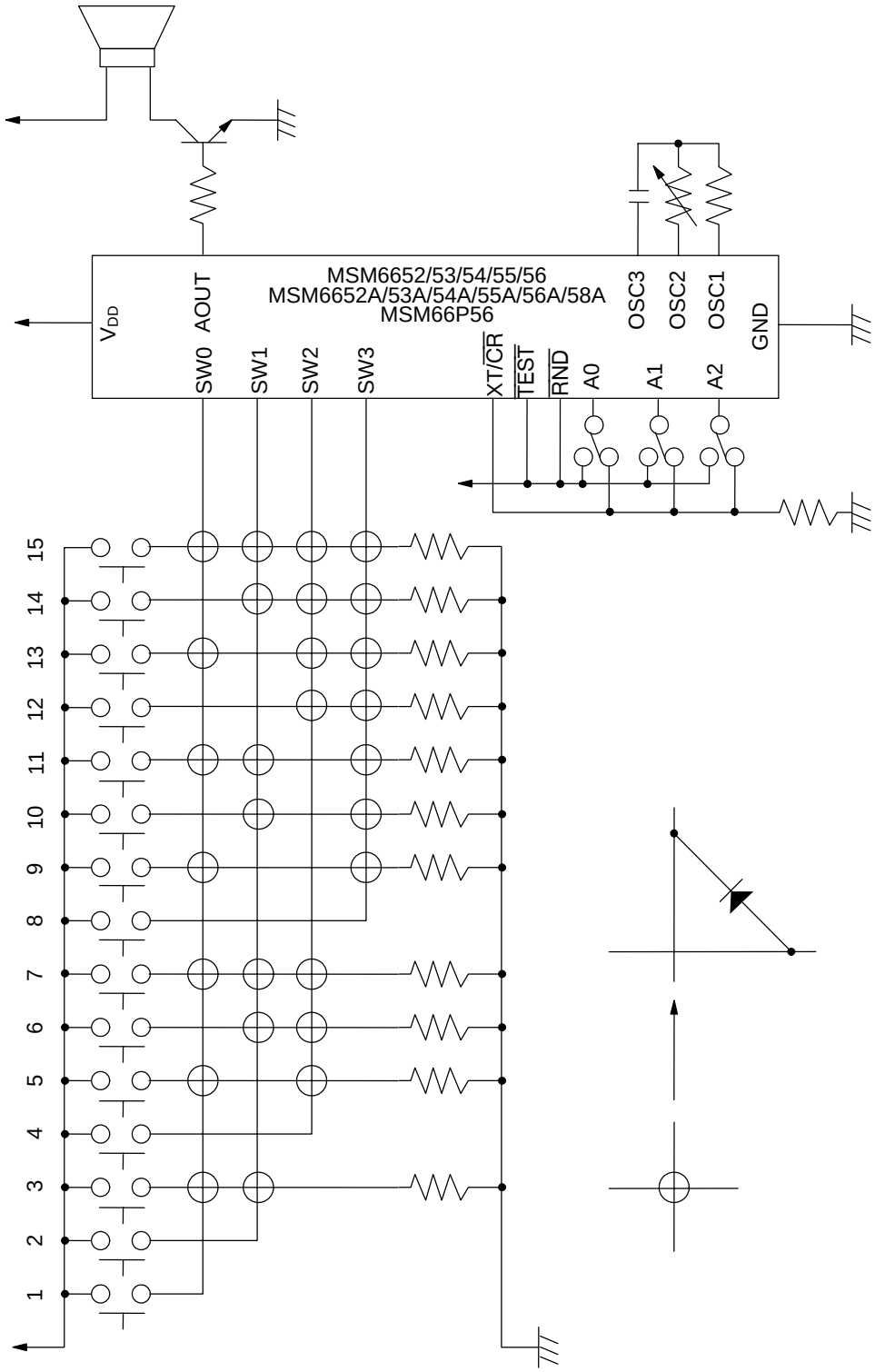
DC Characteristics

(V_{DD} = 3.1 V, GND = 0 V, Ta = –40 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
"H" input voltage	V_{IH}	—	2.7	—	—	V
"L" input voltage	V_{IL}	—	—	—	0.5	V
"H" output voltage	V_{OH}	I_{OH} = –1 mA	2.6	—	—	V
"L" output voltage	V_{OL}	I_{OL} = 2 mA	—	—	0.4	V
"H" input current 1	I_{IH1}	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}$	—	—	10	µA
"H" input current 2	I_{IH2}	Internal pull-down resistance	10	30	100	µA
"L" input current 1	I_{IL1}	V_{IL} = GND	–10	—	—	µA
"L" input current 2	I_{IL2}	Internal pull-up resistance	–100	–30	–10	µA
Operating power consumption	I_{DD}	—	—	4	7	mA
Standby power consumption	I_{DS}	Ta = –40°C to +50°C	—	—	5	µA
		Ta = –40°C to +85°C	—	—	20	µA
LPF driving resistance	R_{AOUT}	When LPF output is selected	50	—	—	kΩ
LPF output impedance	R_{LPF}	I_F = 100 µA	—	1	3	kΩ

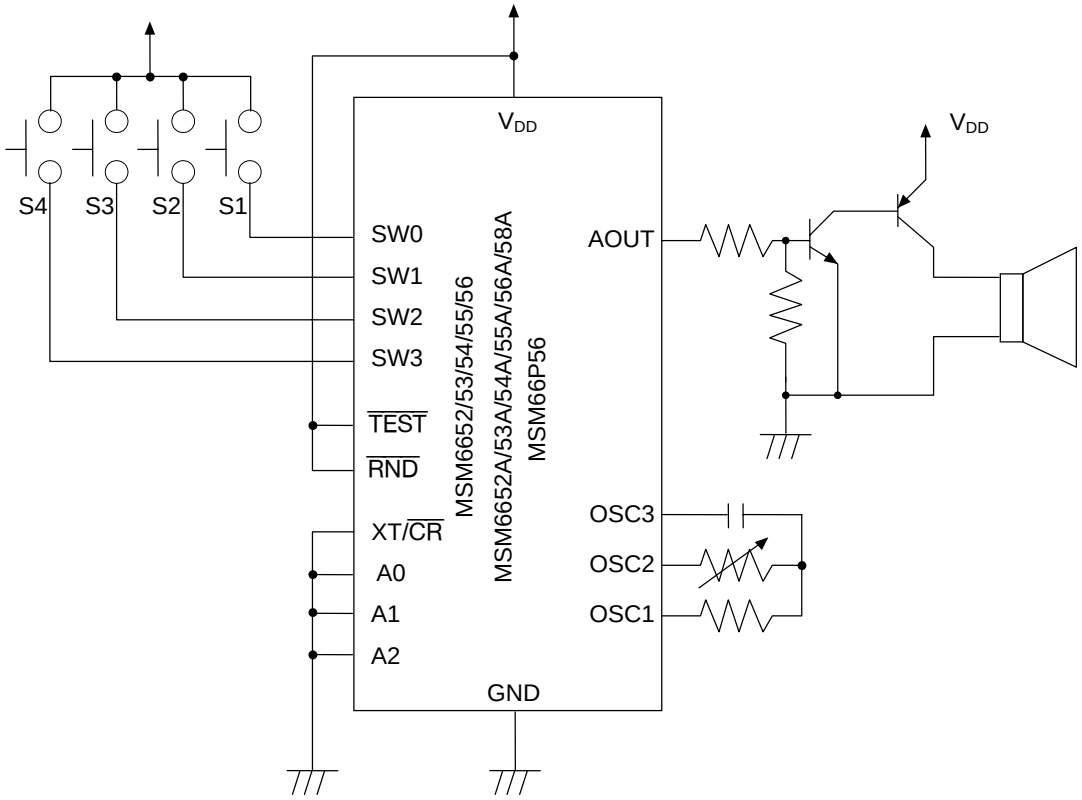
APPLICATION CIRCUITS

(MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx, MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx, MSM66P56-xx)



Application Circuit in Standalone Mode Supporting 15 Switch-Selected Phrases

(MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx, MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx, MSM66P56-xx)

