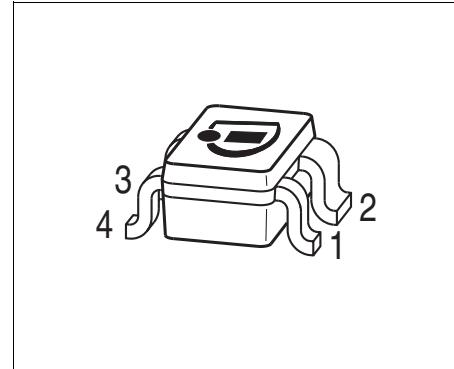


High Linearity Low Noise TY NPN RF Transistor

1 Features

- Highly linear low noise driver amplifier for all RF frontends up to 2.5 GHz
- Output compression point $OP_{1\text{dB}} = 18.5 \text{ dBm}$ at 90 mA, 3 V, 1.9 GHz, 50 Ω system
- Output 3rd order intermodulation point $OIP_3 = 31 \text{ dBm}$ at 90 mA, 3 V, 1.9 GHz, 50 Ω system
- Maximum available gain $G_{\text{ma}} = 15.5 \text{ dB}$ at 50 mA, 3 V, 1.9 GHz
- Minimum noise figure $NF_{\text{min}} = 1.7 \text{ dB}$ at 50 mA, 3 V, 1.9 GHz
- Based on Infineon's reliable, high volume 25 GHz SIEGET™ line
- Easy to use Pb-free (RoHS compliant) standard package with visible leads
- Qualified according AEC Q101



Application Examples

Driver amplifier

- ISM bands 434 and 868 MHz
- 1.9 GHz cordless phones
- CATV LNA

Transmitter driver amplifier

- 2.4 GHz WLAN and Bluetooth

Output stage LNA for active antennas

- TV, GPS, SDARS, 2.4 GHz WLAN, etc

Suitable for 3 - 5.5 GHz oscillators

Attention: ESD (Electrostatic discharge) sensitive device, observe handling precautions

Product Name	Package	Pin Configuration				Marking
BFP450	SOT343	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	4 = E	ANs

Table 1 Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Max.		
Collector emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	—	4.5	V	Open base
		—	4.1		$T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
Collector emitter voltage	V_{CES}	—	15	V	Emitter / base shortened
Collector base voltage	V_{CBO}	—	15	V	Open emitter
Emitter base voltage	V_{EBO}	—	1.5	V	Open collector
Collector current	I_C	—	170	mA	—
Base current	I_B	—	10	mA	—
Total power dissipation ¹⁾	P_{tot}	—	500	mW	$T_S \leq 90 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	T_J	—	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	—
Storage temperature	T_{Stg}	-65	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	—

1) T_S is the soldering point temperature. T_S measured on the emitter lead at the soldering point of the pcb.

**Attention: Stresses above the max. values listed here may cause permanent damage to the device.
Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Maximum ratings are absolute ratings; exceeding only one of these values may cause irreversible damage to the integrated circuit.**