

**Features**

- -2.0A, -250V,  $R_{DS(on)} = 4.0\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = -10$  V
- Low gate charge ( typical 6.5 nC)
- Low Crss ( typical 6.5 pF)
- Fast switching
- 100% avalanche tested
- Improved dv/dt capability

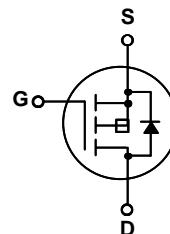
**TO-252**

**TO-251**

**General Description**

These P-Channel enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using Kersemi proprietary, planar stripe, DMOS technology.

This advanced technology has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance, provide superior switching performance, and withstand high energy pulse in the avalanche and commutation mode. These devices are well suited for high efficiency switching DC/DC converters.


**Absolute Maximum Ratings**  $T_C = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	KSMD2P25 / KSMU2P25	Units	
$V_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	-250	V	
$I_D$	Drain Current - Continuous ( $T_C = 25^\circ C$ )	-2.0	A	
	- Continuous ( $T_C = 100^\circ C$ )	-1.27	A	
$I_{DM}$	Drain Current - Pulsed	(Note 1)	-8.0	A
$V_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 30$	V	
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy	(Note 2)	120	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current	(Note 1)	-2.0	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy	(Note 1)	3.7	mJ
$dv/dt$	Peak Diode Recovery $dv/dt$	(Note 3)	-5.5	V/ns
$P_D$	Power Dissipation ( $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ) *	2.5	W	
	Power Dissipation ( $T_C = 25^\circ C$ )	37	W	
	- Derate above $25^\circ C$	0.29	W/ $^\circ C$	
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$	
$T_L$	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	300	$^\circ C$	

**Thermal Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Typ	Max	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	--	3.4	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient *	--	50	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	--	110	$^\circ C/W$

\* When mounted on the minimum pad size recommended (PCB Mount)

## Electrical Characteristics

$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Off Characteristics</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = -250 \mu\text{A}$	-250	--	--	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}} / \Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250 \mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$	--	-0.2	--	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{\text{DS}} = -250 \text{ V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0 \text{ V}$	--	--	-1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{\text{DS}} = -200 \text{ V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	-10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSSF}}$	Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward	$V_{\text{GS}} = -30 \text{ V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 0 \text{ V}$	--	--	-100	nA
$I_{\text{GSSR}}$	Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse	$V_{\text{GS}} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 0 \text{ V}$	--	--	100	nA

## On Characteristics

$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}} = V_{\text{GS}}, I_D = -250 \mu\text{A}$	-3.0	--	-5.0	V
$R_{\text{DS(on)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{\text{GS}} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -1.0 \text{ A}$	--	3.15	4.0	$\Omega$
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}} = -40 \text{ V}, I_D = -1.0 \text{ A}$ (Note 4)	--	1.1	--	S

## Dynamic Characteristics

$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}} = -25 \text{ V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$	--	190	250	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance		--	40	55	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		--	6.5	8.5	pF

## Switching Characteristics

$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{\text{DD}} = -125 \text{ V}, I_D = -2.3 \text{ A}, R_G = 25 \Omega$ (Note 4, 5)	--	8.5	25	ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time		--	40	90	ns
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		--	12	35	ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time		--	25	60	ns
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{\text{DS}} = -200 \text{ V}, I_D = -2.3 \text{ A}, V_{\text{GS}} = -10 \text{ V}$ (Note 4, 5)	--	6.5	8.5	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-Source Charge		--	1.8	--	nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-Drain Charge		--	3.0	--	$\mu\text{C}$