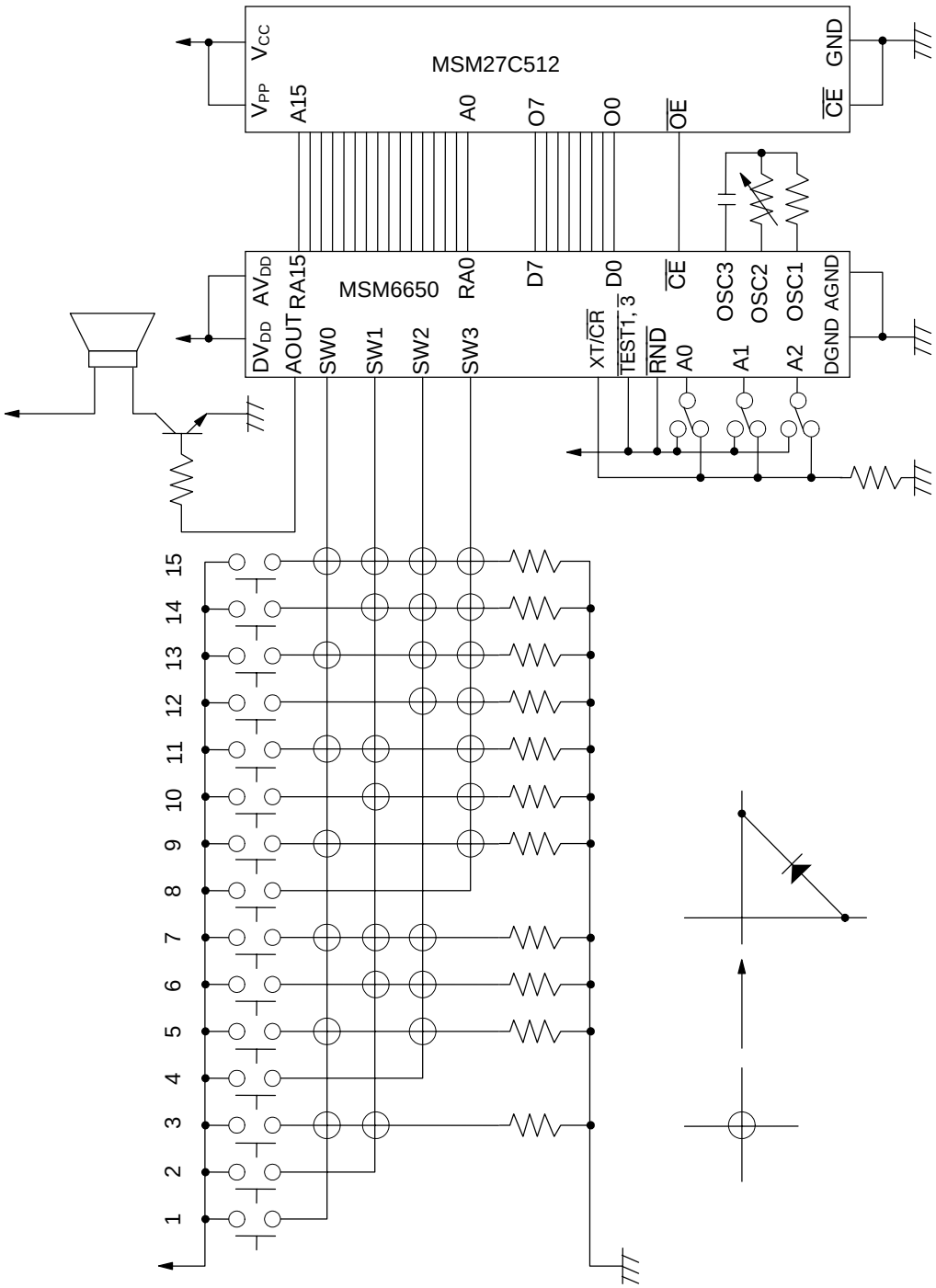


Application Circuit in Standalone Mode Supporting Four Switch-Selected Words

Switches and Playback Addresses

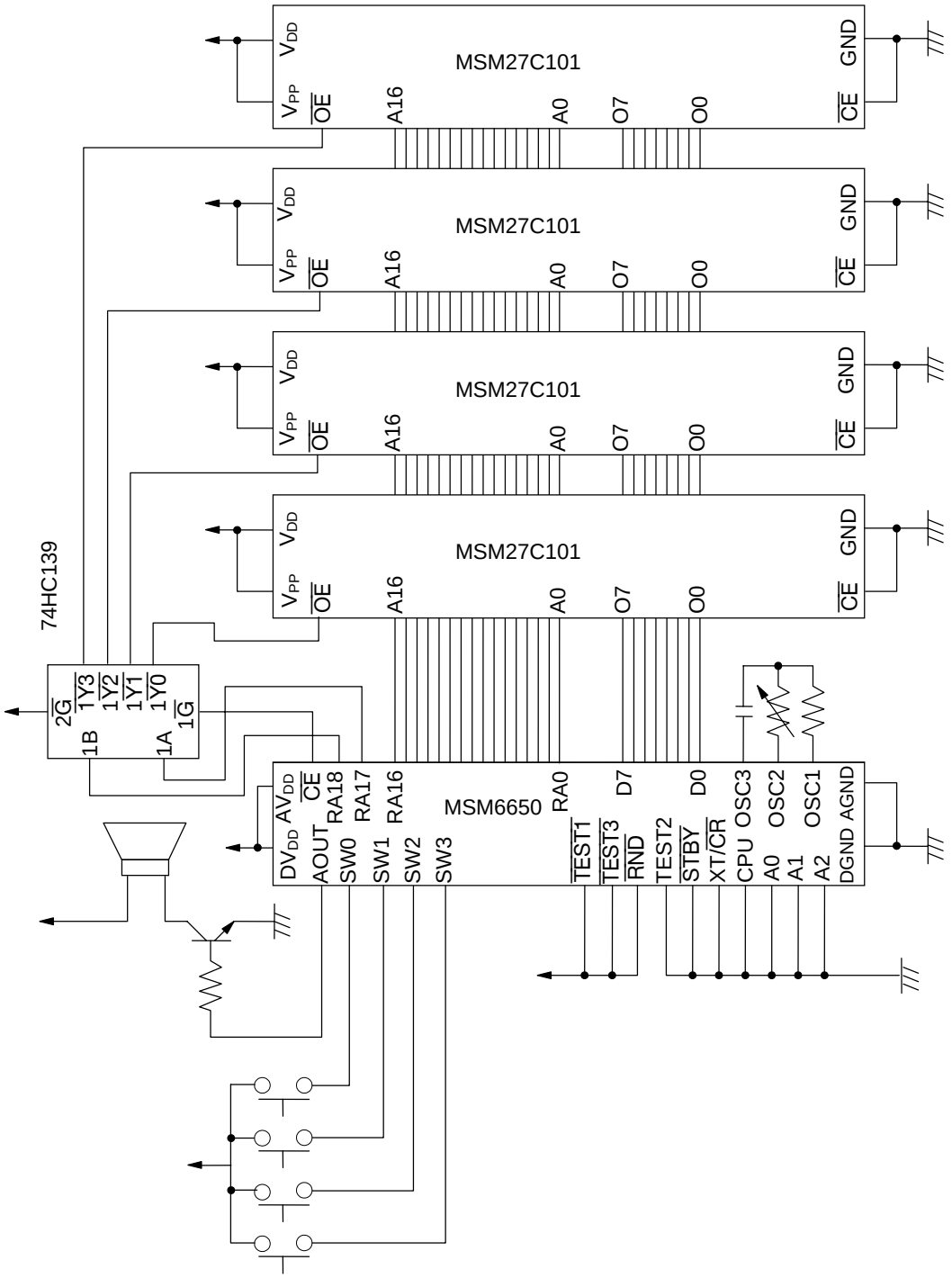
	A2	A1	A0	SW3	SW2	SW1	SW0	ADR
S1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01
S2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	02
S3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	04
S4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	08

(MSM6650)



Application Circuit in Standalone Mode Supporting 15 Switch-Selected Phrases

(MSM6650)



Application Circuit in Standalone Mode Supporting Four 1 Mbit EPROMs

MICROCONTROLLER INTERFACE MODE

FEATURES

Device name	DATA ROM size	Maximum playback time (sec)				
		f_{SAM} = 4.0 kHz	f_{SAM} = 6.4 kHz	f_{SAM} = 8.0 kHz	f_{SAM} = 16 kHz	f_{SAM} = 32 kHz
MSM6652, 6652A	288 Kbits	16.9	10.5	8.4	4.2	2.1
MSM6653, 6653A	544 Kbits	31.2	19.5	15.6	7.8	3.9
MSM6654, 6654A	1 Mbit	63.8	39.9	31.9	15.9	7.9
MSM6655, 6655A	1.5 Mbits	96.5	60.3	48.2	24.1	12.0
MSM6656, 6656A	2 Mbits	129.1	80.7	64.5	32.2	16.1
MSM6658A	4 Mbits	259.7	162.9	129.8	64.9	32.4
MSM66P56	2 Mbit	129.1	80.7	64.5	32.2	16.1
MSM6650	64 Mbits (Max)	4194.3	2620.5	2096.4	1048.2	524.1

