

SF61 THRU SF67



6.0 AMP SUPER FAST RECTIFIERS



FEATURES

- * Low forward voltage drop
- * High current capability
- * High reliability
- * High surge current capability
- * Good for switching mode application

MECHANICAL DATA

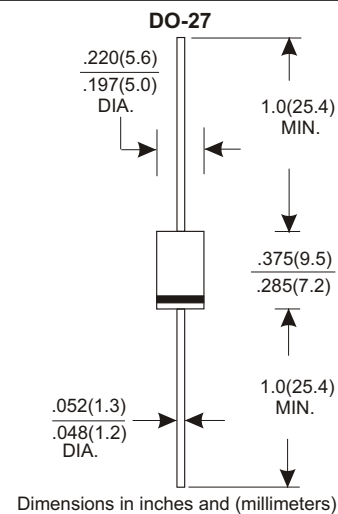
- * Case: Molded plastic
- * Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- * Lead: Axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-202, method 208 guaranteed
- * Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- * Mounting position: Any

VOLTAGE RANGE

50 to 600 Volts

CURRENT

6.0 Amperes



MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

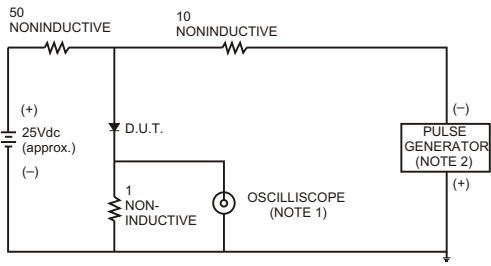
TYPE NUMBER	SF61	SF62	SF63	SF64	SF65	SF66	SF67	UNITS	
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	50	100	150	200	300	400	600	V	
Maximum RMS Voltage	35	70	105	140	210	280	420	V	
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	50	100	150	200	300	400	600	V	
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current									
.375"(9.5mm) Lead Length at Ta=55°C								6.0	A
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)								150	A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 6.0A	0.95					1.3	1.7	V	
Maximum DC Reverse Current Ta=25°C								5.0	μA
at Rated DC Blocking Voltage Ta=100°C								100	μA
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time (Note 1)								35	nS
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 2)								100	pF
Operating and Storage Temperature Range Tj, Tstg								-65— +150	°C

NOTES:

1. Reverse Recovery Time test condition: IF=0.5A, IR=1.0A, IRR=0.25A
2. Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V D.C.

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (SF61 THRU SF67)

FIG. 1- TEST CIRCUIT DIAGRAM AND REVERSE RECOVERY TIME CHARACTERISTIC



NOTES: 1. Rise Time= 7ns max., Input Impedance= 1 megohm, 22pF.
 2. Rise Time= 10ns max., Source Impedance= 50 ohms.

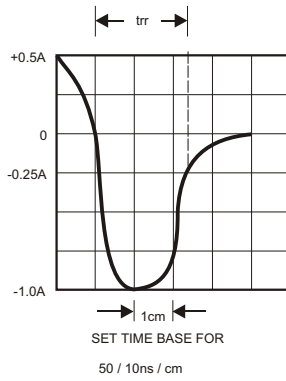


FIG. 2-TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

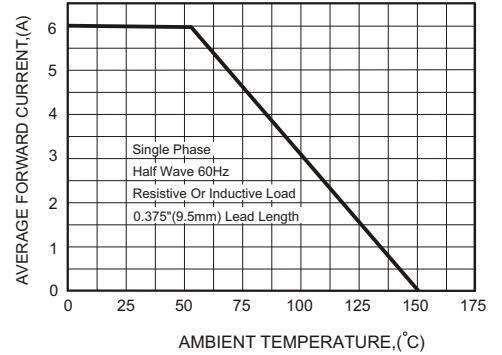


FIG. 3-TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

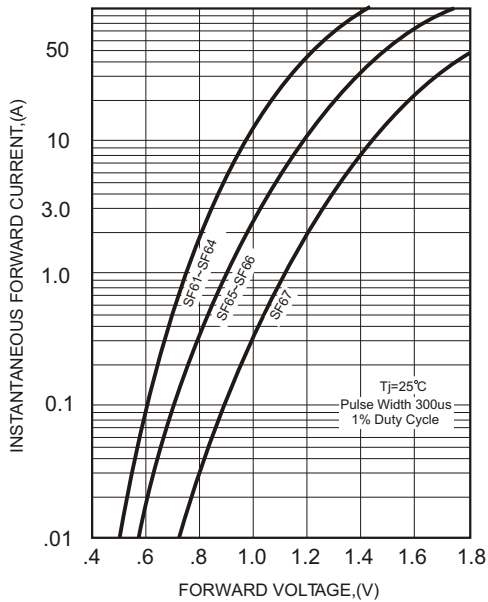


FIG. 4-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

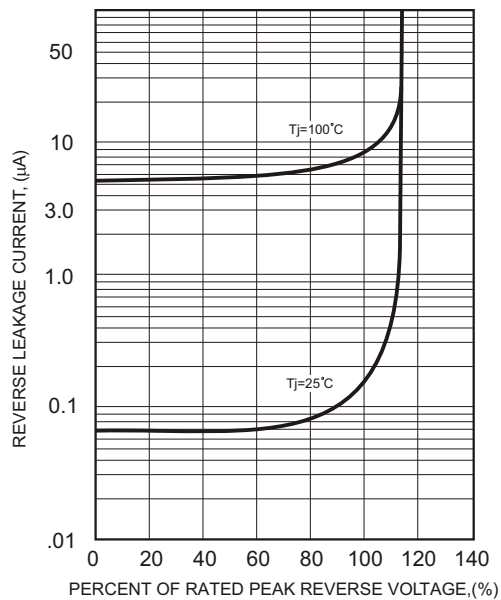


FIG. 5-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

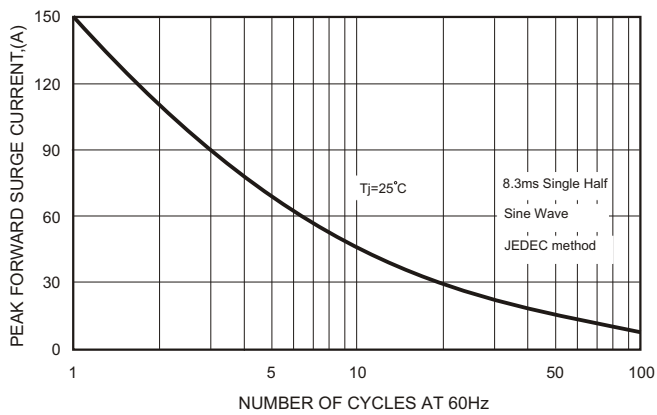


FIG. 6-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

