



21201 Itasca St.  
Chatsworth, CA 91311  
Phone: (818) 701-4933  
Fax: (818) 701-4939

**SRA251  
THRU  
SRA257**

## Features

- Low Cost
- Low Leakage
- Low Forward Voltage Drop
- High Current Capability
- For Automotive Applications

**25 Amp Standard  
Recovery Rectifier  
50 to 1000 Volts**

## Maximum Ratings

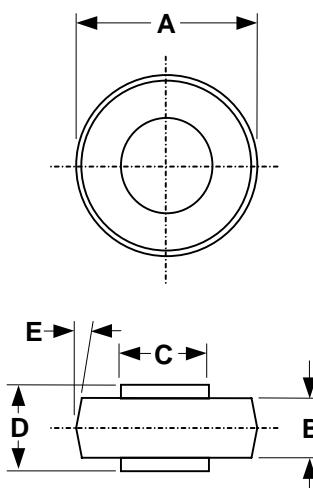
- Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C
- Storage Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Microsemi Part Number	Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	Maximum RMS Voltage	Maximum DC Blocking Voltage
SRA251	50V	35V	50V
SRA252	100V	70V	100V
SRA253	200V	40V	200V
SRA254	400V	280V	400V
SRA255	600V	420V	600V
SRA256	800V	560V	800V
SRA257	1000V	700V	1000V

Electrical Characteristics @ 25°C Unless Otherwise Specified

Average Forward Current	$I_{F(AV)}$	25 A	$T_A = 55^\circ\text{C}$
Peak Forward Surge Current	$I_{FSM}$	400A	8.3ms, half sine
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage	$V_F$	1.0V	$I_{FM} = 25\text{A}; T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum DC Reverse Current At Rated DC Blocking Voltage	$I_R$	$10\mu\text{A}$ $150\mu\text{A}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = 55^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time	$T_{rr}$	$2\mu\text{s}$	$I_F=0.5\text{A}, I_R=25\text{A}, I_F=0.25\text{A}$
Typical Junction Capacitance	$C_J$	65pF	Measured at 1.0MHz, $V_R=4.0\text{V}$

\*Pulse Test: Pulse Width 300μsec, Duty Cycle 1%

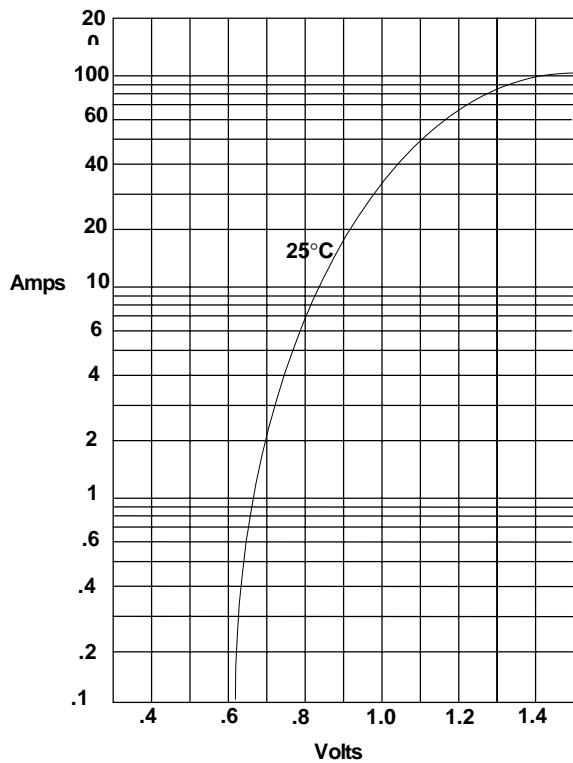


DIM	DIMENSIONS				NOTE
	INCHES		MM		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	.332	.342	8.43	8.69	
B	.165	.175	4.19	4.45	
C	.218	.222	5.54	5.64	
D	.234	.246	5.94	6.25	
E	---	5°	---	5°	Nom