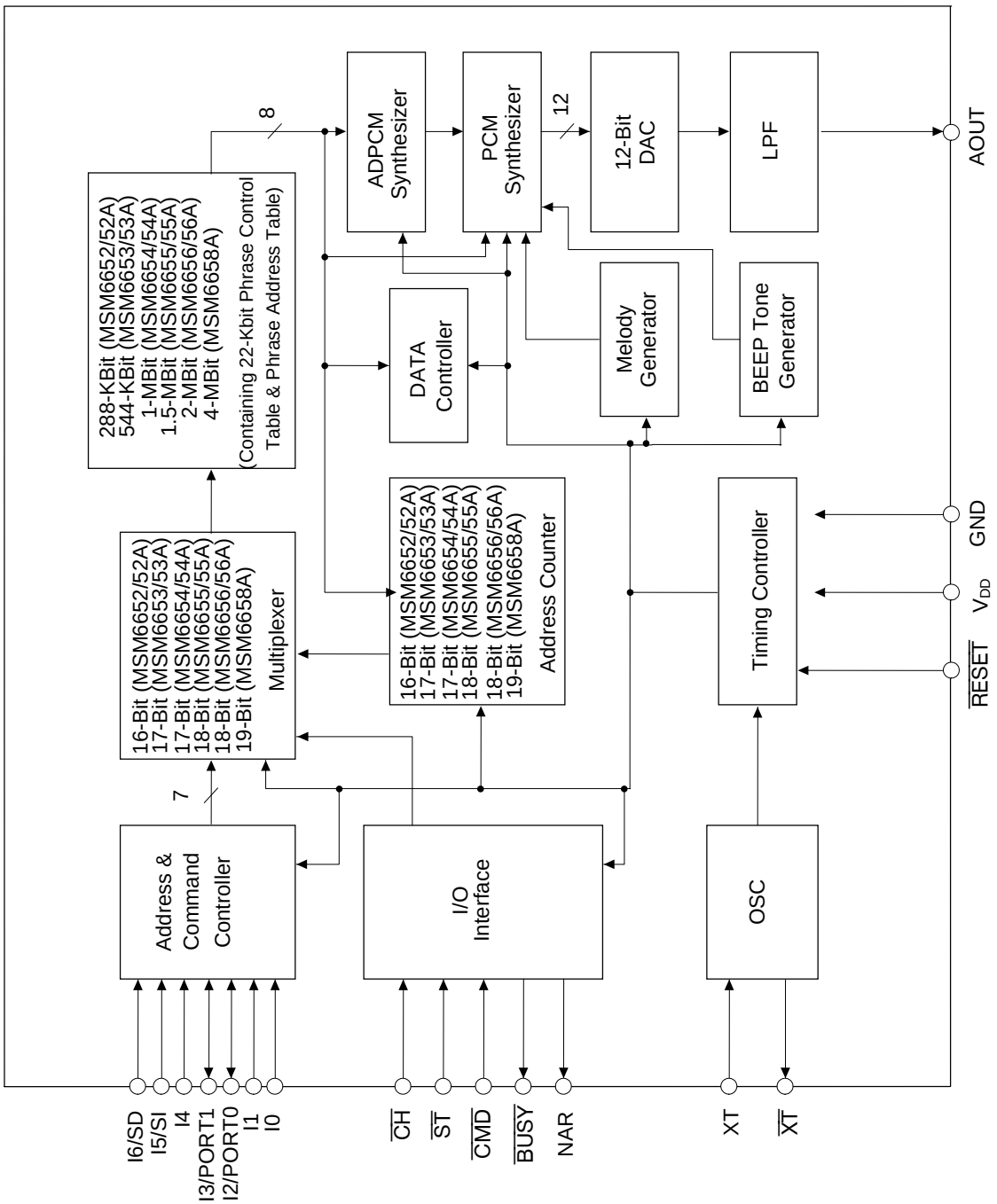
Note: Actual voice ROM area is smaller by 22 Kbits.

- 4-bit ADPCM or 8-bit PCM sound generation
- Melody function
- Phrase Control Table function
- Two-channel mixing function
- Fade-out function via four-step sound volume attenuation
- Serial input or parallel input selectable
- Built-in beep tone of 0.5 kHz, 1.0 kHz, 1.3 kHz, or 2.0 kHz selectable with a specific code
- Sampling frequency of 4.0 kHz, 5.3 kHz, 6.4 kHz, 8.0 kHz, 10.6 kHz, 12.8 kHz, 16.0 kHz, or 32.0 kHz (32 kHz sampling is not possible when using RC oscillation)
- Up to 127 phrases
- Built-in 12-bit D/A converter
- Built-in –40 dB/octave low-pass filter
- Standby function
- Package options:

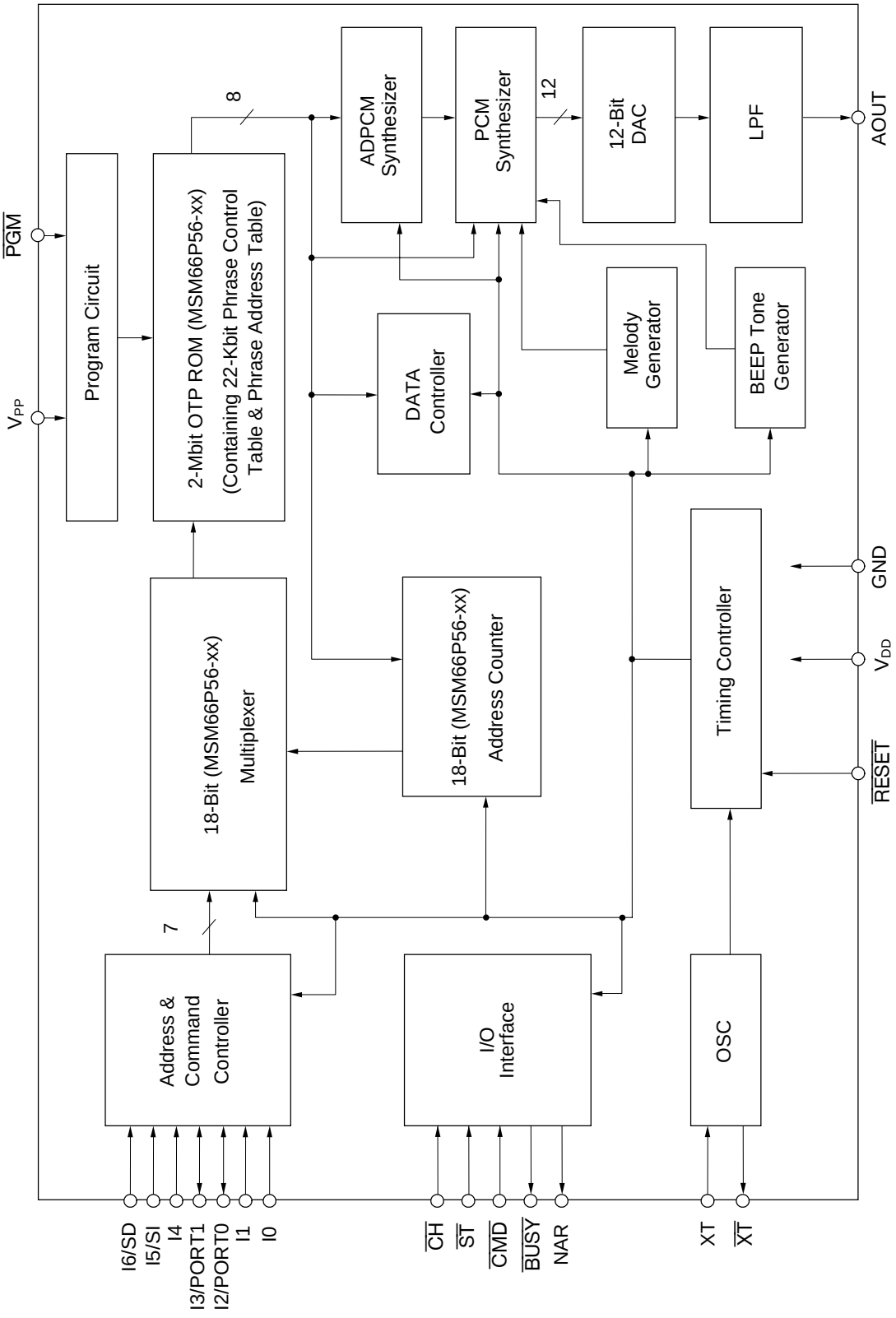
18-pin plastic DIP (DIP18-P-300-2.54)	(MSM6652-xxxRS/MSM6653-xxxRS/ MSM6654-xxxRS/MSM6655-xxxRS/ MSM6656-xxxRS/MSM6652A-xxxRS/ MSM6653A-xxxRS/MSM6654A-xxxRS/ MSM6655A-xxxRS/MSM6656A-xxxRS/ MSM6658A-xxxRS)
24-pin plastic SOP (SOP24-P-430-1.27-K)	(MSM6652-xxxGS-K/MSM6653-xxxGS-K/ MSM6654-xxxGS-K/MSM6655-xxxGS-K/ MSM6656-xxxGS-K/MSM6652A-xxxGS-K/ MSM6653A-xxxGS-K/MSM6654A-xxxGS-K/ MSM6655A-xxxGS-K/MSM6656A-xxxGS-K/ MSM6658A-xxxGS-K/ MSM66P56-01GS-K/ MSM66P56-02GS-K)
20-pin plastic DIP (DIP20-P-300-2.54-W1)	(MSM66P56-01RS/MSM66P56-02RS)
64-pin plastic QFP (QFP64-P-1420-1.00-BK)	(MSM6650GS-BK)

