





Imm und Bühler Elektronik Daimlerstraße 51 D-76185 Karlsruhe

Multi Media Interfaceboard MMIB

Contents

- 1. Features
- 1.1 Features summary
- 1.2 Software revision history
- 2. OSD menu and user controls
- 2.1 Hierarchical overview
- 2.2 Rough overview
- 2.3 Detailed OSD description
- 2.4 Factory related OSD description
- 2.5 Itemlist
- 2.6 Auxilary functions
- 2.7 Timing replacement list
- 3. How to select your desired display
- 4. Characteristics
- 5. Mechanical drawings
- 6. Connectors
- 6.1 Supply connectors
- 6.2 Input signal connectors
- 6.3. Peripheral connectors
- 6.4. Display connectors
- 7. RS232 communication
- 7.1. Hardware connection
- 7.2. RS232 protocol
- 7.3. Protocol examples
- 7.4. Firmware update
- 8. Warranty
- 9. Special applications

Appendix I: Keyboard and IR-Remote Appendix II: Item Numbers for RS232 Appendix III: IB-Remote description

MMIB2/3

User Manual

Datasheet

RS232 Specification

Multi Media Interfaceboard MMIB



1. Features



- 2nd PC input On-Board.
- Separate HV-Sync, Composite Sync and Sync on Green on both PC Inputs. No additional Hardware required.
- Black&White circuit @ 2nd PC Input (Color information taken from Green Channel is distributed to Red and Blue Channels)
- DVI prepared. (Requires additional DVI input board)



- Additional AV (Scart input) at Box-type pin header. With RGB fast blank (FB) support. RGB C video input also possible. Input Board with 21pin SCART plug is available.
- SDI (serial digital interface @ 270Mhz) prepared. Requires additional SDI Input-Board.



- Temperature Sensor (-20 .. 100°C) On-Board.
- Two High Current Outputs (e.g. vans)
- One general purpose analog output (0..5V)
- Improved Backlight dimming range. Analog output 0..5V.
- RS232 on board



- Auto adjust of all geometry parameters @ PC Inputs. Includes Phase and Contrast adjustments.
- Supervision of inactive Inputs. (Auto select if a connected device is powered on)
- Firmware Update (e.g. for special customer requirements) via RS232 possible. (PC-Software under development)
- NEW: Saturation adjustment @ video Inputs.
- "Motion adaptive", "spatial" or "static-mesh" De-Interlacing at any input.
- Colortemperatures 3200°K, 5500°K, 6500°K, 9300°K and user adjustable.

Multi Media Interfaceboard MMIB



1. Features (continue)

VGA input (PC signals)

- 2x Input connectors: 15pol HD SubD receptacle (R/G/B/Hsync/Vsync)
- VGA to UXGA and an nearly unlimited range of user resolutions
- Up to 140Mhz sample rate
- "Autoadjust" function
- Multisync capability, due to frame rate conversion, independent from type of connected display

Video inputs:

- Input connectors: 2x Cinch (FBAS), 1x Mini Din 4pol (s-video, Y/C), 1x full featured AV (Scart) Plug prepared.
- PAL-System with automatic recognition of 4:3, various letterboxes and 16:9 formats
- NTSC and SECAM
- 4H comp filter
- motion adaptive deinterlacing and noise reduction (,Movie' mode)
- spatial deinterlaceing (,Sport' mode)
- Horizontal anarmophic scaling/zoom (Panorama View / Waterglass View)
- No movement artifacts like "frame-tearing"

Digital input:

• DVI prepared (requires I&B DVIINP01)

High-Performance-Scaling

• Full screen support for all input resolutions independent of display resolution, achieved by horizontal and vertical independent magnification or downscaling in real-time.

Frame-memory

 Any input frame rate can be converted to the desired output frame rate which is recommended by the display manufacturer

Display output:

- Single and dual pixel port output (18/24, 36/48 bit) applied on 3.3V or 5V high level
- Up to 100Mhz pixel-rate
- Panel Vcc(depends on adapter) 3,3/5/12 V

- Asynchronous output timing in VGA mode, optimized on Panel requirements
- Synchronous output timing on video mode (50/60Hz), to avoid movement artifacts
- Control signals for backlight, PLE, H/V reverse, etc... (depends on display features)

Universal:

- The MMIB2 interface-board is build for running with all displays available in today's marked.
- Since the display-adapter (see below) decides which display is connected the MMIB could shipped without knowing the destination display.
- Recognition of the connected display is done automatically

Other features:

- Control of brightness, contrast, sharpness
- advanced on screen display
- Help function
- Adjustable gammacorrection (in 10 steps between 0.. 2.5)
- Keyboard with 5 keys, can be mounted horizontal or vertical, includes IR receiver for remote control

Signal Management and Autodetection

- Input search at No Signal
- Auto detection of New Signals at any input
- Power On: Input selection.

DPMS

- Adjustable time to "Suspend mode"
- Adjustable time to "Power down mode"

Temperature Control & Auxiliary Ports

- Temperature Sensor on board
- 2x "digital" 1x analog Auxiliary Ports
- Various functions to control vans, heaters or over/under temperature signaling.
- Also useable for special customer requirements

1.1 Features summary

The MMIB2 is a High-End interface board for an unlimited range of TFT and Plasma Displays.

Superior composite video performance, the capability to process all know (and unknown) VGA timings and formats, with every possible sync type, guarantees customers satisfaction in most applications.

Additionally the MMIB2 provides all input types (SDI and DVI) for a system which will be "up to date", even tomorrow.

Starting at 6.4" VGA over 21.3" UXGA up to 42" WVGA Displays the MMIB2 represents the ideal solution for Manufacturers with a wide range of monitors.

Similar to the broad range of resolutions and timings are the panel interfaces itself, who are supported. Like: 18/24 36/48 Bit parallel @3.3V or 5V Level, single or dual LVDS and PanelLink. Even analog displays runs with the MMIB.

This is done by a wide range of so called "Adaptersets" including:

- a small "add on" board (Adapterboard)
- Cables to drive the panel.
- Cables for Backlight supply and control.

1.2. Software Revision History

Rev	Date	Remark	Check
	15.03.11	Company adress change. Change of maximum voltage: typ: 12V max: 15V Change of maximum operating temperature: 50°C	Bühler
3.040	13.08.2004	Introduction of SAA6712 (see 1.3) Some display wall extra functions (Geometry>wall) Some minor Bugs in downscaling solved	Bühler
3.039	30.07.2004	Timing replacement list added	Bühler
3.038	12.07.2004	Length of internal H-Sync reduced. The x position of all stored VGA timings will be incorrect and have to be adjusted.The change is necessary to a special 1360x768 Timing.	Bühler
	08.07.2004	LG LM201U02 added LG LM201U03 added NEC NL10276BC16-01 added	Sobanski
	25.06.2004	CMO V270W1-L04 added	Sobanski
	16.06.2004	LG 42" LC420W02 added	Sobanski
	01.06.2004	FLC43XWC8V-06 added	Sobanski
	28.05.2004	RS232 Broadcast commands improved. The received package is transmitted to the next before processing.	Bühler
3.037	27.05.2005	Samsung LTM213U4-L01 added	Sobanski
	14.05.2004	Bug: Not present inputs (DVI/SDI) could be activated by RS232. This coused erroneous behaviour / system reset. The Bug is fixed,	Bühler
	07.05.2004	Menuitem: Picture->Colors->Output extended: "Blue Only" / "Green Only" H17E12-200 added. Systemflags (OSD on, No Signal etc) via RS232 accessable. (See Service->Info menu)	Bühler Sobanski Bühler
	06.05.2004	NL8060BC31-28 added Bug: Excessive RS232 traffic has caused erroneous Timing detection at VGA inputs. The bug is fixed.	Sobanski Bühler
	05.05.2004	FLC56XWC8V-01 added.	Sobanski
	02.05.2004	Setting CAM (Video->Optionen->Source): Black Picture will be treated like "no signal" DPMS Setting -> Power Down: Setting "2 min" replaced by "immediate". Menu Picture->Colors: Item "Output" added. Output	Bühler
		allows to adjust the output color resolution. TrueColor, 64 or 8 Colors are possible.	

3.036	24.04.2004 21.04.2004	DVI Timing detection improved. NI 8060BC26-17 added.	Bühler Sobanski
	2110112001	Setting CAM (Video->Optionen-Source) activatet	Bühler
		Bug: Numeric keys for IR26 has been deactivated.	
3.035	20.04.2004	Bug: After videomode a present signal at rgb input is not detected anymore. Bug: Inputselection by down kay was disabled LG 20.1" VGA LC201V02 AU 20.1" A201SN08 Formatselection 4:3->16:9->Original cause changeds in customer settings (Geometry->Display Pixel and Lines).	Bühler
		Value for minimum Brightness of BI330 Inverter improved. FPF42C128128UB71 added. LM201U02 LG/Philips 20.1" added Autodetect for 1152x864, 1280x960 and 1400x1050 Resolutions added. Colorvalues for LTM08C351 added DPS control for NL8060 added RS232 ItemNr for following menuitems have changed: power on/off, ir-locked, format (4:3->16:9->Original)	
3.034	16.02.2004	IR-Locked added (see servicemenu) Output aspect ratio: 4:3 and 16:9 selectable (see geometry menu -> display) Power On/Off via IR remote. Command osd items (z.B. autoadjust) also at RS232 available. Free configuration of AUX1 & AUX22 (see 2.6) Avoid of unwanted freeze picture at video input (Input- >Options->Source->CAM) AII.9: Items with predefined values added. ChiMei (CMO) M180E1 L01 added	Bühler
3.033	12.01.2004	The former sperate ADVIIB firmware is now compined	Bühler
		with the MMIB Firmware. Itemlist functions added. Therefore changes in the OSD keyoptions menu	Bühler
3.032	18.12.2003	Landmark LM123A (Based on: 12" Sharp) with BI200A Inverter added	Bühler
	12.12.2003	NL6448BC33-50 with CXA030 added	Bühler
	05 44 0000	Anti Sticking was disabled since 25.11.2003.	Bühler
	25.11.2003	Together with our INPDVI01 dvi input board a bug a vga input appear. While inputfrequency was between 24.68Mhz and 25.34 Mhz strong phase distortion appears. Now the bug is solved but a X Position +/-1 Error may occur in some cases.	Bühler
		Bug: temporary "blue screen" while correct input signal is present. The bug is solved.	Bühler
3.031	12.11.2003	TM396WX71N32 added WXGA detection for all WXGA Displays (former only for TM396WX71N31)	Bühler
3.030	03.11.2003	Default values for "anti Sticking" changed. Because anti sticking was enabled by default after firmware update. customer specific menu disabled	Bühler

		LTA400W01 added	
		Input to output synchronisation improved.	
		Synchronisation was not available on DVI.	
		Automatically adjustment of the backlight brightness	
		(I DR for environment brightness needed)	
3 020	10 00 2003	L B104V3 added	Bühler
5.029	19.09.2003	Automatically detection of current videostandard was	Duniei
		Automatically detection of current videostandard was	
		UISADIEU SIIICE IEV. 5.027.	
		Anti Sucking menu added	
	40.00.0000		D
	16.09.2003	H118E220 Timing changed to 45Mhz, with 56Mhz timing	Buhler
		erratic artefacts has been appeared while the osd was	
		open	
	09.09.2003	customer specific (ttf-input-functions) enabled	Bühler
	04.09.2003	Samsung 10.4" added	Eller
3.028	18.03.2003	LC230W01 dazu	Bühler
		Chunghwa CLAA150XA03 added	
		Improved code entry for IR26	
		New adapter versions for analog displays added	
		(ADPANP02 and ADPANC02)	
		20 1" NEC NI 128102AC31 01 (analog) added	
	13 08 2003	RS232 Command 0x600B: "Backlight On/Off" added	Bühler
	10.00.2000	Buokinght of a duded.	Dunici
	25 07 2003	RS232 Command 0x600A: "Store Displaytiming" added	Bühler
	20.07.2000	Contraction of the second state of the second	Dunici
	21 07 2003	IB Pemote description added	Bühler
	21.07.2003		Duniei
	19 07 2002	Monu SYSTEM SMTRE Specet added	Büblor
	10.07.2003		Duniei
		Manu SYSTEM SINEO abangad Valuas are now	
		weileble en DS222 (ass also AU C)	
0.007	40.07.0000	avaliable on RS232 (see also All.6).	D
3.027	10.07.2003	Under some conditions was frozen picture is displayed	Buhler
		when composite or yc inputs are active. This bug should	
		be resolved now. Also vcr fast forward or rewind replay is	
		improved. But there is no vertical synchronisation on ff or	
		rewind.	
3.026	26.06.2003	RS232 item numbers for user adjustable	Bühler
		colortemperature (R G B values) in the datasheet	
		corrected.	
		0x6009: RS232 Restart command added.	
	06.06.2003	IR-Accesscode item added.	Bühler
		Display-ID added for enable/disable the OSD menu for	Sobanski
		common IR remote control.	
3.025	28.04.2003	C-Sync Filter: Selection "Off" added.	Bühler
	23.04.2003	OSD Menu "VGA Optionen" changed:	
		Submenu "Details added"	
		- H-Sync edge for sample rate recovery selectable	
		Composite Sync Filter added (see OSD description)	
		This function was former activated by selecting	
		manual SoG manually	
		Color profile for NI 128102AC31 01 added	
		Somoung LTM170E5 L02 added	
		Coometry auto adjust improved	
0.000		Ceometry auto adjust improved.	Dühler
3.023	28.03.2003	Startup Sequence improved	Bunier
		11.4 SUI Inputs.	1

-			
		Some DVI bugs removed: SXGA works correctly. Timing	
		detection works correctly.	
		CXA-0317: Analog range adjusted.	
		ISFT60.15, SINAI43150CBD, HT18E22-200 UB084S01H	
		FLC26XGC6R, LTM08C351,LQ201U1LW01 added.	
3.018	22.01.2003	Sharp LQ121S1DG11 Timing debugged.	Bühler
	21.01.2003	Backlight-Service menu added (see 2.4 Factory related	
		OSD settings)	
		Thosiba LTM07C382J 60Hz Synchronisation debugged	
		and Color profile added.	
		Sync function changes belongs to every display.	
		Sharp LQ084S1DH01: Color profile added.	
3.017	08.01.2003	LQ150X1LW71 & M150XN05 added	Bühler
		NL8060-31G: MVA control removed	
3.016	09.12.2002	Continious phase correction for drifting signals. (see	Bühler
		geometry->input->interlaced menu)	
		Fix frequency monitor mode (input->options).	
		RS232 filesystem command 0x6000 improved.	
		RS232 firmware update command 0x7000 added.	
		RS232 filesystem command 0x8000 and 0x9000 added.	
		Samsung 18.1" LTM181E4 added.	
		Unipac 13.3" UB133X01 added.	
3.014	18.09.2002	Improved timing recognition for VGA (for ROBO	Bühler
		CC200/CC300 CNC control units).	
		Support for unknow timing adjustments (see sub menu	
		1.2.1 input" on page 16).	
3.013	28.08.2002	30" LG, 15" Mitsubishi added	Bühler
		for all 10.4" NEC (Timing 0x03) DPS and MVA menu	
		Items are allways enabled (Geometry or Geometry-	
0.040	44.00.0000	24.0" Operating added	Dübler
3.012	14.08.2002	21.3 Samsung added	Bunier
	07.08.2002	Ch short signal changes in VCA mode no "blue screen"	Durner
3.011		will be displayed	
	22.07.2002	l onger reported bugs:	Rühlor
	23.07.2002	Signal supervision (& search) works not for DVI	Duniei
		DV/Linnut not selectable via keyboard (eq. left key)	
		configuration	
		Defaultvalue for Video: Brightness: 32 contrast: 40	
		all other inpute: Brightness: 32, contrast: 32 (sdi was 0)	
		Improved SoG behavior	
		ADPI DI01: DII switch ordering changed	
		Description of the menus 1.4 Picture & 1.4.1 Colors	
		changed.	
3.010	17.07.2002	Fujitsu 20.1" + 23"	
3.009	13.06.2002	Pre&Post Coast in VGA options.	
3.004	08.03.2002	PICTURE: Gamma and Colortemperature.	Eller
	01.03.2002	Hotkeys removed, New: OTHER->INPUTSELECTION	-
		VGA input range optimized.	
3.001	02.12.2001	File System Commands added.	Bühler
		VCR rewind/forward behaivior improved.	
		H-Clamp: adjust clamp time instead of clamp place	

2. OSD menu and user controls

All the functions of the interface board are selected and adjusted using an advanced on screen display (OSD) and a keyboard or a IR-remote control. The OSD includes an online help window to explain the functionality of the menu items.

