SINGLE TIMER

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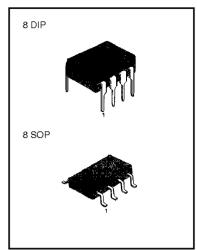
The LM555/I is a highly stable controller capable of producing accurate timing pulses. With monostable operation, the time delay is controlled by one external and one capacitor. With a stable operation, the frequency and duty cycle are accurately controlled with two external resistors and one capacitor.

FEATURES

- High Current Drive Capability (= 200mA)Adjustable Duty Cycle
- Temperature Stability of 0.005%/°C
- Timing From μSec To Hours
- Turn Off Time Less Than 2μSec

APPLICATIONS

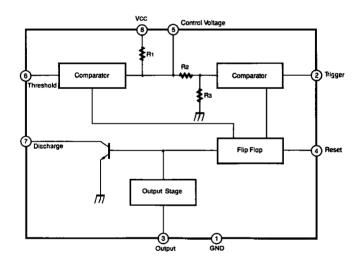
- Precision Timing
- Pulse Generation
- Time Delay Generation
- Sequential Timing



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Operating Temperature		
LM555CN	8 DIP	0 ~ +70°C		
LM555CM	8 SOP	0 ~ +70 °C		
LM555CIN	8 DIP	40 95°C		
LM555CIM	8 SOP	-40 ~ +85°C		

BLOCK DIAGRAM





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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	16	V
Lead Temperature (soldering 10sec)	T _{LEAD}	300	°C
Power Dissipation	P _D	600	mW
Operating Temperature Range LM555C LM555CI	T _{OPR}	0 ~ + 70 - 40 ~ + 85	°C°C°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	- 65 ~ + 150	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = 5 \sim 15V, unless otherwise specified)$

Characteristic	Symbol	Symbol Test Conditions		Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{cc}		4.5		16	٧
Supply Current		$V_{CC} = 5V$, $R_L = \infty$		3	6	mA
* ¹ (low stable)	lcc	V _{CC} = 15V, R _L = ∞		7.5	15	mA
*Timing Error (Monostable)						
² Initial Accuracy	ACCUR	$R_A = 1 K\Omega$ to		1.0	3.0	%
Drift with Temperature	Δt/ΔΤ	100ΚΩ		50		ppm/°C
Drift with Supply Voltage	Δt/ΔV _{CC}	C = 0.1μF		0.1	0.5	%/ V
*Timing Error (astable) ² Intial Accuracy	ACCUR	$R_A = 1K\Omega$ to $100K\Omega$ $C = 0.1\mu$ F		2.25		%
Drift with Temperature	Δt/ΔΤ			150		ppm/°C
Drift with Supply Voltage	Δt/ΔV _{CC}			0.3		%/ V
Control Voltage	Vc	V _{CC} = 15V	9.0	10.0	11.0	٧
Control Voltage	v _c	$V_{CC} = 5V$	2.6	3.33	4.0	٧
Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	V _{CC} = 15 V		10.0		٧
Tilleshold Voltage	· in	$V_{CC} = 5V$		3.33		٧
*3Threshold Current	I _{TH}			0.1	0.25	μΑ
Trigger Voltage	V_{TR}	$V_{CC} = 5V$	1.1	1.67	2.2	٧
Trigger Voltage	V_{TR}	$V_{CC} = 15V$	4.5	5	5.6	٧
Trigger Current	I _{TR}	$V_{TR} = 0V$		0.01	2.0	μΑ
Reset Voltage	V _{RST}		0.4	0.7	1.0	٧
Reset Current	I _{RST}			0.1	0.4	mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

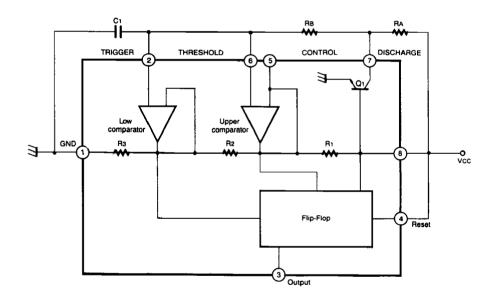
 $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = 5 \sim 15V, unless otherwise specified)$