BLOCK DIAGRAMS

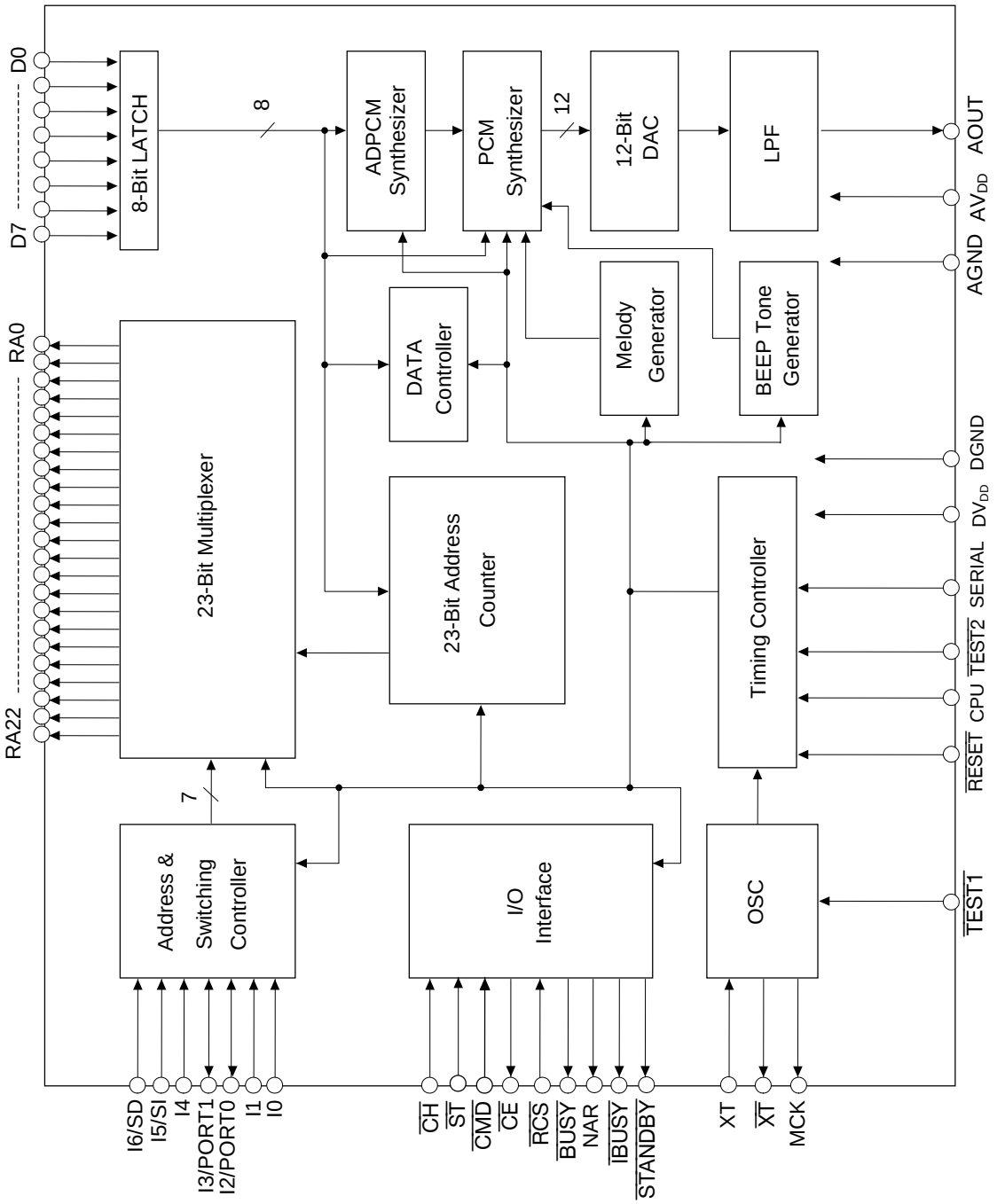
MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx
MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx



MSM66P56-xx


ADPCM Synthesizer
PCM Synthesizer
12-Bit DAC
LPF
AOUT
8
12
PGM
Program Circuit
2-Mbit OTP ROM (MSM66P56-xx)
(Containing 22-Kbit Phrase Control Table & Phrase Address Table)
DATA Controller
Melody Generator
BEEP Tone Generator
VPP
18-Bit (MSM66P56-xx) Multiplexer
18-Bit (MSM66P56-xx) Address Counter
Timing Controller
GND
VDD
RESET
7
Address & Command Controller
I/O Interface
OSC
I6/SD
I5/SI
I4
I3/PORT1
I2/PORT0
I1
I0
CH
ST
CMD
BUSY
NAR
XT
XT

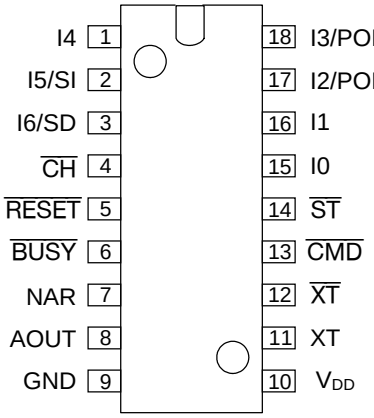
MSM6650


D0
D7
8-Bit LATCH
8
ADPCM Synthesizer
PCM Synthesizer
12
12-Bit DAC
LPF
AOUT
AVDD
AGND
RA0
RA22
DATA Controller
Melody Generator
BEEP Tone Generator
23-Bit Multiplexer
23-Bit Address Counter
Timing Controller
DGND
DVDD
SERIAL
TEST2
CPU
RESET
7
Address & Switching Controller
I/O Interface
OSC
TEST1
I6/SD
I5/SI
I4
I3/PORT1
I2/PORT0
I1
I0
CH
ST
CMD
CE
RCS
BUSY
NAR
IBUSY
STANDBY
XT
XT
MCK

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)

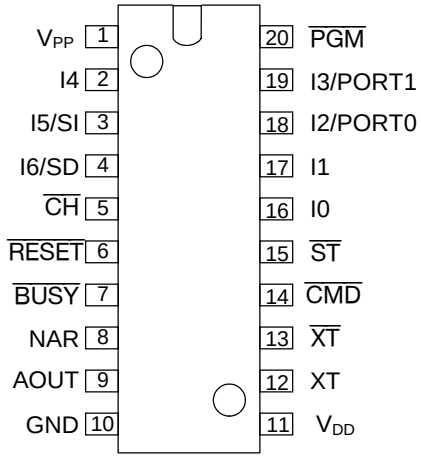
The MSM66P56-xx has two more pins than the MSM6652-6658A while their pin configurations are identical. The additional two pins (V_{PP}, $\overline{PGM}$) of the MSM66P56-xx may be open at playback after completion of writing.

MSM6652-6658A (Mask ROM)



18-Pin Plastic DIP

MSM66P56 (OTP)

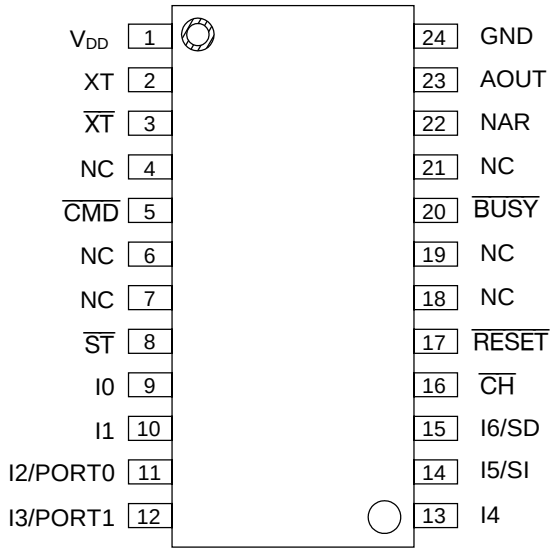


20-Pin Plastic DIP

MSM6652-xxxRS, MSM6653-xxxRS, MSM6654-xxxRS, MSM6655-xxxRS, MSM6656-xxxRS, MSM6652A-xxxRS, MSM6653A-xxxRS, MSM6654A-xxxRS, MSM6655A-xxxRS, MSM6656A-xxxRS, MSM6658A-xxxRS

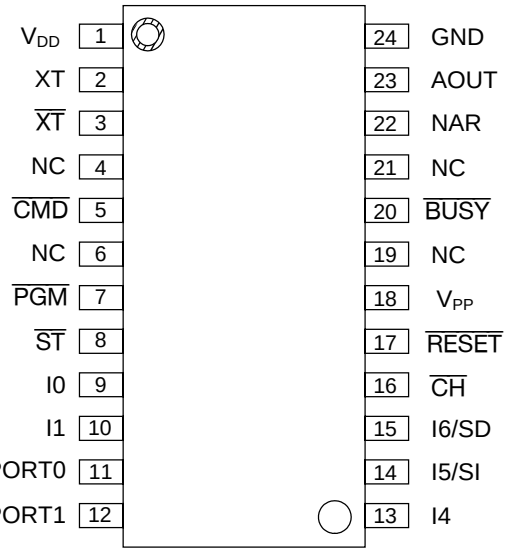
MSM66P56-01/-02RS

MSM6652-6658A (Mask ROM)



24-Pin Plastic SOP

MSM66P56 (OTP)