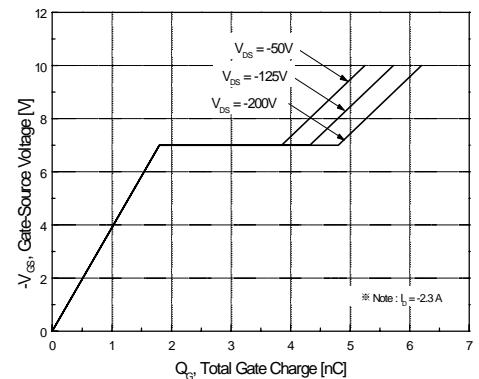
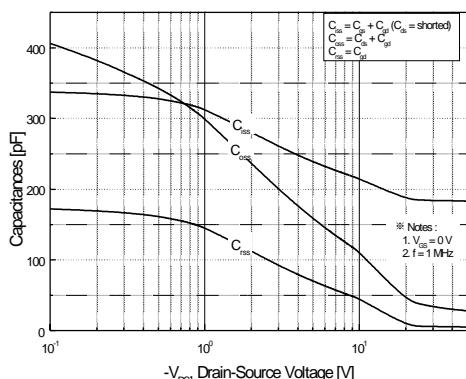
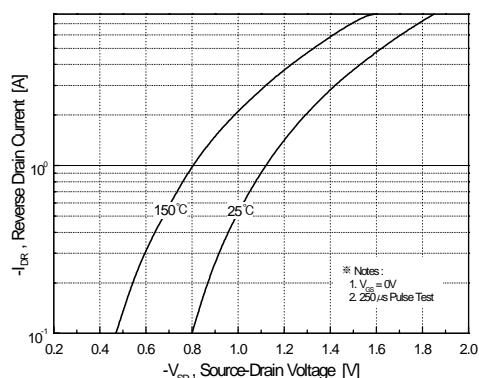
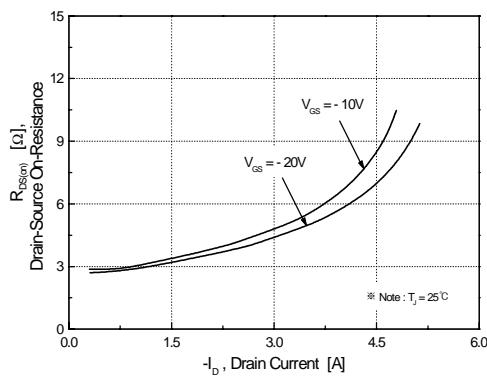
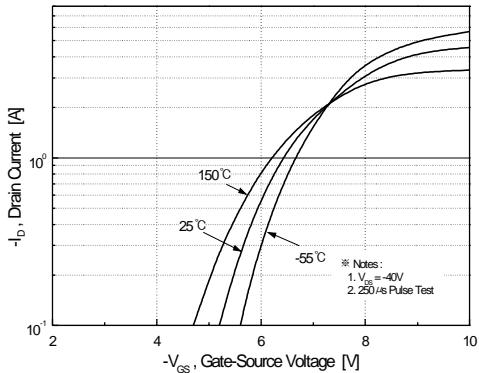
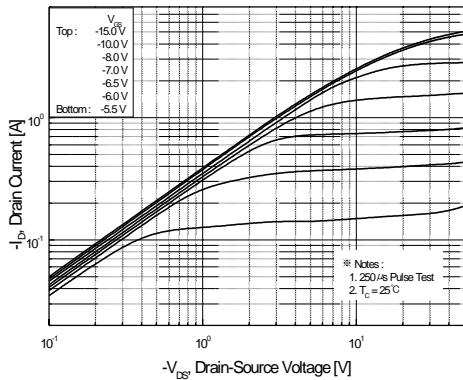
## Drain-Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings

$I_S$	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current	--	--	-2.0	A	
$I_{\text{SM}}$	Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current	--	--	-8.0	A	
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0 \text{ V}, I_S = -2.0 \text{ A}$	--	--	-5.0	V
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0 \text{ V}, I_S = -2.3 \text{ A}, dI_F / dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	--	110	--	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		--	0.4	--	$\mu\text{C}$

### Notes:

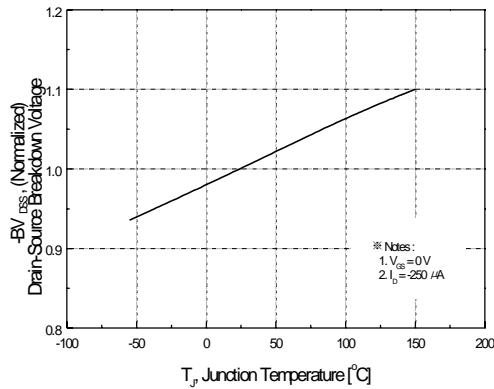
1. Repetitive Rating : Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature
2. L = 48mH,  $I_{AS} = -2.0\text{A}$ ,  $V_{DD} = -50\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 25 \Omega$ . Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
3.  $I_{SP} \leq -2.3\text{A}$ ,  $d/dt \leq 300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$ . Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
4. Pulse Test : Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , Duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$
5. Essentially independent of operating temperature