# SRA251 thru SRA257

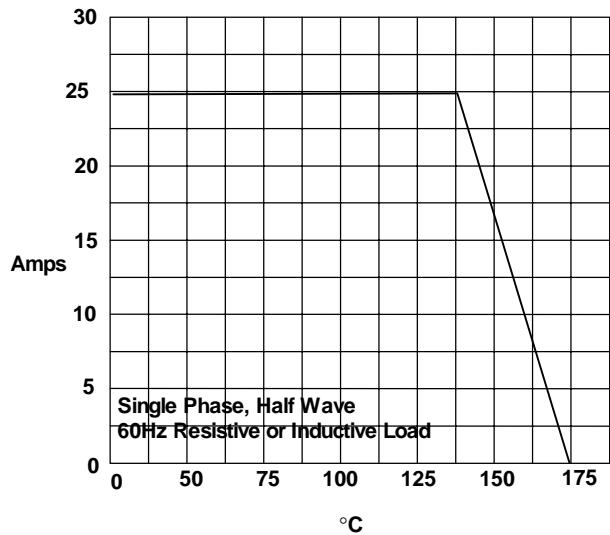


**Figure 1**  
Typical Forward Characteristics



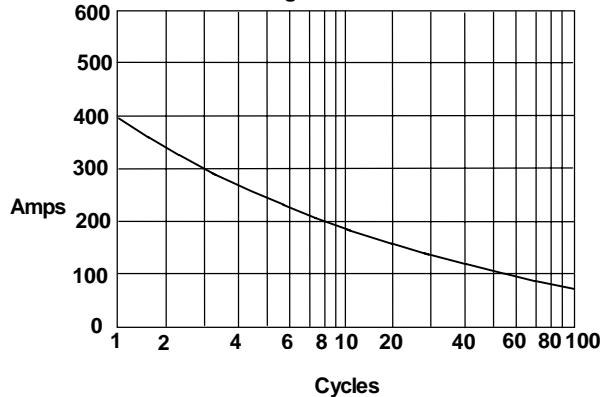
Instantaneous Forward Current - Amperes versus  
Instantaneous Forward Voltage - Volts

**Figure 2**  
Forward Derating Curve



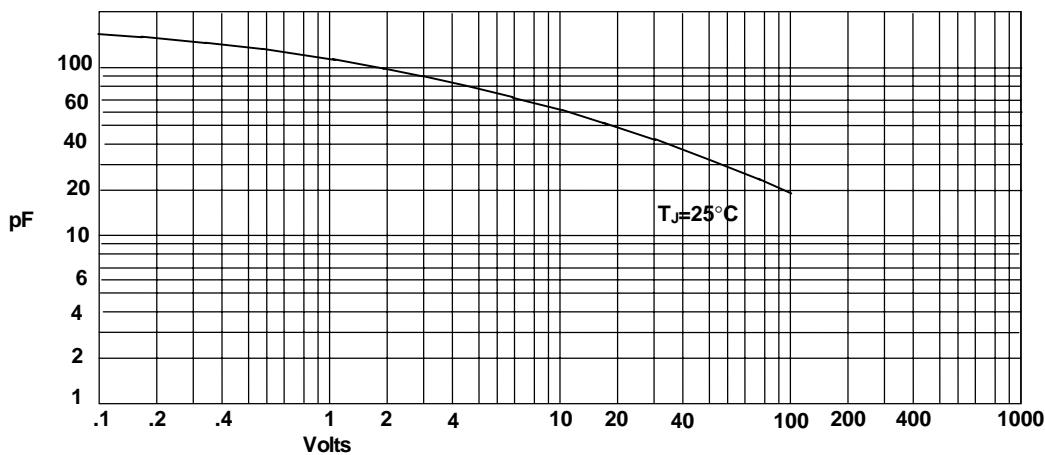
Average Forward Rectified Current - Amperes versus  
Ambient Temperature - °C

**Figure 4**  
Peak Forward Surge Current



Peak Forward Surge Current - Amperes versus  
Number Of Cycles At 60Hz - Cycles

**Figure 3**  
Junction Capacitance



Junction Capacitance - pF versus  
Reverse Voltage - Volts