

# Aluminum electrolytic capacitors

Axial-lead and soldering star capacitors

**Series/Type:** B41691, B41791

**Date:** October 2015

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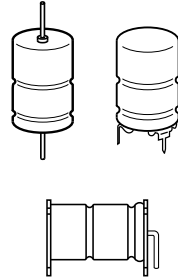
EPCOS AG is a TDK Group Company.

### Applications

- Automotive electronics

### Features

- High vibration stability, special design with high vibration stability up to 45 g available upon request
- Long useful life, 2000 h at up to 150 °C
- Low ESR also at 63 V DC
- High ripple current capability
- Storage for up to 15 years at a temperature of up to 35 °C.  
If the capacitor is stored for longer than two years, the operating voltage must be applied for one hour to ensure the specified leakage current.
- RoHS-compatible



### Construction

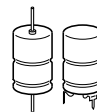
- Charge/discharge-proof, polar
- Aluminum case with insulating sleeve
- Negative pole connected to case

### Terminals

- Axial leads, welded to ensure perfect electrical contact
- Soldering star for upright mounting on PCB available
- Alternative axial-lead design with double-sided plates for horizontal mounting available upon request

### Taping and packing

- Axial-lead capacitors will be delivered in pallet package  
Capacitors with  $d \times l \leq 16 \times 30$  mm are also available taped on reel
- Soldering star capacitors are packed in cardboard

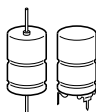

**Specifications and characteristics in brief**

Rated voltage $V_R$	25 ... 63 V DC						
Surge voltage $V_S$	$1.15 \cdot V_R$						
Rated capacitance $C_R$	100 ... 4000 $\mu\text{F}$						
Capacitance tolerance	$-10/+30\% \triangle Q$						
Leakage current $I_{\text{leak}}$ (5 min, 20 °C)	$I_{\text{leak}} \leq 0.006 \mu\text{A} \cdot \left( \frac{C_R}{\mu\text{F}} \cdot \frac{V_R}{V} \right) + 4 \mu\text{A}$						
Self-inductance ESL <sup>1)</sup>	Diameter d (mm)	12	14	16	18	20/21	
	Terminals	Length l (mm)	Approx. ESL (nH)				
	axial	25	–	22	–	30	–
		29	–	–	–	–	38
		30	21	24	29	34	–
		35	–	–	31	–	–
		39	–	–	33	38	45
	soldering star	49	–	–	–	–	50
		25	–	6	–	8	–
		30	6	7	8	10	–
35		–	–	9	–	–	
39		–	–	9	11	13	
49	–	–	–	–	14		
Useful life <sup>2)</sup> 150 °C; $V_R$ ; $0.5 \cdot I_{AC,R}$ 125 °C; $V_R$ ; $I_{AC,R}$ 125 °C; $V_R$ ; $I_{AC,max}$ 105 °C; $V_R$ ; $I_{AC,max}$ 85 °C; $V_R$ ; $I_{AC,max}$	> 2000 h	Requirements:					
	> 10000 h	$ \Delta C/C  \leq 30\%$ of initial value					
	> 4000 h	ESR $\leq 3$ times initial specified limit <sup>3)</sup>					
	> 8000 h	$I_{\text{leak}} \leq$ initial specified limit					
	> 15000 h						
Voltage endurance test 125 °C; $V_R$	5000 h	Post test requirements:					
		$ \Delta C/C  \leq 10\%$ of initial value					
		ESR $\leq 1.3$ times initial specified limit <sup>3)</sup>					
Vibration resistance test	To IEC 60068-2-6, test Fc: Frequency range 10 Hz ... 2 kHz, displacement amplitude max. 1.5 mm, acceleration max. 20 g, duration 3 × 2 h. Capacitor mounted by its wire leads at a distance of (6 ± 1) mm from the case and additionally clamped by the case.						
IEC climatic category	To IEC 60068-1: 55/125/56 (–55 °C/+125 °C/56 days damp heat test)						
Detail specification	Similar to CECC 30301-802						
Sectional specification	IEC 60384-4						

1) If optimum circuit design is used, the values are lower by 30%.

2) Refer to chapter "General technical information, 5 Useful life" on how to interpret useful life.