The OSD menu of the MMIB is controlled via a 5 key (Up, Down, Left, Right and Ok) keyboard or IR-Remote.

Since we try to meet a lot of customer requirements there are a lot of ways to configure the keyboard behavior while the OSD is closed.

• Functionality while OSD is closed (Default):

Key	Function	Remark
UP	Opens the SOURCE menu.	
LEFT	Opens the INFO menu	see also 2.4 Factory related setup.
RIGHT	Opens the INPUT GEOMETRY	
	menu	
DOWN	Toggles through the inputs	Between which input the key toggles can be selected (See OTHER->KEYBOARD OPTIONS- >DOWN and OTHER->INPUTSELECTION)
OK	Opens the MAIN menu.	

• Functionality while OSD is closed (User adjustable):

Key	Function	Remark
UP	No function	
LEFT	Adjust contrast or	
	brightness	
	Toggles through the inputs	see also OTHER->INPUTSELECTION
	No function	
RIGHT	Adjust contrast or	
	brightness	
	Toggles through the inputs	see also OTHER->INPUTSELECTION
	No function	
DOWN	Adjust contrast or	see also description for menu item functionlist I
	brightness	
OK	No function	

All user adjustments for the keyboard are available in OTHER->KEYBOARD OPTIONS

• Functionality while OSD is open.

Key	Function	Remark
UP	Select the previous menu item. Wrap around is provided at	
	the first item of a menu.	
LEFT	Decrease the actual selected value. Toggle ON/OFF	
	buttons. Select an OPTION button.	
RIGHT	Increase the actual selected value. Toggle ON/OFF	
	buttons. Select an OPTION button.	
DOWN	Select the next menu item. Wrap around is provided at the	
	last item of a menu.	
OK	Close the active menu an return to the previous.	

2. OSD menu and user controls (continue)

Note: Most adjustments are only possible while an input signal is applied.

Adjusted menu items will be saved if

- the sub menu is closed
- an other input format is detected

Since we try to support the customer with all the features possible by the hardware and of lot of special requirements the OSD structure have become really large. So we have designed the OSD structure straight in order of the logical appearance of a desired function.

Therefore always search a desired function in the logical orders:

MAIN->INPUT SIGNAL: Anything according to the input signal. Signal search or supervision settings.

MAIN->GEOMETRY. Anything according to the position and size (geometry). Also the geometry is well structured:

MAIN->GEOMETRY->INPUT: Any parameter to describe the incoming signal. MAIN->GEOMETRY->DISPLAY: Additional parameters to describe the actual display. MAIN->GEOMETRY->ADVANCED: How to handle the incoming signal.

MAIN->PICTURE: All the parameters like contrast, brightness, colors and so on.

MAIN->OTHER: System settings like language, OSD position, keyboard options and other details.

Beside the possibility to change the functionality of specific keys. There is also the possibility to lock the OSD complete. This is done by pressing the UP and DOWN key while power up. Access to the OSD is enabled by pressing UP and DOWN again while power up.

2.1 Hierarchical overview

Mainmenu



2.2 Rough overview

Function	Menu(s)	Remark
Selecting an input signal the video	main->input signal	VGA, Composite input, s-
source and norm	main->input signal-sources	video input
		terrestrial, satellite, VCR,
	UP-KEY	PAL, NTSC, SECAM
What happens if no signal is	main->input signal->Signals	Search another input
applied on the actual selected input	also	
	servicemenu->setup->No signal	Background Color
		Text
What happens on power up	main->input signal->Power On	Currentiaion of none coloritod
vvnile watching video a PC signal is	main->input signal->Signals	Supervision of none selected
applied	also	
	Servicemenu-Setup-	
Picture position is wrong adjusted	main->geometry	Phaseshift
	finding geometry	Samplerate
		Position
		Resolution
		Interlaced
The picture looks like lines are	main->geometry->interlaced	ODD / EVEN
displayed in an wrong order		spatial deinterlacing
		temporal deinterlacing
		static mesh
The picture look dark	main->picture	brightness, contrast, R G B,
		backlight dimming
OSD language	main->other->language	
OSD style and position	main->other->OSD setup	cascade, transparent,
		position, color
How long is the display running	main->other->runtime	
	info->maintanance	
Not everyone should have access	main->other->keyboard options	
to the OSD menu.		

2.3 Detailed OSD description

1. Mainmenu			
Item		Function	
Input	1.1	Choose the input signal out of 2x VGA, DVI, 2x composite video, s-video, AV (Scart) and SDI are optioninal video connectors. Also some options according to the input signal type or source are available in this menu.	
Geometry	1.2 1.3	Adjust frame offset, output format and zoom function. This menu is different in video and VGA operation.	
Picture	1.4	Adjust brightness, contrast, sharpness, colors.	
Other	1.5	Change language and OSD adjustments.	

The main menu is selected by pressing the ,OK' key on the keyboard or on the remote control while the OSD is off.

Note: DVI, SDI and AV are optional inputs.

1.1 Source	•	
Item		Function
VGA 1	1.1.1	Select the 1 st VGA (PC) as
		active input. Timing information
		is shown if this input is active
		and this item is selected
VGA 2	1.1.1	Select the 1 st VGA (PC) as
		active input. Timing Information
		is shown if this input is active
		and this item is selected.
DVI		Select the DVI (optional) as
		active input.
Video	1.1.2	To allow the selection of the
		desired video input an additional
		submenu appears.
HD-SDI		Select the HD SDI Input as
		active input.
SDI		Select the SDI (Serial Digital
		Input) as active input.
Options	1.1.3	VGA Options
	1.1.4	Video Options
	1.1.5	SDI Options
	1.1.6	HD-SDI Options
Signal	1.1.7	Signal management.

1.1.1 Timing Information	bn
Item	Function
Resolution	Resolution in Pixel and Lines
Н	Horizontal frequency
V	Vertical frequency
S	Type of the synchronization
	signal.
ΗV	Separate H-Sync and V-Sync
	is detected at the input.
H-Comp	Composite Sync signal is
	detected on the H Input.
on Green	Sync signal is embedded on
	the Green signal.
H+(V+)	Active High Sync
H-(V-)	Active Low Sync

1.1.2 Video input selection		
ltem	Function	
Comp 1	Select the 1 st composite input	
	signal as active input.	
Comp 2	Select 2 nd composite input signal	
	as active input.	
Y/C	Select Y/C (s-video) input signal	
	as active input.	
AV	Select AV (Scart) input signal as	
	active input.	

Depending on the active input type several options are adjustable.

This information is also taken to save user adjustments for this timing.

A timing is recognized as "known" according to following rules:

Total vertical lines range: +/- 2

Horizontal frequency range: ~ 1% Same sync type.

if a source provides more than one sync types the used sync is selected in following order (in auto mode see also 1.1.3 VGA options):

1st: Separate H Sync and V Sync. 2nd: Composite Sync. 3rd: Sync on Green

1.1.3 VGA options	
Item	Function
Auto Sync Detect	Enables or disables auto detection of the supplied synchronization signal. Supported sync types are:
	Separate H Sync and V Sync Composite Sync (at H input) Sync on Green.
HV Sync	Manual selection of separate H sync and V sync.
Composite Sync	Manual selection of composite sync.
Sync on Green	Manual selection of sync on green sync.
Details	see 1.1.3.1
Multisync	Default: on. Setting of for very unstable signals.
Timing Infos	This menu shows the actual timing measurements.

This menu is only accessible if a VGA (PC) input is active.

Note: in manual sync type mode no other sync type is detected as the chosen one. This means for e.g.: if composite sync is selected and a sync on green signal is applied the signal is processed as "No Signal".

For DPMS (power saving) mode: if the source stops H and V sync but not the color signals R G B the color information on the green channel can be taken as synchronization signal in some cases. Therefor the desired sync type should be selected manual.

Setting off the Multi sync function detection of different input timings is only done via the vertical input frequency within a range of -/+ 4 Hz. **This allows to display very unstable signals. Default is ON.**

1.1.3.1 Details	
Item	Function
H-Clamp	Horizontal Clamp Place. Only for special purposes.
	Default value is 8. Attention: Wrong settings may cause color artifacts.
SoG Level	Voltage Level for the "Sync on Green" comperator. Only for special purposes. Wrong settings may result in "No signal"
Coast Lines	Number of serration pulses. If the setting is below the number of serration pulses the picture my be "right shifted" at the top. Default: 7.
Edge	H-Sync edge (leading or trailing) for sample rate recorvery. If this item is changed, in case of SoG sync, H-Clamp has also to be adjusted.
C-Sync Filter	Only for SoG or composite sync! Defaultvalue is HF. In some case there are unusual long pulses during the vertical sync time, which leads to erroneaous sync seperation. In this cases the setting LF maybe helpfull. If the pulses are really short the C-Sync Filter can be disabled.

How C-Sync Filter works: It specifies a delay time within the C-Sync must stay at his active level before Vsync is detected.

Off: 3.2µs HF: 6.4µs LF: 20.0µs

1.1.4 Video optic	ons
Item	Function
Source	Optimize color recovery for VCR, satellite- or terrestrial video sources. Also an option "CAM" is available.
Auto	Detection of the video norm PAL, NTSC, SECAM with also their sub- standards
Norm	Shows the incoming video norm. If Auto is disabled the desired norm can be selected manual.
Auto Format	Allows the detection of several 16:9 and so called "letterbox" formats. For this formats the top and bottom blacklines are suppressed via vertical expansion.
AV	Operation modes of the AV (Scart) plug.

1.1.5 SDI options	
Item	Function
Format	Shows the SDI formats:
	625-50Hz
	525-60Hz
SMTP	
NRZI	
DESC	

This menu is only accessible if a video input is active.

Every video source has a delay between the luminance and chrominance information. The option CAM enables continously supervision of the incoming signal. This ensures that always a Live picture is displayed.

Following Video norms are supported: PAL NTSC M SECAM NTSC 44 PAL M PAL N PAL 60 NTSC Mono 50Hz Mono 60Hz

The AV (Scart) input can operation in following modes: **Standard**: the composite video from the scart plug is showed. RGB Fast blanking is supported. **RGB**: only the RGB information is supported. A sync Signal has be provided at the composite input. E.g. for RGB camera applications. **YUV**: Like RGB mode, but the color information is treated as YUV signals. E.g. for DVD players etc...

This menu is only accessible if a SDI input is active.

SMTP, NRZI and Desc(rambling) are optionions for non-standard applications. They are only needed for special customer requirements. Wrong settings may result in corrupt picture or loss of signal.

1.1.6 HD-SDI Options	
	Funktion
HD-Output	Available Settings:
	Loop : outputs the reclocked input signal ("Loop
	Through").
	Testpicture : outputs a test picture from an build in
	testpicture generator.
	Selftest: Like "Testpicture" but the Signal from the
	Input is displayed. This means an external loop
	from output to input plug is required for correct
	operation.
Format	At Loop mode: Shows the Format of the incoming
	HD-SDI Signal.
	At Testpicture/Selftest: Selection of the desired
	Format.
Standard	Show the according Standard (SMPTE xxx)
Clock	Show the current pixelclock (27, 74.17, 74.25 MHz)
Pattern	Only at Testpicture/Selftest: Selection of the
	Testpicture (SMPTE +100%, +I, -I+Q), Colorbar,
	Pathological test pattern.

This Menu is only available if the HD-SDI Input is available and activated.

An additional HD SDI Input Board is required for this functions.

For a detailed description of the HD SDI Input Board please refer "Data-HDSDI-DEU.PDF" datasheet.

1.1.7 Signal management	
Item	Function
Power On	Which input is selected at power on. Last means the last active input will be select again.
Search	Allow search of active inputs if no signal is supplied at the current input. (See also 1.5.5 Input selection.)
Supervision	Enables auto selection of other inputs if new signals are detected. Remark: Supervision of inactive inputs is only possible for inputs which are not in the same group as the active input. (See also 1.5.5 Input selection.)

1.2 Frame	geometry ((for VGA)
Item		Function
Input	1.2.1	Adjust pixelrate, pixel, lines position (All parameters which defines the input format.)
Display	1.2.2	Active display area definition
Advanced	1.2.3	Choose display modes: standard, original, zoom
Wall	1.2.4	All setting for display wall functionality.

Only in VGA mode.

Geometry means all parameters which describes the size and position of the displayed picture.

Geometry is divided into three groups:

Input: Means all parameters which describe the incoming picture.

Display: Means all parameters of the monitors geometry.

Advanced: Select the display modes

1.2.1 Input	
Item	Function
Pixelrate	Adjust pixelrate until the whole frame appears the same. Hint : Use windows Shut Down Picture for adjustment.
Phaseshift	Adjust phaseshift to get best picture quality.
X-Position	Adjust horizontal frame position.
Y-Position	Adjust vertical frame position.
Pixel	Number of active pixels of the incoming PC signal. e.g. SXGA: 1280.
Lines	Number of active lines of the incoming PC signal. e.g. SXGA: 1024. "i" indicates interlaced signals.
Interlaced 1.2.1.1	Some adjustments for interlaced input signals.
Auto	Self adjust - all geometry parameter - phase-shift - contrast - Black&White (only 2 nd VGA) detection

These items represent all parameters which describes the incoming pictures.

This menu can be selected directly by pressing the right key on the keyboard or on the remote control while the OSD is off.

Contrast adjustment:

The intention is to adjust signals within an input range betwenn 0.5 to 1V (full scale). You get best results with images of large, full scale, homogen areas.

<u>A recommended procedure how to adjust pixelrate, pixels, lines and x/y-position at unkown input</u> formats:

There is a support mode for pixelrate adjustment available. Activate "original mode" (see menu 1.2.3 Advanced). Go back to item pixelrate. Now the phaseshift is continueselly increased from 0 to 31 (with wrap around). One cycletime is around one second.

A detailed look on the display shows following behavior:

- The pixel is sampled more then one time if the pixelrate is much too high. In this case decreasing of the pixelrate is recomended. Attention: while the phaseshift is increased form 0 to 31 the x-position changes smooth by one. The overflows from 31 to 0 the results in an abrupt step back to the former x-position. Do not missjudge this behavior with oversampling.
- The pixel disappears if the pixelrate is much too low. In this case increasing of the pixelrate is recommended.

If the pixelrate is really near to the correct setting a distortion moves like a "wave" over the picture. If the direction of the wave is definable from left to right decrease the pixelrate. Otherwise, if the direction is definable form right to left, increase the pixelrate.

In any case if the direction of the "wave" changes you have passed the correct setting.

Hint: Evaluation is easy with one single pixel in horizontal direction (eg. vertical line).

• After the pixelrate is correct adjusted change back to original mode and adjust number of pixels, lines and x/y position to get a full screen displayed image.

Correct Phaseshift:

If there is a unstable picture for nearly every phase setting the quality can be improved by:

- Selecting the other H-Sync edge as reference edge for pixel clock recovery. (See VGA options->details).
- Adjust SoG Level for Sync on Green signals (see VGA options->details). Note: After adjusting SoG Level Phaseshift has also to be adjusted.

1.2.1.1 Interlaced	
Item	Function
Interlaced	Selection of interlaced or none-interlaced input formats.
PC	Optimized de-interlacing for PC-Signals (static mesh).
Sport	Optimized de-interlacing for fast moving RGB video signals (temporal de-interlacing).
Movie	Optimized de-interlacing for less moving RGB video signals (spatial de-interlacing).
Auto Phase	Enabling and time period of automatic phase sencing. This function detects phase distoration +/- 2 steps around the actual phase setting. Note: Correct operation depends on various parameters. Due to this correct functionality could not be guranted. Correct operation has to
	be ensured be testing this function with the target application.

1.2.2 Display	
Item	Function
Format	Selection of the output aspect
	ratio: Original, 4:3 and 16:9
Pixel	Number of active display pixel
	per line. Maximum possible
	value is the true display
	resolution.
Lines	Number of active display lines.
	Maximum possible value is the
	true display resolution.
X-Position	Output: if active display area is
	chosen smaller than its real
	resolution, the horizontal
	position can be adjusted.
Y-Position	Output: if active display area is
	chosen smaller than its real
	resolution, the vertical position
	can be adjusted.
Mirror	Enabled mirrored display. Note:
	Not available for all inputs
	resolutions.

These items represent all parameters which describes the output (monitor) pictures.

Mirror (H reverse) due to some scaler restrictions this function is not possible if the vertical downscaler is running. This happens if there are more input-lines than output lines.

1.2.3 Advan	iced	
ltem		Function
Standard		In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display.
Original	1.2.3.1	The input frame will be displayed 1:1. If the input resolution is larger than the display resolution, only a part of the picture is displayed. If the input resolution is smaller than the display resolution, a window is placed in the display.
Zoom	1.2.3.2	Magnification of the input frame, especially useful for display walls.

