

DESCRIPTION

Mitsubishi 2SC3444 is a silicon NPN epitaxial type transistor designed for relay drive, power supply application.

Complementary with 2SA1364.

FEATURE

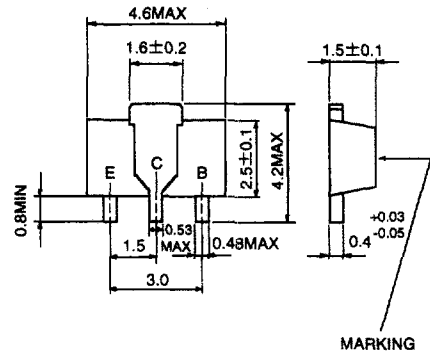
- High voltage $V_{CE0}=60V$
- High collector current ($I_C=1A$)
- Low collector to emitter saturation voltage
 $V_{CE(sat)}=0.11V$ typ(@ $I_C=500mA$, $I_B=25mA$)
- High collector dissipation $P_C=500mW$
- Small package for mounting

APPLICATION

Audio machine, VCR, relay drive, power supply.

OUTLINE DRAWING

Unit:mm



TERMINAL CONNECTOR

E : EMITTER
C : COLLECTOR
B : BASE

EIAJ : SC-62
JEDEC : -

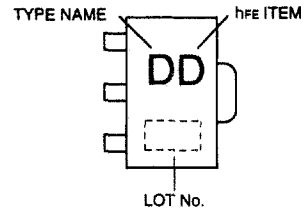
Note)

The dimension without tolerance represent central value.

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
V_{CB0}	Collector to Base voltage	60	V
V_{EB0}	Emitter to Base voltage	6	V
V_{CE0}	Collector to Emitter voltage	60	V
I_{CM}	Peak collector current	2	A
I_C	Collector current	1	A
P_C	Collector dissipation($T_a=25^{\circ}C$)	500	mW
T_j	Junction temperature	+150	$^{\circ}C$
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	-55 to +150	$^{\circ}C$

MARKING



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	C to B break down voltage	$I_C=10\mu A, I_E=0$	60			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	E to B break down voltage	$I_E=10\mu A, I_C=0$	6			V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	C to E break down voltage	$I_C=2mA, R_{BE}=\infty$	60			V
I_{CBO}	Collector cut off current	$V_{CB}=50V, I_E=0$			0.2	μA
I_{EBO}	Emitter cut off current	$V_{EB}=4V, I_C=0$			0.2	μA
$h_{FE} *$	DC forward current gain	$V_{CE}=4V, I_C=100mA$	55		300	—
$V_{CE(sat)}$	C to E saturation voltage	$I_C=500mA, I_E=25mA$		0.11	0.3	V
f_T	Gain band width product	$V_{CE}=2V, I_E=-10mA$		80		MHz
C_{ob}	Collector output capacitance	$V_{CB}=10V, I_E=0, f=1MHz$		14		pF

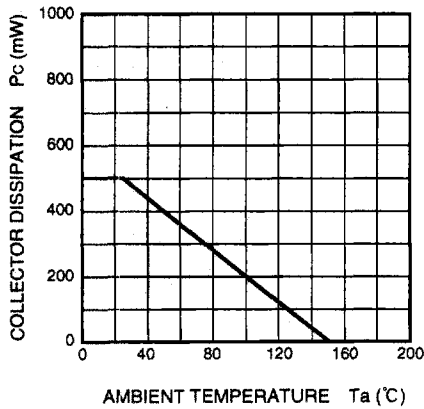
* : It shows h_{FE} classification in right table.

Marking	DC	DD	DE
h_{FE}	55 to 110	90 to 180	150 to 300

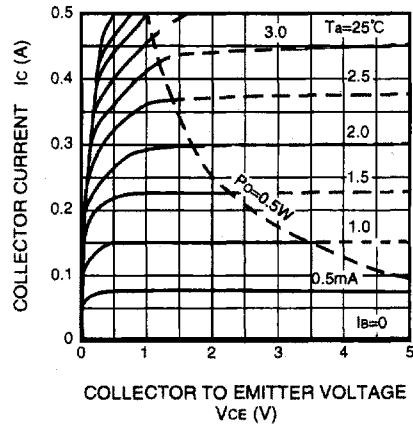
FOR LOW FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFY APPLICATION
SILICON NPN EPITAXIAL TYPE

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

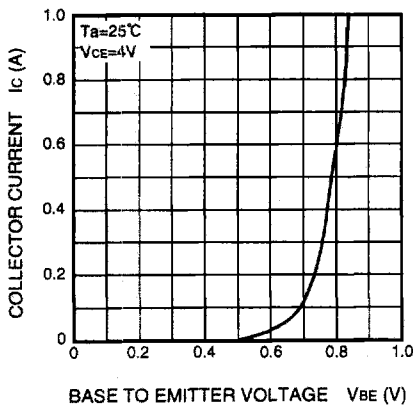
**COLLECTOR DISSIPATION VS.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE**



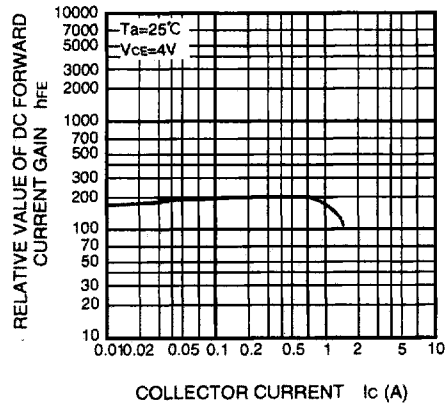
COMMON EMITTER OUTPUT



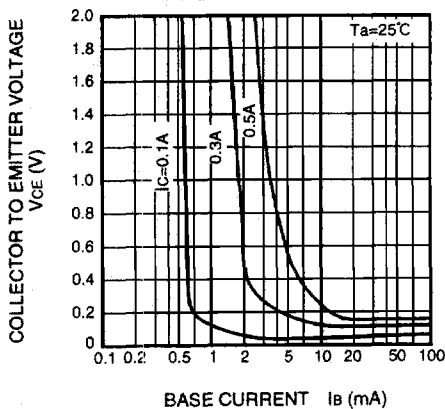
COMMON EMITTER TRANSFER



**DC FORWARD CURRENT GAIN
VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT**



**COLLECTOR TO EMITTER SATURATION
VOLTAGE VS. BASE CURRENT**



**GAIN BAND WIDTH PRODUCT VS.
EMITTER CURRENT**