3) ESR<sub>max</sub> at 100 Hz, 20 °C

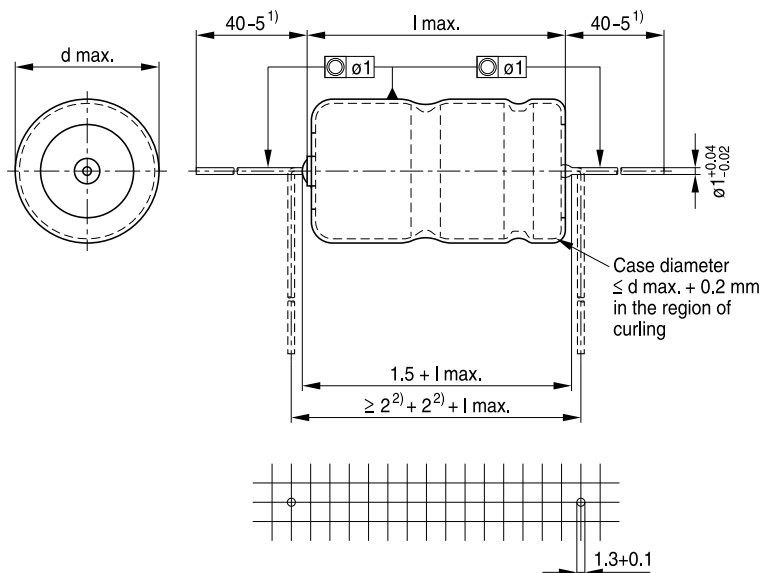


**B41691, B41791**

**Low ESR – up to 150 °C**

**B41691, Axial-lead capacitors**

**Dimensional drawing**



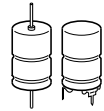
1) For  $d = 21 \text{ mm}$ : 35-5

2) Minimum 2 mm bending distance per wire recommended

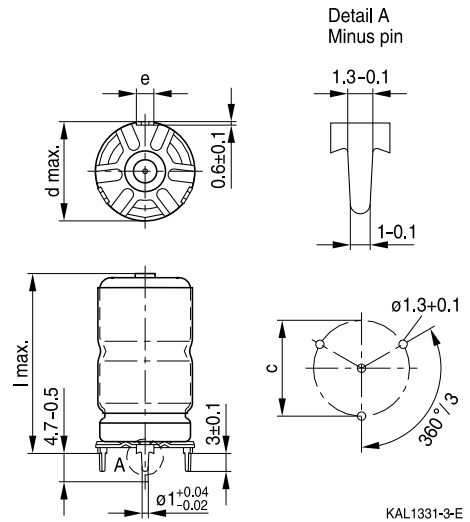
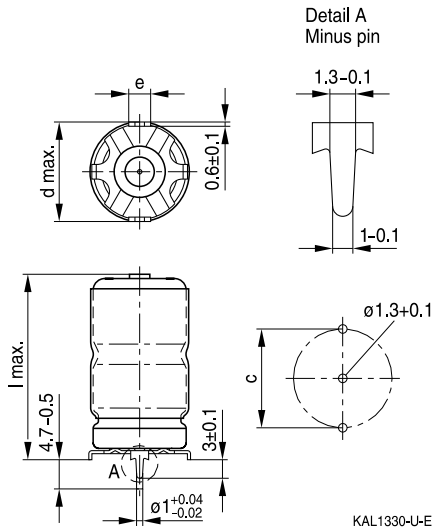
KAL1552-3-E

**Dimensions, weights and packing units**

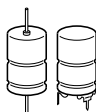
$d \times l$ mm	$d_{\max} \times l_{\max}$ mm	Approx. weight g	Packing units (pcs.)	
			Pallet	Reel
12 × 30	12.5 × 30.5	5.1	288	450
14 × 25	14.5 × 25.5	5.7	200	350
14 × 30	14.5 × 30.5	6.8	200	350
16 × 30	16.5 × 30.5	8.9	180	250
16 × 35	16.5 × 35.5	10.4	180	—
16 × 39	16.5 × 40	11.7	180	—
18 × 25	18.5 × 25.5	9.3	160	—
18 × 30	18.5 × 30.5	11.1	160	—
18 × 39	18.5 × 40	14.7	160	—
20 × 29	20.5 × 29.5	13.5	140	—
21 × 39	21.5 × 40	20.0	140	—
21 × 49	21.5 × 50	25.0	110	—