1.2.3.1 Original	
Item	Function
X-Position	Adjust horizontal position of the displayed window.
Y-Position	Adjust vertical position of the displayed window.

1.2.3.2 Zoom	
Item	Function
X-Factor	Magnifing factor in horizontal direction
Y-Factor	Magnifing factor in vertical direction
X-Position	Adjust horizontal position of the displayed window.
Y-Position	Adjust vertical position of the displayed window.

1.2.4 Display wall	
	Function
Display wall	Enable or disable the display wall
	function.
Display no.	Position of the current display with
	the display wall. Counts up from left
	to right, from top to bottom
Displays	Number of displays in horizontal
horizontal	direction.
Displays	Number of displays in vertical
vertical	direction.
Border	Means the border of ONE display in
horizontal	percent of the active width.
Border vertical	Means the border of ONE display in
	percent of the active height.
	_

Display No:

12	123
34	456
	789

With the border settings a diagonal line would be displayed with an offset.

Note: Due to some limitations of the scaling accuracy picture information can be displays on the right the of one screen as well as one the left side of the next screen. This can be covered with the border settings.

leo)
Function
Normal display of video input.
Slightly zoomed picture to
reduce black lines at the
borders.
As zoom 1, but more zoomed.
Manual adjustments for the
picture geometry, only for
special purposes.
Enabled mirrored display. Note:
Not available for all inputs
resolutions.
Selects de-interlacing with no
moving but few flicker artifacts.
Best setting for pictures with fast
moving contents (like News-
tickers or some sports games).
interlacine"
Interlacing
some moving but no flicker
artifacts. Also some poise
reduction is done in this mode
Best for normal movies
Technical term: "motion adaptive
de-interlacing"

Only in video and SDI mode.

This menu can be selected directly by pressing the right key on the keyboard or on the remote control while the OSD is off.

Mirror (H reverse) due to some scaler restrictions this function is not possible if the vertical downscaler is running. This happens if there are more input-lines than output lines.

Settings: For special requirements the user is able to adjust all the input and output frame parameters. These adjustments are saved according to the actual selected mode **Default**, **Zoom1** or **Zoom2**

1.3.1 Geom	etry (Settin	gs)
Item		Function
Input	1.3.1.1	Adjust active pixel, lines and position.
Display	1.3.1.2	Definition of the active display area
Zoom	1.3.1.3	Input frame magnification
Format	1.3.1.4	Adjust the frame format correction factors
Wall	see 1.2.4	
Default		Resets all geometry adjustments to their factory defaults.

Geometry is divided into four groups:

Input: Means all parameters which describe the incoming picture.

Display: Means all parameters of the monitors geometry.

Zoom: Adjust magnification factors and position.

Format: Special parameter for format conversion.

1.3.1.1 Input (video)	
Item	Function
Pixel	Number of pixel of the incoming
	video signal.
Lines	Number of lines of the incoming
	video signal.
X-Position	Adjust horizontal frame position.
Y-Position	Adjust vertical frame position.

1.3.1.2 Display (video)		
ltem	Function	
Format	Selection of the output aspect ratio: Original, 4:3 and 16:9	
Pixel	Number of active display pixel per line. Maximum possible value is the true display resolution.	
Lines	Number of active display lines. Maximum possible value is the true display resolution.	
X-Position	Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted.	
Y-Position	Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted.	

1.3.1.3 Zoom (video)	
Item	Function
X-Factor	Magnifing factor in X-direction
Y-Factor	Magnification factor in Y-
	direction
X-Position	Adjust horizontal position of the
	displayed window.
Y-Position	Adjust vertical position of the
	displayed window.

1.3.1.4 Format (video	
ltem	Function
Parameter 1	Format correction achieved by
	adding black lines or columns.
Parameter 2	Format correction achieved by
	cropping lines or columns.
Parameter 3	Format correction achieved by
	panorama or waterglass view.
	Technical term: "anamorphic
	scaling"

1.4 Picture		
Item		Function
Brightness		Brightness of the displayed Picture, Default is 32
Contrast		Contrast of the displayed Picture, Default is 32
Gamma		Gamma correction factor. Note: if this item is disabled no color gammut was available at this time for your specific display. Ask for latest software version. Possible values are: off, 1.8 and 2.2
Colortemperature		Settings are 3200°K (for TV studio purposes), 5600°K, 6500°K, 7100°K (medical applications) and 9300°K. If this item is set to "user" the color temperature can be adjusted by their R, G and B values (see 1.4.1).
Sharpness		Adjust scaling algorithm for up-scaling. 0-> smooth scaling 8-> scaling done by pixel doubling.
Colors	1.4.1	Select color temperature by adjusting red, green and blue RGB offsets.
Backlight		Adjust backlight brightness.

1.4.1 Colors	
Item	Function
Saturation	(only for video)
Black & White	Create a monochrome picture of the green channel (only if 2 nd VGA input is active) Create a monochrome picture (set saturation to zero, only in video mode)
Edges	Edge enhancment (only for video)
Contrast R	Color offset for red channel
Contrast G	Color offset for green channel
Contrast B	Color offset for blue channel

Note: In some cases no item of this submenu is adjustable. In this cases you can not enter this menu. This is because:

- 1. SATURATION and EDGES are only for video
- 2. R, G, B are only adjustable if colortemperature is set to "user"
- 3. BLACK&WHITE is only for 2nd VGA and Video

Contrast R, G and B values are only adjustable if colortemperature is set to "user".

1.5 Others		
Item		Function
Language	1.5.1	Select OSD language
OSD Setup	1.5.2	Select OSD settings
Freeze mode		Generate still picture
Runtime	1.5.3	Show runtime of display and backlight. Remark: the runtime of the backlight can be reset in the MTBFs menu.
Keyboard options	1.5.4	Several options for the key functionality while the OSD is off.
Input selection	1.5.5	Activate or Deactivate specific inputs for selection by • down, left or right key • search signal • input supervision

1.5.1 Language	
Item	Function
Deutsch	Select German language for OSD
English	Select English language for OSD

1.5.2 OSD setup	
Item	Function
Cascade Menus	Select cascaded menus
Transparency	Select transparent OSD
Default colors	Select between two OSD color
	settings
X-Position	Horizontal placement of OSD
Y-Position	Vertical placement of OSD
OSD timeout	Close the OSD automatically
	after a definable delay, if no key
	is pressed.
Help	For most menu items a short
	explanation is available.

1.5.3 Runtime	
Item	Function
Runtime	Actual runtime.
Backlight	Actual backlight runtime (see
	also 2.2 Maintenance)
Temperature	Actual system temperature

In keyboard option there are a lot of possibilities like:

- •
- Enable or disable specific keys Input selection can be enabled for several keys. •

Only for users information. No item is adjustable.

1.5.4 Keyboard options		
ltem		Function
Up	1.5.4.1	Options for the UP key
Left Right	1.5.4.2	Options for the Left and Right
		key
Down	1.5.4.3	Options for the Down key

1.5.4.1 UP	
Item	Function
Default	The default function open the INPUT SOURCE menu when the UP key is pressed
Disabled	No functionality while the OSD is closed.

1.5.4.2 Left Right	
Item	Function
Default	LEFT: Open the menu INFO RIGHT: Open the menu GEOMETRY.
Disabled	No functionality while the OSD is closed.
Inputs	Toggling through the inputs. (see also 1.5.5 Input selection)
Contrast	Adjust Contrast
Brightness	Adjust Brightness
Itemlist	Activate and adjust first item of the Itemlist

 Item
 Function

 Default
 Toggling through the inputs. (see also 1.5.5 Input selection)

 Disabled
 No function while OSD is closed.

 Itemlist
 Activate the itemlist or select next item

While OSD is off, it's possible to assign a lot of functionality to the keys.

See also 2.4 factory related OSD descrition

See also 2.5 for detailed itemlist functions.

See also 2.5 for detailed itemlist functions.

Note: the former items brightness, contrast and invers are removed now. This because the same functionality can easily be achieved by the itemlist.

1.5.5 Configuration	
Item	Function
Function	Select the function (Keys DOWN, LEFT, RIGHT or SEARCH and SUPERVISION)
	the inputs, listen below, should be
	included or not.
VGA 1	Include VGA 1
VGA 2	Include VGA 2
DVI	Include DVI
Video 1.5.5.1	Video Inputs
SDI	Include SDI

1.5.5.1 Video Inputs	
Item	Function
Comp 1	Include Comp 1
Comp 2	Include Comp 2
Y/C	Include Y/C
AV	Include AV (Scart)

2. Systemm	ienue	
Item		Function
Info	2.1	Show system information. This submenu provides no adjustable item and is therefore not selectable.
MTBFs	2.2	Adjust/reset backlight MTBF
Setup	2.3	
Firmware	2.4	

2.1 Info	
ltem	Function
Interfaceboard	Show current version of the
	interface-board
Panel Number	Show the select display number.
Software Rev	Show software release number
Date	Show software release date
Panelclock	Show panelclock frequency
Panel H	Show horizontal frequency of the
	display in normal operation
	mode.
Panel V	Show vertical frequency of the
	display in normal operation
	mode.

2.2 Maintenance	
Item	Function
Calibration	Auto adjustment of Gamma and
	Colortemperature.
Backlight MTBF	Adjust MTBF of the backlight.
	Not functional, only to
	remember.
Backlight reset	Set the backlight runtime to 0
IR-Accesscode	Settings 199 disable the OSD
	menu for common IR remote
	control. The correct ID has to be
	entered via the figure keys of the
	IR Remote. Entering the code 00
	shows the actual ID of the
	display. Note: Allways two digits
	has to be entered.
IR-Locked	Disables the IR remote control.
	Pressing OK during power up
	enable IR access temporary
Reset	Reset to factory default settings:
	Attention: all user adjustments
	will be deleted.

To access this menu see 2.0 user controls **access mode**

Software Rev: <date> <h.><xxx>

<date> date of release <h.> Hardware id

nothing: means MMIB1 with SAA6721V1

<2.> means MMIB1 with SAA6721V2

<3.> means MMIB2

<xxx>: release number

Own settings can be stored as factory defaults. Load up the filesystem. Change the FlashID from 0xAX to 0xBX and save the settings back. Now the 0xBX settings will be take as factory defaults. If no user factory settings are available the default settings will be taken.

The Monitor can be calibrated with a color measurement devices. Follwing measurements are done:

Starting Calibration: Measurment of the Gamma = 2.2 or DICOM gammut. Conside is also give to the actual colortemperature.

Starting Brightness: Autoadjust of the backlight brightness to the given value in Y max. Is Y max below 15cd/m² the minimum brightness is set to this limit. Is Y max is above the highest possible value of the backlight unit Y max is set to this limit.

Note: For backlight brightness autoadjust it is important to know that every backlight unit has an delay or overrun behavior. This means if brightness is decreased to a lower value lamp temperature also decreases what cause the backlight to produce also less light. So after a while the actual brightness is below the desired. For increase it works counterwise. Therefore autoadjust is not stopped automaticaly. If the Message "Wait" Disapears and the brightness is stable the adjustment can be stopped by pressing a key of the osd control. The message "complete" appears.

Sometimes the measurment devices works faulty. If this is the case the message "Wait" appears during the adjustment. The monitor trys to restart the devices. If this don't work you have to restart the monitor.

2.2.1 Calibration		
		Funktion
Settings 2	2.2.1.1	Settigs for Calibration
Calibrate		Runs the calibration.
		(Gamma 2.2, DICOM,
		Colortemperature)
		Duration ca. 4 min.
Brightness		Autoadjustment of the backlight
-		brightness
Measure		Only measurement. The results are
		shown in a seperate window.
State		Shows the current calibration state.
		Show the current results:
		Y cd/m ² , x and y
Calibration		Use the auto adjusted results.

Provided color probes:

PM5639/94 (DK-Audio) TMF6 (Thoma)

Please make yourslef familiar with you color probe!!!

2.2.2 Presets	
	Funktion
Probe	Select your color probe (PM5639, TMF6)
Mode	coarse / fine
Gamma	Select Gamma 2.2 or DICOM color gammut.
Max Y	Maximum Backlight brightness in cd/m ² .
Farbe K	Colortemperature (°K)

Importent remarks:

For measurement please darken environment or use a additional shield for the probe. Enviromental light will influence the results of the measurment. The mode "coarse" is faster but not really accurate but it is usefull to make yourself familiar with the autoadjusment.

2.3 Setup		
Item		Function
No signal	2.3.1	Several options if no signal is applied at the current input.
Temperatures	2.3.2	Define desired system temperature ranges.
Aux 1 I/O	2.3.3	Options for the 1 st Auxiliary port
Aux 2 I/O	2.3.4	Options for the 2 nd Auxiliary port
Aux 3	2.3.5	Options for the 3 rd (analog) Auxiliary port.
Anti Sticking	2.3.6	Checkerboard overlay adjustement to prevent
_		image sticking artefacts
Backlight	2.3.7	Auto backlight settings.

AUX1 & 2: The functionality can be freelly defined due to filesystem functions. Refer 2.6 Auxilary functions.

2.3.1 No sig	nal	
Item		Function
DPMS	2.3.1.1	Power Save Options
Blue		Background color if no signal is applied at the current input.
Black		Background color if no signal is applied at the current input.
User	2.3.1.2	A user defined background color is displayed if no signal is applied at the current input.
Text		Show message "No Signal"

See also **1.1.6 Signal** management and **1.5.5** Inputselection for "No Signal" behavior.

2.3.1.1 DPMS	
Item	Function
Suspend	Disable or select time to suspend mode after "no signal" condition. Suspend mode means luminance of the backlight is turned to a minimum, which reduces power consumption.
Power Down	Disable or select time to power down mode after system is turned to "suspend mode". Power down mode means the backlight is turned off, display is disabled and no timing signals are longer provided. This puts the display in a minimum power consumption state.

For some possible problems with Sync on Green refer 1.1.3 (VGA options) commend.

2.3.1.2 User	
Item	Function
Red	
Green	
Blue	

User defined background color for "No signal" condition.

2.3.2 Temperatures	
Item	Function
Actual	Current system temperature.
Lowest	Lower system temperature limit
Highest	Upper system temperature limit
Backlight Down	Driving down the luminance of the backlight if system temperature approaches the upper limit

2.3.3 Aux 1 Configuration		
Item	Function	
Input High	Input signal select if Aux1 is at HIGH level	
Input Low	Input signal select if Aux 1 is at LOW level.	
Temperature	Value for Aux1 output operation.	

2.3.4 Aux 2 Configuration		
ltem	Function	
No Function		
Over / Under	Switch closed if system	
temp.	temperature exceeds the lower	
	or upper limits (see 2.3.3	
	temperatures).	
On above temp.	Switch closed if system	
	temperature reaches the	
	temperature defined at the last	
	item.	
On below temp.	Switch closed if system	
	temperature falls below the	
	temperature defined at the last	
	item.	
Temperature	Value for "On above" and "On	
	below operation.	

2.3.5 Aux 3 Configuration		
Item	Function	
0V Temperature		
5V Temperature		

The Auxiliary Port 1 can be configured as input as well as for output.

For input operations Aux1 is used to select two signal inputs.

In output mode Aux1 operates as switch:

"**Above**:" switch closed if system temperature reach the (also) adjustable value.

"**Below**:" switch closed if system temperature falls below the (also) adjustable value.

The Auxiliary Port 2 is only recommended for operating in output mode. According to Aux1 Port 2 operates also as switch.

Auxiliary Port 3 is an analog voltage output.

2.3.6 Anti Sticking	
	Funktion
Mode	Selection of invers or white view in antisticking
	mode.
Period	Period of time til activation of antisticking mode.
	Possible values are:
	On (permanent), 5 sec, 5min, 10min, 30min, 1h,
	8h, 12h and Off.
Duration	Adjustable values like at "Period"
Off	Allows deaktivation of the antisticking mode
	through keypressed.
Active	Total antisticking active time.
Rotation	Enables "Pixel rotation". This means the picture
	moves from upper-left to upper-right to lower-
	right to lower-left and back to upper-left
	position.
	Time between position changeds is adjustable
	with same values as "Period".
Pixel	Number of Pixels for rotation. Adjustable values
	are 2,4,6 and 8.

 Funktion

 Auto
 Enable automatic backlight adjustment.

 Min Helligkeit
 Sensorvalue for minimum backlight brightness.

 Max Helligkeit
 Sensorvalue for maximum backlight brightness.

 Sensorwert
 Actual measurement of the photo transistor

 Backlight
 Resulting backlight adjustment. Default range is 0 to 15.

2.4 Firmware	
Item	Function
Baudrate	Adjust of Baudrate: Remark
	Only for Firmware Update. The
	settings for all other RS232
	operations is 9600.
	Selection could be made
	between:
	9600
	19200
	38400
	115.2K
Download	Starts download.
Transmitted	Total number of bytes received
Byte Errors	
Status	Idle: nothing happens
	Running: download is active
	Successful: Download complete.

