

General Description

The MAX5494-MAX5499 10-bit (1024-tap), dual, nonvolatile, linear-taper, programmable voltage-dividers and variable resistors perform the function of a mechanical potentiometer, but replace the mechanics with a 3-wire SPI™-compatible serial interface. The MAX5494/MAX5495 are dual, 3-terminal, programmable voltage-dividers; the MAX5496/MAX5497 are dual, 2-terminal variable resistors; and the MAX5498/ MAX5499 include one 2-terminal variable resistor and one 3-terminal programmable voltage-divider.

The MAX5494-MAX5499 feature an internal, nonvolatile, electrically erasable programmable read-only memory (EEPROM) that stores the wiper position for initialization during power-up. The 3-wire SPI-compatible serial interface allows communication at data rates up to 7MHz.

The MAX5494-MAX5499 are ideal for applications requiring digitally controlled potentiometers. End-to-end resistance values of $10k\Omega$ and $50k\Omega$ are available with a 35ppm/°C end-to-end temperature coefficient. The ratiometric temperature coefficient is 5ppm/°C for each channel, making these devices ideal for applications requiring low-temperature-coefficient programmable voltagedividers such as low-drift, programmable-gain amplifiers.

The MAX5494-MAX5499 operate with either a single power supply (+2.7V to +5.25V) or dual power supplies (±2.5V). The devices consume 400µA (max) of supply current when writing data to the nonvolatile memory and 1.5µA (max) of standby supply current. The devices are available in space-saving (5mm x 5mm x 0.8mm), 16-pin TQFN package and are specified over the extended (-40°C to +85°C) temperature range.

Applications

Gain and Offset Adjustment LCD Contrast Adjustment **Pressure Sensors** Low-Drift Programmable-Gain Amplifiers Mechanical Potentiometer Replacement Volume Control

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	PKG CODE
MAX5494ETE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TQFN-EP*	T1655-2
MAX5495ETE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TQFN-EP*	T1655-2

^{*}EP = Exposed pad.

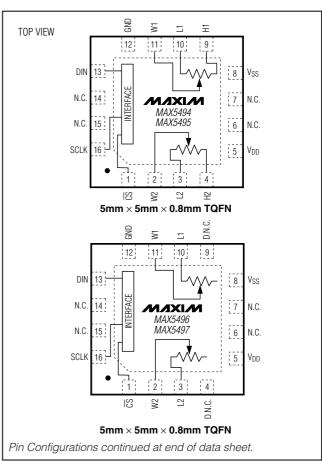
Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet. Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.

SPI is a trademark of Motorola, Inc.

Features

- ♦ Wiper Position Stored in Nonvolatile Memory and **Recalled Upon Power-Up**
- ♦ 16-Pin, 5mm x 5mm x 0.8mm TQFN Package
- **♦** 35ppm/°C End-to-End Resistance Temperature Coefficient
- **♦** 5ppm/°C Ratiometric Temperature Coefficient
- ♦ 10kΩ and 50kΩ End-to-End Resistor Values
- ♦ 3-Wire SPI-Compatible Serial Interface
- ♦ Reliability (T_A = +85°C) 50,000 Wiper Store Cycles **50 Years Wiper Data Retention**
- ♦ 1.5µA (max) Standby Current
- Single +2.7V to +5.25V Supply Operation
- ♦ Dual ±2.5V Supply Operation

Pin Configurations



Maxim Integrated Products 1

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _{DD} to GND0.3V	to +6.0V
V _{SS} to GND6.0V	to +0.3V
V _{DD} to V _{SS} 0.3V	to +6.0V
H1, H2, L1, L2, W1, W2 to V _S S(V _S S - 0.3V) to (V _D I	
CS, SCLK, DIN to GND0.3V to (VDI	0.3V
Maximum Continuous Current into H_, L_, and W_	
MAX5494/MAX5496/MAX5498	±5.0mA
MAX5495/MAX5497/MAX5499	±1.0mA
Maximum Current Into Other Pins	±50.0mA

Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}$	°C)
16-Pin TQFN (derate 20.8mW/°C abov	e +70°C)1666.7mW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	60°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C
,	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = +2.7V \text{ to } +5.25V, V_{SS} = GND = 0, V_{H_} = V_{DD}, V_{L_} = 0, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $V_{DD} = +5.0V, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}.)$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIO	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
DC PERFORMANCE (MAX5494/M	/AX5495/MA	X5498/MAX5499 Programn	nable Voltage-Divi	der)			
Resolution	N			10			Bits
Integral Manlingarity (Note 2)	INL	$V_{DD} = 2.7V$				±2	LSB
Integral Nonlinearity (Note 2)	IINL	$V_{DD} = 5V$				±2	LOD
Differential Nonlinearity (Note 2)	DNL	$V_{DD} = 2.7V$				±1	LSB
	DINL	$V_{DD} = 5V$				±1	LOD
End-to-End Resistance Temperature Coefficient	TCR				35		ppm/°C
Ratiometric Temperature Coefficient				5		ppm/°C	
Full-Scale Error	FSE	MAX5494/MAX5498	-4	-2.5	0	LSB	
Full-Scale Error	FSE	MAX5495/MAX5499	-4	-0.75	0		
Zero-Scale Error	ZSE	MAX5494/MAX5498	0	3.3	5	LSB	
Zero-Scale Error	ZSE	MAX5495/MAX5499	0	1.45	5	LOD	
Wiper Capacitance	Cw				60		рF
End-to-End Resistance	RHL	MAX5494/MAX5498		7.5	10	12.5	kΩ
Elia-lo-Elia nesistalice	NHL	MAX5495/MAX5499		37.5	50	62.5	N22
Channel-to-Channel Division		V _{DD} = 3V, midcode: 512	MAX5494		0.05		%
Ratio Matching		VDD = 3V, Illiacode, 512	MAX5495		0.15		/0
		MAX5494/MAX5498, W_ at 15 code, H_ and L_ shorted to V _{SS} , measure resistance from W_ to H_ (Figures 4 and 5)			6.3		- kΩ
Resistance from W_ to L_ and H_		MAX5495/MAX5499, W_ at 15 code, H_ an L_ shorted to Vss, measure resistance from W_ to H_ (Figures 4 and 5)			25		, K22