### Typical Characteristics

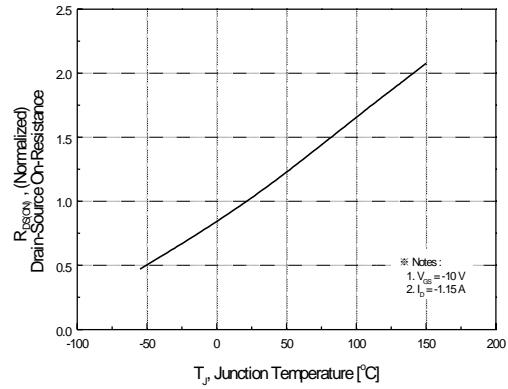


## Typical Characteristics

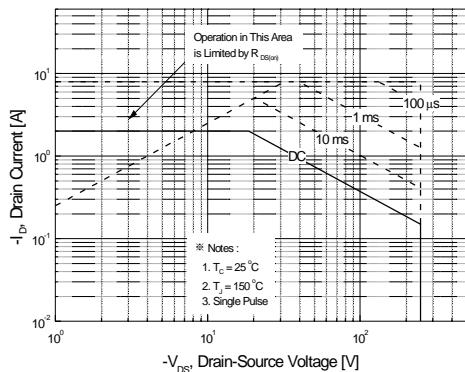
(Continued)



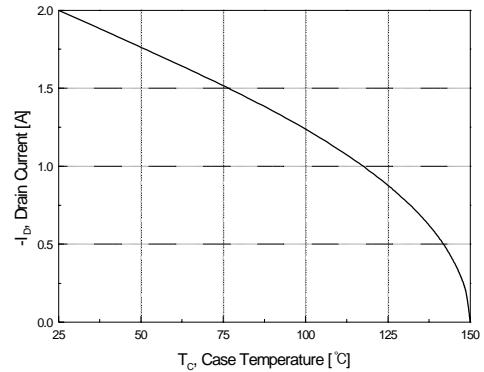
**Figure 7. Breakdown Voltage Variation  
vs. Temperature**



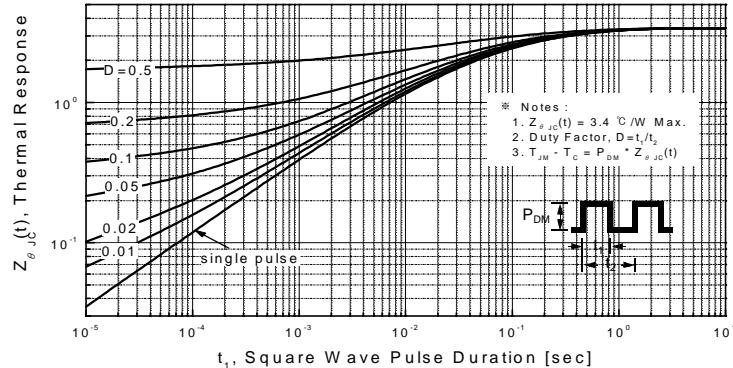
**Figure 8. On-Resistance Variation  
vs. Temperature**