Settings for Antisticking and Pixel rotation mode.

This menu provides the functionality for updating the firmware itself.

Note: Abort the Download is no problem. The downloaded software is stored in a second bank area. After reaching the status successful the old firmware is erased and the new is copied to the destination area. In this time power should be supplied until MMIB restarts itself.

2.4 Factory releated OSD description

There are some settings not recommended to be adjusted by the user. For these types there are serveral additional menus. Depending on the selected access mode they are reached with the LEFT key (while users OSD is closed).

MODE 0: No menu

MODE 1: Servicemenu (functionality for the manufacturer, regarding the systems performance) MODE 2: Color setup menu (to improve analog offset and gain settings for the VGA channels, also to adjust display whitepoint)

MODE 3: Backlight-Setup (to adjust customer specific backlight inverter)

MODE 4: Customer specific.

The access mode is toggled to the next stage by pressing LEFT key while power up.

3. Color-Se	tup	
Item		Function
VGA 1		Select 1 st VGA input
VGA 2		Select 2 nd VGA input
B&W		Black & White
Brightness		Actual brightness
Contrast		Actual contrast
Offset	3.1	Black point adjustment
Gain	3.2	White point adjustment
Display	3.3	Display White point
		adjustement

To optimize color performance a fine adjustment of the VGA Analog to digtial converter (AD9888) can be done.

- Black point: The offset value for all the color channels red, green and blue should be adjusted to get a digital 0x00 value for a defined black level. It's recommended to do this adjustment for a brightness setting of 32.
- White point. The gain value for all three color channels red, green and blue should be adjusted to get a digtial 0xFF value for a defined white level. For optimum results it's recommended to keep this value as small as possible. Therefore the contrast value should be adjusted to the very first value befor 0xFF appears.

This adjustments has to be done three times. For 1st VGA , 2nd VGA inputs and 2nd VGA in B&W mode.

To support the procedure a special output mode is established. Incomming digtal 0x00 is displayed as 0x00 "black" Incomming 0x01 to 0xFE is displayed as 0x80 "grey" Incomming 0xFF is displayed as 0xFF (white)

So there are only three luminance levels which have to be distinguised: black, grey and white. This allows an easy adjustment.

2.4 Factory releated OSD description (continue)

Following procedure is recommended:

Image: Black background, white center box

1. Black point.

Select Auto adjust. The black background should be black (few artefacts are allowed). increase/decrease the value (R G and B) the color changes should be clear to see.

3.1 Pre-Offset 3.2 Pre-Gain (similar)	
Item	Function
Auto	Auto black point adjustment for red, green
	and blue channels
Offset R	black point value for red
Offset G	black point value for green
Offset B	black point value for blue

2. White point.

Select Auto adjust. Check (R G and B) values. The white box should be white (artefacts are allowed!). Increase the values if the white box is not mostly white. A deacrease of 1 should change the color from white to mangenta, cyna or yellow.

3.3 Display WP	
Item	Function
Whitepoint x	
Whitepoint y	
Default	Set settings to their initial values

x/y values for display whitepoint. CIE x y Y color space is used.
2.4 Factory releated OSD description

4. Backlight-Setup	
Item	Function
Min. brightness	Voltage level for minimum brightness.
Max. brightness	Voltage level for maximum brightness.
Steps	Steps for backlight adjustment. Default are 16.
On/Off Control	Backlight turn on/off control signal polarity and availability.
DPMS value	If turn on/off signal is not available analog "off" voltage level for power down mode.
Defaultvalues	Reset all backlight items to their default values.
Backlight	Backlight brightness (same as menu item Main->Picture).

To access this menu see 2.0 user controls **access mode**

All adjustments done in this menu are stored depending on the actual selected display number. (See how to select your disred display).

2.5 Itemlist functions

The itemlist allows quick access to several menuitems without activating the OSD menu. Depending on the keyoption settings the itemlist can be activated a. with the DOWN key or b. with the LEFT and RIGHT (+ and -) keys. The next item in the list is selected always with the DOWN key. The selected item together with the current value is displayed with transparent background style. With the OK (MENU) key or after 4 seconds the item is cleared.

As Factory defaults there a following items available:

Input	Items
VGA	backlight, contrast, phase
VIDEO	backlight, contrast, saturation
SDI	backlight, contrast
DVI	backlight, contrast

User can define his own itemlist via the Filesystem functionality (See Appendix III).

The filesystem Block identifier is 01AA (VGA), 02AA (Video), 03AA (SDI) and 04AA (for DVI). The itemnumbers are the same as for RS232 item read or write commands. Therefore refer Appendix II.

As example the default vga setting as filesystem line:

:01AA 03B4 03AA 039E FFFF FFFF FFFF ...

And the default video setting:

:02AA 03B4 03AA 04C3 FFFF FFFF FFFF ...

The first FFFF after the itemlist is the end of list indicator. As result one itemlist can achieve the maximum number of up to 30 items.

Important notice:

- 1. each number block as to contain 4 digits (dont forget the leading zero).
- 2. Like any other filesystem line each line as to contain 32 blocks.
- 3. After download the new filesystem file restart the interfaceboard.

2.6 Auxilary functions

In addition to the options for AUX1 and AUX2 given by the OSD, the user can freely define AUX1&2 functions with using the filesystem. The filesystem Block identifier is 01A3 (VGA), 02A3 (Video), 03A3 (SDI) and 04A3 (DVI). For each AUX port three words are needed:

- 1. Itemnumber: The same as for RS232 item read or write commands. Refer Appendix II
- 2. "low" value: Items value if input is low / the output shall became low.
- 3. "hige" value: Items value if input is high / the output shall beame high.

BlockID	AUX1				AUX2		
01A3	Itemno.	Lo Value	Hi Value	Itemno	Lo Value	Hi Value	

To configure the auxilary port as output add 0x8000 to the item number. It is also possible to configure only AUX2. Therefore leave the three words for AUX1 at 0xFFFF. If one or both AUX ports are defined in the filesystem the correspondig OSD item is disabled.

Examples:

For Video inputs AUX 1 shall toggle between 4:3 and 16:9 output format and AUX 2 shall select backlight minum and maximum brightness:

For VGA inputs AUX 1 is configured by OSD settings and AUX 2 shall perform geometry autoadjust:

Please refer also 2.5 "important notice"

2.7 Timing replacement list

Due to the fact, that there are a lot of timings with non auto detectable resolutions we have developt a possibility to create a customer specifc timing replacement list in the filesystem:

Block ID	Ti	ming repla	cement list	:1	Ti	ming repla	cement list	2	
FFA2	Auto X	Auto Y	Х	Y	Auto X	Auto Y	Х	Y	

After the MMIB detects a new timing the microcontroller investigate the incoming resolution (640x480, 800x600, 1024x768 etc...). After this the Timing replacment list is checked wheter the detected resolution (e.g. 1024x768) should be replaced)1368x768) or not. It is also possible to choice the display mode "Standard" or "Original". This is done by setting Bit 12 of the Y value. Bit 12 = 0 means "Standard". Bit 12=1 means original.

Here an example to relace XGA resolution with 1368x768 display in original mode:

Hex 400 is equal to 1024, Hex 300 is equal to 768.

Hex 558 is equal to 1368.

The value Hex 1558 results in 1368 pixel displayed in "Original" mode. If this value has been Hex 558 1368 Pixel in "Standard" mode would be displayed.

Please refer also 2.5 "important notice"

3. How to select your desired Display

The digital output of the MMIB very flexible due to free selection of:

- Timing (H / V / DE / polarities)
- Resolution
- Port width (18 / 24 / 36 / 48 Bit)
- Additional control signals are supported by the microcontroller unit.
- Analog voltage for backlight adjustment.

To satisfy the requirements of the various available Displays we support various adapter-boards for a wide range of Displays. These adapter-boards placed on the top of the MMIB board. Additionally every adapter-board has a DIL-switch which allows to select one out of fifteen Displays. At power on, the MMIB automatically recognize:

- which adapter-board is connected
- the desired display via the number selected by the DIL-switch.

At first please refer to the order information (INFO-MMIB2A) document. There you get an overview over all actual adapted Displays. Refer 3. Available adaptersets, TFT or 4. Available adaptersets PLASMA. Get a look on the column **Display No. Lets explain on following example:**

Fujitsu 15.1" XGA Display (FLC38XGC6V-06): 0x35 0101

The number 0x35 is hexadecimal notation (and base). The (so called) upper nibble (0x30) is regardless for customers. But the lower nibble the 5 is the number which desided about the disired display. To help out we supply the binary notation of the number. This is the 0101. What means: Set switch 4 off

Set switch 3 on Set switch 2 off Set switch 1 on

Next table shows all possibilities:

Display	DIP-SV	VITCH		
No	1	2	3	4
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
7	ON	ON	ON	OFF
8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
А	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
В	ON	ON	OFF	ON
С	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
D	ON	OFF	ON	ON
E	OFF	ON	ON	ON
F	ON	ON	ON	ON

Remark: You find the display number (0x35) within the information menu (SERVICE->INFO).

4. Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VCC (1)	supply voltage		9	12	15	V
lvcc	supply current (without display and backlight)	@12V		400		mA
Vin_video (p-p) (2)	input video signal voltage (peak to peak)			1		V
Vin_vga (p- p) (2)	input video signal voltage (peak to peak)			0.7		V
Vin sync	input sync signal voltage, for VGA signals		3.3		5	V
Ri	input signal termination			75		Ohm
Fh	horizontal frequency for VGA signals		15		100	khz
Fclk	sampling rate for VGA signals		140			MHz
В	analog bandwidth for VGA signals	3dB		400		MHz
Usw	voltage at AUX1/2 in/out		0		24	V
lsw	current at AUX1/2 out				2	А
Uswt	threshold voltage at AUX1/2 in		0.8	1.4	2	V
Tcom	commercial operating temperature		-10		50	°C
Tind (3)	industrial operating temperature		-40		80	°C
L	length (of PCB)			132		mm
W	width (of PCB)			142		mm
Н	height (above PCB)			20		mm
Hadp	mounting height for adapter boards			13.8		mm
Hmo	mounting height for MMIB above		4			mm
	mounting plane					
Ifuse	recommended fuse			1.25 (4)		A
				1		

Notes :

- 1: VCC supplied via Connector X1 or CON1. Depending on the Display adapter, this voltage is used to directly feed the backlight converter. In these cases, the min and max values also have to correspond to the specs of the inverter.
- 2: Input signals may be AC-coupled or DC-coupled. DC-offset has to be less than +/-2V.
- 3: Boards with industrial temperature range are available on request.
- 4: depends used adapter board, display and backlight inverter.

Proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

5. Mechanical drawings



Unit: mm

The maximum high (20.8 mm) of the MMIB is given by some capacitors within the switch mode supply unit. But some Display Adapter Boards may exceed this limit. So ensure that there is enough high in your design for both MMIB and the required adapter board.

6. Connectors (overview)



Symbol	Туре	Description	Remark
CON1		power supply	
CON2	Chinch receptacle	2 nd Composite input	
CON3	Chinch receptacle	1 st Composite input	
CON4	4-pin S-video (Mini Din)	S-video (Y/C) input	
CON5	HDSUB15 receptacle	2 nd PC signal input	
CON6	HDSUB15 receptacle	1 st PC signal input	
X1		power supply, Aux	
SV1	Box type pin header 2x7 pins	Video, Scart extension	
SV2	Box type pin header 2x5 pins	2 nd PC signal input extension	
SV3	Box type pin header 2x5 pins	1 st PC signal input extension	
SV4	Box type pin header 2x10 pins	CCIR655 input	
SV5	Box type pin header 2x8 pins	Keyboard	
SV6	Box type pin header 2x5 pins	RS232	
JP2	Pin header 30 pins, double row	Digital Output PORTB	connector for display
			specific adapter board
JP3	Pin header 40 pins, double row	Digital Output PORTA	connector for display
			specific adapter board
JP4	Pin header 2pins, single row	Flash Chip Select	for factory use only
JP5	Pin header 16 pins, double row	Display and backlight control	connector for display
			specific adapter board

6.1 Supply connectors

CON	CON1: Supply voltage						
Pin	Symbol	Description	Level				
1	VCC	(inner) Supply voltage	915V				
2	GND	(outer) Ground					

X1 – Supply voltage and Auxiliary Ports					
Pin	Symbol	Description	Level		
1	GND	Ground			
2	VCC	Supply voltage	915V		
3	AUX1	(refer 2.3.4 AUX1 configuration)			
4	AUX2	(refer 2.4.5 AUX2 configuration)			
5	AUX3	(refer 2.4.6 AUX3 configuration)			

6.2 Video signal input connectors

CON4: Y/C (s-video) input					
Pin	Symbol	Description	Level		
1	GND	Ground			
2	GND	Ground			
3	Υ	Luminance	1V(p-p)		
4	С	Chrominance	0.3V(p-p)		

Pin Symbol Description Level 1 Comp Composite video input 1V(p-p) 2 GND Ground 1
1 Comp Composite video input 1V(p-p) 2 GND Ground Image: Composite video input Image: Composite video input
1 Comp Composite video input 1V(p-p) 2 GND Ground
2 GND Ground

SV1: AV (Scart) extension					
Pin	Symbol	Description	Level		
1	U12	12V (taken from main supply)			
2	COoutAV	Composite video out, for AV			
3	U5A	5V analog supply			
4	FB	Fast Blank Input, 4k7 termination to gnd			
5	U3	3.3V supply			
6	Blue	Blue component of RGB (Fastblank) input			
7	GND				
8	Green	Green component of RGB (Fastblank) input			
9	COin2	2 nd composite video input (parallel to CON2)			
10	Red	Red component of RGB (Fastblank) input			
11	COin1	1 st composite video input (parallel to CON3)			
12	COinAV	Composite video input for AV			
13	Cin	Chrominance input (parallel to CON4)			
14	Yin	Luminance input (parallel to CON 4)			

SV4 – SDI input extension			
Pin	Symbol	Description	Level
1	Locked	Receiver PLL locked	TTL
2	U12	12V (taken from main supply)	
3	D0	CCIR656 Data, LSB	
4	GND	Ground	
5	D1	CCIR656 Data	
6	U5	5V supply	
7	D2	CCIR656 Data	
8	GND	Ground	
9	D3	CCIR656 Data	
10	U3	3.3V supply	
11	D4	CCIR656 Data	
12	GND	Ground	
13	D5	CCIR656 Data	
14	SCL	I ² C Bus clock line	
15	D6	CCIR656 Data	
16	GND	Ground	
17	D7	CCIR656 Data, MSB	
18	SDA	l ² Bus data line	
19	CLK	Clock for CCIR656 Data	
20	GND	Ground	

The SV1 connector supplies all video inputs and all connections necessary for the I&B AVINP01 (AV Input Board).

The SV4 connector supplies a CCIR656 interface and provides all connections necessary to connect the I&B SDIINP01 (SDI Input board) which is necessary for SDI operations.

6.3 VGA signal input connectors



Termination Resistors:

VGA 1 (CON6, SV3) : R18	R20	R22	(75Ohm)
VGA 2 (CON5, SV2) : R4	R6	R8	(750hm)

6.4. Peripheral connectors

SV5: keyboard connector (box type pin					
head	header)				
Pin	Symbol	Description	Level		
1	TIIO2	must be left open	TTL		
2	GND	Ground			
3	TIIO1	Green LED, (LED is driven to GND)	TTL		
4	TIO0	I/O (for special customer requirements)	TTL		
5	TIIO0	Red LED, (LED is driven to GND)	TTL		
6	TIN4	Input "OK" key	TTL		
7	AD1	Analog to Digital Converter Input (for special customer requirements)	0-5V		
8	TIN3	Input for "Right" key	TTL		
9	AD0	Analog to Digital Converter Input (for special customer requirements). Normally used as digital input.	0-5V TTL		
10	TIN2	Input for "Left" key	TTL		
11	SCL	Clock line for I2C-bus	TTL		
12	TIN1	Input for "Down" key	TTL		
13	SDA	Data line for I2C-bus	TTL		
14	TIN0	Input for "Up" key	TTL		
15	U5	5V supply voltage			
16	IRREC	Input for IR receiver diode	TTL		

SV6 – RS232 connector (box type pin header)			
Pin	Symbol	Description	Level
		D-Sub 9 (female)	
1	loop1	1, DCD	
2	loop1	6, DTR	
3	TxD	2, transmit line	+/-10V
4	loop2	7, CTS	
5	RxD	3, receive line	
6	loop2	8, RTS	+/-12V
7	loop1	4, DSR	
8	GND	9, ground	
9	GND	5, ground	
10	Boot	open	only for factory use
The pin out of the SV6 is prepared for operation as DCE (Data Carrier Equipment). Connect D-Sub 9 (female, crimpable) with a ribbon cable to SV. Leave pin 10 open. All necessary Null-modem loops (loop1 and loop2) are provided. Connect the RS232 interface with a standard 1:1 cable to the PC interface			
(See a	lso chapter 7	7: RS232 commun	ication

6.5. Display connectors

Since the MMIB is recommended for use with display specific adapter boards, display and backlight should not connected directly without advice from Imm & Bühler Elektronik.