**B41791, Soldering star capacitors**
**Dimensional drawings**

 Mounting holes  $d = 12 \text{ mm} \dots 14 \text{ mm}$ 

 Mounting holes  $d = 16 \text{ mm} \dots 21 \text{ mm}$ 

**Dimensions, weights and packing units**

$d \times l$ mm	$d_{\max} \times l_{\max}$ mm	$c \pm 0.1$ mm	$e \pm 0.1$ mm	Approx. weight g	Packing units pcs.
12 × 30	13.5 × 32	12.5	3.0	5.4	480
14 × 25	15.5 × 27	14.5	3.0	6.1	480
14 × 30	15.5 × 32	14.5	3.0	7.2	480
16 × 30	17.5 × 32	16.5	3.0	9.4	300
16 × 35	17.5 × 37	16.5	3.0	10.9	200
16 × 39	17.5 × 41.5	16.5	3.0	12.2	200
18 × 25	19.5 × 27	18.5	3.0	9.9	300
18 × 30	19.5 × 32	18.5	3.0	11.8	300
18 × 39	19.5 × 41.5	18.5	3.0	15.4	200
21 × 39	22.5 × 41.5	21.5	3.5	21.0	324
21 × 49	22.5 × 51.5	21.5	3.5	26.0	264

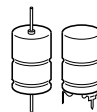


**B41691, B41791**

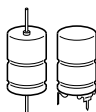
**Low ESR – up to 150 °C**

**Overview of available types**

$V_R$ (V DC)	25	40	63
	Case dimensions $d \times l$ (mm)		
$C_R$ ( $\mu$ F)			
100			12 × 30
150			14 × 25
220			14 × 30
330	12 × 30	12 × 30	18 × 25
470	14 × 25	14 × 30	16 × 39 18 × 30
560			20 × 29
680		16 × 30 18 × 25	18 × 39
820		16 × 35	
1000	16 × 30 18 × 25	16 × 39 18 × 30	21 × 39
1200		20 × 29	21 × 49
1500	16 × 39 18 × 30	18 × 39	
1800	20 × 29		
2000	18 × 39		
2200		21 × 39	
2700		21 × 49	
3000	21 × 39		
4000	21 × 49		

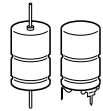

**Case dimensions and ordering codes**

$V_R$	$C_R$	Case dimensions d × l mm	Ordering code Axial pallet	Ordering code Axial reel	Ordering code Soldering star
V DC	μF				
25	330	12 × 30	B41691A5337Q001	B41691A5337Q003	B41791A5337Q001
	470	14 × 25	B41691A5477Q001	B41691A5477Q003	B41791A5477Q001
	1000	16 × 30	B41691A5108Q001	B41691A5108Q003	B41791A5108Q001
	1000	18 × 25	B41691B5108Q001		B41791B5108Q001
	1500	16 × 39	B41691A5158Q001		B41791A5158Q001
	1500	18 × 30	B41691B5158Q001		B41791B5158Q001
	1800	20 × 29	B41691A5188Q001		
	2000	18 × 39	B41691A5208Q001		B41791A5208Q001
	3000	21 × 39	B41691A5308Q001		B41791A5308Q001
	4000	21 × 49	B41691A5408Q001		B41791A5408Q001
40	330	12 × 30	B41691A7337Q001	B41691A7337Q003	B41791A7337Q001
	470	14 × 30	B41691A7477Q001	B41691A7477Q003	B41791A7477Q001
	680	16 × 30	B41691A7687Q001	B41691A7687Q003	B41791A7687Q001
	680	18 × 25	B41691B7687Q001		B41791B7687Q001
	820	16 × 35	B41691A7827Q001		B41791A7827Q001
	1000	16 × 39	B41691A7108Q001		B41791A7108Q001
	1000	18 × 30	B41691B7108Q001		B41791B7108Q001
	1200	20 × 29	B41691A7128Q001		
	1500	18 × 39	B41691A7158Q001		B41791A7158Q001
	2200	21 × 39	B41691A7228Q001		B41791A7228Q001
	2700	21 × 49	B41691A7278Q001		B41791A7278Q001
	63	100	12 × 30	B41691A8107Q001	B41691A8107Q003
150		14 × 25	B41691A8157Q001	B41691A8157Q003	B41791A8157Q001
220		14 × 30	B41691A8227Q001	B41691A8227Q003	B41791A8227Q001
330		18 × 25	B41691B8337Q001		B41791B8337Q001
470		16 × 39	B41691A8477Q001		B41791A8477Q001
470		18 × 30	B41691B8477Q001		B41791B8477Q001
560		20 × 29	B41691A8567Q001		
680		18 × 39	B41691A8687Q001		B41791A8687Q001
1000		21 × 39	B41691A8108Q001		B41791A8108Q001
1200		21 × 49	B41691A8128Q001		B41791A8128Q001