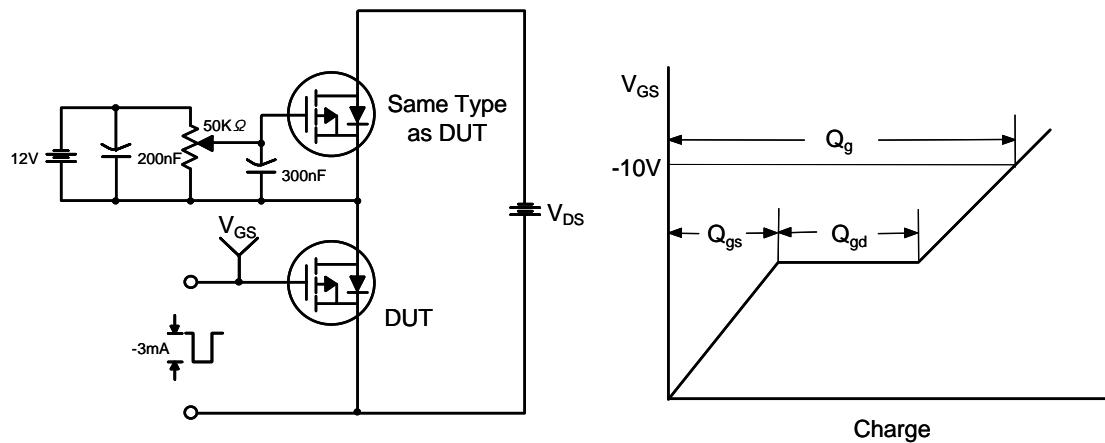
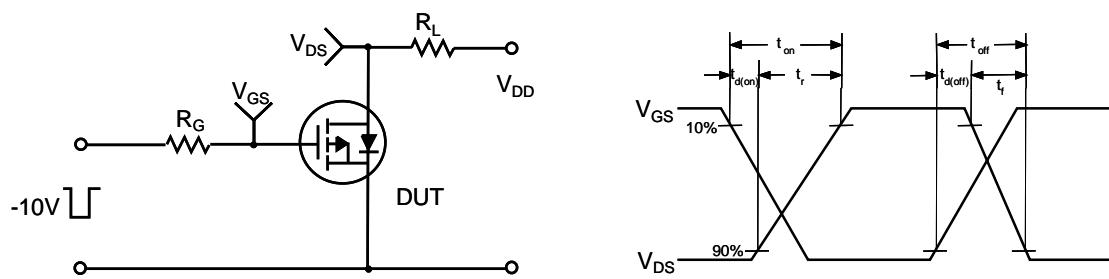
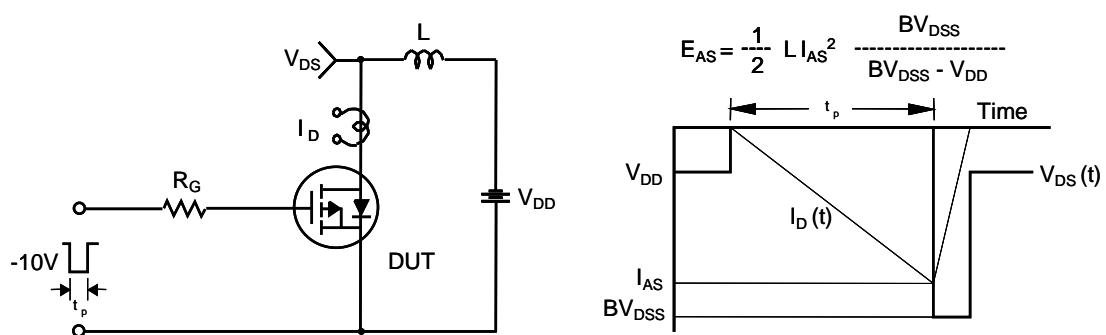
**Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area**

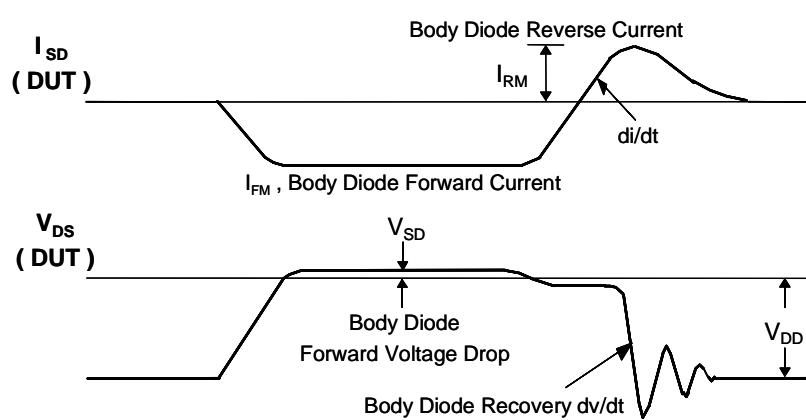
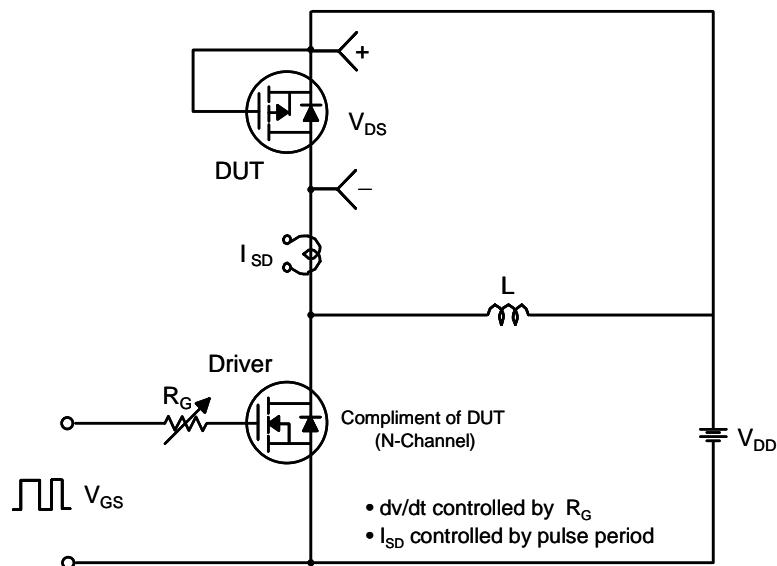