Attention: For pin numbers refer to drawing above. Numbering is inverse to box-type pin headers.

JP2: Digital output PORTB (double row pin beader)			
Pin	Symbol Description Level		
1	U5	5V supply voltage	
2	GND	Ground	
3-10	PBR70	Red Data 70	3.3V CMOS
11	U3	3.3V supply voltage	
12	GND	Ground	
13-20	PBG70	Green Data 70	3.3V CMOS
21	U5	5V supply voltage	
22	GND	Ground	
23-30	PBB70	Blue Data 70	3.3V CMOS

JP3: Digital output PORTA (double row pin header)			
Pin	Symbol	Description	Level
1	U3	3.3V supply voltage	
2	GND	Ground	
3-10	PAR70	Red Data 70	3.3V CMOS
11	U5	5V supply voltage	
12	GND	Ground	
13-20	PAG70	Green Data 70	3.3V CMOS
21	U3	3.3V supply voltage	
22	GND	Ground	
23-30	PAB70	Blue Data 70	3.3V CMOS
31	U12	12V supply voltage (directly of input CON1/X1)	
32	GND	Ground	
33	DIO0	I/O	TTL
34	DA1	Analog output	
35	DIO1	I/O	TTL
36	DA2	Analog output	
37	PCLK	Display Clock	3.3V CMOS
38	PDE	Data Enable	3.3V CMOS
39	PVS	Vertical sync signal	3.3V CMOS
40	PHS	Horizontal sync signal	3.3V CMOS

JP5: Display and Backlight control lines			
Pin	Symbol	Description	Level
1	DA3	Analog output	05V
2	DOUT0	Output	TTL
3	SCL	Clock line for I2C	TTL
4	DOUT1	Output	TTL
5	SDA	Data line for I2C	TTL
6	DOUT2	Output	TTL
7	DINT0	Input	TTL
8	TIO0	I/O	TTL
9	DIN2	Input	TTL
10	DIO2	I/O	TTL
11	AD2	Analog input	05V
12	DIO3	I/O	TTL
13	AD3	Analog input	05V
14	DIN0	Input	TTL
15	GND	Ground	
16	DIN1	Input	TTL

7. RS232 communication

The RS232 communication offers an additional way to adjust an control the OSD settings. Therefore a simple RS232 protocol is used. Each data stream has a fixed length of 10 bytes. To allow to connect more than one MMIB to the RS232 port of an host (e.g. personal computer) an RS232 "ring" technique is to use. Since RS232 is not recommended for more than two terminals each client must repeat the incoming messages for the next client.



Recommended COM port		
settings		
Baud-rate	9600	
Parity	Even	
Data-bits	8	
Stop-bits	1	

Note: If you build up a session in a ring you should perform a "PING" command at first, to ensure that all MMIB's have a unique number.

7.1. Hardware connection

Refer chapter 6.4 (Pheriperal connector SV6)

7.2. RS232 protocol

Standard read / write protocol:

<startc> 2 bytes</startc>	<mmib-no> 1 byte</mmib-no>	<cmd+item> 2 bytes</cmd+item>	<value> 2bytes</value>	<cks><stopc> 1byte 2 bytes</stopc></cks>
Communication	n lost or timeout			
<startc></startc>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<0xAAAA>	<0x5555>	<0xAA><0x0055>
2 bytes	1 byte	2 bytes	2bytes	1byte 2 bytes

protocol item	value/range		description	treated as
<startc></startc>	0x55AA		start condition	
<mmib-no></mmib-no>	0x00		broadcast; transmission to all	unsigned char
			MMIBs in the RS232 ring	
	0x01 0xFF		Transmission to the specific	
			MMIB	
<cmd+item></cmd+item>	0x0 0xF	Bit 15 12	command (see table 7.1)	unsigned char
	0x0 0xFFF	Bit 11 0	item to read/write (see	signed integer
			Appendix II) or	
			keycode (see table 7.2)	
			or	
			transmission for filesystem	
			access	
<value></value>	0x0000		value to be set / read	signed integer
	0xFFFF			
	0x0000	for items	function will be / is disabled	Boolean
	0x0001	which enable	function will be / is enabled	
	0xFFFF	or disable a		
		function		
<cks></cks>	0x00 0xFF		Checksum	unsigned char
	= (<mmib-nc< td=""><td>)> + LOBYTE(<(</td><td>CMD+ITEM>) + HIBYTE(<cmd+< td=""><td>+ITEM>)+</td></cmd+<></td></mmib-nc<>)> + LOBYTE(<(CMD+ITEM>) + HIBYTE(<cmd+< td=""><td>+ITEM>)+</td></cmd+<>	+ITEM>)+
	LOBYTE(<	VALUE>)+ HIB	(TE(<value>)) AND 0xFF</value>	
<stopc></stopc>	0x00FF		stop condition from HOST	
	0x00FE		ACK stop condition form	
			CLIENT	
	0x0055		NACK stop condition from	
			CLIENT; communication was	
			lost or timeout has occurred	

Table 7.1: commands

code	Description
0x0	Read menu item, from client (MMIB) (see also CMD 0x4) (also Appendix II)
0x1	Write menu item, to client (MMIB) (see also CMD 0x4) (also Appendix II)
0x2	key, simulate keystroke on client (MMIB)
0x3	repeated key, simulate repeated keystroke on client (MMIB) (steps will be greater)
0x4	Save, necessary if items adjusted over CMD 0x0 and 0x1
0x5	ping, automatically numbering all clients (MMIB) in the RS232 ring (in physical order)
0x6	Filesystem Command
0x7	Firmware Update
0x8	RAM Read (simplified Read Current 0x6007 command) See Appendix III for details
0x9	RAM Write (simplified Write Current 0x6008 command). See Appendix III for details
0xA	NACK (read only)

Table 7.2: keycodes

code	Description	function while OSD is off
0x0B6	Left	OSD starts with "input geometry" menu
0x08B	Up	OSD starts with "source menu"
0x0B7	Right	OSD starts with "input geometry" menu
0x08D	Down	OSD starts with customer menu (if required)
0x08C	Ok	OSD starts with "main menu"

Table 7.3: Monitorwall command

To accelerate the access to the wall functionality there is one special monitorwall command:

CMD	ITEM	VALUE
0x3xxx	0: Monitor No. is not changed	
	11024 Monitor is the # with in the	Bit(50) number of monitors in X direction.
	Monitorwall	Bit(76) not used
	(0x0010x400)	Bit(138) number of monitors in Y direction.
	1025 (0x401): Numbering is done	Bit(14) Force Black (0: normal 1: black)
	automaticaly within the wall. (like	Bit(15) Monitorwall off/on (0: Off 1:On)
	"Ping" but for Monitornumber	
	within the wall). 1)	

Notes:

Broadcast command 0x3000 allows configuration of all monitors within a wall with: Number of Monitors in both directions, Monitorwall on/off, force Monitors to black (to avoid arctefacts during reprogramming).

1)

Command 0x3401 allows additinally to configure even the monitor number for each monitor with the wall. This command should NOT be broadcasted. For this it is necessary that the RS232 ring is build in the same order like the monitors have in the wall.

Additionally there are the known Menuitem Read and Write commands to access each parameter.

Table 7.4: Filesystem commands

cmd+item	description	Further
0x6000	Find file system entry 1)	Value defines the data block type
		Allows to search a specifc data block.
		Note: Use together with "Stop/Init session" for blocks
		which exist only one time.
	VALUE == 0	Find any entry
	VALUE != 0	Find spezific entry (see MMIB2CFG for FlashID details)
	Possible return values	Entry not found
	0x0000	EOF End of active file entry.
	0xFFFF	FlashID&ExtFlashID 1)
	other	
0x6001	Read Word (2 bytes)	
0x6002	Write Word (2 bytes)	
0x6003	Delete file system entry	Delete the latest found data block. Necessary if a existing
		data block has to be updated. Also if a communication
		error appears while transmitting data.
0x6004	Create new entry 1)	Value defines the data block type.
		Create a data block header.
0x6005	Stop/Init session	
0x6007	Read Current	Similar to 0x6001 but access to the RAM part
0x6008	Write Current	Similar to 0x6002 but access to the RAM part.
		Initialisation of the new values is done automaticaly.
0x6009	Restart System	Downloaded settings will take only affect after system
		restart. (software reset)
0x600A	Store Displaytiming	The current used displaytimig is stored in the filesystem.
0x600B	Value==0	Turn Backlight Off
	Value!=0	Turn Backlight ON
0x600C	Store Timing Infos	Storing the actual Timing measurments. Usefull if
		customer specifc timings are not correctly recognized.
		Value = Number of measurment to store (keep the value
		below 128).

1) VALUE Low Byte: FlashID, VALUE High Byte ExtFlashID (see MMIB2CFG.TXT) Explenation:

All settings done via the OSD are saved in the flash file system data blocks, with a maximum length of 64 Bytes. There are different block types for all the necessary information which has to be stored. While some blocks exist only one time there are others e.g. for geometry settings which exist a lot of times. To determine the different blocks there identification headers which allows to identify the disired blocks. For detailed description of the specific data blocks refer to the MMIB2CFG.TXT document. Since a flash has to be treated as ROM it's necessary that new or updated information has allways to be written in an unused area. Therefor the old position has to be found and deleted before the new entry is created (see recommended write sequences). For easier upload sequences set FlashID and ExtFlashID to 0x00 to find any active memory block.

Table 7.5: Firmware update command

cmd+item	Description	Value
0x7000	Start Firmware Update	0x0000 with 9600 Baud
		0x0004 with 19200 Baud
		0x0008 with 38400 Baud
		0x000C with 115200 Baud

7.3. Protocol examples

Note. Low Bytes (LSB) should transmittederved first.						
Example 1: S	et Item 3 of MM	IIB 1 to a value of 0xFF	-			
HOST:						
<start></start>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<cmd+item> <val< th=""><th>UE></th><th><cks></cks></th><th><stop></stop></th><th></th></val<></cmd+item>	UE>	<cks></cks>	<stop></stop>	
0x55AA	0x01	0x1003	0x00Fl	F	0x13	0x00FF
at line: 0xAA ()x55 0x01 0x03	0x10 0xFF 0x00 0x13 0	xFF 0x00			
CLIENT: (retu	rns)					
<start></start>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<cmd+item> <val< th=""><th>UE></th><th><cks></cks></th><th><stop></stop></th><th></th></val<></cmd+item>	UE>	<cks></cks>	<stop></stop>	
0x55AA	0x01	0x1003	0x00Fl	F	0x13	0x00FE
at line: 0xAA 0x55 0x01 0x03 0x10 0xFF 0x00 0x13 0xFE 0x00						
Example 2: R	Example 2: Read value of Item 4 form MMIB 2					
HOST:						
<start></start>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<cmd+item> <val< th=""><th>UE></th><th><cks></cks></th><th><stop></stop></th><th></th></val<></cmd+item>	UE>	<cks></cks>	<stop></stop>	
0x55AA	0x02	0x0004	0x0000)	0x06	0x00FF
Note: At read commands value should always be zero. (0x0000)						
CLIENT:						
<start></start>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<cmd+item> <val< th=""><th>UE></th><th><cks></cks></th><th><stop></stop></th><th></th></val<></cmd+item>	UE>	<cks></cks>	<stop></stop>	
0x55AA	0x02	0x0004	0x0500)	0x0B	0x00FE

Note: Low Bytes (LSB) should transmit/received first.

7.3. Protocol examples (continue)

Example 3: Press OK at MMIB 1

HOST:

<start></start>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<cmd+item> <v <="" th=""><th>ALUE></th><th><cks> <stop< th=""><th>></th></stop<></cks></th></v></cmd+item>	ALUE>	<cks> <stop< th=""><th>></th></stop<></cks>	>
0x55AA	0x01	0x208C	0x0000	0xAD	0x00FF
CLIENT: (if key	has no effect to	any value)			
<start></start>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<cmd+item> <v <="" td=""><td>ALUE></td><td><cks> <stop< td=""><td>></td></stop<></cks></td></v></cmd+item>	ALUE>	<cks> <stop< td=""><td>></td></stop<></cks>	>
0x55AA	0x01	0x208C	0x0000	0xAD	0x00FE
CLIENT: (if key has effected a value, the new value will be returned)					
<start></start>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<cmd+item> <v <="" td=""><td>ALUE></td><td><cks> <stop< td=""><td>></td></stop<></cks></td></v></cmd+item>	ALUE>	<cks> <stop< td=""><td>></td></stop<></cks>	>
0x55AA	0x01	0x208C	0x0500	0xB2	0x00FE
European la Ar Die					
Example 4: Ping					

Pinging allows numbering and counting of all MMIB's available in the RS232 Ring.

HOST:

<start></start>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<cmd+item> <valu< th=""><th>IE></th><th><cks> <stop< th=""><th>'></th></stop<></cks></th></valu<></cmd+item>	IE>	<cks> <stop< th=""><th>'></th></stop<></cks>	'>
0x55AA	0x00	0x5000	0x5500	0xA5	0x00FF
Note: At pinging	g <mmib-no> as</mmib-no>	s no affect, <value> m</value>	ust be s	et to 0x5500.	
CLIENT1:					
<start></start>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<cmd+item> <valu< td=""><td>IE></td><td><cks> <stop< td=""><td>'></td></stop<></cks></td></valu<></cmd+item>	IE>	<cks> <stop< td=""><td>'></td></stop<></cks>	'>
0x55AA	0x00	0x5000	0x5501	0xA6	0x00FE
Note: Low Byte	of value returns	the (new) number of th	e MMIB	in the RS232 Ri	ng.
CLIENT2:					
CLIENT2: <start></start>	<mmib-no></mmib-no>	<cmd+item> <valu< td=""><td>IE></td><td><cks> <stop< td=""><td>></td></stop<></cks></td></valu<></cmd+item>	IE>	<cks> <stop< td=""><td>></td></stop<></cks>	>

Note: Low Byte of value returns the (new) number of the MMIB in the RS232 Ring.

7.3. Protocol examples (continue)

Example 5: Read sequences for the entire file system:

CMD+Item, Value

1.	0x6005, 0x0000	"Stop/Init Session"
2.	0x6000, 0x0000	"Find ANY file system entry"
Entry	y not found -> Step 4	
3.	0x6001, 0xFFFF	"Read Word" repeat for 32 times.
Rep	eat with step 2	

4. 0x6005 "Stop/Init Session"

Writing is similar. If a communciation error appears until writing a block the "Delete Entry" command ensures that there is no block with incorrect data. This ensures correct operation.

Example 6: Recommended writing sequences for file system:

- 1. 0x6005 "Stop/Init Session"
- 2. 0x6000 "Find file system entry"
- 3. Block Exist (YES)-> 0x6003 "Delete entry"
- 4. 0x6004 "Create New entry"
- 3. 0x6002 "Write Word" repeat for 31 times. until the hole block is written
- 4. 0x6005 "Stop/Init Session"

Remarks:

After a "Find Entry" command the first "Read Word" command reads out the header word. This is different to "Create New Entry" where the header is written.

Also the "Read Current" and "Write Current" starts with the respective data values. Additionally the ExtFlashID descripte in MMIB2CFG.TXT is not necessary.

For "Write Current" no "Create New Entry" command is necessay.

7.4 Firmware Update

MMIB Settings for firmware update:

Open the OSD menu "Service->Firmware".

The Baudrate for the firmware download is selectable between 9600, 19200, 38400 and 115.2Kbaud (see also table 7.4). Starting the download sequence is possible via OSD command or via RS232. For RS232 (see command 0x7000 description) remember the the "normal" command are allway transmitted with 9600 Baud.

Activate download to start the receiving of RS232 data. Status change to "Running". After receiving the complete firmware file the status change to "Successfull". Now the MMIB copies the received program file from a buffer memory to the working memory. After ~3 seconds this copy process is complete and the MMIB restarts automatically.

!!! Avoid power failure during this "copy" time. A loss of firmware data will be the result **!!!**

If communication is lost or the transmitter is not active a timeout occurs after 5 seconds. Status change to "Timeout". During reception the number of received bytes is displayed in the OSD menu.