**B41691, B41791**
**Low ESR – up to 150 °C**
**Technical data**

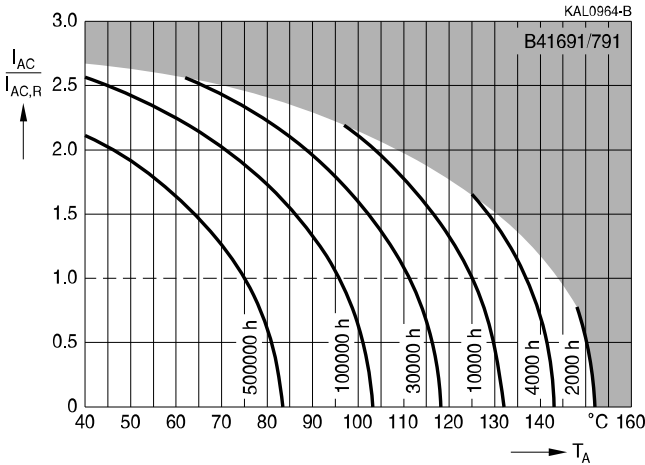
$C_R$	Case dimensions	ESR <sub>max</sub> 100 Hz 20 °C	ESR <sub>max</sub> 100 Hz -40 °C	ESR <sub>max</sub> 10 kHz 20 °C	Z <sub>max</sub> 100 kHz 20 °C	I <sub>AC,max</sub> 10 kHz 105 °C	I <sub>AC,max</sub> 10 kHz 125 °C	I <sub>AC,R</sub> 10 kHz 125 °C	I <sub>AC,max</sub> 10 kHz 150 °C
μF	mm	mΩ	mΩ	mΩ	mΩ	A	A	A	A
<b>V<sub>R</sub> = 25 V DC</b>									
330	12 × 30	290	1600	150	150	4.3	3.4	2.1	1.05
470	14 × 25	210	1200	110	102	4.6	3.7	2.2	1.1
1000	16 × 30	110	550	60	55	6.5	5.2	3.2	1.6
1000	18 × 25	100	550	53	50	7.4	5.9	3.6	1.8
1500	16 × 39	73	370	42	39	9.0	7.2	4.4	2.2
1500	18 × 30	69	370	38	35	9.4	7.5	4.6	2.3
1800	20 × 29	58	300	32	30	10.1	8.1	4.9	2.4
2000	18 × 39	50	270	28	26	12.7	10.2	6.2	3.1
3000	21 × 39	37	180	22	21	14.3	11.5	7.0	3.5
4000	21 × 49	29	135	17	16	18.0	14.5	8.8	4.4
<b>V<sub>R</sub> = 40 V DC</b>									
330	12 × 30	240	1250	115	105	4.8	3.8	2.3	1.15
470	14 × 30	170	900	85	77	5.7	4.6	2.8	1.4
680	16 × 30	120	600	65	60	6.5	5.2	3.1	1.5
680	18 × 25	115	600	60	55	7.2	5.8	3.5	1.7
820	16 × 35	95	500	54	49	7.7	6.2	3.7	1.8
1000	16 × 39	80	410	45	41	8.9	7.2	4.3	2.1
1000	18 × 30	77	410	40	37	9.2	7.4	4.5	2.2
1200	20 × 29	55	320	35	33	10.0	8.0	4.9	2.4
1500	18 × 39	53	270	27	25	12.7	10.2	6.2	3.1
2200	21 × 39	39	185	21	20	14.3	11.5	7.0	3.5
2700	21 × 49	30	150	18	17	17.9	14.4	8.7	4.3
<b>V<sub>R</sub> = 63 V DC</b>									
100	12 × 30	550	1900	160	150	4.2	3.3	2.0	1.0
150	14 × 25	380	1300	115	110	4.5	3.6	2.2	1.1
220	14 × 30	260	900	80	76	5.8	4.6	2.8	1.4
330	18 × 25	160	600	53	50	7.4	5.9	3.6	1.8
470	16 × 39	120	410	42	40	9.0	7.2	4.4	2.2
470	18 × 30	114	410	38	36	9.3	7.5	4.5	2.3
560	20 × 29	95	320	34	33	10.1	8.1	4.9	2.4
680	18 × 39	80	280	27	25	12.8	10.3	6.2	3.1
1000	21 × 39	56	200	21	20	14.3	11.5	7.0	3.5
1200	21 × 49	47	160	17	16	18.0	14.4	8.8	4.4