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{DD} = +2.7V \text{ to } +5.25V, V_{SS} = GND = 0, V_{H_} = V_{DD}, V_{L_} = 0, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $V_{DD} = +5.0V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
DC PERFORMANCE (MAX5496-	MAX5499 Va	riable Resistor)						
Resolution	N			10			Bits	
		$V_{DD} = 2.7V$			-1.6			
Integral Nonlinearity (Note 3)	INL_R	$V_{DD} = 3V$		-4	-1.4	+4	LSB	
		$V_{DD} = 5V$		-4	-1.3	+4		
		$V_{DD} = 2.7V$			+0.45			
Differential Nonlinearity (Note 3)	DNL_R	$V_{DD} = 3V$		-1	+0.4	+1	LSB	
		$V_{DD} = 5V$		-1	+0.35	+1		
Variable-Resistor Temperature Coefficient	TC _{VR}	$V_{DD} = 3V \text{ to } 5.25V; \text{ co}$	ode = 128 to 1024		35		ppm/°C	
Wiper Resistance	Rw	V _{DD} ≥ 3V (Note 4)			50		Ω	
Wiper Capacitance	Cwr				60		рF	
Full-Scale Wiper-to-End	D	MAX5496/MAX5498		7.5	10	12.5	10	
Resistance	Rw-L	MAX5497/MAX5499		37.5	50	62.5	kΩ	
Zara Caala Daaiatar Errar	D-	Cada	MAX5494/MAX5498		70		0	
Zero-Scale Resistor Error	R _Z	Code = 0	MAX5495/MAX5499		110		Ω	
Two-Channel Resistance Matching		V 2)// 5 25)/	MAX5496/MAX5498, Code >128		0.1		0/	
		$V_{DD} = 3V \text{ to } 5.25V$	MAX5497/MAX5499, Code >200		0.15		%	
DIGITAL INPUTS (CS, SCLK, DIN) (Note 5)	1	1	·			•	
		Single-supply	V _{DD} = 3.6V to 5.25V	2.4				
Input High Voltage	VIH	operation	V _{DD} = 2.7V to 3.6V	0.7 x V _{DD}			V	
		Dual-supply operation	With respect to GND, V _{DD} = 2.5V, V _{SS} = -2.5V	2.0				
		Single-supply operation	V _{DD} = 2.7V to 5.25V			0.8		
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL} Dual-supply operation		With respect to GND, V _{DD} = 2.5V, V _{SS} = -2.5V			0.6	V	
Input Leakage Current	I _{IN}					±1	μΑ	
Input Capacitance	CIN				5		рF	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS	_	1	T	ı			•	
Wiper -3dB Bandwidth	BW	Wiper at code 495 (01111 01111), 10pF	MAX5494/MAX5498		250 50		kHz	
Wipor oub Buriawian		load at wiper	` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '					

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{DD}=+2.7V\ to\ +5.25V,\ V_{SS}=GND=0,\ V_{H_}=V_{DD},\ V_{L_}=0,\ T_{A}=-40^{\circ}C\ to\ +85^{\circ}C,\ unless\ otherwise\ noted.$ Typical values are at $V_{DD}=+5.0V,\ T_{A}=+25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	MAX5494/MAX5498; V _{DD} = 3V; wiper at code 495; 10kHz, 1V _{RMS} signal is applied at H_; 10pF load at wiper	0.026			%
Total Harmonic Distortion	THU	MAX5495/MAX5499; V _{DD} = 3V; wiper at code 495; 10kHz, 1V _{RMS} signal is applied at H_; 10pF load at wiper		0.03		76
Analog Crosstalk		CH2 = 11111 11111, CH1 = 01111 01111, C_{W} = 10pF, V_{H1} = V_{DD} = +2.5V, V_{L1} = V_{SS} = -2.5V, measure V_{W1} with V_{W2} = 5V _{P-P} at f = 1kHz		-93		dB
NONVOLATILE MEMORY RELIA	BILITY					
Data Retention		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	50			Years
Endurance		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	200,000			Stores
Lituatance		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$		50,000		310168
POWER SUPPLIES						
Single-Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	$V_{SS} = GND = 0$	2.70		5.25	V
Dual Cupply Voltage	V_{DD}	GND = 0	2.50		5.25	V
Dual-Supply Voltage	V _{SS}	(V _{DD} - V _{SS}) ≤ 5.25V	-2.5		-0.2	V
Average Programming Current	I _{PG}	During nonvolatile write only; digital inputs = V _{DD} or GND		220	400	μА
Peak Programming Current		During nonvolatile write only; digital inputs = V _{DD} or GND	4			mA
Standby Current	I _{DD}	Digital inputs = V_{DD} or GND, $T_A = +25$ °C		0.6	1.5	μΑ