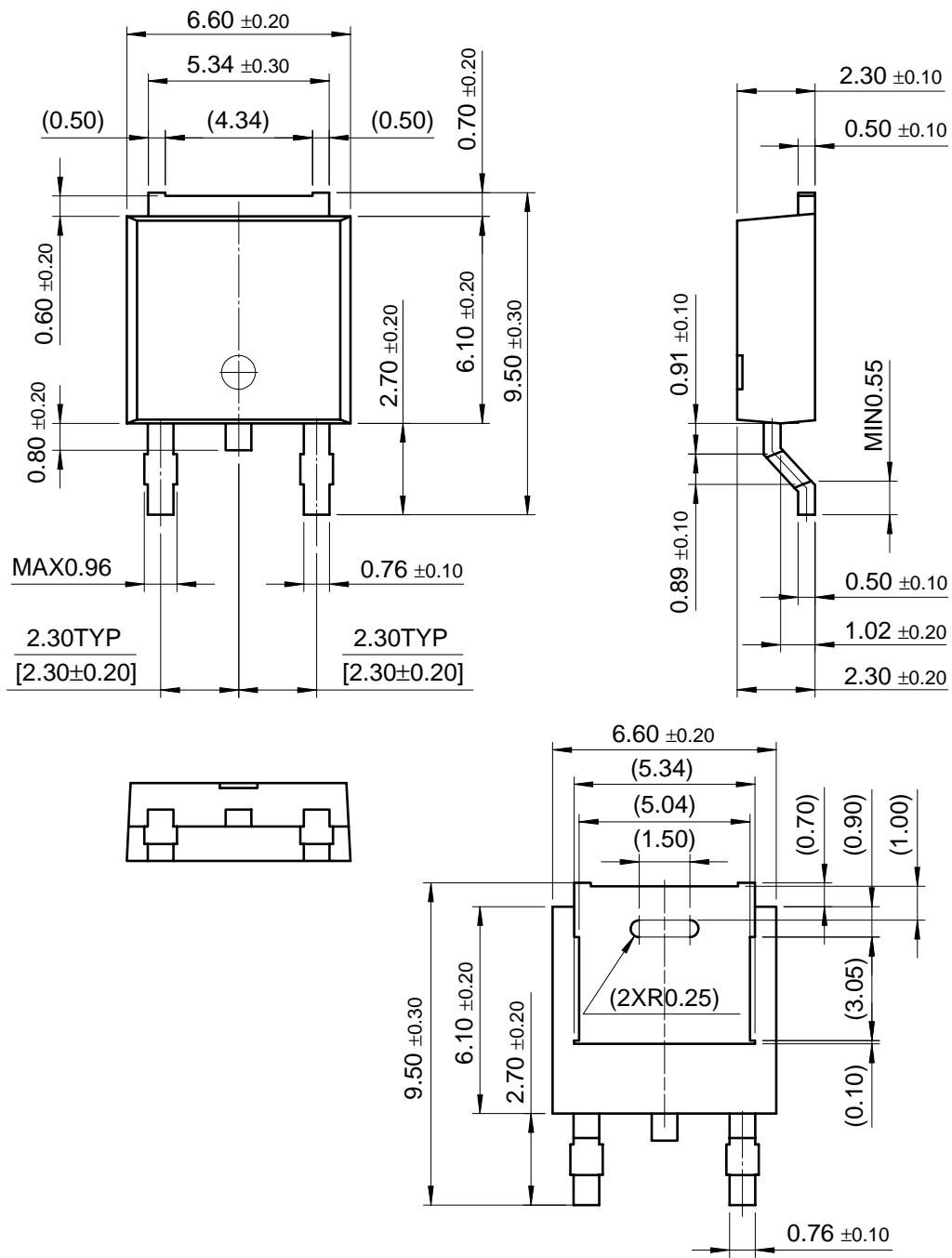
**Figure 10. Maximum Drain Current  
vs. Case Temperature**



**Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve**

**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**

**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**


**Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit & Waveforms**


**Package Dimensions**
**DPAK**


**Package Dimensions (Continued)**
**IPAK**