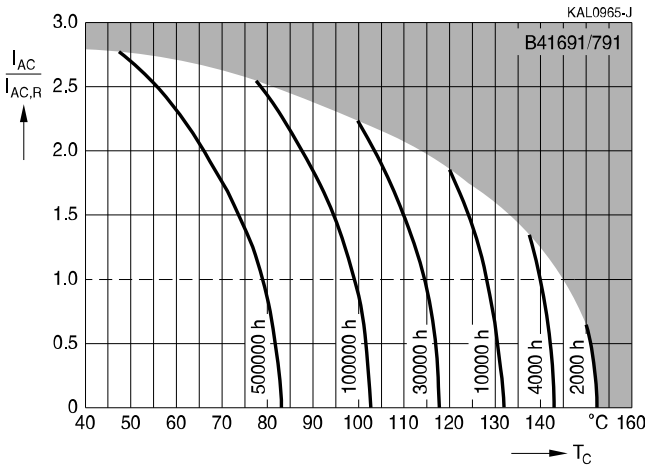
**Useful life<sup>1)</sup>**

depending on ambient temperature  $T_A$  under ripple current operating conditions at  $V_R$

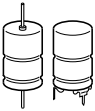


**Useful life<sup>1)</sup>**

depending on case temperature  $T_C$  under ripple current operating conditions at  $V_R$



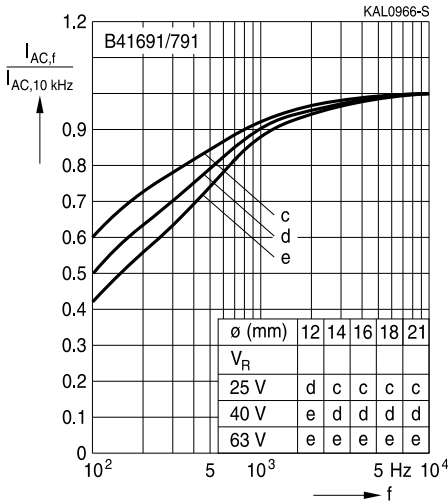
1) Refer to chapter "General technical information, 5 Useful life" on how to interpret useful life.