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TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

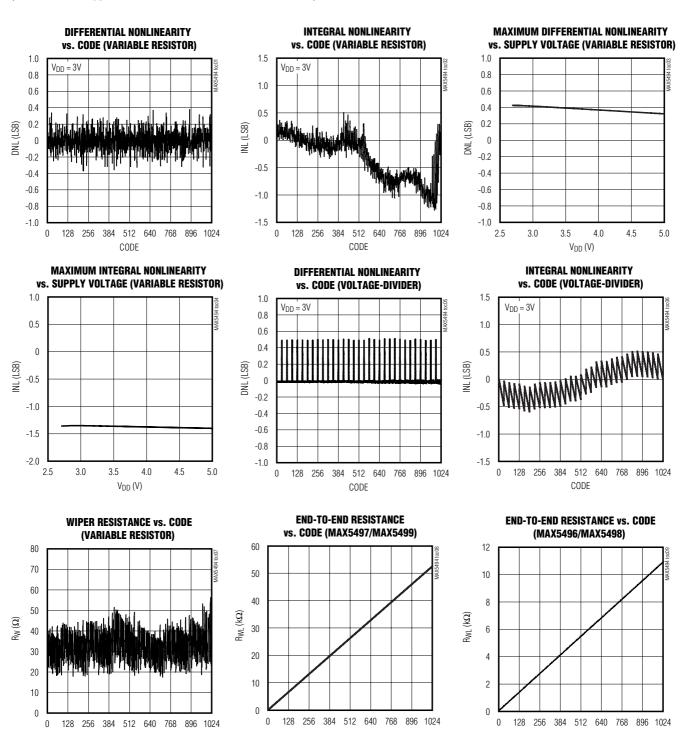
 $(V_{DD} = +2.7V \text{ to } +5.25V, V_{SS} = GND = 0, V_{H_} = V_{DD}, V_{L_} = 0, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $V_{DD} = +5.0V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C.$) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SECTION			-			
Minor Cattling Time (Nata C)	4-	MAX5494/MAX5498		5		
Wiper Settling Time (Note 6)	ts	MAX5495/MAX5499		22		μs
SPI-COMPATIBLE SERIAL INT	ERFACE (Figu	re 6)				
SCLK Frequency	fsclk				7	MHz
SCLK Clock Period	tCP		140			ns
SCLK Pulse-Width High	tch		60			ns
SCLK Pulse-Width Low	tcL		60			ns
CS Fall to SCLK Rise Setup	tcss		60			ns
SCLK Rise to CS Rise Hold	tcsh		0			ns
DIN to SCLK Setup	tDS		40			ns
DIN Hold After SCLK	tDH		0			ns
SCLK Rise to CS Fall Delay	tcso		15			ns
CS Rise to SCLK Rise Hold	tcs1		60			ns
CS Pulse-Width High	tcsw		150			ns
Write NV Register Busy Time	tBUSY				12	ms

- Note 1: 100% production tested at $T_A = +25$ °C and $T_A = +85$ °C. Guaranteed by design to $T_A = -40$ °C.
- Note 2: The DNL and INL are measured for the voltage-divider with H_ = V_{DD} and L_ = V_{SS}. The wiper terminal (W_) is unloaded and measured with a high-input-impedance voltmeter.
- Note 3: The DNL and INL are measured with L_ = V_{SS} = 0. For V_{DD} = 5V, the wiper terminal is driven with a current source of Iw = 80μA for the 50k Ω device and Iw = 400μA for the 10k Ω device. For V_{DD} = 3V, the wiper terminal is driven with a current source of Iw = 40μA for the 50k Ω device and Iw = 200μA for the 10k Ω device.
- Note 4: The wiper resistance is measured using the source currents given in Note 3.
- **Note 5:** The device draws higher supply current when the digital inputs are driven with voltages between (V_{DD} 0.5V) and (GND + 0.5V). See the Supply Current vs. Digital Input Voltage graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*.
- Note 6: Wiper settling test condition uses the voltage-divider with a 10pF load on W_. Transition code from 0 to 495 and measure the time from $\overline{\text{CS}}$ going high to the wiper voltage settling to within 0.5% of its final value.

_Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(V_{DD} = +5.0V, V_{SS} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$



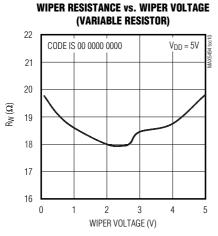
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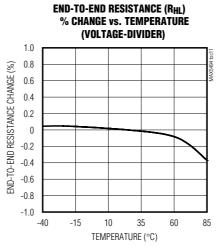
CODE

CODE

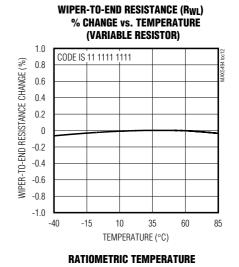
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

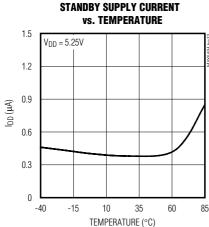
 $(V_{DD} = +5.0V, V_{SS} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$

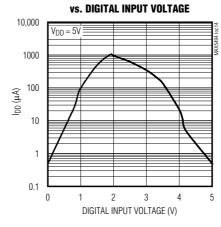


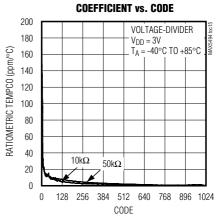


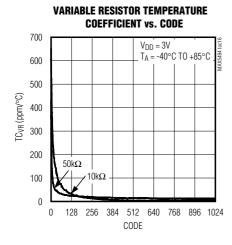
DIGITAL SUPPLY CURRENT

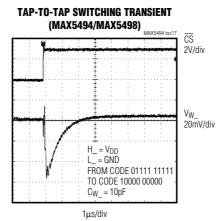


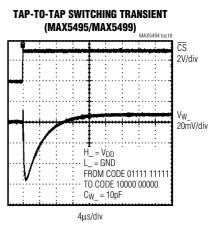






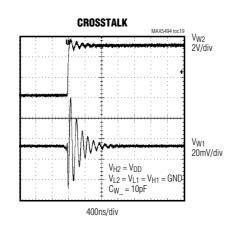


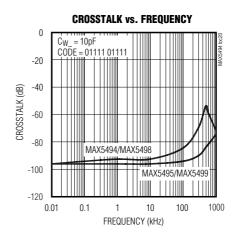


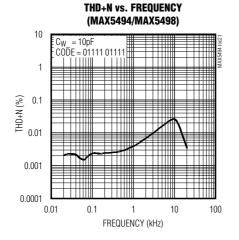


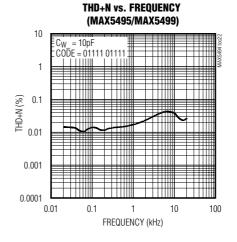
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

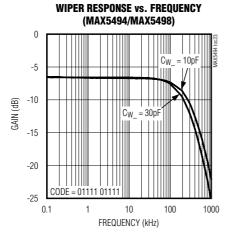
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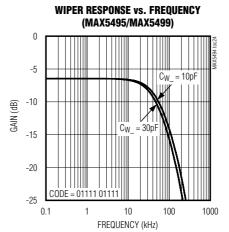












Pin Descriptions

	PIN						
MAX5494/ MAX5495	MAX5496/ MAX5497	MAX5498/ MAX5499	NAME	FUNCTION			
1	1	1	CS	Active-Low Chip-Select Input. Drive $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low to enable the serial interface. Drive $\overline{\text{CS}}$ high to disable the serial interface and put the device in standby mode.			
2	2	2	W2	Wiper Terminal 2			
3	3	3	L2	Low Terminal 2			
4	_	_	H2	High Terminal 2			
5	5	5	V_{DD}	Positive Power-Supply Input. $2.7V \le V_{DD} \le 5.25V$. Bypass with a $0.1\mu F$ capacitor from V_{DD} to GND as close to the device as possible			
6, 7,14,15	6, 7,14,15	6, 7,14,15	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.			
8	8	8	V _{SS}	Negative Power-Supply Input. Single-supply operation: $V_{SS} = GND = 0$. Dual-supply operation: $-2.5V \le V_{SS} \le -0.2V$ (V_{SS} can vary as long as $(V_{DD} - V_{SS}) \le 5.25V$). Bypass with a $0.1\mu F$ capacitor from V_{SS} to GND as close to the device as possible.			
9	_	9	H1	High Terminal 1			
10	10	10	L1	Low Terminal 1			
11	11	11	W1	Wiper Terminal 1			
12	12	12	GND	Ground			
13	13	13	DIN	Serial-Data Input. The data at DIN synchronously loads into the serial shift register on each SCLK rising edge.			
16	16	16	SCLK	Serial-Clock Input . SCLK clocks in the data when $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is low.			
_	4, 9	4	D.N.C	Do Not Connect. Leave unconnected for proper operation.			
EP	EP	EP	Exposed Pad				

Functional Diagrams

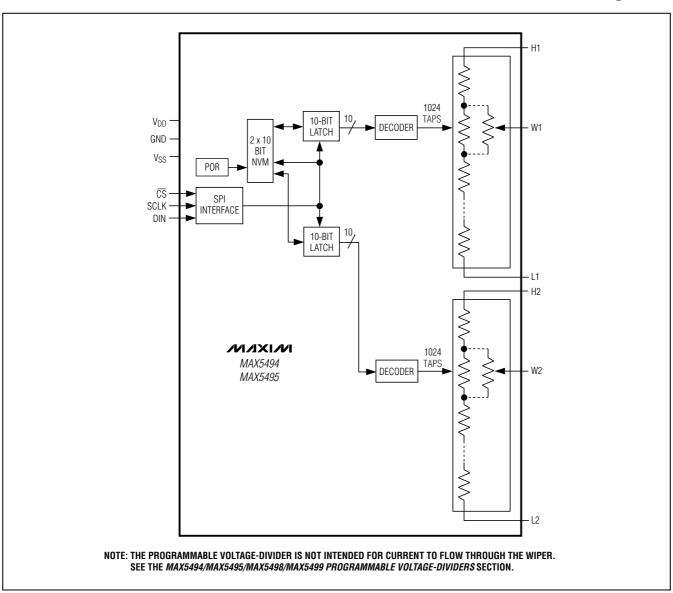


Figure 1. MAX5494/MAX5495 Functional Diagram

Functional Diagrams (continued)

