SHARP

PD49PI/PD481PI

High Speed, High Sensitivity Photodiode

■ Features

1. High sensitivity

 $(I_{SC}>=3.5 \mu A \text{ at } E_{v}=1001x: PD481PI)$

2. Peak sensitivity wavelength matching with infrared LED

($\lambda p = 960 nm$: **PD481PI**) ($\lambda p = 1000 nm$: **PD49PI**)

3. Built-in visible light cut-off filter

■ Applications

 Infrared remote controllers for TVs, VCRs, audio equipment and air conditioners, etc.

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit: mm)

| Black epoxy resin (Visible light cut-off type) | 0.3 |
|--|----------------------|
| (Chip location) 1.3MAX. 1.3MAX. 0.9 0.9 0.9 1.3MAX. 0.5 | |
| 7 5.08± 0.1 | ① Anode ② Cathode |

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|--------------------------|------------------|--------------|------|
| Reverse voltage | V _R | 32 | V |
| Power dissipation | P | 150 | mW |
| Operating temperature | T_{opr} | - 25 to + 85 | °C |
| Storage temperature | T _{stg} | -40 to + 100 | °C |
| *1 Soldering temperature | T _{sol} | 260 | °C |

^{*}For 10 seconds at the position of 2.3mm from the bottom face of resin package

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$

| Parameter | | Symbol | Conditions | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|---|---------|--|------------------------|------|-------|-------|------------|
| *2 Short circuit current | PD49PI | I _{SC} E _V = 100lx | E _ 100lm | 2.4 | 3 | - | 4 |
| | PD481PI | | ISC EV= 100IX | 3.5 | 5 | - | μΑ |
| *2 Short circuit current temperature coefficient | | βт | E _V = 100lx | - | 0.2 | - | % /°C |
| Dark current | | I_d | V _R = 10V | - | 1 | 30 | nA |
| Dark current temperature coefficient | | αт | $V_R = 10V$ | - | 3.5 | 5 | times/10°C |
| Terminal capacitance | | Ct | $V_R = 3V, f = 1MHz$ | - | 20 | 50 | pF |
| Peak sensitivity | PD49PI | λp | | - | 1 000 | - | |
| wavelength | PD481PI | ΛP | - | 910 | 960 | 1 010 | nm |

^{*2} E_V: Illuminance by CIE standard light source A (tungsten lamp)

Fig .1 Power Dissipation vs.
Ambient Temperature

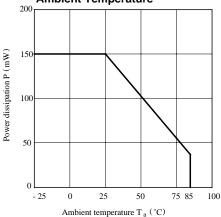


Fig. 3 Dark Current vs.

Ambient Temperature

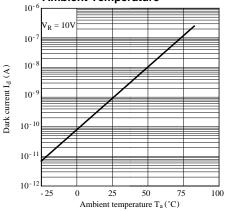


Fig. 5 Terminal Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

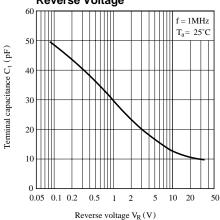


Fig. 2 Spectral Sensitivity

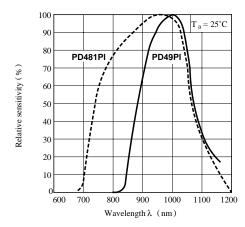


Fig. 4 Dark Current vs. Reverse Voltage

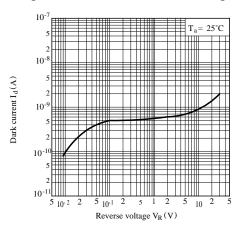
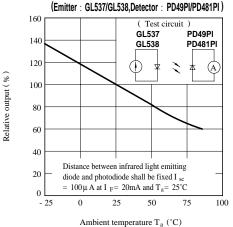


Fig. 6 Relative Output vs. Ambient Temperature





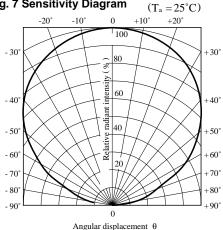
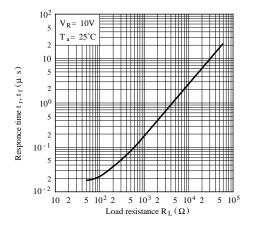
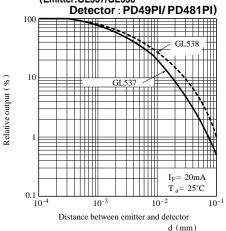


Fig. 9 Responce Time vs. Load Resistance

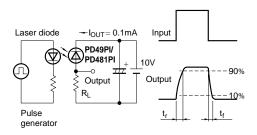


• Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use."

Fig. 8 Relative Output vs. Distance (Emitter:GL537/GL538



Test Circuit for Responce Time



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- Consumer electronics
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- Alarm equipment
- Various safety devices, etc.
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