**B41691, B41791**

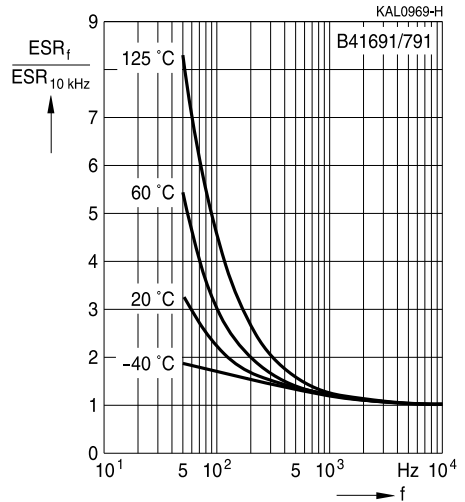
**Low ESR – up to 150 °C**

**Frequency factor of permissible ripple current  $I_{AC}$  versus frequency  $f$**



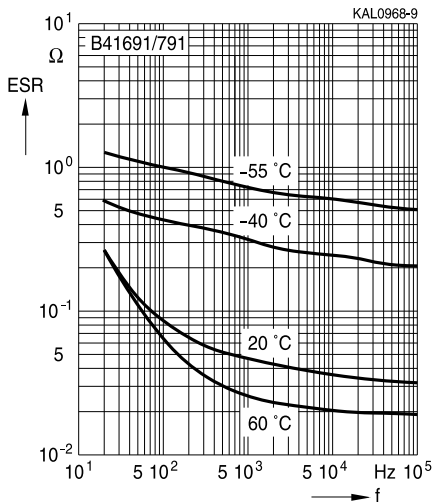
**Frequency characteristics of ESR**

Typical behavior



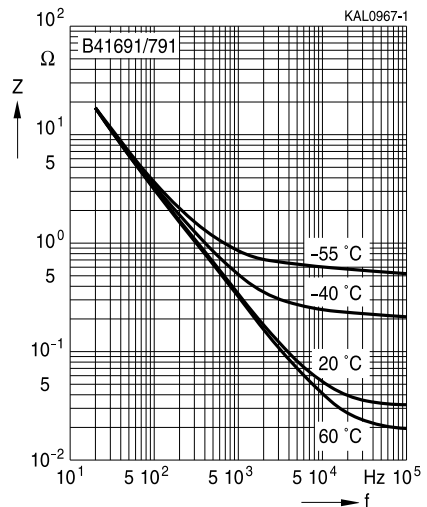
**Equivalent series resistance ESR versus frequency  $f$**

Typical behavior for 470  $\mu$ F/63 V



**Impedance  $Z$  versus frequency  $f$**

Typical behavior for 470  $\mu$ F/63 V





## Cautions and warnings

### Personal safety

The electrolytes used by EPCOS have been optimized both with a view to the intended application and with regard to health and environmental compatibility. They do not contain any solvents that are detrimental to health, e.g. dimethyl formamide (DMF) or dimethyl acetamide (DMAC).

Furthermore, some of the high-voltage electrolytes used by EPCOS are self-extinguishing.

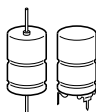
As far as possible, EPCOS does not use any dangerous chemicals or compounds to produce operating electrolytes. However, in exceptional cases, such materials must be used in order to achieve specific physical and electrical properties because no alternative materials are currently known. However, the amount of dangerous materials used in our products is limited to an absolute minimum.

Materials and chemicals used in EPCOS aluminum electrolytic capacitors are continuously adapted in compliance with the EPCOS Corporate Environmental Policy and the latest EU regulations and guidelines such as RoHS, REACH/SVHC, GADSL, and ELV.

MDS (Material Data Sheets) are available on the EPCOS website for all types listed in the data book. MDS for customer specific capacitors are available upon request.

MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheets) are available for all of our electrolytes upon request.

Nevertheless, the following rules should be observed when handling aluminum electrolytic capacitors: No electrolyte should come into contact with eyes or skin. If electrolyte does come into contact with the skin, wash the affected areas immediately with running water. If the eyes are affected, rinse them for 10 minutes with plenty of water. If symptoms persist, seek medical treatment. Avoid inhaling electrolyte vapor or mists. Workplaces and other affected areas should be well ventilated. Clothing that has been contaminated by electrolyte must be changed and rinsed in water.



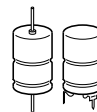
**B41691, B41791**

**Low ESR – up to 150 °C**

## Product safety

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must be observed without fail. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of chapter "General technical information".

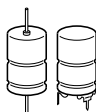
Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Polarity	Make sure that polar capacitors are connected with the right polarity.	1 "Basic construction of aluminum electrolytic capacitors"
Reverse voltage	Voltages of opposite polarity should be prevented by connecting a diode.	3.1.6 "Reverse voltage"
Mounting position of screw-terminal capacitors	Screw terminal capacitors must not be mounted with terminals facing down unless otherwise specified.	11.1. "Mounting positions of capacitors with screw terminals"
Robustness of terminals	The following maximum tightening torques must not be exceeded when connecting screw terminals: M5: 2.5 Nm M6: 4.0 Nm	11.3 "Mounting torques"
Mounting of single-ended capacitors	The internal structure of single-ended capacitors might be damaged if excessive force is applied to the lead wires. Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress. Do not move the capacitor after soldering to PC board. Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor. Do not insert the capacitor on the PC board with a hole space different to the lead space specified.	11.4 "Mounting considerations for single-ended capacitors"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	11.5 "Soldering"
Soldering, cleaning agents	Do not allow halogenated hydrocarbons to come into contact with aluminum electrolytic capacitors.	11.6 "Cleaning agents"
Upper category temperature	Do not exceed the upper category temperature.	7.2 "Maximum permissible operating temperature"
Passive flammability	Avoid external energy, e.g. fire.	8.1 "Passive flammability"



Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Active flammability	Avoid overload of the capacitors.	8.2 "Active flammability"
Maintenance	Make periodic inspections of the capacitors. Before the inspection, make sure that the power supply is turned off and carefully discharge the electricity of the capacitors. Do not apply excessive mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals when mounting.	10 "Maintenance"
Storage	Do not store capacitors at high temperatures or high humidity. Capacitors should be stored at +5 to +35 °C and a relative humidity of $\leq 75\%$ .	7.3 "Shelf life and storage conditions"
		Reference chapter "Capacitors with screw terminals"
Breakdown strength of insulating sleeves	Do not damage the insulating sleeve, especially when ring clips are used for mounting.	"Screw terminals – accessories"

### Display of ordering codes for EPCOS products

The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications and the website of EPCOS, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products. Detailed information can be found on the Internet under [www.epcos.com/orderingcodes](http://www.epcos.com/orderingcodes).

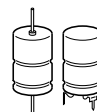


**B41691, B41791**

**Low ESR – up to 150 °C**

## Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
C	Capacitance	Kapazität
$C_R$	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
$C_S$	Series capacitance	Serienkapazität
$C_{S,T}$	Series capacitance at temperature T	Serienkapazität bei Temperatur T
$C_f$	Capacitance at frequency f	Kapazität bei Frequenz f
d	Case diameter, nominal dimension	Gehäusedurchmesser, Nennmaß
$d_{max}$	Maximum case diameter	Maximaler Gehäusedurchmesser
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatzserienwiderstand
$ESR_f$	Equivalent series resistance at frequency f	Ersatzserienwiderstand bei Frequenz f
$ESR_T$	Equivalent series resistance at temperature T	Ersatzserienwiderstand bei Temperatur T
f	Frequency	Frequenz
I	Current	Strom
$I_{AC}$	Alternating current (ripple current)	Wechselstrom
$I_{AC,RMS}$	Root-mean-square value of alternating current	Wechselstrom, Effektivwert
$I_{AC,f}$	Ripple current at frequency f	Wechselstrom bei Frequenz f
$I_{AC,max}$	Maximum permissible ripple current	Maximal zulässiger Wechselstrom
$I_{AC,R}$	Rated ripple current	Nennwechselstrom
$I_{leak}$	Leakage current	Reststrom
$I_{leak,op}$	Operating leakage current	Betriebsreststrom
l	Case length, nominal dimension	Gehäuselänge, Nennmaß
$l_{max}$	Maximum case length (without terminals and mounting stud)	Maximale Gehäuselänge (ohne Anschlüsse und Gewindebolzen)
R	Resistance	Widerstand
$R_{ins}$	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
$R_{symm}$	Balancing resistance	Symmetrierwiderstand
T	Temperature	Temperatur
$\Delta T$	Temperature difference	Temperaturdifferenz
$T_A$	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
$T_C$	Case temperature	Gehäusetemperatur
$T_B$	Capacitor base temperature	Temperatur des Gehäusebodens
t	Time	Zeit
$\Delta t$	Period	Zeitraum
$t_b$	Service life (operating hours)	Brauchbarkeitsdauer (Betriebszeit)



Symbol	English	German
V	Voltage	Spannung
V <sub>F</sub>	Forming voltage	Formierspannung
V <sub>op</sub>	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V <sub>R</sub>	Rated voltage, DC voltage	Nennspannung, Gleichspannung
V <sub>S</sub>	Surge voltage	Spitzenspannung
X <sub>C</sub>	Capacitive reactance	Kapazitiver Blindwiderstand
X <sub>L</sub>	Inductive reactance	Induktiver Blindwiderstand
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
Z <sub>T</sub>	Impedance at temperature T	Scheinwiderstand bei Temperatur T
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
ε <sub>0</sub>	Absolute permittivity	Elektrische Feldkonstante
ε <sub>r</sub>	Relative permittivity	Dielektrizitätszahl
ω	Angular velocity; 2 · π · f	Kreisfrequenz; 2 · π · f

**Note**

All dimensions are given in mm.

## Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

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## Important notes

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