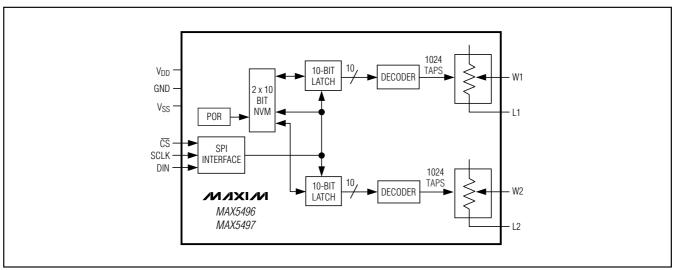


Figure 2. MAX5496/MAX5497 Functional Diagram

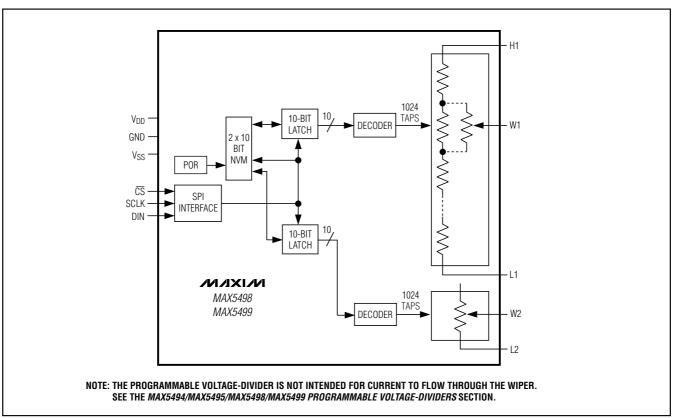


Figure 3. MAX5498/MAX5499 Functional Diagram

Detailed Description

The MAX5494–MAX5499 dual, nonvolatile, linear-taper, programmable voltage-dividers and variable resistors feature 1024 tap points (10-bit resolution) (see the Functional Diagrams). These devices consist of multiple strings of equal resistor segments with a wiper contact that moves among the 1024 effective tap points by a 3-wire SPI-compatible serial interface. The MAX5494/MAX5496/MAX5498 provide a total $10 k\Omega$ end-to-end resistance, and the MAX5495/MAX5497/MAX5499 feature a $50 k\Omega$ end-to-end resistance. The MAX5494/MAX5495/MAX5498/MAX5499 allow access to the high, low, and wiper terminals for a standard voltage-divider configuration. Ensure that the terminal voltages fall between VSS and VDD.

MAX5494/MAX5495/MAX5498/MAX5499 Programmable Voltage-Dividers

The MAX5494/MAX5495/MAX5498/MAX5499 programmable voltage-dividers provide a weighted average of the voltage between the H_ and L_ inputs at the W_ output.

The MAX5494/MAX5495/MAX5498/MAX5499 programmable voltage-divider network provides up to 1024 division ratios between the H_ and L_ voltage. Ideally, the V_L voltage occurs at the wiper terminal when all data bits are zeros and the V_H voltage occurs at the wiper terminal when all data bits are one (see the wiper voltage equation). The step-size voltage (1 LSB) is equal to the voltage applied across terminals H and L divided by 2¹⁰. Calculate the wiper voltage V_W as follows:

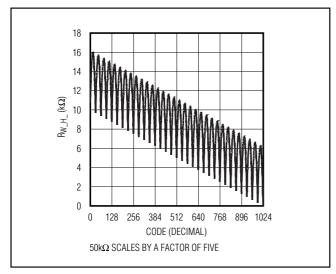


Figure 4. Resistance from W_ to H_ vs. Code (10k Ω Voltage-Divider)

$$D\left[\frac{V_{HL} - \left(|V_{FSE}| + |V_{ZSE}|\right)}{1023}\right] + V_{L} + |V_{ZSE}|$$

where D is the decimal equivalent of the 10 data bits written (0 to 1023), V_{HL} is the voltage difference between the H_ and L_ terminals, and:

$$V_{FSE} = FSE \left[\frac{V_{HL}}{1024} \right]$$

$$V_{ZSE} = ZSE \left[\frac{V_{HL}}{1024} \right]$$

The MAX5494/MAX5498 provide a $10k\Omega$ end-to-end resistance value, while the MAX5495/MAX5499 feature a $50k\Omega$ end-to-end resistance value. Note that the programmable voltage-divider is not intended to be used as a variable resistor. Wiper current creates a nonlinear voltage drop in series with the wiper. To ensure temperature drift remains within specifications, do not pull current through the voltage-divider wiper. Connect the wiper to a high-impedance node. Figures 4 and 5 show the behavior of the programmable voltage-divider resistance from W_ to H_ and W_ to L_, respectively. This does not apply to the variable-resistor devices.