RS232 protocol description:

Updating the firmware is completely different to the know software protocol. The advantage is asimplified and fast protocol with less transfer overhead. The disadvantage is that firmware updating work not in the known rs232 ring concept. One MMIB has to be connected directly to the RS232 PC interface.

The basic functionality is to transfer the h86 file line for line via the rs232 to the MMIB. To ease explanations lets take a look on some h86 lines:

Since the h86 files are readable with any ascii editor the programm information has to be converted from ascii character to real hex data. This means that one byte of programm data is represented by two ascii characters in the h86 file.

For example the last two charaters of the first line ("FC") is one hexadecimal coded number 0xFC (252).

- 1. Read current line of the h86 file.
- 2. ignore ":"
- 3. Convert two ascii charaters "02" to one byte (hexstring to byte function)
- 4. repeat step 3 until end of line.
- 5. Wait for ACK or NACK answer.

The last byte of each line is the checksum byte. After receiving a complete line the MMIB answers with ACK (0xFF) if the checksum is correct otherwise with NACK (0x00). If the MMIB answers with NACK it is possible to repeat transmission of the same line again.

6. Read next line until end of file and repeat with step 2.

Some notes:

• Firmware update can be aborted any time until status "Successfull"

8. Warranty

Imm und Bühler Elektronik GmbH guarantees a warranty of 6 months starting at shipment.

9. Special applications

CAUTION: customers considering the use of our products in special applications where failure or abnormal operation may directly affect human lives or cause physical injury or property damage, or where extremely high levels of reliability are demanded (such as aerospace systems, atomic energy controls, sea floor repeaters, vehicle operating controls, medical devices for life support, etc.) are requested to consult with Imm und Bühler Elektronik before such use.

The company will not be responsible for damages arising from use of their products.

Like any other technical device our products has an inherent chance of failure. You must protect against injury, damage or loss from such failures by incorporating safety design measures into your facility and equipment such as redundancy, fire protection, and prevention over-current levels and other abnormal operating conditions.

Appendix I: Keyboard and IR-Remote

Ref	Description	Remark
JP1	Assembly direction	closed: horizontal
		open: vertical
D1	LED red	Key-pressed feedback
D2	LED green	Power On
S1S5		Left Right Up Down Ok
H1H4	Assembly holes	M3 screws recommended
SV1	Box Type pin header, 16pin	for 2,54mm flat ribbon cable



IR-Remote Control IR06: Supply 2x1,5 micro AA cells

After exchanging the cells the IR06 needs to be programmed to the MMIB specific device code (166). Therefore press [P] and [OK] together until the red LED (H1) is permanent on. Then press in following order: 1x [-] 6x [Up] 6x [+]

To quit the programming mode press [OK].

Note: [P] has no function in normal operation.

Appendix I: Keyboard and IR-Remote IR28

Cells: 2x 1,5 Micro AA

Programming:

Before first use or after exchanging the cells the remote has to be programmed. Therefor press ON/OFF and OK for 3 seconds. ON/OFF lights up. Enter "2 7 0". To complete programming press ON/OFF again. ON/OFF flashes one time for acknowledge. The remote is ready for use.

	Keys:	Function
	1234567890	Digit keys. Use to enter for IR-
		Access Code (see chapter 2.3
		"OSD Menu": Menu 2.2
		Maintenance)
	ON/OFF	Backlightpower on/off.
	P (up)	UP
	P (down)	DOWN
	-	LEFT
	+	RIGHT
	OK, MUTE	OK
	All other keys are not used this	
	time.	
PV		
cmart 1		
IV/IXI		
classic		

For a detailed key function description refer chapter 2. OSD Menu (Key) "Functionality".

Appendix II: Item Numbers for RS232

Appendix II.1: Submenu SOURCE items Appendix II.2: Submenu GEOEMETRY items (VGA) Appendix II.3: Submenu GEOMETRY items (video) Appendix II.4: Submenu PICTURE items Appendix II.5: Submenu OTHER items Appendix II.6: Submenu SYSTEMMENU items Appendix II.7: Color Setup items Appendix II.8: Submenu BACKLIGHT SETUP items

(d): for details see AII.9 "items with predefinded values"

All.1: Submenu SOURCE items

ItemNo	Menu	Item	Description
38Dh	Source	VGA 1	Show {1st PC} input signal.
49Ah	Source	VGA 2	Show {2nd PC} input signal.
4B9h	Source	COMP 1	Show {1st composite} input signal.
4Bah	-> Video	COMP 2	Show {2nd composite} input signal.
4BBh		Y/C	Show {Y/C} input signal.
4BCh		AV	Show {AV} input signal.
73Ah	Source	DVI	Show {DVI} input signal.
4A0h	Source	SDI	Show {SDI} input signal.
8Ceh		SDI 1	Show {SDI 1} input signal.
8CFh		SDI 2	Show {SDI 2} input signal.
8D0h		SDI 3	Show {SDI 3} input signal.
8D1h		SDI 4	Show {SDI 4} input signal.
E3Ch	HDSDI	HDSDI1	Show {HDSDI1} input signal.
E3Dh		HDSDI2	Show {HDSDI2} input signal.
E9Ah		Eingang	Diese Menüpunkt ist nicht sichtbar. Werte von 013 wählen den
			entsprechenden Eingang aus.
3B9h	Source -> Mode	H Frequency	in ¼ Hz
3BAh	Info (read only)	V Input Frequency	in Hz * 100
5B1h		S (d)	Sync Type and Polarity
4B0h	Source	Source (d)	Optimize color recovery for {VCR}, {satellite}- or {terrestrial} television.
4A7h	->Video options	Auto Norm	Detection of the Videostandards {PAL}, {NTSC} and {SECAM}.
3CDh		Norm	Selection of the desired videostandards.
5D7h		Auto Format	Detection of {16:9} or {Letterbox formats}.
4A8h		AV	{Standard} shows the {composite} signal of the {AV} input. {RGB & YUV} shows the {component} signals of the {AV} input.
4Aah	Source ->VGA options	Auto Sync Detect	Enables auto detection of the supplied synchronization signal. Supported: {Separate HV-Sync}, {C-Sync} or {Sync on Green}.
4Abh		HV Sync	
4Ach		Composite Sync	
4Adh		Sync on Green	
4Aeh		Auto Black&White	Detection of monochrome pictures supplied on the {green} channel.
5B7h		H-Clamp	Horizontal Clamp Place. Only for special purposes. Default value is 8. {Attention: Wrong settings may cause color artifacts}
4B4h	Source	Format	
4B5h	-> SDI options	SMPTE	
4B6h		NRZI	
4B7h		DESC	
4Beh	Source ->Signal	Power On <i>(d)</i>	Which input will be select at power on. {Last} means the last active input will be select again.
4BFh	management	Search	Allow search of active inputs at {No signal}.
4C0h		Supervision	Enables auto selection of other inputs if new signals are detected. {Remark:} Supervision of inactive inputs is only possible for inputs which are not in the same group as the active input.