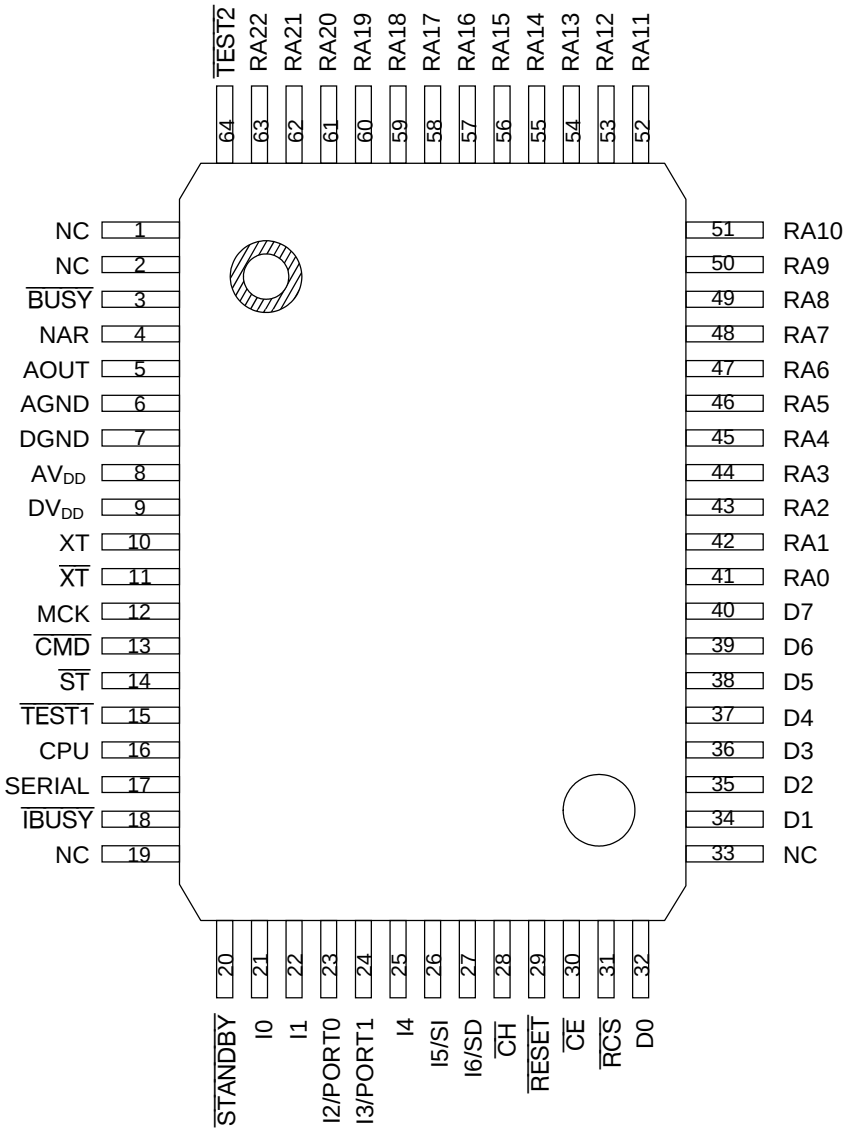
24-Pin Plastic SOP

MSM6652-xxxGS-K, MSM6653-xxxGS-K, MSM6654-xxxGS-K, MSM6655-xxxGS-K, MSM6656-xxxGS-K, MSM6652A-xxxGS-K, MSM6653A-xxxGS-K, MSM6654A-xxxGS-K, MSM6655A-xxxGS-K, MSM6656A-xxxGS-K, MSM6658A-xxxGS-K

MSM66P56-01/-02GS-K

MSM6650

Product name: MSM6650GS-BK



NC: No connection

64-Pin Plastic QFP

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

1. MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx, MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx
18-Pin plastic DIP

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
5	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Reset. The devices enter standby status when a low level is input to this pin. When RESET, oscillation stops The AOUT output goes to ground and the IC status is reinitialize. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
6	$\overline{\text{BUSY}}$	O	Busy. Outputs "L" level during playback and "H" level when power is turned ON.
7	NAR	O	The CMD and ST inputs become effective when high. NAR indicates whether the address bus (10 through 16) is ready to accept another address. When high, it is ready to accept. NAR goes high when power is turned ON.
8	AOUT	O	Analog Speech Output. D/A converter output or LPF output is selected by entering the command.
11	XT	I	Ceramic Oscillator Input. This pin has an internal 0.5 to 5 MΩ feedback resistor between XT and $\overline{\text{XT}}$. If an external clock is used, this is the clock input pin.
12	$\overline{\text{XT}}$	O	Ceramic Oscillator Output. If an external clock is used, leave this pin open.
13	$\overline{\text{CMD}}$	I	Command Input and Option Control. This pin is used as command and option input when CMD is at the high level with $\overline{\text{ST}}$ low. If this pin is not used or serial input is optioned, set this pin to "H" level This pin has an Internal pull up resistor.
14	$\overline{\text{ST}}$	I	Start. Speech playback starts at the fall of the $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse. The 10-16 addresses are latched at the rise of the $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse. Input a $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse when NAR goes to the high level for channels 1 and 2. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
4	$\overline{\text{CH}}$	I	Channel Control. Channel 1 is selected when the input Is pulled high. Channel 2 is selected when the Input is low. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
3	I6/SD	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. This pin is serial data (command and address) input when serial input is optioned.
2	I5/SI	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. This pin is used as serial clock input when serial input is optioned.
1	I4	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, set this pin to "L" level. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.
18	I3/PORT1	I/O	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, this pin is a port output. Entering external silence insertion code controls the port output.
17	I2/PORT0	I/O	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, this pin is a port output. Entering external silence insertion code controls the port output.
15, 16	I0, I1	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, set this pin to "L" level. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.
9	GND	—	Ground pin.
10	V_{DD}		Power supply. Insert a 0.1 μF or more bypass capacitor between this pin and GND.

2. MSM66P56-xx
20-Pin plastic DIP

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
6	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Reset. The devices enter standby status when a low level is input to this pin. When RESET, oscillation stops. The AOUT output goes to ground and the IC status is reinitialized This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
7	$\overline{\text{BUSY}}$	O	Busy. Outputs "L" level during playback and "H" level when power is turned ON.
8	NAR	O	The CMD and ST inputs become effective when high. NAR indicates whether the address bus (10 through 16) is ready to accept another address. When high, it is ready to accept. NAR goes high when power is turned ON.
9	AOUT	O	Analog Speech Output. D/A converter output or LPF output is selected by entering the command.
12	XT	I	Ceramic Oscillator Input. This pin has an internal 0.5 to 5 MΩ feedback resistor between XT and $\overline{\text{XT}}$. If an external clock is used, this is the clock input pin.
13	$\overline{\text{XT}}$	O	Ceramic Oscillator Output. If an external clock is used, leave this pin open.
14	$\overline{\text{CMD}}$	I	Command Input and Option Control. This pin is used as command and option input when CMD is at the high level with $\overline{\text{ST}}$ low. If this pin is not used or serial input is optioned, set this pin to "H" level. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
15	$\overline{\text{ST}}$	I	Start. Speech playback starts at the fall of the $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse. The 10-16 addresses are latched at the rise of the $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse. Input a $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse when NAR goes to the high level for channels 1 and 2. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
5	$\overline{\text{CH}}$	I	Channel Control. Channel 1 is selected when the input is pulled high. Channel 2 is selected when the input is low. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
4	I6/SD	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. This pin is serial data (command and address) input when serial input is optioned.
3	I5/SI	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. This pin is used as serial clock input when serial input is optioned.
2	I4	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, set this pin to "L" level. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.
19	I3/PORT1	I/O	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, this pin is a port output. Entering external silence insertion code controls the port output.
18	I2/PORT0	I/O	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, this pin is a port output. Entering external silence insertion code controls the port output.
16, 17	I0, I1	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, set this pin to "L" level. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.
10	GND	—	Ground pin.
11	V_{DD}	—	Power supply. Insert a 0.1 μF or more bypass capacitor between this pin and GND.
1	V_{PP}	—	Supply voltage for writing data to internal OTP ROM.
20	$\overline{\text{PGM}}$	I	Interface with voice analysis edit tools AR204. Set to "L" level or leave open during playback. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.

3. MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx, MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx, MSM66P56-xx
24-Pin plastic SOP

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
17	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Reset. The devices enter standby status when a low level is input to this pin. When RESET, oscillation stops. The AOUT output goes to ground and the IC status is reinitialized This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
20	$\overline{\text{BUSY}}$	O	Busy. Outputs "L" level during playback and "H" level when power is turned ON.
22	NAR	O	The CMD and ST inputs become effective when high. NAR indicates whether the address bus (10 through 16) is ready to accept another address. When high, it is ready to accept. NAR goes high when power is turned ON.
23	AOUT	O	Analog Speech Output. D/A converter output or LPF output is selected by entering the command.
2	XT	I	Ceramic Oscillator Input. This pin has an internal 0.5 to 5 MΩ feedback resistor between XT and $\overline{\text{XT}}$. If an external clock is used, this is the clock input pin.
3	$\overline{\text{XT}}$	O	Ceramic Oscillator Output. If an external clock is used, leave this pin open.
5	$\overline{\text{CMD}}$	I	Command Input and Option Control. This pin is used as command and option input when CMD is at the high level with $\overline{\text{ST}}$ low. If this pin is not used or serial input is optioned, set this pin to "H" level. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
8	$\overline{\text{ST}}$	I	Start. Speech playback starts at the fall of the $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse. The 10-16 addresses are latched at the rise of the $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse. Input a $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse when NAR goes to the high level for channels 1 and 2. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
16	$\overline{\text{CH}}$	I	Channel Control. Channel 1 is selected when the input is pulled high. Channel 2 is selected when the input is low. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
15	I6/SD	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. This pin is serial data (command and address) input when serial input is optioned.
14	I5/SI	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. This pin is used as serial clock input when serial input is optioned.
13	I4	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, set this pin to "L" level. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.
12	I3/PORT1	I/O	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, this pin is a port output. Entering external silence insertion code controls the port output.
11	I2/PORT0	I/O	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, this pin is a port output. Entering external silence insertion code controls the port output.

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
9, 10	I0, I1	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, set this pin to “L” level. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.
24	GND	—	Ground pin.
1	V_{DD}	—	Power supply. Insert a 0.1 μF or more bypass capacitor between this pin and GND.
18	V_{PP} *	—	Supply voltage for writing data to internal OTP ROM.
7	$\overline{PGM}$ *	I	Interface with voice analysis edit tools AR204. Set to “L” level or leave open during playback. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.