MAX5496-MAX5499 Variable Resistors

The MAX5496-MAX5499 provide a programmable resistance from W_ to L_. The MAX5496/MAX5498 provide a $10k\Omega$ end-to-end resistance value, while the MAX5497/MAX5499 feature a $50k\Omega$ end-to-end resistance value. The programmable resolution of this

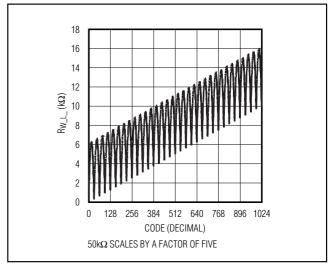


Figure 5. Resistance from W_{-} to L_{-} vs. Code (10k Ω Voltage-Divider)

resistance is equal to the nominal end-to-end resistance divided by 1024 (10-bit resolution). For example, the programmable resolution is 9.8Ω and 48.8Ω for the MAX5496/MAX5498 and the MAX5497/MAX5499, respectively.

The 10-bit data in the 10-bit latch register selects the wiper position from the 1024 possible positions, resulting in 1024 values for the resistance from W_ to L_. Calculate the resistance from W_ to L_ (RwL) from the formula below:

$$R_{WL}(D) = \frac{D}{1023} \times R_{W-L} + R_Z$$

where D is decimal equivalent of the 10 data bits written, Rw-L is the nominal end-to-end resistance, and Rz is the zero-scale error. Table 1 shows RwL at selected codes.

SPI-Compatible Serial Interface

The MAX5494–MAX5499 use a 3-wire, SPI-compatible, serial data interface (Figure 6). This write-only interface contains three inputs: chip-select (CS), data input (DIN), and data clock (SCLK). Drive CS low to enable the serial interface and clock data synchronously into the shift register on each SCLK rising edge.

The WRITE commands (C1, C0 = 00 or 01) require 24 clock cycles to transfer the command and data (Figure 7a). The COPY commands (C1, C0 = 10 or 11) use

either eight clock cycles to transfer the command bits (Figure 7b) or 24 clock cycles with 16 bits disregarded by the device (Figure 7a).

After the loading of data into the shift register, drive \overline{CS} high to latch the data into the appropriate control register (specified by RA1 and RA0) and disable the serial interface. Keep \overline{CS} low during the entire serial data stream to avoid corruption of the data. Table 2 shows the register map.

Write Wiper Register

The "write wiper register" command (C1, C0 = 00) controls the wiper positions. The 10 data bits (D9–D0) indicate the position of the wiper. For example, if DIN = 000000 0000, the wiper moves to the position closest to L_. If DIN = 11 1111 1111, the wiper moves closest to H_.

Table 1. RwL at Selected Codes

	END-TO-END RESISTANCE VAI							
CODE (DECIMAL)	10k Ω	50k Ω						
	RwL (Ω)	RwL (Ω)						
0	70	110						
1	80	160						
512	5,070	25,110						
1023	10,070	50,110						

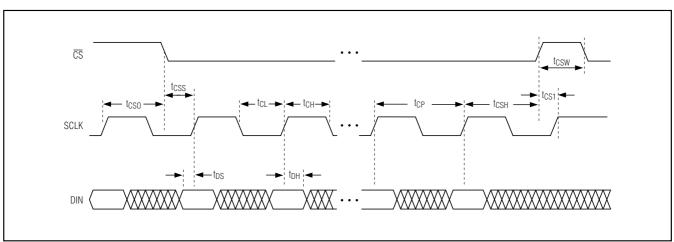


Figure 6. SPI-Interface Timing Diagram

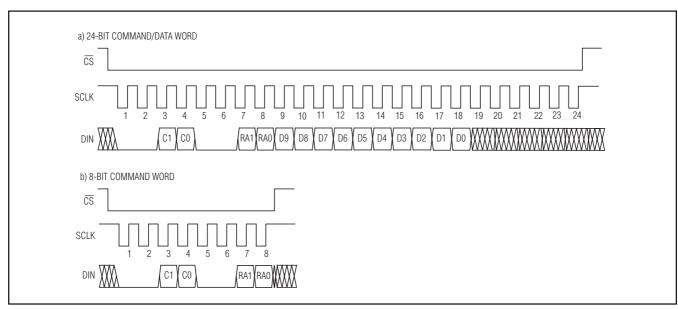


Figure 7. SPI-Compatible Serial-Interface Format

Table 2. Register Map*

							1		1	1			r		1		r			$\overline{}$
CLOCK EDGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		24
Bit Name	_	_	C1	C0	_	_	RA1	RA0	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	_	
Write Wiper Register 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	_	_
Write Wiper Register 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	_	_
Write NV Register 1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		_
Write NV Register 2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		_
Copy Wiper Register 1 to NV Register 1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1			_	_				_	_	_		
Copy Wiper Register 2 to NV Register 2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Copy Wiper Register 1 to NV Register 1 and Copy Wiper Register 2 to NV Register 2 Simultaneously	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1					_				_	_		
Copy NV Register 1 to Wiper Register 1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	_	_	_	_			_	_	_	_	_	
Copy NV Register 2 to Wiper Register 2	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	
Copy NV Register 1 to Wiper Register 1 and Copy NV Register 2 to Wiper Register 2 Simultaneously	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	_	_			_	_	_			_	_	_

^{*}D9 is the MSB and D0 is the LSB of the data bits.