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		V _{CC} = 15V				
		I _{SINK} = 10mA		0.06	0.25	V
Low Output Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{SINK} = 50m A		0.3	0.75	V
		$V_{CC} = 5V$				
		I _{SINK} = 5m A		0.05	0.35	٧
	V _{OH}	V _{CC} = 15V				
		I _{SOURCE} = 200mA		12.5		V
High Output Voltage		I _{SOURCE} = 100mA	12.75	13.3		٧
		$V_{CC} = 5V$				
		I _{SOURCE} = 100mA	2.75	3.3		٧
Rise Time of Output	t _R			100		ns
Fall Time of Output	t _F			100		ns
Discharge Leakage Current	llkg			20	100	n A

Notes:

- 1. Supply current when output is high is typically 1mA less at V_{CC} = 5V 2. Tested at V_{CC} = 5.0V and V_{CC} = 15V
- 3. This will determine maximum value of $R_A + R_B$ for 15V operation, the max. total $R = 20M\Omega$, and for 5V operation the max. total R = $6.7M\Omega$

APPLICATION CIRCUIT





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APPLICATION NOTE

The application circuit shows astable mode.

Pin 6 (threshold) is tied to Pin 2 (trigger) and Pin 4 (reset) is tied to V_{CC} (Pin 8).

The external capacitor C₁ of Pin 6 and Pin 2 charges through R_B, R_B and discharges through R_B only.

In the internal circuit of the LM555 one input of the upper comparator is the 2/3 V_{CC} (*R₁ =R₂=R₃, another input if it If it is connected Pin 6.

As soon as charging C₁ is higher than 2/3 Vcc, discharge transistor Q₁ turns on and C₁ discharges to collector of transistor Q₁.

Therefore, the flip-flop circuit is reset and output is low.

One input of lower comparator is the 1/3 V_{CC}, discharge transistor Q₁ turn off and C₁ charges through R_A and R_B.

Therefore, the flip-flop circuit is set and output is high. So to say, when C_1 charges through R_B and R_1 output is high and when C_1 discharges through R_B output is low. The charge time (output is high) T_1 is 0.693 ($R_B + R_B$) C_1 and the discharge time (output is low) T_2 is 0.693 ($R_B + R_B$).

$$(I_n \frac{V_{CC}-1/3}{V_{CC}-2/3} V_{CC}^{2})$$

Thus the total period time T is given by

 $T=T_1+T_2=0.693 (R_A+2R_B) C_1$.

Then the frequency of astable mode is given by

$$f = = \frac{1}{T} - \frac{1.44}{(R_A + 2R_B)C_1}$$

The duty cycle is given by

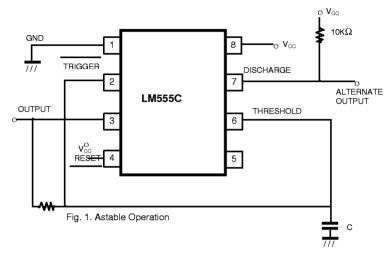
$$D.C = \frac{T_2}{T} = \frac{R_B}{R_A + 2R_B}$$

If you make use of the LM556 you can make two astable modes.



Astable Operation

The LM555 can free run as a mulitivibrator by triggering itself; refer to Fig.2. The output can swing from V_{DD} to GND and have 50 duty cycle square wave. Less than 1% frequency deviation can be observed, over a voltage range of 2 to 5V. f-1/1.4RC



Monostable Operation

The LM555 can be used as a one-short, i.e. monostable multivibrator. Initially, because the inside discharge transistor is on state, external timing capacitor is held to GND potential. Upon application of a negative TRIGGER pulse pin 2, the intern discharge transistor is off state and the voltage across the capacitor increases with time constant T = R_AC and OUTPUT goes to high state. When the voltage across the capacitor equals $2/3V_{CC}$ the inner comparator is reset by THRESHOLD input and the discharge transistor goes to on state, which in turn discharges the capacitor rapidly and drives the OUTPUT to its low state.

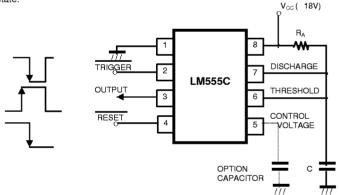


Fig. 2. Monostable Operation



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