* Pins for MSM66P56-xx only

4. MSM6650
64-Pin plastic QFP

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
29	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Reset. The devices enter standby status when a low level is input to this pin. When RESET, oscillation stops The AOUT output goes to ground and the IC status is reinitialized. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
3	$\overline{\text{BUSY}}$	O	Busy. Outputs "L" level during playback and "H" level when power is turned ON.
4	NAR	O	The CMD and ST Inputs become effective when high. NAR indicates whether the address bus (10 through 16) is ready to accept another address. When high, it is ready to accept. NAR goes high when power is turned ON.
5	AOUT	O	Analog Speech Output. D/A converter output or LPF output is selected by entering the command.
10	XT	I	Ceramic Oscillator Input. This pin has an internal 0.5 to 5 MΩ feedback resistor between XT and $\overline{\text{XT}}$. If an external clock is used, this is the clock input pin.
11	$\overline{\text{XT}}$	O	Ceramic Oscillator Output. If an external clock is used, leave this pin open.
13	$\overline{\text{CMD}}$	I	Command Input and Option Control. This pin is used as command and option input when CMD is at the high level with $\overline{\text{ST}}$ low. If this pin is not used or serial input is optioned, set this pin to "H" level This pin has an Internal pull up resistor.
14	$\overline{\text{ST}}$	I	Start. Speech playback starts at the fall of the $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse. The 10-16 addresses are latched at the rise of the $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse. Input a $\overline{\text{ST}}$ pulse when NAR goes to the high level for channels 1 and 2. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
28	$\overline{\text{CH}}$	I	Channel Control. Channel 1 is selected when the input Is pulled high. Channel 2 is selected when the Input is low. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
27	I6/SD	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. This pin is serial data (command and address) input when serial input is optioned.
26	I5/SI	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. This pin is used as serial clock input when serial input is optioned.
25	I4	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, set this pin to "L" level. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.
24	I3/PORT1	I/O	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, this pin is a port output. Entering external silence insertion code controls the port output.
23	I2/PORT0	I/O	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, this pin is a port output. Entering external silence insertion code controls the port output.
21, 22	I0, I1	I	This pin is command and user-defined phrase input when parallel input is optioned. When serial input is optioned, set this pin to "L" level. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.

Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
6	AGND	—	Analog ground pin.
7	DGND	—	Digital ground pin.
8	AV_{DD}	—	Analog power pin. Insert a 0.1 μF or more bypass capacitor between this pin and AGND.
9	DV_{DD}	—	Digital power pin. Insert a 0.1 μF or more bypass capacitor between this pin and DGND.
12	MCK	O	Main clock output pin. Use MCK as a connection pin for the MSC1192, etc. When the IC is standby status, MCK is held high.
16	CPU	I	CPU Mode. Set to “H” level to select Microcontroller Interface mode.
17	SERIAL	I	Serial/Parallel Interface Select. This input selects either the parallel or the serial input interface. The serial input interface is selected with a high level; the parallel input interface is selected with a low level.
30	$\overline{CE}$	O	Chip Enable. $\overline{CE}$ is a timing output pin to control read of external memory. This pin outputs when $\overline{RCS}$ is at the “L” level. This pin outputs “H” level when $\overline{RCS}$ is at the “H” level.
3	$\overline{RCS}$	I	Read Chip Select. The data bits D0-D7 are internally pulled down when $\overline{RCS}$ is high. Addresses and $\overline{CE}$ are output when $\overline{RCS}$ is at “L” level. The RA22-RA0 address pins become high impedance and $\overline{CE}$ pin outputs “H” level when $\overline{RCS}$ is at the “H” level.
32, 34-40	D0-D7	I	External Memory Data Bus. Data is input when RCS is low. When RCS is high, these pins become low due to internal pull-down resistors.
41-63	RA0-RA22	O	External Memory Address. These are address pins for an external memory output when $\overline{RCS}$ is low. These pins become high impedance status if $\overline{RCS}$ is in “H” level.
15, 64	$\overline{TEST1}$, $\overline{2}$	I	Test. Set these pins to “H” level.
18	$\overline{IBUSY}$	O	Outputs a “L” level during playback or when AOUT is at 1/2 V_{DD} (except standby conversion)
20	$\overline{STANDBY}$	O	Outputs “L” level during which the device is oscillating.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(GND = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{DD}	Ta = 25°C	–0.3 to +7.0	V
Input voltage	V_{IN}		–0.3 to V_{DD} + 0.3	V
Storage temperature	T_{STG}	—	–55 to +150	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(GND = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Range			Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{DD}	MSM6652-56, MSM6650, MSM6652A-56A	2.4 to 5.5			V
		MSM6658A, MSM66P56	3.5 to 5.5			V
Operating temperature	T_{OP}	—	–40 to +85			°C
Master clock frequency	f_{OSC}	—	Min.	Typ.	Max.	MHz
			3.5	4.096	4.5	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics (1)

(V_{DD} = 5.0 V, GND = 0 V, Ta = –40 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
High level input voltage	V_{IH}	—	4.2	—	—	V
Low level input voltage	V_{IL}	—	—	—	0.8	V
High level output voltage	V_{OH}	I_{OH} = –1 mA	4.6	—	—	V
Low level output voltage	V_{OL}	I_{OL} = 2 mA	—	—	0.4	V
High level input current 1	I_{IH1}	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}$	—	—	10	µA
High level input current 2	I_{IH2}	Internal pull-down resistor	30	90	200	µA
Low level input current 1	I_{IL1}	V_{IL} = GND	–10	—	—	µA
Low level input current 2 *1	I_{IL2}	Internal pull-up resistor	–200	–90	–30	µA
Operating current	I_{DD}	—	—	6	10	mA
Standby current	I_{DS}	Ta = –40°C to +50°C	—	—	10	µA
		Ta = –40°C to +85°C	—	—	30	µA
D/A output relative accuracy	$\|V_{DAE}\|$	When D/A output selected	—	—	40	mV
D/A output impedance	R_{DAO}	When D/A output selected *2	15	25	35	kΩ
		When D/A output selected *3	15	30	45	kΩ
LPF driving resistance	R_{AOUT}	When LPF output selected	50	—	—	kΩ
LPF output impedance	R_{LPF}	I_F = 100 µA	—	1	3	kΩ

*1. Applied to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, $\overline{\text{CMD}}$, $\overline{\text{ST}}$, $\overline{\text{CH}}$.
*2. Applied to MSM6652/53/54/55/56, MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A, MSM6650.
*3. Applied to MSM66P56.

DC Characteristics (2)

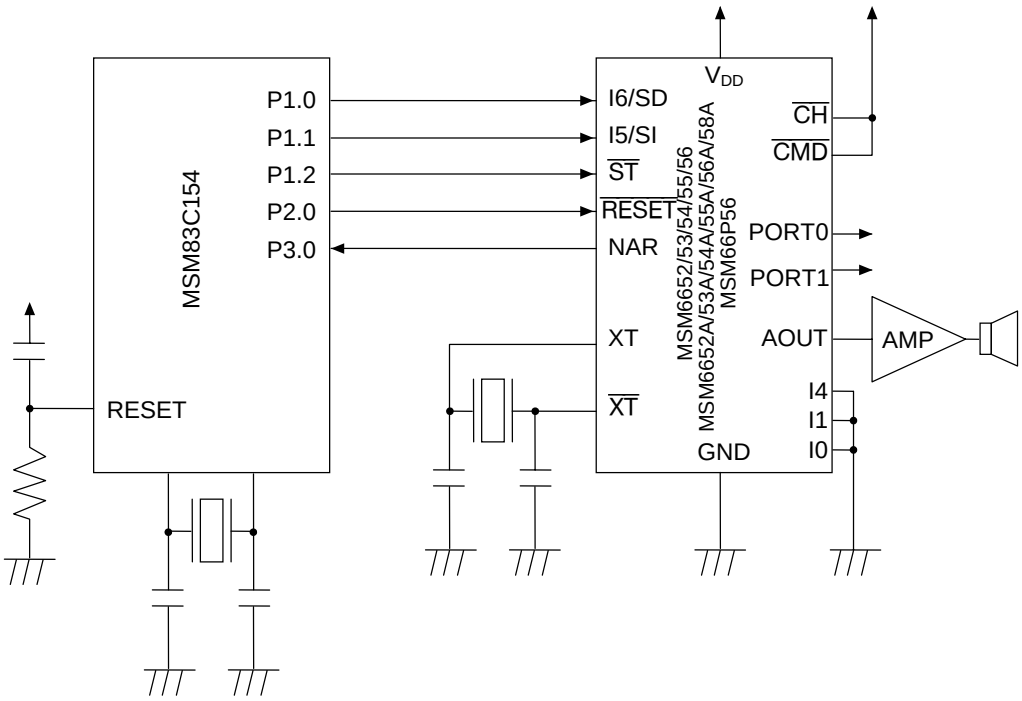
(V_{DD} = 3.1 V, GND = 0 V, Ta = –40 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
High level input voltage	V_{IH}	—	2.7	—	—	V
Low level input voltage	V_{IL}	—	—	—	0.5	V
High level output voltage	V_{OH}	I_{OH} = –1 mA	2.6	—	—	V
Low level output voltage	V_{OL}	I_{OL} = 2 mA	—	—	0.4	V
High level input current 1	I_{IH1}	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}$	—	—	10	µA
High level input current 2	I_{IH2}	Internal pull-down resistor	10	30	100	µA
Low level input current 1	I_{IL1}	V_{IL} = GND	–10	—	—	µA
Low level input current 2 (Note)	I_{IL2}	Internal pull-up resistor	–100	–30	–10	µA
Operating current	I_{DD}	—	—	4	7	mA
Standby current	I_{DS}	Ta = –40°C to +50°C	—	—	5	µA
		Ta = –40°C to +85°C	—	—	20	µA
D/A output relative accuracy	$\|V_{DAE}\|$	When D/A output selected	—	—	20	mV
D/A output impedance	R_{DAO}	When D/A output selected	15	25	35	kΩ
LPF driving resistance	R_{AOUT}	When LPF output selected	50	—	—	kΩ
LPF output impedance	R_{LPF}	I_F = 100 µA	—	1	3	kΩ

Note: Applied to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, $\overline{\text{CMD}}$, $\overline{\text{ST}}$, $\overline{\text{CH}}$.