|--|

399h Geometry ->Input Pixelrate Adjust pixelrate until the whole frame appears the same. {Hint}: Use Windows Shut Down Picture for adjustment. 39Eh ->Input Phaseshift (for VGA 1) Adjust phaseshift to get best picture quality. 39Ch ->Station Horizontal frame offset. ->Adjust phaseshift to get best picture quality. 39Ah ->Prestion Vertical frame offset. ->Prestion ->Prestion 39Ah ->Interlaced Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 39Bh Lines Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 39Bh Lines Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 433h >Interlaced PC Optimized picture for fast moving (video) frames. 439h Moni-Interlaced PC Optimized picture for fast moving (video) frames. 439h Autophase (d) 0->off 1->1sec 2->16sec 3->4min Color values will be set to their default values. 891h Auto Selfadjustment of the (geometry parameter), (phaseshift) and (contrast). Color values will be set to their default values. 394h >Display Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original <th>ItemNo</th> <th>Menu</th> <th>Item</th> <th>Description</th>	ItemNo	Menu	Item	Description
399h Geometry Pixelrate Adjust pixelrate until the whole frame appears the same. (Hint): Use Windows Shut Down Picture for adjustment. 39Eh Phaseshift (for VGA 1) Adjust phaseshift to get best picture quality. 39Ch X-Position Horizontal frame offset. 39Dh Y-Position Vertical frame offset. 39Dh Y-Position Vertical frame offset. 39Ah X-Position Vertical frame offset. 39Ah Non-Interlaced Non-Interlaced 433h >Interlaced Non-Interlaced 433h >Interlaced Non-Interlaced 9PC Optimized picture for fRowing (video) frames. 439h Sport Optimized picture for gets moving (video) frames. 439h Auto Selfadjustment off the (genetry anterlet), (phaseshift) and (contrast). >-Input Auto Selfadjustment off the (genetry anterlet), (phaseshift) and (contrast). 3A2h >Visel Number of active display pixel per line. 3A2h ->Offset Output: f active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal frame offset output if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical				
->Input Windows Shut Down Picture for adjustment. 586h Phaseshift (for VGA 1) Adjust phaseshift to get best picture quality. 39Ch X-Position Horizontal frame offset. 39Ah Y-Position Vertical frame offset. 39Ah Pixel Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 39Ah Lines Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 433h >Interlaced PC Optimized picture for fast moving (video) frames. 439h Sport Optimized picture for fast moving (video) frames. 439h Movie Optimized picture for fast moving (video) frames. 439h Autophase (d) 0-soft 1-stec 2-stesc 3-s-4min 39Fh Geometry Auto Selfadjustment of the (geometry parameter), (phaseshift) and (contrast). ->Input Color values will be set to their default values. Lines A32h Yiel Number of active display pixel per line. 343h >Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 34Ah Y-Offset Output: factive display area is chosen	399h	Geometry	Pixelrate	Adjust pixelrate until the whole frame appears the same. {Hint}: Use
39Eh Phaseshift (for VGA 1) Adjust phaseshift to get best picture quality. 39Ch Yapostion Horizontal frame offset. 39Dh Yapostion Vertical frame offset. 39Ah Pixel Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 39Bh Lines Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1024. (!) or {i} indicates [interlaced] signals. 433h >Interlaced Non-Interlaced PC 433h Sport Optimized picture for (PC) signals. 438h Sport Optimized picture for less moving (video) frames. 439h Autophase (d) O-off 1->1sec 2->16sec 3->4min 39Fh Geometry Autophase (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 39Fh Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3Ath >Display Fixel Number of active display lines. 3A2h Yoffset Output: if active display rate is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A5h Yoffset Output: if active display will be displayed on the whole display. 3A5h Yoffset Output: if active display will be cl		->Input		Windows Shut Down Picture for adjustment.
586h Phaseshift (for VGA 2) Adjust phaseshift to get best picture quality. 390h X-Position Horizontal frame offset. 39Ah Pixel Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 38h Lines Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1024. (!) of (!) indicates (interlaced) signals. 433h >Interlaced PC Optimized picture for {PC} signals. 438h Sport Optimized picture for fast moving (video) frames. 439h Movie Optimized picture for the regress moving (video) frames. 891h Autophase (d) 0->off 1->1sec 2.>16sec 3.>4min 39Fh Sport Optimized picture for legometry parameter), (phaseshift) and (contrast). >-Input Color values will be set to their default values. 437h ->Display Pixel Number of active display pixel per line. 343h ->Display Pixel Number of active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 344h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3Afh ->Original The input Frame will be displayed. 3Afh ->Or	39Eh		Phaseshift (for VGA 1)	Adjust phaseshift to get best picture quality.
39Ch X-Position Horizontal frame offset. 39Dh Y-Position Vertical frame offset. 39Bh Pixel Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 39Bh Lines Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1024. {} of {} indicates {interlaced} signals. 433h >Interlaced PC Optimized picture for fest moving {video} frames. 438h Sport Optimized picture for less moving {video} frames. 439h Autophase (d) 0->off 1->1sec 2.>16sec 3.>4min 891h Autophase (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original ABFh Geometry Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original A22h Vertical position can be adjusted. Y-Offset A33h Vite Number of active display pixel per line. A2h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A5h Mirror Enable mirrored display. (Note:) Not available for all input resolutions. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case t	5B6h		Phaseshift (for VGA 2)	Adjust phaseshift to get best picture quality.
39Dh Y-Position Vertical frame offset 39Ah Pixel Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 39Bh Lines Number of lines of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1024. {} or {} {} or {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {}	39Ch		X-Position	Horizontal frame offset.
39Ah Pixel Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 39Bh Lines Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280. 433h >Interlaced PC Optimized picture for (PC) signals. 437h Sport Optimized picture for (PC) signals. Sport 438h Sport Optimized picture for less moving (video) frames. 439h Autophase (d) 0->of 1-stesc 2->16sec 3->4min 39Fh Geometry Autophase (d) 0->of 1-stesc 2->16sec 3->4min 39Fh Geometry Autophase (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A1h >>Display Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A2h SA2h Number of active display pixel per line. 3A2h V-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced	39Dh		Y-Position	Vertical frame offset
39Bh Lines Number of lines of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1024. (I) or (I) indicates (interlaced) signals. 433h >Interlaced PC Optimized picture for {PC} signals. 438h Sport Optimized picture for {PC} signals. Movie 439h Autophase (d) 0->off 1->1sec 2->16sec 3->4min 39Fh Geometry Autophase (d) 0->off 1->1sec 2->16sec 3->4min 39Fh Geometry Auto Selfadjustment of the (geometry parameter), (phaseshift) and (contrast). ->Input Color values will be set to their default values. ABFh Geometry Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A1h ->Display Pixel Number of active display pixel per line. 3A2h Soffset Output: if active display pixel per line. 3A3h ->Offset Output: if active display rate is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 3A5h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced Y-Position Vertical position for	39Ah		Pixel	Number of pixel of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1280.
433h >Interlaced PC Optimized picture for {PC} signals. 433h >Optimized picture for fast moving (video) frames. 439h Sport Optimized picture for less moving (video) frames. 439h Autophase (d) 0->off 1->1sec 2->16sec 3->4min 39Fh Geometry Auto Selfadjustment of the (geometry parameter), (phaseshift) and (contrast). Color values will be set to their default values. ABFh Geometry Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A1h ->Display Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A2h X-Offset Output: if active display pixel per line. 3A3h X-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A5h Y-Offset Output: if active display intere sic chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced X-Position Horizontal position for scanning the input frame. 3BDh X-Position Horizontal position for scanning the input frame. X-Position V-Fosition Ve	39Bh		Lines	Number of lines of the incoming PC signal. For e.g. SXGA: 1024. {I} or {i} indicates {interlaced} signals.
437h PC Optimized picture for {PC} signals. 438h Sport Optimized picture for fast moving (video) frames. 891h Autophase (d) 0->off 1->1sec 2->16sec 3->4min 39Fh Geometry Auto Selfadjustment of the {geometry parameter}, {phaseshift} and {contrast}. ->Input Auto Selfadjustment of the {geometry parameter}, {phaseshift} and {contrast}. ABFh Geometry Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original AATh ->Display Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original AAAh ->Display Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original AAAh ->Display Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original AAAh ->Display Format (d) Number of active display pixel per line. AAAh ->Display Format (d) Number of active display rate is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. AAAh Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position for scanning the input frame. AAAh ->Advanced Original The Input Frame will be displayed on the whole display. AT ->Fosition Vertical position for sc	433h	>Interlaced	Non-Interlaced	
438h Sport Optimized picture for fast moving {video} frames. 439h Movie Optimized picture for less moving {video} frames. 39Fh Geometry Autophase (d) 0->off 1->1sec 2->16sec 3->4min 39Fh Geometry Auto Selfadjustment of the {geometry parameter}, {phaseshift} and {contrast}. ABFh Geometry Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original A2An Pixel Number of active display pixel per line. 3A3h Lines Number of active display pixel per line. 3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced Original The Input Frame will be displayed 1:1. 3BCh > Original X-Position Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3A8h Zoom X-Factor Horizontal position for the magnification. 3C	437h]	PC	Optimized picture for {PC} signals.
439h Movie Optimized picture for less moving {video} frames. Autophase (d) 0->off 1->1sec 2->16es 3->4min 39Fh Geometry Auto Selfadjustment of the {geometry parameter}, {phaseshift} and {contrast}. Color values will be set to their default values. ABFh Geometry Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A2h >Display Format (d) Number of active display pixel per line. 3A3h ->Olipsia Pixel Number of active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 3A4h ->Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A5h Mirror Enable mirrored display. {Note:} Not available for all input resolutions. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced X-Position Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3BCh > Original X-Position Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3A8h Zoom Magnification of the input frame. X-Position 3A8h X-Position Vertical position for the magnified input frame. Y-Position	438h		Sport	Optimized picture for fast moving {video} frames.
891h Autophase (d) 0->off 1->1sec 2->16sec 3->4min 39Fh Geometry Auto Selfadjustment of the (geometry parameter), (phaseshift) and (contrast). Color values will be set to their default values. ABFh Geometry Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A1h ->Display Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A3h ->Coffset Output: if active display pixel per line. 3A3h X-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 3A5h Mirror Enable mirrored display. {Note:} Not available for all input resolutions. 3A6h Geometry ->Advanced 3A6h Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. {Note:} Not available for all input resolutions. 3A6h Scom X-Position 3BDh ->Advanced X-Position 3BDh ->Com Magnification for scanning the input frame. 3C0h >Zoom X-Factor X-Position Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3Ch X-Position Vertical magnification factor. X-Position Verosition for the magnifi	439h		Movie	Optimized picture for less moving {video} frames.
39Fh Geometry ->Input Auto Selfadjustment of the {geometry parameter}, {phaseshift} and {contrast}. Color values will be set to their default values. ABFh Geometry Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A1h ->Display Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A2h SA3h Fixel Number of active display pixel per line. 3A3h ->Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A5h Mirror Enable mirrored display. {Note:} Not available for all input resolutions. 3A6h Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced Original The Input Frame will be displayed 1:1. 3BCh > Original X-Position Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3C0h >Zoom X-Factor Vertical position factor. 3BFh Seemetry-> Display wall Enable or disable of the display will function. 3Ch >Zoom X-Factor Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3Ch >Zoom X-Factor Vertical position for the magnified input frame. <	891h		Autophase (d)	0->off 1->1sec 2->16sec 3->4min
ABFh Geometry Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A1h ->Display Fixel Number of active display pixel per line. 3A2h X-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A5h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced Original The Input Frame will be displayed 1:1. 3BCh > Original X-Position Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3A8h Zoom Magnification factor. X-Factor 3C0h >Zoom X-Factor Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3BFh Y-Position Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3Ch X-Factor Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3Ch X-Position Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3Ch X-Position </td <td>39Fh</td> <td>Geometry ->Input</td> <td>Auto</td> <td>Selfadjustment of the {geometry parameter}, {phaseshift} and {contrast}. Color values will be set to their default values.</td>	39Fh	Geometry ->Input	Auto	Selfadjustment of the {geometry parameter}, {phaseshift} and {contrast}. Color values will be set to their default values.
ABFh Geometry Format (d) Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original 3A1h ->Display Pixel Number of active display pixel per line. 3A3h Value Number of active display pixel per line. Lines 3A3h X-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A5h Mirror Enable mirrored display. (Note:) Not available for all input resolutions. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced Original The Input Frame will be displayed 1:1. 3BCh > Original X-Position Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3C0h > Zoom Magnification of the input frame. X-Factor 3BFh Y-Factor Vertical magnification factor. Y-Position 3BFh Y-Position Vertical position for the magnified input frame. AC7h Display wall Enable or display sin toriton. Display w				
3A1h ->Display Pixel Number of active display pixel per line. 3A2h 3A3h Verticed isplay area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A5h Mirror Enable mirrored display. [Note:] Not available for all input resolutions. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced Original The Input Frame will be displayed 1:1. 3BCh > Original X-Position Horizontal position for scanning the input frame. 3A8h Zoom Magnification of the input frame. Zoom 3Ch >Zoom X-Factor Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3BPh X-Factor Vertical magnification factor. X-Position 3BFh X-Position Horizontal position for the magnified input frame. 3ACh >Zoom X-Factor Vertical magnification factor. 3Ch >Zoom X-Factor Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3BPh >Zoom X	ABFh	Geometry	Format <i>(d)</i>	Aspect ratio. 4:3/16:9/original
3A2h 3A3h 3A3h X-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 3A5h Mirror Enable mirrored display. {Note:} Not available for all input resolutions. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced Original The Input Frame will be displayed 1:1. 3BCh > Original X-Position Horizontal position for scanning the input frame. 3A8h Zoom Magnification of the input frame. Zoom 3C0h >Zoom X-Factor Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3BPh X-Factor Vertical position for the magnification factor. 3Ch X-Position Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3BPh X-Position Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3Ch X-Position Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3BPh >Zoom X-Position Vertical position of the current display wall. Counts up from left to right, from	3A1h	->Display	Pixel	Number of active display pixel per line.
3A3h X-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted. 3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A5h Mirror Enable mirrored display. {Note:} Not available for all input resolutions. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced Original The Input Frame will be displayed 1:1. 3BCh > Original X-Position Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3A8h Zoom Magnification of the input frame. X-Position 3Ch >Zoom X-Factor Vertical position for the magnified input frame. 3BFh ACCh Geometry-> Display wall Enable or disable of the display wall function. AC7h Display wall Display shorizontal Number of displays in horizontal direction. AC8h AC8h Display shorizontal Number of displays in vertical direction. AC8h ACAh Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active width. AC8h ACAh Border vertical	3A2h		Lines	Number of active display lines.
3A4h Y-Offset Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted. 3A5h Mirror Enable mirrored display. {Note:} Not available for all input resolutions. 3A6h Geometry Standard In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display. 3A7h ->Advanced Original The Input Frame will be displayed 1:1. 3BCh > Original X-Position Horizontal position for scanning the input frame. 3A8h Zoom Magnification of the input frame. 3C0h >Zoom X-Factor Horizontal magnification factor. 3BFh X-Fosition Vertical magnification factor. X-Position 3BFh X-Fosition Vertical position for the magnified input frame. ACCh Geometry-> Display wall Enable or disable of the display wall function. AC7h Display wall Display horizontal Number of displays in horizontal direction. AC8h ACAh Border horizontal Number of displays in vertical direction. AC8h Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active heicht.	3A3h		X-Offset	Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the horizontal position can be adjusted.
3A5hMirrorEnable mirrored display. {Note:} Not available for all input resolutions.3A6hGeometryStandardIn every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display.3A7h->AdvancedOriginalThe Input Frame will be displayed 1:1.3BCh> OriginalX-PositionHorizontal position for scanning the input frame.3A8hZoomVertical position for scanning the input frame.3C0h>ZoomX-FactorHorizontal magnification factor.3C1hX-PositionVertical magnification for the magnified input frame.3BFhACChGeometry->Display wallEnable or disable of the display wall function.ACChGeometry->Display wallEnable or disable of the display wall. Counts up from left to right, from top to bottom.AC8hAC8hBorder horizontalNumber of displays in horizontal direction.AC8hBorder horizontalMeans the border of ONE display in percent of the active width.AC8hBorder verticalMeans the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	3A4h		Y-Offset	Output: if active display area is chosen smaller than its real resolution, the vertical position can be adjusted.
3A6h Geometry 3A7h ->Advanced 3BCh > Original 3BCh > Original 3BDh X-Position 3A8h Zoom 3C0h >Zoom 3C1h X-Factor 3Beh X-Factor 3BFh Y-Position ACCh Geometry-> Display wall Enable or display in horizontal AC8h Display wall AC8h Displays horizontal AC8h Number of displays in horizontal AC8h Ac8h AC8h Displays vertical AC8h Number of displays in horizontal direction. AC8h Ac8h AC8h Machizer of ONE displays in vertical direction. Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active width. Border vertical Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	3A5h		Mirror	Enable mirrored display. {Note:} Not available for all input resolutions.
3A6hGeometry3A7h->AdvancedStandardIn every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display.3BCh> OriginalThe Input Frame will be displayed 1:1.3BDh> OriginalX-PositionHorizontal position for scanning the input frame.3A8h> ZoomY-PositionVertical position for scanning the input frame.3C0h>ZoomX-FactorHorizontal magnification factor.3C1hX-PositionVertical magnification factor.3BFhX-PositionVertical position for the magnified input frame.ACChGeometry->Display wallEnable or display wall function.ACRhDisplay wallEnable or displays in horizontal direction.ACAhACAhDisplays verticalNumber of displays in vertical direction.ACBhACBhBorder horizontalMeans the border of ONE display in percent of the active width.				
3A7h ->Advanced Original The Input Frame will be displayed 1:1. 3BCh > Original X-Position Horizontal position for scanning the input frame. 3BDh X-Position Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3A8h Zoom Magnification of the input frame. 3C0h >Zoom X-Factor Horizontal magnification factor. 3C1h X-Position Vertical magnification factor. 3BFh X-Position Vertical position for the magnified input frame. ACCh Geometry-> Display wall Enable or display wall function. Display wall Display no. Position of the current display within the display wall. Counts up from left to right, from top to bottom. AC8h AC8h Displays horizontal Number of displays in vertical direction. AC8h Border horizontal Number of ONE display in percent of the active width. Border vertical Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	3A6h	Geometry	Standard	In every case the input signal will be displayed on the whole display.
3BCh > Original X-Position Horizontal position for scanning the input frame. 3BDh X-Position Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3A8h Zoom Magnification of the input frame. 3C0h >Zoom X-Factor 3BFh X-Position Vertical magnification factor. 3BFh X-Position Vertical magnification factor. ACCh Geometry-> Display wall Enable or disable of the display wall function. Display wall Display horizontal Position of the current display within the display wall. Counts up from left to right, from top to bottom. AC8h ACAh Displays vertical Number of displays in vertical direction. ACAh Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active width.	3A7h	->Advanced	Original	The Input Frame will be displayed 1:1.
3BDh Y-Position Vertical position for scanning the input frame. 3A8h Zoom Magnification of the input frame. 3C0h >Zoom X-Factor Horizontal magnification factor. 3C1h Y-Factor Vertical magnification factor. 3Beh Y-Position Vertical magnification factor. 3BFh ACCh Geometry-> Display wall Enable or disable of the display wall function. AC7h Display wall Enable or disable of the current display within the display wall. Counts up from left to right, from top to bottom. AC8h Displays horizontal Number of displays in horizontal direction. ACAh Border horizontal Number of ONE display in percent of the active width. Border vertical Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	3BCh	> Original	X-Position	Horizontal position for scanning the input frame.
3A8hZoomMagnification of the input frame.3C0h>ZoomX-FactorHorizontal magnification factor.3C1h>ZoomX-FactorVertical magnification factor.3Beh>ZoomY-FactorVertical magnification factor.3BFhACChGeometry->Display wallEnable or disable of the display wall function.AC7hDisplay wallDisplay no.Position of the current display within the display wall. Counts up from left to right, from top to bottom.AC8hAC8hDisplays horizontalNumber of displays in horizontal direction.AC9hAC8hBorder horizontalMeans the border of ONE display in percent of the active width.AC8hBorder verticalMeans the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	3BDh		Y-Position	Vertical position for scanning the input frame.
3C0h >Zoom X-Factor Horizontal magnification factor. 3C1h Y-Factor Vertical magnification factor. 3Beh X-Position Horizontal position for the magnified input frame. 3BFh Y-Position Vertical position for the magnified input frame. ACCh Geometry-> Display wall Enable or disable of the display wall function. AC7h Display wall Display no. Position of the current display within the display wall. Counts up from left to right, from top to bottom. AC8h Displays horizontal Number of displays in horizontal direction. AC9h Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active width. Border vertical Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	3A8h	1	Zoom	Magnification of the input frame.
3C1h 3Beh 3Beh 3BFh ACCh Geometry-> Display wall Display wall AC8h Display wall AC9h Display wall AC8h Display wall AC9h Display vertical	3C0h	>Zoom	X-Factor	Horizontal magnification factor.
3Beh 3Beh 3BFh ACCh ACCh Geometry-> Display wall Display wall AC7h Display wall AC8h AC9h	3C1h	1	Y-Factor	Vertical magnification factor.
3BFh ACCh Geometry-> ACCh Display wall Display wall Enable or disable of the display wall function. AC7h Display wall Display wall Enable or disable of the display wall function. AC8h Display wall Display no. Position of the current display within the display wall. Counts up from left to right, from top to bottom. AC8h Displays horizontal Number of displays in horizontal direction. AC9h Displays vertical Number of displays in vertical direction. ACAh Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	3Beh	1	X-Position	Horizontal position for the magnified input frame.
ACCh Geometry-> AC7h Display wall Display wall Display wall AC7h Display wall AC8h Display wall AC8h Display borizontal AC9h Displays vertical ACAh Displays vertical AC8h Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	3BFh	1	Y-Position	Vertical position for the magnified input frame.
AC7h Display wall Displayno. Position of the current display within the display wall. Counts up from left to right, from top to bottom. AC8h Displays horizontal Number of displays in horizontal direction. AC9h Displays vertical Number of displays in vertical direction. ACAh Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height. Border vertical Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	ACCh	Geometry->	Display wall	Enable or disable of the display wall function.
AC8h Displays horizontal Number of displays in horizontal direction. AC9h Displays vertical Number of displays in vertical direction. ACAh Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active width. ACBh Border vertical Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	AC7h	Display wall	Displavno.	Position of the current display within the display wall. Counts up from left
AC8h Displays horizontal Number of displays in horizontal direction. AC9h Displays vertical Number of displays in vertical direction. ACAh Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active width. ACBh Border vertical Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.				to right, from top to bottom.
AC9h Displays vertical Number of displays in vertical direction. ACAh Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active width. ACBh Border vertical Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	AC8h	1	Displays horizontal	Number of displays in horizontal direction.
ACAh Border horizontal Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active width. ACBh Border vertical Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	AC9h	1	Displays vertical	Number of displays in vertical direction.
ACBh Border vertical Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.	ACAh	1	Border horizontal	Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active width.
	ACBh]	Border vertical	Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.

ItomNo	Monu	Itom	Description
Itennio	Menu		Description
3D6h	Goomotry	Dofault	
3D7h	Geometry	Zoom 1	
2006		Zoom 2	
2006		Sottingo	define your own frame format. (Only for anapial purpages)
30011 301b	Sloput	Bixol	
3E 111 2E2h	>input		
3E211		Lines V. Desition	
3E311		X-POSILION	
3E4N	> Disular	Y-Position	
ACON	>Display	Format (d)	Aspect ratio
3E5h		Pixel	
3E6h		Lines	
3E7h		X-Position	
3E8h		Y-Position	
3EAh	>Format	Parameter 1	Format correction achieved by adding black lines or columns.
3EBh		Parameter 2	Format correction achieved by cropping lines or columns.
3ECh		Parameter 3	Format correction achieved by panorama or waterglass view.
3F5h	>Zoom	Zoom	
3F1h]	X-Position	
3F2h	1	Y-Position	
3F3h	1	X-Factor	
3F4h	1	Y-Factor	
ACCh	> Display wall	Display wall	Enable or disable of the display wall function.
AC7h		Displayno.	Position of the current display within the display wall. Counts up from left
			to right, from top to bottom.
AC8h	1	Displays horizontal	Number of displays in horizontal direction.
AC9h	1	Displays vertical	Number of displays in vertical direction.
ACAh	1	Border horizontal	Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active width.
ACBh	1	Border vertical	Means the border of ONE display in percent of the active height.
3DCh	Geometry	Mirror	Enable mirrored display, {Note:} Not available for all input resolutions.
3D9h		Sports	Optimized picture for fast moving frames.
3DAh		Movie	Optimized picture for less moving frames
00/11			

All.3: Submenu GEOMETRY items (video)

All.4: Submenu PICTURE items

ItemNo	Menu	Item	Description
3A9h	Picture	Brightness	
3AAh		Contrast	
3ABh		Gamma <i>(d)</i>	Compensation of the color difference from TFT to CRT displays.
			{Remark:} the default value is about 8.
5A0h		Colortemperature (d)	0->User 1->3200 2->5500 3->6500 4->9300 5->7100
3Ach		Sharpness	
4C3h	>Colors	Saturation	
5F0h		Red	
5F1h	1	Green	
5F2h	1	Blue	
4AFh]	Black&White (VGA)	Generates monochrome Pictures. If {VGA} is active only the {green}
763h		Black&White (Video)	color signal is processed.
4C4h		Edges (d)	
		Output (d)	Several output color options
3B4h	Picture	Backlight	Adjust backlight brightness

All.5: Submenu OTHER items

ItemNo	Menu	Item	Description
3C8h	Other	Deutsch	
3C9h	-> Language	English	
3FBh	Other	Cascade Menus	
3FEh	->OSD Setup	Transparency	
3FFh		Default-colors	
3FCh		X-Position	
3FDh		Y-Position	
3C4h	Other	Freeze mode	{Remark:} Adjustments in geometry or picture parameter will clear freeze mode.
3C5h		Help	Use{ up}, {down} to select a menu item. Use {left}, {right} to change the value or to reach the next submenu. Use {ok} to go back to the previous menu or to close the OSD.
3C7h	Other		
47Dh	>Inputs	VGA 1	
47Ch		VGA 2	
47Eh	1	COMP1	
47Fh	1	COMP2	
480h	1	Y/C	
5AFh	1	AV	
5B0h	1	SDI	
461h	Keyboard	Default	
463h	options-> Left	Disabled	
464h	Right	Inputs	
465h	1	Contrast	
466h	1	Brightness	
AB3h	1	List	
	1		
467h	Keyboard	Default	Opens the {INPUT} OSD-menus.
469h	options ->Up	Disabled	The {Up} key is only available while OSD-menu is open. {Attention:} Be sure that there is always one key left which can open the OSD-menu.
476h	Keyboard	Default	Toggles between the inputs.
478h	options -> Down	Disabled	
AB4h		List	