The "write wiper register" command writes data to the volatile random access memory (RAM), leaving the NV registers unchanged. When the device powers up, the data stored in the NV registers transfers to the wiper register, moving the wiper to the stored position. Figure 8 shows how to write data to wiper register 1.

Write NV Register

The "write NV register" command (C1, C0 = 01) stores the position of the wiper to the NV registers for use at power-up. Alternatively, the "copy wiper register to NV register" command writes to the NV register. Writing to

the NV register does not affect the position of the wipers. The operation takes up to 12ms (max) after $\overline{\text{CS}}$ goes high to complete and no other operation should be performed until completion. Figure 9 shows how to write data to the NV register 1.

Copy Wiper Register to NV Register

The "copy wiper register to NV register" command (C1, C0 = 10) stores the current position of the wiper to the NV register for use at power-up. Figure 10 shows how to copy data from wiper register 1 to NV register 1.

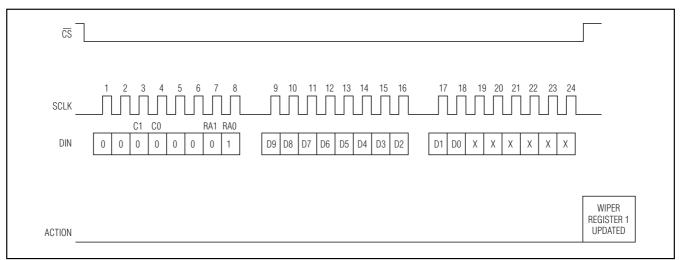


Figure 8. Write Wiper Register 1

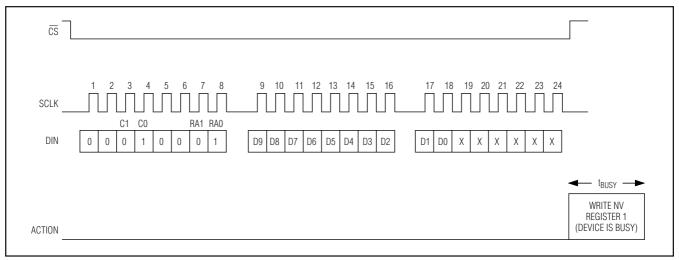


Figure 9. Write NV Register 1

Copy NV Register to Wiper Register

The "copy NV register to wiper register" (C1, C0 = 11) restores the wiper position to the current value stored in the NV register. Figure 11 shows how to copy data from NV register 1 to wiper register 1.

Standby Mode

The MAX5494-MAX5499 feature a low-power standby mode. When the device is not being programmed, it enters into standby mode and supply current drops to 0.6µA (typ).

Nonvolatile Memory

The internal EEPROM consists of a nonvolatile register that retains the last value stored prior to power-down. The nonvolatile register is programmed to midscale at

the factory. The nonvolatile memory is guaranteed for 50 years for wiper data retention and up to 200,000 wiper write cycles.

Power-Up

Upon power-up, the MAX5494–MAX5499 load the data stored in the nonvolatile wiper register into the wiper register, updating the wiper position with the data stored in the nonvolatile wiper register.

Applications Information

The MAX5494–MAX5499 are intended for circuits requiring digitally controlled adjustable resistance, such as LCD contrast control (where voltage biasing adjusts the display contrast), or programmable filters with adjustable gain and/or cutoff frequency.

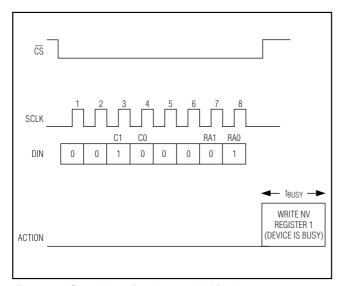


Figure 10. Copy Wiper Register 1 to NV Register 1

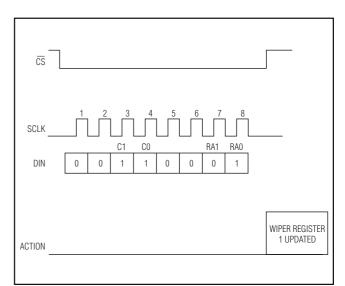


Figure 11. Copy NV Register 1 to Wiper Register 1

Positive LCD Bias Control

Figures 12 and 13 show an application where the voltage-divider or variable resistor is used to make an adjustable, positive LCD-bias voltage. The op amp provides buffering and gain to the resistor-divider network.

Programmable Filter

Figure 14 shows the configuration for a 1st-order programmable filter. The gain of the filter is adjusted by R2, and the cutoff frequency is adjusted by R3. Use the following equations to calculate the gain (G) and the 3dB cutoff frequency (fc).