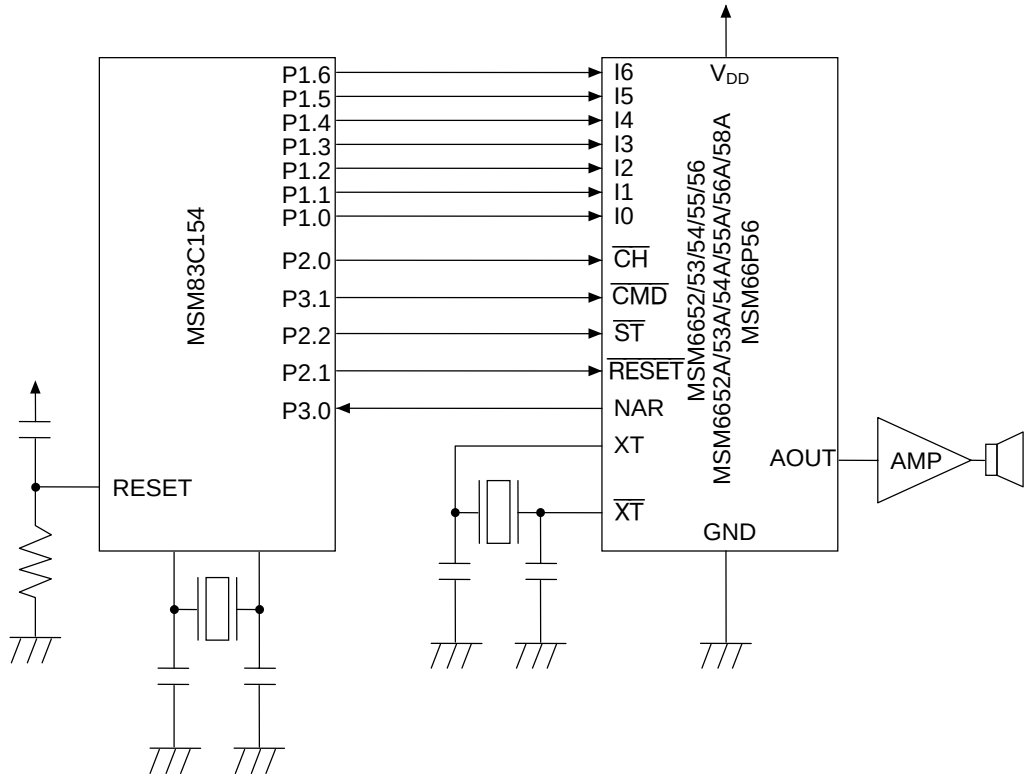
APPLICATION CIRCUITS

(MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx, MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx, MSM66P56-xx)



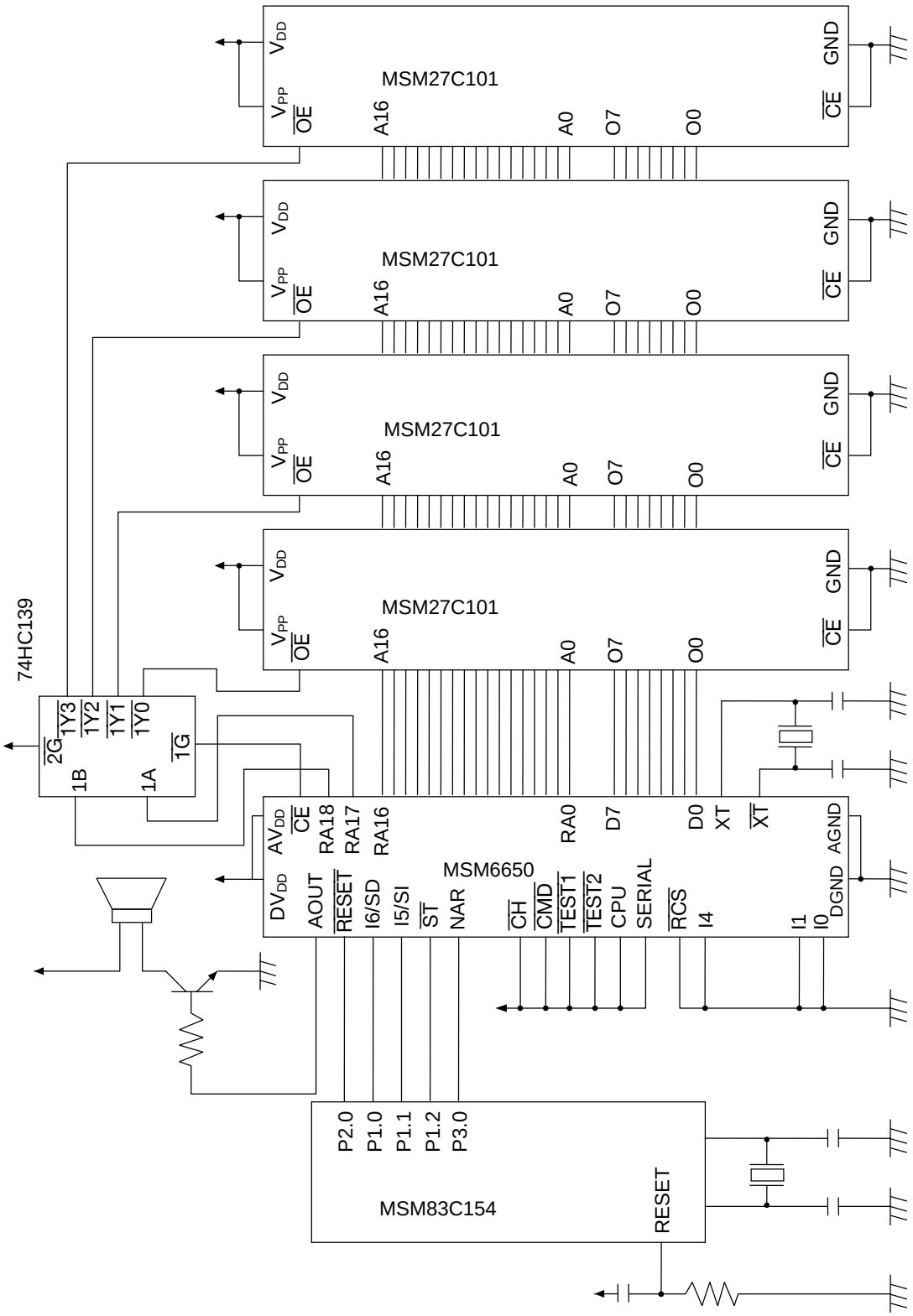
Application Circuit in Serial Input Interface Mode

(MSM6652/53/54/55/56-xxx, MSM6652A/53A/54A/55A/56A/58A-xxx, MSM66P56-xx)



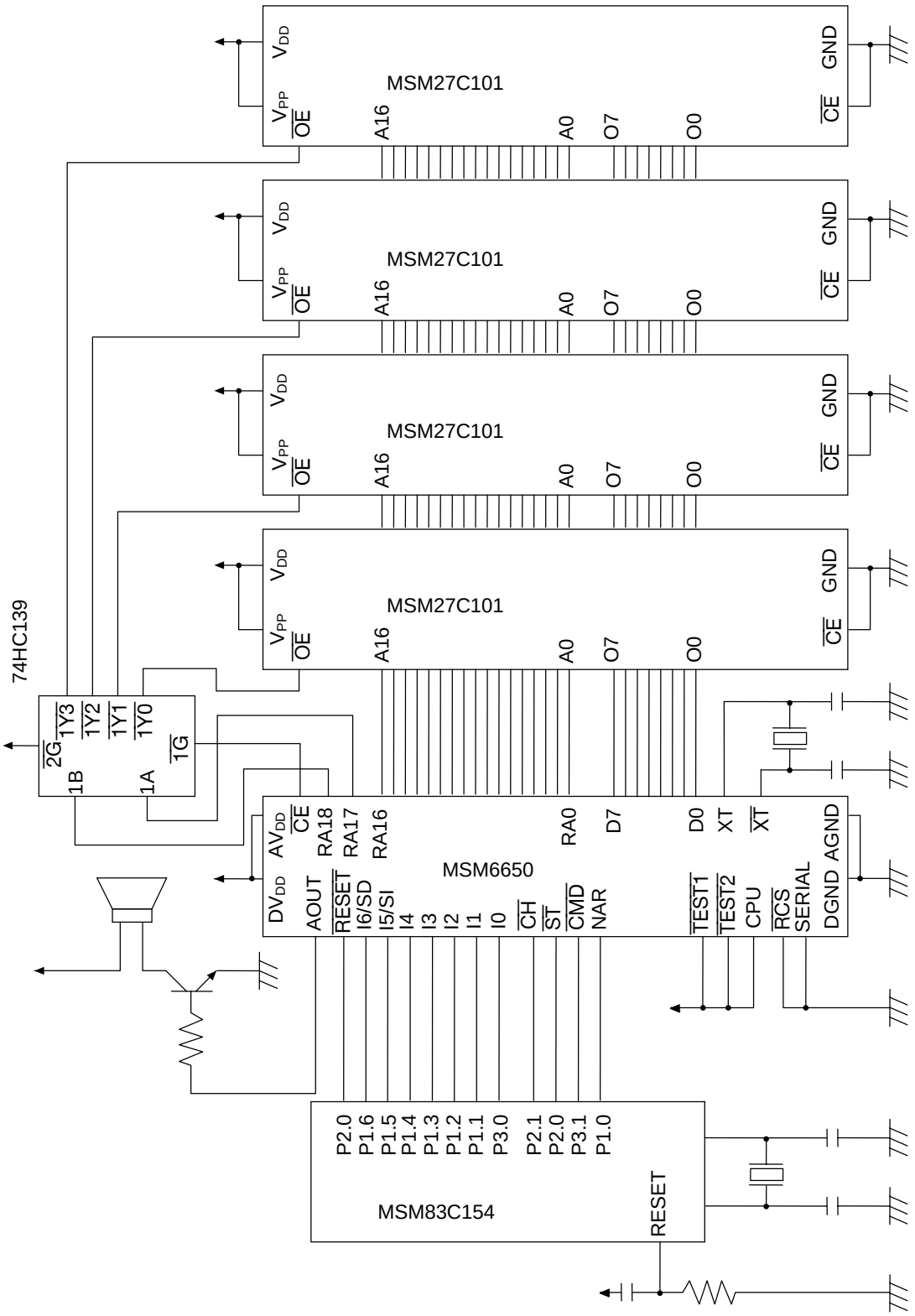
Application circuit in Parallel Input Interface Mode