ItemNo	Menu	Item	Description
1.011110	monu		Beedipiten
8E4h	Info	Interfaceboard (d)	
8E5h	1	Display number	
8E6h	1	Software Rev	
8E7h	1	Date	
8E8h	1	Panel clock	
8E9h	1	Panel H	
8EAh		Panel V	
AC5h	1	Flags	This Item is not visible in the OSD menu!!! But it allows access to some
			system conditions ("No Signal" OSD On/Off usw) via RS232
		Bit 0: PwrOff	Power Off: Backlight is switched off manually
		Bit 1: Supsend Mode	Backlight brightness is reduced due to "no Signal" / DPMS Settings
		Bit 2: Power Down Mode	Backlight is switched off due to "no Signal" / DPMS Settings
		Bit 4: OSD on	
		Bit 5: No Signal	No signal at the current input.
410b	Maintananaa	Deeklight reset	Departs healdlight MTDE counter
41011	Maintenance		Resets backlight MTBF counter.
0000		IR-Accesscode	Settings 199 disable the OSD menu for common in remote control. The
			Entering the code 00 shows the actual ID of the display (Note:) Allways
			two digits has to be entered
AC1h	-	IR-Locked	
8E2h		Reset	Reset to factory default settings: {Attention: all user adjustments will be
			deleted.}
AC2h		Power On / OFF	This item is not show in the OSD menu
486h	Setup	Act. color values	Default settings for contrast, brightness, red, green, blue and gamma are
			taken from the actual settings. {Hint:} Only for VGA.
487h		Def. color values	Default settings for contrast, brightness, red, green, blue and gamma are
			taken from the factory settings.
449h	Setup	VGA 1	Check 1st VGA input.
44Eh	->No signal	VGA 2	Check 2nd VGA input.
44Ah	->Search	COMP 1	Check 1st composite input.
44Bh	-	COMP 2	Check 2nd composite input.
44Ch	-	Y/C	Check s-video input.
59Ch		AV	Check AV input.
59Dh	-	SDI	Check SDI input.
44Fn	-	Message	
44Dh	Ostur	Delay	At (No. Ober all the alternative description of the alternativ
445n	Setup	Blue	At (No Signal) background will be blue.
4400		Black	At (No Signal) background will be black.
44711	Cotup	Ded	
45111 452b		Groop	
452h	->110 Signal	Blue	
448h	Setun	Text	Show message /No Signall
	->No signal	T CAL	Chow message (No oignai).
5B9h	Setup	Suspend	
5BAh	->No signal	Power Down	
	->DPMS		
454h	Setup	VGA 1	Allow automatically activation of the VGA input. {Remark:} Only possible
	->New Signal		if Video or SDI input is active.
456h		VGA 2	Allow automatically activation of the VGA input. {Remark:} Only possible
			if Video or SDI input is active.
455h		COMP1	Allow automatically activation of the 1st composite input. {Remark:} Only
	-		possible if VGA or SDI input is active.
457h		COMP2	Allow automatically activation of the 2nd composite input. {Remark:} Only
			possible if VGA or SDI input is active.
458h		Y/C	Allow automatically activation of the s-video input. {Remark:} Only
	-		Possible IT VGA of SDI Input is active.
59En		AV	Allow automatically activation of the s-video input. {Remark:} Only
50Eb	-		Allow automatically activation of the SDI input
09F[]	-	Back	Allow automatically activation of the SDI Input.
4090		DAUK	will be selected. Otherwise Ministrativ activated input the last active input will be selected.
5D1h	Setun	Actual	mil be colorida. Calermoo (no signal settings will be performed.
5D2h	->Temperatures	Lowest	
5D3h	. emporatoroo	Highest	
0001	1		

All.6: Submenu SYSTEMMENU items

5D4h		Backlight Down	Driving down the Backlight if the system temperature reaches the upper limit.
5D5h		System Down	Driving down the whole system if the system temperature overrides the upper limit.
5BCh	Setup ->Aux1	Input High <i>(d)</i>	
5BDh	Configuration	Input Low (d)	
5C3h]	Temperature	
5C5h	Setup ->Aux2	No Function	
5C6h	Configuration	Over/Under temp.	
5C7h		On above temp.	
5C8h		On below temp.	
5C9h		Temperature	
5CBh	Setup ->Aux3	0V Temperature	
5CCh	Configuration	5V Temperature	
D82h	Setup-Anti Sticking	Mode <i>(d)</i>	Refer D82h : Anti Sticking->Mode for allowed values
D83h		Period (d)	Refer D83h : Anti Sticking->Period for allowed values
D84h		Duration (d)	Refer D83h : Anti Sticking->Period for allowed values
D87h		Off	Allows disabling of the Inverse / White view at key pressed.
D88h		Active	
D85h		Rotation (d)	Refer D83h : Anti Sticking->Period for allowed values
D86h		Pixel (d)	Refer D86h : Anti Sticking->Pixel for allowed values
490h	Setup -> Firmware	Baudrate (d)	Adjust of the Baudrate: {Remark:} Only for Firmware Update. The Setting for all other RS232 operations is 9600.
48Ch	1	Download	

All.7: Submenu Color setup items

ItemNo	Menu	Item	Description
74Eh	Pre-Offset	Offset R	
750h		Offset B	
74Fh		Offset G	
756h		Auto	
751h	Pre-Gain	Gain R	
752h		Gain G	
753h		Gain B	
757h		Auto	
76Ah	Display wp	Whitepoint y	
769h		Whitepoint x	
76Bh		Default	

All.8: Submenu BACKLIGHT SETUP items

ItemNo	Menu	Item	Description
894h	Backlight-Setup	Min. brightness	
895h		Max. brightness	
896h		Steps	
897h		On/Off Control (d)	Bit 0: 1-> Backlight on/off normal logic.
			Bit 1: 1-> Backlight on/off reverse logic.
898h		DPMS value	
89Bh		Defaultvalues	
89Ch		Backlight	

All.9: Items with predefined values

	Option	Value
3ABh : Picture->Gamma	Off	0 / 0h
	1.8	1 / 1h
	2.2	2 / 2h
3CDh : Video options->Norm	PAL	0 / 0h
	NTSC M	1 / 1h
	SECAM	2 / 2h
	NTSC 44	3 / 3h
	PAL M	4 / 4h
	PAL N	5 / 5h
	PAL 60	6 / 6h
	NTSC	7 / 7h
	Mono 50Hz	10 / Ah
	Mono 60Hz	15 / Fh
490h : Firmware->Baudrate	9600	0 / 0h
	19200	1 / 1h
	38400	2 / 2h
	115 2K	3/3h
4A8h : Video ontions->AV	Standard	3 / 3h
	RGB	2 / 2h
	YUV	1 / 1h
180h : Video ontions->Source	SAT	0 / 0b
		1 / 1h
	VCP	2 / 2h
		2 / 2h
1P4h : SDI antiona > Format		0 / 0h
46411. SDI options->Format	625 - 50HZ	0 / 0H
4PEh : Signal management	525 - 00HZ	1 / III 15 / Eb
>Power On		157 FI
>Power On	VGA 1	0 / 0H
		1 / 111 2 / 2h
	FDAS I	2 / 2ll
	FDAG Z	3/311
	ΥC	4 / 4/1
104h - Oslans > Educa	SDI	0 / 01
4C4n : Colors->Edges	IVIIN Maaliaas	0 / UN
	iviedium	1/1n
	Max	2 / 2n
58Dn : ->View Angle	Up side	1 / 1n
	Down side	0 / 0h
5A0h : Picture->Colortemp.	User	0 / 0h
	3200	1 / 1h
	5500	2 / 2h
	6500	3 / 3h
	7100	5 / 5h
	9300	4 / 4h
	$H_{-}V_{-}$	1 72 / 48h
5B1h : ->S	1 I- V-	
5B1h : ->S	H- V+	74 / 4Ah
5B1h : ->S	H- V+ H+ V-	74 / 4Ah 88 / 58h

	H-Comp-	70 / 46h
	H-Comp+	86 / 56h
	on Green	38 / 26h
5B5h : ->S	H- V-	72 / 48h
	H- V+	74 / 4Ah
	H+ V-	88 / 58h
	H+ V+	90 / 5Ah
	H-Comp-	70 / 46h
	H-Comp+	86 / 56h
	on Green	38 / 26h
5B9h : DPMS->Suspend	Off	0 / 0h
·	5 Sec	1 / 1h
	30 Sec	2 / 2h
	60 Sec	3 / 3h
5BAh : DPMS->Power Down	Off	0 / 0h
	15 Sec	1 / 1h
	60 Sec	2 / 2h
	Immidiate	3 / 3h
5BCh · Aux1 Configuration->Input	VGA 1	0 / 0h
High	VGA 2	1 / 1h
5	COMP 1	2 / 2h
		2 / 2h
		373h
		5 / 5h
		575H
		0/011 7/7h
		7 / / II
	SDI 3	8 / 811
	SDI 4	9/91
		10 / An
	Above	13 / Dh
	Below	14 / EN
CDDb . A.u.d Configuration & lagut		15/Fn
5BDn : Aux1 Configuration->input	VGA 1	0 / Un
	VGA 2	1 / 1n
		2 / 2n
	COMP 2	3/3n
	Y/C	4 / 4h
	AV	5 / 5h
	SDI	6 / 6h
	SDI 2	7 / 7h
	SDI 3	8 / 8h
	SDI 4	9 / 9h
	DVI	10 / Ah
5⊢3h : OSD Setup->OSD timeout	Never	0 / 0h
	10	1 / 1h
	20	2 / 2h
	30	3 / 3h
	40	4 / 4h
	50	5 / 5h
	60	6 / 6h
759h : Configuration->Function	Key: Down	20 / 14h
-	-	

	Key: Right	21 / 15h
	Search	19 / 13h
	Supervise	14 / Eh
891h : Interlaced->Auto phase	Off	0 / 0h
•	1 sec	1 / 1h
	16 sec	2 / 2h
	4 min	3 / 3h
897h : Backlight-Setup->On/Off	n/a	0 / 0h
Control	Pos	1 / 1h
	Neg	2 / 2h
8CCh : ->S	H- V-	72 / 48h
	H- V+	74 / 4Ah
	H+ V-	88 / 58h
	H+ V+	90 / 5Ah
	H-Comp-	70 / 46h
	H-Comp+	86 / 56h
	on Green	38 / 26h
8D3h : Details->Edge	1st	1 / 1h
8D3h :	2nd	0 / 0h
8D4h : Details->C-Svnc Filter	Off	1 / 1h
	LF	2 / 2h
	HF	3 / 3h
8E4h : Info->Interfaceboard	MMIB1Ev1	1 / 1h
	MMIB1Ev2	2 / 2h
	MMIB2B	3 / 3h
	ADVIIB2A	4 / 4h
A72h : Anti Sticking-	Off	255 / FFh
>Checkerboard	4 sec	1 / 1h
	16 sec	7 / 7h
	32 sec	15 / Fh
	1 min	31 / 1Fh
	4 min	127 / 7Fh
AA4h : Signal management-	Last	15 / Fh
>Power On	VGA 1	0 / 0h
	VGA 2	1 / 1h
	FBAS 1	2 / 2h
	FBAS 2	3 / 3h
	YC	4 / 4h
	AV	5 / 5h
	SDI	6 / 6h
AB0h : Details->Edge	1st	1 / 1h
5	2nd	0 / 0h
AB1h : Details->C-Sync Filter	Off	1 / 1h
	LF	2 / 2h
	HF	3 / 3h
AB2h : Setup->Aux1 In	VGA	0 / 0h
	DVI	10 / Ah
	unused	15 / Fh
ABFh : Display->Format	Original	7 / 7h
	4:3	0 / 0h
	16:9	1 / 1h
AC0h : Display	Original	7 / 7h

	4:3	0 / 0h
	16:9	1 / 1h
AC3h : Colors->Output	TrueColor	7 / 7h
	64 Colors	6 / 6h
	8 Colors	5 / 5h
	Blue Only	4 / 4h
	Green Only	3 / 3h
D82h : Anti Sticking->Mode	Invers	0 / 0h
	White	1 / 1h
D83h : Anti Sticking->Period	Off	0 / 0h
	5 sec	8 / 8h
	5 min	1 / 1h
	10 min	2 / 2h
	30 min	3 / 3h
	1h	4 / 4h
	8h	5 / 5h
	12h	6 / 6h
	On	7 / 7h
D86h : Anti Sticking->Pixel	2	0 / 0h
	4	1 / 1h
	6	2 / 2h
	8	3 / 3h

Appendix III: IB-Remote description

The PC program IB-Remote implements nearly all functionality descripte in Capter 7.

- •
- Firmware Update Load and Save the Filesystem (settings) •
- Configurable command buttons (makros) •

si BRemote			
Datei <u>F</u> irmware Fjlesystem <u>M</u> akros <u>H</u> ilfe			
Update Baudrate	COM-Port In		
○ 9600 ○ 19200 ○ 38400 ④	115200 Timout (sec) 3		
Firmware Update startet automatisch	1		
Firmware Datei: C:\WINDOWS\Desktop	\028V3IB.H86		
Filesystem Datei C:\WINDOWS\Desktop	\factory.ibf		
Makro Datei C:\WINDOWS\Desktop	\Makro.ibm		
Gesendete Zeile: 7/GLOBALEINSTELLUNGEN			
Fortschritt:			
	MAKR01 <enab service=""> #1</enab>		
	MAKRO2: <leer></leer>		
Left Ok Right	MAKR03 <restart> #1</restart>		
	MAKRO4: <leer></leer>		
Down	MAKR05 <vga 1=""> #1</vga>		
Status: Einstellungen:			

Menu Firmware	
Datei	Select Firmware (*.h86) File. Filename and path is shown under "Firmware Datei"
Zeige Datei	Open default editor with the selected file
Update	Start Firmware download to the MMIB. If the check box "Firmware Update startet automatisch" is enabled. Otherwise updated has also to be started by OSD System- >Firmware->Download.

Menu Filesystem	
Datei	Select Filesystem (*.ibf) File. Filename and path is shown under "Filesystem Datei "
Zeige Datei	Open default editor with the selected file
Schreibsch.	"Schreibschutz aktiviert": Allows to set the read only flag. Helpfull to prevent unintentional overwriting of the filesystem file.
Upload	Upload all filesystem entrys (blocks) from the MMIB to the PC.
Download	Download all filesystem entrys (blocks) found in the given filesystem file from PC to the MMIB. An existing block is erased in the MMIB before the new one is downloaded
Erase	Erase the entire filesystem

For further explanation see following example (Factory.ibf):

//INTERNAL DATA

:FFA1 0041 0500 0258 010D 0004 3802 0002 3782 0002 BB64 0000 0900 2807 0343 0343 0343 0274 001C 001C 0002 0002 0008 0020 0030 02B0 0030 0005 03FF FFFF FFFF FFFF

//GLOBALEINSTELLUNGEN

The first word (FFA1, 00AE , FFAD) is the Block identifier (FlashID+ExtFlashID).

- To generate your own factory settings change the FlashID to 0xBX (result: FFB1, 00BE, FFBD). Download the Filesystem file to the MMIB.
- Deleting unwanted blocks coping some blocks from various filesystem files etc... is allowed.
| Menu Makro | |
|-------------|--|
| Datei | Select Makro (*.ibm) File. Filename and path is shown under "Makro Datei " |
| Zeige Datei | Open default editor with the selected file |

The Makro file configures the five Makro buttons: For further explanation see following example (Makro.ibm):

MAKRO1 <ENAB SERVICE> :0x01 0x9021 0x0018 MAKRO1 <ENAB COLORSETUP> :0x01 0x9021 0x0028 MAKRO1 <ENAB BACKLIGHT> :0x01 0x9021 0x0038 MAKRO1 <DISABLE> :0x01 0x9021 0x0008

MAKRO3 <Restart> :01 0x6009

MAKRO5 <VGA 1> :01 0x138D 0x0001 MAKRO5 <VGA 2> :01 0x149a 0x0001 MAKRO5 <FBAS 1> :01 0x14b9 0x0001 MAKRO5 <FBAS 2> :01 0x14ba 0x0001 MAKRO5 <YC + Restart> :01 0x14bb 0x0001 :01 0x6009 :01 0x6009

The Buttons 2 and 4 are not used in this example. The basic idea is to send the MMIBNo, CMD+ITEM and VALUE Parts of the 10byte RS232 protocol packed.

After pressing the button the next command is shown. It is also possible to process more then one packet.