 $G = 1 + \frac{R1}{R2}$

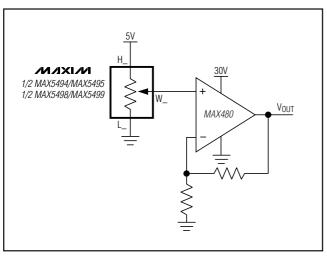


Figure 12. Positive LCD Bias Control Using a Voltage-Divider

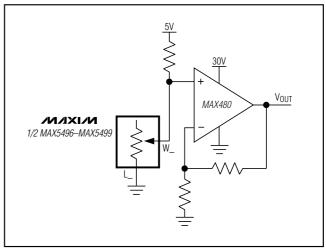


Figure 13. Positive LCD Bias Control Using a Variable Resistor

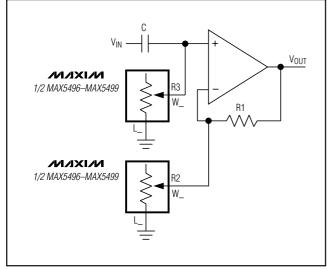


Figure 14. Programmable Filter

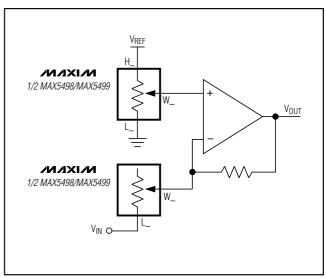


Figure 15. Gain- and Offset-Voltage Adjustment Circuit

Selector Guide

PART	CONFIGURATION	END-TO-END RESISTANCE (kΩ)	
MAX5494ETE	Two programmable voltage- dividers	10	
MAX5495ETE	Two programmable voltage- dividers	50	
MAX5496ETE	Two variable resistors	10	
MAX5497ETE	Two variable resistors	50	
MAX5498ETE	MAX5498ETE One programmable voltage-divider and one variable resistor		
MAX5499ETE	One programmable voltage- divider and one variable resistor	50	

_Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	PKG CODE
MAX5496ETE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TQFN-EP*	T1655-2
MAX5497ETE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TQFN-EP*	T1655-2
MAX5498ETE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TQFN-EP*	T1655-2
MAX5499ETE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TQFN-EP*	T1655-2

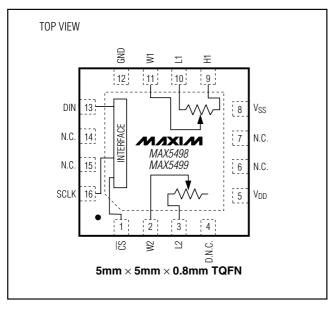
^{*}EP = Exposed pad.

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 32,262

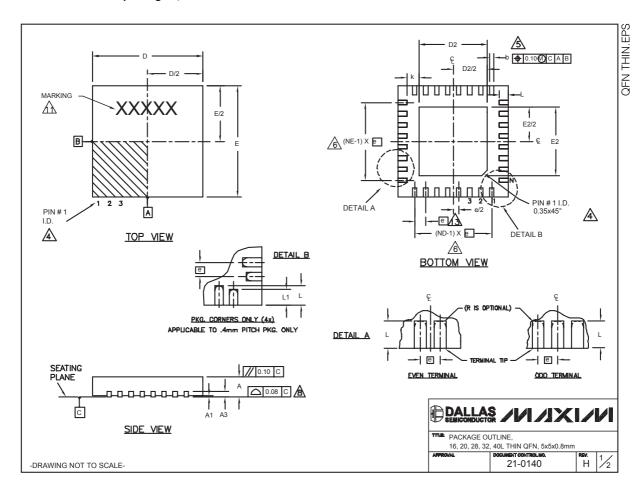
PROCESS: BiCMOS

Pin Configurations (continued)



Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

COMMON DIMENSIONS															
PKG.	16L 5x5			20L 5x5			28L 5x5			32L 5x5			40L 5x5		
SYMBOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05
A3	0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.		
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.15	0.20	0.25
D	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10
E	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10
е	0.80 BSC.		0.65 BSC.		0.50 BSC.		0.50 BSC.		0.40 BSC.						
k	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	0.35	0.45
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.40	0.50	0.60
L1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.30	0.40	0.50
N	16			20		28		32			40				
ND	4			5		7		8			10				
NE	4			5		7			8			10			
JEDEC	WHHB		WHHC		WHHD-1			WHHD-2							

NIO.	TEC	

- 1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES
- 3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.

THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.

⚠ DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP

M ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.

7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.

(COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.

9. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION FOR T2855-1, T2855-3, AND T2855-6,

WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm

11. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.

NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY

12. NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FUR REFERENCE OFFICE BY BASIC DIMENSION "e", ±0.05.

LEAD CENTERLINES TO BE AT TRUE POSITION AS DEFINED BY BASIC DIMENSION "e", ±0.05.

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS									
PKG.		D2			E2		L	DOWN BONDS ALLOWED	
CODES	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	±0.15		
T1655-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO	
T1655-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	YES	
T1655N-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO	
T2055-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO	
T2055-3	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	YES	
T2055-4	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO	
T2055-5	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	0.40	YES	
T2855-1	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	**	NO	
T2855-2	2.60	2.70	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.80	**	NO	
T2855-3	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	**	YES	
T2855-4	2.60	2.70	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.80	**	YES	
T2855-5	2.60	2.70	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.80	**	NO	
T2855-6	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	**	NO	
T2855-7	2.60	2.70	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.80	**	YES	
T2855-8	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	0.40	YES	
T2855N-1	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	**	NO	
T3255-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO	
T3255-3	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	YES	
T3255-4	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO	
T3255N-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO	
T4055-1	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.20	3.30	3.40	**	YES	

** SEE COMMON DIMENSIONS TABLE



PACKAGE OUTLINE,

16, 20, 28, 32, 40L THIN QFN, 5x5x0.8mr

21-0140 Н

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