(MSM6650)



Application Circuit in Microcontroller Interface Mode
Using Four 1-Mbit EPROMs (Serial Input Interface)

(MSM6650)

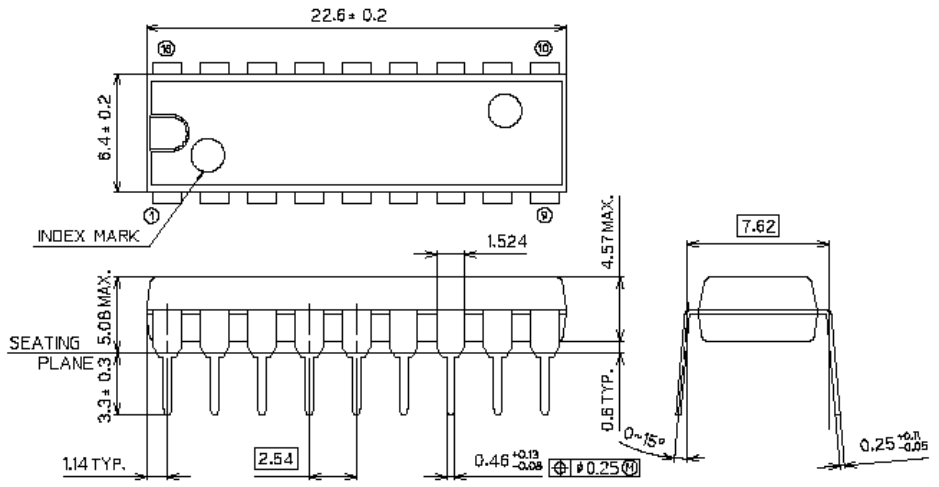


Application Circuit in Microcontroller Interface Mode
Using Four 1-Mbit EPROMs (Parallel Input Interface)

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

(Unit: mm)

DIP18-P-300-2.54



Package material	Epoxy resin
Lead frame material	42 alloy
Pin treatment	Solder plating (≥5µm)
Package weight (g)	1.30 TYP.
Rev. No./Last Revised	2/Dec. 11, 1996

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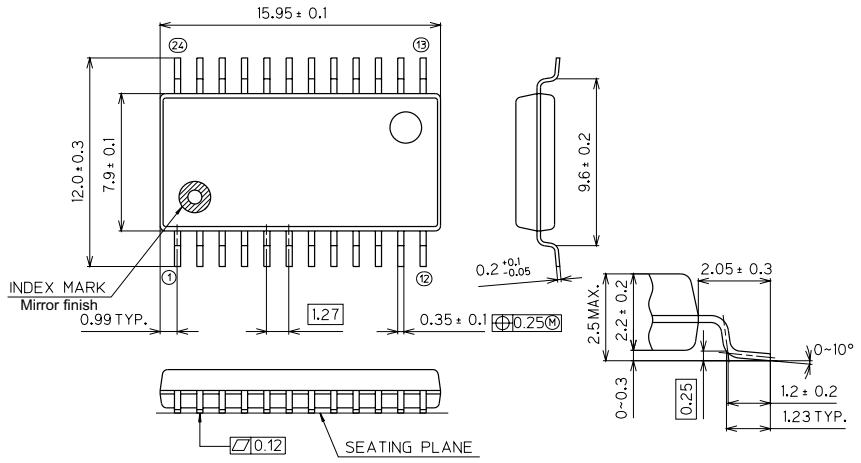
(Unit: mm)

SOP24-P-430-1.27-K



Package material	Epoxy resin
Lead frame material	42 alloy
Pin treatment	Solder plating (≥5µm)
Package weight (g)	0.58 TYP.
Rev. No./Last Revised	5/Oct. 13, 1998

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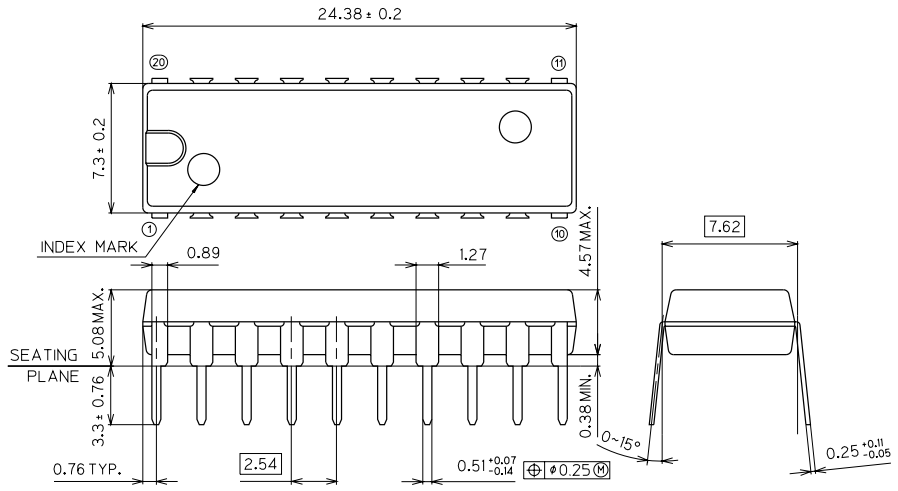
Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

The surface mount type packages are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage.
Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact Oki's responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).

(Unit: mm)

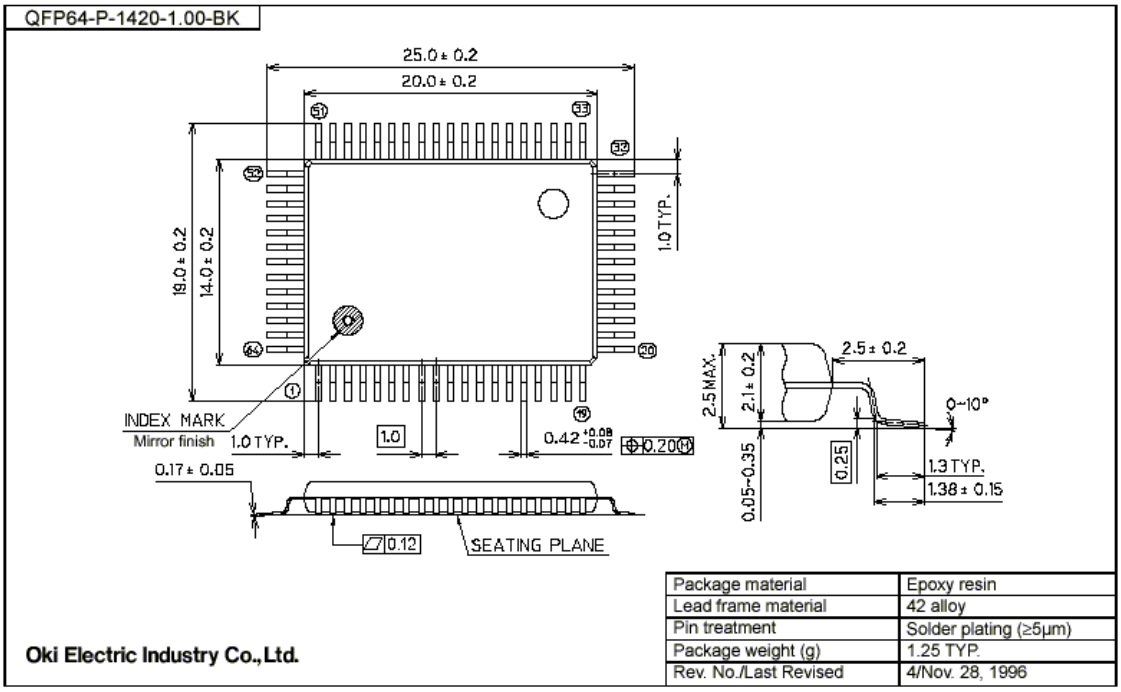
DIP20-P-300-2.54-W1



Package material	Epoxy resin
Lead frame material	42 alloy
Pin treatment	Solder plating (≥5µm)
Package weight (g)	1.50 TYP.
Rev. No./Last Revised	2/Dec. 11, 1996

Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd.

(Unit: mm)



Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

The surface mount type packages are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage.
Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact Oki's responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).

REVISION HISTORY

Document No.	Date	Page		Description
		Previous Edition	Current Edition	
FEDL6650FULL-04	Nov. 2001	–	–	Edition 4
FEDL6650FULL-05	Jan. 11, 2002	60	60	Modified descriptions of $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{RCS}$.
		41	41	Changed the part numbers of the ceramic oscillator in Figure 14.2.
		99	99	Changed the part numbers of the ceramic oscillator in Figure 16.2.
FEDL6650FULL-06	May 30, 2002	–	–	Delete product name of MSM66P54 due to discontinuously
		–	–	Delete the explanation about SDIP package of MSM6650
		–	–	Correct mistake words about Phrase Control Table Function

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